



TEATRO COLON

GRAN COMPANIA DRAMATICA ITALIANA del celebre actor TOMASO SALVINI Segunda FUNCION EXTRAORDINARIA. El Domingo 2 de Julio de 1871

Northern Railway TIME-TABLE FROM JULY 1ST. From Plaza 25 de Mayo to Tigre—7 a.m., 9.50 a.m., 12.15 p.m., 2.45 p.m., 4.05 p.m., and 6.50 p.m.

BOOTH & STEVENS BEG to inform their Customers and the Inhabitants of Buenos Ayres, that they have recently added to their well-known Stock of WINES, SPIRITS, and CIGARS, &c.

BOOTH & STEVENS, 193 1/2 CALLE FLORIDA—193 1/2 Best Cannel and House Coal

THE REAL ANGSTURA BITTERS. ROBERT MUIR & CO., 93 DFEENSA.

CHOICE TEAS. A TRIAL IS INVITED. BOOTH and STEVENS, No. 193 1/2 Florida.

OFFICIAL DOCUMENT THE "FOURTH OF JULY." RE-OPENING OF THE "NOVELTY DEPOT," 4-RECONQUISTA-4

ATTENTION. TO BE SOLD, TWO SPRING WAGGONS, 77 PASEO DE JULIO.

LOUISA AND ANNA HARTMANN, DRESSMAKERS, 464 CALLE CORRIENTES.

GAS-FIXTURES—HALF-PRICE. FOR SALE, a handsome CRYSTAL GASOLIER with pendant another for a Dining-room, of gilt bronze.

WANTED, for Montevideo, a female TEACHER, competent to teach French and Music. A member of some Evangelical Church preferred.

WANTED, a General Servant, who understands cooking. Apply at the Office of the Standard, from 12 to 1.

THE SISTERS OF MERCY MOST gratefully acknowledge the following donations for their poor Orphans, received during the month of June:— The Hon. David Robertson, M.P., per Sr. D. Luis Dominguez, \$2,400

DOUBLE-SOLED BOOTS, for Girls up to 10 years, 63 pesos; formerly 65 pesos. Ladies' head & Kid Gloves, 25 pesos; the same fresh, 50 pesos.

AL COMERCIO. HABIENDO sido nombrado curador de los hijos menores de mi finado hermano Don Juan Arce, en el interin del mejor arreglo de sus cuentas, suplico a todos los acreedores de la casa, que sirvan presentar en el escritorio Calle del Peru No. 12 el saldo de estas a fin de com- probar su exactitud.

LOS INFRASCRITOS AGENTES de los vapores siguientes MEMORIA ARRIANE, y MARINA. Hacen saber al Comercio que en su ultimo viaje han sido descargados un fardo de lana, a consecuencia de las demoras ocasionadas por la epidemia de la fiebre.

AL ALCANCE DE TODOS Por el DR. J. A. WILDE, Precio 1/2 EL SILABARIO ARGENTINO, Primera Edicion.

COLEGIO INGLÉS 112—ARTES—112 Hay Vacantes para papulos, medio pupilo, y externos. W. D. JUNOR, 19 3/4 p. 3/2

THE ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, Under the direction of MRS. STUART, Assisted by competent Teachers. 221—CALLE FLORIDA—221. 18. 3 p. 1/2

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD. DAILY, per Month \$2c WEEKLY, per Month \$1c

THE PATAGONIAN INDIANS. SUBSIDIES BY THE NAT. GOVERNMENT It has been a constant complaint of the settlers in the South and West, that the National Government never paid sufficient attention to the importance of maintaining proper relations with the Indian tribes of Patagonia.

During the past years this utter neglect and bad faith on the part of the Government officials was, doubtless, owing to the wars of Paraguay and Entre Rios. Now that President Sarmiento has time to attend to the Indian question as it deserves we look for a salutary change of policy, and it is a good omen to find in the Boletin Oficial of yesterday the following convention with Messrs. Aguirre and Murga for subsidies to the various tribes of the South.

On the 21st ult. President Sarmiento and his Ministers ratified the arrangement for the following subsidies. To the Cacique-Curá, 1200 lbs. yerba, 500 lbs. sugar, 250 lbs. tobacco, 250 quires paper, 1500 lbs. farina, 100 bottles aguardiente, 50 do. gin, 1000 head of horned cattle, and 20 bushels of maize, every 3 months.

