





THE MONTEVIDEAN WATER-WORKS,

GRAND INAUGURATION.

The inauguration of the Montevidean Water-works will long be remembered on either shore of the Plate. It was, without exception, the most successful 'function' we have ever witnessed in these countries. All that capital could command—all that influence could achieve—all that enthusiasm could effect—were pressed into the service of this mighty celebration. Science claimed her triumph and Genius her victory, when the limpid waters of Santa Lucia gushed forth in the public Plaza of Montevideo.

The cheers of the assembled multitudes, the booming of cannon, the firing of rockets, the waving of hats, handkerchiefs and banners from the house tops, and the deafening music of the brass bands playing at every corner of the Plaza, as Mr. Newman, the engineer of the works, "struck the rock" and with a monstrous silver key turned the waters on, formed a scene never before witnessed in these countries, and perhaps never to be witnessed again.

The world has grown older, and we suppose wiser, since the days of Moses. The history of the human race since then till now is but one record of change and vicissitude. The greatest works of man have perished in the interval, but Nature is unchangeable; and the water from the rock of Mount Hebron and the valley of Santa Lucia is the same, although the actors are different—the Englishman in place of the Hebrew.

If there are moments when all our better feelings come uppermost, when all that is really good and great in us gains the ascendancy, and dull materiality loses its hold on both brain and heart—then we have experienced the best of life's trances; for we conceive to feelings we do not care to describe, when the presence of all the emblems of religion, before the high and mighty of the land, the vast population of a great city, the hands of a foreigner—and that foreigner an Englishman—yielded the wand of Moses and bid the waters come! There was something indescribably pleasing in the fact that a fellow-countryman should be the moving genius of the hour—that the name of an Englishman should be identified with one of the greatest, if not the greatest, works of South America—that the genius and energy of a Britisher should assert its supremacy even here in this remote corner of South America, and show up to the world that while the victories of other nations are local or neighbouring, those of Great Britain and Ireland are universal.

The full details of this monstrous 'function' would more than fill every column of the STANDARD. To give it all to our readers is, we regret to say, impossible, for it began on Sunday last, and even still continues; but we give the chief points. Such scenes must be seen to be believed.

On Saturday afternoon, the excursionists left Buenos Ayres in the Republica, specially chartered for the occasion. Amongst those present we noticed the following:—

Messrs. M. J. Guericco, J. Giraldes Antonio Rocha, Patricio Rocha, J. Bonemason, E. Damison, E. Ballesteros, Doroteo Garcia and family; Luis Resaghi, C. Marengo, M. Hardy, C. Dawney, B. A. water-works Mr Woods, Resident Director Central Argentine Railway, and Mrs. Woolf; N. Quirno Costa, Sec., Argentine Minister Foreign Affairs, M. Blancas and family; Baldomero Martinez, R. Lezica, J. Rivera, Federico Sibils, Constant Santa Maria, Thomas St. George Armstrong, Eduardo Fieyre, L. Walla, J. Ardit, L. Doyne, O. Lagos, J. E. Cordeiro, S. Silveira, C. Molina, M. Aguirre, S. Paineira, Teofilo Lanuz, J. Lanuz, Eduardo Lanuz, A. Lanuz, S. Edanza, M. Cané, Sr. Pineiro, and the Hon. H. Varela, E. Casatillo, J. Martinez, O. Linares, A. Reyna, Emilio Mitre, O. Olaverri, O. Ros si, N. Castellano, O. Olaverri, N. Gonzaless, O. Becun, N. Peraza, R. Cabarcá, D. Almont, Canonigo Dillon, Canonigo Cesar, A. P. Lezica, F. Corvalan D. E. Garcia, M. Findlay, M. Cittadini, N. Casciani, and many other, whose names we did not know.

On Sunday many of the visitors attended the railway inauguration to Las Piedras, others drove about the ruins. On Monday fresh steamers arrived with more visitors; several banquets were given in the city to the Buenos-Ayreans, hundreds of messengers were flying about on horse-back and on foot, with 9x12 invitation cards; deputations waited on the Comision Popular; bands of music played at intervals before their door. Hector Varela sent two despatches to peace which Canon Cesar and Thomas St. George Armstrong presented to President Battle; another for the liberation of five editors, and as far as we could learn, waiting to be tried by court-martial!! At night there was a grand performance at the Cibis Theatre, at which most of the Buenos Ayreans attended; business seemed to have been entirely forgotten during the day; the packet left in the morning, but nobody seemed to remember anything about her. The Cassini had come in from Liverpool, but none seemed to know a word about such a steamer; in fact, the Montevideans, rank and file, foreigners and natives, all seemed to have surrendered themselves up to one interlude of enthusiasm, in which nothing was thought of save 'aguas corrientes,' and no business on hand save invitations to dinner, and the most wholesale hospitality. The halls, &c. of the Hotel Oriental, appeared far more like the Bolsa of Buenos Ayres than the commodious patio of a hotel; there stood the merchant princes and kingly brokers of Buenos Ayres; yonder, at the South Plaza, here are editors check by jowl with bankers, engineers, railway directors, apothecaries, and contractors. Even the canons of the church were there. The whole-livery stable ability of the Mount was called into requisition, and long strings of coaches lined the streets near the principal hotels morning, noon, and night.

On Tuesday at daybreak all the guns of the fort and Cerro fired a grand salute, which was followed by terrific peals of thunder, giving tokens of an approaching storm; but the clerk of the weather was propitious to the feast, and although the early morning was heavy and cloudy, towards noon the sun shone, and the day cleared up. It being a national festival day, besides the water-works inauguration day, every one in Montevideo turned out into the streets. Crowded as the city was since the ar-

rival of the Republic, the steamer from Buenos Ayres in the morning brought a fresh consignment of bankers, merchants and brokers—Mr. Wanklyn with Don Jose de Sola, Mr. Raulon Sala, Messrs. Bertrand, Caputo, and a whole host of other Bolson dignitaries fanned early. At 9 a.m. there was a complete block up at the Oriental; it was no longer, that there were no rooms for the guests, but there were no knives and forks, no breakfasts, no seats in the 'comedor' for such a crowd. In every street Buenos Ayreans might be seen wandering about looking for breakfast. The Montevideans behaved well in the emergency, taking perfect strangers to their homes, and bestowing on them the most marked hospitality. At noon all the state dignitaries assembled at the Matriz church, where a grand Te Deum was sung to commemorate the day and the water-works. The Matriz is a noble temple, and slightly smaller than the Buenos Ayres Cathedral, but it was so crowded from top to bottom that one could hardly see anything. Now and then the eye caught the familiar countenances of a Maschwitz, a Sala, a Wanklyn, a Belustique, a Santa Maria, &c., but as for praying, in such a motley throng the thing was utterly out of the question; the music was excellent, and far superior to the Cathedral music of Buenos Ayres. The ladies mustered unusually strong—church, Plaza, "English Club" and streets all were crowded with ladies, and so magnificently dressed, that it reminded us much of a gala day in Dublin.

