

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and obligations with good securities are discounted on conventional terms.

First—Bills and obligations with good securities are discounted on conventional terms. Second—Money is advanced on mortgage.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants and other parties who may prefer depositing in a current account.

Fourth—Money is received in account current bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fe, Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio de Janeiro, and other places in Brazil, England and France, as also in other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 10 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. MAUA & Co. M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM. January 1st, 1868.

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH. ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE. For balances in favor of Customers, 12 per cent. For balances in favor of Customers, 6 per cent. For balances in favor of Customers, 6 per cent.

Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper. Do. 30 days' do. paper. Do. 30 days' do. gold.

Fixed deposits from P. P. MAUA & Co. M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM. Jan. 1, 1868.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPAKET COMPANY.

The Royal Mail Steampacket ONEIDA, 2,284 tons, and 530 horse-power, will leave this Port for Southampton, on the 14th of JUNE at 4 p.m., carrying Her Majesty's Mail, &c., and calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, and Lisbon.

PASSENGER FARES: First-class to Southampton, £35 and upwards. Ditto to Lisbon, £22. Ditto to Rio de Janeiro, £180 ft. Ditto to Bahia, £120. Ditto to Pernambuco, £110. Ditto to Montevideo, £8.

SECOND CLASS PASSENGERS. These will be conveyed to Lisbon and Southampton at £20 sterling, and to Montevideo at \$14.

THIRD CLASS PASSENGERS. These will be conveyed to Lisbon and Southampton at the rate of \$16 sterling.

RETURN TICKETS. To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, for six months.

FAMILIES. A deduction of one-third is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money, if charged in full, is equal to the amount of four adult cabin passages.

CHILDREN. From Three, and under Eight, to pay 1/2. Eight and under Three years, to pay 1/3. For those under three years, and any other at the rate of three years.

SERVANTS. Accompanying their employers to pay two thirds of the lowest rates established for adult cabin passengers.

PREIGHT. SPECIE to Brazil, Lisbon and Rio de Janeiro, 1/2 per cent. Havre and Paris, 1/4. Montevideo, 1/4. Abovo one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, sixty, sixty-one, sixty-two, sixty-three, sixty-four, sixty-five, sixty-six, sixty-seven, sixty-eight, sixty-nine, seventy, seventy-one, seventy-two, seventy-three, seventy-four, seventy-five, seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, eighty-five, eighty-six, eighty-seven, eighty-eight, eighty-nine, ninety, ninety-one, ninety-two, ninety-three, ninety-four, ninety-five, ninety-six, ninety-seven, ninety-eight, ninety-nine, one hundred.

CHARLES WM. BENN AND CO. No. 49 Calle 25 de Mayo.

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CHARLES WM. BENN AND CO. No. 49 Calle 25 de Mayo.

The Standard

ANT RIVER PLATE NEWS.

BUENOS AYRES, FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1870.

PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

Deposits of not less than \$400 m/c, and \$136 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if returned before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of deposit. All interests not payable until the end of each year.

RATES OF INTEREST.

Private depositors, 5 per cent. per annum m/c. On deposits in both currencies, 4 per cent. On deposits in gold, 4 1/2 per cent.

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WANKLYN & CO.

From 8th February until further Notice, the rates of interest allowed and charged will be as follows: Allowed in account current, 6 per cent. On both 30 and 90 days' notice, 5 per cent. On 7 days' notice, 4 per cent.

ARGENTINE BANK.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M. PRESIDENT: BERNARDO YHIGOTEN. DIRECTOR: ANARCASIS LANUS. The rate of interest until further notice will be as follows: On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On deposits in current account, 5 per cent. per annum.

CARABASSA'S BANK.

From this date the rate of Interest will be as follows: On account current, 6 per cent. per annum. On deposits in current account, 5 per cent. per annum. On deposits in savings account, 4 per cent. per annum.

TRANSANDINE TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

CAPITAL \$6,500,000. IN SHARES OF 250 pesos each. This Company has been formed in Chile to carry out the concessions granted by the Chilean and Argentine Governments, to Messrs. Clark and Co., Valparaiso, for the construction of a line of Telegraph between Buenos Ayres and Valparaiso.

PAUL FRUGONI.

Sworn Attorney and Public Translator, General Accountant. 15-CALLE VICTORIA-15 (Altos). Half a Square from the Plaza. 191.xp.mj27

ENGLISH STORE.

195-CALLE PIEDRA-195. TO FAMILIES IN THE CAMP. Ladies and children's boots. Boys' winter suits. Ladies' velvet hats, of the Orion and other fashionable shapes, from \$50 to 100 each.

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MONTEVIDEO.

