

The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No 3,404—THIRTEENTH YEAR

Buenos Ayres, Tuesday September 16 1873.

Circulation, 3,000.

MAUVA BANK

101 & 103 CALLE CANGALLO.

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious Building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the Public is informed that the following transactions are carried out in currency and specie in this Bank—
First—Bills and obligations with good guarantees are discounted on conventional terms.
Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.
Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing and all transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously contracted under conditions established for such class of operations.
Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accounted in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques payable to the full amount, and their wish, or when the quantity exceeds three hundred dollars, for one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours previous notice is required to be given to the Treasury of the Bank.
Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sao Paulo, Santos, Queretaro, Pinar del Rio, Janeiro, and other places in the Brazil, England, and France, as also on other places, of which due notice will be given in due time.
Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions, within the orbit of banking operations.
The Establishment is always open from 10 a.m. till 5 p.m.
P. P. MAUVA & CO.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.
January 1st, 1873.

MAUVA BANK

101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor, 15 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers, 5 " "
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.
For balances in our favor, 15 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers, 5 " "
Deposits up to 15 days, do. 10 " "
Do. 30 days, do. 8 " "
Do. 60 days, do. 6 " "
Fixed deposits from
P. P. MAUVA & CO.,
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM
July 1st, 1873.

Royal Mail Steampacket Company

DIRECT AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO EUROPE.

Twice a Month.

The Royal Mail Steamer "BOYNE" 3,318 Tons, 600 Horse Power, Captain REEKS.

Will leave this Port on the 16th OCTOBER, calling at Montevideo, Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, Lisbon, and Southampton.

PASSENGER FARES: FIRST CLASS.

Southampton	£35 and upwards.
Lisbon	25 "
St. Vincent	22 "
Pernambuco	24 "
Bahia	22 "
Rio Janeiro	24 "
Montevideo	1 12s "

SECOND CLASS.

Southampton	£20 "
Lisbon	15 "
St. Vincent	12 "
Pernambuco	12 "
Bahia	12 "
Rio Janeiro	12 "
Montevideo	0 16 "

THIRD CLASS.

Southampton	£5 "
Lisbon	4 "
St. Vincent	3 "
Pernambuco	3 6s. 8d.
Bahia	3 "
Rio Janeiro	4 16s "
Montevideo	4 16s "

The Company's magnificent and full-powered Steamer "E B O" 1800 Tons, 400 Horse Power, Captain PARKES.

Will leave this Port for Antwerp, calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, St. Vincent (S. de Ver.), Lisbon, Liverpool, and Southampton, on TUESDAY, the 25th INST., at 4 p.m.

Carriage, goods, parcels, and passengers of the First, Second, and Third Class.

RATES OF PASSAGE: 1st Class, 2nd Class, 3rd Class.

To Southampton	£24	3d	
To Liverpool	£20	6d	
To London	£15	0d	
To Rio Janeiro	£11 5s	6d	
To Montevideo	£1 12s	6d	
To St. Vincent	£3	18s	6d

Passengers for PARIS, travelling by this Steamer, will, on their arrival at Overbury, be provided by the Purser with a Ticket, which will enable them to secure Tickets on the Railway to Paris, at a discount of 20 per cent on the fare.

These Steamer are provided with every accommodation for passengers, to whom Wine is given at all classes of Fare.

BETWEEN TICKETS. To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to First-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money.

A deduction of one-sixth is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money is changed in full, is equal to the amount of four adult, cabin passengers.

CAUTION: As per mutual agreement, INSURANCE on Freight can be effected if adult insured.

Passengers are requested to be on board before four on the above-named days, as the Steamer will leave precisely at that hour.

The U.S. Mail Steamer "Merriam," in connection with the above, will sail from Rio on the 25th inst.

For further particulars please apply to CHARLES WM. BENN and Co., Agents.

HAMBURG AND SOUTH AMERICA STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The Company's splendid new Steamship "ARGENTINA" 3,000 Tons, 350 Horse-power, Captain A. NIELSEN, for

HAMBURG, on

Montevideo, Santos, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, and Lisbon, on

OCTOBER 1, 1873, Carrying Cargo, Passengers, and

Passengers of 1st and 3rd class.

N.B. This Steamer is owned by Bremen direct, transportation of same being for account of the Company.

All letters to be taken to the Post-office.

For further particulars apply to the Agents, Messrs. LUDERS & CO.,

CHAS. WM. BENN & CO., Shipbrokers, 49 Calle 25 de Mayo.

COMPANIA DE NAVEGACION RIO DE LA PLATA.

Linea regular de paquetes entre Buenos Ayres y Anson. On

Vapores GUARANY, TARAGUA, y GOYA.

Saldran alternativamente de este puerto los dias 10, 20 y 30 de cada mes.

Agencia 24—CALLE CUYO—24

London and River Plate Bank, (LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorized Capital, £2,000,000 Sterling
Subscribed Capital, 1,000,000
Reserve Fund, 105,000

Offices in Buenos Ayres—CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers may take advantage of having approved Bills discounted, of obtaining Loans upon Negotiable Securities, of Depositing Bills, Coupons, &c., for Collection—and of lodging Valuable Property in the Treasury of the Bank for custody.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at seven or thirty days' notice of withdrawal, interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in its Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily paper.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office.

No. 40 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE Issued and Purchased on the following places—

Montevideo,	Antwerp,
Rosario de Santa Fe,	Amsterdam,
Cordoba,	Hamburg,
Valparaiso,	New York,
London,	Rio de Janeiro,
Liverpool,	Genoa.

All the principal Towns of IRELAND, SCOTLAND, and

Bordeaux, Barcelona, Vigo, Oporto, Santander, Bilbao.

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR, MANAGERS.

London and River Plate Bank (LIMITED.)

CALLE DE LA PIEDAD (Corner of Calle de la Reconquista).

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice—

On deposit both current and 4 per cent. count current, on deposit to seven days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 30 days' notice, 7 per cent. On deposit to 90 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 180 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 360 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 540 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 720 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 900 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 1080 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 1260 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 1440 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 1620 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 1800 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 2160 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 2520 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 2880 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 3240 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 3600 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 4000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 4500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 5000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 5500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 6000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 6500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 7000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 7500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 8000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 8500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 9000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 9500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 10000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 10500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 11000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 11500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 12000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 12500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 13000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 13500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 14000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 14500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 15000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 15500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 16000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 16500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 17000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 17500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 18000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 18500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 19000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 19500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 20000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 20500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 21000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 21500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 22000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 22500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 23000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 23500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 24000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 24500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 25000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 25500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 26000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 26500 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 27000 days' notice, 7 " "

On deposit to 27500 days' notice, 7 " "

Deutsch, Belgische La Plata Bank.

Cologne & Buenos-Ayres

Authorized Capital: Prussian Silver 20,000,000
Subscribed Capital: Prussian Silver 10,000,000
Thalers. 10,000,000

Offices in Buenos Ayres, 20—CALLE FLORIDA—20

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial firms and private individuals.

MONEY RECEIVED on fixed deposit at conventional rates.

BILLS DISCOUNTED at conventional rates.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased at current rates.

DRAFTS issued on the following places—

Montevideo, Bremen, Rio de Janeiro, Paris, London, Antwerp, Berlin, Amsterdam, Cologne, Hamburg, and all the principal places of commerce on the Continent of Europe.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available for purchase of merchandise in all parts of the world on terms to be ascertained on application to the Bank.

AD. ALTGELT, U. LOEHER, MANAGERS.

No. 85—Reconquista—No. 85

Authorized Capital... £1,500,000 Stg.
Subscribed Capital... 1,000,000 "

Directors in Buenos Ayres: Sancho de Haza, Esq., Director; Ambrosio P. Leizaola, Esq., Director; Charles P. Lamb, Esq., Director; A. Ure Mackintosh, Esq., Director; Roberto de la Riva, Esq., Director; Frederic Wanklyn, Esq., Managing Director.