To the Cacique Chicoleo, 1 brl. sugar, 1 tercio of yerba, 1 ream of paper, 1 roll of tobacco, 50 cows, every month. To the tribe of Huincabal, 10 lbs. tobacco, 20 lbs. sugar, 20 lbs. yerba, 50 lbs. farina, 8 quires paper and 2 cows, every month.

To the Cacique Huincabal, 1 tercio yerba, 1 brl. sugar, 1 roll tobacco, 1 ream paper and 100 cows, yearly. To the Cacique Changuillo-Chico, same as preceding. To the Caciques Duempumé, Pram, and Huincalen, 2 tercios yerba, 2 brls.

sugar, 2 rolls tobacco, 6 demijohns caña, and 500 cows, yearly. To the Cacique C. Biguá, 400 cows yearly. To the Cacique Sayhneque, 2 brls. sugar, 2 tercios yerba, 2 rolls tobacco, 2 reams paper, 1000 cows, and 4 bags farina (instead of gin) every 6 months.

To the Tehuelchee tribe, 24 demijohns liquor, 700 lbs. sugar, 750 lbs. yerba, and 200 cows. To Cañumil's people near Bahía Blanca, 2 tercios yerba, 2 rolls tobacco, 1 barrel sugar, 500 lbs. farina, 2 reams paper, 2 pipes of caña, and 200 cows, every 3 months.

er space is necessary, for the purpose of storing water to supply leakage and lockage during the periods at which the water in the docks stands higher than the water in the sea or river. These latter conditions do not obtain at Buenos Aires, and hence the cost of obtaining extra water space for the purpose I have just named, and the convenience and attendant inconveniences and interruptions to traffic, are all avoided.

The success of the work depends on the maintenance of the dredged channel—I hope I discussed this question sufficiently in my former report, and gave substantial and conclusive reasons for believing that such a channel could be constructed with certainty, and maintained without difficulty or much expense. I have further discussed this point with many of those in this country best qualified to form an opinion, without any one of them expressing the slightest doubt upon the question. They have of course to depend upon my statement of the character of the material to be dredged, and maintained without difficulty or much expense.

I may mention that in the Harbour of Glasgow there were last year 916,700 cubic yards of material excavated by dredge boats in the deepening of the river or the maintenance of the harbour, of which quantity 778,000 cubic yards were removed by 2,360 dredgers each working about 2,360 hours in the year, or about 10 hours per day for 236 days. The material dredged consists of gravel, sand, and stiff clay, much more difficult to remove than the material in the Plate; and the Channel, when excavated, is more liable to change of depth and form. It may be interesting to know, that during the last 25 years there have been dredged in the Clyde nearly 13,000,000 cubic yards, and the grand results which have been obtained at that port within that time, may be said to be nearly wholly due to persevering dredging.

It may possibly be objected that the circumstances of the Clyde, where a comparatively narrow river is confined between banks, are different from those of the River Plate, where a channel must be excavated in open water. This circumstance will not, in my opinion, create the difference which may be anticipated. The channel proposed to be constructed is almost in the direct course of the current downwards, and of the 'crescences' upwards which accompany a south-easterly wind. The current, both down and up, will be strongest in the deep water, and as the depths of the Outer Roads, and the other remarkable deeps in this river, have been maintained with little or no alteration for years, so may this new depression, when once created, be expected to retain its form and dimensions even without the aid of dredging. There are, as I have stated, no shifting sands, and the mud at the bottom of the river is of such a tenacious character as to resist, to a very great extent, the abrading action of the current.

Owing to the outbreak of yellow fever, which has induced the Government to retain my assistant, Mr. Rey in the country for the purpose of surveying the Riachuelo, and affording assistance in the purification of that stream, I am not able to give all the further information I felt him behind to acquire. Many questions of interest, touching the character and phenomena of the River Plate, and which have a collateral bearing upon the subject of the river improvement, required fuller investigation and development, and it was to complete these that I left Mr. Rey behind me. The absence of this information, however, although it prevents my entering as fully as I could have wished upon the various points of interest I have alluded to, does not prevent my giving a conclusive opinion upon the best mode of obtaining the harbour accommodation you require.

The further borings to ascertain the character of the bed of the river at the site of the works which he has made, are as favourable as I could wish for. In one place he has discovered a thin bed of hard rock, about two feet in thickness, which is found within the depth to which the foundations must be sunk. Such a bed of rock will offer no impediment to the work of excavation, and I only hope that it will be found in sufficient quantity to be available in the construction of the dock walls, and the picking of the river wall, and save the cost of bringing so much stone from a greater distance. In other respects the borings show that the opinion which I formed upon the ground, and from the low borings which had been made at the time I left, is a correct one. I have therefore nothing to alter in the design of the work, or in the estimate I have made of its cost.