ANTIGUA, FOTOGRAFIA. B A T E Y C A. This popular Establishment continues to maintain its well-earned reputation of being the first Photography and Fine Art Gallery in the River Plate. Its Proprietor, during a recent visit to Europe and North America, has spared no effort or expense to secure the best artistic skill, and the latest and most approved inventions applicable to the art.

PHOTO-DRAWINGS. This new style of picture, introduced by Mr. S. L. Reynolds, of London, makes the finest and most effective style of Portrait known at the present day. The process is simple and rapid, and peculiarly applicable to the reproduction and enlargement of Card Photographs, engravings, change drawings, or other figures; and, in fact, to make a harmonious picture, which, when placed in a 'Picture' on which the eyes rest with pleasure, as well as a faithful likeness.

THE PORCELAIN PICTURE. All styles and sizes, plain and colored, of this popular novelty, in prices ranging from five to twenty-five petros each. THE REMBRANT STYLE. This is a recent American invention, and has created a 'furore' in the States which has led to a new kind of Photography. The process is peculiarly simple, that it makes a Portrait stand out in bold relief from a black background, like a statue done in marble.

NOTICE TO ALL CAPTAINS OF MERCHANTS VESSELS. John Leves Agent and correspondent for the association for protection of wrecked and damaged property, Office at Lloyd's, according to Chart, does hereby make Ship Masters of British Vessels and also of all other Nations aware that Shipwrecks occurring in the Port of Montevideo will not be accepted by the respective Underwriters. Shipmasters arriving in this Port in distress, or under occasional repairs of damage sustained in this Port, are very often misled by parties completely ignorant, who style themselves surveyors and agents.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. The splendid Steamers of this Line leave the above-named Ports on the 15th of each month, calling at: BOULDEAUX, LISBON, RIO DE JANEIRO, AND MONTEVIDEO. The Steamer PATAGONIA, P. G. PETRIE, Com-mander. Is expected at Montevideo, from Liverpool, on the 8th of JUNE, and will proceed a few hours after arrival to VALPARAISO. Touching at Sandy Point (Strait of Magellan).

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM MONTEVIDEO. 1st Class, 2nd Class, 3rd Class. Valparaiso ..... 240 226 216 Rio de Janeiro ..... 8 8 4 Lisbon ..... 2 2 1 Bordeaux ..... 35 25 14 Liverpool ..... 35 25 14 Return Tickets (not transferable) available for Twelve Calendar Months. The celebrated Steamers of this Line are issued to First-class Passengers and their servants accompanying them, at a reduction of 25 per cent. on passage money. The Steamer PATAGONIA, P. G. PETRIE, Com-mander. Is expected at Montevideo, from Liverpool, on the 8th of JUNE, and will proceed a few hours after arrival to VALPARAISO. Touching at Sandy Point (Strait of Magellan).

ENGLISH CATHOLIC COLLEGE MONTEVIDEO. The Rev. J. D. Davis has engaged Premises in Montevideo, and will shortly open his College for the education of Day Scholars, and Boarders. Formations One Ounce (Gold) per month. Communications to be addressed for the present to the care of Don R. Wilson, 49 Calle Correo, Montevideo. —f-11

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO. Opposite the Exchange (Bola). In the Studio of the Undersigned, Likenesses of every description are taken daily, at very moderate prices. On Exhibition, and for sale, a collection of the Works of the great Artist, Thorvaldsen, taken from the originals, in his Museum at Copenhagen. English, Spanish, German, and the Scandinavian Languages, spoken by GEORGE HOLTZWEL-SIG. 207.xp.a24

GEORGE KEAN, Shipbroker, Custom-house Agent, and General Commission Agent, Interpreter, &c. "EUROPEAN MAIL" And "STANDARD" Newspaper Agent. CALLE BAJADO, Near the Custom House, ROSARIO DE SANTA FE. 229.xp.j67

LADIES' DRESS NOVELTIES. AUTUMN SEASON. THOMAS HOLMES AND CO., Beg to announce the arrival of their extensive purchases of DRESS NOVELTIES for the Season, comprising a choice selection of SILKS, TARTAN, POPLINS, WINCEYS, REPPES, And CHAM- BRAYS, WOOL TARTANS, BRAYS, SATINETS, And FINE FABRICS for the Season are now on show. Trimmed Skirts and Costumes in all the New Styles. ENGLISH EMPORIUM, 139-CALLE FLORIDA-139 144.xp.a17

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED).

Authorized Capital £2,000,000 sterling. Subscribed Capital £1,500,000 do. Reserve Fund Jan. 1868 £165,000 do. Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances. Customers have the advantage of drawing cheques of having approved bills discounted, and of obtaining loans upon negotiable securities, and of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection—and of depositing with the Bank valuable property in the safe strong rooms for safe custody.

