

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

The office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank...

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH. IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE. For balances in our favor, 12 per cent. For balances in favor of customers, 6 per cent.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPACKET COMPANY

REDUCTION OF FARES. The Royal Mail Steampacket "ARN O", Capt. J. BRUCE, COMMANDER, Will leave this Port for Montevideo and Rio de Janeiro, ON THE 26th NOVEMBER, 1868.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPACKET COMPANY

REDUCTION OF FARES. The Royal Mail Steampacket Company have made the following REDUCTIONS in their Rates of Passage:—

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY (LIMITED)

CHIEF OFFICES: CALLE LAS PIEDRAS, MONTEVIDEO. CENTRAL STATION: 87 CALLE CANGALLO, BUENOS AYRES.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY BRANCH

Ten Words, exclusive of Address, 400m/c, or \$12. For every additional Ten Words, 25m/c, or \$1.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY BRANCH

Ten Words, exclusive of Address, from Central Telegraph Station, 100m/c. From Central Telegraph Station to the South Barracas, 150m/c.

NORTHERN RAILWAY BRANCH

Ten Words, exclusive of Address, from Central Telegraph Station, 100m/c. From Central Telegraph Station to the South Barracas, 150m/c.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, SIGHT DRAFTS

Drafts at Sight, for Large or Small Amounts, can be obtained from the following places:— LONDON, UNITED STATES, ANTWERP, PARIS, GENOVA, AND ALL BRANCHES OF LAND, NATIONAL BANK WANKELIN & CO.

The Standard

NO. 2028—EIGHTH YEAR. BUENOS AYRES, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1868. CIRCULATION 3000

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80. Authorized Capital, £2,000,000 sterling. Reserves, £1,400,000 do. Reserve Fund Jan. 1868, £145,000 do.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

BUSINESS HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M. Deposits of not less than \$100 m/c. and \$16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest until the expiration of sixty days.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, to further notice: On deposits in both currencies in account current, 4 per cent.

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE CO.

Established in this City. Insure at Moderate Premiums all Risks by Sea or on the River. Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD.

TORRES Y SCHICKELDANTZ

Comisionistas de hacienda vacuua, yeguariza y lanar para soldado y matadero, Corrales del Sud, Calle de Estrecho 211, From Defensa 170. 25 xp.

FAMILY WINE MERCHANTS

Port, Very Old: something quite superior. Sherries, of all the finest kinds. Claret: the Best imported: in Quarts and Pints.

SAILMAKER—CALLE CANGALLO, 36

In the above Establishment a first-class section of toiles, sails, valde sin fondo, covers for carts, water buckets, etc. Carpets can be made to order at the shortest notice, and at a moderate price.

BOHM & CO

Gran deposito de vinos portugueses finos y regulares. Venta por mayor. En este deposito se hallan siempre en venta por mayor los superiores gabinetes y puros vinos de Portugal y otros.

INTERESTING TO ALL

This Season of the year is most trying to the constitution of all foreigners, more particularly those who may have a tendency to consumption.

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THE BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

SPLendid INVESTMENT FOR THE CAPITALISATION OF SMALL INCOMES, PENSIONS, RENTS, &c.

GREAT TOLLECTION

SHEARS, TWINE, &c. TORROBA BROTHERS, MERCEDES AND CHIVILCOY.

CUNNINGHAM & PEARSON, Commission Agents.

Wine and Spirit Merchants, General Grocers, &c. 44 and 46 Calle Aduana, and 80 and 82 Calle Santa Fe, ROSARIO.

J. P. WELLS, Wine and Spirit Merchant.

77—CALLE TRINIDAD, YRRES—77. Monthly supplies of CIGARS direct from Havana. 165xp, 28

PERRY DAVIS & SON, PROPRIETORS.

74 High Street, Providence, R.I. 380 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada East. 71 South Street, London, Eng. Agents in Buenos Ayres—

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GREAT TOLLECTION

SHEARS, TWINE, &c. TORROBA BROTHERS, MERCEDES AND CHIVILCOY.

HOTEL EUROPA, 69, CALLE 25 DE MAYO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1809. Board and Lodging, at \$35 a day, including Coffee in the Morning and Tea at Night.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, 16 CALLE RECONQUISTA.

Money advanced on Hypothetical or Collateral Purchases of Lands and Stock, the regulation of Title Deeds, or other legal Documents, likewise the collection of standing Accounts with Government.

CAJA DE CREDITO, 21 CALLE PIEDRAS.

Allowed on Deposits in Account Current—Gold or Paper, 6 per cent. per annum. Do, 90 days, 5 do, do. Do, 6 months, 4 do, do.

ENGLISH CONFITERIA: THE STAR, or THE EAST!

Nos. 49 AND 51, DEFENSA. 269, xp, 20. ENGLISH AND FRENCH SEMINARY, 96—CALLE INDEPENDENCIA—90.

ENGLISH LIBRARY, MONTEVIDEO.

SUCCESSOR to SPRUNCK & CO., respectfully informs the Foreign Public of the River Plate of his receipt of a large consignment of valuable Literary Works, comprising many productions of the best English writers.

DIAMONDS, JEWELLERY AND WATCHES.

AT G. KOHLSTEDT AND CO'S, IMPORTERS, 10—MAIPU—10. 41, xp, 11

GOOD BOARD, LODGINGS, AND FURNISHED ROOMS.

Board with an English family, 75 Calle Colon, Montevideo.—G. W. Fife, Proprietor. 107, 1m, 04

ENGLISH CHURCH.—Persons requiring

Sittings in this Church, will please apply to the undersigned at the School, Calle Las Piedras, between Twelve and One and a half, except Saturday.—Augustus Powell. 106, 2m, 04

CLUB BARRACAS, AL NORTE.—Parties

visiting the Tres Esquinas will always find first-class accommodation at the above-named Club. Billiard-rooms, good breakfast, lunches, dinners, wines, &c., at a moderate price. 97, 1m, 03

DOYANOY AND BENTHAM WOOL & GENERAL PRODUCE BROKERS

117—CALLE BOLIVAR—117. 225—12m 28

JOHN THOMSON, & CO. SHIPBROKER.

SURVEYOR AND ADJUSTER OF GENERAL AVERAGES. OFFICE—22 CALLE LA BAJA ROSARIO. 17, xp, 6

GERMAN BUREAU, 106—CALLE VENEZUELA—106.

WATSON begs to inform the Public that he has secured the advantage for his numerous customers of a steady retreat and a fragrant atmosphere, with the delicious condiments, refrigerant beverages, and all the luxuries of the season, which can be enjoyed by a visit to his Cremorne Gardens.

ALEX. PORTERS, WINES, &c.

We beg to inform the Public of Buenos Ayres, that we have commenced Business as Ale, Porters, and Wine Merchants.

HENDERSON AND MURDOCK, 108 CALLE VENEZUELA.