The measurements of the volume of the river, which Mr. Rey has made since my return, confirm the general accuracy of those which were made before, and though all the information which I may at a subsequent period be able to lay before you will be extremely interesting, it is not necessary for the determination of the question more immediately before you.

One very important investigation I have to report upon. Previous to, and on my arrival in Buenos Ayres, I was informed that no hydraulic lime or cement was to be procured nearer than Europe, and that the cost of construction therefore was largely increased by reason of the distance and expense of importing suitable material for hydraulic works. The

question of the best lines for hydraulic purposes, and the best way of preparing mortars, is one to which I have long directed my attention, and in which I have had long experience. I could scarcely believe it possible that South America, having amongst its various rocks different kinds of lime stones and calcareous strata, did not possess some amongst them, which either had naturally, or could be made to, have artificially, the necessary cementing properties of mortar under water.

I, therefore, immediately on my landing in December last, despatched to England, specimens of the various limes I could obtain in Buenos Ayres, and of the tosea which was found on the margin of the River Plate. These limes and the tosea had been analysed by Dr. Frankland, F.R.S., one of our best analysts, and have been experimented upon by Mr. Reid, one of the first cement makers in this country, and the author of two sound and careful publications on limes and cements. On my survey of the rivers, shortly after my arrival, I made enquiries as to the limestones of the country, and personally inspected and obtained specimens from some of those in the Banda Oriental. I also obtained specimens of tosea (which is, in fact, calcareous clay) from a spot on the Southern Railway, to which attention had already been directed [as I was informed by Rumball, the engineer,] as possessing suitable qualities for the manufacture of hydraulic cement. All the samples I had analysed by Mr. Kyle in Buenos Ayres, and his analyses presenting every promise of success, I brought away samples of the various materials, and I have had them examined and experimented upon by Mr. Reid.

The results are entirely satisfactory. There is no doubt that you have, within reasonable distance, very good hydraulic limes and materials out of which hydraulic cements, equal to any produced in Europe, can be manufactured. The discovery of these facts will greatly facilitate the construction of the works, and lessen the cost of all masonry and brickwork.

I add, in an appendix, the various chemical analyses, and a letter from Mr. Reid, stating generally the results of his experiments. Mr. Reid will present a full report when the experiments are completed. Considering that it would be of advantage to the members of your Legislature, and to others interested in the question, to possess my report and its accompanying plans and appendices in a portable shape, I have had the report and appendices printed, and the maps lithographed in this country, and bound up in pamphlet form. By this mail I send you 300 copies. I have the honor to remain, Sir, Your obedient servant, JOHN F. BATEMAN. (Signed)

THE GREAT AWAKENING. The STANDARD should be a rallying point for a regiment of those who battle in the good cause. Shortly the new Legislature and Municipality will be 'funcionando.' The work for them is heavy, at least it will be for the Municipality, the functions and powers of which will have to be enlarged. The members will require all the lights that can be afforded; full reports of the debates should be given, and the measures discussed in the press, so that the Corporation shall have all the support of public opinion, and all the stimulus which it affords.

The measures which will have to be dealt with involve solutions of problems not a little difficult in themselves, it may be said entirely new to the people of these countries, who have lived under the impression that the operation of natural laws—that which was needed elsewhere was supplied here; that that which is poison elsewhere is healthful here; indeed every where there are men to be found, men who 'miran blanco por negro,' and 'vice versa,' through the pride of interest. It has required a rude shake to awaken the public, and noble efforts have been made by the press of Buenos Ayres (all honor to it) to render the awakening complete. Yet with all it may be that the majority of the population are still rubbing their eyes between sleep and waking, and will require the shaking to be continued. Most of the blots on the sanitary condition have been hit, but impressions are fleeting, and it is desirable, therefore, to keep the whole present to the conception, lest for one necessary measure carried out two or three may be left in abeyance. Individual and representative bodies—legislative and municipal, are prone to do no more work than they are compelled, or stimulated to; forgetfulness may come with the small hours, or 'siesta.' It would, therefore, be desirable to inscribe on the STANDARD as complete a list as can be made, not once unrolled, but as a permanent reminder, week by week, and month by month checking off the work as done. Several lists have been published as resumes, all more or less deficient; and indeed it would be a long list that would be complete.

