

WONDERFUL CURES OF CONSUMPTION.—The late dissections performed in the hospitals of Paris prove beyond a doubt that the tubercles of the lungs can be permanently healed, thereby curing consumption.

Teatro de la Opera: El Sabado 7 de Noviembre.

Debut de la Señora JOSEFINA D'AMICO, CON LA OPERA LUOIA DE LAMMERMOOR.

Messrs Ryde & Co's Bi-Monthly Lines. BELGIUM ROYAL MAIL COMPANY (LIMITED).

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT. RIVER PLATE LINE.

The following Steamers Load in London and Antwerp, and are despatched from Southampton on the 3d and 16th of each month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres.

Table with columns for ship names (ARIADNE, LYCIDON, CHAS HOWARD) and destinations (GALATEA, RHONE, COBLEN, ARGENTINO).

The well-known first-class S. S. B. H. O. N. Will be despatched for LONDON & ANTWERP, ON NOVEMBER 22d.

To be followed by the S. S. RICHARD COBDEN.

Passengers, Parcels, and Specie will be landed at Southampton, and forwarded to London, by special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.

Cargo will be received on board 48 hours before arrival at this Port, for London and the Continent, at through rates.

All Letters must be taken to the Post-office. For further particulars apply to the Agents—WOODGATE, Bro's, Shipbrokers, 36 San Martin.

Steamboat Agency OF A. MATTI AND PIERA.

30—CALLE CANGALLO—30. SATURDAY 7th. For Rosario and Ports, the CAPITAN. Do Salto and Porto, the VILLA DEL SALTO. Do Montevideo, the RIO URUGUAY.

For Rosario and Ports, the PROVIDOR. A. MATTI & PEREIRA, Agents, 30 Cangallo. Do Salto and Porto, the VILLA DEL SALTO.

DOMINGO 8, para Salto y Escuelas, a las 10 de la mañana, vapor ingles SATURNO LENEZ, para Montevideo, a las 6 1/2 de la tarde, el Vapor FRANCIS JEFFER.

Buenos A. Cricket Club.

Married & Single. Members are hereby advised that the above Match will be played on the ground of WEDNESDAY NEXT, 11th instant, when their attendance is invited.

Trains leave the Central Station at 9.50, and 11 a.m. and 3 p.m.

ENGLISH CHURCH SERVICES.

NOVEMBER 8. 23d Sunday after Trinity. Morning Prayer, 11 a.m. Evening Prayer, 7 p.m.

FOR SALE, TWO HOUSES in Plaza Parana, Calle Libertad 171, and Tucuman 198.

TO LET, a comfortable furnished Room, in the house of an English family.

CENTRAL OFFICES, for Brokers and others, to let, in first and second floors.

INTERPRETER. WANTED a young Man, to speak English and Spanish.

COOK. WANTED, a steady Man. Must be single. Also a Boy to help in the kitchen and sweep patio.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a competent woman to cook for an English family.

WANTED, a good active Woman, as general Servant. Apply at No. 100 Calle Juarez.

LETTER FROM IRELAND, for Miss Mahony, Esq., supposed to be in Paraguay.

WANTED, a young English Lady, a situation to teach children in a school or family.

LETTERS. Ellston, Mr. Kenelm Vaughan, Ellyot, Pinkett, Ledwith, Stewart, McDonald, Grant, Kelly, Pipe, Lieut. Brown, Hopkins, Mrs. Slat. Mr. John Stewart, Mrs. Muller, Mrs. H. Maguire, Mrs. Dowd, H. J. Haddell, G. P. Adams, Mrs. M. M. Peter King, Mrs. Nichols Fitzgerald, Mrs. Mary Scully, Mrs. E. Devaux, Mahony, O'Brien.

AUCTION BY O. W. BOLLAERT & CO.

Tuesday, 10th inst., At Noon.

FLORIDA 116. An assortment of new and second-hand Furniture.

CASH. The following is the return of the National Bank statement: Balance-sheet, October 31st, 1874.

Table with columns for Capital not called up, Bank deficit, Govt. subs. in public funds, etc.

Dr. Subscribed capital, Government deposits, Deposits, current, etc.

Let it be published. J. Pedro de Souza, Juan Anchorena, F. A. Delgado.

DIRECCION GENERAL DE RENTAS DE LA PROVINCIA.

PATENTES. Se previene a los contribuyentes que estan obligados al pago de la Patente.

