

THE REASON WHY THE HAIR FALLS OFF.—Whenever the cuticle shrinks from disease, or other causes, it presses hard around the roots of the hair, thereby preventing the nourishing substance and vital element from passing up from the roots. In order to re-establish this difficulty, it becomes necessary to apply the Oriental Tonic every morning and night, commencing with it a vigorous use of the brush, the object being to remove the vitality of the cuticle, and soften the follicles. This is soon attained, and the interrupted communication between the bulbs and hair is renewed, resulting in a brilliant, silky, abundant, and continuous growth of hair.

P.S.N.C. PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

The magnificent Steamers of this Company are the largest which come to the Plate, and cannot be rivaled by any in the world for rapidity, accommodation, or passenger comforts. The following (or other) Steamers, are appointed to sail as under: For Liverpool, LIGURIA, 23rd December. COTOPAXI, 23rd. POTOSI, 26th January.

For the Pacific. ILLIMANI, 2d December. BILIMANI, 17th. JOHN KLEBER, 30th. Calling at Sandy Point, Coronal, Valparaiso, and all northern ports thereof, as far as Callao. Tickets are also issued by the undersigned, for a passage from all Spanish Ports to the River Plate.

Passengers for the Pacific should be in Montevideo on the day before the above dates of sailing. PRICES OF PASSAGES FROM BUENOS AYRES.

1st Class, 2d Class, 3d Class. Rio Janeiro \$12 5 6 Bahia 10 6 Pernambuco 8 6 Lisbon 12 12 Bordeaux 35 20 12 Liverpool 35 20 12 Sandy Point 20 16 Valparaiso 20 16 Arica and Ilay 45 34 18 Callao 60 38 20 Children, under 12 years, half fare, under 6 years, quarter fare, and one child of a family under 3 years, free.

Steamboat Agency OF A. MATTI AND PIRRA. 30-CALLE CANGALLO-30. TUESDAY 24th. For Rosario, Paraná, and Sta. Fe, the CAPITAL. WEDNESDAY 24. For Montevideo, the VILLA DEL SALTO. THURSDAY 24. For Salto and Porto, the RIO DE LA PLATA.

Mail for England. MONDEGO T O D A Y MAIL CLOSES AT 1.30. PACKET EDITION. Excursion to the Amethyst.

REHONE. HAS discharged her Cargo in the Lanus Custom House Deposits. THALES. HAS discharged her Cargo in the New Custom House Deposits.

Carvalho & Co. Auctioneers & General Agents. OFFICES: PASAJE DEL TEATRO ARGENTINO, No. 4, Buenos Aires. cj—lm dec 1

F.B. de Carvalho. Commercial Accountant. Public Sworn Translator. Spanish, Portuguese, French, English, and German.

Buenos A. Rowing Club. The Regatta of the Club will take place, by permission of the Superior Government, at the Lago on the 8th December.

PUESTOS. FURNISHED Apartments to Let at Calle Luján No. 130. Trunks convenient to all parts of the City, and Building Machines. Apply to Hertz or Vinda Cruz.

RAILWAYS. DEPARTURES. NORTHERN—7.0, 8.10, 9.50, 11.0, 12.20, 1.0, 2.30, 4.30, 5.15, 6.35, 8.0.

WANTED. A Station at Home, as Home, a good active Girl. Apply Mary Jane, this Office. cj—333 4p dec 1

WANTED. A Lady's Nurse. Apply at No. 414 Calle Guayana. cj—3pdec 1

AUCTION BY C. W. Bollaert & Co. DAMAGED GOODS. Ex "Sheffield." For Account of Underwriters. CASH. AT THE ROOMS, 116 Calle Florida, ON Friday, December 4th, At 12 o'Clock, sharp.

2287, 1 case 40 doz. door bolts. 2407, 08 2 casks each 6 ketas. 2410, 1 do 5 saucupans. 2411, 1 do 40 curly-combs. 2413, 1 case 60 bronze locks. 2531, 1 do 10 panlocks & bar. 2591, 1 do 30 iron ladles. 2211, 1 case 20 cart harness. 2534, 1 case 10 padlocks and bar butchers' saws. 2659, 1 cask 20 carpenters do. 2660, 1 cask 20 iron nails wrought. 2665, 69 4 bales c. 600 hessian bags. 2667, 1 bale, 20pcs 2492 yds hessians. 2668, 1 bale, 20pcs 2121 yds do.

400 PACKAGES ENGLISH ALE & STOUT. Assorted as follows— 80 brls each 4 doz. Ale in Quarts. 20 do do 4 do do. 100 do do 4 do (Champagne Bottles). 100 do do 3 do. 60 cases 4 stout. 40 do 4 do. Note—This Parcel is deposited in the HUENGO-AJAO. Custom-house Deposits, where interested parties can inspect it.

C. W. Bollaert & Co. DAMAGED GOODS. Ex "Sheffield." For Account of Underwriters. CASH. AT FRAGUIRO'S DEPOSIT. ON Tuesday, December 1st, At One o'Clock, Sharp.

The following Goods will be SOLD BY AUCTION: 2365 1 Case 25 doz. Fine Blankets. 2379 1 Case 10 doz. Pairs Bronzes Candlesticks.

DAMAGED GOODS. C. W. Bollaert & Co. Will Sell for Cash Ex "ADELAIDE NORRIS," 500 CASES Devoe's Kerosene Oil, (W. McK., in diamond) THURSDAY next, 3rd inst., At 12 o'clock sharp, IN Borches' Custom Deposits CALLE BALCARCE.

TAUCHNITZ EDITION. LATEST NOVELS PUBLISHED. UNCLE JOHN. By White Melville. Two volumes. KILMENY. By Wm. Black. One vol. SPILATION AMUSEMENTS IN NEW ZEALAND. By Lady Barker. One vol.

BUENOS AYRES BRITISH CLERKS' PROVIDENT ASSOCIATION. Members are reminded that the Monthly Subscriptions will be received this evening, at the usual locality (Chacabuco, 13), between the hours of 7 and 8.

RAILWAYS. DEPARTURES. NORTHERN—7.0, 8.10, 9.50, 11.0, 12.20, 1.0, 2.30, 4.30, 5.15, 6.35, 8.0. GREAT SOUTHERN—7.0, 8.20, 10.25, 11.20, 11.35, 12.35, 3.40, 4.40, 5.30, 5.45.

QUILMES & ENSENADA—8.0, 10.25, 2.35, 5.4, 8.25. Also 19 Trains to Boca and Barracas.

Only those marked go full length. #SUNDAYS and #EAST-DAYS. cj—No 41 41

THE WAR OFFICE has directed the Chief of Police to enforce the following regulations as regards newspapers published in Buenos Ayres:—1st. The obligation of sending the first & copies to the War-Office is suspended.

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ORIENTAL Telegram Agency. 57-CALLE SAN MARTIN-57 (Opposite the Bolsa). NOTICE. Telegrams of One Word and upwards forwarded daily to all parts of the World, according to the following Table of charges:—

Destination. One Word. Every additional Word. Great Britain & Ireland, France, Germany, Italy, Spain & Portugal, Holland, Belgium & other countries of the Continent, Canada, United States, Australia, India, China and Japan, etc., Special rates.

REGISTRATION GRATIS. For further information apply, as above J. M. GRIFFITHS, Agent. h d 1

The Oriental Telegram Agency. 57 SAN MARTIN, Buenos Ayres. NOTICE TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS. Captains of Vessels wishing to report by TELEGRAPH their arrival in Port, damage sustained during the voyage, date of Sailing, requiring instructions, remittances, Charters, etc., can do so at a very MODERATE COST, through the ORIENTAL TELEGRAM AGENCY, 57 Calle San Martin, opposite the Exchange.

ECONOMICAL TELEGRAPHY. The Oriental Telegram Agency. 57-SAN MARTIN-57 (Opposite the Bolsa). NOTICE. Telegrams of ONE WORD and upwards to and from all parts of Great Britain and Ireland and the Continent of Europe.

Banco Hipotecario. En el Sorteo practicado por el Directorio el dia de la fecha par el rescatado de cedulas Series A, B, con cupon de 31 Diciembre, han resultado recatadas a la par, las cedulas que siguen:—

Series A—\$400 fts. 48 83 463 558. 229 325 609 674 912. 941 1341 2037 2064 2168. 2232 2331 2705 2929 3052. 3181 3235 3305 3349 3819. 4141 4228 4246 4500 15654. 4852 5289 5293 5323 5436. 5492 5525 5684 5943 6757. 6934 6224 6272 6576 6896. 6952 6975 7117 7159 7390. 7659 7666 7884 8339 9246. 9325 9352 10085 10930 11003. 11358 11363 12798 13020 13100. 13473 14118 14233 14316 14804. 14861 14853 14903 15245 15364. 15462 15492 16830 16103 16594. 17070 17083 17221 17570 18031. 18056 18191 18224 18368 18909. 18220 18165 18456 18516. 19691 19776 19895 20115 20599. 20674 20676 20727 20782 20860. 21058 21651 21871 21974 22117. 22128 22228 22446 22621 23332. 23533 23824 23922 23977 23920. 23251 23483 23539 23717 24011. 24097 24106 24766 24823 24913. 24666 25041 25065 25273. 27088 27119 27363 27389 27406. 27441 27450 28400 29058 29153.

Series A—\$200 fts. 130 147 288 317 452. 498 697 796 1039 1046. 1253 1440 1451 1643 1705. 2274 2314 2366 2370 2157. Series A—\$100 fts. 305 786 965 1129 1300. 1463 2032 2249 2426 2601. 2878 3029 3343 4301 4465. Series A—\$50 fts. 308 445 643. Series B—\$400 fts. 136 162. Series C—\$400 fts. 16 271 458 562 833. 1602 1650 1711 1725 1811. Series C—\$100 fts. En numero 215. Series D—\$400 fts. En numero 248. Series D—\$100 fts. En numero 103. Los tenedores de estas cedulas pueden ocurrir al Banco Hipotecario desde el 30 el proximo 31 Diciembre para recibir el capital y los cupones respectivos; lo mismo que los que retencian las cedulas recatadas en sorteo anteriores que aun no se han presentado a cobrar, y son las que siguen:—

Series A—\$400 fts. 4188 16822 17292 18357. 20654 21301 25516 23569. 24875 28773 28698. Series A—\$200 fts. 1204 1649. Series A—\$100 fts. 1691 1797 3655 4641 4799. Buenos Ayres, Nov. 27 de 1874. JOSE M. LA FUENTE, Secretario.

PRESS REGULATIONS. STATE OF SIEGE. The War-office has directed the Chief of Police to enforce the following regulations as regards newspapers published in Buenos Ayres:—1st. The obligation of sending the first & copies to the War-Office is suspended.

THE SITUATION. SIXTY-EIGHTH DAY. President Avellaneda, the Minister of War, and General Mitre's commissioner, Mr. Lanusse, had a conference for an hour and a half on Sunday, the result of which, says the Tribuna, is still a secret; but the same paper adds that a corps-d'armee of horse and foot with four field-pieces was sent by rail to Chivilcoy, to reinforce Colonel Arias.

On Sunday the Government received the following telegram from Villa Maria: "Official and urgent. News this morning (Sunday, 11 a.m.) from the vanguard as follows: Reached Villa La Paz under Colonel Villar, and found that Major Tejedor's 6th Cavalry had beaten Arredondo's vanguard at two in the morning, killing Majors

Andrade and Aranda and fifteen men, besides taking forty prisoners and 200 horses. No loss on our side. Bells are ringing. Rocca is on march. Arredondo is at Mendoza." Colonel Rocca confirms the above fighting announcement by a telegram as follows: "Colonel Villar telegraphs me from Villa La Paz, Saturday, 28th November, that Major Tejedor has killed or dispersed the whole of Arredondo's vanguard, killing two Majors and 200 men, and capturing 75 men and 200 horses. Loyola is expected at Villa La Paz, and Colonel Villar asks me to reinforce him."

General Mitre's army, according to the Tribuna, is gone towards San Nicolas, and the Minister of War proceeded yesterday to Chivilcoy, where, the same paper says, the Government force now reach 4000 men. The fleet sailed yesterday in a southerly direction.

The Tribuna thinks the proposals of General Mitre can hardly be unreasonable, seeing that his envoy, Mr. Lanusse, is still in Buenos Ayres, adding that it is not known when he returns to General Mitre's army.

Majors Levalle and Villegas reinforced Colonel Arias on Sunday. Colonel Ayala left Rosario with a strong division of the Reserve Army in direction towards the Province of Buenos Ayres.

According to the Tribuna telegram, a revolution broke out yesterday in the Banda Oriental, under the auspices of Colonels Fortunato Flores, Maximo Perez and Coronado.

The Nacional gives the following details about the Battle of La Verde. "Arias had entrenched his men behind a row of poplars and a fence, the latter being about 3 feet wide and as many deep."

"The enemy's cavalry charged up to within 15 paces of our men, urged on by their officers sword-in-hand, who cut down those who showed signs of fear. But the Remingtons did such execution that the enemy were thunder-struck, and fired off their pieces in a hurry without aim."

The Standard. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1874. PRES. GILL OF PARAGUAY. Papers just arrived from Asuncion are full of the accession of His Excellency John B. Gill as President of Paraguay for the next 4 years, having been unanimously elected, and taking the usual oath on the 25th ult. We read of a triumphal arch, grand ball, levée, and other signs of rejoicing, and that many people had come in from the country to assist at the swearing of the Constitution and the banquet to take place at the Jardin de Recreo.

It is gratifying to hear news of this kind, instead of the never-ending revolutions which distracted the country from the fall of Lopez down to a few months ago. The presence of the Brazilian garrison is a pledge of security for the new President, who was heretofore Minister of Finance, and for whom one naturally feels some sympathy as his name has such a genuine Anglo-Celtic ring about it, for we know another Mr. John Gill, the leading publisher in Dublin.

Even if we suppose there is nothing in a name it is plain that President Gill is well-suited for his new post as his task hitherto has been to look after the disordered finances of Paraguay. The revenue shows a wonderful increase during the last 4 years, having actually quadrupled, as will be seen by the following figures:—

1870.....\$105,720. 1871.....225,202. 1872.....333,574. 1873.....423,543.

If the Custom-house of Asuncion go on like this, doubling every two years, it is likely the Bondholders in London will receive something on account of their coupons before Pres. Gill goes out of office.

A glance at the trade of Paraguay will give a better insight of the resources and future of the country than any of those long-spun prospectuses of Leon Levi or Robinson and Fleming to the "Lincolnshire Farmers." And here we must remark that whoever supplied the figures to the Statesman's Year Book for 1874 has grossly exaggerated the value of the exports, putting down Yerba-mate, tobacco and hides for three times the real amount. The Customs returns for 1873 may be summed up thus:—

Imports. Cotton goods.....\$210,842. Haberdashery.....209,716. Clothing.....115,315. Wine.....85,403. Groceries &c.....525,407. 1,147,683.

Exports. Quantity. Value. Yerba.....181,515 ar. \$635,302. Tobacco.....64,184 " 224,544. Cigars.....12 millions 46,616. Hides.....33,004 134,004. Tanned do.....2,532 30,384. Lumber.....77,010 ft. 13,387. Bark, caña &c.....15,923. \$1,100,160.