DR. JAMES M. AYER, No. 90, CALLE PARQUE. Hours of Consultation: From One to Three o'clock, p.m. 53, xp, 03

TABACCO LEGITIMO "DE LA PALMA"

121—CALLE INDEPENDENCIA—121. Aviso a los fumadores y consumidores.—Lo mas rico y mas fuerte y de mas suave de todos los tabacos que han podido hasta hoy, perfecto para fumar y mascar.

HATS—LATEST FASHIONS.

The Steamer Picardie has just brought a large assortment of the above, for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city.

VERY SUPERIOR BUTTER.—A fresh lot

just received. For family use, 10lb tins. It is better, and the price lower than any yet we have received. The cheapest and best butter in town.—76 San Martin. 248, 1m, 08

ARGENTINE BANK, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOUSES FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M. DIRECTOR: D. J. DE ROSA. DIRECTOR-GENERAL: D. ANARCARIS LANUS.

SAVINGS BANK, Open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

On specie and currency 6 per cent. per annum. Money advanced on current account. Bills and papers discounted on conventional terms.

GUINNESS'S Celebrated Extra Stout

in quarts and pints at BARR & WALKER'S, Sole Agents, 87—Calle Defensa—87.

BASS'S ALE, ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE

AND BARCLAY AND PERKINS'S LONDON STOUT, THE CASINO, ALONGSIDE THE BOLSA.

Gold Watches and Clocks, French-Royal Exchange, London.

ON SALE, BY MOORE, PUNCH, AND TUDOR, 72 CALLE RECONQUISTA. 241, xp, 28

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF G. T. PAEZ

FOR CORRIENTES, ITAPIRU, AND PORTS.—The Italian steamer Victoria will leave every alternate Wednesday, at 10 a.m., receiving Cargo and Passengers, for which she has excellent accommodation.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO, 991 CALLE RECONQUISTA.

FOR MONTEVIDEO.—The steamer Villa del Salto, Captain Maguasco, will leave on Monday at 6 p.m., returning early on Thursday morning.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF H. DOWSE

77 CALLE 25 DE MAYO. The steamer Estrella, for Rosario, every Sunday, from the Railway Station, Betiro, 10 a.m.

LEGAL. RODRIGUEZ Y LARRAZABAL.—By order

of the Judge of the 1st Instance, Dr. D. Emilio A. Aguirre, and for act of the Executors of the late William Young, we will sell on our Premises, Victoria 143, on Tuesday, 17th of November next, at one o'clock p.m., a tract of superior land, comprising 16 suertes of chacras, 2,000 varas front, by 2,000 depth, situated in the Parish of San Juan, and bounded on the north by the Estero de San Juan, and on the south by the Estero de San Juan, and on the east by the Estero de San Juan, and on the west by the Estero de San Juan.

VERY SUPERIOR SUGAR SYRUP.

Only two kegs left—76 San Martin. 249, 1m, 08

Subscription to the Standard 60 PER MONTH.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications.

The Standard.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1868.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR "STANDARD."

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Montevideo, Nov. 12, 7 p.m. The Arno arrived this morning.

Madrid, Oct. 7. General Prim arrived here at two o'clock this afternoon.

Paris, Oct. 7. Don Juan has abdicated his rights to the Crown of Spain in favor of his son Don Carlos.

Paris, Oct. 3, and Madrid, Oct. 10. The Ministry was constituted the day following.

General Prim arrived at Madrid as follows:—

- President—Duque de la Torre. War—Gea Prim. Marine—Topete. State—Lorenzana. Governor—Sagasta. Finance—Figueroa. Capital punishment abolished.

The Government of the United States was the first to recognise the Governor of Madrid.

Constantinople. Conspiracy discovered against the Sultan.

Egypt. Attempt to assassinate the Viceroys.

Mexico. President Juarez recognised by Italy.

Melbourne, Sep. 13. The Victoria Parliament is passing various stages of a bill, authorising a loan of two millions sterling, principally for railway purposes.

The Government of New South Wales have reiterated their former declaration, that a conspiracy actually existed to kill the Duke of Edinburgh during his visit.

Montevideo, Nov. 12. Exchange on London, £2,500, at 43 1/2 paper.

£5,000 at 51, gold. On France, 100,000 francs, at 4 1/2 paper.

Weather fine.

IMPORTANT NEWS FROM EUROPE.

COMPLETE TRIUMPH OF THE SPANISH REVOLUTION.

The R.M.S.S. Arno arrived in Montevideo yesterday morning, when our active colleague the Tribuna received the following telegram:—

The triumph of the revolution in Spain has been complete. Queen Isabel has fled to France. Immediately on the triumph of the revolution in Madrid, a provisional government was formed, composed of the following persons:—

President of Council—General Serrano. War—General Prim. Foreign Relations—Juan Alvarez de Lorenzana.

Justice—Antonio Romero Ortiz. Marine—Almirante Topete. Finance—Mariano Figuerola. Interior—Proxenos Matros Sagasta. Public Works—Manuel Zorrilla.

Colonies—Abelardo Lopez de Ayala. Not a single member of the democratic party figures in the new Ministry.

All the Sovereigns of Europe have come forward to offer princes to fill the vacant throne. Perfect tranquillity reigns throughout the Country. The ex-Queen protested against the revolution, which expelled her from her dominions, and obliged her to take refuge in a foreign land. Milares has been named Governor of Madrid.

The new Government was immediately recognised by all the European powers. Italy being the first, Cuba also has followed suit.

The Marquis of Albaida, Sr. Oreense, leader of the democrats, proposed that they should discuss the new form of Government. The discussion was postponed for a week.

Oreense is Republican, and blindly subservient to the dictates of Castelar. England proposes to cede Gibraltar to Spain, on condition of the marriage of the daughter of the Duke of Montpensier with the son of Queen Victoria, making him King.

General Cialdini proceeded at once to Madrid, to propose an alliance, offensive and defensive, with Italy, offering the Duke of Aosta for the throne. The Emperor of France proposed Prince Napoleon. The Jesuit were expelled, and their goods confiscated. The first acts of the new Government were to abolish capital punishment, suppress an infinity of taxes, to decree the most ample respect for the press, and liberty of conscience. Already some sweeping reforms have been made in several branches of the administration. A municipal loan has been raised to help the poor. In one day four millions of reals were collected.

In Constantinople a conspiracy was discovered to assassinate the Sultan. In France a Ministerial change was much spoken of.

The honorable success of the Spanish revolution has caused a great sensation throughout Europe.

In the United States new disturbances were apprehended.

THE ATHLETIC SPORTS.

SPRING MEETING.

The turn out of the foreign public on Wednesday at the Palermo Park astonished every one: it was, without exception, the largest and most fashionable meeting of the kind ever known in this city, and totally eclipsed the Belgrano race gatherings.