The Plaza was lined with soldiers. The houses, the trees, even the very lamp-posts were covered with flags. The most attractive building by far in the Plaza was the English Club-house, which, having a large front on the square, gave the balconies a most commanding view; these were crowded with the wealthy, fashion and beauty of the city of Montevideo. On the house-top of the Club Mr. Newman had erected a fountain, which threw its waters high above the spires of the Matriz. The fountain in the Plaza is of beautiful Carrara marble, and considerably larger than those in the Plaza Victoria, Buenos Ayres; inscribed on its base is the name of the engineer who has so successfully carried out the works, Mr. Newman. A portion of the Plaza was fenced in and lined all round with Oriental soldiers of purely Italian extraction; within this fence were long tables, upon which were spread all the delicacies of the season, for the repast technically called lunch.

At the conclusion of the Te Deum the Bishop's provisor, attended by a long string of clergymen, proceeded from the Matriz to the fountain to bless the waters. Following the clergy came the President, his ministers, judges, &c.; next came the Buenos Ayreans, headed by Messrs. Lezica, Lanuz, and Fyuu; The Buenos Ayrean cortège stretched from the church to the Plaza. At ten minutes to one o'clock p.m., all being in readiness, and the usual prayers on such occasions having been read, Mr. Newman stepped forward with a large silver key, about a yard and a half long, and weighing some 30 pounds of pure silver, and turned the waters on. In an instant the waters shot up to the heavens amidst the most deafening shouts; the guns fired; the soldiers presented arms. Mr. Newman, with a few appropriate remarks, handed the key to his Excellency, who at once proceeded to the tables. Close by was a water-cock, over which the committee and concessionaires presided. Don Amiroso P. Lezica then came forward with a massive silver goblet in his hand, filled to the brim with Santa Lucia water, and handing same to his Excellency, said: "I present this goblet to your Excellency as an emblem to commemorate this happy day, the inauguration of the Montevidean Water-works, and (furthermore) that you, as First Magistrate of the Republic, presided on this auspicious occasion." (Tremendous and enthusiastic cheering, waving of hats, &c., during which his Excellency raised the goblet to his lips and quaffed the bumper).

Don Anacharsis Lanuz next came forward with another silver goblet of similar dimensions, and presenting it to Sr. Gomenson, said:—

"Sir, as one of the concessionaires of the Water-works of Montevideo, I present to you this goblet filled with the limpid waters of Santa Lucia. Preserve it, sir, in commemoration of this great day, that your children may look on it with pride, and carrying out of these works, for which our countrymen will praise you and posterity revere your name." (Hip, hip, hurrah! and vociferous cheering.)

Mr. Henry Fyuu next came forward with another silver goblet overflowing with water, and presenting same to Sr. Gomenson, President of the Senate, said:—

"Sir, I hand you this magnificent goblet in commemoration of the day we celebrate and the mighty enterprise which we have just inaugurated. Guard it as a symbol of the material progress of your country, as a memento of this happy hour when, with the aid of science, we are enabled to give to the people one of the greatest necessities of life—clean water. (Tremendous applause.)"

Don Teofilo Lanuz stepped forward with another silver goblet, and with a few appropriate remarks presented same to Sr. Rucker, who very graciously replied on receiving it.

Don Juan Lanuz then came forward with the last of the silver goblets, and after a short speech presented same to Sr. Gomenson, the President of the Junta. This part of the ceremony being concluded, His Excellency the President of the Republic pulled a paper from his pocket, and read a most eloquent discourse, which was listened to with the most marked attention.

Sr. Torres, Minister of Government, next spoke, and in most complimentary terms adverted to the great debt of his country to foreigners. The noise and cheering was such that it was impossible to follow the speaker in his beautiful address to foreigners, foreign capital, foreign credit, and foreign industry, and which was prepared to confess that his country would indeed be a blank.

Mr. Henry Fyuu next addressed the meeting, and in very powerful terms adverted to the urgent necessity of peace at any cost. Mr. Fyuu's speech was listened to with the most profound attention, and evidently struck the nail on the head. Now the President and his ministers left the tables, and proceeded to the balcony of the Cabildo, before which the troops defiled in two columns, the 'aguas corrientes' feast at the tables in the Plaza proceeded.

Sr. Bustamante addressed the meeting, showing that in all his acts he always labored to help the Water-works. Mr. Constant Santa Maria next came forward, but a crowd was im-

posed, there was a call for him to ascend the platform, which he did very willingly, and in a most eloquent and telling speech pointed to the splendid triumph of the day and the signal success of the Water-works, for which the people were to thank Messrs. Lezica, Lanuz, and Fyuu, a debt which he never forgot to mention. Sr. Santa Maria's speech was listened to with the most profound attention, and elicited immense applause.

Mr. Henry Fyuu next came forward and proposed the health of Mr. Newman, the engineer of the Montevidean Water Works, this produced the most boisterous cheering in the Plaza, which being caught up at the English Club House lasted for several minutes.

Mr. Newman replied thanking Mr. Fyuu and all those present for their kind demonstration, but the noise and uproar now was such as to defy all reporting.

Sr. Poggi got up on the platform and read a poem for the occasion which we have no time now to put in English, it was a poetic apostrophe to Messrs. Lezica, Lanuz, and Fyuu.

Sr. Villegas, Argentine Consul next spoke, but there was no hearing a word of what he said.

Sr. Quirno Costa of the Argentine Foreign Affairs Office, made a very eloquent speech which was listened to with attention and greatly applauded.

