

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

The "Standard" Office

NEW AND CENTRAL PREMISES 116 & 118 SAN MARTIN, (Alongside the Balsa).

REMA TE

PABLO ESCALANTE.

Judicial.

De la magnífica y tenebrosa quinta, perteneciente a la testamentaria de Da. Tomasa Acevedo de Bejarano...

El jueves 24 del corriente a las 6 en punto de la tarde se ha vendido a la más alta postura y dinero de contado, una magnífica quinta cuyo por menor se como sigue...

El día del remate habrá carruajes en la plaza de la Victoria para conducir a los interesados...

JOHN GEOGHEGAN REQUESTS all persons indebted to him for Board and Lodging in the Victoria Hotel...

LA MODERNA DE CORDOVA. On the 18th inst., there will be another DRAWING.

1810 PRIZES. The Sale of Tickets will conclude at Three p.m. same day.

FOR SALE. New, dark, picked with black, WHITE CHAPEL DRAG, panelled and framed complete...

TO LET, at 319 Calle Parque, a comfortable 3 rooming-house, with NITR. Rooms, papered, Three Bathes, and all the modern conveniences...

WET NURSE wanted, in Calle Suipacha, No. 316, at once.

PER MAIL. Turner, Forbes Littlejohn, Michael Scery, B. Bridget Hogan, E. Redney Huxley, Turner, Joseph Henderson, Thomas Flannigan, J. Patton, Bolton Moloney, John Thomas, John Scallan, Miss Della Ryan.

ANSWER TO ADVERTISERS. Needlemoan, N. L. 2, M. M. W. S., B. Cochran, T.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD. DAILY, per Month \$30. WEEKLY, per Month \$10.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer...

The Standard. Will fail and cease, unless non ceases direct.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1870.

Special Telegram for "Standard."

Montevideo, Feb. 15, 1870, 6.50, P.M.

Paper opened at 6 1/2, and closed at same price. Exchange on London £5,000 at 52 1/2 and 52 3/4 gold.

On France 50,000 francs at 5.15 paper, 80,000 francs at 5.12 and 5.15 paper. 70,000 francs at 5.50 and 5.47 and 5.48 gold. 63,542 francs at 5.49 and 5.50 gold.

On Rio small quantities drawn at 12.30 per pound gold. At the last hour has been drawn one thousand ounces at 12.45 per pound gold.

Sold one thousand crates classified for American reserved prices. The cargo of the St John's, composed of 274,000 feet pine, white, at 33 pesos fuertes aboard.

Weather fine. JUDICIAL REFORM. Tengas plicitos y los garen.—Was ever proverb true? Fools that we all have been, both plaintiff and defendant.

Judge Agrelo, Judge Garcia Fernandez and Dr. Don Juan Carlos Gomez have placed the River Plate public under a debt which can never be sufficiently repaid. For years the complaints about the maladministration of justice have been so persistent and so loud that public opinion was unanimous as to the necessity of reform.

Millions of the public moneys have been spent in compiling codes and revising statutes, but litigation was ever as costly and as difficult as before, and although our laws were admitted to be fair enough, and drawn up in the proper spirit, still relief was a thing so utterly

out of the question that any compromise was regarded as better than a lawsuit. We all, however, fought shy of "bolling the cat." Our laws were good enough, but our procedure was little short of infamous and our bench corrupt.

It may interest our readers to learn the cause of these judicial revelations which have provoked such a wide-spread impression, and laid the axe at the root of the greatest, the most scoundrelous, and the most grievous abuse that could possibly exist in any civilized community.

Judge Fernandez says in his note to the chief justice of the Supreme Court that having read the resolution of the court respecting judicial sales of real estate, he feels that as regards his Court, the new rules are founded upon erroneous conceptions, and that jealousy of his honor after 24 years of practice during which he has earned nothing but a good name which he leaves to his children; he calls upon the Court to reconsider the matter.