London and River Plate Bank (LIMITED).

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice: On deposits in both currencies, 4 per cent. On deposits in gold, 4 1/2 per cent. On deposits in silver, 4 1/2 per cent.

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New Advertisements.

REMATES

F. MADERO y Ca

Cuarto gran remate de cigarrillos habanos legitimos, y vinos finos de mesa...

F. MADERO y Ca

De muebles. En su casa calle Bolivar No. 14. El Miercoles 17 del corriente...

Hennessey's Brandy.

The undersigned beg to inform the Public, that they have concluded arrangements with Messrs. JAMES HENNESSY and CO.

For the year ending 31st December, 1869, Hennessy exported to Great Britain 1,551,813 Pouchons...

GEORGET BROWNELL and CO., 11—Maipu-street—11

BACON—BACON—BACON. A good substitute for Beef.

JAMES WESTON'S FAMILY GROCERY STORE, 72—Plaza Victoria—72.

MUTTON SAUSAGES. Made solely by Machinery, by Nicholson and Co.

J. J. KYLE, Dispensing and Analytical Chemist.

JOHN J. KYLE, Dispensing and Analytical Chemist.

FOOT-BALL CLUB. A Football Match will take place at Palermo...

NEW MAP OF THE CITY OF BUENOS AYRES.

HOUSE COAL. On Sale at Nos. 60 CALLE MEXICO and 255 DEFENSA.

STEAM BOATS TO LEAVE. For Colonia, the British Steamer NAPOSTA...

Every THURSDAY for MONTEVIDEO, the British steamship SATURDAY...

SATURDAY for Montevideo, the English and commodious Steamer America...

For Rosario, Parana, Santa Fe, touching at all the intermediate ports...

FOR BAHIA BLANCA, the National steamship Naposta...

SAIDA DE VAPORES.

PARA SALTO Y ESCALAS—El Sabado a las 10 de la mañana el Vapor Villa del Salto...

BOOK-KEEPER OR CASHIER—An experienced man with local references...

SITUATION WANTED—A married woman wants a situation in a respectable English or German family...

WANTED, by an Englishwoman, a situation as Cook, No objection to the Banda Oriental...

WANTED, by a foreigner who speaks English, German, Spanish, etc. a situation as Customhouse Clerk...

PER ENGLISH MAIL. Turner & W. Howitt, Elton White...

ANSWER TO ADVERTISEMENTS. Cook.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications.

The Standard. Nilfalsi eadem, nil veri non audeam dicere.

FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1870.

Special Telegram for "Standard."

Montevideo, June 9. 6 p.m. Last night Pacific steamer Patagonia arrived.

London money market—Discounts 3 per cent. Consols, 94 1/2.

New York, May 14. By telegram gold closed at 114 1/2.

Antwerp, May 6. Horsehair market middling.

Havre, May 12. Hides firm. Wools—prices steady.

Liverpool, May 12. A cargo of salted cow hides has been sold to arrive from Uruguay at 6 pence with 6 pence dis.

Rio Janeiro, June 4. Exchange, 22 1/2 on London and 430 reis on France.

Montevideo. Paper closed at 7 1/2. Exchange on London £7000 at 51 1/2 gold.

On Paris 60,000 francs at 5.37 gold. On Buenos Ayres, 3000 dollars at par, payable at 5 days sight.

On London £2500 at 51 1/2 gold. On Buenos Ayres, 3000 dollars at par, payable at 5 days sight.

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soldiers killed yesterday in attack on Palace. Illumination last night.

Madrid 19th. Spanish fleet sent to Lisbon comprises Numanca, Victoria, Resolucion and Madrid frigates, besides war-steamers Ligera.

Paris 19th. Committee-report on Plebiscite approved by Chambers. Jules Simon interpellates Ministry on the subject.

Bucharest 12th. Chambers of Danubian Principalities dissolved.

Rome 14th. Pope distributed prizes for the Roman Ecclesiastical Exhibition. Question of infallibility proposed yesterday.

Constantinople 14th. Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Coburg and children arrived. Great conspiracy discovered in Bosnia.

Paris 19th. Great fetes are being prepared in honor of the Plebiscite.

Berlin 13th. Emperor of Russia arrived.

Manilla. Fire destroyed 30 buildings, loss £400,000.

Lisbon 20th. New Cabinet of Saldanha, Bishop Vizeu, Saraiva, Carvalho, Costa &c with Count Peniche as Governor of Oporto.