From this date until further notice, interest will be allowed on current and capital as follows—

On deposit current, 4 per cent.

On deposit to 30 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 60 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 90 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 180 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 360 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 720 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 1080 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 1440 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 1800 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 2160 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 2520 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 2880 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 3240 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 3600 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 4000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 4500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 5000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 5500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 6000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 6500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 7000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 7500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 8000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 8500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 9000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 9500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 10000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 10500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 11000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 11500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 12000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 12500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 13000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 13500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 14000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 14500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 15000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 15500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 16000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 16500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 17000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 17500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 18000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 18500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 19000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 19500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 20000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 20500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 21000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 21500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 22000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 22500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 23000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 23500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 24000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 24500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 25000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 25500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 26000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 26500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 27000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 27500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 28000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 28500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 29000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 29500 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 30000 days' notice, 4 " "

On deposit to 30500 days' notice, 4 " "

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE, (LIMITED) Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 25, 1872.

On account current, 7 per cent. per annum

On deposit to 30 days' notice, 8 " "

On deposit to 60 days' notice, 8 " "

On deposit to 90 days' notice, 8 " "

On deposit to

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MEDICAL PHENOMENON.—Is it no surprise to see an invalid gain strength while under the influence of a purgative...



Messrs Ryde & Co's Bi-Monthly Lines. BELGIAN ROYAL MAIL COMPANY. (LIMITED).

TEATRO COLON

GRAN COMPANIA LIRICA ITALIANA. 63° Funcion de la Temporada. MIERCOLES 17 DE SETIEMBRE.

AVISO

La Empresa Lirica del Teatro Colon tiene el honor de avisar al Publico que esta abierta una Nueva Temporada...

Teatro de la Opera.

COMPANIA LIRICA ITALIANA. GRAN FUNCION EXERAOI-NARIA. A BENEFICIO Del Primer Baile—JUAN MARFEL.

TEATRO DE LA OPERA

DEBUT DE COMPANIA DRAMATICA ITALIANA. Srta. CELESTINA DE PALADINI. MARI E, 16 DE SETIEMBRE 1873.

River Plate Telegraph Company.

Latest Telegrams. For Transmission to BRAZIL, NORTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE.

FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

LOMAS DE ZANORA. TO BE SOLD, a FINE PIECE OF GROUND, 32,000 yds., fronting the Q. into PAUNO on the high road...

LUERN SEED.—A small lot, of very superior quality...

POR CAUSA de los muchos pedidos de la sociedad en abono la Empresa del Teatro Colon...

PURTS FAMOUS XX SIOUT, in Pints and Quarts.—W. K. Gilmore and Co., 110 Calle Piedra.

BALDOZAS Finas de Color para Faltos, E. March & Co., 119 Recoletos.

TO BE SOLD, in Paysandu, B. O., three leagues of good camp, well wooded and watered.

TO LET, near Furnishers Rooms, carpeted and w.d.w.s. to the street, in English situation.

TO LET, a newly furnished burrow, in a most pleasant and healthy situation.

TO LET, one furnished Room, suitable for a single gentleman.

WANTED, immediately, a good Turner. Constant work and good wages.

WANTED, a plain woman Cook. Apply at 148 Calle Florida.

BILLIARD-MARKER wanted. Apply at No. 32 Calle San Martin.

WANTED, a Store Porter, to sleep on the premises. Good references required.

COACHMAN.—A man knowing well the city, and having experience in the care of horses, desires a situation as above.

POKER or Waiter.—A lady-looking fellow, speaking German, French, and Spanish, and having best recommendations and character, is desirous of a situation in a good family.

HOUS. M.I.D or Nurse.—A young Irish girl having good recommendations desires a situation in an English family.

RESIDENT GOVERNNESS.—An Eng. lady, speaking German and French, and having experience in the art of teaching, will be dispensed in a couple of weeks. Apply by note to M. D., at this Office.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

NEW AND SEOND-HAND BOOKS. GRAND REVOLUTION.

The following have been lately received from the well known bookseller, and are offered at considerably LOW PRICES, and in good condition...

The Steamship "L A O Y D O N."

1400 Tons, Capt. COLLIER, Is the Steamer of the 22d SEPTEMBER.

VALPARAISO LINE.

The names of the new Steamers are—LEOPOLD II., 2540 Tons 450 horse power. Captain THOMAS JONES.

FOR VALPARAISO

The following Steamers will be despatched from Rio Janeiro, and Southampton, for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, and this port...

WM. P. DAWES

BOOK-SELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS-VENDOR.

The Standard Book Store.

New and second hand Books for Railway Travellers. New and second hand Books for Steam-Boat Travellers.

THE STANDARD BOOK STORE

Books Bought and Exchanged.

C. W. B.

Venta de solares y lotes con plazos largos para el pago.

EN LA Ensenada

TRAMWAY

Quo va de la Escacion del Ferro-carril al Saladero de Berrisso.

A pocos cuadras de la PLAZA.

Terrenos altos, secos y de un porvenir inmenso.

ALERTA ESPECULADORA

Labomera de Tripas, Corrales del Sud

SE VENDE por mayor y menor tripa salada y seca...

Brick Machine for Sale.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Having concluded the manufacture of bricks at Burzaco, the Company is desirous of selling the machinery...

EPICUREAN BISCUITS.

The newest and most approved mid-day feeding—light, nutritious, and substantial.

A LOS ESTANCIEROS.

LES se ordena que el Juveres 18 a las 12 en la tarde el establecimiento "El Fortino," Calle Victoria 164.

PONTEVEDRA

IS a new Town, established in the centre of the celebrated Guanabacoa, in Merlo, not even seven leagues

WEST of this go-ahead City, and about a league and a half from the Western Railway, south of Moran and Merlo, and

CLOSE to both of them. In either of these go-ahead Towns they will soon be Building, you cannot purchase a decent Plot of City

GROUND under \$60,000 Dollars. CASH. In Pontevedra, you get a well-timbered Building Plot of 600 Square Yards, for only

1050 DOLLARS, "ON TIME," paying for it by little and little, 70 dollars each month, for 15 months. Sites are guaranteed for Church, Schools, and

A FINE Plaza. The Land surrounding the Town of Pontevedra, all high ground is a rich, alluvial, fertile, loamy soil. It

SPRINKS for itself, 20 Acres nearer to Moran you cannot buy as good for \$2000 as you can buy here; while this, which is much

BETTER Land, and near Pontevedra, can be had for 1000 Dollars for 2 1/2 Acres; for MANZANA, each fronting a Road; payable by

LITTLE and Little, only 200 dollars per Month, in 15 months. If you buy Four Manzanas you get a Plot of Pontevedra, 10 by 60 yards,

FOR NOTHING. 10 Manzanas make a snug homestead, quite fit to be called an Acres; but no Land like it there; they give you a

RIGHT to Three Plots, or 30 by 60 yards of Pontevedra, that cost \$160 Dollars by themselves,

YOU could not buy 18 Acres of one-half as good Land in any part of England under \$500 per Acre; that is, \$900 Cash. While he, within 21 miles of this

GREAT Commercial City, and near a Railroad, you get 3 Building Plots of 16 and 18 Acres of Prime Land, for \$246, on time, payable

IN 16 Monthly Instalments, of about \$16 1/2 each. There are many among us who can easily invest that sum monthly, and

MIGHT invest it worse. To go and see the Land your Carriage Fare from Merlo will be paid by Frank Denney, if you call between 10 and 6 o'clock at

130—SAN MARTIN—130

SIEMPRE ES AGRADABLE HACER EL BIEN RECIPROO

GRAN TRASENDENCIA y Efectos Ponderables es el que va a producir la nueva disposicion recientemente adoptada por la Comision Directiva del Ferro-Carril del Sud al con-

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

RECIPROO, porque la aduccion de pasajeros y de las mercancías cuando se compece y modificacion la Tarifa de Pasajeros, a contar desde el proximo mes de Octubre.

southam Murder Fund.