It will be seen that the balance of trade is even, and as the exports are capable of immense development, and the habits of the people so simple as to require few European products or manufactures, each will see the country grow richer in resources and income. Yerba and tobacco only require more hands to double the production. It is idle to expect European immigration in any form, but there are numerous Correntino, Brazilian and Bolivian neighbors who would gladly settle in Paraguay if they could be assured that the present order of things would be permanent under the shadow of a Brazilian occupation.

Let us hope Mr. Gill will be allowed peacefully to do his best towards reorganising the country, for which we believe he is well fitted. At any rate, it is a good sign that five bandits were shot last week for a cold-blooded murder, while crime in many other parts of South America goes unpunished. President Gill has a great task before him, as the country has so long been demoralised; but Paraguay, after all, seems to possess extraordinary vitality when the revenue steadily increases 50 per cent. every year.

PARIS LETTER. From our own Correspondent. October 24. As the period for the meeting of the Assembly approaches it becomes more evident that not a single step in the way of a solution of the reigning political disorders has been made. The friends of the Ministry are in a state of despair; the Legitimists hate them, the Bonapartists snub them, and the Republicans view them with distrust. Diaz and Acaña are wounded.

The Nacional says Colonel Arias has been reinforced and his command now reaches 2,000 men. Telegrams from Concordia announce the defeat of 400 rebels under Monzon, near La Cruz: 20 killed and several taken.

Governor Echague of Entre-Rios arrived yesterday to have a conference with the President. Colonel Mansilla says the Governor of Cordoba gave a banquet on Sunday to celebrate the Battle of La Verde. The rest of the 3,000 contingent from Cordoba will proceed to Rosario before 8 days. On Sunday evening the Governor and Mansilla reviewed 1,000 men ready to march.

Colonel Sanabria telegraphed yesterday that bands of a dozen or twenty Mitristas were passing through Chivilcoy and Chacabuco, and he gave directions to have them disarmed. He says the enemy is broken up. Captain Poligri returned to Chivilcoy yesterday at 1 p.m. with two surgeons. He says Colonel Arias was reinforced and had gone in chase of the enemy. Colonel Julio Campos had reached La Verde from the south with his division, and Colonel Lagos, after a forced march of 40 leagues in 24 hours, entered Nueve de Julio. He winds up with these words: "The denouement will be before many hours."

"The doctors reached 25 de Mayo, but most of the enemy's wounded had died. The body of Borjes reached 25 de Mayo yesterday." Dr. Wilde received orders on Saturday night to get ready the San Roque Hospital, as wounded were expected from the camp.

President Avellaneda, Governor Barros, Cabinet Ministers, and many leading men in the political world, says the Nacional, had a conference yesterday, as is supposed about Gen. Mitre's proposals, but his Commissioner, Mr. Lanusse, is still kept closely guarded in the Inspeccion de Armas, nobody being allowed to see him.

Colonel Alsina and staff proceeded yesterday morning by train to Chivilcoy. The Nacional questions the revolution in Banda Oriental. "A sailor of the Vanguardia killed or wounded 4 persons on board on Sunday."

A soldier threw himself out of the train passing along Paseo de Julio; not killed. "Advices from Corrientes to Sunday, 22nd ult., are as follows: "The rebel force under Placido Martinez has been dispersed. Colonel Azcoena has been lodged in the calaboose. Colonel Calvo has taken refuge in the Chaco, and his men are hiding in the woods."

The President has gazetted Majors Bosch and Solier to the rank of Lieut. Colonel, and promoted every officer under Col. Arias for the compartment of the division in the Battle of La Verde. The Sociedad de Beneficencia publishes an appeal to the ladies of Buenos

they remain impenitent liberals, and pursue with "sang froid, their single end. The Royalists who were ardent liberals during the Second Empire, have become metamorphosed, having no hold on the country, they yet administer it, making government a kind of political instrument, and aiming to all appearances to lead France, not in the paths of general innovation, but in a docile manner towards a past for ever dead. All governments seem to forget that France has ceased to be a minor, and instead of aiming to be her master, they ought to be her liberal and tolerant representatives.

The Spanish would be difficultly may be considered as at an end. It has cost Spain only the sympathies of the French nation, a nation that has properly declined to accept a challenge presented on the point of a Prussian sword. It is public opinion in other countries, free and powerful, that has won this victory for France over Bismarck. France cannot be expected to guard her line of the Pyrenees against Spanish contrabandists, no more than her gunboats the coast of Spain against smugglers. As well, nearly, ask her to compel Spanish conscripts to join their regiments, or Spaniards to pay their taxes, or the bandits of the south of the Peninsula not to pillage. Don Carlos can make himself comfortable for the winter, at all events: Serrano is determined to only make his campaigns by the weather-glass, and the citizens of Madrid are not opposed to that warlike policy.

The schism in the Reformed Church of France has become official. Forty-two of the provincial consistories have refused to recognise the decrees of the synod, ratified as they have been by the President of the Republic, according to law. It was easy to foresee this result, as the Protestants were profoundly divided on the Test Act, by which a voter could not take part in elections for the local Church Council without previously making his declaration of faith. This declaration had been carried by a very small majority in the synod, and principally owing to the influence of M. Guizot. The dissenting elections have taken place without attention to the Test Act; the Minister of Worship has directed these elections to be annulled, and new ones held; the Liberal Protestants, as the opposition is called, reply there is no necessity for fresh elections, and adhesions are certainly coming in to their no-surrender views. Of course the Minister can cut off supplies in the way of stipend, but this will only widen the schism; it will not convert those who, putting theology aside, object to dogmatic subscriptions in every form. How is a church to live as a distinct body without a defined creed? As it has lived since two centuries, reply the dissenters: It is a very pretty quarrel. The Archbishop of Paris, adopting the injunctions of some of his brother bishops, has prohibited the clergy from writing to the journals. This regulation is the consequence of two clerical men lately taking the field against Pape Infallibility and the ecumenicity of the priesthood; they ended by going over to see ex-Pape Hyacinthe, who seems to be in a very bad way at present—he has not upset the Catholic Church, nor succeeded in forming a new one; it is expected he will finish by returning to his first love.

EDITOR'S TABLE. The Royal Mail Company's fine steamer Mondego sails this afternoon. Letters can be posted at the Capitania up to half-past one o'clock. Our Packet Edition is on sale up to the 'ultima hora'; it contains all the latest news of the 'Situation, the trip to the Amethyst, trade returns and other subjects of interest which friends at home will be glad to read over the Christmas fire while our 'too solid flesh' is melting under the Southern Cross.

We are requested to call the attention of members of the Rowing Club to an advertisement in another column having reference to the arrangements made for a club steamer at the regatta at the Tigre, on Tuesday next. Members' tickets, with the right to introduce ladies, and partake of an 'opiparous' lunch, cost \$100; outsiders pay \$200. As the accommodation is limited, early application is necessary to ensure the entry. A special train has been arranged for at ordinary fares, and also a small steamer to convey ticket holders from the railway station free of charge. The course will be on the River Lujan, between the mouths of the Tigre and Conchas. We already hear of several private picnic parties arranged for the day, and boats are getting scarce, as many of the boatmen are absent on military service.

A very lamentable affair occurred at Floresta on Sunday last. Two telegraph boys aged respectively 12 and 14 years were playing with revolvers, when the former wounded the latter mortally. The victim lingered long enough to declare that the occurrence was purely accidental, and that his playmate was not to blame. This is another sad instance of the innumerable toll of allowing children to play with fire-arms or any dangerous weapons.

Our Paris Correspondent mentions that the French doctors have discovered that grapes are a sovereign remedy for deranged liver, indigestion, and all the varied ills that high living want of exercise, "cocktailing," &c., bring in their train. The fruit must be pulled and a portion eaten before breakfast, when the morning dew is upon it. The patient begins with an allowance of one pound per diem and works up to eight pounds. "Mille tonnerres! Eight pounds! Another singular thing he mentions is that Ade-

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Nov. 20th 1874. So much has been said and published about the...

Nov. 21st 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 22nd 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Table with columns: Item, Price, and other details. Includes items like Nat. Bonds, Rio de Janeiro, etc.

Nov. 23rd 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 24th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 25th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 26th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 27th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 28th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 29th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 30th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

The bank is a good and strong one and the...

Colonia keeping rising as the month draws...

Nov. 21st 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 22nd 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 23rd 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

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Nov. 27th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 28th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

The commercial public of B. Ayres owes to...

The specie in this market is set down as...

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Nov. 27th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

Nov. 28th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

There is nothing much to report in Cedulas...

The Provincial Bank discounted yesterday...

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Nov. 28th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

VESSELS IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES

Table with columns: NAME, TONS, CAPTAIN, ARRIVAL, CONSIGNEE. Lists various ships and their details.

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Nov. 28th 1874. The stock market opened this morning buoyant...

lina Patti, about whose voice and stage 'mimanderies' it is the fashion to go half-mad in London and St. Petersburgh, has again failed to draw audiences in Paris, and wrangles to empty benches. This is not the first time that the French have condemned a singer that the rest of Europe considered first-class.

The Asuncion papers to hand yesterday are greatly occupied with the Mitre revolution, which forms the theme of lots of leaders and 'locales.' In the way of general news from that quarter there is little in them. Mr. John Baptist Gill was duly ushered into the Presidential chair on the 25th, and there was plenty of public and private rejoicing. With an Irishman as President, poor Paraguay can not fail to pick up a bit. There were 4000 people present at the execution of the Humaitá murderers. Business is improving a little in Asuncion, and better times are expected under the Gill regime. The Government clerks got paid their over-due salaries lately, which shows there is still a 'shout in the locker'—wherever it came from.

Sunday was enlivened by a good deal of racket-firing and bell-ringing in connection with recent events. As a day for a 'paseo' it was not the thing, being close, hot and showery up to 3 o'clock, when old Sol put in a watery appearance. A wet or doubtful Sunday is always a great disappointment in this cosmopolitan city; the difference it makes in the receipts of railways, tramways and theatres is greater than people imagine. We were again disgusted to see paving, building and other work going on in various parts of the city, the same as on week days.

Second class fares to Belgrano on the Northern Railway are now only \$4 mpc, return tickets \$7 mpc. Only not up a few dollars off the first class fares also? Times are woefully hard.

An article in Cope's Tobacco Plant, defending the weed against the non-sensitiveness put forth by the non-smokers, amongst other things says:—"In the discomfitures and disasters which befall the army of Lavalle in the civil war of the Argentine Republic, the poor fugitives had to suffer the most horrible privations which can be imagined. By degrees the tobacco came to an end, and the Argentinians smoked dry leaves. One man, more fortunate than his comrades, continued to use with much economy the most precious of all his stores—tobacco. A fellow soldier begged to be allowed to put the economist's pipe in his own mouth, and thus to inhale the adored smoke at second-hand, paying two dollars for the privilege. What is more striking still, when, in 1843, the convicts in the prison of Espinal, France, who had for some time been deprived of tobacco, arose in revolt, their cry was 'Tobacco or death!'

When Colonel Seybourn was marching in the interior of Sarinam against negro rebels, and the soldiers had to bear the most awful hardships, they smoked paper, they chewed leaves and leather, and found the lack of tobacco the greatest of all their trials and torments." This is an extract from Mautegazza,—perhaps the wisest, as well as the most gifted, brilliant, genial, of all the writers on Tobacco.

Saturday's papers from Montevideo were delivered on Sunday. There was a tremendous row when the news of the small 'Note Green' arrived. The Battle of the Emission business has been finally arranged with the banks by the Government, so there will soon be lots of shillings going about in the sister-city. A plumper that a big house in Buenos Ayres had gone to the wall caused some anxiety on Saturday.

We hear that the blow-out on the 8th (this day week) at the inauguration of the tramway from Belgrano, will be a stunning affair. A circus, acrobats, half a dozen brass bands, gendolas and canoes on the lake, refreshments on the islands (including a Turkish dinner, with milk fresh from the finest Kerry cows), "carne con cuero," "sortija," and, last not least, a real genuine Gypsy lately arrived from Siena, a feminine Mezzofanti who speaks fifteen languages and will tell fortunes in them to all who wish to consult her. It is hardly necessary to mention that the whole will conclude with a gorgeous display of fireworks' (as the Cremona play bills say). If the day be fine we'll go and consult the Siamese Sybil as to the exact spot where our 70,000 ounces lie buried. If she cannot tell such a simple thing as this she is not worth her salt. It is said that half the crowned heads of Europe and Asia have consulted her. This flare up at Saavedra promises to be rather a magnificent affair.

Head Lights—Bright eyes. A talking paper—The sheriff's warrant. It is said that a man with glass eyes can't (read eyes) anything. Love without money has been compared to a pair of shiny leather boots without soles.

What is that which everyone can divide, but no one can see where it has been divided?—Water. When does the captain of a steamer become a medical man?—When he's docked her.

Digested—A disgusted Milwaukee fisherman offers a chromo to every fish that will take the bait.

The progress of Italian emigrants in various parts of the world, especially the River Plate, is attracting much notice among the politicians and economists of the age. While the mother country is suffering from widespread poverty in the working-classes the Italian settlers in S. America, United States and the Levant are prospering exceedingly. No wonder that the

Italian seaports are crowded with emigrants! Meaning those who have done well abroad send home large sums of money to help their friends to emigrate, or return to the Ausonian soil with a decent competence to enjoy a well-earned dolce-far-niente after years of patient labor and economy. Last year the money-orders granted by the various Italian Consuls for remittances to Italy exceeded 12½ million francs, say £510,000 sterling, of which over £200,000 was from the River Plate. The remittances by banks & formed at least an equal amount. Thus we have £1,000,000 sterling as the annual remittances of Italian emigrants, without taking into account the purchase of property, or deposits in banks in the various countries. The following are the principal countries from which the remittances were sent:—

Table with 2 columns: Country, Amount in Francs. Includes River Plate (5,065,078), Brazil (1,494,460), United States (1,428,180), Levant (821,388), Peru (351,145), Various countries (3,603,321), Total (12,763,572).

The Government gained 1½ per cent on these remittances, and observes that not a franc has been lost by neglect or otherwise during the 5 years that these Consular Money-offices have been open.

Our Caledonian subscribers seem to have forgotten that yesterday was St. Andrew's Day, at least we heard of no celebration of the anniversary. The last great blow-out in honour of the day took place at Barracas 48 years ago, on which occasion the President of the Republic and all the big wigs in town were present to do honour to Scotia's Patron Saint. About three years ago we reproduced a full account of the proceedings on that memorable occasion, taken from our predecessor the British Packet of revered memory. DWELLERS along the Western Railway will please take notice that the time table changes to-day.

ENGLISH TRAVELLING CLUB. To the Editor of THE STANDARD. Dear Sir, In the Deutsche Zeitung of the 25th inst. an article has appeared having reference to the 'Sociedad Britanica de Pasos a Europa.'