The following may be found more specific as to the causes of unhealthfulness and the practical remedies, than any heretofore published. Though many more items could be added, it will be found to comprise those most urgently claiming attention, yet not so urgently necessary for the material work of its accomplishment; nor is there the slightest occasion for our being

made to wait on longer. The actual work of most, and the preparatory work of others, can, and should, be commenced out of hand. Causes of the unhealthfulness of the city. Remedial measures— 1st. Absence of sewerage. The work of sewerage the city may be considered determined on by public opinion; but the application of the sewage has not yet been considered. It is a question of no little difficulty, scientific and economical, and in no wise simply an engineering one.

2nd. The polluting influence of the cesspool and Letrina system at present existing. These will cease to 'accumulate' when the sewerage and the corresponding house arrangements are completed and in full operation; but that will not be for five or six years to come! Whereas the existing soil must be got rid of forthwith. The matters contained in these receptacles must be disinfected and precipitated respectively. The chief agents for this are quicklime, 'leche de cal,' creosote, bibasic phosphate of iron and magnesia, sulphuric acid, phosphoric acid and lime water, chloride of lime, chloride of aluminum, carbolic acid, &c. The receptacles must then be emptied, additional disinfectants thrown down, and then filled up with fine, dry and purified earth. Pending the completion of the sewers, &c. temporary arrangements must be made for the reception of excrementitious and other matters or liquids, disinfected as deposited, and from time to time the receptacles emptied and cleaned. It would be monstrous to leave this festering source of plague to further endanger the lives of the population. It has to be borne in mind that the excreta and voidings of the plague stricken patients are pregnant sources of the plague. No half measures.

3rd. Streets filled and levelled with 'vasura,' giving off poisonous emanations. The only remedial measure is to destroy the putrescible matter by combustion. (See following.) 4th. Insufficiently filtered water, intermittently supplied through defective joints pipes laid in a bed of 'vasura,' and otherwise tainted soil. Into these pipes, whenever the pressure of the water is reduced to a certain point there is an infiltration of poisonous gases and matter. For this the remedies are—Perfectly filtered water, and a purified bed for the pipes. The death marks of the plague were the deepest in those districts in which vasura had been most freely used as filling for the streets, &c. There is no other means of getting rid of this pregnant source of danger than that of the combustion of the putrescible matters which enter into the composition of the foundation of the streets, &c.—a simple operation, but one involving considerable labor.

5th. Crowded and filthy conventillos. The sanitary laws regulating this matter in any great commercial city in England or Belgium meet all requirements. The only one thing necessary is that dispositions adopted shall be uncompromisingly carried out—employ responsible agents. 6th. The retention of 'vasura' in the houses until it is in a state of putrefaction or decomposition. The remedy is immediate removal in a manner which is not offensive; its distribution to be ploughed into the ground as 'abono' for farm lands, or its immediate burning.

7th. The bad condition of the pavements and unpaved streets; the foul matters thrown on them and allowed to accumulate and saturate the soil. Remedies self evident—apply them. 8th. The accumulation of 'vasura' and other foul matter in a state of decomposition, in the outskirts. The only remedy is to burn it where it is, or remove it. In the latter case a portion at least could be used as 'abono,' but not on marshy land, where it would be pestiferous besides being inoperative as a fertilizing agent. That all matters of this kind may be got rid of with safety and advantage, the means of conveyance i.e. good practicable roads, must be provided to enable them to reach the farms—farms which do not now exist, but which may, and can only be called into existence, as means of utilising and converting otherwise deleterious matters, when there is facility of conveyance. Mark well this and it may, and will, save millions hereafter.

9th. The saladeros and graserias.—It admits of no doubt whatever that the only safe measure is to remove them, and whosoever removed to, the obligation must be imperative to consume (burn) or, utilize the refuse. Further, there can be no question that it is in the interest of the country at large to carry these industries as near as possible to the great feeding grounds of the cattle; at present the loss from travelling is immense; moreover, it is desirable to disseminate industrial communities. Industries will radiate and multiply from industries planted.

