

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Franco Argentine Theatre. COMPANIA DRAMATICA ITALIANA. ADELAIDE RISTORI. Martes 14 de Septiembre, 1869.

ITALIAN CIRCUS. DE G. CHIARINI. PLAZA PARQUE. Performance every Night, with a Change.

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE MAIL STEAMERS. Messrs. Lamport and Holt's Line, under Postal Contract with Her Majesty's Government.

FRANCISCO ARGENTINE THEATRE. COMPANIA DRAMATICA ITALIANA. ADELAIDE RISTORI. Martes 14 de Septiembre, 1869.

FRESH BUTTER. Received twice a week from BROOMHOUSE FARM.

C. EDDIE, MONTEVIDEO. General Agent for Mr. Melrose, Frayle Muerto.

J. S. HUNT AND CO. 50-RECONQUISTA-50

SARRATEA AND CARVALHO, Public Translators and Auctioneers, Commercial Accountants and General Commission Agents.

TO BE LET, the convenient and compact Dwelling House, No. 902 CALLE RIVADAVIA.

TO LET, a Furnished Room, in a respectable native house. Apply at No. 295 Calle Florida.

TO LET, some nice-furnished Rooms, for single gentlemen or married couples, with or without board. Apply at No. 304 Calle Artes.

WANTED, a female, to take care of children, at No. 194 Calle Potasi.

WANTED, a Housemaid. Apply at No. 272 Calle Corrientes.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD. DAILY, per Month \$30. WEEKLY, per Month \$10. PACKET EDITION, Single Copy 5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer.

ANSWERS TO ADVERTISERS. Book-keeper... 2. Professor... 2.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS IN MONTEVIDEO. From and after the 1st of October we intend sending round the "Daily Standard" by a "repositor" on arrival of the morning steamer.

The Standard.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1869.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR "STANDARD"

THE INDIGNATION MEETING.

Montevideo, Sept. 13, 4.30 p.m. At two p.m. the meeting announced for to-day took place in the Bolsa: the attendance was sufficiently large.

The committee was composed of D. Ramon Arceña, D. Agustín Castro, and D. Guillermo M'Lean.

The following document, stating the object of the meeting, was then read: The majority at the meeting of the merchants of this city, held in the Bolsa, with the view of exchanging opinions and determining on a course of action best suited to their interests in respect to the Government decree of the 8th inst., ordering the burning of the bonds held as a guarantee for the notes now in circulation of the banks in liquidation, resolved to name a committee, for the following purposes—

1st. To make use of their right to respectfully petition the Government against the provisions of said decree as an outrage on the rights of property, against the holders of the bank notes, such decree being contrary to the law of July 7, 1869, Arts. 4, 5, and 13.

2ndly. The said committee, as exponent of the views of the commercial public of Montevideo, will take the liberty to suggest to the Government such steps or arrangements as will cause a return of confidence among commercial circles.

The said committee, after fulfilling their duty so far, will then call another meeting to report upon their measures and the results obtained.

Paper money, 12 to 12 1/2 ds. Exchange done on London at 50 1/2 gold, and 50 1/2.

On France, 80,000 francs at 5.27 to 5.30 gold, and at 4.60 and 4.65 paper.

TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATION WITH NEW YORK.

The London papers arrived per Arno announce that the prospectus of the West India and Panama Telegraph Company [Limited] has been issued, with a proposed capital of £250,000 in 65,000 shares.

This is good news for the River Plate, and as the enterprise is seriously taken up by English capitalists we may look for its speedy realization.

Sometime ago a project was spoken of in the United States, to run telegraph wires along the Pacific from California to Valparaiso, with a branch line across the Andes to Buenos Ayres.

The present project is understood to be ancillary to the Anglo-American submarine cable, seeking to connect the Brazils first to the United States and then with Europe.

The distance from Rio Janeiro to St. Thomas following the coast line, is 4400 miles, and this part of the work, as seems to us, can be easily completed in twelve months.

Thomas's following the coast line, is 4400 miles, and this part of the work, as seems to us, can be easily completed in twelve months.

The first Atlantic cable was a daring venture, now it has numerous imitators, and before long we shall have the circuit of the globe intersected with a network of wires and cables something like the railway map of England.