The Court, referred Judge Fernandez's note to the Fiscal Dr. Ugarte, the Fiscal sent the note back with a very sharp rejoinder, and blames Judge Fernandez for admitting that the cap fitted him if his character as a Judge was so above suspicion.

Judge Agrelo states that it is notorious that Judge Garcia Fernandez, is a corrupt and unworthy judge, that he has used his influence as judge to fill the pockets of his partner a well-known lawyer whose friendship he boasts of for more than 20 years...

Judge Agrelo defends himself against the charge of favoritism towards the auctioneers, and quotes the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Gowland the auctioneer confirming his decree when appealed from, and in order to take the bite out of the matter, Judge Agrelo confesses that after ten years "estanciering" he has made the trifle of one million mje. in cows.

Mr. Barnard and two other gentlemen hired a coach at San Juan for 100 dollars, engaging also to pay all the posting expenses of the journey. They started on January 26th, reached Mendoza in two days, and halted there a day to rest; they made the distance to San Luis in three days, and thence to Rio Cuarto three days more.

Dr. D. Juan Carlos Gomez, who may beaptly termed a tribune of the people, has for years called public attention to the wretched state of the courts; the fight of the Judges afforded him a splendid opportunity for again entering the lists as a judicial reformer; his letter which we published yesterday fell like a bombshell upon the Cabildo.

charge of the Guallian mines, which Mr. Barnard leaves in good order and progressing favorably. It seems the samples of gold quartz bought from the neighbors were pronounced in England to be remarkably rich.

MONTEVIDEOAN EXPORTS.

Table with 2 columns: Description and Value. Includes items like wool, sheepskins, and various goods with their respective values.

By the above returns it will be seen that wool and sheepskins form about 37 per cent. hides 22, live cattle 14, jerked beef 9, tallow 7, hair 3, and miscellaneous 8 per cent. of the total.

The increase in sheep has been very great, since we find that in 1861 the number was set down at 3,618,000, whereas the above table shows about 48 million lbs. wool, which at 3lb. per fleece gives the number of sheep in 1869 at 16 millions.

The number of horned cattle must be even greater than is supposed (ten millions) for we see that the returns of hides go up close on a million, besides 200,000 live animals sent to Rio Grande during the year.

LATEST FROM SAN JUAN.

Mr. Barnard of the San Juan mining company has just arrived from Guallian, en route for England, and gives a lamentable account of the difficulties of travelling in the Interior since the stoppage of the Mensajerias.

Mr. Barnard and two other gentlemen hired a coach at San Juan for 100 dollars, engaging also to pay all the posting expenses of the journey.

They had fine cool weather, for most of the way, except the last few days, when it rained heavily. The post masters were as extortionate as may be imagined; they obliged the travellers to pay one and a half and sometimes two reals per league for each horse, though the legal charge is only one real.

We are glad to hear that Mr. Barnard observes a great change in the appearance of the Pampas since his journey of sixteen months ago; the population and live stock have visibly increased everywhere. A road is also quite safe, although formerly exposed to Indians, and the protection of the frontier begins to show good results.

Count D'Eu is making preparations to give Lopez this coup de grace and wind up the protracted campaign by a vigorous stroke. The last batch of families arrived from the mountains states that Lopez is no longer at Panadero, but has left there a force of 300 men with some artillery to defend the pass, while his own whereabouts is now a complete mystery.

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The Count has made contracts for 3,000 mules and 6,000 horses, which are to be in readiness at Villa Rosario and Concepcion by May or June. By that time he will have organized a flying column of horse, foot and artillery, all mounted and with a supply of provisions for a long march.

ARRIVALS.

Cadiz, Symptulic, salt, Zimmermann, Fair. Genoa, Potoiu, 542 passengers. Glasgow, Johanna, general cargo, H. Clarke. Valparaiso, Schumacher, flour, Marini.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Our readers can have little conception of the trouble and labor attending the removal of a printing office; the moving oven of household furniture is a labor which calls for an exercise of patience and moral courage that taxes us to our utmost; but to move types, presses, paper, etc., is a task at which even the strongest-minded might grow pale.