Flor del Plata Lodge.

I.O.O.F.M.U. The Brothers of the above are respectfully informed that the usual Meetings will re-commence on Monday next, the 11th instant.

The Weekly Standard.

CONTAINS FULL DETAILS OF THE REVOLUTION.

WAR MOVEMENTS, &c. BOOKS—BOOKS. WANTED to purchase all sorts of books in English, Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Latin, Greek, Hebrew, etc.

RAILWAYS.

DEPARTURES. NORTHERN—7.0, 8.10, 9.50, 11.0, 12.20, 1.0, 2.30, 4.30, 5.15, 6.30.

GREAT SOUTHERN—7.5.0, 9.20, 10.25, 11.20, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.40, 5.30, 6.49.

QUILMES & JENSENADA—8.0, 10.25, 2.35, 4.55, 8.25. Also 19 Trains to Boca and Barracas.

WESTERN—7, 9, 10.50, 12.55, 4, 6, 7.15. Only these marked go full length.

PRESS REGULATIONS.

STATE OF SIEGE. The War-office has directed the Chief of Police to enforce the following regulations as regards newspapers published in Buenos Ayres.

1st. The obligation of sending the first 4 copies to the War-Office is suspended.

2nd. No paper to publish any news from sources unfriendly to the Government, or any sarcastic comments upon the campaign.

3rd. The Chief of Police to arrest any person printing or selling bulletins without the name of the editor.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 22nd 1874.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audiam nil veri non audiam dicere." CICERO.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1874.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

(Per American Agency.) London, Oct. 30. Consols, 92. Argentine bonds, 92. Uruguay, 66.

Liverpool, 30. Antwerp, 30. 4902 Uruguay hides, 93-94. 2730 Gualeguay, 99-98.

Lisbon, 30. Kepler, Tycho Brahe, Iberia, Rio Grande and Warrior sailed for Brazil and Plate.

Pernambuco, Oct. 30. Mathilde Octavia, from B. Ayres, in Rio Janeiro, 31st Oct.

Modesta, Anna and Mary Frost in from Plate; sailed Itajay and Dos Albinos and Isabella for Montevideo.

Hayre, 30th Oct. Tallow market weak. Wool firm. Hides same.

Hamburg. River Plate produce the same. Cadiz. Solari and Cosme sailed for Brazil.

STORM AT MONTEVIDEO.

The oldest inhabitants of Montevideo hardly recollect any storm of greater violence than that of Tuesday, 3rd inst., doing so much damage on land and water that the injury is estimated at £100,000 sterling.

The breakwater between the English church and Calle Montevideo was knocked to pieces, solid masses of rock and concrete being dashed high up the streets to a great distance.

The railway to the Buceo at the crossing of Calle Cerro has disappeared, rails, breakwater and all, as well as the lower part of the street and paving.

The Maná Graving-dock, built with such solidity, has had the granite entrance washed away, and a Brazilian war-steamer that was in the dock has disappeared under water.

The breakwater of Calle Santa Theresa was dashed to pieces, and the Public Baths submerged under 12 ft. of water, and all the furniture, doors, kitchen &c. being washed about by the breakers.

Adjoining the baths was a conventillo inhabited by work-men's families, the foundations were washed away, and the inmates escaped in their night-clothing.

A fishing-boat was washed up Calle Camaras, and then dashed to pieces, sides, sails, spars &c. scattered about.

The factory of Lascazes and Olive was inundated and wrecked, at foot of Calle Maciel, as well as an adjacent smith's and turner's shop.

Next door to the British Hospital the waves broke in and inundated a house; the rampart of Calle Guaraní was partly destroyed.

The Goumouillon rampart and wharves are destroyed, as well as the new Baths, the Alvarez warehouse, and 25 breakwater.

Fort San Jose battery is washed away, as well as the Rompe Olas landing-pier; Wilson's wharf is a wreck, as well as that of the Barraca Britanica, next the Custom-house.

In front of the Capitanía the waves swept off the passenger stairs and part of the wharf, while the Custom-house wall is cracked over the Capitanía office.

The kiosks of the Customs-guards on the Capurro and Herrera wharves were swept away along with the passenger stairs and are now floating about the bay.

Also the entire mole of Calle Cerro, which was torn away from the roots. All along the Bovedas the sea-wall was destroyed, leaving the barracas of Irigaray, Guerra, La Puente &c. utterly wrecked.