Hector F. Varela next came forward and ascending the platform, addressed the assembled multitude. To report the eloquent speech of our quondam colleague is impossible, suffice it to say that, after adverting to the day's celebration, he touched upon the necessity of peace. Mr. Varela caught at the subject of peace, and in a burst of generous, patriotic enthusiasm called upon his countrymen to demand, to insist, to wring from the belligerents peace. The shouting at the conclusion of Mr. Varela's speech echoed through the city, the speech was the talk of the whole town in the evening.

At the conclusion of Mr. Varela's brilliant discourse, at the ladies set foot to discuss the merits of the luncheon, and some of the ladies were very angry at the object of the present occasion, as he was glad of the present occasion, and of the highly influential assemblage that he saw before him, glad of the little British oasis in which he stood, to record before them all his indescribable satisfaction at seeing a fellow-countryman in the Plaza this day the mainspring of the whole feast. Such facts made a man proud of his native country and of his fellow-countrymen here around. [Tremendous applause, during which Mr. Mulhall got down from the table.]

Mr. Jones, of Buenos Ayres, next addressed the meeting in his vernacular. As we, unfortunately, are utterly ignorant of the Welsh language, we could not report; but, from the gestures of the Celtic orator, we could glean that the discourse was highly eloquent, and Mr. Jones himself highly pleased at the boisterous applause which followed his apparently eloquent peroration.

Mr. Mulhall next proposed health and prosperity to his friend Mr. Newman, the engineer of the waterworks of Montevideo. Drunk standing, with three times three and all the honors. Mr. Newman brilliantly replied, and in speaking of the success of the works very beautifully adverted to the blessings of Heaven and the kind interposition of Providence in favor of the works; he noticed present a member of the Church, his is the honor to toast the health of Canon Dillon. [Tremendous cheers.]

Canon Dillon rose, and after gracefully thanking Mr. Newman and those present for their great kindness to him, said:—

"On such an occasion as the present, when every countenance around me is beaming with smiles and radiant with happiness, and the cap of pleasure is round and our souls are rapt in ecstacy for the moment, on such an occasion you will naturally expect to hear from me words of jubilee and comfort, and no words must be suitable to my ideas; and now, even in the midst of all these surrounding gaieties, I remember some verses written of Bogota, of Santa Fe, and a feeling of sadness creeps over me as I repeat them:

Rienno Dias, Omnipotente y Santo,  
En cuyas manos nuestra dicha está,  
Volved los ojos, y mirad el llanto  
Que vierte incesantemente Bogota.

Yes, gentlemen, let us look to that good God who so fondly and kindly rules us; let us go to the foot of the Throne of the Most High, and ask Him to look upon the tears shed to-day, not by Bogota, but by Montevideo. The tears flow unceasingly down the cheeks of the many widows and orphans caused by a fratricidal war. The neglected homes of thousands, the plundered estates of hundreds, tell too truly the sad tale of woe and misery. The distressed state of commerce bears witness to the surrounding desolation.

Mathinks I hear the cry of the guardian Angel of Montevideo to-day, and that the good Angel, like another Rachel, refuses to be comforted—she mourns for her children because they are not. Who but the most High can give us that peace which we all so much desire? Nevertheless we must also use all the human means in our power to bring about the desirable end as the friends of Buenos Ayres and Cordoba. And permit me to say that a gentleman here present, who in my opinion occupies a leading position as a member of the Press, and as one of the most distinguished of his 'partido,' can do much to effect our purpose. I speak, gentlemen, of Colonel D. Candido Bustamante. I have had the honor of being presented to Colonel Bustamante during the siege, when General Flores was at the gates. He well knows the hardships and privations of a soldier's life—he knows what it is to battle in the cause of liberty. Let him respect the opinion of many who in good faith think they are now in arms for liberty's cause, and let him influence his Government to treat generously with the insurgent leaders. As a friend of the Comision Popular, I treat him to do so—as a citizen of the Argentine Republic, I implore him to do so. In the name of his country, in the name of Buenos Ayres, who can never forget the noble conduct of Montevideo when she was plunged into deep mourning by the most fearful plague that has ever visited the shores of South America—in the name of the friendship that exists between Montevideo and Buenos Ayres—in the name of humanity—in the name of religion and the most High. I call upon him to contribute powerfully, as he can do, and efficiently towards the consummation of a great and noble work, the establishment of peace. I feel confident he will be amongst the first to extend the hand of forgiveness to the enemy now in arms. But what do I

say! to the enemy, to his brother, to all our brothers and should be seen here to-day at the foot of the same banner, enjoying the same privileges, and sharing like honors. Gentlemen, I fear I have tired you, but this is subject which I am sure interests you, and on which I feel strongly. I propose that you drink to the speedy ratification of a peace treaty and give you the health of Col. Bustamante.

Colonel Bustamante next rose and said:—

Gentlemen,—The words I have just heard pronounced by my friend Canon Dillon have really moved me, and made a deep impression upon me. It is not always we hear a minister of the Most High speak in the same manner; it is not often they come to exhort us by the burning fire of their eloquence to forget our trifles and live as brothers. I have heard with intense interest and with heartfelt satisfaction the eloquent discourse of Canon Dillon, he has spoken as a friend; I am honored by his friendship. It has spoken as a mediator, supplicating us to use our best endeavours, to employ every lawful means to bring about the peace of the contending factions; I here promise him and you most solemnly that every effort of mine will be made to promote so glorious an end. He has spoken to us as a priest and as a guest should speak; I look upon him as an apostle sent by the Most High, by the Eternal One, to warn us that if we do not live in harmony, we must necessarily follow our insubordination, and that we will be held responsible to the Almighty as disturbers of that peace which He came on earth to give mankind.

Yes, gentlemen, we must have peace. But it must be peace on a solid base; it must not be ephemeral. The very embers of revolution must be extinguished; they must not be covered with a little clay or ashes, there to lay smouldering and later on cause a conflagration more vast and more extensive than ever. I insist, gentlemen, upon a peace policy, and if necessary will be amongst the first to demand that peace be made. To all have interests at stake in the country, we know that progress is impossible as long as armed bands range our camps, allowed to pillage and plunder and destroy. We must be up and to work. We must bring a pressure to bear upon both parties, and enforce a peace.