The new stand house, which has just been completed, and which it was thought would be more than sufficient, could not accommodate a tenth of the number present.

Over 260 carriages were on the ground about two o'clock, while horsemen in hundreds were met at all points in the woods.

Left, Goulstone, Mr. and the Misses Gibson, Tupper, Robinson, W. White, F. Flower, J. Macrae, Chisholm, J. C. Gorman, Lockyer, Burton, Cooper, Wehner, Misses Benda, Materno, Gaudin, Richter, Fernandez, Marco, Mendes, Smith, Prescott, Mr. and Mrs. Murray, Miss Blufford, Miss Whittaker, Mr. and Mrs. Boe, B. F. Gibbels, O. Gorman, Lockyer, Milford, W. Eggers, Mr. and Mrs. H. Chen, Kraft de Bary, Ludovici Lewis, and others whose names we don't remember.

The attendance of foreign Merchants would have been larger had it not been for the departure of the French steamer.

Shortly after five o'clock, when the last race had been run, Mrs Stuart took her place at the head of the table where the prizes had been on exhibition, supported by the President and Committee of the Athletic Sports Club, on her right and left.

After a few words spoken by the President, which were almost inaudible, the several successful competitors stepped up to the table, and received from the hands of Mrs Stuart their respective prizes amid the cheers of the bystanders.

Mr Jacobs and Mr Bond were specially singled out by their friends and received enthusiastic ovations, and lifted on the shoulders of their companions after retiring from the table.

At the conclusion, God Save the Queen was struck up by the band, all uncovering, followed by the Argentine National Hymn, to which also the same compliment was paid.

When the distribution of prizes was over, Mr Green, in the name of the Athletic Sports Club, thanked Mrs Stuart and presented her with a magnificent bouquet.

Thus terminated the fourth meeting of the Athletic Sports, which we are happy to regard as an institution which has taken a deep root in the R. Plate.

The official report will, we understand, be ready some time to-morrow; we regret the delay, but the fault is not ours.

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. Pastor Obligado, son of the ex-Governor of Buenos Ayres, has, in a most interesting letter from headquarters, resuscitated public interest in the Paraguayan war. It is now so long since we have had a really good letter from Paraguay, that it is refreshing to get a communication from a new Thucydides; we trust Mr. Obligado will remain some time in Paraguay, and correspond regularly.

Since the demise of Sinbad we have had no army correspondence of any real merit until the present. Mr Obligado says:—

The River Paraguay, which at one time threatened the allied encampment, is at last receding, and it is to be hoped that the Allies will carry out their projected move before the flood tide returns.

There is a splendid Brazilian force of 12,000 men in the Chaco, and the road through the wood is finished. The troops have marched up, and come out on the banks of the River Paraguay, above Villeta and Angostura; there is at this point 17 Brazilian ironclads, all above the batteries; the wooden war vessels are at anchor about a league below the allied encampment, before Angostura. A large marsh extends between the hostile positions, across which General Osorio made a reconnaissance, with 1,500 Rio Grande cavalry, well mounted. After overcoming innumerable difficulties, the expedition reached the other side safely, halting within eight squares of the enemy's trenches, whence they could descry on the heights two large ranchos with 'corredores,' the headquarters of Lopez. This chainwork of marshes extends eight leagues to the right; besides these very formidable natural barriers, there is a large, deep ditch, filled with water.

The division destined to act in the Chaco is now complete, and ready to advance on the capital, 11,000 Brazilians and 4,000 Argentines being detached for this purpose. This has considerably weakened the grand army, and to conclude the campaign 15,000 more cavalry are required.

Some nights since there was a great commotion in the enemy's camp, this caused some surprise to us, as the nature of the ground precluded the possibility of attack; no skirmishing is carried on now, as of yore, for the nature of the ground precludes such operations.

The Captain of the Italian gunboat reports that Lopez gave a three days feast, on occasion of the seventh anniversary of his accession to power.

Yesterday, Comandante Morales, of the Legion, observed a canoe crossing the stream, the guard fired, and when the smoke had passed off, men, women, and children were seen struggling in the water; of these none escaped except a little boy, who clung to the upturned keel of the boat, which, floating down the current, was seized by a soldier. Morales had the child sent down to his family.

The present position of the enemy may be compared to that of Humaita for the magnitude of its defences, only that one were artificial, whilst the others are natural. We have already learned to appreciate the differences. Even the expenses have increased enormously. Some idea of the entire cost of the Allied army may be had, from the fact that the Argentine army costs six hundred hard dollars monthly. At this rate, which may be taken

as a fair estimate, the Argentine Republic would have expended on this inglorious war eight hundred millions of paper dollars. The expenses of the Empire are enormous—six billions dollars. Fancy, the Brazilians pay seven hundred thousand hard dollars for the maintenance of horses alone.

Behind Villeta is Lambaré, where Lopez is preparing to make another stand, on being driven from his present position. After this he has the woods and mountains to fall back on, dragging us thus into an interminable guerrilla war. For this he reserves his cavalry, with which he formerly so harassed us. All our enemies are now afoot, and really, these are the only troops that can manoeuvre in such a country.

Now is the time to strike the death blow, and take the old fox in his lair; but for this we require twenty thousand men more. With our present divided force, we can only expect to dislodge the enemy wherever he makes a stand.

On both sides of the river Paraguay, as also on board the fleet, a new and complete system of telegraph has been invented. It is found to work well, for the conveyance of commands and despatches along our extended lines during action.

The little town of Palmas is now a place of considerable importance, containing no less than thirty thousand Brazilians, five thousand Argentines, and a host of camp followers. In front are anchored two hundred vessels, one fourth of which number are steamers. Every nation in the world is here represented, and the display of colors floating proudly in a cloudless sky is very fine.

One of the most remarkable episodes in this eventful war occurred the other day, showing how easy it would be after all to round Lopez's position, if only a daring hand could be picked from the Allied ranks. Fifteen Orientals well mounted struck off through the woods to forage. With the intention of giving the Paraguayans a wide berth they deviated from the straight course, and soon lost their way. Advancing as quickly as the nature of the ground permitted they came up with a soldier, on his way to the grand army from the Cerro de las Portenas, a pass on the river Tacuari defended by a small Paraguayan guard.

No time was lost parleying,—a levelled musket soon brought the fellow to a halt; his life was spared on condition of acting as guide. Mounted on the thinnest and most jaded horse, he was sent in front, under the care of a sentinel. He put them on the right track; this was better, the woods less dense, and their pace quickened in proportion. That night was passed very comfortably in one of Lopez's estancias, now deserted.

Next day they crossed the right flank of the Villeta camp, only three leagues from the trenches, and came on the high road to Asuncion. Here they met several of the enemy's 'Chasques,' and stragglers, who, being alone, were readily despatched; they were in luck to be so well mounted, for had any of these nimble chaps got back to headquarters, Lopez would have despatched a force to cut them off, when they must have all perished. Three days later they had returned, and gave a great description of all they saw, amongst the rest the capital, now a strong military post, and which they could not enter, although within a stone's throw of it.