10th. The foul state of the Riachuelo.—Exclude all deleterious matter and liquid, purify and canalise. The pestiferous influences of a foul condition of this river extend over a wide area of marsh lands and about its mouth, impregnating them with purifying matter, emitting poisonous emanations, &c. 11th. The marshes and wet flats that surround the city; these are a source of evil much greater than has been generally supposed. The draining of the 'bañados' and wet flats west and south of the city into the Riachuelo would 'kill three birds with one stone.' 1st. It would get rid of the

marshes and their miasmas. 2nd. The increased current which the drainage would deepen the bed of that river and wash away its foul deposits, needing only that this effect should be accelerated by the use of chain drags operating from Punto Barracas to outside the bar in front of the mouth or channel. 3rd. The drained lands would be fit and proper recipients of the 'abono' resulting from street sweepings, ashes and other 'vasura' (at present difficult to dispose of) which if put on these lands, undrained, would increase immeasurably their pestiferous tendency. 12th. The inequalities along the river (La Plata) front, pools innumerable of stagnant waters, accumulations of dead animals, 'vasura,' and reasgo. Level and cleanse, prevent the throwing of 'vasura,' &c. The reasgo collected would be available for abono for reclaimed land. 13th. The mataderos, and in connection with these the ill condition of the animals and of the meat thereof butchered in a pestiferous atmosphere, and in contact with putrid water. Construct proper 'abatatorios' in fitting situations; remove immediately all refuse, and utilize it, or consume [burn] it at a distance; abundant water supply to flush the floors of the sheds, drains, etc., an uncompromising inspection of the animals, their condition and treatment before slaughter, and of the flesh subsequently. The 'abatatorios' of Paris were models. 14. The use of the flesh of swine fed on animal refuse, and the poisonous emanations from the pens and feeding grounds. Prohibit, and render the prohibition effective. These things disposed of effectually there will be again a city of Buenos Ayres. The widening of streets and formation of plazas are not included in this list, as it will be time enough to attend to them when the foregoing which are of more urgent necessity, are carried out or set right. The following quotation, from the electrically brilliant address of Professor Rollston, at the recent meeting of the British Association for the promotion of science, will be found 'apropos'— 'I know it may be said there are difficulties in the way, especially practical difficulties, but I have always observed that people who are good at finding out difficulties, are like people who are good at finding out excuses—good at finding out very little else. The various ways of getting over these (practical) difficulties are obvious enough.' A brief period will suffice to show what the people of Buenos Ayres are good for! They are on trial before a jury of the whole civilized world! ARGUS.

PARIS. A CLUB-MEETING IN A CLUB. (Our own Correspondent.) Of all the extraordinary events that the present revolution has given birth to, none is more painful than the deterioration of the churches by their conversion into a rendezvous for the clubs. I visited the Chapel of St. Michael, in Batignolles, a few evenings ago. The candelabras held petroleum lamps, and the high altar, deprived of its cross and all its ornaments, remained nearly in obscurity. The building was crowded—not a chair was vacant—occupied by National Guards, workmen in blouses, women in bonnets or their hair. In the distance a sudden light would spring up—a smoker lighting his pipe. There was loud speaking, pushing, joking, and exhortation. The president and two secretaries are elected; before them is the historic glass and decanter of water, without which no French reunion, from the Assembly down, can take place. The president rings a bell—the same which a few days before was used for the masses. He objected to any orator mounting the pulpit: it was unsuitable. The audience whisper, laugh and cough. The orator, nevertheless, enters the pulpit, combats the president's idea, and the use of the 'chaire' is carried non. con. The president suggests that the statues and paintings be removed from the walls, as the women and children are too habituated to view them, and it is prudent to make them forget them. The audience decide that they ornament the walls, and are to remain. Before speaking, the orator sings the 'Marseillaise,' the organ accompanying him. His 'atump' is a denunciation of the 'beasts' of Versailles, and of the clergy who for eighteen years have been praying for the 'massacres' of the 'coup d'etat' and never offered up one of their 'Pater noster' for the Commune. The result was that the D—l at last got his own at Sedan.

There was an animation amidst the crowd, as if a vote of thanks was about to be passed to the Prince of Darkness, but it was a preparation to strike up 'Partout pour l'Allemagne,' a witty satire on the familiar Imperial Syrian air. The next orator spoke to the proposition of removing the remains of 'that great criminal, the First Napoleon,' for interment beside the murderer Troppmann. The succeeding speaker proposed that Orsini's bones should be enshrined in the Pantheon; and both resolutions being unanimously voted, the audience and the organ struck up the 'chant du depart.' The minutes of the proceedings were then read out. They set forth that on such an evening in the month [Flores] (May), year 79 of the Republic One and Indivisible, the Friends of Order held a meeting in the 'Michael building,' that is, the Church of St. Michael.