The great Playa breakwater near the Aguada has been broken in various places, although constructed with such solidity as apparently to last for ages.

The casualties to shipping cannot yet be fully ascertained, but the following are already reported:—Two English barques, the Bell and North Star, came into collision, the first having slipped her anchor: both damaged.

The French barque Belle Anais was driven ashore on Tuesday night, and next morning appeared keel upwards.

The French brig Emma is wrecked off the Matadero.

The Portuguese brig Olinda was dashed to pieces against the Playa breakwater.

The Spanish brig Clara was run into by a French vessel and much injured.

The Brazilian brig Princesa was driven ashore at the Aguada.

The Brazilian gunboat in the Maná Dock was sunk.

The Port-Captain's steam-yacht Reguardo was sunk, also the Capitanía life-boat cutter.

The Panella light-ship was torn from her moorings and dashed on the Espinillo point outside the Cerro.

The Costa-Rica brig Olivera was washed up on the Aguada, but has since been got off by the steamer Uruguay.

A gunboat off Point Espinillo was flying signals of distress on Tuesday and Wednesday.

The damage at the Cerro was also considerable. The wharves of Echeverria, Zúñiga, Arca, La Teja and Arena were swept away, as well as 200 yards of Cibi's breakwater, and several warehouse and saladero sheds.

The Sala de Comercio adds to the above some other particulars. Irigaray's barraca lost the wharf and four cranes. Alvarez reports 500 bales of merchandise injured. Yarrow lost the lower part of his mole. The Conceicao and Wilson piers broke in two about the middle, the halt being carried away.

The Leibnitz Mails.

The fine steamer Leibnitz, Captain Brown, arrived yesterday from England with 27 passengers and latest papers from London, Oct. 3rd, from which we take the following:— Bishop Colenso is once more in England. He has come over here on both church and state business.

The first refers to the new Bishop of Capetown, who seems indisposed to pay his chief, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the canonical obedience he owes; and the second refers to the Zulurobel with a very long name, whose cause Dr. Colenso comes to plead with the Colonial office.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Nottingham, Dr. Roskell, has resigned his see, and Father Bagshawe, of the Oratory, has been selected as his successor by the Pope. The new bishop is 45 years old.

It is announced on good authority that Russia has decided to yield in the dispute relative to Mount Athos.

A Copenhagen telegram says that a number of Daues in the town of Hadersleben, having called a meeting, were immediately compelled to close the same by a crowd of Germans.

Arrangements are being made to hold a great military review in Florence in case the Emperor William pays his proposed visit to Italy. It is still uncertain whether the visit will take place, but the probabilities in its favour appear to increase, and preparations continue to be made at the royal palaces.

A Times telegram says that the Russian Government has issued a circular reminding young men desirous of entering monasteries that they have no right to do so prior to their attaining the age at which they are liable to conscription, and that only those who have drawn a number subjecting them merely to service in the Landwehr will be allowed to enter the cloister.

The expedition to explore the interior of Australia, under the direction of Mr. Forrest, has succeeded in reaching the South Coast, starting from Western Australia. Six hundred miles of the journey was across a desert country.

There is no little dismay to-day at the news of the loss of the new Atlantic cable—dismay in some quarters, that is, but abundant satisfaction in others, for the old cable shares have gone up on the Stock Exchange, and some persons must have done well with them.

The gross fees for telegraphic messages in the last financial year were £1,502,169 13s. 1d.; the net produce was £1,057,823 13s. 2d.

An example of the architectural improvement of Dublin was afforded yesterday in the opening of a new Essex-bridge, which has been erected in 18 months, upon the site of the old structure. It is a broad and level roadway, and will greatly relieve the increasing traffic of the quays.

The Duke of Leinster passed a very bad night on Thursday, and mortification has set in. The Queen has sent a message inquiring after his grace's health.

With regard to the Russian pension to Don Carlos, it is stated that the Emperor Nicholas gave a pension out of his private purse to the Pretender's uncle and father, and that this grant, which has no official character, was continued by the present Emperor.

The payment to Don Carlos was stopped, however, as soon as the latter took the field in support of his claim to the Spanish throne.

The Empress of Austria, accompanied by the Archduchess Valeria and suite, left for Germany by way of Amiens, Laon, and Strasbourg.

The Emperor Francis Joseph has conferred the Order of the Iron Crown upon the three officers who took part in the recent exploration of the Arctic Region, and the Silver Cross of Merit with Crown upon all the sailors belonging to the expedition.