Villa Occidental which was originally a French colony founded by Lopez 1st. on the Chaco side, about 5 leagues above Asuncion, is now claimed by the Argentines who propose to call it Villa Sarmiento. Mr. Hopkins has a saw mill here, but it would seem the place must belong of right either to Paraguay or Bolivia.

MONTEVIDEO.

GREAT TRIAL AT THE SAN FELIPE.

The state-prosecution by Minister Bustamante against the editor of the Siglo was commenced on Saturday at the San Felipe theatre in presence of a more crowded house than ever Orpheus aux Enfers or any other piece has ever drawn to these boards. A request had been made for the Solis theatre, which would admit double as large an attendance, but the 'Comision' refused to cede it, saying that the house was only intended for theatrical performances.

The Douro sailed at her appointed hour yesterday afternoon. The baby took off the last batch of passengers from the mole head shortly after three o'clock. The Douro takes an unusually heavy mail this time; the demand for our Packet Edition was exceptional, and we were obliged yesterday morning to strike off a very large number in addition to our usual complement. It is believed that the details sent to Europe of the reception of the President in the Provinces must be looked on in a very favorable light at home and have the best effect on the status of the Republic abroad.

our Courts of Justice, There is the wildest consternation amongst the lower strata of pettifoggery attorneys, the Jury list, and after numberless excuses and objections the following gentlemen were empanelled to try this cause celebre:—

Messrs. P. Bauza, Camilo Carrasco, Leopoldo Mendoza, Hope Lafone, Justo Fernandez, José Navia, and Antonio Montero. The following being substitutes:— Messrs. Ag. Correa, Antonio Sosa, F. Castellanos, A. Abalos, José Ximenez, F. Espinosa, and Thomas Tomkinson.

The trial was fixed for today, but the owner of the theatre refuses to allow it to proceed in the San Felipe; Dr. Ramirez also insists on being allowed another day to prepare his defence. It seems the affair of the Old Market, which was rented out by Minister Bustamante, is one of the grounds on which Ramirez bases his charges.

To-day, as the Telegraph states, a detachment composed of General Borges, Colonel Moyano, and Sr. Perez Gomar went to the Government House and had an interview with the President, the purport of which is unknown.

General Pozzolo continues very ill, and General Castro, recently returned from Paraguay, is spoken of as his successor in the War Office.

Letters from Rio to the 7th say that the epidemic has not yet abated. A Russian gunboat has arrived at Bahia, from Brest, en route for the River Plate.

A house in Calle Rincon was broken into last night by burglars, but they were captured in the act.

Gold is rising, last quotation being 63 per cent. Eight shares of Banco Hipotecario at 52. Exchange on France, 70,000 frs. at 5.10 to 5.15 paper, and 30,000 at 5.47 to 5.50 gold.

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The time is rapidly approaching for the opening of the Cordoba Exhibition; the few months now intervening before the expiring of the date fixed for the opening of the Palace leaves but little time for preparation. Cases of goods for exhibition have already arrived from abroad, and a number of vessels are expected with similar cargoes during next month.

On Friday night the Colon Theatre will be opened for a performance for the benefit of the members of the orchestra. Among other attractions in the programme we note the Pastoral Symphony, by Beethoven, a masterpiece of that composer, and also Gottschalk's last composition. These two pieces, alone, independently of the meritorious object to which the proceeds of the performance will be dedicated, will, we trust, ensure a full house.

Our Italian colleague says that Juan Manuel Rosas Ex-Dictator of this Republic, has sent a magnificent present to His Holiness the Pope, at the same time asking his blessing and absolution for his past crimes.

There has been a fierce election riot in Tucuman on the occasion of choosing a successor to Dr. Frias in the National Senate, that gentleman having been elected governor of Tucuman. The representatives of the three candidates, Drs. Posse, Villafañe, and Zavaleta, met at the polling booths and a glorious free fight ensued.