My present influence will be used to bring about so desirable an end. Montevideo, with a few years of peace, will be the head of most South American states. She is rich in resources, and only requires peace to have her various industries developed.

I thank Canon Dillon for the sympathy he has expressed towards the Banda Oriental, and you, gentlemen, for the kind manner in which you have received the mention of my name.

Mr. Lafone next spoke, and in grateful terms proposed 'The Argentine Republic.'

Mr. Bustamante proposed the name and memory of Don Samuel Lafone. Drunk standing and in honor.

Now followed several impromptu speeches which, owing to the late hour, we were unable to remain to report. The demonstration at the Club certainly one of the chief attractions of the attractive day; it lasted until midnight, when a body of Britishers, headed by Mr. Evans, wound up the feast by stentoriously singing 'God Save the Queen.' Through the city there were numerous banquets and dinner parties. Hector Varela was almost exclusively held by the French. A special performance at the Solis by Salvini, the Tragedian King, closed the day. Salvini had been telegraphed for previously, and had arrived down that morning. The Solis could not accommodate all, and thousands were compelled to go to the French Theatre, where Hector Varela presided. In the Plaza were fireworks, electric lights, and what not. Midnight came and went and still the Plaza and streets were crowded. Towards two o'clock in the morning people began to think it time to go to bed. Wednesday was ushered in with another round of feasts, banquets and excursions. Some of the English visitors were entertained at a magnificent breakfast given by Mr. Evans at his far-famed quinta. During the day Messrs. Lezica and Lanuz held levee at the Hotel Oriental, and Hector Varela and the Comision Popular held another at their private rooms, in front of Buel's.

At 6 p.m. a magnificent banquet comes off on board the steamer Republica, at which the Government people will attend. On Thursday special trains will take the excursionists to Las Piedras, thence by coaches to Santa Lucia. On Friday a Government banquet will be given at the Fort, and on Saturday it is expected that the feast will conclude by the Buenos Ayreans returning in the Republica to the place from whence they came.

The greatest enterprise in the River Plate is the Montevidean Water-Works. The mighty combination of genius and capital is nowhere more obvious than in these works; half a million sterling, with the best engineering talent that England can produce, have brought the limpid waters of the Lucia into the Plaza of Montevideo. The supply of water has been to the present dependent upon loose cisterns, commonly called 'aguas' and public wells in the outskirts of the city. In the summer season much inconvenience was experienced by the cisterns and wells running dry. The stratum lies in the poor classes of the population been reduced in times of drought that there have been occasions when water was one of the principal items of expense, and cost as much as bread. It will be remembered that half a dozen times in the last ten years all the coasting craft, and even many of the larger vessels in Montevideo, had to come up to Ensenada to take in supplies of fresh water for that city. The River Plate at Montevideo is too salty to serve for drinking, and the dry seasons there have at times threatened the citizens with fearful suffering and privation. The government people of Montevideo have been so sensible of the necessity of a good and wholesome water supply that for many years it has been the dream of politicians and legislators. It was reserved for Messrs. Lezica, Lanuz, and Fyuu to carry out the scheme, and on a scale which would be a credit to any European city.

In the year 1867 the government called for proposals to supply the city of Montevideo with water; nine bids were sent; in of these, however, only four were entertained, two offering to supply the city with water from the Santa Lucia, and two from the Santa Lucia. After much discussion and consideration, the proposal of Messrs. Lezica, Lanuz, and Fyuu, was acknowledged by all to be the best, most favourable, and most practical, and was consequently adopted. Minister

of the Interior, the chief engineer, guided us through the maze of machinery, &c., explaining everything, but our explanation must necessarily fall far short of the reality. Our readers may gather some idea of the magnitude of these works when they learn that the Santa Lucia works form the longest pumping main in the world. The water is pumped a distance of 2 1/2 miles, with a working head of 310 feet; the works are 372 miles from Montevideo, and 214 from the reservoir at Las Piedras. The reservoir has been constructed merely to provide against any accident of emergency, but will not be used unless required, as Mr. Newman has laid down another main pipe, through which he pumps the water direct from Santa Lucia into Montevideo.

The engines consist of three double-cylinder, condensing rotative, steam-engines, with pump, boilers, &c. One of these powerful engines was at work as we inspected the premises, pumping the Santa Lucia water from wells near the engine-house, to which, by means of a tunnel that runs under the river, the water is conveyed. It is pumped into a cast-iron main of 24 inches internal diameter. The electrical lift of the reservoir at Las Piedras above the river is 237 feet; the vertical lift of pumps is 270 feet; the pressure on pumps, 310 feet. The engine now at work was pumping at the rate of 1,100 gallons per minute, or say 528,000 gallons in 8 hours when working 12 revolutions per minute when working two together into the main.

The following are the names of the gentlemen who compose the staff of the Montevidean Water-works:—

- Concessionaires—Amiroso P. Lezica, Anacharsis Lanuz, Henry Fyuu.
- Consulting Engineer—Edward Woods, London.
- Chief Engineer—Frederick Newman.
- Secretary—Adolphus Gabarret.
- Mechanical Engineer—Albert Keyser.
- Assistant Engineers—John Fyuu, Henry Yurgensen.
- Contractor—R. R. Pealer.
- Freight Contractor—Albert Butler.
- Builder—C. Abello y Llano.
- General Assistant—John Hille.
- General Agent, London—Salustiano Pacheco.
- Consignees—Proudfoot, Hall & Co.
- Pipe Foundries, Glasgow—D. Y. Stewart & Co., Thomas Edlington & Sons.
- Engine Builders, Leeds—Tanner & Walker.
- Accountant, Montevideo—Edward Gowland.
- Clerk—O'Toole Elliott.

If we except the 'Lobby' Extra of Meat Company at Bray Bando, there is nothing at all in the Plaza Oriental, nothing in the River Plate to rival the Santa Lucia Water-Works. Seated upon the concrete banks of the river, and within about a league of Santa Lucia village, are these splendid works, which have arisen from the dimensions of engine-house and work shop to a large establishment—in fact, a town. The red chimney of the engine-house can be seen afar off; the grounds are not as yet laid out, but the neat Gothic cottages of the engineers and clerks, the spacious boiler-house, all bespeak the outlay of capital, guided by sound practical English ideas. It was a pleasure to go over this splendid establishment, and mark the development traceable to the magic wand of British genius and Argentine gold. The red concrete stones of which the buildings are constructed were quarried from the river's banks alongside this stone, soft and pliable when first cut, hardened by exposure to the air, and forms an excellent building material, every way similar to the brown stone of which the houses in New York are now so much built.