One can scarcely imagine why the editor of the Deutsche Zeitung should publish such an article, but perhaps the present dearth of news may have urged him to admit it as padding. The writer asserts that the "Sociedad Britanica" cannot be anything else than an imitation of the German Travelling Association." There he errs; it is, I believe, impossible to err here, as I have never seen or heard of it, and this Travelling Association, though the Deutsche Zeitung assures us it exists, is so little known that everyone will readily believe the fact, that at the time of starting the "Sociedad Britanica" its promoters had no knowledge whatever of a predecessor. The assertion that the rules of the British society were adopted from the German is also based on an assumption of this over confident subscriber to the Deutsche Zeitung; and it is also an error for the reins already referred to, that no one knew anything about the rules of the German society who was occupied in framing those of the "Sociedad Britanica." That the two codes are similar can surprise no one (except, perhaps, the author of the article) because the two societies have a common object.

The attention of your readers may perhaps be called to the ignorance of the laws of chance displayed by the writers who rushed into print on the 25th inst. He states in the most assuring manner that the 'Travelling Association' does the same thing for a monthly Subscription of 10 dollars, as does the 'Sociedad Britanica' for one of 25, also informing us that in a little less than 2 years the 'Travelling Association' has 28 of its members. Now the 'Sociedad Britanica' can with only 100 members just show double the result he has quoted; surely you doubt the writer I am referring to can fail to see that with the same prize, and the same number of members, the last mentioned society can have 5 drawings for every two of the former.

In conclusion allow me to suggest, that even were the statements in the article correct, which they are not, there is no harm in following up a good idea, where by so doing the originator is not injured, and this champion of the Travelling Association should, holding the opinion he did have, thanked the new society for that imitation which is held to be the sincerest form of flattery.

Trusting you may find room to insert this and thanking you beforehand for the favor.

I remain, Dear Sir, Yours truly, F.

tion of our German Society, and it seems to us that our English colleague had a great help in writing his 'notice' on the rules of our German Travelling Society. It is a known thing that with modesty we cannot go far in South America, and foreseeing this the English sister association has fixed the sum of monthly subscriptions in 25\$ mpc; meanwhile the German Travelling Association does the same thing for 10\$ monthly.

ON CHANGE.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Includes Ounces (400), Sols (124), Pat. (68), Net. Bond. (25), Cedula. (79).

The month closed to-day, the remicmento reach about one half the amount in r times, 3,637,000, against 7,000,000 in previous months; the day was a busy one enough, but fewer Cedula's were taken up than the bulls counted upon, and this gave a weaker tone to the market.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Includes Cash (20,000), do (20,000), do (60,000), do (107,000), do (36,000), do (20,000), do (30,000), do (10,000), do (50,000), do (30,000), do (20,000), do (10,000), do (10,000).

In the liquidation large sections arranged, and about 150,000 Cedula's bought to discharge liquidation at 79. Everything was met and discharged; the bears of course lost thousands.

Exchange was done to-day at 50½ to 50, and in francs 630 and Antwerp 630 on the Paris.

Capt. West, of the R M steamer Montevideo, was welcomed on 'Change to-day, amongst the passengers were Mr. Aligelt of Messrs. Lait and Co. singers are Mr. Changé to-day, amongst the passengers to Rio, and Mr. Scrimpsour of Cordoba.

In the North Market to-day about 15,000 ar. sold at prices from 70 to 75, and about 20,000 ar. stand for to-morrow. Telegrams from Liverpool and Antwerp to-day received give hides and wool in good demand and up. 800 bales of tallow at 46s.

At a late hour telegrams came up announcing Niger in. There was much anxiety caused at a rumour that a revolution broke out in the Banda Oriental to-day headed by Moniz, Aparicio and others, few people however, believed in the reports.

On Saturday a party applied at the office of a well known English barrister to collect an account for wool sold \$35,288 mpc; as the amount asked for was precisely that due the bill was paid; however, had the man left the office when the bona fide collector came in and demanded the account, of course he was told that the account had been that moment paid. In a minute the barrister and clerk started to catch the swindler, but to the present he has not been found; this ought to be warning to barristers. Gold again rated abundant at Oficina de Ar. say 400,000 ptes. and the Bank holds to-day Cambios for paper, and the Bank holds to-day 1,700,000 ptes. more gold than when the war broke out.

The week opened with the close of the month which for stock speculators is always very important. Cedula's close higher to-day than they have been since the war broke out, and the losses to some of the bears are unusually heavy. It is generally said that some 600,000 Cedula's were taken up by the bulls. The French paper Nig't was looked for, but did not come up, and the mails from Montevideo and the River were the usual alternative. In Rosario and Cordoba we note that they had all the news of the battle of the "Green" just the same time as we had it in Buenos Ayres.

The following is the published official return of the receipts at the B. Ayres Custom in honor during the month of October 1874. October like November was from beginning to end a war month, therefore the returns are doubly important showing how far revolution affects our Custom House.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Imp. Racion (1,677,263.86), Armones por Id. (161,838.46), Exportacion (6,943.03), Adicional por Id. (34,048.21), Sello de Puerto (32,810.99), Almacenes y Exigidos (962.00), Dicho del 2º (1,231.64), Multa del 2º (338.14), Lito (387.10), Dicho del 2º (1,231.64), Decretos de Fero (2,399.68), Total (1,931,216.86).

The sales of public lands in the province of Santos ago del Estero continue; we read of fiscal notices of auction in all the papers, fine estancia lands valued at 100 Bol. per square league; cheap this.

be a very high figure to begin with. In the Uruguay now the salicidarios are beginning to work, and the Liebig Meat Factory begins tomorrow, and the Lobos Meat Factory is also working. We have letters from San Nicolas to-day, the damage done up there by the floods is very great, and the fagans and ocheras are full with eggs, which resemble greatly old seed wheat; farmers, however, have nothing to fear from the eggs, as according to Mr. Cogan they have great experience in this country, the eggs amount to a thing: the cold nights in March kill all the young locusts.

The following is a list of the principal shareholders of the National Bank in the Provinces:— Araya family, Tucuman, 164. Araya family, Salta, 100. Alexander, San Juan, 140. Alvarez, San Juan, 140. Brionovoy, Catamarca, 150. Parinarico Bank, Santa Fe, 5,005. Boley family, Salta, 100. Bustamante, Salta, 173. Corrajo, Salta, 234. Clarke, San Juan, 140. Correa, Mendoza, 190. Cull & Sarda, Concordia, 195. Diaz, Rio Arrio, 160. Dallini, Cordoba, 100. Frank M., Santa Fe, 100. Fleming, Salta, 90. Frias, Tucuman, 160. Echeegoyen, Concordia, 140. Godoy, Mendoza, 275. Garcia, Tucuman, 200. San Germez, Tucuman, 280. Gould Dr., Cordoba, 74. Joel Consul, Rosario, 46. Lopez, Cordoba, 120. Ledesma, Rosario, 708. Leon, San Juan, 108. Mendez, Tucuman, 280. Mitchell, Salta, 90. Moller, San Juan, 180. Mochani, Rosario, 607. Madrid 450. Marco, Mendoza, 130. Marengo, Mendoza 125. Moon, Gualeguaychu, 69. Navarro, Catamarca, 52. Ojeda, Salta, 117. Ortiz, Salta, 180. Gregorio, Salta, 178. Orsio, Rosario, 90. Pape, Tucuman, 190. Pape, Tucuman, 190. Paul Chas., San Juan, 20. Perkin W., Rosario, 20. Palma, Mendoza, 130. Palomo, San Juan, 175. Rodriguez, Tucuman, 88. Rodriguez, Cordoba, 98. Rodriguez, Catamarca, 110. Rodriguez, Rosario, 100. Rogers, Rosario, 60. Rosell, Concordia, 85. Stearns G., Parana, 77. San Miguel, Salta, 230. Saravia, Salta, 230. Sed. Nick, Cordoba, 140. Sedan Napoleen, Cordoba, 2. Storn, Goya, 80. Segura, Mendoza, 162. Sbarra, Gualeguaychu, 294. Smart, Concordia, 60. Tolava, Tucuman, 117. Todd, Salta, 60. Tierney J., San Juan, 60. Torres, Santa Fe, 120. Urquiza family, Concordia, 156. Uruburu, Salta, 150. Uruburu, Salta, 150. Urigarria, Salta, 190. Videla, Mendoza, 416. Videla, Mendoza, 205. Weldon, Santa Fe, 20. Williams, Gualeguaychu, 60. Yriondo, Santa Fe, 76. Zavala, San Juan, 100. Zavala, Mendoza, 130. Zabala, Jujuj, 490.

There have been no sales of W S Op. and cow hides during the last 15 days. Stock 3000 hides. Beef, Tallow. No sales, stock 100 pipes. W S Matadero Hides. Sales 4½ ox and cow hides at 61.50 r. Ship. ing on owners at 2 0000 hides, stock 2000 hides.

Marked grease worth \$60 currency with cash. Joked beef no sales. Mutton Tallow. Sales 1400 pipes at 14½-14 r. half pipes. Last price 14½ r. of stock. The total sales of dry ox and cow hides during the fortnight, including those of the stock of all sorts, remaining unsold, 10,000. American hides. Sales 3,000 hides. Entre Rios 53 a 63 r. Concordia 51 r. Corrientes 50 a 61 r. barrer and classified hides of this Province nominal 55 r. for 23 1/2 lbs. average.

No stock. German Hides. Sales 1200 hides. Matadero ox and cow at 61½-60 r. 61-61 r. Campidos 60-52 r. according to class. Sto k 00 hides. French, Spanish and Italian Hides. Sales 17500, stock 8000 hides. 54 r. hides of this Province at barrer. 60-61 r. Curgenino hides. 66 r. Calfskins. 60 r. American desechos. 49 r. heavy ox-hides. B. Ayres, 28th Nov. 1874.

John Hughes, P. M. B. Browne. NORTH MARKET. Nov. 30th. Business brisk this morning and a good deal done. Buyers unsteady at long this morning; produce firm, maize weak, hay down.

We are glad to see that the Argentine Provincial Governments are disposed to help the Transandino Railway; we read a proposal of Mr. de Mendosa, Legation granting to Mr. Clarke, concessionaire of said railway, 200 square leagues of land to help the enterprise.

By the last published statement of the Rosario branch of the Argentine Bank we note that the omission of the bank up there has dwindled down to 84,199 Bol.

The Directors of the Provincial Bank of Santa Fe have made a third call on the shares, and call to be paid by 22nd Dec. 1874. The balance sheet of the London and River Plate Branch Bank at Rosario shows not only what a large business that Bank is doing but also what a strong position it holds. Dis. counts 631,311 ptes. Do. 1,926,527 Bol. Deposits 733,876 ptes. Do. 769,087 Bol. Cash 432,585 ptes. Do. 197,897 Bol. Emission 829,000 sold in Montevideo on Friday Mr. Canastel sold in Montevideo on Friday the following produce, 660 salt potro hides at \$2,50, 1400 horns at 18.28 per mt. The London steamer Rhone has brought out a heavy consignment of telegraph materials to the Government; of course all other free of duty.

Rio Janeiro, Nov. 26. Exchange on London 90½-204, Sov. 91200. Liverpool, Nov. 26. Hides 11½-14½. Tallow 46. Antwerp, Nov. 26. Hides in demand 93-98. Havre, Nov. 26. Hides firmes. METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS—Reduced to 0° Cels.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes Buenos Ayres (Nov. 28 at 2 p.m. 758.71, Nov. 29 at 8 a.m. 759.10, Nov. 29 at 2 p.m. 758.23, Nov. 29 at 8 a.m. 758.22, Nov. 29 at 8 a.m. 759.44).

DEATHS. Nov. 20, at Salto, R.O. George Borthwick, son of George T. Graham, aged 1 year and 5 months. November 27, at Rosario de Santa Fe, aged 13 months, Frederick William, the dearly beloved child of Mr. Wm. Templeton. Nov. 29, in his 24th year, Wm. H. Garbett.

BRITISH CONSULATE REMOVED TO 170—San Martin—170 (Between Corrientes and Parque). cj—200 150 nov 28

Santa Fe Lottery To be Played on Tuesday, 3rd December

Table with 2 columns: Prize, Amount. Includes 1 PRIZE 8000 ptes, 2 PRIZE 300 ptes each, 3 PRIZE 100, 4 PRIZE 50, 5 PRIZE 25, 6 PRIZE 12, 7 PRIZE 6, 8 PRIZE 3, 9 PRIZE 1.50, 10 PRIZE .75, 11 PRIZE .375, 12 PRIZE .1875.

AGUSTIN OPISSO, Professional Gauger, has just arrived from Gibraltar, his native place, and is offering for sale, a large quantity of all the leading merchants' proving him to be a 1 in the measurement of Liquids, Wines, &c. Apply Calle Corrientes No. 172, or at the office Calle Peru No. 171. c 280 6pp26

BOOKS—BOOKS WANTED to purchase all sorts of books in English, Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Latin, Greek, Hebrew, etc 20 Calle Bolivia, c 200 225

CORRALON "ONCE DE SETIEMBRE" Calle Rivadavia, Esquina Rioja. Great Stock on hand of the following: Lumber of various classes. Bar-iron. Wire. Coal for houses and steam-engines. Zinc and Galvanized Iron. Tiles, Baldosas, and Stone. Lime and Roman Cement. Rock Salt. Tar. Naudubay Posts and Shingles. Ploughs, Picks, Shovels. Sacks and Sacking. Shears and Twine, 3 and 4 Brands. Linen, Canvas, Paint. Patent Mowers, cheap and light.

V. I. & E. CASARES. PLAZA ONCE, and also a CALLE BALCARCE. NOTE—Goods delivered free of charge as far as Boca or Barracas, or at any of the Railway Stations. h 3

AU MERINOS Esquina Calle Rivadavia y Chacabuco. HAT DEPARTMENT. We beg to advise our friends and customers that we have opened a new Hat Department for men and boys. The assortment is very complete, and with that new branch we continue our system of SELLING GOOD AND CHEAP.

LIST OF PRICES. Hats for children 815, 20, 25, 30, 35. Hats for boys 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 70, 80, 100. Sparterie hats 75, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130. Manilla hats 40, 50, 60, 75, 100, 120, 150. Panama hats 100, 150, 180, 200, 250, 300. Felt hats 35, 60, 70, 85, 100. Felt hats... many others, the detail of which would be too long to give.