The citizens of Cordoba are still crying over the National Guard split milk; they say the fault lies with Gen. Arredondo, who insisted on having the men disarmed at Rosario, and thus spoiled the pageant through the absence of shouldered arms, fixed bayonets glistening in the sun, etc.

A letter from Rio Cuarto to the Tribuna states that the Indian detention has returned home having ratified in every particular the treaty of peace as amended by our Government. General Arredondo had arrived on the frontier. There has been a good deal of rain on the frontier, and the maize crop is entirely destroyed, but all the green and fruit crops have proved first rate.

The Provincial Government are, "if the line be constructed by the Provincial Government itself the National Executive will give an immediate subvention of £300 sterling per mile towards the cost; if private enterprise be appealed to both Governments shall share equally the 7 per cent. guarantee which it will be necessary to give to the contracting company." It is thought the Province will make the line, and that the first proposition will be accepted.

Of the eighteen Presidents of American Republics, Don José J. Perez, President of Chile, is the oldest; and Don Francisco Baca, President of Nicaragua, the youngest.

Hector Varela distinguished himself the other night at the Italian banquet at the Pobre Diablo. He made a stirring and fervid oration on the merits of Republicanism, which excited his mercurial auditory to the most enthusiastic pitch.

A statement has been published, by the Reforma of Rosario, to the effect that the Banco Rosario de Santa Fé has at present in circulation notes to the amount of 4,000 dollars; against this it holds 57,000 Bolivianos, and 60,000 dollars in bills and other securities of the soundest kind.

We had a visit yesterday from an old friend, Mr. Michael McDonnell, of San Pedro. We are happy to say he gave us the most cheering accounts of the progress of that place. The camps are in prime condition, and sheep as fat as can be wished. Thirty-seven dollars is to be had easily for fat wethers, and on Governor Castro's large estates in the neighborhood, twenty dollars has been lately refused for sheep by the cut.

An idea is again being ventilated in England to the effect that, in view of the dearth of meat and the little chance there seems at present of importing from this country or Australia a sufficient supply in a palatable form, grain growing should be abandoned and agriculturists induced to direct greater attention to raising beef and mutton. This course has been often advocated before, but it is around in many points, though, could good harvests be always counted on in the great grain growing countries, it might be followed with impunity, or even benefit in England, where meat is a luxury almost unknown to the very poor classes.

The latest advices from Rosario are of a very distressing character. On Saturday three people died from what was at first supposed to be cholera, but on enquiry turned out to be simple indigestion, caused by over eating water-melons. The unfortunate men in question had partaken largely of the fruit, and afterwards the impudence to bathe immediately. One of them, in addition, took a 'mate,' and the other a tumbler of French wine. In a few hours they were all dead. The authorities made a raid on the markets and fruit vendors and had all the melons and urripe fruit they could lay their hands on pitched into the Parana. The townspeople are in a state of great alarm, and it is probable the lesson may not be thrown away on them. It is a miracle we have not had something similar in Buenos Ayres, for the quantity of urripe fruit daily sold and consumed in this city is very large, and market inspectors seem to think the abuse a mere nothing.

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Our Italian colleague says that Juan Manuel Rosas Ex-Dictator of this Republic, has sent a magnificent present to His Holiness the Pope, at the same time asking his blessing and absolution for his past crimes. Cur colleague professes to take this news from an English paper published in Rome, it must therefore of course be authentic, though at first taste the news has a good deal of that flavour peculiar to a 'canard.'

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A new line of telegraph is about to be established between this city and Rosario. The National Government gives up to the Provincial the existing line between San Nicolas and Rosario, and in exchange new wires which will be at the disposal of the National Executive will be laid down from this city to Rosario. The official despatches ratifying this argument have been exchanged between the respective Ministers.

The auction of Dr. Montes de Oca's furniture and books began yesterday. We have not yet received any details of the prices obtained. General Grant, President of the United States, is said, according to Lisbon telegrams, to be about to visit Europe, and has officially announced this intention to the Courts of London, Paris, St. Petersburg and Berlin. The terms proposed by the National Government respecting the division of the cost of the railway to Rosario with

columns to the great topic of the day

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tions have been strictly copied from the originals in Paris. During Carnival the Progresso Club will give three balls, and the La Plata two.