Mr. McCordle acknowledges, with thanks, having received the following sums on account of the Southam Murder Fund:

Table with names and amounts: John Clarke, Quilmes, \$500; M. L., \$500; Thomas Armstrong, \$500; N. Davis, \$500; Thos. Drysdale and Co., \$500; Geo. Bell and Co., \$500; C. T. Gitting, \$500; W. Newell, sen., \$500; W. Newell, jun., \$500; J. C. Thompson and Co., \$500; Tomkinson and Co., \$500; Ashworth and Co., \$500; Thos. Blagden and Co., \$500.

English Colony in Paraguay.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

Table with names and amounts: St. Patrick's Society (\$170 100), Mr. Frederic St. John (\$100), M. M. Leizaola and Lanus (\$100), J. M. Juan Frías (\$100), Thos. Drysdale and Co. (\$100), H. N. Hart (\$100), Mr. Flower (\$100), G. G. Capelle (\$100), W. Davenport (\$100), J. F. Bateman (\$100), Captain Inverarity (\$100).

The Standard.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1873.

Special Telegrams to the "STANDARD."

Montevideo, Sept. 15th, 10 a.m. Santiago, Lisbon 24th. Bank of England lowered discount to 3 on 22d. Prince Napoleon elected President of the General Council of Corsica.

Monday, Santiago with dates from Lisbon to the 23rd. Bank rate fell to 9. Argentines, 96-99. B. Ayres, 97-99. Paraguayan, 35-37. Uruguay, 75-76.

To the Club. Sunday, strong wind, no arrivals. Monday, Santiago with dates from Lisbon to the 23rd.

Bank rate fell to 9. Argentines, 96-99. B. Ayres, 97-99. Paraguayan, 35-37. Uruguay, 75-76.

Hides dull at Liverpool and Hamburg. New York, gold 115 1/2, exchange 108. Rio, Sept. 10th, 26 pence, sova, 9.380.

To the Courrier del Plata. Crops in England and France scarce.

No alteration in River Plate produce in Europe. Salted hides very weak in England, few sales.

Have and Antwerp, dry and salted firm. A lot of mutton tallow at 16 1/2.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM. Valparaiso, 13th Sept. Last night sharp earthquake shocks from Coquimbo to the south, causing much alarm.

Latest From Europe. Lisbon 24th, Aug. Havas telegrams of yesterday from London says 4 ironclads are ordered to Spanish waters.

Prince Napoleon elected president of Corsica Council. The new Swedish Minister arrived to-day from Bordeaux.

The Communist Verdun died in New Caledonia. Spanish Government sent 3,000 copies of Castelar's speech to the Colonies.

40 persons arrested in Cordoba for setting fire to houses. Carlists shot a priest and 6 others at Segorbe.

Awful state of affairs at Carthagena. Belgian Chambers closed. The English papers 20th have the following:

The screw-steamer 'Great Northern,' the property of Hooper's Telegraph Works (Limited), Captain Murrell commander, has left Gravesend with the shore end cables belonging to the Western and Brazilian Telegraph Company, to be landed at Para, and which, by a junction with the main cable now being laid by the steamship Hooper, will connect that city with Pernambuco by submarine telegraph.

The second section of the cable connecting Pernambuco with Bahia and Rio de Janeiro will be ready for shipment on the return of the Hooper from the present expedition, and owing to the enterprise exhibited by this company, it is anticipated that both sections will be laid and in working order before the end of the year.

His Excellency the Baron de Penad, Brazilian Minister, has left town for the Continent. In anticipation of the meeting called to-day (August 20) the report of the East Argentine Railway Company (Limited) has been issued. It is satisfactory to note that notwithstanding the adverse circumstances with which the contractors have had to contend, the works are in a very forward condition, and that a portion of the line will, it is expected, be shortly opened for traffic. Even in the face of all obstacles and difficulties, the contractors are still within the contract time. The company have engaged a loco-

motor superintendent and three engine-drivers, and no unnecessary time will be lost in completing the necessary arrangements for starting the line efficiently. The balance-sheet to June 30 shows that the payments on account of contract and concessions have amounted to 427,298.

THE REPUBLIC OF URUGUAY. The well-known political economist and statistician, M. Vaillant, has drawn up for the Vienna Exhibition a prospectus of the Oriental Republic which gives the most accurate and comprehensive details of that country. The Republic has an area of 63,322 square miles, or something less than that covered by the sheep-farms of our province of Buenos Ayres. The population, in spite of civil wars, has increased very rapidly, viz:—

Table with columns: Inhab., 1870 (151,969), 1872 (221,400), 1873 (245,000). Shows an increase in two years of 26 per cent in imports and 23 per cent in exports.

This shows an increase in two years of 26 per cent in imports and 23 per cent in exports, the balance of trade being better than in the Argentine Republic, viz:—

Table with columns: Imports, Exports. 1870 (116,000,342), 1871 (156,800,247), 1872 (16,800,724), 1873 (259,000,000).

There are four banks, which show collectively— Capital \$6,038,452; Cash \$3,822,694; Reserves \$4,731,370. There are 9,989 houses of business in the republic, of which 5,633 in Montevideo, the latter including 3 steam saw mills, 8 foundries, 93 factories, 13 tanneries, 52 brick-kilns, 7 steam flour-mills, 9 saladeros &c. The trade returns for the last three years were—

Table with columns: Imports, Exports. 1870 (116,000,342), 1871 (156,800,247), 1872 (16,800,724), 1873 (259,000,000).

Argentina Republic, 100 to 75; Uruguay, 100 to 81. The exports amount to 28 sterling per head, which is nearly 5 per cent higher than in Great Britain, and nearly double the ratio of the Argentine Republic, but not equal to Buenos Ayres singly. The trade of the Oriental Republic doubles in 9 years. The exports in 1870 and 1871 chiefly consisted of—

Table with columns: 1870, 1871. Cow hides (1,087,834 vs 1,378,178), Wool (61,842,000 vs 67,865,000), Jerked beef, etc. (341,726 vs 17,474), Tallow, pipes, etc. (6,844 vs 6,749), Calkins (6,749 vs 6,749).

The value of exports does not include live cattle driven over the frontier into Brazil, for the Polotas saladeros. The increase in the Customs revenue is remarkable—

Table with columns: 1870, 1871. 1870 (4,508,353), 1871 (4,508,353), 1872 (7,207,917). Total Public Debt is \$41,481,235, the amount redeemed since the first debt in 1859 being \$19,542,924.

Most of the London loan of 1871 went to redeem the paper money, of which only 1,375,000 is yet unredeemed out of 7,357,360 originally guaranteed by Government. A second 6 per cent loan is proposed, to redeem those local debts of 9 or 12 per cent interest, which will save 1 1/2 million dollars yearly.

Argentine Republic.

1870..... 116,000,342 1871..... 156,800,247 1872..... 16,800,724 1873..... 259,000,000

There are four banks, which show collectively— Capital \$6,038,452; Cash \$3,822,694; Reserves \$4,731,370.

There are 9,989 houses of business in the republic, of which 5,633 in Montevideo, the latter including 3 steam saw mills, 8 foundries, 93 factories, 13 tanneries, 52 brick-kilns, 7 steam flour-mills, 9 saladeros &c.

The trade returns for the last three years were—

Table with columns: Imports, Exports. 1870 (116,000,342), 1871 (156,800,247), 1872 (16,800,724), 1873 (259,000,000).

This shows an increase in two years of 26 per cent in imports and 23 per cent in exports, the balance of trade being better than in the Argentine Republic, viz:—

Table with columns: Argentina Republic, Uruguay. 1870 (116,000,342), 1871 (156,800,247), 1872 (16,800,724), 1873 (259,000,000).