Brave fellows these Orientals! Pity we have not got a few more of them!

Thus much for the hostile position—now our own stands thus:—Palmas, the present base of operations, is a pretty little town, situated about 8 leagues below Asuncion, on the bank of the River Paraguay; the adjoining country is hilly and densely wooded for miles round, these, and the great marshes render travelling extremely difficult, and even dangerous, except by the road held by the enemy; fancy how hard it must be to manoeuvre a large army here, in the teeth of a daring foe! In the centre of these we are encamped, and the invincible fleet lies quietly in the channel.

Two leagues to the north are plainly discernible to the naked eye the headquarters of the Paraguayan Chief. Fifteen leagues further off are the snow-crowned tops of the mountains, which divide the interior of the Republic.

Forty thousand men, and forty men of war lie in wait for the signal to advance.

THE GERMAN CLUBS OF B. AYRES.

It may, perhaps be interesting to some of our readers, to know something about the different German Clubs existing in this city. They are as follows:—

1. The German Hospital Society. Established in 1867.

2. The Kranken-Verein [Society for the relief of sick persons] Founded in 1855.

3. The German Singing Academy. Founded in 1864. Number of members about 400.

4. The German Gymnastic Club. Established in 1865, and counting actually 3 to 400.

5. The Heimath [this word means Home in English] Founded in 1868. Has about 100 members.

6. The Teutonia. Established in 1861. About 100 members.

7. The Concordia. Founded in 1864. Members 160.

8. The Germania. Founded in 1863. Members 250.

9. The Thalia. Founded in 1867. Members 80.

As regards the special tendence of these Clubs, we may state that No. 3 is a purely musical Society intended for the study and cultivation of classic and sacred music. The Concerts given in regular intervals by this Society, take place in the German Protestant Church or in the Coliseum.

No. 4. The Gymnastic Club is composed mostly of merchants and commercial clerks. They possess a great hall [a second one being in construction] where Gymnastic exercises of any description are executed on certain days of every week by adults and by boys. On the 18th October last, the Club celebrated its 14th anniversary. A great Athletic match and a Skittle match came off on that occasion attended by a great many ladies the festival being concluded afterwards by a banquet. Besides the halls, the Club owns 4 skittle grounds and a nice flower-garden. The Hon. President of the Buenos Ayres German Gymnastic Club is actually Wilhelm Bertram Esq.

No. 5. and 6. The members of these Clubs are mostly mercantile clerks. There are to be found newspapers in several languages and a collection of good authors; furthermore billiards, pianos, conversation and refreshment rooms. The singing elements being strongly represented in both Clubs, musical entertainments are from time to time arranged by them.

No. 7, 8 and 9 are composed partly of tradesmen with their families etc. A good collection of newspapers and books, billiard, piano and skittle grounds are daily at the disposal of the members. They give occasionally concerts, balls and amateur theatrical performances.

Many German residents, besides being members of some of the Clubs above mentioned, belong also to others whose members consist of different nationalities, for instance the Foreign Club, the Philharmonic Society etc.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The high wind on Tuesday night did some damage in port. Three small vessels were blown ashore near the Waterworks at the foot of Ivalo's Quay. We believed the vessels in question are lighters.

The Municipality has refused to entertain the amended proposition of Sr. Calzadilla respecting the water supply. The various contracts are still the subject of much discussion by the Board. It is improbable that the matter will be decided before the election of new Municipales, which, according to report, threatens to be a very serious affair.

The sending of the 'vasura' out of town by railway wagons is a measure which merits high approval. The old system of mending the streets by throwing the filth and refuse of the town into pantanos was most scandalous, and in the time of the cholera those new streets built of rubbish and filth were the most infected localities after all. The branch railway from the Once de Setiembre to Barracas, which was regarded as useless and so much money thrown away, may now be turned to the greatest utility, and the sooner the proposed measure is carried into effect the better.

It has rained much more in the north camps than in this city. The farmers about Junin and Rojas affirm that they never experienced such a wet season before. Part of the country up there is completely covered with water. Shearing is brought to a deadlock, and many farmers fear that the caretillo will be rife before the flocks can be shorn, which would be a very serious loss.

The wheat crop at Chivilcoy is now in ear, and looks splendid. The rains have done it no damage whatever. In the chacras about town the wheat looks also very promising. At San Isidro the wheat fields look splendid—all the early-sown wheat is strong, healthy, and bids fair for a good crop, although many fear that the constant rains will breed the bug.

Yesterday, according to tall accounts, was the day fixed for the grand attack on Lopez's position at Villeta. Those best informed on such matters doubt the assertions of army correspondents on this head, and think that the division of the Allies in the Chaco will advance up the Chaco to a point facing Asuncion, and then cross over in steamers, and occupy that city.

The estancieros in the South complain greatly of the scarcity of sheeps this year. On places where usually thirty shearers are employed, there are hardly a dozen working. As yet not a quarter of the flocks out about the galpones are shorn. The rain and the scarcity of hands are the great drawback.

News from the Villa Constitucion is rather unfortunate. The colonists have experienced a terrible hail storm, which completely laid the wheat crop and killed many sheep. Some of the hail stones weighed as much as three ounces.

H. E. President Sarmiento, we understand, will leave on Saturday evening by train, to visit the splendid Ol-

dendorff farm. We are well pleased to see the chief magistrate moving about and visiting the homes of industry. It bids fair for the River Plate farmer.

Yesterday there were heavy arrivals of wool by both railways. The stations are getting filled. Owing to the frightful state of the roads, the bullock carts are unable to get in, the Flores road is in such a state that many think the Peruvian earthquake must have caused some of the chasms in this unhappy road. A farmer from the Capilla del Señor assures us that his wool is now fifteen days on the road, and for all he knows, hopelessly imbedded in some pantano on the Flores road. We call the attention of Gov. Castro to this serious grievance. Why not despatch some men at once out to the road in question, and repair same?

The steamer from Rosario arrived yesterday at an early hour. We notice in her passenger list Mr. J. P. Boyd and Mr. Rourke. Things in Rosario are without change. The gas works are going ahead, and every thing quiet. As yet very little wool has come into market. Mr. Gorse's price current for the packet, quotes fine Mestiza wool at nineteen reales, and dry hides at forty-six reales in demand.

The American Resident Minister, Hon. Mr. Worthington, arrived yesterday from Montevideo. It is currently reported yesterday, that the American Admiral and H. E. Minister McMahon will leave for Paraguay immediately.