The Santa Lucia is a deep, wide and rapid river, it rises somewhere in the mountains of Las Minas and, flowing through a rich fertile but sparsely populated country falls into the Plate within a few miles of the Bay of Montevideo, and at a point 13 leagues from the place where the works are situated. There are no mills or manufactories on its banks; in the rainy season it usually floods the country around, and hence there are no habitations within what is considered its possible high-water mark; the river is therefore uncontaminated by filth, a sewerage, and the water is naturally of such a clear bright color that it does not even need filtration. A large arm of the river in front of the works forms a natural lake or basin which by a little engineering skill could be turned into a reservoir.

The works consist of—A large engine-house, Boiler house, Three Gothic cottages, Machine shop, Smith's forge, Carpenter's shop, Peons' sheds, out-houses, stabling, &c.

Two tower reservoirs at the river's bank. The engine house is a stately pile, built to accommodate four powerful engines, three of which are at present up, and the foundations for the fourth are placed. The house is built of red sandstone, and quarried on the site of the works, and a quantity of which has been kindly favored us by Mr. Newman. A flight of granite steps leads to the main entrance. Over the portico is a huge stone slab weighing three tons, on which is to be inscribed—

Aguas Corrientes, Montevideo.

Below this is a smaller slab for the date 1871. The great height of the engine house is accounted for by the fact that it is to accommodate a Gothic or travelling crane which runs along the whole building, and which is used to elevate the ponderous pieces of machinery, some of them weighing as much as five tons in a single piece. This travelling crane is of the most approved construction, provided with complete apparatus, chains, rids, &c. It works on timber beams fixed along the side walls, and commands the entire area of the engine house. There is also a crane of the same kind, but of a more powerful nature, and capable of elevating the heaviest pieces of machinery.

Attached to the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

The engines, pumps, boiler-house, &c., form a little world of their own. It would require the pen of an experienced hydraulic engineer to describe them.

Mr. Newman, the chief engineer, guided us through the maze of machinery, &c., explaining everything, but our explanation must necessarily fall far short of the reality. Our readers may gather some idea of the magnitude of these works when they learn that the Santa Lucia works form the longest pumping main in the world. The water is pumped a distance of 2 1/2 miles, with a working head of 310 feet; the works are 372 miles from Montevideo, and 214 from the reservoir at Las Piedras. The reservoir has been constructed merely to provide against any accident of emergency, but will not be used unless required, as Mr. Newman has laid down another main pipe, through which he pumps the water direct from Santa Lucia into Montevideo.

The engines consist of three double-cylinder, condensing rotative, steam-engines, with pump, boilers, &c. One of these powerful engines was at work as we inspected the premises, pumping the Santa Lucia water from wells near the engine-house, to which, by means of a tunnel that runs under the river, the water is conveyed. It is pumped into a cast-iron main of 24 inches internal diameter. The electrical lift of the reservoir at Las Piedras above the river is 237 feet; the vertical lift of pumps is 270 feet; the pressure on pumps, 310 feet. The engine now at work was pumping at the rate of 1,100 gallons per minute, or say 528,000 gallons in 8 hours when working 12 revolutions per minute when working two together into the main.

The following description will apply to each of the three engines:—The high pressure cylinder has a capacity of about 25 cubic feet (piston displacement), and the low pressure cylinder has a capacity of about four times that of the high pressure. The pistons of these cylinders are with parallel motion, and applied to one end of the working beam. The engines are supplied with air-pump, cold water pump, feed pump, suction and delivery pipes, &c.

In the boiler room there are seven large boilers, each 25 feet long, 6 feet 6 inches diameter, with internal flues 3 feet 6 inches diameter; on each boiler there is a steam chest or dome 5 feet high and 3 feet in diameter, the working pressure, we were told, is 40 lb. per square inch above atmosphere. Each boiler has two safety valves, also Bourdon steam pressure gauge. In this splendid boiler house, there is still room for four more boilers which we suppose will be subsequently put up.

The pumps are also an important feature. There is a pump to each engine, they are of the bucket and plunger kind, and worked by direct action from the beam; each pump delivers 1100 gallons of water per minute into the rising main, the engine working 12 strokes per minute. The valves are double beat and of gun metal. There is a large air-vessel for each pump, with a capacity of say 450 cubic feet; beyond the air-vessel is a self-acting water tight flap valve opening outwards, this is to prevent the back flow of water into the vessel; there is also an air pump; &c., worked from the beam of each engine.

As we leave the engine house we see the grand main pipe which passes under the flight of steps that leads to the portico, and travelling over hill and dale carries the water into the reservoir at Las Piedras, and thence into the city of Montevideo. The pipes consist of 2772 ordinary socket pipes, 24 in. diameter, 12 feet in length, weighing 25 cwt each, 10,626 ordinary socket pipes, 24 in. diameter, 12 feet long, weighing 21 cwt, 402 pipes, 22 in. diameter, 12 feet long, weight 13 cwt, 623 pipes, 18 in. diameter, 13 ft. long, 15 cwt weight, 500 pipes, 15 in. diameter, 12 feet long, 12 cwt, in all 16,053 pipes. The 24-inch pipes form a pumping main from the Santa Lucia to the reservoir, and with the 18 and 15-inch pipes form a supply-main from the reservoir to the city. All these pipes were tested and proved in England before being sent out, and delivered at the Water-works mole either in Montevideo or on the Santa Lucia in a perfectly sound condition.