The exports amount to 28 sterling per head, which is nearly 5 per cent higher than in Great Britain, and nearly double the ratio of the Argentine Republic, but not equal to Buenos Ayres singly.

The trade of the Oriental Republic doubles in 9 years. The exports in 1870 and 1871 chiefly consisted of—

Table with columns: 1870, 1871. Cow hides (1,087,834 vs 1,378,178), Wool (61,842,000 vs 67,865,000), Jerked beef, etc. (341,726 vs 17,474), Tallow, pipes, etc. (6,844 vs 6,749), Calkins (6,749 vs 6,749).

The value of exports does not include live cattle driven over the frontier into Brazil, for the Polotas saladeros. The increase in the Customs revenue is remarkable—

Table with columns: 1870, 1871. 1870 (4,508,353), 1871 (4,508,353), 1872 (7,207,917).

The total Public Debt is \$41,481,235, the amount redeemed since the first debt in 1859 being \$19,542,924.

Most of the London loan of 1871 went to redeem the paper money, of which only 1,375,000 is yet unredeemed out of 7,357,360 originally guaranteed by Government.

A second 6 per cent loan is proposed, to redeem those local debts of 9 or 12 per cent interest, which will save 1 1/2 million dollars yearly.

The port of Montevideo is now one of the largest tonnage, the arrivals and sailings making up:

Table with columns: Husbands, Wives, Foreigners, Natives. Husbands 1,919, Wives 1,133, Foreigners 1,232, Natives 1,820.

Which shows that 3 native women marry for 2 native men.

Public instruction is backward in the departments, but well advanced in Montevideo, the returns showing—

Table with columns: Schools, Pupils. City, public 58, private 6,888; Country, public 54, private 3,390.

Hides dull at Liverpool and Hamburg. New York, gold 115 1/2, exchange 108. Rio, Sept. 10th, 26 pence, sova, 9.380.

To the Courrier del Plata. Crops in England and France scarce.

No alteration in River Plate produce in Europe. Salted hides very weak in England, few sales.

Have and Antwerp, dry and salted firm. A lot of mutton tallow at 16 1/2.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM. Valparaiso, 13th Sept. Last night sharp earthquake shocks from Coquimbo to the south, causing much alarm.

Latest From Europe. Lisbon 24th, Aug. Havas telegrams of yesterday from London says 4 ironclads are ordered to Spanish waters.

Prince Napoleon elected president of Corsica Council. The new Swedish Minister arrived to-day from Bordeaux.

The Communist Verdun died in New Caledonia. Spanish Government sent 3,000 copies of Castelar's speech to the Colonies.

40 persons arrested in Cordoba for setting fire to houses. Carlists shot a priest and 6 others at Segorbe.

Awful state of affairs at Carthagena. Belgian Chambers closed. The English papers 20th have the following:

The screw-steamer 'Great Northern,' the property of Hooper's Telegraph Works (Limited), Captain Murrell commander, has left Gravesend with the shore end cables belonging to the Western and Brazilian Telegraph Company, to be landed at Para, and which, by a junction with the main cable now being laid by the steamship Hooper, will connect that city with Pernambuco by submarine telegraph.

The second section of the cable connecting Pernambuco with Bahia and Rio de Janeiro will be ready for shipment on the return of the Hooper from the present expedition, and owing to the enterprise exhibited by this company, it is anticipated that both sections will be laid and in working order before the end of the year.

His Excellency the Baron de Penad, Brazilian Minister, has left town for the Continent. In anticipation of the meeting called to-day (August 20) the report of the East Argentine Railway Company (Limited) has been issued. It is satisfactory to note that notwithstanding the adverse

While we write a resolute band of 6 men under Capt. Gillay is pushing forward as Irala did in the 16th century in quest of a route to Bolivia. It will be remembered that Captain Gillay's father-in-law, the late Mr. Vernet, held the titles that was termed the Olden grant, from the Bolivian Government, for an area of 600 sq. leagues, say 4 million acres, with the view of colonization. It was supposed the grant lapsed, but the present expedition leads one to suspect that it has been renewed, as we are told, I success, Captain Gillay is to get 100 squares leagues for his share.

Coming down from Curumba, where the expedition appears to have been organized, Captain Gillay landed about 40 leagues below that Brazilian town and 12 below Fort Coimbra. His party comprised an Irishman, 2 Scotchmen and 3 Bolivian Indians, with 2 canoes, large enough to carry the whole party with their supplies for 3 months. At 1 a.m. on August 23rd they bade farewell to the steamer Guayru, in which they had come down, and prepared to ascend a river some 200 yards wide at the mouth which falls into the Paraguay. They count on the friendship of the Chaco Indians, through the 3 redmen belonging to the party, and hope their supply of provisions will last till they traverse the Chaco or meet a similar expedition from the Bolivian side which is to act in concert with Capt. Gillay.

We cannot disguise the dangers of this expedition, so many Chaco explorers having shared the fate of Ayoa and all his party, down to the time of Mr. Hickney, the American, who died on the banks of Bermejo. Meantime as the party is small and led by an adventurer it has good chance of success, and we hope early in 1874 to hear of its safe arrival in Bolivia. The opening of communication between that country and Paraguay would be highly advantageous to both and to commercial interests in general. It would probably have long since taken place but for the exclusive policy of Francia and Lopez, who kept the Pilcomayo hermetically closed and prevented any traffic overland with Bolivia.

PARIS LETTER.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

August 4th. Mercantile interests are in the heat of spirits at the commercial treaty with England being left undisturbed for four years, and those questionable friends of M. Thiers who were enthusiastic over his protection hobbles have chattered of free trade. With this facility for change all pretenders may be justified in indulging in the pleasures of hope. Jules Favre has had his rail, and his snub from the Cabinet as a response, both special. The Assembly has passed a special law to secure for itself respect during the recess; to speak ill of it behind its back is henceforth a misdemeanour. Strange that such a law should be deemed necessary, and political opponents compelled to be affectionate by Act of Parliament. "There's the respect that makes calamity of so long life." Free countries generally permit the people to badger their representative body as they please; but in France such corporation is admitted to have a body that can be kicked. If he have not a special law aimed to prevent Gambetta's getting on another stumping tour to Grenoble and elsewhere.

Rochefort has at last sailed for new Calcedonia, and his political friends display a weeping and gnashing of teeth, as if the invader had returned. It is the Bonapartists only who may be excused for rejoicing; they lay claim to no soft feelings for a foe when down, as it was the ex-dynasty that received its first knock-down blows from the celebrated lamponner. The Man of Sedan was shaken by the Man of the Lanterne. Rochefort's attacks galvanized public opinion, and compelled Napoleon to call that vain publicist, Olivier, to power. But this is not the crime which the condemned goes to expiate; it is for inciting a reckless mob to rebel against the sovereign Assembly; it is for inciting a reckless mob to rebel against the sovereign Assembly; it is for inciting a reckless mob to rebel against the sovereign Assembly.

Our West Coast friends have had another lively reminder that in the midst of life they are in most unpleasant proximity to sudden death by earthquake. Our telegram from Valparaiso on Sunday announces another big earthquake shock all along that uneasy side of the Continent. "Tout le monde" frightened out of their senses and slumbers, but nobody swallowed up as yet. The much esteemed Scotch pastor, the Rev. James Smith, has resumed his pastoral visits to the Camp, and, in consequence, there will be no service at the Scotch Church on the 3rd Sunday of every month, until further notice. Mr. Bateman, C.E., sailed for England in the Neva. Before leaving he kindly commissioned his able adjutant, Mr. Alfred Moore, C.E., to send us £10 for the Paraguayan Bismarck Relief Fund, the receipt of which we beg to acknowledge.