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Curiosity was the great and sole attraction which drew...

Some-mus connected with the Convention Piepus, where it is falsely stated that three sisters were confined in cells or cages for years...

A curious 'monument' has been erected near the site of the Vendome column, consisting of a cross with a rat hanging therefrom...

EDITOR'S TABLE.

We commend to the attention of the Municipality an article styled 'The Great Awakening' which we publish in this issue...

The news of another 'little revolution' having broken out in Santiago has created an unfavourable impression in some quarters...

Salvini appears to-night at the Colon Theatre in 'The Gladiator,' a powerful tragedy by Soumet...

Letters from Rosario state that most of the European emigrants that lately passed through that place were bound for the province of Cordova...

On Tuesday next one of the first collections of oil paintings in this city will be brought to the hammer by Messrs. Bullrich & Co...

One of the assassins of Sen. Flores was captured a few nights ago at Moron. It appears some of his neighbors heard him say to his wife that 'he would serve her as he had done Gen. Flores'...

The following description of what a special correspondent should be in this age of telegraphs and cheap papers is taken from a home paper...

The Special, he be married or single, must do his duty; and to teach him that duty requires much pain, much trouble, and much expense...

The brilliant speech of Dr. Rawson at the Convention on Friday night is much spoken of. It was worthy of an O'Connell, and at the conclusion the whole house rose to applaud the distinguished orator...

The distressing intelligence was received in the city to-day (25th) that a large quantity of wreck stuff had been picked up in the Bay, which clearly led to the conviction that the bark Merrimac of Boston had been wrecked below this port...

THE LOSS OF THE MERRIMAC.

The distressing intelligence was received in the city to-day (25th) that a large quantity of wreck stuff had been picked up in the Bay, which clearly led to the conviction that the bark Merrimac of Boston had been wrecked below this port...

We read in a home paper that Lord Walsingham, accompanied by several associates, is now on a visit to the United States for the purpose of making a complete collection of the microscopic butterflies and other minute insects which burrow in flowers...

Messrs. Murray & Gibson, the well known tailoring firm at 27 Calle Victoria (next door but one to the Tribunal office), have received an assortment of winter goods which is worthy of inspection by 'fashionables'...

A writer in the Republica of yesterday calls attention to the necessity of transforming the city of Buenos Ayres as Paris was transformed by Baron Haussmann, but says that to effect this we must have an active and intelligent municipal body...

The late escape of some prisoners from the jail at Mercedes has brought to light the fact that the structure is in such a rickety condition that some of the walls can be knocked down with a good push, and its roof be broken through with a walking stick...

The latest news from San Salvador says that ex-President Duenas had left the United States Legation, and had been put in prison; the Honduras army had recrossed the frontier to its own territory...

The newly paved part of Calle Victoria is already in a horrible condition, showing ruts that would smash the strongest spring ever put under a carriage; the pavements seem to have flung the stones down anyway, and left them to settle as best they may...

The Chilean papers mention that enthusiastic manifestations in favour of the Holy See continue to be made in that country. In Peru the Italian Minister addressed the Government on the subject of some severe articles in the papers against the occupation of Rome by Victor Emmanuel...

Mr. Carlos Chapeaurouge has asked the Santa Fe authorities for a tramway concession, to run from the port through the town to San Tomé, about two leagues. It is thought the Chambers will pass the project.

The following is a North American 'notion' and a very good one too; we might import a little Texan sharpness into this country with good advantage in some cases: 'Sharp' is the word in Texas. A Texan lost a valuable mare, and telegraphing to a neighboring town to arrest the thief, received the laconic reply, 'Mare here: thief hung.'

The Municipality has applied to the Provincial Government for another million of paper dollars to close up the account of the 'epidemic expenses'...

The exchange of the present National Bonds into the new series will soon take place; the difference in the interest will be that the present ones are in silver dollars the new one will be in paper dollars...

The drawing of the Dividends at the Populo Argentino on the 30th June has proved eminently successful for the credit and reputation of this company...

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THE LOSS OF THE MERRIMAC.

The distressing intelligence was received in the city to-day (25th) that a large quantity of wreck stuff had been picked up in the Bay, which clearly led to the conviction that the bark Merrimac of Boston had been wrecked below this port...

Our active special reporter at the South Plaza gives us the following particulars: 'There is no doubt that during the last fortnight very important transactions have been made; but at the end of this week we observe pretensions in buyers to decline in price'...