The reservoir at Las Piedras is another master-work that calls for notice. It is cut out of the solid rock, and on an elevation which is higher than the Liberty column in the Plaza (Caguacha) in Montevideo. The excavations and embankments reflect the most credit on the contractor, Mr. Pealer. Beside the reservoir is what is called a gauge tank at the termination of the pumping main. There is also a grating or draw-off chamber, and the reservoir is constructed, and armed with necessary sluices, so that it can be washed out at a moment's notice, and filled again in forty-eight hours. The embankment seems to have been constructed with the very greatest care. The slopes are nearly vertical to regular inclinations, and notwithstanding the rain, &c., preserve their height. The bottom and sides of the reservoir, as far as we could learn, are enveloped in clay puddle; the clay is laid in 15 in. courses, and the whole cut, watered and worked to a uniform consistency, every course being well pressed and smoothed, and trodden in its place, putting the several layers, and rendering the whole impervious to water. The bottom puddle was worked as stiff as possible, and then at once covered over with concrete. This concrete is spread over the floor of the puddle and over the slopes of the reservoir, and, in fact, is a part of this magnificent structure. The bottom of the reservoir is furthermore made of brickwork on edge, laid side in mortar, and the drain in the centre of the reservoir is laid in Portland cement, and has a fall towards the grating tank of thirty centimeters. The floor of the reservoir inclines from the sides towards the drain. The grating tank is also an important work. It is built at the termination of the pumping main; it is founded on concrete laid on a bed of gravel, and the sides of the tank are covered with concrete, rendered so as to receive cast-iron plates. There are two circular openings in the ends which receive the main pipes. There is here a cast iron gauge plate fixed on the tank to gauge the water. Then there is what is called a draw-off or grating tank, built of masonry, which terminates in the reservoir with square piers. The front of this tank is arched over, and in the side walls of the tank are what are termed stop plants; besides these there are cast-iron sustaining bars built into the walls; in fact, the work is the most solid thing of the kind here or in Europe.

Attached to the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment

of the reservoir is an 18 inch drain, and also two 18 inch drain off sluices. Around the embankment







MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing amount of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in the most judicious and expeditious manner...

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH. IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, 12 per cent. For balances in favor of Customers, 10 per cent. IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAID MONEY, 12 per cent. For balances in favor of Customers, 10 per cent.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPAKET COMPANY.

The Royal Mail Steampacket DOURO, 2624 Tons, 600 horse power, Captain THOMAS, will leave Southampton on the 16th August, 1871, at four p.m., carrying Her Majesty's Mails, &c., and calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St Vincent, and Lisbon.

P.S.N.C.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE. EXTENSION TO CALLAO. Liverpool to Rio de Janeiro in 21 days. Liverpool to Montevideo in 29 days. Liverpool to Valparaiso in 38 days.

LA ESTRELLA

AGENCY FOR THE SALE OF FIRE INSURANCE. CAPITAL, 2,000,000 National Government, (Sanctioned by Law of 1865. Also by the Provincial Executive, dated 23rd of same Month and Year.)

JOHN FORREST AND CO.

General Commission Agents. 15-CALLE VICTORIA-15 (Altos). Half a Square from the Plaza.

JOHN FORREST AND CO.

General Commission Agents. 15-CALLE VICTORIA-15 (Altos). Half a Square from the Plaza.

JOHN FORREST AND CO.

General Commission Agents. 15-CALLE VICTORIA-15 (Altos). Half a Square from the Plaza.

JOHN FORREST AND CO.

General Commission Agents. 15-CALLE VICTORIA-15 (Altos). Half a Square from the Plaza.

No 2,764 - ELEVENTH YEAR.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED).

Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances. Customers have the advantage of drawing cheques of having approved negotiable securities of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED).

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice: On deposits in both currencies invested, 3 per cent. On deposit in current account, 12 per cent.

ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE CO.

Established in this City. Insure at Moderate Premiums all Risks by Sea or on the River. CAPITAL, 1,000,000.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

CAPITAL - 500,000 \$ts. DIRECTIONS: Sr. Don Jaime Lavallol. Sr. Don Juan Lavallol. Sr. Don Juan Lavallol.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

Each Shareholder is entitled to ten patron notes which are issued to him on the 1st of January and December semi-annually.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

Every half year reports are published of the state of the Company's affairs. Shareholders are invited to attend the annual meeting.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

Every half year reports are published of the state of the Company's affairs. Shareholders are invited to attend the annual meeting.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

Every half year reports are published of the state of the Company's affairs. Shareholders are invited to attend the annual meeting.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

Every half year reports are published of the state of the Company's affairs. Shareholders are invited to attend the annual meeting.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

Every half year reports are published of the state of the Company's affairs. Shareholders are invited to attend the annual meeting.

LA POPULAR ARGENTINA.

Every half year reports are published of the state of the Company's affairs. Shareholders are invited to attend the annual meeting.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

Deposits of not less than \$400 m/c. and \$16 received. The deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

From 1st of July until further Notice, the rates of interest allowed and charged will be as follows: In account in our favor, 15 per cent. In account against us, 6 per cent.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

Are authorized to issue the CIRCULAR NOTES of the NATIONAL BANK, London, which are payable on presentation in all principal towns of Europe and America.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT are issued by WANKLYN & CO., on their London Agents, which are payable in LONDON, PARIS, GENOA, NEW YORK, &c.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT IN EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT IN EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT IN EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT IN EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT IN EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT IN EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108

LETTERS OF CREDIT IN EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M. PRESIDENT: BERNARDO YINGOYEN. DIRECTOR-GENERAL: D. ANARCARIS LANUS.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. Thirty days' notice (for the present), 7 per cent. Ninety days' notice, 8 per cent.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

From this date the rate of interest will be as follows: On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127

On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On a fixed term, 8 per cent. per annum.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CAPITAL: £1,600,000 STERLING. The undersigned are duly authorized to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BARTHOLOMEW BANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING. ESTABLISHED 1847. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

Guinness's Extra Stout.

BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE. BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE.

Guinness's Extra Stout.

BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE. BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE.

Guinness's Extra Stout.

BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE. BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE.

Guinness's Extra Stout.

BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE. BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE.

Guinness's Extra Stout.

BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE. BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE.

Guinness's Extra Stout.

BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE. BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE.

Guinness's Extra Stout.

BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE. BOTTLED IN DUBLIN, AND GUARANTEED BY SPECIAL LABEL ON THE BOTTLE.

Stephens and Vonwiler.

ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117. SOLE AGENTS. In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.

Stephens and Vonwiler.

ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117. SOLE AGENTS. In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.

Stephens and Vonwiler.

ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117. SOLE AGENTS. In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.

Stephens and Vonwiler.

ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117. SOLE AGENTS. In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.