"The cry is still they come." Hang up our goug on the outer walls of the Court and announce the fact! TWELVE HUNDRED emigrants by the Savoie and Espresso landed on the Mole yesterday. Not one of them fell into the Hole, and the streets leading up town (particularly C. de Riquadavia) were blocked up for hours with carts carrying their luggage. The new comers all seemed of a superior class; no rags and bones amongst them; but well clad Calabrian, Genoese and Lombard peasantry looking fit for any thing and which are a decided loss to His Majesty King Victor Emmanuel in the 'foed for powder' way. In addition to these over 700 landed last week from various steamers, making say 2,000 in eight days. This is Immigration indeed!

general, he is not popular, and his new duties will anything but lessen it. The Imperialists are rejoiced in seeing their competitor in such a pillion. The return of Prince Napoleon to Paris, this time on business, is not a national calamity, and cannot be very agreeable to the Cabinet. But it is the condition of the purchase of the 32 Bonapartist votes to eject Thiers. The country notes all these movements, and is pondering over them. An explanation will be exacted some day. The idea of the price demanded to be restored to his grade of general of division provokes laughter, as whether deservedly or not, his Highness is classed among those who would be sold only for the villainous salt-petre. He has a good claim to be restored as the Duc d'Annam. Why not Napoleon IV. demand to be reinstated also in his grade of sub-lieutenant? He 'ose from the ranks,' was made a private the day of his birth, was a 'petit caporal' after the manner of his granduncle, when two years old, and was a full sergeant at four.

The apothecaries have received a warning that if they do not respond to their night bells by at least demanding from their bedroom window, 'Who goes there?' they will be fined in a severe penalty. They are also bound to supply the preliminary succors to accidents in the streets. Sometimes they are roughly treated by an excited but not discriminating crowd, for declining to pour oil into the wounds of dead people. Another class of public servants are now undergoing inspection—the real hewers of wood and drawers of water. It is the coal and wood man that supplies tenants with water, generally at the rate of one sou per bucket. He will never be eous any 'yet. It wash his face—though cases of coal men having once in their lives indulged in a clean shave and a faultless 'cheviote' are on record. Well, the water is conveyed in handcart-barrels before the courtyard, and is there run into the buckets. It is supposed to be purified; it is better to believe such than to examine into the matter. These water-barrels are now undergoing their annual inspection as to cleanliness and capacity.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The splendid steamer Santiago, of the Ryde line, entered Montevideo yesterday with Lisbon dates to the 24th ult., or five days later than previously to hand. The news is decidedly good, the best item of it being the reduction of the Bank of England rate of discount to 3 per cent. 'His means cheap money for some time at home, foreign unbusiness accidents, and barring speculators may again look forward to launching many of their schemes. The Spain news is good, and, except in Prussia, the European political horizon seems for the moment 'all serene.'

Sunday was a glorious day though a stiff N.E. wind tickled up the dust and imparted a dash of discomfort to it. The sun was blazing hot, and forced on vegetation prodigiously, particularly the potatoes, which look magnificently promising. All the world and his wife turned out in their Sunday garments, the former to attend auctions, and the latter to church or a drive or promenade with 'the branches.' Sabbath land sales are again raising their heads, and the result of the sales at Donselear, Flores, and other places on Sunday, and in spite of dear money and Cedulas rattling along the road to ruin and the dogs, there is a large class of the community with money to spare, and who believe that, come what may, land in Buenos Ayres city and for miles round it must prove a splendid prize which the metropolis will have doubled its population in a few years. This is sound reasoning enough in a general way, but between this and, then a general smash up in land jobbing, and newspapers is as certain as the Day of Judgment.

Our West Coast friends have had another lively reminder that in the midst of life they are in most unpleasant proximity to sudden death by earthquake. Our telegram from Valparaiso on Sunday announces another big earthquake shock all along that uneasy side of the Continent. "Tout le monde" frightened out of their senses and slumbers, but nobody swallowed up as yet. The much esteemed Scotch pastor, the Rev. James Smith, has resumed his pastoral visits to the Camp, and, in consequence, there will be no service at the Scotch Church on the 3rd Sunday of every month, until further notice.

Mr. Bateman, C.E., sailed for England in the Neva. Before leaving he kindly commissioned his able adjutant, Mr. Alfred Moore, C.E., to send us £10 for the Paraguayan Bismarck Relief Fund, the receipt of which we beg to acknowledge. "The cry is still they come." Hang up our goug on the outer walls of the Court and announce the fact! TWELVE HUNDRED emigrants by the Savoie and Espresso landed on the Mole yesterday. Not one of them fell into the Hole, and the streets leading up town (particularly C. de Riquadavia) were blocked up for hours with carts carrying their luggage. The new comers all seemed of a superior class; no rags and bones amongst them; but well clad Calabrian, Genoese and Lombard peasantry looking fit for any thing and which are a decided loss to His Majesty King Victor Emmanuel in the 'foed for powder' way. In addition to these over 700 landed last week from various steamers, making say 2,000 in eight days. This is Immigration indeed!

The first steps have at last been taken to bring down to Buenos Ayres the starving "Lincolnshire Farmers"

in Paraguay. Those who were at Ita are already in Asuncion, and bullock carts had been sent to take those at Itape to the railway. Deducing those who have found employment at Asuncion there will be about 500 all told to come down. When all is arranged the Italian Consul will send a despatch to the Consul Joul at Rosario, who, in his turn, will telegraph to H. M. Minister here when to expect the emigrants and the exact number to be provided for.

We published something about Smith 'en voyage' a few days ago, the following account of the female members of the Jones family is also amusing. We'll look out for something to suit our friends Brown and Robinson next week.—"A story is told of a lady whose husband died far away from home, and it took so long for his remains to reach her that his relief had been given in a large luncheon party when they finally arrived. A wagon drove up to the door and a large box was handed out. Curiosity ran high among the ladies at the window, and when one of them exclaimed: "Why, Mrs. Jones, what can that be?" Up went Mrs. Jones' eye-glass, and after a glance, she coolly explained, "After it, must be Jones come home; Charley, run down and open the door for your father."

The man charged with the intention of committing another attempt on President Sarmiento's life is an Original tared in a 'fanda' on the beach, on Saturday, by Commissary Robredo. Another funny strike. Yesterday a strike of editors in the States was announced. To-day we hear that the lawyers in Nicaragua have struck, tossed off their caps or dogs, and refused to give an opinion or make a speech in any mortal subject in consequence of Congress having passed a bill cutting down their fees considerably. All the 'pleitios' going on have been stopped, and legal things in general turned 'a tort et a travers' by this singular burst up sky high.

The beautifying of the Caspico de los Invalidos has come to conspicuous grief. All the neighbours wished to convert the place into a small edition of Edeu, but so very small that they thought \$400 m/c would cover the expense, and they subscribed that amount. The Municipality gave the magnificent sum of one thousand paper dollars. Not a rap more was to be had anywhere, and the 'improvements' burst up sky high.

The Argentine Navy will be out here by December and another in January. "Big Injun" John Boyer, a half-breed, at Chyenne, just hung for murder, made this dying speech. It is certainly a model for brevity: "Me no squaw; me brave. You feel my leg—me no snake; you hand—me no tremblee. Me God damn good man."

"A nicely dressed gentleman applied for a marriage license at Dover last month but when he spoke the lady's name the polite country clerk suggested that, if it was all the same to him, he would prefer that he should name some other party, as the one mentioned had become his wife the previous evening."

A cynical bachelor remarks that matrimony springs from love as vinegar from wine. There will be great doings at Mercedes on the 24th, the Feast of its patron Saint. The Municipality intend giving a ball to wind up the day. Many persons in this city have already been invited.

ON 'CHANGE.

Table with exchange rates for various locations including London, Paris, and Buenos Aires.

The fall in the Cedula market continues, and the great question is when will the market touch bottom? The lowest price on Saturday found to their astonishment prices still weaker to-day. Cedula was sold today to 85, and then rebounded, but the market still looks critical and indeed it is impossible now, owing to the immensity of sales, to form any judgments as to the future of the market until after the end of the month. At the close of business hours bargained somewhat but the Great Cedula King brought 160,000 Cedula to deliver, of which 100,000 were said to be new, and this staggered even the bulls; prices at once dropped and closed at the last moment sellers at all the quotations.