The latest news from Paraguay is of some importance. On the 5th inst. several women who had for some time been wandering about since their escape from Lopez, came into General Camara's lines, and said that the fugitive President had escaped through the forest of Chiguel to Dorado, a Brazilian colony in Matto Grosso, and intended getting from thence into Bolivia.

The Prussian Ministry of Foreign Affairs is at last nominally as well as really changed into an organ of the North German Confederation. Prussia therefore, will no longer have separate representatives at foreign Courts.

A remarkable article has just appeared in the Moscow Gazette. It points out that, partly from the new military organization, which makes the army both numerically stronger and more easily transportable, and partly from the progress made in the construction of Russian Railways, Russia is now enormously more powerful than she was at the time of the Crimean war.

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The shearing is now some time over, and as it is always "the case about this time a good many 'waifs' are knocking about, young men who at home were broken down parsons, doctors, merchants, &c. after having spent their money which they made at the time of the shearing, are now looking out for employment, glad to get anything to do—these I call "the waifs of the camp."

We have had plenty of rain recently, but we could have wished for it sooner. The maize crops this year are nothing to boast of, still it is not a failure. We have had good barley crops this year.

Information has been received here as regards Prince Arthur's hunting expedition. He arrived safe at the camp, about 100 miles distant from Ottawa, on Friday evening last.

be the collection of their fees, preparatory to entering on that long journey in search of a future home, deep down in the dominions of his Statuistic majesty whither they were all slowly but surely tending.

A monument to the Prussian statesman and patriot, Baron Von Stein, was opened at Herdecke on the 17th ult. It consists of a watchtower ninety feet high on the summit of the Kaisersberg.

The Holborn Viaduct is rich in subways. It is a compound brick tube; a species of elongated honeycomb; or an edifice 1,400 ft. long, by 80 ft. wide, and of varied height, pierced transversely by two streets and a railway.

I wrote you some time ago, if I mistake not about the 14th of October last year, about a young man whose name was Blair or Clarke, who stole from a Scotchman a silver watch and a horse. He had no difficulty in getting work on a large English estancia, and was employed as cook to the shearer; there he became acquainted with a carpenter who had been only a short time in the country.

The carpenter, I am told, had about six thousand dollars. He purchased for Mr. Blair a horse, and rigged him out with gear, etc. The carpenter purchased for himself a really good horse and English saddle, the two costing him one thousand dollars; the two had made it up to go on some romantic expedition, and what with plenty of dollars and a good stiff glass of brandy, they were in buoyant spirits.

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up at once to this port. We suppose her passengers will be landed at Martin Garcia and quarantined.

Export business is generally slackening, and shipbrokers complain that cargo is getting scarce. The total cargo since the 12th January, 1870 was as follows:—

Table with columns: Goods, Tons, Shells, Tons. Includes items like Sulfur, Saltpetre, and various oils.

Barichuan, to load in port, for orders, salted hides, 30s and 5 per cent.

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MESES LUMPERT and HOLL'S LINE, under Postal Contract with Her Majesty's Government and that of Brazil.

Table with columns: Ship, Tons, Shells, Tons. Lists ships like KAPLEK, GIBBER, and others.

THE S.S. PASCAL, 1878 TONS, Captain JOHNSON, Will be despatched from Buenos Ayres for ANTWERP.

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NOTICE. British Consulate, Buenos Ayres. JAMES LARMONIE.

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LATEST FROM CHASCOMUS.

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RIVER PLATE AGRICULTURAL, INDUSTRIAL AND MARITIME UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION.

Patronized and assisted by the Government of Buenos Ayres.

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THE PARAGUAYAN WAR.

The War in Paraguay, with a historical sketch of the Country and its People, and Notes upon the Military Engineering of the War.

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ENGLISH LIVERY STABLE.

HAMILTON BUCKNALL, Proprietor.

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