Several members of the Rural Society, among whom is conspicuous Don Jose Martinez de Iloz, have made an excellent move in clubbing together for establishing corrales at a point of Barracas called Pilitas, on the other side of the Puente Alsina, which are to answer the purpose of general depots for cattle and sheep, destined for the saladeros, and are intended to give facilities to the trade in live stock effecting very material economy in their transport. The first meeting of this new society took place on Saturday in the rooms of the Rural Society, and the sum of 150,000 dollars was at once subscribed by those present, which is estimated sufficient to construct twenty corrales. A commission was then appointed, composed of the following gentlemen:—Eduardo Oliviera, Benjamin Martinez de Iloz and Benito Lando, who are to undertake at once the construction of said corrales on a piece of ground, the rent of which has been already agreed with its owner.

We shall give in our to-morrow's issue a translation of the 'acta,' and a list of subscribers.

We hear daily and constant complaints of the state of the judicial administration of our rural districts. Thieves and idlers abound on every side, and even when apprehended are treated with so much leniency as to encourage them in their nefarious habits. We seriously call the attention of Sr. Castro to this very important subject.

We congratulate our friend Colonel Lucio Mansilla, on having been promoted to the rank of full Colonel, which has been the occasion of his receiving a very flattering acknowledgment of his services, in a private letter addressed to him by President Sarmiento. We are also happy to see a very remarkable proof of his popularity, in the fact that several young men belonging to families of standing and high respectability, have come forward and volunteered to serve under him—among others, young Ezcurra, Reynolds, Vera, Benar &c. We understand that Col. Mansilla is appointing to command the south frontier of Cordova, and will have his headquarters at Cuarto.

It will be seen, on reference to our wool report in the South Plaza, that the Magdalena district keeps its well-earned reputation for producing the best wool in this province. A magnificent lot of 1,500 arrobas arrived yesterday, for which \$68 were refused—the price demanded being considerably higher.

We have received from a correspondent in Frayle Muerto, a very interesting communication relative to the Rio Cuarto Railway, which press of matter obliges us to hold over till to-morrow.

President Sarmiento with a select party of friends, we are informed, goes to-morrow on a visit to Mr. Olandendorff, model farm and estancia near Donselaar.

The Charity picnic on board the steamer "America," which was to have taken place on Sunday next, is put off to the 22nd inst. Preparations for it on a most extensive scale are going on, and it promises to become a great event in our social annals.

Mr. Robertson C. E. has sent in to the government a most useful proposal for laying down a tramway on the passenger mole, for the conveyance of passengers, and luggage, and organizing a company of bondmen and chagadores for landing passengers and conveying them with their luggage to their respective residences. The scandalous extortion and abuses of which passengers landing or embarking at the mole are constantly the victims, calls very urgently for reform, and if Mr. Robertson carries out his scheme, he will poufer an incalculable boon on the travelling public. We shall revert to the subject more leisurely.

We have relieved the October number of the "Anales de la Sociedad Rural, which, as usual, contains much interesting matter.

The Arno is expected in port early this morning. She brings several passengers, and her mails are looked forward to with more than usual interest. The Tribuna published yesterday a telegraphic summary of the news about the success of the Spanish revolution amid the firing of rockets.

THE WATER SUPPLY QUESTION.

ANSWER TO DR. BLANCA'S.

Dr. Blancas occupied yesterday the first eight columns of the "Nacion Argentina," with the object of replying to a few words which I addressed to the public regarding what took place in the Municipality, and of which the public are already aware.

It is quite natural that Dr. Blancas should defend the copy which he made of another man's project.

I do not wish to make of this subject, the decision of which is left to competent judges, a discussion devoid of interest to the general public, but in justice to the valuable interests confided to me, I feel bound to prove the truth of the assertion which Dr. Blancas pretends to refute.

The slightest comparison of one and other proposals will suffice to show that I only stated the truth when I said that Dr. Blancas has done no more than to take for a guide Sr. Geille's proposals, and to reduce a little the prices, so as to make his appear more advantageous.

The characteristics which distinguish one proposal from another in this class of undertakings are—

- The manner of executing the works; The prices; And the manner of making the payments.

All the other details are insignificant.

It is easy to see that in these essential points Dr. Blancas has done no more than follow in the footsteps of Mr. Geille.

1st. Mr. Geille had proposed to construct the works of "cloacas" and water supply under the conditions expressed in the following article:—

"Thirdly.—The Government of the Province of Buenos Ayres will pay to the company, during the period of ninety (90) years, half yearly, on the 1st January and July of each year, the sum of thirty-two (32) hundred dollars, or its equivalent in gold per annum, for both services, this duty to be paid by every house with a door on the street, it being understood that shops will be considered as part of the house."

Sr. Blancas proposes to perform the same works in this way:—

"Fourthly.—To pay to the company during the interrupted period of ninety years of the privilege, half yearly in the first fortnight of each January and July, at the rate of thirty-two hundred dollars annually, or its equivalent in gold, for each house embraced within the circuit of the works."

Not alone the plan followed is the same, but the very words are the same. To construct the works for the account of the Company, under the privilege of ninety years, and leave them afterwards for the benefit of the Municipality. In all parts of the world this is what is termed 'copying.' None of the other proposals are of this class: Mr. Robinson offers to construct the works for the account of the Municipality. Sr. Lagos for so much a yard of excavation or of wall. Mons. Lando also for account of the Municipality, under a different plan.

With respect to the pavement [adquintado], Dr. Blancas follows the same plan as proposed by Sr. Geille—to construct for so much a yard, reducing the charge twenty cents.

2d. The price. Sr. Geille proposed to collect 32 hard dollars per house for sewage and water supply; Mr. Blancas says \$31. Mr. Geille charged \$3 92c. for pavement; Dr. Blancas \$3 90c.

It is clear that all that Dr. Blancas has done has been to come as near as possible to Mr. Geille's proposal, lowering his prices by an insignificant amount, to make his offer appear more advantageous.

3d. The mode of payment. In this part Mr. Blancas again does nothing else but copy Mr. Geille.

The latter had proposed that the Municipality should pay to the contractors 32 hard dollars per annum for each house having one door to the street, on the understanding that shops should be considered as forming part of the house. With the same, 'the very same,' words Dr. Blancas proposes to charge \$31 instead of \$32!

Mr. Geille had proposed that the payment for the pavement should be made in Municipal Stock, bearing 7 per cent. interest, and 6 per cent. amortisation. Mr. Blancas accepts the same system, contenting himself with 6 per cent. interest, and 5 per cent. amortisation.

Now, I ask, Messrs. Editors, is it not truly marvellous, that without having copied Mr. Geille's proposal, Mr. Blancas should have had the same inspiration upon such cardinal points? Does it not appear indeed like magic and supernatural work, that without copying from Mr. Geille, whose proposal had appeared 'six months previously,' Mr. Blancas should have agreed in all, saving in proposing one miserable dollar less in order to offer a trifling advantage?