Nueva Carcel. Licitacion para la Provision de Cascajo o Piedra Menuda. So llama a Licitacion para la provision de cascajo o Piedra menuda o cascajo en pedruzcos que no pasen de... por pulgada. Las condiciones pueden verse en el escritorio del Arquitecto, Sr. Bunge, Calle de Corrientes 88, todos los dias de una a tres de la tarde; o de diez a doce de la mañana en la Oficina de la Comision, Pasaje Argentino No. 35, al 2º, hasta el 7 de Diciembre. f 301 1027

Nueva Carcel. LICITACION PARA TRABAJOS DE CARPINTERIA. So llama a Licitacion para los trabajos de carpinteria de los techos, de los pabellones de celdas y talleres etc. de la Nueva Carcel. Las condiciones pueden verse en el escritorio del arquitecto, Sr. D. Ernesto Bunge, Corrientes 88, todos los dias de una a tres de la tarde, o de diez a doce de la mañana en la Oficina de la Comision, Pasaje Argentino No. 35 (alto) hasta el 7 de Diciembre. h 232 3 p 27

Nueva Carcel. Licitacion para Trabajos de Pisos de Beton o Piedra Artificial. So llama a Licitacion para los Trabajos de Beton o Piedra Artificial para los Pisos de Celdas y Corredores de la obra de la Nueva Carcel. Las condiciones de la Licitacion pueden verse en el Escritorio del Arquitecto, Sr. Bunge, todos los dias de una a tres de la tarde; debiendo presentarse las propuestas en la Oficina de la Comision, Pasaje Argentino No. 35 (Alto) hasta el 7 de Diciembre. h 232 3 p 27

CONSIGNEES, DESPATCHERS AND CAPTAINS OF VESSELS. IT IS HEREBY notified that from the 1st of December the Collection of Light Dues of the English Bank and Puerto del Este will be collected by Mr. Laureano B. Navaro, Calle 26 de Mayo No. 7, alto, who has got competent authority to collect same. B. Ayres, Nov. 19th, 1874. g 289 8 p 24

WANTED, A RESIDENT GOVERNOR, for a School in Town. Good salary and easy hours. Apply at the Hotel de Globo, Calle 25 de Mayo, No. 24, from 8 to 10 a.m. c j. 311 3p nov 28

WANTED, An Englishman, a small House with good garden. Must be within two miles of Plaza Victoria, and Rent must not exceed 1600 Dollars mpc. Pfr month. Address A. F., care of this Paper. c j—314 6p nov 28

FOR ENGLAND BOND. A YOUNG COUPLE, of good character, are desirous of finding a family going to Europe. Free passage taken in exchange for services. Apply "H. B.", this office. c 328 4p nov 29

TWO SQUARES from Flores Station, an English-built Quinta, of 9 Rooms, with 2 Acres of Fruit and Flower-garden, and every convenience. Six of the Rooms have boarded floors, and are press, lockers, pantry, cellar, veranda, and a well-laid patio. Apply at this Office. c j—Nov 29

EN Calle Belgrano, No. 744, re-Alquilo un cuadro PIEZAS separadas empapeladas y pintadas. Es un departamento rodeado del resto del edificio, y solo se alquilara a hombres solos. c 325 3p nov 29

RENTE al Teatro de la Opera, Corrientes 1855, se alquila una magnifica SALA con puerta a la calle, y otro cuartito. Para teatro, Calle Cuyo num. 175. c 325 3p nov 29

UN HERMOSO PATIO con siete habitaciones y oras se alquila, frente al Teatro de la Opera, Corrientes 191. Para teatro, Calle Cuyo num. 175. c 329 3p nov 29

SE ALQUILA. UN Lindo Casa, 1000 ptes a la mano erena, Calle Mejia No. 14, pda el infimo precio de 16000 al mes. Tiene 12 habitaciones, 10 alcobas, agua caliente, y un pajarero, y un espacio de 1/2 hect. y un campo con did. La casa esta en el N. 16. La casa arrienda a 225, de 11 de la mañana, a las 7 de la tarde. c 288 3 p 25

PROFESOR OF LANGUAGES. A GENTLEMAN, just arrived from London, is prepared to give instruction in English, French, and Spanish. Terms moderate. System easy, entertaining, and successful. Schools attended and Translations made. For further particulars apply to the Professor, Standard Office, or 28 Calle Cuyo. c j. 110 r. 11

COOK AND HOUSEMAID. REQUIRED, by two young Irish girls (just arrived from the United States), a student as above. Unexceptionable testimonials as to character and competency in the saving of it, if required. Cook and Housemaid, 124 Calle Parque (where applicants can be seen from 10 till 4). c j—297 3p nov 27

Walnut Chamber Sets BUREAU LAVATORIO and Night-Table with Fine Marble 10 Pieces in 4,000 dols. SALA SETS Work and Materials Employed all of the Best Class \$4,600 mpc. Enamelled Chamber Sets 10 PIECES \$1,800 mpc. WALNUT DINING SETS 14 PIECES \$4,200 mpc. OFFICE FURNITURE ALL DESCRIPTIONS. Every article in our house has its PRICE MARKED and no variation from the Prices so marked is allowed.

CASA NORTE AMERICANA BAILEY, GOMEZ & CO. Front of the Argentine Bank. RIBBON STAMPS AND French Stamps of all Classes For BANKS, HOUSES OF COMMERCE, &c. ENGRAVING ALL KINDS, BY THE BEST WORKMEN at REASONABLE PRICES. Bailey, Gomez & Co. 76 SAN MARTIN 76 Front of the Argentine Bank. FURNISHED APARTMENTS. TO LET—A comfortable furnished Bedroom, with fire-place, in the house of an English family; tramways convenient to all parts of the city. Paragary, No. 128, between Esmeralda and Maipu. h 276 6 p 28

TO RENT—A fine House in Calle Corrientes No. 249. There are six rooms, two patios and garden. *Calle Florida 107, or Independencia 182. A FINE commodious House in the Tigre, six rooms, servants' quarters, coach-house, &c. Will be rented with or without furniture. Calle Florida, No. 107, from 4 to 6 p.m. Calle Florida, No. 107, from 4 to 6 p.m.

TO LET, one or two Bedrooms, for single Gentlemen. Apply at 109 Calle Europa. c j. 292 6p nov 28

TO LET, one or two Bedrooms, with board, in the house of an English family. Apply at No. 208 Calle San Martin. c j—315 6p nov 28

TO LET—A large Sala, with two windows to the street, and Bedroom, together or separate. Also another Bedroom, if required. Apply at 61 Calle Defensa. c 317 6p nov 28

TO LET, at 68 Maipu (Alto) three comfortable furnished Rooms, with view to the street. Independent entrance. Board provided if required. h 307 3 p 27

TO LET, in the house of an English family, two Bedrooms (and a sitting-room, if required), with or without board. Apply at 478, Calle Cuyo. d 305 6p nov 27

TO LET—Furnished Rooms, with board if required. Apply at 84 Calle Paracu. h 302 3 p 27

TO LET—A very furnished Bedroom; also an Unfurnished Room, suitable for single gentlemen, in the house of an English family. Terms moderate. Apply at Calle San Martin 269. 310 6p 28

WISHED ROOMS, or Single gentlemen, or a Married Couple, may be seen in a Tramway passag the door, at No. 185 Calle Independencia. g 330 3p 29

TO LET—Two nice airy upper rooms, Unfurnished, in the house of an English family. Terms very easy. Apply at 700, Avenida 242. h 232 3 p 29

ENGLISH CHURCH. WANTED, a respectable Couple, or widow, with grown-up son or daughter, to take charge of the English Church and reside on the premises. Apply on the Premises between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock. c j—299 3p nov 27

WANTED, a young Lady, speaking German and English, a Free Passage to New York or Baltimore. Would be glad to give a Lady's Companion, or will be glad to take charge of one or two children on the voyage. Apply at the office of this Paper. c j—300 3p nov 27

WANTED, a Cook (Man or Woman) for a small English family. Apply at No. 874 Calle Piedra, Barraca de Livingston, between 10 and 12. c j—294 3p nov 27

WANTED—A Good Female Cook Apply at Calle Maipu 314. f 302 3p nov 27

WANTED a Young Man as interpreter. Must speak good Spanish and English. Business, particularly in the saving of Gold. Unexceptionable references required. Apply to A. B. C. this office. g 323 3p nov 29

WANTED, a young English person acquainted with the care and management of Children, a situation as Nurse or Housemaid. Address M. G. 11 Defensa. g 318 3p nov 28

WANTS a situation as Cook or if a success, or Waitress, in a respectable House. Address M. R. 611 Defensa. c j. 359 6p nov 28

SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU AND CO 101-Calle Cangallo-103

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporium of the River Plate...

First-The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

HAVAS REUTER TELEGRAPH AGENCY. No 5, PASSAGE ARGENTINO.

Director-General for South America, E. MERCADIER. Manager of the Buenos Ayres Agency, L. CARETTE.

TARIFF.

Table with columns: 1st Word, Each Word Extra. Lists rates for various countries like England, France, Spain, etc.

The first word merely includes the Name and Address of Senders and of the Destination for which purpose parties must be registered...

COMMERCIAL SERVICE.

The Havas-Reuters Telegraph Agency is organizing a special daily service of Commercial, Financial and Maritime Intelligence from all quarters of the world...

SUBSCRIPTION:

8 Patagons per Month, in advance. The Daily Messages will be sent round to the Offices of each Subscriber...



Emporium of Sewing Machines.

Calle Chacabuco, Nos. 213, 215, 217. Corner of Calle Mejico. The Owner of this Establishment offers to the Public a vast assortment of all kinds of SEWING MACHINES...

Never such Low Prices

Have been known in Buenos Ayres for the best SEWING MACHINES. CALLE CHACABUCO, No. 213, 215, 217.

FARMERS!

Gentle Shepherds! LOCAL COUNTRY DEALERS, &c. Let the above take Notice, that the best SHEARS AND TWINE...

TIENDA a la CIUDAD de LONDRES

CALLE DEL PERU 38. (Entre Rivadavia y Victoria). Especialidad de Articulos de Ultima Moda-Aviso a los Señoras.

Los articulos ultimamente recibidos que pondremos en venta el Lunes, 30 de Nov., Martes 1º de Diciembre

Y dias siguientes: 1 Lote de lindos costureros o vestidos de hilo de todos modulos y gustos desde 200 p.11...

SEÑORAS. Es esta rama uno de los mas importantes de la casa, tenemos un surtido inmejorable tanto en andador negro como en color...

GENEROS PARA VESTIDOS. Surtido completo en generos de hilo para vestidos, batista de hilo, granadinas de hilo...

NOTA-Cada articulo lleva una etiqueta con indicacion de precio y se vende a precio fijo.

OTRA-Los tapados o confecciones, los vestidos hechos para señoras y señoritas, si hay necesidad de arreglarlos al talle de las personas...

OTRA-Tenemos el gusto de avisar a las personas que hacen coleccion de nuestro calendario...

A LA CIUDAD DE LONDRES. Peru 38, entre Rivadavia y Victoria. G-NOV 20

Pollard & Clark. BUILDERS AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS. 72 & 73 PASSE DE JULIO. ALL CLASSES OF CABINET-MAKING.



DESIGNS FURNISHED. With all the latest English Improvements.

SHIP JOINERY. Orders jointly attended to. Experienced Workmen always on hand.

THE ARGENTINE RAIL AND TRAMWAY Advertising Company. Full particulars can be obtained on application to AUGUSTUS FISHER...

Stetson's Rubber Stamp. The best Hand-Printing Stamp in the World.

EL ASILO DE INMIGRATES. So ha trasladado de la Calle Corrientes No. 8 a la PLAZA DEL RETIRO.

JOHN MEISTER. 215-CALLE SUIPACHA-215. The above offers his services to the Public as COLLECTOR.

WM. J. WILCOX & CO. NEW YORK. SOLE PROPRIETORS OF THE RED CROSS BRAND OF PRIME LEAF LARD.

NOTICE. ALL Persons having Claims on the Firm of Messrs. Myers, Maker, lately carried on under the name of J. J. Maker and Co...

NOTICE. Englishmen and others visiting Buenos Ayres will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix...

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Max Havelaar.

It is difficult to say whether Max Havelaar is more interesting as a novel or powerful as a political pamphlet. From either point of view it is of rare and first rate excellence...

A more stinging satire of the lower propensities of the Dutch could hardly be conceived than that embodied in the Arctander coffee broker...

It is a novel in form, but in reality a political pamphlet. The revelations contained in it startled the country...

It is a more stinging satire of the lower propensities of the Dutch could hardly be conceived than that embodied in the Arctander coffee broker...

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GREAT SALE OF Summer Stock.

Having taken delivery of all their new summer goods, the stock of which is much larger and more select than anything they have yet had...

Watson & MacCallum

179-CALLE POTOSI-179. WILL OFFER THIS AND FOLLOWING DAYS TO READY MONEY-BUYERS ONLY.

In all their various Departments, some most advantageous and extensive recent importations, in order to enter a ready sale...

Dress and Costume Materials. 20 ps Plain Japanese silks in all new colours at \$20, worth \$30 per yard.

LADIES MADE-UP COSTUMES. Former prices \$250, \$300, \$400. Present prices \$200, \$225, \$275, \$375.

LADIES WHITE SKIRTS. 2 doz. Ladies white tuck skirts, worth \$35, reduced to \$26.

LADIES CORSETS. In all the best makes are now selling 20 per cent under regular prices.

COTTON HOSIERY. Ladies fine white cotton hose, reduced from \$140 to \$110 per dozen.

PIQUES. Beautiful printed French piques, cheap at \$12, now sold for 9.

PRINTS & MUSLINS. 100 Pieces best quality, all fast colours fine prints, which have always been sold as being cheap at 15 are now all reduced to \$4 per yard.

TOWELS. 10 doz. White huckaback towels, sale price \$60 per dozen, former price \$65.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. White and regatta shirts. India gauze, undershirts for summer wear.

Terms Cash. Watson & MacCallum, 179 POTOSI-179. sch-314 1m 22

REMATE POR Mariano Irigoyen.

Esplendido Remate EN BELGRANO. Una manzana de terreno en lotes y con edificios, arboles frutales y de sombra.

El Domingo 13 de Diciembre. A la 1 en punto. Vendere en remate publico al mas alto precio y dinero de contado...

Por permanecer y ver el terreno y el edificio pueden oírse en Belgrano calle de Neocoches 10, o San Martin 13, y por planas y demas por menores al Rematador calle Cuyo 123.

HARD TIMES. A Relief from the Situation. MR. W. T. OATHCART, House & Land-Broker.

Having received orders from various clients to purchase, for CASH, the following House Property, in the city of Buenos Aires...

Land! Land!! VILLA MAZZINI, BELGRANO RACE-GROUND. Lot 3, 3,000 m/c (worth 10,000) on a lovely slope...

New English Millinery Establishment. 90-CALLE CORRIENTES-90. Mrs. SUTOR (Late of No. 71 Calle Bolivar).

CANARIES. It is supplied in the form of a soft soap or paste, and is applied to the animals when dissolved in water...

Birds of song and plumage. The undersigned has the honor to inform the public that he has just returned from Europe with a most magnificent collection of birds...

Magnificent Estancia FOR SALE. Alongside R.R. Station. Nine Leagues Land. 12,000 Head Cattle. 30,000 Mestiza Sheep.

NOTICE. The Undersigned have a lot of a depot at Mr. Felix W. Djan's General Store, for the sale of Watson's Sharpening Machine...

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REMATES POR EL Banco Hipotecario

A TODO TRANCE Y por lo que se de. El Domingo 6 de Diciembre. A las 2 de la Tarde.

Y en el mismo punto en que esta ubicado el terreno, por orden del Directorio del Establecimiento se procedera por el Secretario del mismo al remate...

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

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Unos lotes mas señalados en el mismo plano, con los numeros 62 a 70, con 40 varas de frente al Norte por 60 varas de fondo.

THE REASON WHY THE HAIR FALLS OFF.—Whenever the cuticle shrinks from disease, or is otherwise caused to press around the roots of the hair, thereby preventing the nourishing substance and vital element from passing up from the roots. In order to re-establish the vitality of the hair, it is necessary to apply the following...