At first the charge by the Atlantic cable was £20 per message of 20 words, but now you can send a message from London to New York for 30 shillings, and it is likely the competition of the new French cable will reduce the cost still further.

The advantages to commerce will be incalculable when we can have hourly telegrams from the London Stock Exchange, or send a message to England and get an answer in a few hours.

Perhaps before the end of the coming year 1870 this will come to pass, and then the River Plate will be more intimately connected with the life, commerce, and intercourse of the great nations of the earth.

THE CASCADINA AT TIJUCA.

To describe Mrs Kidd's chaera at the Lomas de Zamora, Watson's at Belgrano, or the fashionable swamps of the Tigre, have been tasks agreeable as suitable to our pen; the meekness of nature in the artificial peach mounts or two-year-old willows, can be dilated upon, and a trip to any country place about Buenos Ayres has ever afforded us a chance to slip from politics to green lanes and napadny hedges; we can clothe a wire-din chaera at the Lomas, or even a horsepond, the property of a broker, with associations which at least make the matter for the general reader agreeable;—but when we soar above such topics, when we come face to face with nature in its grandest form, we are awed at the magnitude of the task, and would fain leave it for other pens.

Yet who has ever yet fully described Niagara?—of all the numerous descriptions published, not one but has fallen far short of the original, and so it is ever, when the effort is to reduce the grandeur of nature to pen, ink, and paper.

Up in the clouds, shut in, in a little valley 1200 feet over the highest house top in Rio, and by the birds, the frogs, the beetles, and the waterfalls in one constant chorus, here we are at the far-famed Bennett's of Tijuca. In company with Mr. Middleton, the late First Secretary of Legation and Mr. Hopkirk, we visited on Monday the waterfall at Boa Vista called the Cascadina. The road from Tijuca to the waterfall is most charmingly romantic—climbing up a narrow pass in the mountains, we arrived panting at the princely residence of the late Mr. Ginty, who was one of the most successful Irishmen in Brazil: he came out some years ago to establish the Gasworks of Rio, and in the year 1865 built this beautiful country residence on the peak of one of the highest hills that overhang Boa Vista; but, as the Spanish proverb goes—

"casa hecha, sepultura abierta," poor Mr. Ginty did not long survive to enjoy his Brazilian paradise; he died in 1867, and the place is now rented to a Mr Eden, second secretary of the British Legation, at the very moderate rent of £200 per annum—which is extremely cheap, considering that the house is furnished. No man on visiting this mountain house could for a moment doubt Mr Ginty's business, for perched on the pillars of the entrance are two large gas lamps, Mr Ginty having carried the gas from the city up to the summit of the mountain, a distance of eight miles. The view from this spot completely baffles description. From the parapets before the house, on one side, can be seen the sea dashing in at the base of the Gavia mountain, whilst on the opposite side you have Rio, with its unequalled bay, basking beneath your feet. The house and ground cost the late Mr Ginty £12,000. Close by, and just peeping out from among the trees, is the residence of Mr Holdman, the present acting manager of the gas works. We pass down the mountain now, pausing at every turn to catch the view; but the head grows dizzy at the height, and the yawning ravines, which here and there open upon us. At last we reach the pleasant little village of Boa Vista, and well it deserves its name. On every side we note sweet country dwellings. This is the residence of Mr Smith, of the firm of J. I. Smith & Co. Now we come upon the palatial residence of the Baron Amparo, originally built and laid out by Mr Iobkirk, who was once the first English merchant of Rio and who founded the Bank of Brazil; but fortune gave this excellent and worthy countryman a kick, and he was obliged to sell his homestead; he lives hard in a sweet but unpretending villa, and is now a prosperous broker in the city. German and English merchants occupy the various residences which surround the Plaza, and the waters from the torrent which comes tumbling down the mountain are caught by the art of man to supply Rio with water. We cross the bridge in front of the reservoir, and turn up the road which leads to a most surpassingly beautiful glen. Now the rush of the torrent from above can be heard, but is as yet hidden from view. At last we sight a sweet cottage perched at the very base of the falls, once the Gretna of Rio, and subsequently the well-known residence of Mr Hamilton,