We might quote several other articles that have been transcribed, almost literally, from Mr. Geille's into Mr. Blancas's proposal. But, as we have said, they are small details that mean little or nothing. In the substance of the matter, in the most essential conditions, the plagiarism could not possibly be more manifest.

It behoves now the Municipality, to whom I address myself, offering to make the proposals proposed by Mr. Blancas, in order to avoid all motive of discussion, to decide whether it is right, whether it is becoming, whether it is honest, for an individual to lay hold of the ideas, the researches, the projects of another, and presenting himself under a garment that does not belong to him, snatch the fruit of that other's labor by fraud, since no other means is given to the attempt of reducing the price by half a dollar.

I wait confidently the verdict of the Hon. Municipal Corporation. As for that of the public, after what I have stated, and a comparison of the two proposals, I cannot doubt for an instant that it has been already pronounced in my favor in the conscience of all right-thinking persons.

Yours truly, Messrs. Editors, SANTIAGO A. CALZADILLA.

BANDA ORIENTAL.

Carmelo 8th Nov. 1868.

Some time ago I commenced a letter for the "Standard" headed "The storm in the Banda Oriental" in which I intended to give the particulars of a severe 'temporal' which retarded the shearing and played serious havoc among the shorn sheep, but ere I could find time to finish my epistle, or almost ere the last thunder clap had died away, a second 'tormenta' came sweeping along, and close upon its heels a third, and after it another.

There is nothing in the shape of news to communicate, every one is busy shearing or confounding the weather. Ravenous pulperos and Almaceneros are eagerly looking for their 'little bills,' and whenever a glimpse of sunshine appears a general rush is made at the poor sheep to tear their ponchos from them and leave them at the mercy of the pelting shower the next day.

A NEW EXPORT TRADE.

Yesterday we inspected a small flock of pure bred Rambouillet sheep, picked from the "Cabaña" of Sr. Benavente, and about to be shipped on board the barque "Pasathea" by Mr. Coppinger, en route for Valparaiso. This valuable little flock attracted much attention in the plaza de Mayo, notwithstanding the heavy rain which has been experienced in scribbling these lines. Again the sun shines; the wool is once more dry, and with the noise and bustle of the gathering of shearers in the 'ralpou' ringing in one's ear I hurriedly subscribe myself.

GOLD FIELDS OF SOUTH AFRICA.

Before the British Science Association, during its recent session, Dr. R. J. Mann, superintendent of the Natal district, read a paper on 'The Gold Fields of South Africa.' It is stated that in the year 1864 there arrived in the colony a young German, who said that his business was to take a little walk through the middle of the continent of Africa. He had, he said, been for some time pondering on this project, and had spent some months in London about the British Museum, Kew-gardens, the Zoological-gardens, and Crystal Palace, keeping his eye constantly on his main object. He had, however, no money to pursue it.

He turned the flank of this difficulty by making his way to Algoa Bay as supercargo of a vessel, whence he obtained a passage to Natal, where he was introduced by a German missionary to a merchant, who employed him as a teacher, in which capacity Carl Manch—such was the name of the adventurous traveller—acted during a journey to the Orange River. In this way he reached Londenbury in the Transvaal, and explored the territory in various directions. During these excursions he fell in with a noted elephant hunter of the region, an Englishman named Hartley, and accompanied him in one of his excursions beyond the Limpopo River. He obtained much information as to the district he desired to reach from another hunter, Mr. Charles Hornsen. Mr. Hartley and his companion followed the track of the elephant through the high region which formed the crest of the water-shed separating the Limpopo and Zambesi rivers, including a stretch of 250 miles. On the 27th July 1866, Mr. Hartley told his companion that in following a wounded elephant he had come to some holes artificially made in a mass of quartz rock, where it was obvious there had been some process of mining by natives in past times.

Herr Manch armed himself with a hammer and started in the direction indicated. Having reached the place he saw a bright vein of white quartz crossing the surface of the ground, about four feet thick; he also found a pit about ten feet in diameter, containing fragments of quartz, coal ashes, and pieces of broken clay pipes, and which was obviously an old smelting place. There were in the vicinity several similar pits. From these holes he collected fragments of bright lead ore, containing silver, and also pieces of quartz rock impregnated with gold. He rejoined Mr. Hartley, with whom he returned in a few days afterwards. Extending their investigations, they crossed a large vein of quartz, and after twenty minutes' walk came to a rivulet with sand mingled with particles of gold, and near which were several pits spread over a space of two miles. To the northeast there extended a vast plain of yellowish white limestone rock, without a tree or bush. The exploration was extended towards the Zambesi until a point not more than 40 German miles from the Portuguese settlement of Tese, on the Zambesi river. A second track, rich in gold, was found here. The explorers brought back with them fragments of very fine gold of the value of \$200 which was extracted from one choice fragment.

The search was limited, from the fact that travellers invariably have a native attendant attached to them by the Chief, Mosilikatze, who has forbidden all research of this character. The collector of minerals had consequently to be made by stealth, during the accidental absence of the spy. The distance from the Southern part of the Transvaal Republic to Mosilikatze's kraal was altogether 224 hours of actual traveling by the ox wagon. The district in which indications of gold were observed stretches about 200 miles from north to south, and apparently through a wide distance from east to west. Two distinct fields were specially spoken of as being unquestionably rich in the precious metal. The richest spot observed was about two miles north of the Umzerve River, the furthest point of the journey towards the Zambesi Herr Manch has altogether made two journeys into this district, the second extending from 25th March to 16th December, 1867. Very little had been previously known of the district, and a considerable portion of the route traversed lies through a hitherto unexplored country. Nearly this year Carl Manch came to Natal and communicated the information he had acquired to the colonial government. While at Natal he arranged to take back with him Mr. Erskine, son of the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Erskine proposes to explore the gold field, and then to pursue his progress far into the interior of the vast continent, and endeavour to make his way down to Limpopo River to its hitherto unascertained mouth. The value of the gold discovery and the remarkable character of the discoverer are now amply recognized by the scientific men of Berlin, and both sympathy and aid will be afforded to him. Instruments have been already supplied to him, which will certainly prove too strong for the barbaric conservatism of Mosilikatze and his people. (Laughter and applause.)

On 'CHANGE. November 12, 1868.

Table with 2 columns: Item (Ounces, Sovereigns, Patacons, National Bonds) and Price (400, 122 1/2, 25, 46 1/2).

Before the British Science Association, during its recent session, Dr. R. J. Mann, superintendent of the Natal district, read a paper on 'The Gold Fields of South Africa.' It is stated that in the year 1864 there arrived in the colony a young German, who said that his business was to take a little walk through the middle of the continent of Africa.

The commercial news by the packet is regarded as very favorable. Tallow has gone up to 47s 6d., and fine wools at Havre were in good demand; inferior wools much neglected; sheep skins down; and from London, the advices respecting the wool market were also favorable; salted hides flat.