P.S.N.C. PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

For Liverpool, LIGURIA, 9th December. COTOPIAI, 23rd. POTOSI, 6th January.

For the Pacific. ILLIMANI, 22nd December. BRILLIANT, 17th. JOHN ELDER, 12th.

PRICES OF PASSAGES FROM BUENOS AYRES. Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Bordeaux, Liverpool, Valparaiso, Arica and Iquique, Callao.

Steamboat Agency OF A. MATTI AND PIERA. 30-CALLE CANGALLO-30. TUESDAY 24th.

Mail for England. MONDEGO T O D A Y MAIL CLOSERS AT 1.30.

PACKET EDITION. Excursion to the Amethyst. All the War News.

Carvalho & Co. Auctioneers & General Agents. PASAJE DEL TEATRO ARGENTINO No. 4.

F.B. de Carvalho. Commercial Accountant. Public Sworn Translator.

Buenos A. Rowing Club. The Regatta of the Club will take place, by permission of the Superior Government, at the Lago, on the 8th December.

MONTEVIDEO. FINE-SHIRT Apartments to Let at Calle Florida No. 130.

PUESTOS. TOBACCO, 3 packets on a fine piece of Camp, watered by the River Lujan.

WINE. A House of seven rooms, kitchen, bath, in the North of the City.

WATER. A Lady's Nurse. Apply at No. 14 Calle Cangallo.

AUCTION BY C. W. Bollaert & Co. DAMAGED GOODS, Ex "Sheffield."

CASH. AT THE ROOMS, 116 Calle Florida, ON Friday, December 4th, At 12 o'clock, sharp.

2387, 2407, 2410, 2414, 2631, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650.

400 PACKAGES ENGLISH ALE & STOUT. Assorted as follows: 80 bris each 4 doz. Ale in Quarts.

A Sample of 20 packages of each Class will be on view at the Rooms, two days before the Auction.

60 TONS OF SMITHS' COAL—50 TONS. The C is deposited in the Corralon, Call Teleshuano, No. 12.

C. W. Bollaert & Co. DAMAGED GOODS, Ex "Sheffield."

FRAGUEIRO'S DEPOSIT. ON Tuesday, December 1st, At One o'clock, Sharp.

The following Goods will be SOLD BY AUCTION: 2369 1 Case 25 doz. Fine Balances.

C. W. BOLLAERT & CO. 116 Calle Florida, Florida 116.

For Account of Underwriters. DAMAGED GOODS.

C. W. Bollaert & Co. WHI Sell for Cash Ex "ADELAIDE NORRIS,"

Devoe's Kerosene Oil, (W. McK., in diamond) ON THURSDAY next, 3rd inst.,

Borches' Custom Deposits CALLE BALCARCE.

TAUCHNITZ EDITION. LATEST NOVELS PUBLISHED.

UNCLE JOHN. By White Melville. Two volumes. KILMENY. By Wm. Black. One vol.

LIBREIA EUROPEA, 178—Florida—178. JACOBSEN & SODERSTEDT.

BUENOS AYRES BRITISH CLERKS' PROVIDENT ASSOCIATION. Members are reminded that the Monthly Subscription will be received this evening.

RAILWAYS. DEPARTURES. NORTHERN—7.0, 8.10, 9.50, 11.0, 12.20, 1.0.

GREAT SOUTHERN—7.8.0, 9.20, 10.25, 11.20, 11.35, 12.35, 3.40, 4.40, 5.30, 5.49.

QUILMES & ENSENADA—8.0, 10.25, 11.20, 12.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.40, 5.30, 5.49.

Only those marked go full length. SUNDAYS and FEAST-DAYS.

ORIENTAL Telegram Agency. 57-CALLE SAN MARTIN-57 (Opposite the Bolsa)

NOTICE. Telegrams of One Word and upwards forwarded daily to all parts of the World, according to the following Table of charges:—

Table with columns: Destination, One Word, Every additional Word. Includes Great Britain & Ireland, France, Germany, Italy, Spain & Portugal, etc.

The Oriental Telegram Agency. 57 SAN MARTIN, Buenos Ayres. NOTICE TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.

ECONOMICAL TELEGRAPHY. The Oriental Telegram Agency. 57-SAN MARTIN-57 (Opposite the Bolsa)

NOTICE. Telegrams of ONE WORD and upwards to and from all parts of Great Britain and Ireland and the Continent of Europe.

Banco Hipotecario. Dia del Sorteo practicado por el Directorio el dia de la fecha par el rescato de cedulas Series A, B, con cupon de 31 Diciembre, han resultado reatadas a la par, las cedulas que siguen:

Table with columns: Series A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

It will be seen that the balance of trade is even, and as the exports are capable of immense development.

THE SITUATION. SIXTY-EIGHTH DAY. President Avellaneda, the Minister of War, and General Mitre's commissioner, Mr. Lanusse, had a conference.

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Subscription to THE STANDARD DAILY, per month, \$30. WEEKLY, per month, \$20. PACKET EDITION, single copy 2c.

The Standard. "Nil falsi audiam, nil veri non audeo dicere." Cienfuegos. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1874.

PRES. GILL OF PARAGUAY. Papers just arrived from Asuncion are full of the accession of His Excellency John B. Gill as President of Paraguay for the next 4 years.

It is gratifying to hear news of this kind, instead of the never-ending revolutions which distracted the country from the fall of Lopez down to a few months ago.

Even if we suppose there is nothing in a name it is plain that President Gill is well-suited for his new post as his task hitherto has been to look after the disordered finances of Paraguay.

A glance at the trade of Paraguay will give a better insight of the resources and future of the country than any of those long-spun prospectuses of Leon Levi or Robinson and Fleming to the "Lincolshire Farmers."

It will be seen that the balance of trade is even, and as the exports are capable of immense development.

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Andrada and Aranda and fifteen men, besides taking forty prisoners and 200 horses. No loss on our side.

Colonel Rocca confirms the above fighting announcement by a telegram as follows: "Colonel Villar telegraphs me from Villa La Paz, Saturday, 28th November, that Major Tejedor has killed or dispersed the whole of Arrodondo's vanguard, killing two Majors and 200 men, and capturing 75 men and 200 horses.

General Mitre's army, according to the Tribuna, is gone towards San Nicolas, and the Minister of War proceeded yesterday to Chivilcoy, where, the same paper says, the Government forces now reach 4000 men.

The Tribuna thinks the proposals of General Mitre can hardly be unreasonable, seeing that his envoy, Mr. Lanusse, is still in Buenos Ayres, adding that it is not known when he returns to General Mitre's army.

Majors Levalle and Villegas reinforced Colonel Arias on Sunday. Colonel Ayala left Rosario with a strong division of the Reserve Army in direction towards the Province of Buenos Ayres.

The Nacional gives the following details about the Battle of La Verde: "Arias had entrenched his men behind a row of poplars and a fence, the latter being about 3 feet wide and as many deep.

The enemy's cavalry charged up to within 15 paces of our men, urged on by their officers sword-in-hand, who cut down those who showed signs of fear.

A black soldier of the 4th says that men were anxious to pass over to our side, but could not, owing to the dreadful fire we opened on them.

The Nacional says Colonel Arias has been reinforced and his command now reaches 2,000 men.

Telegrams from Concordia announce the defeat of 400 rebels under Monzon, near La Cruz: 20 killed and several taken.

Governor Echague of Entre-Rios arrived yesterday to have a conference with the President.

Colonel Mansilla says the Governor of Cordoba gave a banquet on Sunday to celebrate the Battle of La Verde.

The rest of the 3,000 contingent from Cordoba will proceed to Rosario before 8 days. On Sunday evening the Governor and Mansilla reviewed 1,000 men ready to march.

Colonel Sanabria telegraphed yesterday that bands of a dozen or twenty Mitristas were passing through Chivilcoy and Chacabuco, and he gave directions to have them disarmed.

Captain Pelligrini returned to Chivilcoy yesterday at 1 p.m. with two surgeons. He says Colonel Arias was reinforced and had gone in chase of the enemy.

Colonel Julio Campos had reached La Verde from the south with his division, and Colonel Lagos, after a forced march of 40 leagues in 24 hours, entered Nueve de Julio.

He winds up with these words: "The denouement will be before many hours.

"The doctors reached 25 de Mayo, but most of the enemy's wounded had died. The body of Borjes reached 25 de Mayo yesterday.

Dr. Wilde received orders on Saturday night to get ready the San Roque Hospital, as wounded were expected from the camp.

President Avellaneda, Governor Barros, Cabinet Minister, and many leading men in the political world, says the Nacional, had a conference yesterday, as is supposed about Gen. Mitre's proposals, but his Commission, Mr. Lanusse, is still kept closely guarded in the Inspeccion de Armas, nobody being allowed to see him.

Colonel Alsina and staff proceeded yesterday morning by train to Chivilcoy.

The Nacional questions the revolution in Banda Oriental.

A sailor of the Vanguardia killed or wounded 4 persons on board on Sunday.

A soldier threw himself out of the train passing along Paseo de Julio; not killed.

Advices from Corrientes on Sunday, 22nd ult, are as follows: "The rebel troops under Placido Martinez has been dispersed.

Colonel Azcona has been lodged in the calaboose. Colonel Calvo has taken refuge in the Chaco, and his men are hiding in the woods."

The President has gazetted Majors Bosch and Solier to the rank of Lieut. Colonel, and promoted every officer under Col. Arias for the comportment of the division in the Battle of La Verde.

The Sociedad de Beneficencia publishes an appeal to the ladies of Buenos

Ayres, for lint, bandages &c. for wounded soldiers, to be sent to the Women's Hospital in Calle Esmeralda.

Pres. Avellaneda has approved the following Medical Corps for the Reserve Army of Rosario.

Surgeon-General Dr. Alex. Albaracin. Surgeon of Division, Dr. Francisco Castellanos, Eliseo Castellanos and N. Flech, who will be aided by 9 Medical students and apothecaries Berry and Rubio.

The Goya steamer, says the Tribuna, brought down Colonel Azcona from Corrientes, accompanied by Major Maldonado and Adjutant Pastoriza. Col. Olmedo also arrived on Sunday, from Cordoba.

Advices from Tucuman report the arrival of a detachment of 12th Cavalry of the Line and a brass gun.

D. Laureano Saravia, of La Pina, Jujuy, has been arrested for having 900 tons of gunpowder under his bed. The Concepcion papers salute Colonel Cordero on his taking command of the Argentine war-vessels in the Uruguay, and mention the arrival of Colonel Alvarez.

Cordoba papers of Saturday morning contain the following: "Major Lagos and 150 men left yesterday by train for Rosario, picking up at Rio Segundo another detachment of 130 men.

"The Santa Rosa contingent of 300 men arrived yesterday in Cordoba, under the Gefe de Police, Colonel Luis Garcia.

"We have news from Colonel Rocca's army to 7 p.m. on Wednesday, November 25th. His vanguard was fighting with Arredondo's, and a general engagement was to come off probably next day.

Rocca's army had gone in quest of the enemy, and we are in a state of suspense."

General Campero, envoy from Bolivia to Paris, passed through Tucuman.

The Tribuna observes that the Montevidean authorities, as a proof of neutrality, fired the Mitristas for letting off rockets in that city.

PARIS LETTER. From our own Correspondent

October 24. As the period for the meeting of the Assembly approaches it becomes more evident that not a single step in the way of a solution of the reigning political disorders has been made.

The friends of the Ministry are in a state of despair; the Legitimists hate them, the Bonapartists snub them, and the Republicans view them with distrust.

By a common consent Marshal McMahon is being eliminated from all political combinations, and is regarded as a fixture till 1880.

Indeed not a few temporising deputies would be inclined to decree themselves irremovable as far as that date also.

The Cabinet has apparently no other course to pursue but to vote the republican constitution of the Marshal's powers, or the equally salutary remedy of a general election.

To leave the nation as it is for six years less some days is impossible, and only two courses remain open from which to select a 'modus vivendi'—the Republic or the Empire, as these also are the only two issues the country seriously discusses.

The Republic not being a 'regime' of privileges, and reserving its recompenises for services rendered, and attested sterling merit, without exclusions, finds itself still to be the favorite, and can count on remaining so, provided it continues to be sage and patient.

The towns and the peasantry, that is to say France, are opposed to Henri V., and as for the army, McMahon has stated the Chassepots would go off themselves at the sight of the white flag.

The Comte de Paris has but a staff, and resembles the Prince of Soubise in search of battalions. Bonapartism is undoubtedly a plague, but not a danger; it makes much noise to appear strong, and is certainly viewed by the bulk of the people as a humiliation, but not as an object of fear.

So long as Bonapartism are not in power they cannot cause apprehension or alarm, and were the authorities but neutral in their regard, they would not make so respectable a show at the urns.

The Republic struggles and wins, let it not be forgotten, against all the odds, against the united world. Imperialism is an exception to being benefitted by having two strings to its bow.

It says to the Monarchists, "I am son of the Revolution, have killed my mother, have adopted hereditary monarchy, and its accessories;" to the Republicans it makes the allegation; "I do not belong to the ancient regime, but to a modern society, and advocate universal suffrage, provided I be entrusted with its manipulation."

Thus Bonapartism endeavors to keep a foot in both camps, to run with the hounds and hold with the hare.

The only manner to end all that is little, dangerous and equivocal, is to dissolve the Assembly; deputies must come to this measure soon, for the impossibility to live is even more impossible than the fear to die.

Fairly consulted, without official pressure, state of siege, muzzled journals, and inability to hold public electoral meetings, the electors can decide the issue, and whatever it be, it must be upheld at any cost.

As it is, every partial election returns one Bonapartist for every seven Republicans; but never a Legitimist, Orleanist, or—that latest creation alleged to be 'an abridgment of all that is excellent in man's political—a Spectralist. The Republicans of all shades are estimated by the Monarchists as wicked and perverse, because

they remain impenitent liberals, and pursue with 'sang froid, their single end. The Royalists who were ardent liberals during the Second Empire, have become metamorphosed, having no hold on the country, they yet administer, making government a kind of political instrument, and aiming to all appearances to lead France, not in the paths of general innovation, but in a docile manner towards a past for ever dead.

All governments seem to forget that France has ceased to be a minor, and instead of aiming to be her master, they ought to be her liberal and tolerant representatives.

The Spanish would-be difficulty may be considered as at an end. It has cost Spain only the sympathies of the French nation, a nation that has properly declined to accept a challenge presented on the point of a Prussian sword. It is public opinion in other countries, free and powerful, that has won this victory for France over Bismarck.

France cannot be expected to guard her line of the Pyrenees against Spanish contrabandists, no more than her gunboats the coast of Spain against smugglers. As well, nearly, ask her to compel Spanish conscripts to join their regiments, or Spaniards to pay their taxes, or the bandits of the south of the Peninsula not to pillage. Don Carlos can make himself comfortable for the winter, at all events: Serrano is determined to only make his campaigns by the weather-glass, and the citizens of Madrid are not opposed to that warlike policy.

The schism in the Reformed Church of France has become official. Forty-two of the provincial consistories have refused to recognise the decrees of the synod, ratified as they have been by the President of the Republic, according to law. It was easy to foresee this result, as the Protestants were professedly divided on the Test Act, by which a voter could not take part in elections for the local Church Council without previously making his declaration of faith.