The Japanese assassin who murdered Herr Haber, the German Consul at Hakodadi, has been sentenced to death, and the Mikado has expressed his regret at the occurrence. The German Minister demands that the wearing of swords near the foreign settlement should be forbidden.

A typhoon has occurred in Southern Japan, destroying 1,000 junks and 6,000 houses, and causing the loss of 300 lives.

THE SITUATION.

FORTY-FOURTH DAY. The Minister of War left town yesterday at 10 o'clock by train for Dolores, to confer with Colonels Luis and Julio Campos.

President Avellaneda was entertained on Thursday by a gentleman named Monjan, the Governor and Cabinet Ministers being also present.

The Nacional repeats the rumor of the gunboat Parana being aground at Espinillo, near the Cerro, and hints that the fleet may be expected in port to-day, towing the Parana as a prize.

Major Fernandez writes from Pergamino that he has arrested the Judge Moreno and Dr. Bucear refusing to discover the hiding-place of Colonel Bahiense, ex-Governor of Corrientes, whom Dr. Bucear assisted professionally some days before. Both are to be sent prisoners to B. Ayres.

Major Laprida telegraphs from Rojas that Colonel Charras begs to be permitted to reside on his estancia, with his family, near Junin. He adds that Colonel Charras, Major Boor, &c., have no hostile intentions, and that Major Henestosa has submitted with a party of gauchos and Indians.

The Diariodo Rio hopes the Imperial Government will take note that the Mitristas have bought several steamers now on their way from England with arms and ammunition. The Nacional doubts the news.

A gentleman named Luis Mansilla petitions Government to form a Marine Corps of 150 men.

The evening papers are wrong in saying the cable to Colonia is mended. We cannot expect it before next week.

A joint-telegram from the two Colon. Campos, dated yesterday morning 6th from Dolores, says that General Mitro set out from Tuyu on Sunday morning, 1st. November, with 70 men, including Colonel Borjes, Juan Laus, and Dr. Garcia. Colonels Vidal and Ramos Mejia with 500 men advanced to meet General Mitro. On the 2nd inst. Monday, Gen. Rivas arrived with 3,500 men. A council of war was held at Aldo's Est. at Medanos which lasted some hours; then Gen. Rivas ordered his army to counter-march. Next day, 3rd, the revolutionary army passed Posta de Diaz, and encamped at Ramos Mejia's estancia of Miraflores. Most of General Mitro's artillery was re-shipped at Tuyu, to be sent on in the steamers to Bahia Blanca, where General Mitro will establish his head-quarters until Gen. Arredondo come down from the Provinces to incorporate with him, as he has sent couriers to Rio Quinto to notify Arredondo to come down now. This plan of campaign is regarded by the two Campos as genuine, being communicated by persons arrived from Tuyu, of reliable authority.

To-day Major Cristologo Rodriguez, leaves for Cordoba, to organize the militia of that Province. The Governor has written to the War-office for 1,000 Remingtons.

The Port-Captain has requested the Minister of War to double the guard at the Capitanía, that is to raise the number to 30 men.

Governor Barros and Minister Alsina had a long conference on Thursday, the tenor of which, says the Republica, has not transpired. The semi-official papers say that the Government fleet is now off Tuyu.

Six persons were arrested in the Balvanera parish on Thursday, and lodged in prison: the Republica says it is for political motives.

The Minister of Interior has received a note from the late Governor of San Juan, Dr. Gomez, congratulating President Avellaneda on the extinction of the rebellion and speedy restoration of peace, as contained in notes from Colonel Rocca. The Governor's note is dated October 20th, but since then the Nacional says Governor Gomez had to retire, as the San Juaninos wished him to join the revolt.

The Opinion of Rosario says Gov. Civit received 1,000 Chassepots from Chile, and is now at the head of 3,000 men ready to smash up Arredondo if he venture to assault that town.

The Tribuna says that the political prisoners heretofore confined at the University were removed on Thursday to the Cuna, or Debtors' Prison.

Telegrams from San Luis confirm the arrival of Col. Rocca in that city. Advice from the Governor of Corrientes, Tuesday, Nov. 3rd, announces that Col. Obligado occupied Goya on Saturday, 31st, and the Mitristas under Col. Calvo crossed over to the Chaco on Monday.

The Alsina battalion has established its depot at the corner of Plaza Libertad and Calle Charras.