Table with 2 columns: Item (800 ar heavy wool, Raffo, 900 ar arbrojo, do, 800 ar do, do, 500 do, do, 1000 ar Santilian, reserved price, 300 ar superior wool, Unzeo, 200 do, do, 450 do, Galaroo, 500 do, Gienta, 3000 ar Duggan, reserved price) and Price (50, 43, 41, 48, 51, 68, 64, 59, 55 1/2, 90).

Table with 2 columns: Item (2000 do several lots, 1500 do do, 1500 do Ramos, 350 do Casabla, 200 ar lambs wool, Santilian, 200 do reserved price, 500 ar good Donovan) and Price (60, 60, 53, 55, 50, 57).

ESTANCIA in Frayle Muerto to Let, consisting of two leagues of land, situated within four leagues of the Railway Station, a good stock house of four rooms, with necessary offices, some seven acres of ploughed land, most of it under the plow, and a large quantity of stock. The land is surrounded by English settlers. Apply at 16 Calle Potosi. 106,9p,n13.

GARDENER WANTED—A first-class Man who thoroughly understands his business. Apply to the Quinta Fuentes, No. 264 Calle Callo, between Arenales and Juncal. 105,6p,n13.

SALE BY AUCTION. A plot of ground with house in the Partido Casabla, two leagues distant from the Salado, and ten from Chascomus, on Sunday, the 22d inst., at 2 o'clock p.m., the above property will be sold for a/c of a Company. The following are the particulars: The plot is 2000 sq. m. in extent, depth, three handsome wooden buildings, with galvanised iron roofs, and counters and shelves, suitable for a house of business.

FOR ROSARIO, BARANA, AND SANTA FE.—The steamer Lujan leaves every Tuesday from the Railway Station, Retiro, at 10 a.m., returning on Sunday mornings.

FOR SALE, a small Plot of Building Land, in the Calle Moreno, between Calle Savado and Alberta. For particulars apply to Calle Venezuela, 38. 92,6p,n13.

FOR ROSARIO, BARANA, AND SANTA FE.—The steamer Lujan leaves every Tuesday from the Railway Station, Retiro, at 10 a.m., returning on Sunday mornings.

NEW ARTICLE—Black Ebony Octagonal Boxes, for office use. Macken, Brothers, 44 Calle San Martin. 86,9p,n13.

ESTANCIA in Frayle Muerto to Let, consisting of two leagues of land, situated within four leagues of the Railway Station, a good stock house of four rooms, with necessary offices, some seven acres of ploughed land, most of it under the plow, and a large quantity of stock.

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FOR ROSARIO, BARANA, AND SANTA FE.—The steamer Lujan leaves every Tuesday from the Railway Station, Retiro, at 10 a.m., returning on Sunday mornings.

THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY & WEEKLY STANDARD in and about Buenos Ayres, please take Notice that on and after the 1st of December the Agents of the STANDARD in that city, Messrs. Keane and Soames, take exclusive charge of the subscription to and delivery of the STANDARD, they taking for their own account all papers hitherto sent to subscribers in that district. Parties owing back arrears will please pay same to Messrs. Keane and Soames, at their earliest convenience. "Standard" Office, Nov. 4, 1868. THE EDITORS.

AND TO BE SOLD—A square league of land, situated 17 leagues from the Salado, and seven leagues from the Estancia de Gomez Station on the F.C.O.A. The land is surrounded by English Estancias, and is excellently well adapted for either cattle farming or agriculture, or both combined. Will be sold cheap. For further particulars apply to Messrs. Baker and Tomplton, Rosario. 43,6p,n5.

GENUINE RUSSIAN CAVIAR—On Sale at a valuable delicacy, at 42c per lb. Apply to Messrs. BAKER and TOMPLTON, 303-CALLE POTOSI-303. 42,6p,n5.

HYDE and CO'S Jet Black Writing Ink is decidedly the best in the market; try it but once, and you will never purchase ink by any other manufacturer. Local, 76 San Martin, has just received a large shipment direct from the manufacturers, and offers this ink wholesale or retail, as cheap as all other marks, which are certainly much inferior. 61,6p,n7.

TO LET, a Single Gentleman, in a respectable family, 187 Calle de Suquia. 46,6p,n7.

TO LET, a small Plot of Building Land, in the Calle Moreno, between Calle Savado and Alberta. For particulars apply to Calle Venezuela, 38. 92,6p,n13.

TO LET, a comfortable furnished Sala and Bed room, both with windows to the street, with board and attendance if required, in the Calle de la Victoria, Calle Tomplton, 75, Mrs. Jackson's, a new house. 79,6p,n8.

RESTAURANT COSMOPOLITANO—L.A.B. (Opposite the Tigre). Mr. G. Kramer begs to announce to the Public that he has opened the above-named Hotel, at Las Cañitas, opposite the Tigre Station, along side of Messrs. Stangor and Co's shipbuilding yard, where picnic parties will always find a choice selection of the best wines, also bear, hams, poultry, and everything that may be desired. Lunch and Dinners provided at the shortest notice. To give pleasure-parties from the exorbitant charges of the hostesses there are always boats in readiness to convey them to the islands on any part of the river, at the most moderate charges. He also begs to inform Provisores and Captains of Steamers, that he can provide them with the best French and Rhineish Wines, Xeres and Port, Ale and Stout, as well as every description of Ales, also Ham, Cheese, and Sauces of all kinds, at all prices. Orders for large pic-nic parties to be sent to No. 71 Calle Victoria, or to the Hotel, where they will receive immediate attention. 263.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN LIVERPOOL AND THE RIVER PLATE. MESSRS. LAMPORT AND HOLTS DIRECT LINE. Ships: Tons. Shippers. Tons. KEPLER, 1,499 SHAMPS, 1,376 ANTEWERP, 1,674 LIVERPOOL, 1,397 PROTEUS, 1,074 LAFRANCE, 1,194 NEPTUNUS, 1,115 DONATI, 1,182 HALLEY, 1,347 TITICO BRAHME, 1,848 HUMBOLDT, 1,346 LAS MARCHESAS, 1,840 CASINO, 836 UNCAVOY, 1,301

TO LET, a comfortable furnished Sala and Bed room, both with windows to the street, with board and attendance if required, in the Calle de la Victoria, Calle Tomplton, 75, Mrs. Jackson's, a new house. 79,6p,n8.

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DRUGS, & C. GEORGE CULLING AND CO., No. 16, GULLING STREET, LONDON. Agents in the River Plate: MOORE, PUNCH, AND TUDOR, 72, RECONQUISTA. 248,6m,830.