Stephens and Vonwiler.

ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117. SOLE AGENTS. In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.

Stephens and Vonwiler.

ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117. SOLE AGENTS. In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.

Stephens and Vonwiler.

ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117. SOLE AGENTS. In the River Plate for the renowned Firms of Messrs. CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.

Libreria de Behrens.

MONTEVIDEO. 101 e 101a CALLE ZAVALA. In this old and well-known Establishment, the Public will always find a large assortment of Literary, Scientific, Educational, and Classical Works.

Libreria de Behrens.

MONTEVIDEO. 101 e 101a CALLE ZAVALA. In this old and well-known Establishment, the Public will always find a large assortment of Literary, Scientific, Educational, and Classical Works.

Libreria de Behrens.

MONTEVIDEO. 101 e 101a CALLE ZAVALA. In this old and well-known Establishment, the Public will always find a large assortment of Literary, Scientific, Educational, and Classical Works.

Libreria de Behrens.

MONTEVIDEO. 101 e 101a CALLE ZAVALA. In this old and well-known Establishment, the Public will always find a large assortment of Literary, Scientific, Educational, and Classical Works.

Libreria de Behrens.

MONTEVIDEO. 101 e 101a CALLE ZAVALA. In this old and well-known Establishment, the Public will always find a large assortment of Literary, Scientific, Educational, and Classical Works.

Libreria de Behrens.

MONTEVIDEO. 101 e 101a CALLE ZAVALA. In this old and well-known Establishment, the Public will always find a large assortment of Literary, Scientific, Educational, and Classical Works.

Libreria de Behrens.

MONTEVIDEO. 101 e 101a CALLE ZAVALA. In this old and well-known Establishment, the Public will always find a large assortment of Literary, Scientific, Educational, and Classical Works.

Wine and Spirit Merchant Business.

FOR SALE. The whole Stock - Fittings, Utensils, &c. of the well-known Wine and Spirit Establishment, 69 & 71 CALLE BELGRANO.

Wine and Spirit Merchant Business.

FOR SALE. The whole Stock - Fittings, Utensils, &c. of the well-known Wine and Spirit Establishment, 69 & 71 CALLE BELGRANO.

THE ENGLISH SCHOOL.

221-CALLE FLORIDA-221 (In the Altos). FOR YOUNG LADIES. Under the direction of Mr. STUART.

THE ENGLISH SCHOOL.

221-CALLE FLORIDA-221 (In the Altos). FOR YOUNG LADIES. Under the direction of Mr. STUART.

THE ENGLISH SCHOOL.

221-CALLE FLORIDA-221 (In the Altos). FOR YOUNG LADIES. Under the direction of Mr. STUART.

THE ENGLISH SCHOOL.

221-CALLE FLORIDA-221 (In the Altos). FOR YOUNG LADIES. Under the direction of Mr. STUART.

THE ENGLISH SCHOOL.







LATEST NOVELTY.

WE HAVE just received per BONITA... HIBBERT & CO., 75-CALLE SAN MARTIN-75

Hennessey's Brandy

The undersigned beg to inform the Public... Hennessey & Co., 111-CALLE SAN MARTIN

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE. Table with columns for stations and times.

WESTERN RAILWAY.

Table with columns for stations and times.

REMATE

Mariano Billinghursts. En la quinta conocida por de Whitfield...

REMATES

MIGUEL MAGALLANES. En Belgrano. Fl Domingo 30 del corriente a la 1 en punto...

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, &c.

- Ladies' Black Cloth Suits, handsomely made... Children's Velvet Hats, formerly \$25...

BRITISH HOSPITAL.

The special committee appointed at the General meeting held on 16th June will feel obliged to any members of the medical profession...



A sure and speedy cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, and all nervous affections. Can be obtained from all the principal Apothecaries.

IRON SAFES

Proof against Fire and Robbers in different sizes. CHRISTIAN SOMMER, & CO. 169-RIVADAVIA-169

REMATE

DOMINATOR. Un elegante ropero de tres cuerpos con espejo al centro y cerradura...

REMATE

COMEDOR. Un sólido juego Inglés de echa compuesto de un espejo, un espejo, un espejo...

REMATE

VESTIBULO. Con accesorios é interior con armarios, mesas, banos etc.

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

REMATE

A. BULLRICH y CA. EN EL PARTIDO DE SAN JOSE DE FLORES. De 96 lotes de terrenos para quintas...

MARIANO BILLINGHURST

En el deposito de aduana Victoria No. 318. De 427 barricas azucar Pernambuco, averiada.

FLORENDO MADERO Y CA.

De varios lotes de terrenos y de una casa de Don Luis de Chapenroge en la quinta del Sarsobre la calle de Santa Fé.

ADOLFO BULLRICH & CO.

On SUNDAY AUGUST 6th, Mr. BULLRICH will sell 96 QUINTA LOTS, A few squares from the Once Tramway Station...

Great Land Auction.

San Jose de Flores. CON LA AUTORIZACION del Superior Gobierno, se avisa al publico que los Cochinos de este Tramway en la linea de Rivadavia...

MUELLE Y RAMAL DE SAN FERNANDO.

Las Asambleas General ordinaria tendrá lugar el Lunes 30 del corriente a las 12 del día...

ADUANA CHICA.

Se arrenda el edificio conocido por la Aduana Chica, situado en la Calle de la Florida, No. 313 & 331 y Calle de Cordova, No. 77 & 83.

Great News.

A TREMENDOUS REVOLUTION in the price of Saddlery. By the latest Packet from England!

WILLIAM SOUTHERN, English Saddler.

No. 110 CALLE DEFENSA, Buenos Ayres. 67 1 m j 17

ITALIAN RELIEF FUND

The undersigned having received from the Committee of Genoa the nomination of 4,000 Patrons...

HEALTH RESTORED.

BOTOL'S SUGAR COATED VEGETABLE PILLS. These Pills have justly acquired a widely extended reputation for their wonderful cures of various diseases...

BRISTOL'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.

Purely Vegetable. For Loss of Appetite they are the only sure remedy, as they never fail in carrying off the depraved bilious secretions that fester in the stomach...

ANTIBIOTICS.

To the presence of which invaluable restorers the extraordinary success of Bristol's Pills may be ascribed. It is necessary, therefore, that the sick should always remember that in all diseases that have their origin in the blood...