Table showing market prices for various goods like sugar, coffee, and other commodities.

Market closed sellers for to-morrow at 87. The latest news for wool is rather good, and the Santiago Antwerp telegram is 23 Aug. and runs 00— Wool no change. Hides dull. Tallow same. Don Federico Roth, of San Nicolas, was welcomed on 'Change to-day. The Santiago brings news of the failure of Lopez and Hram; liabilities \$100,000, and connected with Brazil and River Plate. In liquidation the following— 1000 end month 85 10000 cash 85 20000 end October 87

The bids for the construction of the new telegraph line to Cordoba and Rosario and Santa Fe were opened to-day, and ran as follows— Puzosi..... 125,000 pata. Armony & Co. 112,000 " Rojas..... 95,000 " Sullivan..... 94,000 "

There were some other bids at still lower rates, which if accepted will not be entertained, as the estimate of the cost by the Government engineers is about 100,000. The delivery of Mr. Michael Murray's wool from Freyre was concluded to-day, 90 m/c, all round, and buyer well satisfied. Mr. Murray during the season refused 95 out in the camp; the wool is well known and stands high. Mr. Murray is one of our most enterprising Irish sheep-rangers, and we regret to say that a fine pure Rambouillet ram he bought at auction recently for 15 m/c, died last week.

It appears there was some exaggeration in the statement of the gold exported per Neva, the amount actually shipped not being so large as represented; we noticed that the Mercantile Bank shipped a mines, 250 ounces gold in bar from the Guastilan mines, pity this that we have not more from that quarter. The London and River Plate Bank notifies the public that in consequence of the suspension of Post-offices by the English Post-office it will issue small drafts in the same manner and payab at the country Post-office through-out Great Britain and Ireland.

The fine steamer Ireland entered port this morning early. Mrs. Woodgate & Co. of Cork despatched a small steamer out to her and the Capt. and passengers were landed at 3 o'clock, a summary of her news will be found in our leading column. We are indebted to the attention of Capt. Frost for London papers of 20th and 21st. We note that Mr. Deby, G. P. Crawford and other friends are booked to come out in Duro. Mr. Louis Chappeneau has just refused an offer of 11,000 m/c per vara front for some land on Calle Santa Fe, corner of Co. mol. The refuse offered is 167 por vara cuadrada; Mr. C. refuses to sell under 200 m/c per vara cuadrada. Some land out there, on a back street near the new prison, sold on Sunday for 2,50 m/c per vara front.

Late telegrams from London give money in the open market at 24. The Magellan, Loopold II. and Lillo, sailed from Rio on the 8th ult., full cargo. The Santiago landed about 50 passengers at Rio, and has brought 24 to the Pate. The amount of gold from Rio to Europe on the 8th ult. was— Hozendo, 300,000. C. de la Vaz, 75,000. J. Leonard, 1,000,000. Exchange of gold at Rio 26d. Sold, 912800. Rodriguez and Larrazabal held their auction on yesterday at the famous Donselear Station, but that of the property which surrounds the stati, but that contiguous to it, of which the point nearest to the station is more than two squares distant. He obtained the following prices— 4 m/d distant from station 350 yards, and with fondo of 70 yards, at 1905 per yard front, equal to 61,072 per square. 2 do at 170 per yard front, equal to 64,370 10 do at 100, do 32,170. 10 do at 100, do 32,170. 6 do at 77, do 23,000. 6 chacras distant 12 to 20 square s from Station at an average of 6,000 per square. 4 quintas at the average of 7,000 per square. This is good news for Mr. De nohy and his lucky partners in the purchase of the Lud which they actually occupy the station. Messrs. Wrehly & Gimenez had 6 auctions last Sunday— 1st. Land at Ramos Mejia station, W. Railway, 2 1/2 squares in lots which fetched from 220 to 3005 per vara front. 2nd. House, Calle Uruguay and Chacara, for 320,000 to Car o Urrioste. 3rd. House, Calle Uruguay and Chacara, for 320,000 to Car o Urrioste. 4th. Land at Flo. next Heymond's quinta, 60x83 at 1,750 per vara front, to Eugenio Blanco. 5th. Another lot of 2 squares, further out, at 4750 and 8503 per vara front, to Rodriguez and McKiernan.

Mr. Maria Isola, analytical chemist of Montevideo, has started a cement factory. The cement can be delivered here (Buenos Ayres) at much less price than lime—say two-third the price. Bids for the 'iv' improvements were opened by the minister to-day at the Government House, and was yet decided on. Nothing was another auction day, but the wind kept so high it was not very pleasant for excursionists to go to the country; nevertheless, some 200 people left by the Southern Railway for Donselear, where Mr. Rodriguez offered some fine property for sale. Some 25 squares were sold at an average price of ten thousand dollars m/c per square, which, considering the low locality of the lots, is considered a very good price. There was not much animation. At Freyre the auction of the lot of 1000 m/c was sold for 15,760 m/c, and the front with 53 dapi. The new Belgian steamer Santa made a very fine run out, and brings five days later news from Europe—dates fr in Lisbon to the 24th. The most important feature is the reduction of the bank rate to 3 per cent, which it is supposed will have a beneficial effect on the market here. The moment vena's most favourable one for the launching of the new Provincial Loan in London, and there was much enquiry to-day about this matter, as it was believed the Provincial Government had received telegrams from Mr. Manuel Aguirre. The political news is unimportant, beyond the fact that an English steamer arrived at Gibraltar, and the city of Cadiz freed in various parts.

Mr. Parkes engineer of the Brazilian steamer Guirra arrived down from Curumba reports having landed an exploring party under Captain Gillay at a point below Coimbra; fu 1 parti ulars will be found in our leading column. On Sunday we received a telegram from Valparaiso announcing a severe earthquake shock at Coquimbo, which it is feared has caused some damage. It was stated on 'Change to-day that there is a hitch about the new Municipal Loan and that before the business can be effected the law must be amended, as there are certain omissions which bankers object to; this is a serious matter, last week the Municipality obtained some funds from the Italian Bank with the Prov. Government guarantee.

It was rumoured to-day that the Neva will take some heavy spec' remittances from Montevideo, but up to the closing hours of the Bolsa nothing certain was known as to the amount. The future of the money market is becoming a serious and anxious question. Every one thought last May or June, in the height of the crisis, that things would right themselves before September, and that money would cheapen, and at least be obtainable at 12 per cent, but the result has proved otherwise; and, so much, whether it is the fall in Cedulas or the failure of auctions, most people think they see a very thick cloud coming over this market again. The truth is, the situation is critical, and if we do not receive good news from abroad in November it is difficult to see our way ahead. There is every reason to suppose that the Provincial Bank will receive in that month, or possibly before, some large specie remittances on account of the city improvements; but suppose that some thick improve the business, and the matter is decided, what then? At the very lowest calculation the amount of currency required for the year is 200 millions paper dol. Now, taking it that the present amount of money in circulation is sufficient for the present operations, of this question arises, from whence are we to get this new supply of money? So clear is the mat-

ter to most business men that letters have gone home in the Neva stating that a new emission of money is imminent, and it must come to this; for whether the emission proceeds from the Oficina de Cambio, in shape of specie notes, or from the bank for more money, and the money must be supplied. It was said on 'Change to-day that the National Bank will not change before the 1st of November, and this seems likely enough, inasmuch as the final arrangement of the 3rd call only closes on the 15th October. As to the National Bank helping this money market, most people think this matter has been over-specified on, and that at least until the beginning of the year, the new concern will have little influence in the market; where the National Bank will be most felt will be in the Interior, and doubtless much of the money scattered up there will come down here, but money lent out up the country will, likely enough, remain out, and it will require all the genius of the Directors to steer clear of the Provincial rocks upon which so many other banks started up there have split.