This declaration had been carried by a very small majority in the synod, and principally owing to the influence of M. Guizot. The dissenting elections have taken place without attention to the Test Act; the Minister of Worship has directed these elections to be annulled, and new ones held; the Liberal Protestants, as the opposition is called, reply there is no necessity for fresh elections, and adhesions are certainly coming in to their non-surrender views.

Of course the Minister can cut off supplies in the way of stipend, but this will only widen the schism; it will not convert those who, putting theology aside, object to dogmatic subscriptions in every form.

How is a church to live as a distinct body without a defined creed? As it has lived since two centuries, reply the dissenters: It is a very pretty quarrel. The Archbishop of Paris, adopting the injunctions of some of his brother bishops, has prohibited the clergy from writing to the journals.

This regulation is the consequence of two clergymen lately taking the field against Papal Infallibility and the celibacy of the priesthood; they ended by going over to see ex-Pere Hyacinthe, who seems to be in a very bad way at present—he has not upset the Catholic Church, nor succeeded in forming a new one; it is expected he will finish by returning to his first love.

EDITOR'S TABLE. The Royal Mail Company's fine steamer Mondego sails this afternoon.

Letters can be posted at the Capitania up to half-past one o'clock. Our Packet Edition is on sale up to the 'ultima hora'; it contains all the latest news of the Situation, the trip to the Amethyst, trade returns and other subjects of interest which friends at home will be glad to read over the Christmas fire while our 'too solid flesh' is melting under the Southern Cross.

We are requested to call the attention of members of the Rowing Club to an advertisement in another column having reference to the arrangements made for a club steamer at the regatta at the Tigre, on Tuesday next. Members' tickets, with the right to introduce ladies, and partake of an 'opiparo' lunch, cost \$100; outsiders pay \$200. As the accommodation is limited, early application is necessary to ensure the entry.

A special train has been arranged for at ordinary fares, and also a small steamer to convey ticket holders from the railway station free of charge. The course will be on the River Lujan, between the mouths of the Tigre and Conchas. We already hear of several private picnic parties arranged for the day, and boats are getting scarce, as many of the boatmen are absent on military service.

A very lamentable affair occurred at Floresta on Sunday last. Two telegraph boys aged respectively 12 and 14 years were playing with revolvers, when the former wounded the latter mortally. The victim lingered long enough to declare that the occurrence was purely accidental, and that his playmate was not to blame. This is another sad instance of the inconceivable folly of allowing children to play with fire-arms or any dangerous weapons.

Our Paris Correspondent mentions that the French doctors have discovered that grapes are a sovereign remedy for deranged liver, indigestion, and all the varied ills that high living want of exercise, "cocktailing," &c., bring in their train. The fruit must be pulled and a portion eaten before breakfast, when the morning dew is upon it. The patient begins with an allowance of one pound per diem and works up to eight pounds. "Mille tonners? Eight pounds! Another singular thing he mentions is that Ade-

SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU & CO 101-Calle Cangallo-103 BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporium of the River Plate...

First-The Bank receives at interest any sum of money in Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

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TORRES & CO., Druggists, DEFENSA, 65, 67 and 69. Guaranteed Infallible for the Cure of Scab in Sheep.

After long and innumerable trials, we have succeeded in preparing the above Sheep-Dip, by the use of which we guarantee the thorough eradication of Scab in Sheep.

Besides cheapness and easy application, it has the great advantage over all other similar preparations of being COMPLETELY SOLUBLE IN WATER.

AGENTS O'GORMAN & DANSEY, Guardia del Monte, TORROBA HERMANOS, Lujan, Mercedes, and Chilivoy...

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MONEY RETURNED FOR ALL GOODS THAT DO NOT SUIT Immense Assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underclothing

HOSIERY Sock for Boys and Gentlemen at 60, 80, 90, 100, 120, 150, 180, 190, 195, 198, 200, 220, 240, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450.

LADIES' STOCKING Blouche and unblouche at 100, 150, 170, 180, 200, 220, 240, 250, 280, 290, 300, 320, 350, 400, 420, 500, 600, 700.

SHIRTS Half linen white 125 the doz. 275 350 400 500 600

HANDKERCHIEFS At 60, 80, 90, 100, 120, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 220, 300, 350, 400.

BALBRIGGAN HOSIERY All Country Orders promptly attended to. FIXED PRICE. xp20

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The excellent properties of this Wash for the extermination of Scab and for Purifying the Skin, and Stimulating the Growth of Wool in Sheep.

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Brick and Tile Machines to produce 8,000 to 20,000 per diem, Agricultural Machinery, Wood-working Machinery, Engineers' Tools, Printing and Lithographic Machinery.

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THE COLONIA DOCK THIS DOCK IS IN FINE WORKING ORDER.

Vessels hauled in 25 minutes. For particulars inquire of RUBIO & FOLEY, AGENTS, 40-CALLE CANGALLO-40

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AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, INDUSTRIAL & DOMESTIC IMPLEMENTS & MACHINERY.

Imported directly from the United States, England, France and Germany. Cast Iron Furniture for Private Gardens and Public Parks.

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Ferro-Carril del Oeste. Land! Land!

Desde el 1º de Septiembre 1874, el servicio de los trenes será como sigue: SALIDAS.

Table with columns for destination (Parque, Merlo, Mercedes, Chivilivoy, Lobos) and time.

Table with columns for destination (Merlo, Mercedes, Chivilivoy, Lobos) and time.

RAMAL A LOBOS: SALIDAS. Parque, Merlo, Lobos.

REGRESOS. Merlo, Mercedes, Chivilivoy, Lobos.

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With the well-known Dentist, TOMAS COQUET, where they perform all Dental Operations in the most skillful manner possible.

FILLING TEETH WITH GOLD. The superiority of their Artificial Teeth for Usefulness, Durability, and Natural Appearance are well-known by the many people who have had work done by them in Montevideo.

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PERIODICALS AND MAGAZINES FOR 1875.

Table listing various magazines and their prices, including Illustrated London News, Punch, The Nation, etc.

MAGAZINES.

Table listing more magazines and their prices, including Young Ladies' Journal, Englishwoman's Domestic Magazine, etc.

AMERICAN, & C.

Table listing American magazines and their prices, including Harper's Magazine, The Atlantic Monthly, etc.

A list of English, American, French, Spanish, German, Italian, and Portuguese newspapers at THOS. GOODYBY'S

Foreign Newspaper Agency 20 Calle Bolivar.

CHEAP BOOKS-CHEAP BOOKS

GOLDSMITH'S History of England, 66. Abernethy's Lectures on the Art of Surgery, 6. Chambers's Edinburgh Journal, 2 years, bound in 2 vols.

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Los Deseos Consignatarios de Zucos o Cargas aseguradas por las Compañías de Pernambuco, Indemnizadora y Phoenix de Pernambuco.

GUILLERMO SCHINDLER, Temp. g 183 19p n17.

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A BEAUTIFUL SUMMER ASSORTMENT OF Boots & Shoes. GENTLEMEN, LADIES, AND CHILDREN.

Among these various novelties of the first French and Italian makers, at the well-known prices.

19-DEFENSA-19 Between the Plaza Victoria and Calle Potosi.

Carmen de Areco. IN THIS Flourishing Camp Town, the centre of rural riches, the home of pastoral magnificence...

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AUCTION BY C. W. Bollaert & Co.

DAMAGED GOODS, Ex "Sheffield."

For Account of Underwriters. CASH. AT THE ROOMS, 116 Calle Florida, ON Friday, December 4th, At 12 o'clock, sharp.

400 PACKAGES ENGLISH ALE & STOUT. Assorted as follows: 80 bis each 4 doz. Ale in Quarts.

200 bis do 8 do Stone Quarts. 100 do do 4 do (Champagne Bottles) Pints.

40 TONS OF SMITH'S COAL-60 TONS. The Coal is deposited in the Corralon, Call Talcahuano, No. 12, where it can be seen at all times.

116 Calle Florida, Where all particulars can be obtained. c-282 Sp nov 26

C. W. Bollaert & Co. DAMAGED GOODS, Ex "Sheffield."

For Account of Underwriters. CASH. AT FRAGUERO'S DEPOSIT. ON Tuesday, December 1st, At One o'clock, Sharp.

The following Goods will be SOLD BY AUCTION: 2369 1 Case 2 doz. Facs Balances.

2379 1 Case 10 doz. Pairs Bronze Candle Sticks.

2392 2617 2 Cases each 12 Coffee Mills with when 2397-403 7 Casks each, 6 doz. heating Irons.

2622 1 Case 15 doz Iron Spurs. 2670, 2672 2 Casks each, 10 Counter Scales.

2676-7 2 Cases each 50 doz. Iron Hinges. 2693-94 2 Cases each 50 doz. Drinking Glasses.

NOTE-These Goods will be on view the MONDAY before the Auction.

C. W. BOLLAERT & CO., Florida 116. c-282 6p nov 24

REMATE POR Mariano Irigoyen.

Esplendido Remate EN BELGRANO Una manzana de terreno en lotes y con edificios, arboles frutales y de sombra

Entre las calles de Tucuman, Necochea, Ytuzaingo y San Martin.

El Domingo 13 de Diciembre A la 1 en punto Vendere en remate publico al mas alto precio y dinero de contado, sin retirar lote, una magnifica manzana de terreno perfectamente situada entre las calles de Tucuman, Necochea, Ytuzaingo y San Martin con varias construcciones, entre ellas una linda casa en esquina lista para entrar ya a habitarla, compuesta de 6 o 7 piezas pizas de tablas, empapelada, con cielorazos, chimeneas, zotano, un magnifico parral, pozo y demas comodidades.

Es un lindisimo terreno esta dividido en 14 solares entrando, entre ellos 4 esplendidas esquineras. Esta todo el cultivo con excelente arbolado frutales y de sombra, verdura, y otras cosas. Estoy completamente autorizado por sus dueños para venderlo al gusto de los compradores, por cualquier precio, como se ha dicho en las condiciones que se encuentran en el recibo de la manzana, y en el contrato de compra y venta que se encuentra en el recibo de la manzana, y en el contrato de compra y venta que se encuentra en el recibo de la manzana.

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REMATES POR EL Banco Hipotecario A TODO TRANCE Y por lo que se de El Domingo 6 de Diciembre A las 2 de la Tarde

Y en el mismo punto como se ha ubicado el terreno, p r orden del Directorio del Est. Blecimonto, se procederá por el Secretario del mismo al remate, a la mas alta postura, y dinero de contado, de las propiedades pertenecientes a D. Rodolfo Estan, a saber:

Veinte lotes de terreno señalados en el plano que se encuentra en el expediente de la causa N.º 41 de 68, en el tomo N.º 1 de la causa N.º 41 de 68, en el tomo N.º 1 de la causa N.º 41 de 68, en el tomo N.º 1 de la causa N.º 41 de 68.

Un lote de terreno en el mismo plano, con los lotes N.º 61 a 65, formando esquina a las calles Tacuabamba y otra sin nombre, con 29 varas 62 centimos de frente al Oeste por 46 varas de fondo.

Un lote de terreno en el mismo plano, con los lotes N.º 61 a 65, formando esquina a las calles Tacuabamba y otra sin nombre, con 29 varas 62 centimos de frente al Oeste por 46 varas de fondo.

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The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

Per R. M. S. 'MONDEGO'

BUENOS AYRES, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1874

MAUVA BANK

101 & 103 CALLE CANGALLO.

Interest for current month in account current.

For balances in our favor, 15 per cent.

For balances in favor of Customers, 6 per cent.

Fixed Deposits:

- Two Months, 8 per cent.
- Three Months, 10 "
- Four Months, 10 "

P. P. MAUVA & CO.
E. DE LAS CARRERAS.

MAUVA BANK

101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

Interest for current month in account current.

For balances in our favor, 15 per cent.

For balances in favor of Customers, 6 per cent.

Fixed Deposits:

- Two Months, 8 per cent.
- Three Months, 10 "
- Four Months, 10 "

P. P. MAUVA & CO.
E. DE LAS CARRERAS.

Royal Mail Steamship Company

Direct and quickest route to Europe

The Royal Mail Steamer **MONDEGO**

2500 Tons, 450 Horse Power.

Will leave this Port for ANTIWERP, calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, St. Vincent, Lisbon, and Southampton, on the 1st DECEMBER.

RETURN TICKETS.

To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to first-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money.

CHAS. A. DAVIS

Public Accountant.

Sworn Average Adjuster.

Superior Courts of Justice.

Wm. Paats & Co.

Cognac Charchy & Co.

Real Hollands

DORDMUND BEER.

LAGER BEER.

Burgundy Wines.

A. G. Biscuits

JAVA COFFEE & APOLLINARIS WATER.

Wm. Paats & Co.

London and River Plate Bank.

(LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorized Capital, £2,000,000 Sterling.

Subscribed Capital, £1,500,000.

Reserve Fund, £175,000.

Deutsches-Belgische La Plata Bank.

From the 1st July, 1873, and till further notice the rate of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows:

Interest Allowed.

On Deposits in Account Current in both Currencies, 4 per cent. per annum.

On a fixed term, 4 per cent.

At 60 days, 5 "

At 90 days, 6 "

At longer dates at conventional rates.

La Popular Argentina.

SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits in account current are received from 25¢ up to the largest sum.

Interest at 8 per cent., capitalized every three months.

Depositors will receive a Pass-book, showing how their account stands.

BANCO DE ITALIA

Rio de la Plata.

71-CALLE PIEDAD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £1,500,000.

This is divided into 15,000 Shares.

Antonio Freres.

Wool & Produce Broker.

No. 355 CALLE LIMA.

W. H. GREENWOOD,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.

SANDY POINT.

MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.

(LIMITED) Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 25, 1872.

The Statutes of this Bank having been duly approved by the Chambers and the Government, the Public are hereby informed that the Business hitherto carried on in the name of WANKLYN & CO., will henceforth be continued in that of THE MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE, LIMITED.

La Popular Argentina.

SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits in account current are received from 25¢ up to the largest sum.

Interest at 8 per cent., capitalized every three months.

Administracion General.

Calle Piedad 213.

Jose de Carabasa.

127-CANGALLO-127

Desde esta fecha hasta nuevo aviso la tasa de interes sera como sigue:

ORIENTAL Telegram Agency.

57-CALLE SAN MARTIN-57

(Opposite the Bolsa)

MENSAGERIAS Fluviales a Vapor.

Desde la fecha de la salida de vapor de J. P. UBER.

C. F. Robertson, U.E.

PASAJE DEL TEATRO ARGENTINO, No. 24.

MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.

(LIMITED) Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 25, 1872.

Administracion General.

Calle Piedad 213.

Jose de Carabasa.

127-CANGALLO-127

ORIENTAL Telegram Agency.

57-CALLE SAN MARTIN-57

MENSAGERIAS Fluviales a Vapor.

Desde la fecha de la salida de vapor de J. P. UBER.

C. F. Robertson, U.E.

PASAJE DEL TEATRO ARGENTINO, No. 24.

Mineral Water.

APOLINARIS - BRUNNEN

NATIONAL BANK.

32 Calle Reconquista.

Rate of interest from June 20th, till further notice, as follows:

MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.