RAUNHEIM, CHIROPODIST, 81-CALLE SUPIACHO-81. Feels great pleasure in again introducing himself (after an absence of six years) to the respectable Public of Buenos Ayres, cordially inviting all who suffer from Corns, Bunions, Irregular Toes, Nails, or other Diseases of the Feet, to pay him a visit, at any hour from 8 to 11 a.m., or from 12 to 4 p.m., Sundays and Holidays from 2 a.m. to 3 p.m. All operations performed with the greatest delicacy, without pain or loss of blood, and a perfect cure guaranteed in every instance. Prices moderate. Consultation Gratis. 126, xp,8

GENUINE LONDON STOUT. Sole Agent for the River Plate, FRANCIS W. REYNOLDS, 160 CALLE CUYO, B. AYRES. 288,14p,022.

REMOVED TO 67 AND 69 CALLE CUYO. G. BEHRENS, 103-CALLE ZAVALA-103. Agents for the 'Standard', have constantly on hand, Pianos of every description, from \$100 to \$1,000. Do of Edward Westerman, Berlin. Do of T. Sprunck, Berlin. Do of J. Blüthner, Leipzig. Music of all classes. Books in English, French, Spanish and German. Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Danish and Swedish. A large assortment of Engraving and Photographs. Charts and Maps. English songs and sacred music. Books for Children. G. BEHRENS, Montevideo, Ce Zavala No. 1 30 p220sm6.

SEWING MACHINES. A large and varied assortment of hand, warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and best inventions, and of different prices. JOHN SHAW, 206-Venezuela-206.

IMPORTANT TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS CALLING AT ROSARIO DE SANTA FE. KEAN AND SOAMES. Having opened (on the third mole) a large and extensive Butchers and Provision Store, to which is added Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Naval Stores, &c. They beg to call the attention of Captains to the fact, that they will always find the best articles at the lowest prices. No carts or ponies required, as there is always sufficient water for boats alongside the Establishment. 66,9m16

CHIVILCOY.—We take the opportunity of informing our Friends and the Public that we have opened a General Store, in this flourishing town, where every article for Family Use may be had at the same price and quality as sold in Buenos Ayres. 'STANDARD' AGENTS, CHIVILCOY.

HOYLE'S PRINTS IN EVERY VARIETY. TIENDA BUENOS AIRES, 216, CALLE VICTORIA. 369,12p,n1 JOHN SPRAGGON AND BROTHER Wool Brokers. Plaza Once de Septiembre, 1201-Calle de Rivadavia-1204. Buenos Ayres. 392,xp29

VITIS VITAE. SARSAPARILLIAN, 1 BETTER THAN 10.

A NEW PRINCIPLE DISCOVERED. R. R. R. RENOVATING RESOLVENT CONTAINS SARSAPARILLIAN, THE ACTIVE PRINCIPLE OF SARSAPARILLA.

DR. RADWAY HAS RECENTLY DISCOVERED A new process for obtaining the extractive substances of medicinal roots, bark, plants, etc.

So swift is the resolvent in entering into the circulation that it can be detected in the Blood, Urine, and Sweat in ten minutes after it has been taken.

Fair complexion, clear skin free from all eruptions, Tetter, Itch, Pimples, Blisters, Pustules, Black Spots, Worms, Scurf, and Sores of the Scalp, etc.

Calculus Concretions, Bad Habit of Body, Kidney, Bladder, and Urinary diseases, Leucorrhoea, Suppressions, Bloodlessness, cured rapidly by the R. R. R. Resolvent.

A GREAT SENSATION! A GOOD SENSATION! PAIN CURED IN AN INSTANT.

In 1847, the great grand principle of stopping the most excruciating pain in an instant, without employing such dangerous agents as Chloroform, Opium, Morphine, Aconite, Ether, &c.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS. COATED WITH SWEET GUM. PURGE, REGULATE, PURIFY, CLEANSE, AND STRENGTHEN.

PURELY VEGETABLE. CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERAL, OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

THE HIBERNIAN HOUSE, 64, 66, AND 68, PIEDRA-64, 66, AND 68.

REMOVED. GALBRAITH & HUNTER. THE HIBERNIAN HOUSE, 64, 66, AND 68, PIEDRA-64, 66, AND 68.

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ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

James Alexander, Esq. (Alexander, Fletcher, & Co.) Charles George Barnett, Esq. (Barnett, Hoare, & Co.)

Richard Hoare, Esq. (Hoare, Miller, & Co.) Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, Bart., M.P.

It will be found that all these are presented by this Company to the Public in an eminent degree.

It has been the object of the Directors, in their mutual arrangements, to effect every possible facility to those effecting Assurances with the Alliance, and the undersigned hold a Power of Attorney enabling them to settle at once any amount payable.

Kemp's Vegetable Worm Pastiles. I certify that I have for many years been physician to the Hospital of this city, and have had occasion to test the effects of Kemp's Worm Pastiles.

Francisco Goicoechea, Professor of Medicine and Surgery, and Licentiate in the Faculty of Medicine in the Military Hospital, Bolivar City.

Francisco Casals, M.D. Malanzas, Calle de la Victoria, 1862.

English Draper Establishment. 61-CALLE CORRIENTES-61.

Mr. Thomas Holms has much pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of Buenos Ayres and those resident in the provinces that he has just received a magnificent variety of autumn and winter goods.

MILNER'S PATENT SAFES, CHESTS, DOORS, AND STRONG ROOMS.

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SAVINGS BANK. BANK MAUÀ AND CO.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mauà & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

First-The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar 2/6.

Second-The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p.c.) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third-The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

THE "GLYCERINE" DIP, FOR SHEEP AND LAMBS, FREE FROM ARSENIC, MERCURY, MINERAL AND OTHER POISONS DEADLY TO ALL PARASITES INFESTING THE SKINS OF SHEEP AND OTHER ANIMALS.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE, INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER A.D. 1720, FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

SPRING "A" WATER. THE SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER is probably the most effective Mineral Water found on either Continent.

ANALYSIS OF THE SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER, BY JULIUS G. POHLE, M.D., SURVIVING PARTNER OF JAMES R. CHILTON & POHLE.

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PAYREDEU Y BRADLEY, Comisarios de Fletes del País.

LA FAVORABLE-Para Lobos, Jofres y Domingo, regresa Viernes y Lunes; al Baldeillo los Jueves, regresa los Lunes.

LA NACIONAL-Para la Capilla del Señor y Zúrate, sale los viernes, regresa los domingos.

EL COMERCIO-Para el Monte, sale de la Estacion Jenneron, los dias 1, 7, 13, 19, y 26 de cada mes, regresa los 4, 10, 16, 22, and 28.

FLOR DEL OESTE-Para el 25 de Mayo, sale los 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, y 27, regresa los 2, 7, 11, 15, 19, 24, y 28.

YOUNG LADIES' FRENCH SCHOOL, 42 CALLE CERRITO, MONTEVIDEO.

COMPANIA DE NAVEGACION AVAPOR RIO DE LA PLATA.

"THE QUEEN" FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON. Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandise and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones.

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