According to a class and condition has been sold from 450 up to 80 per cent. A special lot from the renowned Catala obtained 420 per cent. Dry Hides. In good demand. Good campo, 144 to 150 pesos...

Wheat, according to class 1170 to 205 per fan. Maize do. 115 to 150. Barley do. 115 to 170. Flour at the mill 55 to 35 per ar.

TEMPERATURE.

July 1—Saturday, 2 p.m. Fahrenheit 55.

THE ENGLISH BAZAAR.

61—CALLE FLORIDA—61. ELECTRO-PLATED GOODS. In great variety, at the ENGLISH BAZAAR, 61 CALLE FLORIDA. GLASS and CROCKERY WARE. Always well-assorted, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

ON 'CHANGE.

July 1, 1871. Ounces 400. Sovereigns 12 1/2. Patagonians 22. National Bank 70. During business hours there was nothing done in the Bond market, but at afterwards some sales were effected at 69 1/2 and 70. The market closed at 70, each buyers. The interest coupons were paid at the Treasury Office to-day, and the bulk of the Bonds floating in the market were presented...

The following gentlemen have applied for admission to the Club as members: Mr. Luis Sattler, Mr. A. Schuffenorth, C. D'Onofri.

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Galletitas. DE LA FABRICA DE Peek, Frean, & Co. LONDON BISCUITS. MOORE and TUDOR.

Grocer and Store-dealer IN BUENOS AYRES, AND WHOLESALE ONLY BY THE AGENTS, Moore and Tudor.

UNITED STATES LEGATION. Buenos Ayres, June 29, 1871. TUESDAY Next, the 4th of JULY, being the 55th Anniversary of the Independence of the United States of America...

HAPPY THOUGHT REVIVED AT THE BLUE POSTS. 1613—CALLE CANGALLO—1613. Sausage Roll and Glass of A 1 Bitter Beer...

Real Hollands. SOLE EXPORTER, HERMAN VAN HOUTEN (ROTTERDAM). Importado Solamente Wm. PAATS Y CIA.

New Advertisements. Popular Argentina. PRIZES DRAWN ON 30TH JUNE, 1871.

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Watson Casino. 65—CALLE SAN MARTIN—65. July 4th, 1871. T. WATSON.

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Watson Casino. 65—CALLE SAN MARTIN—65. July 1st, 1871.

SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU & CO. 101-Cangallo-103 BUENOS AYRES.

CONDITIONS. First-The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar currency.

THE RIVER PARANA STEAM SHIP COMPANY. This Company will despatch a Steamer every Month from Liverpool, for Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, and Rosario, which will call at Antwerp and Liverpool.

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIPS. UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

CLYDE LINE OF STEAMERS TO BRAZIL AND THE RIVER PLATE. "ASTARTE." "MARINA."

Northern Railway. TIME-TABLE FROM JULY 1st. [Until further Notice.] FROM 25 DE MAYO.



TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS. Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every comfort at the Hotel de la Paix.

MANUEL PEREZ DEL CERRO. Contador Publico de Numero.

M. O'DWYER. Who has made over two hundred good writers since his arrival in Buenos Ayres, gives Lessons at all hours.

CRICKET. PRACTICE ON WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY evening.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. One of the Company's new first class steamers will leave Rio de Janeiro for New York, calling at Bahia, Pernambuco, Para, and St. Thomas.

REMATES POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST. De la Finca Calle de Saipacha 232 y 234, perteneciente a la testamentaria de Don Nieves Achaval de Nunez.

FOR A. BULLRICH & CO. Gran Remate de Gravados y articulos de lujo. Calle del Peru, Numero 47.

FOR ADOLFO BULLRICH y Ca. De muebles. En la casa habitacion del Sr. Don Augusto Doll, Calle de Belgrano No. 137.

RAMAL TO LOBOS. DEPARTURE. Parque... Merlo (arriba)... Merlo (abajo)...

FOR SALE. A SPLENDID CHANCE. The well-known old established HOTEL DE LA PROGRESO, in Chuscos.

BLUE POSTS. 1614-CALLE CANGALLO-1614. To be RAFFLED for A SPLENDID PATENT BREACH-LOCK.

LA COMPANIA ARGENTINA DE SEGUROS MARITIMOS. Los Sres. Accionistas de esta Compania podran concurrir desde mañana, con sus acciones a las oficinas de la misma para recibir el dividendo.