(LIMITED) Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 25, 1872.

Administracion General.

Calle Piedad 213.

Jose de Carabasa.

127-CANGALLO-127

ORIENTAL Telegram Agency.

57-CALLE SAN MARTIN-57

MENSAGERIAS Fluviales a Vapor.

Desde la fecha de la salida de vapor de J. P. UBER.

C. F. Robertson, U.E.

PASAJE DEL TEATRO ARGENTINO, No. 24.

P.S.N.C. PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

The following (or other) Steamers, are appointed to sail from Montevideo in NOVEMBER as under:

Liverpool & Ports.

SORATA, Wednesday, 11th November.

CORCOVADO, Wednesday, 26th "

For the Pacific.

POTOSI, Wednesday, 4th November.

YORUBA, Thursday, 19th "

PRICES OF PASSAGES FROM BUENOS AYRES.

1st Class	2d Class	3d Class
Rio Janeiro	22	10
Bahia	20	8
Lisbon	35	12
Bombay	35	12
Calcutta	40	15
Aden	40	15
Suez	40	15
Yokohama	40	15
Manila	40	15
Cebu	40	15
Shanghai	40	15
Hankow	40	15
Peking	40	15
Tientsin	40	15
Harbin	40	15

For Antwerp.

The fine new Belgian Steamer **NELUSKO**, 11.33 L.L. 2275 registered tons.

Vapores del Tigre.

Consignees, GALUPE HIJOS, 199, Cangallo.

Nueva Compania Saltena.

De Navegacion a Vapor.

GRAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

THE STANDARD News and Advertising Agency.

PERIODICALS.

Yearly Subscription	Price
Illustrated London News	\$220 m/o
The Graphic	220
Punch	250
The Engineer	250
The Lancet	250
The Nation	110
The Weekly News	100
Liverpool Weekly Mercury	120
Weekly Dispatch	80
Reynolds's Weekly Newspaper	80
News of the World	120
Scott's Weekly Messenger	80
Glasgow Weekly Mail	80

MAGAZINES.

Yearly Subscription	Price
Englishwoman's Domestic Magazine	90
Howells' Magazine	90
London Journal	90
Milliner and Dressmaker	150
Once a Week	100
London and Paris Magazine of Fashion	125
Family Herald	80
Once a Week	80
All the Year Round	100
London Society	100
Belgravia	100
Illustrated London News	100
Corinth Magazine	100

AMERICAN.

Yearly Subscription	Price
Harper's Magazine	160
Harper's Weekly	200
Frank Leslie's Weekly Illustrated	200
Godey's Lady's Book	140
Scientific American	210
Atlantic Monthly	240
Ladies Repository	250

PERIODICALS AND MAGAZINES FOR 1875.

The undersigned having made arrangements with the Foreign Exchange Agents, are ready to supply Parties in this Republic with above, at cheaper rates than any house here.

MacLean, Bell & Co.,

4-RECONQUISTA-4

GLIPPER LINE.

For Havre.

SAILING AT FIXED DAY.

80th of November.

LETTERS OF CREDIT ON SOUTH AMERICA. THE NATIONAL BANK IN LONDON, and its BRANCHES IN IRELAND issue LETTERS OF CREDIT, Payable to the ORDER OF THE RIVER PLATE.

The Labour Office. DEGREE OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

Considering the advantage to Immigrants of an Office where they would be supplied with work on land, and there being funds enough at the disposal of the Immigration Department, as shown by the last Annual Report, the President of the Dept. has directed that...

Art 1. Let an Office be created under the name and title of "Labour Office" under the direction of the Immigration Committee.

CHAS. A. DAVIS Public Accountant, Sworn Average Adjuster, Superior Courts of Justice.

Being duly authorized; undertakes to arrange all questions of Partnership and Liquidation of Companies, whether Public or Private, in Bankruptcy or otherwise; to Audit the Books of Companies, and to adjust Averages of every description.

Correspondents in England: Messrs. CLARK, SON, & PURDAY, 14 Little Tower Street, London E.C. 4.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam nil verum non audeam dicere." TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1874.

REVIEW FOR EUROPE.

The Mondego leaves us under the impression of Government despatches announcing an important victory by Colonel Arias with 800 men over the rebel army at a place called La Verde, about 170 miles from this city, on the western frontier.

The despatch of Col. Arias reports that the enemy's force amounted to 7,000 horse and foot, and as he refused to surrender they surrounded him with heavy columns. Resting his right flank on a thicket he formed a square, and his Remingtons did such execution that the enemy retired, requesting him to look after the wounded.

Subsequently a flag of truce from Gen. Mitre requested safe conduct to B. Ayres. to confer with the President of the Republic; the object of this mission is said to be the surrender of Gen. Mitre and his followers.

On the evening of Wednesday, 18th inst., the rebel gunboat Parana came into port with a white flag and surrendered, her commander, Colonel Obligado, and most of his officers and men having previously quitted her and landed near Maldonado. The other revolutionary war steamer, "General Rivas," alias Montevideo, had a few days before entered the port of Montevideo and been taken possession of by the port authorities, who reported finding on board only five men in a lamentable state of intoxication.

We are very much in the dark as to the progress of affairs in the Uruguayan Province. It seems that Gen. Arrerondo appointed Col. Echavarría to act as Governor of San Juan, and after collecting some mules returned to Mendoza. The Nat. Government contradicted a rumour of a battle between Arrerondo and Rocca, but say the latter drove back some rebel advance-guard from Desaguadero to La Paz, adding that Col. Nelson from Rosario reinforced Rocca's army near San Luis with 1300 infantry and a battery of Krupp guns.

The term of 60 days State of Siege ordered by Congress having expired on the 24th inst. the President issued a decree prolonging it for 90 days more.

Colonels Ayala and Mansilla are rapidly organizing the Reserve-army of 15,000 men which is to be stationed at Rosario.

All minor details of the progress of military events will be found in the diary of the campaign which we give in another column as the "situation."

Advices from P. raguay announce that His Excellency Mr. John B. Gill was duly installed President of the Republic.

passes that we have not 1500 new arrivals. In our commercial columns will be found a full report of our wool market. Prices have been very high, but what with exchange and freights rising, wool has suffered somewhat. We have had one or two heavy failures in the almacenero line, and one firm has asked for moratorium.

THE NATIONAL BANK.

The report for the first year of this Bank, as presented at the General Meeting on Wednesday, forms a pamphlet of 36 pages, the contents of which are sufficient answer to the gratuitous attacks of some of the papers upon so important an institution. It is not too much to say that, if such attacks came from any of the foreign papers of Buenos Ayres, the printing office would be at once closed, the editor either imprisoned or banished, and the matter thus summarily disposed of.

As regards Branch-banks in the Interior the charter laid down that before Nov. 1874 one should be opened in each Province that subscribed 500 shares, that is in all except Santiago and Rioja. Accordingly on June 3rd 1874 the following branches were organized:

Table with 2 columns: Branch Name, Capital. Rosario - D. T. Benegas \$500,000. Salta - D. F. Ortiz 400,000. Mendoza - D. R. Posse 300,000. San Juan - D. I. Quiroga 250,000. Concordia - D. A. Garcia 150,000. Corrientes - D. M. Scotto 150,000. San Luis - D. J. Barbeito 75,000. Rioja - D. G. S. Ramam 75,000. Total \$1,900,000.

The Directors begin by pointing to the utility of National Banks in all civilized countries, and show that they have invariably outlived any passing fury of political excitement or civil war, and given strength to the commercial public in times of crisis.

Although the Bank opened its doors in the midst of a profitable crisis it has done a large and painful business, as will be seen by the Balance sheet, the net profits exceeding 12 per cent per annum; and the figures are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Paid-up capital \$3,000,000. Deposits since Nov. 12, 1867, 236 \$2,107,710. Discounts do 29,175,710. Net profits 352,731.

From this last sum has to be deducted the cost of foundation, including 40,000\$ for the originators, 12,000\$ for Mr. Julio Haase for his expenses, and 15,750\$ for other excesses and salaries previous to opening. Thus the balance left for dividend among the shareholders amounts to 285,456\$, equal to 9 1/2 per cent on the paid-up capital.

Nothing can be more satisfactory than the statement of emission and specie reserve; the table before us shows the maximum and minimum of specie reserve each month we find the proportion thus—

Table with 3 columns: Currency, Gold, Silver. Nov. 1873 3 to 1. Dec. " 3 " 2. January '74 2 " 1. February " 2 " 1. March " 3 " 2. April " 5 " 3. May " 2 " 1. June " 2 " 1. July " 2 " 5. August " 6 " 5. September " 11 " 10.

This shows how prudently the Directors acted, and hence they were able to pay off the National Government when suddenly called on, at a moment when they might have been tempted with such an influx of gold to increase their emission and discounts with the view of gaining larger profits for the end of the year.

The law (Art. 15) allowed them to emit up to six millions, yet their highest emission (in April, 1874) only reached 3,992,988\$, and instead of emitting up to four times their specie reserve, the latter at no period (except the opening month of November) fell below half the emission, the greatest difference between emission and reserve being in June, 1874, viz. 6,618,539, 3,223,870\$, reserve, 1,834,618\$.

It is interesting to note that the notes have not only become general throughout the Interior, but are almost as current as the Peruvian notes in Buenos Ayres. There has not been so far any attempt to forge the National Bank notes, and the preponderance of small notes show how useful this new currency has proved among us.

Table with 2 columns: Notes, Value. Not over 5\$ 662,404 \$634,606. From 5 to 100\$ 1,169,837 2,088,710. 200 and 500\$ 2,527 624,700. Total 774,768 \$3,348,076.

The above tables show that in this short period of 11 months the National Bank notes have become an important part of the monetary system of the Republic.

The rate of discount has been 12 per cent except during an interval from April to June, when it was only 10 per cent. The Bank has uniformly allowed 8 per cent on fixed deposits, except from February to June, when it was only 7 per cent. The allowance on balances in account-current was at first 4 per cent, rising to 6 in January, and to 7 per cent in June. The interest in Savings Bank section was 5 until January, and 6 per cent afterwards.

As only 15 per cent of the capital was paid-up the Directors made a call of 5 per cent preparatory to opening branches in the Provinces, as prescribed by law. To facilitate payment of this call a dividend of 6 per cent was declared. The accounts show that only one-fourth (266,940\$) of this call has yet been paid up, although the bulk of the shares is held by the richest capitalists in B. Ayres.

A minute study of the Share-list as it at present stands shows us that 47 shareholders hold from 500 to 8,000 shares each. We publish in another column a list of 68 of the largest shareholders, who hold between them no fewer than 76,000 shares, or nearly one-half the entire number of shares held by the public. These 68 persons (with hardly an exception) are men of enormous wealth; that six of them would be sufficient guarantee for the solidity of the Bank. Yet they are so

remiss in paying up the 4th call that we find the amount paid up only stands for 53,388 shares!

The manner in which the shares are held is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Shares. Nat. Government 20,000. B. Ayres subscribers 140,379. Santa Fe 9,058. Entre Rios 6,545. Salta 4,552. Tucumán 3,693. Mendoza 3,466. San Juan 2,649. Cordoba 1,742. Corrientes 1,594. Catamarca 1,355. Jujuy 878. San Luis 533. Santiago 456. Rioja 336. Total 200,000.

The Directors point out that as soon as they made a 4th call the shares were offered at the market at 15 per cent discount, because in many cases the persons who had subscribed did so for speculation and beyond their means, not having wherewith to pay the successive calls, especially in the midst of a crisis. The Directors offered no difficulty to bona-fide transfers, but refused transfer in the case of minors or by persons not fully empowered, so as to prevent future litigation with the Bank.

As regards Branch-banks in the Interior the charter laid down that before Nov. 1874 one should be opened in each Province that subscribed 500 shares, that is in all except Santiago and Rioja. Accordingly on June 3rd 1874 the following branches were organized:

Table with 2 columns: Branch Name, Capital. Rosario - D. T. Benegas \$500,000. Salta - D. F. Ortiz 400,000. Mendoza - D. R. Posse 300,000. San Juan - D. I. Quiroga 250,000. Concordia - D. A. Garcia 150,000. Corrientes - D. M. Scotto 150,000. San Luis - D. J. Barbeito 75,000. Rioja - D. G. S. Ramam 75,000. Total \$1,900,000.

But for the revolution these Branches would be all now in full blast; however, on Sept. 28th the Finance Minister ordered the Directors to suspend the opening of branches and destroy the notes intended for them. The Rosario branch, having been opened on Sept. 15th, was allowed to remain open. The Directors hope that a speedy restoration of peace will enable them to open the other branches, as that of Rosario is doing much good.

The Directors propose to reform some of the Statutes as follows:

Art. 13 has the following clause: "and any share which calls due thirty days to be forfeited to the Bank payables thereon to go to Profit and Loss account."

Art. 17 to be slightly altered. "From 1st January, 1875, calls to be made of 5 per cent every three months till six calls from that date."

Art. 20 to stipulate not only a specie reserve of one-fourth for amount of emission, but also for amount of deposits; suspending all discounts if necessary.

Art. 31—to add that even partners of persons indebted to the Bank cannot be Directors.

Art. 32—to require at least 8 Directors to be conformable if any customer wants over 40,000\$, or wishes to renew by paying less than 25 per cent. Also to prohibit renewing bills to anyone with protested paper, until 12 months after such be paid.

Art. 48. After the election of new Directors the names to be submitted to the old Directors. If they do not approve of the election a new General Meeting to be called.

TRADE RETURNS.

We resume to-day the comparative study of the trade with foreign countries in the period beginning 1870 and ending 1873. Having already gone over the trade with Great Britain, we take the other countries in their order.

Our imports from France rose 50 per cent since 1870 (the year before the war), showing what wonderful vitality and recuperative power that country possesses: the figures are—

Table with 2 columns: Year, Amount. 1870 81,122,666,374. 1873 18,008,335.

The consumption of French wine increased 1 million fcs. since nearly 3 million, preserves and wax nearly 3 million, while we find an aggregate increase of 3 millions in shirts, perfumery, hats, tiles, and silks. The growing luxury of Buenos Ayres is shown by the fact that carriages and jewellery have risen 3-fold, and silks have doubled. Meantime books have also increased 3-fold, machinery has quadrupled, arms and gunpowder doubled, and farming implements (probably of immigrants) increased 12-fold. Among minor items it is worth remarking that cigars, butter and candles have declined one-half while soap shows an increase, and cheese has been almost stationary.

The principal articles may be expressed as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Wines 3 1/2 millions 4 1/2 millions. Silks, woollens &c. 2 " 2 1/2 ". Sugar, preserved &c. 1 " 2 ". Clothing, shoes &c. 1 1/2 " 2 1/2 ". Hardware, fancy goods &c. 4 " 6 1/2 ". Total 12 1/2 " 18 ".

Our export trade to France has grown in still greater ratio than the imports, rising from 5 1/2 to 8 1/2 millions. Wool shows an increase of 3 millions, sheepskins have doubled, hides are stationary, fallow and hair have declined one-half. The figures stand thus—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Wool \$42 millions 5 1/2 millions. Fallow 1 1/2 do. 1 do. Hides, sheepskins, &c. 1 1/2 do. 2 1/2 do. Total 5 1/2 \$ 8 1/2 \$.