who was for so many years British Consul at Rio. We now come upon a rude granite bridge, and then before us is the 'cascadina.' In rainy seasons the volume of water which dashes down the rocks for about 120 feet is immense; but now is a season of drought, and the torrent is less majestic. Mr Middleton, who knows every nook and corner hereabouts, led us up a by-path, and brought us to the rocks at the very base of the cascade. The roar of the waters was such that it was necessary to shout to be heard. On either side of the cascade rose majestic mountains clothed in perpetual verdure, tall palms, odoriferous mangoes, and weeping bananas, covered the hill sides. We took our seats upon what is termed the pic-nic rock, and amused ourselves reading the names of visitors who cut their initials on the trees, or etched their patronymics on the rocks. Here on this very spot, many years ago, Mrs Hamilton, whilst bathing, descried a horrid snake playing with her baby on the bank, and with the inspired courage of a mother, she rushed to her cottage for a hatchet, and cut the snake in two before it had time to devour the helpless infant. On that wide spreading mango tree hung for years the trophy of a mother's heroism, until some pilfering stranger walked off with the dead reptile. On yonder rock, only last month, Mr Warden, the talented accountant of the River Plate Bank, slipped down and tumbled into the water.

Happy would it be that these were the only anecdotes connected with the falls, but a few years ago a picnic party was held on the summit, when one of the ladies missed a little child. The nurse, a negress, rushed wildly about in search of the child, and in looking over the precipice slipped her foot and "jumped the life to come;" she was shattered to pieces when found below, whilst the child was discovered safe and sound in the bushes on the top; a sailor boy also tumbled over, and was dashed to atoms. On the summit is the residence of the ruined banker, Souto; but strangers who visit these parts would do well always to inspect these falls from below, for on the heights it is ever dangerous and disagreeable. After sauntering about here for a while, we returned to Bennett's. The day was too far advanced to attempt the peak of Tijuca, or the Vista dos Reyes. We returned through the village of Boa Vista, the only English village in Brazil, called Vista dos Ingleses, owing to the numerous English villas hereabouts. Messrs. Morrissey and Baird have two beautiful houses overlooking Rio; Boa Vista is eight and a half miles from Rio, and two and a half from foot of hill where the omnibuses stop. Mules to ascend the mountain can be had there for two milreis; in fact the whole charge from the city to Bennett's at Tijuca is about five shillings, but a coach from the city costs £2.—There is nothing in Buenos Ayres to equal Bennett's;—but of this anon.—We turned down the mountain, and arrived as the dinner bell echoed through the glen.

EDITOR'S TABLE. The Annis sailed on Sunday for France, taking an average number of passengers and a large mail. There was a supplementary steamer last night, and the Rosario also goes down this evening.

The Gualeguay arrived on Sunday from Asuncion, bringing a number of sick and wounded men, and some women and children. The latter were almost naked, although as is usual in Paraguay, wearing a quantity of the trumpery jewellery of the country.—The wounded men seemed in a shocking state, some of them with legs or arms shot away, others with heads bandaged, one of whom, who had the back part of the skull shot away, having it closed up with thin pieces of board. These poor fellows seemed in a shocking state of neglect and dirt, a circumstance reflecting but little credit on the hospital or transport service of the army. They were taken in omnibuses to the military hospitals.

The weather being fine on Sunday, the various railways had their share of pleasure seekers. Belgrano, Palermo, Flores, Moron, and our other suburban villages had many promenaders. The attendance of the fashionable world in the Bois was rather thinner than usual. The increasing number of elegant barouches and vehicles of every kind to be seen here and in our streets is becoming the subject of general remark. The improvement in the appearance and training of the horses is also notable, proving that our better classes are advancing in prosperity in spite of the bad times.

Mr H. T. Blow, the new American Plenipotentiary to Rio, presented his credentials to the Emperor Dom Pedro on the 26th ult., and was received by His Majesty in an especially cordial manner, as if to show that the late difference with General Webb has been completely forgotten by the Imperial Government.

To-morrow is a holiday at the Bank and public offices, and the Census officers commence their work. A holiday is a bad day in our opinion for beginning such a task, for many will be from home, particularly those members of the fair sex (if there are any) above 25 years of age.

The Tribunal of Commerce in Montevideo has issued a notice to the creditors of the Mauá Bank, to the effect that, any of them who may object to the late arrangement effected between the bank and Government must lodge

their grounds for such objection before the Tribunal within twenty days, dating from the 9th inst.