The great punctuality with which the Probudal Insurance Company pays losses is much spoken of, and shows well for that Company. Last week this insurance Company paid 4,000 pata, to two houses here for goods lost in a vessel in the Quezon Grande. The Provador in her last trip down from Montevideo brought down a good consignment of specie. The French mail steamer Niger took in specie from Montevideo 238,000 sterling for Europe. The Bonnemann steamer Savoia has brought out 700 passengers; she sails for Europe on Friday.

Messrs. Bailey and Gomez have imported a new article in this market, in the shape of water colored kerosene, which by those who have tried it is pronounced an immense improvement on the article hitherto consumed in this market; it is probable when the article becomes thoroughly known it will command immense consumption. On Wednesday Mr. Nazar will sell some pure Rambouillet rams at auction, that have come out from Europe consigned to the leading firm of Hugo Bunge and Co. Some 1200 passengers have arrived in the last two steamers, whilst, according to letters from Spain, an emigration from that country hitherto unknown in the Plate is now setting in. We really know of a thing in the land that keeps pace with the emigration, and no better sign of a country's prosperity could be ascertained. The immense increase of population in this city alone shows itself in the fact that small decent houses for say \$1,400 m/c per month are not to be had within the city pavement, and clerks and others who live on meagre incomes are positively forced to go out to Flores and such places to find a little house suited for their families and their incomes; certainly not five years ago when in the neighbourhood of the Plaza Once de Septiembre there were houses and good houses almost in every block at a monthly rent of from five to seven hundred dollars m/c, but to-day these houses are considered dear at 1,200 to 1,400 m/c per month. After the terrible fever epidemic the South end of the town was desolate and whole blocks of untenanted houses were to be met with in every street; to-day they are all occupied, and just as dear as in any other part of the city. The population of this city has certainly increased 60,000 since that memorable visitation, and at the rate of the arrivals of emigrants are now going up very soon indeed will Buenos Ayres be a city of half a million of inhabitants, English emigration and German immigration are now rapidly on the increase; as a rule the English immigration is for the camp, as most of the immigrants having friends or relatives amongst the Irish sheep farmers, they at once find good employment and a good start to their life. The Italians hold the town, and spite of all that is said against them, they form a most useful and rising class. The Government Contribution Directa books will testify as to how city property is passing into their hands, there are parishes in town almost totally Italian just as there are parishes in the camp almost totally Irish. We stated the other day and we adhere to our figures the growth of population by emigration may be estimated at 1,000 per week, which gives 52,000 for the year, although the returns this year will probably show up to 80,000; still allowing for a slight net to exaggerate, we have put the increase down at 1,000 per week. Now one thousand people per week, calls for an increased supply of every thing, but a particular money, and although the question is so difficult one it has to be met; perhaps the safest way to meet the

pendently growing requirements of the country, is to yield to our private banks the right of emitting the treasury of Government stocks, or cedulas or bonds; some such measure must be adopted, for we are going to have population and industry call for more money, 18 or 24 per cent, for money kills every legitimate business; those rates have held now for 6 months, and effective remedies are applied. It would seem that the country is growing too fast for the brains of our legislators and rulers.

PRODUCE MARKETS. NORTH PLATA. Sept. 16th, 1873. Only 2 small lots in wool Saturday that were sold, viz— 1,200 ar. of wool 76 200 ar. do 78. Sheepskins. Sold— 500 doz. of matedo skins, 27-28 200 doz good camp 204 300 doz mixed 16-20. Horses Hair. Sold— 200 ar. to 160 to 165. Cow Hides. Send into deposit about 1,200 hides in different lots. Sold— 800 hides at 187-180 pesos.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS. Reduced to 0° Cels. BUENOS AYRES. Sept. 16 at 8 p.m. Bar. 753.74 Therm. 10.6 Cels. " 11 " " " 755.50 " 7.2 " " 12 " " " 755.50 " 14.2 " " 13 " " " 755.30 " 11.8 " " 14 " " " 753.40 " 11.0 " " 15 " " " 752.56 " 10.4 " " 16 " " " 751.88 " 10.8 " " 17 " " " 756.41 " 10.2 " " 18 " " " 755.42 " 10.6 "

On the 14th September, the wife of Mr. Frank W. Davis of a daughter. On the 10th September, at Mercedes, Marcella, the beloved wife of Patrick Lough. GANG PLOUGH. A GOOD HAND for working this kind of plough required. Good pay and treatment. Apply Junction No. 59, or at Felix Dolan's store, Lobos. 1 233 6p 13. LANGUAGES. ENGLISH, SPANISH, AND FRENCH. Private Lessons by an Experienced and Accredited Teacher. Terms moderate. Address Hispano-Americano, cf—263 sp 127. COMMISSIONS FROM ENGLAND. A Passenger by the Royal Mail, leaving Southampton on the 9th November, for this Port, is open to Commission, private or commercial. It thoroughly conversant with the terms of the Port and Shelly trade, and can bring reference to good houses here. Address S. J. G. Carr, of Rev. W. Walsh, 190 Escondido. cf—213 3p 13.

Al Comercio. Se avisa al comercio que desde la fecha queda devuelto el poder otorgado al Sr. Don Joseph Guzman por los Srs. Guillermo Bergs, Guillermo Berdeley y Cia., Bergs, Bergs, y Cia de Liverpool, que dando por lo tanto el Sr. Brownman enteramente desligado de los negocios de los arriba mencionados. R 218 ar 11. GERMAN BOOK-KEEPER. Offer. For more particulars apply to Wm. Pittan Co., Venadillo, 98. h. 8p 10. TYCHO BRAHE. ESTE VAYO Ingles concluyete en descuento en las Depositos de la Aduana Nueva. cf—227 3p 13. MADAME LAFORGUE. INFORMIS her Customers that be Stock of Summer Goods is now on view at 130—OALLE OUYO—130 cf—130 6p 11. LESSONS. In English, Spanish, German, French, Latin, Mathematics, &c., by a new and sure method. App' at Calle Esmeralda, 62—GERMAN TEMPLE. CONSIGNES of cases for 'San-Rikshira' from Glasgow, are requested to send in their orders without delay to George Bell and Sons, Defensa 265. 1 236 6p 13.