Passengers arrived from Montevideo yesterday met the Argentine fleet near the port.

LATEST FROM NEW YORK.

Dear STANDARD, I do not address you thus affectionately and familiarly without good and sufficient reason; for every fortnight your familiar face appears to me like the periodical visitation of some friendly ghost. Association endears all friends, and I look to you as an old friend in whose companionship I have beguiled many a weary hour.

How often and how eagerly have I drunk from your fountain stamped 'W. P.' and dated Rosario! If I wished to be informed as to public affairs or items of private news relating to dwellers in the River Plate, where could I turn so naturally as to you?—and my thirst has been quenched and my yearnings satisfied.

Your readers, seeing a letter dated New York will expect some news from this quarter which will interest them more than epistolary confessions.

Among other distinguished foreigners from the River Plate who have just made an appearance here is that distinguished and beloved disciple of Escaluphous, Dr. J. M. Ayer, whom we had the pleasure of welcoming him with his family in May last: I learn that it is probable you may welcome them back before the close of the year.

We have also been favored with a glimpse of the great apostle of literature from 115½ Calle Florida, who has made a flying visit to his native land and the principal capitals of Europe, sipping fresh knowledge from these storos (as bees gather honey from every opening flower) that he may have it at the Nueva Libreria Inglesa for the benefit of thirsty souls in your great metropolis.

In a word, the whole coast from the Aguada to Rompe Olas, and then to the Playa Ramirez, is a scene of wreck and ruin never before witnessed. Fortunately the loss of life seems to be nowise commensurate. Up to the present only one corpse has been picked up, but it is to be feared other victims will be found later on. Still it is surprising that so disastrous a storm has not been attended with serious loss of life.

The lovely village of Quilmes has been represented by Mr. John Walker, whose family are still here. Mr. Livingston and lady propose exchanging the noise and din of Broadway omnibuses for the softer music of Teniper crickets. They leave in the Outtarío on the 23rd inst.

R. M. McSherry has passed some time in New York, and devoted a portion of the summer months to visiting the various resorts of pleasure seekers.

W. H. T. Hughes and Pedro del Valle Halsey are among the stationary representatives of your great metropolis. As I walk through our great thoroughfare I am often reminded of the fact that at least one of the editors of the STANDARD paced these very streets. I presume that it was here that he acquired that fondness for America and Americans which frequently crop out in the complimentary tone of his editorials. May we continue to merit the good opinion of our Iberian brethren, who form so valuable an element in our national greatness. We cannot well overestimate their worth and value to us as a nation, both by their labour and industry, their genial good-nature, their valour in arms, and the infusion of their blood with that of the native Americans. As our population is somewhat heterogeneous, and our characteristics are so largely derived from the admixture of races, we can, without suspicion of having kissed the Blarney stone, attribute to the strong tinge of Celtic blood, much of the strength and vigour of our people. They have imparted to us some of that fibre which has given us the reputation of energy and enterprise, industry and valour.

I am sorry to tell you that we are not in as tranquil a condition as we might desire, for I look with no small apprehension to the ultimate result of the disturbances in some of the southern states, which have recently culminated in a quasi revolution in Louisiana. I fear that similar causes may produce like results elsewhere, and it will, doubtless, be a long time before the white and coloured races in the south will enjoy in peace and harmony the exercise of equal political rights. I am forced to confess not only that it is a difficult problem to solve, but also that our government have not handled the question with that wisdom which ensures an early settlement of this vexed question, which is the most serious and troublesome one in our political future.

I presume the Beecher-Tilton scandal has been wafted even to your distant shores, craving in its pestilential wings the disgraceful rumors of crime and vice in high places which fill our own people with undisguised disgust. Whoever is guilty, the revelations that have been made are shocking to all friends of virtue, and it will be a happy day for us when the courts shall convict the guilty ones whether the real crime is adultery or slander.

While Tilton is publishing his volume of charges against the reverend preacher, he is editing thousands with his vigorous sermons among the hill of now Hampshire, where he is passing his summer vacations.

The strongest argument in his favor is, that in the face of all that is said against him and all the proofs adduced, he pursues the even tenor of his way and preaches with his old time fervor and vigor, urging upon his hearers with unabated zeal and eloquence, the exercise of those many virtues he has so earnestly advocated during his whole eventful life. If guilty he certainly exhibits a self command so marvellous as to be regarded almost as a virtue, and if not a virtue a power over himself which is so extraordinary as to lead one to the inference that such self control directed to the suppression of his animal nature might have (if it has not) resulted in a victory over the most seductive temptations.