Provinces quiet. Florence 9th. The great powers will take united action to extirpate the brigands in Greece.

The Government of Athens declares its readiness to give the fullest satisfaction to Great Britain and Italy.

REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL. Attack on the Royal Palace. Submission of the King.

Lisbon, May 20. At one o'clock yesterday morning a revolution broke out simultaneously in the castle of St. George and the infantry barracks.

It was not wholly unexpected, as alarming rumours had prevailed the previous day. The signal was given by three cannon-shots fired from the Castle, whereupon Captains Monteiro and Vidal and Ensign Leitao sallied forth into the streets at the head of 200 Chasseurs.

Captain Monteiro told them the Duke of Saldanha would place himself at their head, and led them at once to the Marshal's palace. Marshal Saldanha came out on horseback and gave the word to proceed to the King's palace of Ajuda, the 7th battalion of infantry coming up at the same time to join the movement with a few pieces of cannon.

The troops mounting guard at the palace comprised the 1st battalion, a squadron of lancers and brigade of artillery. The conflict commenced in the Rua do Vasco with the artillery; five soldiers being killed and several wounded; the palace-guards, however, speedily fraternized with the rebels.

At that moment the Duke de Loule and other Ministers were sitting at the Carmo convent, in telegraphic communication with the Palace, the convent being defended by all the National Guard cavalry and infantry of the city.

About sunrise the Commander-in-Chief, Vizconde Santiago, assembled in Black-horse Square the following regiments: 2nd Chasseurs, 1st and 16th infantry, and the 10th batt. with some guns. Sor Davila arrived in a few minutes with a message for the General that the King expected the troops would do their duty and support the Ministry.

Just then the Nat. Guards came up to join the troops. Count Fontenova presented himself, accompanied by two lancers, as envoy from the Duke de Saldanha, to know if he might count on the adhesion of the army. The General replied that the army would stand by the King and his Cabinet. Meantime a squadron of lancers came to the arsenal to conduct the Duke de Loule to the Palace, as the King desired to confer with him, and at half-past 6 an order arrived for the army to move up to the Ajuda palace.

About 10.30 a.m. the city was astounded by a salute of 21 guns from the Castle of St. George, while the Portuguese flag was hoisted from the summit, and fireworks were let off in rejoicing. The Castle was quickly filled with bands of armed men, under the leadership of Major Pimenta, who shouted "Long live the King, the army and Saldanha."

"Down with the Ministers." The Duke de Loule on arriving at the Palace presented his resignation to the King, acting on the advice of Saldanha who told him the situation was so critical that bloodshed must otherwise ensue.

The King accepted Loule's resignation and requested Marshal Saldanha to form a new Cabinet. The Castle of St. George fired a royal salute at 9 p.m. on the return of the chasseurs. The soldiers who fired the first shots in Rua do Vasco are under arrest. Some of the ball struck the gates of the Palace.

Similar outbreaks occurred in some of the Provinces. The Noticias gives the following further particulars:

On Wednesday night numbers of people were seen to enter the Castle, and when Col. Freixo went to ascertain the cause he was made prisoner. A committee of 10 citizens accompanied the Chasseurs to Saldanha's residence, where they found the Marshal in readiness with the 3rd artillery, and the 7th

infantry coming up almost immediately the word was given "to the Palace." The Queen's lancers, 1st infantry and 1st artillery were on guard and the officer in command had orders to fire on the rebels. It seems, however, that Capt. Lapa asked to have a conference with the officer on guard, so as to avoid bloodshed; the latter nevertheless gave the word "Fire," but the 1st gunner pulled out the charge and the piece did not go off. Then the Chasseurs fired on the guard, as did also the 7th infantry, but owing to the darkness of the night the rebel forces fired on each other and great confusion ensued, 4 of the rebels being killed, as also a countryman, and several men wounded. Three killed and seven wounded were admitted into the Estrella hospital yesterday.

While the firing was going on the Duke de Saldanha presented himself before the King, whereupon His Majesty Dom Luis said that he took into due consideration the manifestation taking place at the palace-gates, and at once despatched a squadron of lancers for the Duke de Loule. The latter resigned and Marshal Saldanha took the reins of power as Premier and Minister of War, ordering the troops that had remained loyal to return immediately to their respective barracks. He put under arrest Capt. Mendoza who had given the word to "Fire" in defence of the Palace, and censured him severely for having done his duty: all his men were disbanded and his horse taken from him. At the same time the 10 citizens from the Castle presented a statement to the King explaining the cause of the revolution.