CARRERAS EN EL "CIRCO SANTA TERESA," EN LA Estacion Lanus. Los Dias 5 y 6 de Octubre de 1873. Habiendo la Comision recibida indicaciones de que presentarian muchos caballos para estas Carreras, ha accedido la Comision a pedido de los efectos a que ellas tenian lugar el Domingo 5 y Lunes 6 de Octubre, segun el Programa, que sigue a continuacion. Buenos Ayres, 12 de Setiembre, 1873. JUAN MALCOLM, Secretario. PROGRAMA. Presidente—D. ERNESTO OLDENDORFF. Jueces de Raya—D. F.B. MADERO y D. GERMAN BURMEISTER. Encargado de la Cancha—D. IDELFONSO TORRES. Juez de Partida—D. BAROLO VIVOT. Encargado de la Balanza—D. GERMAN BALGARCE. Secretario—D. JUAN MALCOLM. Vocales—D. Federico Martinez de Hoz, D. Narciso Martinez de Hoz, D. Claudio A. Galvan, D. Manuel Patino, D. Alejandro Leloir, C. Juan R. Lanus, D. Luis Irigoyen, D. F.G. Woodgate, D. José Herrera, D. Manuel Guerrero. DIA 5. 1º.—Carrera de Insuacion. A las tres de la tarde. Para caballos criollos. Una vuelta. Peso de los corredores 145 libras. Entrada 5000. Premio 8,000. Caballos de sangre pura y mestizos tienen un recargo de diez libras. 2º.—Carrera Ferro-Carril del Sud. A las dos de la tarde. Una vuelta; para caballos que no han corrido nunca carreras de Sociedad en el campo. Peso de los corredores: 140 libras. Entrada 5000. Premio 10,000. Caballos de sangre pura y mestizos tienen un recargo de diez libras. 3º.—Carrera de las Damas. A las tres de la tarde. Media vuelta. Peso de los corredores: 145 libras. Entrada 5000. Premio 5,000. Para todo caballo, con recargo de diez libras para mestizos y puros. 4º.—Carrera Buenos Ayres. A las tres y media de la tarde. Dos vueltas. Entrada 1,000. Premio 10,000. Peso de los corredores: 145 libras. Para todo caballo, con recargo de diez libras para mestizos y puros. 5º.—Carrera Nacional. A las cuatro y media de la tarde. Vuelta y media. Peso de los corredores: 145 libras. Entrada 1,000. Premio 10,000. Para todo caballo, con diez libras de recargo para mestizos y puros. 6º.—Carrera Anglo-Argentina. A las tres de la tarde. Una vuelta; para todo caballo. Peso de los corredores: 140 libras. Entrada 5000. Premio 6,000. Caballos de sangre pura y mestizos tienen un recargo de diez libras. 7º.—Gran Carrera Lanus. A las dos de la tarde. Una y media vuelta. Peso de los corredores: 145 libras. Entrada 3,000. Premio 25,000. Para todo caballo, sin recargo de peso. 8º.—Carrera Americana. A las tres de la tarde. Al otro bajo silla. Tres vueltas. Peso de los corredores: 160 libras. Entrada, 500. Premio, 6000. 9º.—Carrera Britanica de Sa Itocha. A las cuatro de la tarde. Dos vueltas, con ocho saltos de 4 pies ingleses. Peso de los corredores: 140 libras. Entrada 5000. Premio, 6000. Para todo caballo, sin recargo de peso. 10º.—Carrera Consuelo. A las cinco y media de la tarde. Para caballos que no hayan ganado en estas carreras. Peso de los corredores: 145 libras. Entrada, 2000. Premio, 5000. Con 10 libras de recargo para mestizos y puros.

NOTA.—Todo caballo mestizo o puro que haya ganado carreras en reuniones de sociedad on el campo recarga de cinco libras. Es entendido que no entrando a correr 3 caballos distintos duenos no hay carrera. Toda cuestion que se suscitara sera resuelta por los jueces nombrados por la comision, y su fallo sera inapelable. En estas carreras se observara estrictamente el reglamento del Jockey Club. En todas las carreras el caballo que lleve un entrado salara su entrado. En cada 21 de Setiembre se dara canga a todos los que hayan inscripto caballos para estas carreras. Las entradas deben dirigirse bajo de carta cerrada, y acompañando su importe al Secretario, D. Juan Malcolm, Cangallo No. 105, hasta el dia 20 de Setiembre, a las 7 de la noche, especificando el nombre, pelo, marca del caballo y trage del corredor, donde se abriran en presencia de los interesados. 1 247 3p 16

AN ENTIRE SET OF Walnut Chamber Furniture, WASHSTAND, BED, BUREAU, Night, Table, Towel Stand, Chairs, and Rocking Chair, for \$3,000 m/c. Office Desks, Office Chairs, Book Cases, Brackets, &c. Plated Ware, Fine Kerosene Lamps, Tole Cheests for Children, Families, or for Carpenters. MEAT CUTTERS, TOBACCO CUTTERS and NORTH AMERICAN GOODS, IN GENERAL. BAILEY & GOMEZ, 76—SAN MARTIN—76. In front of the Argentine Bank.

The Ribbon Stamp. Used in all Banks, Government Offices, and Houses of Commerce. Also RIBBONS for same always on hand. FRENCH STAMPS, STENCIL PLATES, STENCIL LETTERS, ENGRAVERS MATERIALS, Wholesale and Retail. ENGRAVING of all kinds upon tin bar house 25 or LESS THAN THE CURRENT PRICES OF THE PLAZA. BAILEY & GOMEZ, 76—SAN MARTIN—76. In front of the Argentine Bank. cf—47 3p 16. THE CHEAPEST. HAVANA CIGARS. In the City. Average of 60 Cigars, at \$110, and \$125 per box. Champagnes. "Carte Blanche," and other favorite Brands. Port and Sherry Wines. Of unequalled and unobscured value. FANCY SWEETS. Cocoa Nut, Ginger Nuts, Queen, Albert, Gem, Mince, and many other kinds of Bonbons. THE OCEANIC. New Seasons Tea. At \$20, \$25, \$30, and \$40 per box. SAUTERNES and BORDEAUX WINES. Of the best known and most approved brands. BEST AND ITALIAN WINES. The richest and most of their class. A FURTHER SUPPLY. Of the superior "Job-oo," "The Richmond" Smoking Mixture. In 1/2 and 1 lb. Barrels, and 1 lb. Packets.

Booth & Stevens. WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS, 193—CALLE FLORIDA—193. TEA! TEA! TEA! \$20. 20. 20. In Packets of One Pound. A TRIAL ONLY REQUIRE. ENGLISH BAZAAR. 61—Calle Florida—61. T. NO LET, furnished or unfurnished, with garden, bath, Apartment for a single gentleman in an English house, pleasantly situated at the Cuzco Equisima. Apply at the Quinta de Whitehill, Calle Larra, Recoleta. h. 85 m 6. A YOUNG MAN, speaking English, French, and Spanish, and is a good accountant, desires a situation in a Bank or Office. Apply at 403 Calle Victoria. cf—19 6p 14. T. NO LET, Fine, airy, well furnished, English and French, with a bath, and young children, bath on the street, with front board, 100 Calle Bolivar (Alto). h. 846 3 p 14. HOUSE at Flores.—One newly papered and furnished Apartment can be had by applying at 326 Corrientes. h. 244 3 p 13. T. NO LET.—Furnished Rooms. Apply at Calle Temple, 68. h. 238 3 p 14. A V I S O. SE ALQUILA una espacion Quinta, de 16 plazas, equin Calle de Arce y Piedras. Tiene un lind. Jardin con arboles frutales; tana bien, trillar, cila l'rica, cochera y demas oficinas. Para trillar ocurra a Calle Piedras, No. 110. h. 29 m 64. SE ALQUILA una linda casa con seis piezas, sala y tino y demas comodidades. Calle de Santa Fe No. 287. g 207 6p 12. A GENTLEMAN, having several years' experience in one of the best offices in London, and in the construction of a fine professional architect or engineer, would undertake the drawing of plans, construction of houses, bridges and public works of all kinds. Apply by note, "Bonaparte," this office. h. 69 10p 6. WANTED, for a well established store near Central, an energetic man with a small capital, to take charge and push business. A good opening for a young man acquainted with the grocery trade and conversant with Spanish. Apply at Piedras 150. h. 62 10p 6. WANTED.—A first-rate Man Cook for a small family living in a quinta. Address P. Z. this Office. h. 190 6p 10. WANTED, an experienced Nurse. Must be a native of London, and young children. Apply at the English Grocery Store, 192 Calle Piedras. cf—206 4p 12. WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a Spanish, a smart Englishman, who speaks Spanish. Apply E. E., Estacion San L. No. 110. cf—217 3p 13. WANTED.—A First-Class Servant. Apply at Calle Cangallo, No. 146. h. 238 3 p 14. WANTED.—A Woman Cook. Apply at No. 13 Chacabuco. h. 211 3 p 14. SE OBRERA, un matrimonio Fia-con con muy buena recom. macion.—1 marido para cocinar o cocher, y la mujer para cocinera. Mucuro C. Suiza, de 12 de 12 a 4. i 177 8p 10. A LADY wishing to go to England would act as nurse to a lady and young children during the voyage, also give lessons to the latter, in return for her passage. Address M. A. S. WANTED Office. h. 742 3 p 14. SITUATION. WANTED, by a Married Man, a place in a family, where he can be of use as Steward. Good references. Address M. C. office of this paper. h. 235 3p 11.