UNITED STATES BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. Captain E. L. TINKLEPAUGH. Leaves Rio, June 25th, 1871. Arrives in New York, July 2nd, 1871.

WESTERN RAILWAY. From the 1st of JULY until further notice, The Trains will run as follows:-

Table with columns for Train Name, Direction, and Time. Includes routes like Bahia, Montevideo, and Rosario.

Table with columns for Train Name, Direction, and Time. Includes routes like Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, and Rosario.

Table with columns for Station, Direction, and Time. Includes stations like Merlo, Las Heras, and Salto.

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES. OF MOST APPROVED PATTERNS. Utility and Economy combined.

LETTERS LYING AT JOHN WALKER'S. (Address unknown.) Atkin, M. H. A. Byrne James, Bronn Nicolas, Barry Robert.

TELEGRAFO DEL ESTADO. REDUCTION OF TARIFF. From the 1st of JULY the price for a MESSAGE or TEN WORDS will be as follows:-

TO IMMIGRANTS. The Central Committee of Immigration hereby notifies all immigrants that they will pay their passage to any town in the Camp. For tickets apply to the Manager of the Immigrant Asylum, No. 8 Calle Corrientes.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY. TIME TABLE. From the 1st of JULY until further notice, The Trains will run as follows:-

Table with columns for Train Name, Direction, and Time. Includes routes like Bahia, Montevideo, and Rosario.

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Table with columns for Station, Direction, and Time. Includes stations like Merlo, Las Heras, and Salto.

OLDENBURGER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. Capital 2,000,000 Prussian Dollars. The undersigned are only authorized to transact a general Fire Insurance Business in this country.

RAUNHEIM CHIROPODIST. 81-CALLE SAIPACHA-81. Cells great pleasure in again introducing him self (after an absence of six years) to the respectable Public of Buenos Ayres.

HEALTH RESTORED. BOGADO-El Dr. Navarro Viola asista ya a su estudio. Maipu 14, de 12 a 4.

BRITISH HOSPITAL. The Hospital being considered free from Yellow Fever, patients will now be admitted according to the existing Rules and Regulations of this Institution.

HEALTH RESTORED. BOGADO-El Dr. Navarro Viola asista ya a su estudio. Maipu 14, de 12 a 4.

BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS. These Pills have justly acquired a widely extended reputation for their wonderful cures of severe cases of sickness—cases in which all other Medicines had failed, and which had been given up by Physicians as beyond hope—such as confirmed and long-standing Liver Complaint, obstructions of the Biliary Passages, etc.

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA. That blood purifier, should be used with the Pills, the two Medicines being prepared expressly to act in harmony together.

THE PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. That the undersigned has made the following reductions in prices of passages from Montevideo: To Bordeaux from \$14 to \$12, 3rd class.

NOTICE TO EMIGRANTS. IMMEDIATE EMPLOYMENT. The Immigration Committee can find immediate employment for forty-two hands, for the town of San Andres de Giles.

HENNESSY'S BRANDY. The undersigned begs to inform the Public, that they have concluded arrangements with Messrs. JAMES HENNESSY and CO.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPAKET COMPANY. This Company has made arrangements for the conveyance of Merchandise, at Through Rates, every Goods, at this Rate in Railway Carriage from Nottingham to Southampton, Dock Dues, and Shipping Charges, and also Freight to destination.

LA COMPANIA ARGENTINA DE SEGUROS MARITIMOS. A requisición de varios Sres. Accionistas, se convocó a Junta General extraordinaria, para el día 6 de Julio, proximo a la una de la tarde en las oficinas de la misma Compañia.

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SEWING MACHINES. A large and varied assortment on hand. Wanted to work well. They are all of the latest and best inventions, and of different prices.

ANCLA DORADA. Proprietors, S. AVE, HERMANOS. (Formerly Chof. de Cuisine at the Cafe Anglais in Paris, and for many years, Attaché of Marshal Niel, late French Minister of War.)

THE COLONIA DOCK. This important establishment, the only one of its kind in the River Plate is ready to do all sorts of work in ships and steamers, finding everything necessary for any work.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWN'S CHLORODYNE. THIS INVALUABLE REMEDY produces quiet, refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the disordered functions, and stimulates healthy action of the body.

WINE OF EVERY VINTAGE. 225 16p 1/2

LEWELLYN JONES & CO. Sole Manufacturer, J.T. DAVENPORT. 33 GREAT BRIDGE STREET, BLOOMSBURY, LONDON.

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