The Duke de Loule returning from the Palace acquainted the other ministers at the Arsenal of his resignation, but they refused to resign, alleging that the King was over-awed by the rebels, and that the Throne and the Nation were in danger. Marshal Saldanha at once declared the Ministers out of office and proceeded to remove Sr. Camara, the Governor of Lisbon, and Gen. Waddington from office. He then returned to his residence, took off his grand uniform and decorations, and put on his everyday dress of a civilian, after which he went to the War Office to adopt such measures as were most urgent. He was visited by numbers of officers and friends who congratulated him; among others was Viscount Santiago, who was said to have replied at Black-horse Square to the invitation of the Marshal, "My heart is with you, but Duty keeps me at my post." It is added that when General Santiago was leading the army to the Ajuda palace he halted at the Plaza de Necessidades and received intimation from Saldanha to retire with his forces, but replied that he could obey no order unless from the War Office; a moment later he learned that Saldanha was entrusted with power, and then he obeyed and withdrew.

The Duke de Saldanha began yesterday the formation of his new Cabinet, and the following names are spoken of: Interior, the Bishop of Vizeu; Marine, Testa; and for the other portfolios, Caldeira, Peniche Eugenio, Costa, &c. The Fifth Chasseurs, who began the revolution, are appointed to mount guard at the Cortes, and it is likely the first act of Saldanha will be to dissolve the Chambers.

Yesterday evening a counter-revolution was spoken of. Business is at a standstill, although all the shops and offices in Lisbon have been re-opened. The city wears an unpleasant and strange aspect. A supplement of the Official Journal appeared this morning with a decree removing Sr. Davila from the War Department, and the following note appended:—"The Duke de Saldanha, Marshal of the Army and Councillor of State, orders the above, seeing that the Duke de Loule, President of the Ministerial Council, refuses to append his signature. Given at the Palace of Ajuda, May 19, 1870."

Then follows another decree by Saldanha deposing Loule and making himself Prime Minister. The officers of the Chasseurs who refused to join the movement have been dismissed the service. Captain Mendoza was liberated to-day. When General Cabrera went yesterday to try and induce the Third Artillery to join Saldanha the gunners made him prisoner. It is remarkable that up to noon yesterday, until the newspaper bulletins appeared, many people were ignorant of the revolution having taken place.

There were revolutionary movements at Oporto and other places, but accounts to-day are more satisfactory, and the Governor of Oporto writes that he will answer for that city remaining tranquil.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND. London, May 13. Yesterday, in the House of Lords, the Royal assent was given, by commission, to the Naturalisation Bill. The other business done possessed no public interest.

In the House of Commons, Sir R. Palmer postponed until Friday next the motion standing on the paper in his name for to-day relating to the recent occurrences in Greece, discussion in the absence of the further information which was expected being, in his opinion, premature. Mr. Baxter informed Mr. Holms that it was quite true that, in the province of Attica, articles of provision and clothing had been kept in store until they

had perished from age. Amongst the former were 4,000 of pickles, the mention of which created much laughter. A most thorough inquiry had, however, been sent on foot with regard to the state of the stores both abroad and at home. At the instance of General Forester, the Home Secretary stated, for the information of the public in general, and political roughs in particular, that neither officially nor privately, directly nor indirectly, had any communication whatever been received by Lord Clarendon from the French Government, either through Lord Lyons or M. de Lavalette, respecting a demand for the extradition of M. Flourens or any other French refugee in this country; nor had any mention been made to Lord Clarendon with regard to the conspiracy which was now under investigation at Paris. In these circumstances it was to be hoped that no attempt would be made to hold the contemplated "Demonstration in favor of French Republicans" in Hyde Park on Sunday next, but should such an attempt be made due care would be taken by the Government to preserve peace and order. The House then once more proceeded to tackle the Irish Land Bill in committee, resuming at the 17th clause, which provided that the tenant should not be compelled to quit until the sun awarded to him as compensation be paid.

Large crowds again assembled on Wednesday night in the Faubourg de Temple and vicinity, but, in presence of the large force of military and police confined themselves to Republican cries, and refrained from any act of violence. The police, however, in dispersing the crowds, made a great many arrests. The Emperor has addressed a letter to Marshal Canrobert requesting him to assure the army of Paris under his command of his unshaken confidence in it, and his approval of the firmness and cool self-command exhibited by the officers and privates in the suppression of the riots of the last few days. Yesterday afternoon the Emperor and Empress drove in a plain open carriage in the neighbourhood of the late riots and were loudly cheered wherever recognized. Their Majesties also visited the Barracks du prince Eugéne and of Grenelle, and were enthusiastically received by the troops.

A telegram from Bombay states that a report has reached that city that the Russians are marching on Khiva.