Whatever may be the popular sentiment (and it is greatly divided) the almost universal prayer is that he come out from the ordeal vindicated and untarnished.

An article appeared in the Evening Post of August 16th entitled 'Our Relations with South America,' of which I sent you a copy, and I frequently furnish some of our journals with extracts from your columns, which are always acceptable to them, as I doubt not they are to the public.

In my next communication I shall try and give you some facts respecting the Centennial Exposition of 1876; I notice with pleasure that the Argentine Republic has determined to be represented on the occasion, and if we have a faithful exhibit of your native products it will serve to stimulate our interest and intercourse with your growing and prosperous country, to which we are allied by ties of political sympathy and fraternal goodwill.

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The evening before a battle an officer asked Marshal Toiras for permission to go and see his father, who was at the point of death. "Go," said the Marshal, who saw through his pretext; "honour thy father and thy mother, that thy days may be long in the land."

We read a very interesting article in yesterday's Republica on the extra mortality of infants when not reared by their own mothers, showing that in Chile it amounts to 56 p. cent. The author incidentally remarks that illegitimacy is much on the increase in Buenos Ayres; thus, in 1850 the proportion was 1 in 6, and in 1865 1 in 4. Such statistics are of much interest to the country, as they teach people many useful lessons.

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J & E. ATKINSON, WHOLESALE AND EXPORT PERFUMERY AND FANCY SOAP MANUFACTURERS. 24, OLD BOND-STREET, LONDON. PRIZE MEDAL. EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDALS. PRIZE MEDAL.

ATKINSON'S CELEBRATED EAU DE COLOGNE. Is manufactured in "Bond" and shipped duty free. ATKINSON'S FLORIDA WATER. Is also manufactured in "Bond," and shipped duty free.

HAVAS REUTER TELEGRAPH AGENCY. No. 5, PASSAGE ARGENTINO. Director-General for South America, E. MERCADIER.

TARIFF. Table with columns for '1st Word' and 'Each Word' listing various countries and their corresponding rates.

The first word merely includes the Name and Address of Senders and of the Destination, for which purpose parties must be registered on the Havas Reuter Books, 5 Passage Argentino, which is done free of cost.

The above Tariff is only for Messages sent by letter to Rio Janeiro, by steamer from Montevideo to be forwarded to Europe, but if sent by Telegram from Montevideo to Rio there is an extra charge of \$4 for the first word, and \$20 cents each word after.

COMMERCIAL SERVICE. The Havas-Reuter Telegraph Agency is organizing a special daily service of Commercial, F. and M. Intelligence from all quarters of the world, especially the principal Foreign Markets.

AU MERINOS. RIVADAVIA 98, 100, 102 and 104. CHACABUCO 2 & 4. CORNER OF RIVADAVIA and Chacabuco. ALL THE GOODS SOLD.

THE COLONIA DOCK. THIS "DOCK" IS IN FINE WORKING ORDER. Vessels hauled in in 25 minutes. For particulars inquire of RUBIO & FOLEY, AGENTS.

SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU & CO. 101-Calle Cangallo-103 BUENOS AYRES. The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporium of the River Plate...

CELEBRATED SHEEP-DIP, LICOR DERMATOSICO. TORRES & CO., Druggists, DEFENSA, 65, 67 and 69. Guaranteed Infallible for the Cure of Scab in Sheep.

Emporium of Sewing Machines. Calle Chacabuco, Nos. 213, 215, 21. SEWING MACHINES: WHEELER & WILSON, GROVES & BAKER, HOWE, SINGER, LITTLE, WAZNER, and others.

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY IN HAMBURG. CAPITAL, 1,500,000 PRUSSIAN THALERS. Insures all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire.

MOCKFORD'S SHEEP-WASH. The excellent properties of this Wash for The extermination of Scab and for Purifying the Skin and Stimulating the Growth of Wool in Sheep.

FARMERS! Gentle Shepherds! LOCAL COUNTRY DEALERS, & SHEARS AND TWEED. In the Country is to be had at the Corralon, 11 de Setiembre, V. L. & E. CASARES.

HAMBURG DECIMAL SCALES MADE BY A. C. C. Joachims, AND Fairbanks Platform ditto. NEW YORK (LEGITIMATE) From 500 lbs. and upwards.

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