The weather was so unfavorable on Saturday that the sports in the Plaza Once de Setiembre, in commemoration of the historic 11th, proved a dead letter.

It may be remembered that renewed shocks of earthquake were predicted during the months of August and October on the coast of Peru, by those learned in such matters. On the night of the 13th July a smart shock was experienced at Iquique at a quarter before ten o'clock p.m., and another at two o'clock next morning. Many of those living near the sea shore left their houses and awaited the dawn further inland. Great disquietude and fear of a renewal of the terrible catastrophe of a year ago exists amongst the population.

The remains of the late Richard B. Newton, of Chacomus, were yesterday conveyed to the family vault in the Protestant Cemetery, they having been transferred some days ago from their temporary resting place in the country. The funeral cortege was most numerous and influentially attended.

We observe the Uruguay is the next Astronomical steamer. She will sail for Liverpool about the 19th inst. Captain Bills, late of the Halley, is in command.

We are advised that the shares of the Italian and River Plate Steam Navigation Company have been favorably received on the London Stock Exchange, a number of shares having been taken up on the scheme being launched on the market. The Company will, it is believed, receive a large subsidy from the Italian Government.

Several of our colleagues announced on Sunday that H.E. the President would make on that day a trip to Colonia, for the purpose of inspecting the new dock built there by Captain Manton. We are credibly informed that H.E. knew nothing whatever of the matter, nor had he received any invitation, so, consequently, remained at home.

We have received a serious complaint from the residents of Fray Bentos with reference to a correspondent, once which appeared in our columns of Friday. We are informed that many of the statements were utterly untrue, especially as regards the wanton killing of cattle.—Our readers will be glad to learn that the Rev. Mr. Shields has almost brought to a conclusion the handsome edifice which he began some three months ago; already 130,000 bricks have been laid down, and the building will comprise, besides a small chapel and parochial residence, a school hall and suite of rooms, which will offer every accommodation for boarders or day pupils, the cost of the whole work being about £1600. It is expected that the inauguration will take place on Sunday, 3rd of October, and it is likely the Rev. Mr. Adams will be present. It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of this institution, the want of which was so long felt: the branches of education will comprise a thorough English instruction, combined with modern languages, music, &c. The boarders will enjoy every home comfort, and the charge will not exceed £60 per annum; they will also be allowed to keep ponies for their own use. We understand that the institute is indebted to the generosity of the merchants of Buenos Ayres and Montevideo, and mainly to Mr James Lowry of the latter city, whose munificence entitles him to the warmest praise. Mr Hammett of Fray Bentos has also distinguished himself as architect, contractor, and overseer, giving his services gratuitously and with the most unremitting attention. It is almost needless to say that the English estancieros and neighbors have come forward both to aid the work by their subscriptions, and to promise the Rev Mr Shields their most decided support towards the maintenance of so important and valuable an institution.

Mr. Robinson, C. E., has entered a protest against the Municipality for damages sustained by him through delay on the part of that body in carrying out their part of the contract made with him more than a year ago for the paving of the streets of the city. "Too many cooks spoil the broth," and too many wheels within wheels spoil almost every promising project of public improvement brought forward in this country.

The 'Standard' will not appear on Thursday, to-morrow being a holiday. Judith was repeated by Madame Ristori at the French theatre on Sunday evening. The house was densely crowded. H. E. President Sarmiento honoured the performance with his presence.

Mr. Billinghurst sold by auction on Sunday the Saladero Baudrix and several adjoining building lots. The prices realised were splendid. The saladero was sold for \$1,100,000 mpc, and the various plots at prices averaging from \$1,500 to \$5,000 per vara frontage. Mr. Billinghurst sells by auction on the 17th inst. a magnificent stallion, Favorite, of the Anglo-Norman breed, and two fine Chileno horses lately imported by Sr. Cauo.

The indignation meeting called at Montevideo to consider the Mauá arrangement was postponed in consequence of the bad weather.

A Cricket Match was played on Wednesday, the 8th inst., between the first half of the alphabet and the second half, the result being an easy victory for the first half. The match fixed for to-morrow is Lancashire and Yorkshire against the World. We will publish the score of the match played on the 8th to-morrow.