At the Court of Common Council yesterday a report was brought up from a committee appointed to consider the subject, to the effect that the best form of government for the metropolis would be the establishment of municipalities in each of the parliamentary boroughs.

Yesterday a half-starved looking man was observed to deliberately break a large square of plate glass in the shop window of Mr. Benson, Ludgate-hill, and take two watches. He then stood quite still, with the watches in his hand, but was seized by a gentleman passing by and handed over to the police. He stated that he had walked up from Liverpool in search of employment, and was penniless. He was then taken to Guildhall, and Alderman Finnis at once committed him for trial.

Consols left off yesterday 94 1/2 for money, 94 1/2 for the account. Foreign bonds opened with steadiness, but about midday great buoyancy was manifested, owing to the progress of the account showing stock to be short. At the same time the improved state of the Paris Bourse induced large purchases. Turkish, Egyptian of 1868, Peruvian, Argentine and Italian were chiefly taken. Railway shares, on the other hand, were weak, owing to realizations. There were no gold operations at the Bank. The inquiry for discount was not large. Out of doors money was in strong demand, owing to the payments of to-morrow being provided for, and the rate was fully 3 per cent. French Rentes closed at a rise of 10 centimes.

THE HENLEY COLONY. Yesterday Mr. Henley, the enterprising founder of the new English colony at Frayle Muerto, called at our office and favoured us with the following particulars, which we doubt not will much interest our readers, as since the memorable Monte-Grande Colony in 1825 in the time of Rivadavia, brought out by Mr. Parish Robertson; we have had nothing of the kind in this country. The Oneida which arrived in port yesterday has brought the following parties to start the colony:—Mr. and Mrs. Henley and 6 children. The Rev. Robert, and Mrs. Allen and two children.

Messrs. Mordaunt (2), Wellesley, Lawrence (2), Strauchan, Bromley, Bourne, Woodley, F. Henley, Fairdell, Colmore, Mansfield, Carey (2), Neild, Bolton, Robins (2), Dickenson, Morgan, Box, Young, Rosseter, Campbell, Pelly, Hamilton, Chawier, Evasus, Smith, Payton (2), Harrison, Crawford, Horner, Lucas, Webster, Arden, Hiron, Trenchard, Huddleston, Ward, Dunn, Yoekney, Halliday, Garford, besides eight farm servants and two carpenters.

Each party has brought a small wooden house. Mr. Henley has brought sufficient flax seed to sow from 600 to 800 acres, and agricultural implements of every description. A second batch of colonists under the care of Dr. Fox formerly of Paraguay, comes out by the next packet, and brings a

quantity of furniture &c., which the Oneida was unable to bring. A steamer has been engaged to convey the whole party to Rosario, and from thence they proceed by the Central Argentine Railway to Frayle Muerto. Mr. Henley has promised to act as special correspondent for us, and we hope to be able to keep our readers correctly informed as to the progress of the colony.

EDITOR'S TABLE. The Patagonia arrived at Montevideo on Wednesday evening. She brings four days later news than the Royal Mail Company's packet, Oneida which came into port yesterday morning. Mr. Drew, special agent of the company, came out in the Oneida and we are indebted to him for Lisbon papers per Patagonia to the 20th ult. The Pacific line is gaining rapidly in public favour, which we must really testify to being amply deserved, the Patagonia on this trip bringing out European intelligence in the shortest time that has yet been known, 20 days. On this side of the Atlantic the public and proprietors of the line owe much to the energy and ability of Messrs. Scott, Yarrow & Co. the agents in Montevideo, who are certainly second to no steam packet agents we know of. We owe to their activity another editorial victory in being able to present to our readers this morning the news per Patagonia which will be found in another column.

The European intelligence is very interesting and pre-eminently favourable in every sense. Produce is up, except tallow, and all our securities have risen considerably. Argentine Bonds have risen to 94 1/2 and 95, being now actually quoted higher than English Consols. There has been a bloody mutiny in Portugal in the army; the King's palace was attacked and many killed in the fight. Don Fernando has accepted the crown of Spain and the troubles of that unhappy country stand some chance of being appeased. The House of Commons has rejected by an overwhelming majority the proposal contained in Mr. Auberstruther's bill to allow the parliamentary suffrage to married women and to persons of that sex paying a certain amount of taxes. Ireland is still much agitated.

Since the remarkable lighting of our Puritan forefathers on Plymouth Rock no arrival of colonists on this continent has created such a sensation as that of Mr. Henley and his band of settlers, who reached here yesterday morning in the Oneida. We give in another column full particulars of what we may call this important event—for such it is. Upwards of 300 tons of agricultural machinery and wooden houses for each of the colonists have been brought out; and fifty first class settlers, with a further quantity of implements and machinery are coming out in the next packet. This scheme is far and away the best of its kind that has ever been started here. It has been carried through so far without any assistance from Government; has found widespread support in England as a purely private enterprise; those who have joined it are of the most respectable, some of them of the aristocratic families of England, and it is but reasonable to anticipate great advantage to the Republic and a brilliant success for Mr. Plymouth Rock Henley and his colonists.