Among minor items we note that goatskins reached nearly 200,000\$ in 1872, but have fallen about one third, while ostrich feathers showed a corresponding increase. There was a shipment of 50 tons of preserved beef in 1871, but the French people do not seem to have liked it, for we find no subsequent shipment.

The balance of trade as regards France is strongly against us, since we consume more than double as much as she takes from us: it was the same in 1870, and the proportion is exactly as it is with England, two to one, of imports over exports.

BELOGIUM.

This country takes from us 5 times as much as we import from her. Belgian imports doubled between 1870 and 1873, viz—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Dry goods \$380,000 770,000. Boots and hats 140,000 115,000. Clothing 65,000 178,000. Iron 32,000 176,000. Sugar 114,000 40,000. Arms 11,000 141,000. Miscellaneous 526,351 1,247,000. Total 1,274,351 2,907,000.

Among minor items we observed that printing-paper has increased 7-fold, as Belgian paper is driving other competitors out of the market.

The exports in the above period were—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Wool \$4 mil. 10 mil. Hides 1 1/2 " 2 " Fallow, hair, &c. 1 1/2 " 2 " Total 6 1/2 " 14 ".

We note that in 1873 Belgium took 94 million lbs. of wool, against 109 million in 1872, or a decline of 16 per cent in the year. The decline in fallow from 1872 was 9 million lbs, or one-third. Sheepskins increased, but cow hides fell off 20 per cent. These figures are only as compared to 1872, since the comparison with 1870, as above, shows a general increase of 100 per cent in the 3 years. Belgium is in some respect quietest customer.

UNITED STATES.

Our trade with the U. States shows an increase of 25 per cent during the interval from 1870 to 1873, notwithstanding a considerable decline in our exports to that country.

American articles of importation nearly doubled, as will be seen by the following table—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Lumber \$1,482,000 2,769,000. Machinery &c. 155,000 429,000. Furs 127,000 270,000. Kerseys 146,000 234,000. Iron 80,000 207,000. Tobacco 76,000 161,000. Various 796,000 1,100,000. Total 2,882,000 5,168,000.

The excessive importations of lumber told so heavily on the market that we may expect a decline in the trade of 1874, since it is said we have at present in B. Ayres enough lumber for 5 years. The increase of machinery and railway materials is a sign that England is finding a formidable competitor in this branch of manufacture.

As regards furniture and kerose it is evident that the consumption is increasing rapidly in the River Plate; and even in the item of tobacco the Americans are cutting the ground from under Brazil and will soon be equal to that country in supplying us with this important staple.

The only falling-off in American imports is in the following two articles: Flour: in the three years ending 1872 we imported 1420 tons, and in 1873 only 13 tons. This is the effect of the agricultural colonies in Santa Fe.

Butter: in the same three years we imported 163 tons, but in 1873 only 1 tons; also the effect of the colonies.

Among minor items of trade we note \$27,000 of American books imported during the period of 4 years, and \$12,000 of instruments for Nat. Colleges and the Cordoba Observatory.

Exports to United States may be briefly summed up in the following table—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Dry hides \$2,217,000 1,937,000. Wool 214,000 1,033,000. Hair 238,000 175,000. Goatskins 143,000 113,000. Sheepskins 637,000 133,000. Various 373,000 239,000. Total 3,827,000 3,030,000.

Hides have fallen off 40 per cent, sheepskins 80 per cent, and hair and goatskins in less degree. On the other hand wool has quintupled.

The balance of trade against us amounts to 2 millions \$ fcs. last year. But if we take the 4 years collectively there is a balance of 2 millions in our favor, namely imports 13, exports 15 millions. If we had a line of steamers to N. York our trade with the United States would double.

The period now before us shows a prodigious increase of trade with Italy, say 110 per cent, the total trade rising from \$2,500,000 in 1870 to \$5,300,000 in 1873. Thus Italy, which was in the 5th, now occupies the 5th rank, having shot ahead of Spain, Brazil and Chile since 1870. This is the direct result of Italian immigration, and is another proof how closely connected are the flux of new settlers and the development of trade.

The only countries which more than doubled their trade with us in the above 3 years, are Italy, Germany and Belgium.

Imports from Italy show as follows for the period in question.

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Wine \$244,000 473,000. Oil 304,000 530,000. Macaroni 63,000 404,000. Rice 23,000 330,000. Dry goods 86,000 630,000. Marble 63,000 112,000. Dried fruits 10,000 163,000. Cigars 10,000 115,000. Various 680,000 1,004,000. Total 1,684,000 3,785,000.

Here we find all the principal articles have doubled, while some have increased ten-fold. If we descend to lower items we find shoes have fallen off amazingly, last year's returns being only one-tenth of those of 1870. The fact is, English boots and shoes are kicking all others out of the market.

It is not surprising that macaroni enters so largely into our table of consumption. We imported 536 tons in 1870, and 2,140 tons last year, say 40 tons a week for the good citizens of Buenos Ayres, independent of the immense quantities made here. It is one of the articles paying duty, and we think the duty ought to be taken off.

Chinese is almost stationary, the importation from Italy regularly averaging 150 tons yearly, although last year it reached 190 tons. This shows the Goya people were too busy with revolutions to supply our market, but surely the Santa Fe colonies (paying no duty) ought to be able to shut out cheese from Lombardy; but for the land-freight the Tucuman cheese would easily compete.

Eggs: we imported in three years no fewer than 240,000 from Italy, and the present average is 500 dozen monthly. This shows a great deficiency on the part of native hens, and suggests that we ought rather import poultry than eggs. It is impossible to think that an egg two months old, after crossing the Atlantic, can be as healthy as a fresh-laid one from Moron or Quiumes.

Musical instruments are increasing rapidly, which is a good sign, unless it be that they are hoems for tramway guards. Soap also shows a wonderful rise; but why not make our own soap? Butter has slipped out of the market altogether, doubtless because of the Santa Fe colonies. Dried fish have declined one-half. Murbly has doubled, owing to the activity of the builders.

Exports to Italy show as follows, having nearly doubled in the period alluded to—

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1870, 1873. Dry hides \$420,000 583,000. Salted " 136,000 115,000. Wool 62,000 477,000. Sheepskins 41,000 145,000. Fallow 155,000 99,000. Various 77,000 69,000. Total 853,000 1,488,000.

Here we see that wool has grown 8-fold, sheepskins have tripled, and fallow has declined one-third. The number of hides sent to Italy in 1870 was 230,000, and last year 260,000, the increase being in dry hides.

If we sum up the trade with Italy for the last 4 years we find—Imports 10 1/2 millions, exports 4 1/2 millions, leaving a balance of trade of 6 1/2 million \$ fcs. in favor of the Argentine Republic. There is every indication that in a couple of years Italy will get before the United States and occupy the 4th place, coming next after Belgium in trade with B. Ayres.

CONSUL TO H.M.S. AMETHYST.

The 'clerk of the weather' was good enough to arrange a beautiful day on Monday for the 'paseo' to the Amethyst, and at noon a gay and fashionable party was assembled on the mole-head, while the men-of-war's boats were getting ready to receive the company at the passenger stairs.

There were present the Ministers of Great Britain, France, Chile, Germany, Austria, Spain and Brazil, and the Argentine Sub-Secretary of Foreign Affairs, making up the diplomatic party, besides a brilliant gathering of ladies and gentlemen of English and other nationalities. Some little delay was caused by the arrival of boat-loads of Swisss and Italian immigrants, the Swiss women looking particularly neat and promising settlers. At last the officer on duty informed Mr. West that the stairs were clear, and His Excellency, aided by Mr. St. John and the officer of the Amethyst, proceeded to arrange the company in the steam-helm and boats.

Arriving alongside H.M.S. Cracker, which was under steam to convey us to the Amethyst, Captain Buckle, en grande tenue, received his guests at the gangway and the marines presented arms. The quarter-deck was converted into a drawing-room, and a pleasant breeze played through the awning and bunting as we steamed out seaward. The city and coast were seen to good effect, and the port seemed crowded with shipping as we made our way through the roadstead; on one side the Italian war-steamer, on the other the Ivahy with the green-and-gold ensign of the Empire of Santa Cruz.

The real magnitude of the commerce of Buenos Ayres is only to be understood by taking a glance from the Pozos at the shipping which extends for miles on all sides. Younder is a large steamer entering port, probably with 500 immigrants. In another direction are steamers from Liverpool or Havre with lighters alongside, and far as the eye can reach are the tall tapering masts of vessels from every quarter of the globe. No wonder that strangers, like our new English Consul, Mr. Cowper, are struck with the importance of the trade of the River Plate.

The Cracker makes a sudden bend and there before us is the splendid corvette Amethyst, all the yards manned to a spectacle of wonderful effect to one that sees it for the first time. Calm and motionless, yet full of life and beauty, like the statue of the Apollo of Belvedere or the Venus of Medicis, the glorious emblem of power, freedom and valor stands before us in the clear sunlight of the southern sky. The men ranged along the yard-arms look like figures on canvas, while the ensign of England flutters in the breeze. The officers on the forecastle and quarter-deck stand, watching our approach, and we only see the red-guards' marines walking up and down on duty. The picture before us reminds us of the force of British discipline. As unmoved as these men on the yard-arms were the brave men who went down a few years ago in the Bombay, and the sentries paced the deck as steadily while the flames of the burning ship formed their funeral shroud. As impressive as the heroes of the Birkenhead, when the women and children were put into the boats, and officers and men went down in "Table Bay."

Looking at the picture before us it is impossible not to feel the heart throbbing with admiration for all that is noble and generous. The deck of a British ship is the ark of freedom and security. Whether it be an ex-Empress of France, or a chain-wagon of the African coast, or a Dictator Rosas, or a refugee Espartaco, or a de-throned Bourbon, there is under the cross of St. George and St. Andrew which floats from yonder mizen, a human race. As Carrara says—

"No matter in what disastrous battle his liberty has been cloven down, no matter how long and solemnly he may have been offered up to the altar of slavery, the moment he touches the sacred soil of Britain the altar and the gods sink together in the dust, his soul walks abroad in her own majesty, his body swells beyond the limit of his chains, which burst from around him, and he stands redeemed, regenerated, and disenthralled, by the irresistible genius of universal emancipation."

These are the sentiments that rush upon one's mind as he trends the deck of a British war-vessel. And so long as Britain has such men to guard her ocean bulwarks as those now before

us, there is no fear for her destinies or for the liberties of the world. The successors of Drake, Howard, Collingwood and Nelson still live in the British Navy, and among the officers on board the Amethyst, some bearded striplings, the most of them have already won their spurs in services in China, Africa, West Indies and other parts of the world.

The gallant commander, Captain Chatfield, received his guests at the gangway, and as the Ministers ascended the side the guns thundered out a salute of 64-pounders, and the band struck up God save the Queen; then the Ministers proceeded bareheaded towards the quarter-deck, the marines presenting arms as they passed. The vessel was beautifully fitted up, the signal bunting around the improvised ball-room being made to stand for the following:—

"Friends! you are welcome; We hope you will enjoy yourselves."

The first Lieutenant, Mr. Bickford, aided Captain Chatfield to do the honors, and shewed the visitors through the ship; and the officer on watch was Lieutenant Reeve. While the ladies were getting ready for lunch most of the gentlemen made the round of the ship, admiring at every step the neatness and admirable economy throughout. Her guns are 64-pounders rifled, six on each side, besides which she carries a prow-chaser and a stern-chaser, the chasers throwing an explosive ball that breaks into 8-ounce fragments, forming a kind of caustic peculiarly damaging to an enemy's boats. She is especially suited for fighting against pirates or slavers, being the quickest war steamer in the Southern Hemisphere, for she goes 14 knots an hour. This class of vessels is so liked that the government ordered 5 others, of which the Sapphire has just been launched, and the Emerald, Onyx and 2 others are on the stocks.

The Amethyst was built at Plymouth in 1873 in time to take part in the Ashantee war, under her present commander; she sent 70 men to the naval brigade under Captain Blake, who was killed, and these men fought with great decision against the sanguinary King of Ashantee and the less deadly climate of Coomassie, till the capture of that place. Captain Chatfield received the thanks of the Commander for the services of the Amethyst on the Gold Coast; besides which he wears three medals for acts of gallantry.

The accommodations of the vessel are roomy and well ventilated. First she steps into the gunroom and there a glass of Madeira with the midship men, whose quarters are spacious and well lighted. Then come the men's quarters, where 250 blue-jackets and marines are far more comfortably located than one could imagine aboard a ship. Next comes the cooking department; which has a very healthy look, for every man is allowed 1 lb. of fresh meat daily. The Doctor invites us in to have a look at the infirmary, but it is empty, the men enjoying, invariable good health in the pleasant waters of La Plata. The dispensary is nicely arranged, but one cannot resist the idea that Doctor Humphreys and Surgeon Cox have much less to do than a hard-worked British resident of B. Ayres. There are pill boxes below, not like Parr's life-validators, but of a very distinct character; besides shot and shell there are Harvey torpedoes, of which, gentle reader, the less we see the better. Let us pass on to the Armory; and then to the school-room, in charge of Rev. Mr. Reill, a Cambridge man; to the treasury department of Paymasters Row and Nash; to the quarters of Lieutenant Roberts or of Sub-Lieutenant Reyn and Davenport; and then descend to the engine-room.

Mr. Chief engineer Watson and Assistants Sharp and James, who are supplying in apple-pie order and as bright as a new kettle. The engines are 350 nominal, but work up to 2,200 horsepower. Mark! there go the 64-pounders again. Their Excellencies Ducros Aubert and Lionel-Sackville West are going to visit the French corvette Porbin, lying a few hundred yards from us. As their gig approaches the Porbin she hoists the English flag at the fore and flies a salute of 15 guns to H. B. M. Minister Plenipotentiary. Then the Amethyst again hoists the French flag at the fore and fires 15 guns in reply, the smoke completely enveloping the Cracker and hiding her from view.

While we have been making a tour of the ship Captain Chatfield has been entertaining 50 of his visitors at a sumptuous dejeuner, the report of the Champagne corks alternating with the heavier report of the 64-pounders. Another salute as the British Minister leaves the French ship and returns to the Amethyst.

Another table follows, and presently we hear the big guns rolled along the deck forward to make room for dancing. The band has already begun and ladies toilettes are whirling round and round where the Marines were an hour ago on parade, and where big guns are usually left in undisputed possession. Mrs. has given place to Terpsichore, and although the music is "Voilà le salut au monde" the genius of the hour is peaceful, English girls and midshipmen are fraternising not on neutral ground, but on the decks of England's wooden walls.

At last the bandmen have to call a truce, although the dancers are unwearied, and the senior bandsman having "piped down to splice the main shroud," we go forward to the forecastle to see the sailors at clog-dance and horripipes, which only Jack can do to perfection. Then follow songs, of which the music added words by one of the blue-jackets, who sings with much gusto Bluebird, Mr. Dimson, Princess Louise, and is received with immense satisfaction, and with loud applause for the performance.

As soon as the Band resumed labors dancing was continued with great spirit until dewy eve, and as the golden beams of sunset lit up the steeples and "miradores" of Buenos Ayres the boats were got alongside to convey us