The well known steamer Solis has changed her name to Comercio del Rosario, and has been started by a new company to run between this port and Rosario at reduced fares. The passage to Rosario by this vessel is \$12 cabin and \$6 deck, train free.

The splendid estancia Caledonia, in the partido of Cañuelas, will be sold by order of the Court on to-morrow by Don Mariano Vivar, the well known auctioneer. This splendid property is 2 leagues and 44 squares in extent, and may be considered the most perfect establishment of its kind that has been offered for sale here for many years. Carriages will be in attendance at the Moron Station on the arrival of the first train to convey purchasers to the estancia.

We remind our English and German readers that there is to be a raffle in aid of the German hospital on the 31st of this month. This institution is a most useful one, and deserves public support.

Another atrocious act of Lopez has just come to light. The celebrated Swedish naturalist Everhard Monk of Rosenthal was shot by him in March last, without cause assigned. Monk was a most inoffensive man, and had served Lopez's family for 25 years as physician, gratis. His offence was probably knowing too many of Lopez's secrets.

The sale of Mr. Latham's rams had to be stopped yesterday in consequence of the small attendance, and low bidding. But a few were sold publicly at indifferent prices, some others changing hands by private contract.

MONTEVIDEO. Sept. 11, 1869. The meeting convened for to-day in the Bolsa to consider the Government's resolution as to burning the guarantees [of the notes now in circulation] was put off to Monday on account of bad weather. The hubbub caused by the governmental resolution continues. The President of the Fiscal Commission has addressed a note to the Finance Department, asking that the Government should inform the public especially, that the burning of public funds does not imply any diminution of the guarantee received, since this does not lie in the titles themselves, but in the interest paid by Government for these loans. The answer to this is that the Government has had no intention save enforcing a rigorous compliance with the 5th and 7th Articles of the laws of the 7th July. The President of the Comision Permanente has, on the other hand, addressed a note to Government stating that the decree about the burning is contrary to the real spirit of the law, and asking for its immediate repeal.

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The America, which is due to-morrow from Buenos Ayres, having to be painted and repaired, will not run next week on her usual line.

The news that come down from Asuncion about the sanitary state of the city are somewhat alarming. It is the opinion of competent persons that an epidemic is imminent, and two or three cases of Asiatic cholera are already reported.

There is a general impression prevailing among well-informed people in Paraguay that Lopez will give the Allies the slip and escape by Bolivia.

The resignation of Mr. Magariños Corvantes of the financial portfolio has been accepted, but his successor has not been yet appointed. Several names are mentioned as likely candidates, but nothing positive is known, and in the meantime D. Carlos Naon, the 'Oficial Mayor,' is temporarily in charge of the Department.

The name of the vessel that went aground on the British Bank is the Pallas, a Brazilian brig. The captain and crew abandoned her yesterday at 1 a.m., reaching the ponton at 5. They were taken up thence by the Roma and brought into harbor. According to latest news received at the Capitania del Puerto, the Pallas went to pieces the night before last. The cargo consisted of 790 half barrels of sugar, and 550 pipes of caña for Messrs. Fynn & Co.

The solution of the Italian claims question has been once more adjourned. The Senate in its yesterday's sitting, after discussing the bill sent up by the Lower House proposing that said claims should be referred to a mixed commission, voted that the consideration of the matter should be postponed to next year's session.

The "Siglo" is strongly opposed to the arrangement arrived at between the Mauá Bank and Government, and criticises it with great acrimony. "A proposal has been sent into Government a few days ago for establishing here a botanical and acclimatization garden, under the title of 'Jardin des Plantes.' There is strong presumption that this much required institution will ere long be a reality.

Mr Alexander Mackinnon, Director General of Public Works, has left for Europe in the La Plata, charged with a commission relative to the construction of iron Custom house deposits. He is expected back in about

4 months with all necessary materials for this very important work.

Proposed retirement of the Rev. Mr. Adams from the British Chaplaincy. A meeting of the Protestant community duly convened by advertisement was held in the British Consulate General on Tuesday the 7th inst., to take into consideration the announced intended retirement of the British Chaplain the Rev. Samuel Adams, and the following is the substance of what took place.