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

That best of blood purifiers, should be used with the Pills, the two Medicines being prepared and secured in the same bottle. When this is done, the patient will have no hesitation in saying that great relief, and in most cases, a cure, can be guaranteed when the patient is not near a beyond human help.

REMOVAL.

THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL OF CALLE PIEDRA, No. 141 CALLE PIEDRA, HAS BEEN REMOVED TO 29-CALLE DEFENSA-29

JOHN WALKER

Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 97-CALLE DEFENSA-97 (Corner of Moreno).

GUINNESS'S CELEBRATED STOUT.

PALE ALES, &c. 97-CALLE DEFENSA-97 ALL PARTIES Indebted to the late Firm of Barry and Walker, are requested to call and settle their respective accounts without further delay.

JOHN WALKER

Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 97-CALLE DEFENSA-97

STEAMER FROM ROSARIO.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY. All operations performed with the greatest dispatch, without pain or loss of blood, and a perfect cure guaranteed in every instance.

THE ENGLISH BAZAAR.

61-CALLE FLORIDA-61. ELECTRO-PLATED GOODS. In great variety, at the ENGLISH BAZAAR, 61 CALLE FLORIDA.

GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE.

Always well-assorted, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

TOILET SETS.

Lavatories, Dressing, Door Mats, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

TABLE COVERS.

Rugs, Matting, Oil Cloths, Cloth Baskets, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

KNIFE BOARDS.

Bread Baskets, Tea Caddies, Work-boxes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

WRITING DESKS.

Blotters, Cabinets, Inkstands, Card-Boxes, Jewel Cases, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES.

Cigar and Cigarette-holders, Cigaretto and Cigar Cases, Turkish Pipes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

THE SMOKERS' DELIGHTS.

Cope's famed Cigarettes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

FOR THE HOMEWARD-BOUND.

The Deck Arm-chair, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

THE TRUE THEORY OF PURGATION.

Liver, Kidneys, Skin, Stomach, and Bowels. DR. RADWAY'S Perfect PURGATIVE PILLS.

Dr. Radway has completed one of the most essential discoveries in medical chemistry in the combination of vegetable substances, for the purpose of a Purgative, Aperient, Counter-puritant, Alterative Pill, that can be taken or administered with the absolute certainty securing thorough evacuation of all decayed and decomposing element of the human body...

Dr. Radway's Pills are a medicine that will secure quick relief, and a better result than any other medicine, and a better result than any other medicine...

How to take Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

How to take Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

How to take Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

How to take Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

How to take Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

How to take Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

Radway's Pills. In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to indigestion, such as all those subjects to flatulency, and all those who are suffering from constipation, or from a bilious attack...

THE ENGLISH BAZAAR.

61-CALLE FLORIDA-61. ELECTRO-PLATED GOODS. In great variety, at the ENGLISH BAZAAR, 61 CALLE FLORIDA.

GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE. Always well-assorted, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

TOILET SETS. Lavatories, Dressing, Door Mats, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

TABLE COVERS. Rugs, Matting, Oil Cloths, Cloth Baskets, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

KNIFE BOARDS. Bread Baskets, Tea Caddies, Work-boxes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

WRITING DESKS. Blotters, Cabinets, Inkstands, Card-Boxes, Jewel Cases, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES. Cigar and Cigarette-holders, Cigaretto and Cigar Cases, Turkish Pipes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

THE SMOKERS' DELIGHTS. Cope's famed Cigarettes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

FOR THE HOMEWARD-BOUND. The Deck Arm-chair, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

MARTELL'S BRANDY. From one of the 1,000 Cases, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

20,000 ARTICLES. Too numerous to mention, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

Note the address. THE ENGLISH BAZAAR, 61-CALLE FLORIDA-61. H. JOSEPH, Proprietor.

MONTEVIDEO. ENGLISH ACADEMY for Young Ladies, under the direction of Mrs. POUNSON and Miss JOHNSON.

BRITISH HOSPITAL. Orders for admission to this Institution will be granted in accordance with the present existing rules and regulations by JNO. CAMPBELL, No. 12 Calle Chacabuco.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT. The fine British Bark - 465 Tons Register, "LIZZIE" Captain ALLAN.

FERRO-CARRIL DEL NORTE.

Desde el 1 de Julio hasta nuevo aviso los Ferros saliran como sigue.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

RAMAL TO LOBOS.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

Table with columns for stations and times.

LA ADMINISTRACION.

Emprestito Platense. The following are the numbers drawn, and holders are requested to call at our Office for payment.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

Table with columns for numbers and amounts.

THE ENGLISH TRAVELLERS.

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de Paris, which is the largest and best in this city.

Charge as most Moderate. Table d'Hôte on European Style. Board, with Room, Gas-light, and Attendance. HOTEL DE LA PAIX.

Corner of Calle Cangallo and Recoquitas. EDICION JUDICIAL.

Por disposicion del Sr. Jefe Nacional de Seccion Doctor Don Andres Urquiza, se cita, llama y emplaza a Don Pedro S. Lama, para que dentro del termino de veinte dias contados desde la publicacion del presente, comparezca ante el Sr. Jefe Nacional de Seccion para contestar a la demanda que contra el y el Sr. Doctor Don Andres Lama ha entablado Don Julio del Rio, pidiendo se le declare iniciador de la empresa y socio por las acciones de la empresa...

Buenos Ayres, Julio 20 de 1871. JUAN RISSO. 269 1/2 p 20 j 17

FOR LIVERPOOL. THE Fine Clipper Barque HAVENSMAN, A 1, 7 yrs. T. Hughes & Co. Proprietors. Vessel is now rapidly loading, and will have quick despatch, and offers a fine opportunity to shippers.

FOR FREIGHT, &c., apply to GREEN, LEIBSONGOL & CO., 62 Calle Reconquista. 134 10 p 26

SALE OF CLOTH SUITS. Trousers, from 1350. Vests, from 1000. Saco Coats, from 1500.

40 CALLE SAN MARTIN. And 107 CALLE CORRIENTES. 222 12 p 19 j 10

THE STANDARD-PRINTED and PUBLISHED BY JOHN WALKER, 118 CALLE SAN MARTIN, BUENOS AYRES.