The Pharmaceutical Society have just held their annual meeting with a view of electing a new President, Treasurer, Secretary and the members who make up the Commission. Professor Charles Murray was elected after an interval of two years, President for the third time. We congratulate Mr. Murray on the honour which has just been conferred on him, and the members of the Society in general for the wisdom and discretion they evinced in their choice. Mr. Murray is not only professionally known in Buenos Ayres, but in Europe and North America. He has been working hard for years to put the Buenos Ayres Pharmaceutical Society on a proper footing, and we think that he is succeeding fast, and will eventually place it on a level with the best of its kind elsewhere and superior to all its fellows in South America. We hope to see the Provincial authorities protect and foster the Board, for if properly managed, it may, as well as any other institute reflect the greatest credit on the people of the country. We know it is Mr. Murray's intention to introduce many innovations which will greatly enhance its merits, if red-tape do not come in his way. We shall not just yet inquire into the nature of his programme, but shall reserve our observations for an extensive article on the utility of the Pharmaceutical Society, the good which it may eventually effect and the glory which it has in store if properly managed and fostered.

It is very flattering to see how this country improves, in spite of the frequent riots raised by our eternal peace breakers, like Jordan or others. As an example of this assertion, we are happy to note the great difference existing between the early thatched roof luts for the Saladero business, and the present solid buildings with beautiful French tile-roofs in the shape of the one just started by Messrs. Peyrera and Loisean, being indeed one of the best of its kind. The machinery is also first rate, built by Messrs. Stephens and Kay.

Mr. Obilde and his partner, who have started an English settlement in Corrientes, left town yesterday morning for that Province. The concert to be given to-night at the Coliseum by our German friends in aid of their Hospital in this city promises to prove a rich musical treat to connoisseurs. The demand for tickets—which can still be had at Messrs. Mackern's, and to-night at the entrance door—has been unusual; and a very crowded and fashionable attendance is expected. A concert exclusively got up by Germans never fails to succeed, for both in selection and execution it is certain to excel. Mr. Krutisch, whose fame as a musician needs no testimony from us, seems to have exalted himself on this occasion in the "bonne bouchie" he has provided for the friends of the German Hospital, for we find in the programme classical gems of Mendelssohn, Beethoven, Spohr, and Gounod, mixed with the lighter productions of Rossini, Verdi, and other composers. All the leading German amateurs of the metropolis are amongst the performers, and this, coupled with the charitable object in view, will certainly fill the concert hall to overflowing; so we recommend our fair friends to go early and secure places.

Mrs. Lynch returned to this city on Wednesday from Rosario, with all her children and suite. She will probably leave for Europe in the City of Limerick. Respecting the movements of Mr. John George, it appears he went from here last week and reached Parana on Saturday last, from which place he started with General Conesa for Villa Urquiza, it was supposed to hold a conference with Lopez Jordau, the result of which, however, has not transpired.

Another English flying squadron may soon be expected in the Plate. The Narcissus, well known here, forms part of the squadron. The Pylades has returned from target practice at Maldonado; the men exhibited very satisfactory proficiency at the guns. When running into Montevideo, the Pylades tried to render assistance to a German brig stuck hard and fast on Point Garçon, but the wreck was too firmly wedged, and the war vessel was obliged to leave her.

We find by our exchanges per Patagonia that McGregor won the Two Thousand guineas. Whoever drew this horse, in the Standard sweepstakes ought to be able to make a fair book for the Dorby.

The Rural Society had a meeting last night on the question of the cattle plague; particulars to-morrow. The revolution in Portugal appears a very serious affair. His Majesty Dom Luis seems to have behaved in a most vacillating and even pusillanimous way during the crisis.

The river has fallen suddenly. Yesterday the water receded beyond the mole-head, to the terrible inconvenience of inward and outward bound passengers; the mud larks however had a fine time of it.

Colonel Ascasubi, well known on the foreign recruiting service of this country, was expected out in the Oneida, but has not arrived. It is generally supposed that General Galarza will be the new Governor of Entre Rios vice Diok Delany Jordan cashiered.

Several valuable statues, supposed to have been sacrilegiously stolen from Paraguayan churches, have been seized by order of Government on board the Flor del Rio, lying in the roads. The Ptolemy, Captain Hayes left yesterday for Liverpool. We sent a special bulletin home by her containing the safe arrival of the Henley colony and other late news.