The chair was taken by Major St. John Munroe, who after stating the object of the meeting, alluded in a short but pithy speech to the able manner in which Mr. Adams had discharged his duties, the universal respect in which he was held by all classes of the community, and the great regret that would be felt in the loss of so zealous a pastor.

The first resolution which was proposed by Mr. Whittle (representing Mr. Thomas Tomkinson who was unavoidably absent) and seconded by Mr. Robert Davison was to the following effect:—"That the community has heard with regret of the proposed resignation of Mr. Adams, that as his health was such as to require a change, it be resolved, that he be invited to resume his duties as British Chaplain after an absence in England of six months, and that in view of the greatly increased expense of supporting a family in this city, his stipend be raised to £800 stg. per annum."

To this Mr. T. H. Jones after a few remarks proposed an amendment, which was seconded by Mr. Reginald Cooper who represented Messrs. Drabbe Brothers.

"That, while viewing with regret Mr. Adams' retirement, this meeting considers it to be for his advantage, and, therefore, accepts his resignation."

The resolution and amendment were then put to the meeting, when the former was carried by a large majority, the only supporters of the amendment being the proposer and seconder.

The second resolution, proposed by Mr. Littlejohn, and seconded by Dr. Lawrie, was as follows:—"That a testimonial should be presented to Mr. Adams as a mark of appreciation of his eminent services during the past 11 years, and that said testimonial should be presented in money, being the form most serviceable to him at the present time. That Messrs Ed. Cooper, John Jones, and Thomas Tomkinson, jun., be appointed a committee to raise the testimonial."

This was carried unanimously. It was then proposed by Mr. Davison, and seconded by Mr. R. P. Carlisle, that a deputation, consisting of Messrs DeLisle and C. S. M'Lean, should wait upon Mr. Adams, and after communicating to him the previous resolutions, should solicit his reply. At the request of the meeting, Mr. Davison also joined the deputation, and Mr. Adams having expressed his willingness to return to his duties after an absence of six months, the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

GUALEGUAYCHU.

September 7, 1869. Desperate diseases demand desperate remedies. The plethora of wool must have ended in apoplexy had not the market been freely bled. The patient is reduced almost to inanition; animation is almost suspended; pulsation is imperceptible, except to the prophetic touch; but the patient is pronounced "saved." The doctors have said it. Quiet, care, prudence, and patience are wanted as much as ever. Disturbing causes must not be allowed to interfere with the mysterious warring struggles of nature. Convalescence must not be obstructed. Give air, give gentle light, give judicious nourishment. He is coming round; to-morrow there will be faint indications of accelerated circulation. Turn up that eyelid and you will see scarcely perceptible pink veins, where yesterday all was as colorless as a white rose leaf. In a week there will be, as it were, the reflection of a gentle blush on the cheek; human nature blessing for its own weakness and helplessness. The sister of mercy has received at last her earthly reward for the angel's work she has been doing through all those days and nights of gloom; her heavenly smile has at length been answered by a smile, not less heavenly; the soul smiling to find itself atill yoked with its grosser but beloved brother, the body, still the essence of this pleasing anxious being, which it was so loth to resign. In a word, the crisis is over! We are out of the wood; let us, therefore, halt! Or, if it should turn out that after all we are not out yet, let us about all the same. We are tired to death of growling and growling. And, after all, at least the worst is over; let us have three cheers for that. And the Government? What has it done to help the wool interest in the day of its sore trial? Bah! Let that pass. We should only satisfy ourselves by dwelling on the bitter disappointment we experience in a government of which we prophesied, and were justified in prophesying, such great things. There may be wheels within wheels, and locks within locks. It is, perhaps, our own fault if we credited him whom we chose to lead us, with the possession of a master-key to open all locks. We may have been over sanguine, or we may now be over impartial. Our rulers, whom we elected to reign over us, and elected for this pre-eminence, may have schemes for our welfare of which we know nothing: of which it would

SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU AND Co. 101-Cangallo-103 BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now generally felt and appreciated in the two great republics of the River Plate...

CONDITIONS

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards...

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, (LIMITED)

CITY OF LIMERICK, CITY OF RIO JANEIRO, CITY OF BUENOS AYRES, CITY OF BRUSSELS.

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH HER MAJESTY'S POST-MASTER-GENERAL AND THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

This Company will dispatch a Steamer with Mails every Month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres.