We had a visit yesterday from Professor Douglas, V.S., whose letter on the cattle plague we will publish to-morrow; it merits serious attention. "Doctors differ and patients die," so do animals when their medical advisers disagree. Professor D. says the present disease is not a mild but a very serious one, and that sick cows do give milk; his brother professionals, Remy and Zufa, on the part of the Board of Health, say the contrary. Dr. D. says the milk is dangerous; Drs. R. and Z. say it is not; meanwhile a child is known to have fallen ill from taking it, so we are inclined to agree with Professor D., and intend keeping milk and sir'ious at a distance till our bovine friends recover their health.

It was known on Wednesday that Colonel Broad-and-water (Panfagua) had surrendered to the national troops in Entre Rios. Col. Lopez has given a small party of rebels a sound drubbing, and Lopez Jordau is said to intend levitating to the Banda Oriental. If so, General Conesa should remember that a sound tactician often leaves a bridge for a flying enemy; once he has crossed it, it is easy to prevent his return.

Notwithstanding the tramways, all the produce business seems to have fitted for the present from the Once to the South Plaza. We ran up yesterday in Lacroz's fine tramway cars to the former market, and found it full of emptiness, with the exception of a few lots of wheat; we subsequently rattled down Constitution Hill by the Southern Railway tramway, and found all-animating in the market at this side, as will be seen by our special reporter's remarks in our city article.

The war 'materiel' stored at San José has fallen into the hands of the



# SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU AND Co. 101-Cangallo-103 BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mau & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mau & Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from nine a.m. till three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned. Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mau & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mau & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. MAU & Co.,  
M. A. DE FRUITAS AMORIM.

## CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Dollar Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. c.) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes to open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. MAU & Co.  
M. A. DE FRUITAS AMORIM.

# LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, [LIMITED].

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CITY OF LIMERICK, CITY OF RIO JANEIRO,  
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UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH HER MAJESTY'S POST-MASTER GENERAL AND THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

The R.M.S.S. CITY OF LIMERICK will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 17th inst.

The R.M.S.S. CITY OF RIO JANEIRO is the next Steamer expected.

This Company will despatch a Steamer with Mails every month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres.

From London, 27th; Antwerp, 1st; Falmouth, 3rd.

From Buenos Ayres, 17th; Montevideo, 20th; Rio Janeiro, 27th; to Falmouth, Antwerp, and London.

Passengers, Parcels, and Mail for England, will be landed at Falmouth, and forwarded to London by a special arrangement with the Royal Mail Steamship Company.

Passage money to Falmouth £35; to Antwerp, £35; to Rio Janeiro, 800 Pata. Freight on Special one-half per cent payable here.

All LETTERS must be taken to the Post-office.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned Agents.

WOODGATE BROTHERS, Shipbroker,  
42 Calle San Martin.

# As a Proof of the superiority of the Thrashing Machinery, Manufactured by CLAYTON, SHUTTLEWORTH and CO., They beg to call attention to the following Statement.

ENGINES. MACHINES.	1867.	1868.
Engines and Machines sent out in year 1868 .....	812	644
Total Number sent out up to Dec. 31st, 1868 .....	8,921	7,985

The Gold Medal was awarded them at the Paris Exhibition, 1867, for Portable Engines and Thrashing Machinery; and at the last trial of the Royal Agricultural Society they gained every FIRST PRIZE offered for Steam Engines, also the Prize of £15 for Finishing Thrashing Machines, and Silver Medal for special improvements, on which occasion the following Firms, amongst others, competed—Messrs. Ransomes and Sims, Tuxford and Sons, Reading Iron Works Company Limited, Brown and May, Alkalin and Son, Barrows and Co., Mitchell, Humphreys, Marshall, Ross and Co. Limited, Burrell, Ruston, Proctor and Co., Hoby and Co. Limited, Holmes and Sons, E. and F. Turner, P. and H. Gibbons, Tasker and Son, Nalder and Nalder, Riches and Watts, Wallace and Haslem, Catchpole and Thompson, &c., &c.

Notes.—The Royal Agricultural Society will not hold another trial of Portable Steam Engines and Thrashing Machinery until the year 1872.

# Clayton, Shuttleworth, & Co., STEAM END WORKS, LINCOLN, And 78, LOMBARD STREET, LONDON. Catalogues and every information forwarded post free. 236,52pw,j69

## THE CANGALLO TRAMWAY.

LEAVES ONCE PER SEPTENNARY.	A.M.	P.M.
From San Martin (Corner of Cangallo)	7:00	8:30
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