From London, 28th; Antwerp, 1st; Falmouth, 3rd. From Buenos Ayres, 17th; Montevideo, 20th; Rio Janeiro, 27th; to Falmouth, Antwerp, and London.

Passage money to Falmouth £35; to Antwerp, £35 to Rio Janeiro, \$50 Pata. Freight on Specie one-half per cent payable here.

THE CITY OF BUENOS AYRES will be despatched on Friday, 17th inst. THE CITY OF LIMERICK is the next Steamer expected.

WOODGATE BROTHERS, Shipbroker 42 Calle San Martin.

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, Manufactured by RANSOMES, SIMS, & HEAD, IPSWICH, ORWELL WORKS, LONDON.

George Sures and Co., Agents and Representatives throughout the Argentine Republic of Messrs. Ransomes, Sims, and Head, of Ipswich, England, Engineers and Manufacturers of all kinds of Steam and Hand-machinery used in Agriculture...

FINE OLD COGNAC. JOHN EXSHAW.

Best and only genuine mark, which, after more than 50 years, fetched in India the highest price.

JOHN EXSHAW. Sole Importer and Agent in Buenos Ayres. J. VEDERE. 314-CALLE RIVADAVIA-314

FRENCH JEWELLERY. SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. COST PRICE.

Liquidation of an immense assortment of gold Ornaments, Mother of Pearl Buckles, Brooches, Bracelets, Medallions, Shirt Studs, Crosses, Toothpicks. 250 per cent. Reduction in Price.

LA AGENCIA DE MENSAGERIAS DE RAFAEL SABIDO

Office of the South American Navigation and Marine Railway Company, Colonia, June 7, 1899.

NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS AND SHIPMASTERS.

The Marine Railway at Colonia being completed, public attention is called to the following Tariff...

THE BATTLE OF LIFE.

Which is continually going on between health and disease, has never received from any medicine such successful and reliable assistance...



SCROFULA. This powerful vegetable detergent has been fully tested and found to be the best in the world.

RHEUMATISM AND GOUT. It is inflexible, curing cases that had resisted all other treatment for nearly a lifetime.

OLD SORES. It is a sovereign remedy, causing new circulation of the blood, and drawing out the sore.

SORE EYES AND RINKING EARS. The effect is truly wonderful. The profuse and depraved blood and humors on which such sores feed and live, are neutralized at the stomach.

ULCERS AND TUMORS. The effect is equally gratifying, although, of course, it is necessary to abstain from all months in diseases such as those having their origin in bad blood and humors.

CANCER. The Sarsaparilla should be continued for at least four or five months after the trouble has to all appearance been overcome.

BOILS AND CARBUNCLES. The Sarsaparilla should be taken five or six times a day, and not less than three times a day.

LA NACIONAL—Para la Capilla del Señor y Zarate, sale todos los días para: regresa los noventa.

EL COMERCIO—Para el Monte, sale de la estación Jeppener, los días 1, 7, 13, 19 y 25 de cada mes: regresa los 4, 10, 16, 22 y 28.

EL VALDIVINOS. Mensajerías Nacionales—Para Giles y San Antonio de Areco, sale todos los días...

CORTEJO DE CHACABUCO Y JENIN—Sale de Chivilcoy todos los 5, 10, 15, 25 y 30 de cada mes: regresa los 8, 13, 18, 23 y 28.

LA URUGUAYANA—Para Navarro, sale todos los días para: regresa los noventa.

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WESTERN RAILWAY. SPRING TIME-TABLE. WEEK-DAYS. Includes a detailed schedule of train arrivals and departures.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY. BARTHOLOMEW LANE, LONDON. CAPITAL, FIVE MILLIONS STERLING.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER. FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Cures the Worst Pains. In from One to Twenty Minutes.

VERY IMPORTANT TO LADIES. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS THE BATH OF BEAUTY.

THE CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY. On and after the 2nd of August 1899, the Trains will run as follows:

ATHLETIC SPORT. THE SPRING MEETING. Will take place on Monday, 14th of November 1899.

CHATWOOD'S SEPTIPLE-PATENT INVINCIBLE 'INTERSECTED' STEEL SAFES. PARIS EXHIBITION, 1887.