

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

The offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed...

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE, FOR BALANCE IN FAVOR OF CUSTOMERS...

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

Established in this City, in accordance with moderate premiums all risks by sea or by fire...

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company...

GUINNESS'S Celebrated Extra Stout

in quarts and pints at BARRY & WALKER'S, Sole Agents, 97-Calle Defensas-97.

BASS'S ALE, ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE

AND BARCLAY AND PERKINS'S LONDON STOUT, AT THE CASINO, ALONGSIDE THE BOLSA.

BRITISH HOSPITAL

Notice is hereby given, that, in accordance with the Resolutions passed at the General Meeting...

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

Photographs on Porcelain, latest out, from \$50. Natural Size Photographs, \$200.

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY (LIMITED)

STATIONS AT PRESENT OPEN: BUENOS AYRES, BELGRANO, SAN JOSE, MONTEVIDEO, ROSARIO, B. O. TIGRE.

BRITISH AND GERMAN HOTEL

The undersigned respectfully begs to intimate to his Friends and the Public generally, that he has excellent accommodation...

REGISTRY OFFICE

The above Office has been established with the view of facilitating the Employment of Servants, Agricultural, Mechanical, and Domestic.

THE LARGEST, MOST USEFUL, AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF GROCERY

DR. LECOCQ'S "WOMAN'S FRIEND" HOWLAND'S Tonic...

REYRIEUX & BRADLEY

Consignatarios de Frutos del Pais, Wool Brokers, OFFICE-259 CALLE PERU.

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The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS. PER FRENCH MAIL.

EDITION FOR EUROPE. No. 1905—EIGHTH YEAR. BUENOS AYRES, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868. CIRCULATION 3000

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

86-CALLE DE LA PIEDAD-86. Authorized Capital £2,000,000 sterling. Subscribed Capital £1,500,000 do.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

50-CALLE DE LA PIEDAD-50. The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

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THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

BUSINESS HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M. Deposits of not less than \$400 m/c. and \$116 received.

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"THE QUEEN" FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON. Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company...

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THE CENTRAL ARGENTINE Railway.

On and after the 27th September, 1867, the Trains will run as follows: From Buenos Aires to...

Ferro-Carril del Oeste.

Desde el 1 de Mayo, hasta 31 de Agosto, el Servicio de los Trenes sera como sigue:...

THE NORTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after 15th of April, 1868, and until further notice, the Trains will run as under:...

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after 15th of April, 1868, and until further notice, the Trains will run as follows:...

Boat, Barracas, and Escondida Railway.

Between Venecuela and Tres Esquinas. From and after Wednesday, April 1, inclusive, the Trains will run as follows:...

CUNNINGHAM & PEARSON,

Commission and Spirit Merchants, General Grocers, &c. 44 and 46 Calle Aduana, and 80 Calle de la Defensa, 65.

THE BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

SPLENDID INVESTMENT FOR THE CAPITALISATION OF SMALL INCOMES, PENSIONS, RENTS, &c.

ELLWOOD'S AIR-CHAMBER HAT FOR INDIA.

Light as Feather—Soft as Turban—Durable and Comfortable. Prizes Medal—1862 and 1865 Exhibitions.

WELLINGTON

KNIFE POLISH. Surpasses all other articles for Cleaning and Polishing Cutlery, &c.

JOHN OAKLEY & SONS,

Manufacturers of EMERY, BLACK LEAD, CABINET GLASS PAPER, EMERY and GLASS CLOTH.

INDIA RUBBER GLOVES.

For Cleaning and Polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c.

SCOTCH, FRENCH, LONDON, RUSSIAN, AND OTHER WHISKIES.

Wellington Mills, Blackfriars Road, London, S. 26p, 1p, 2p.

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Wellington Mills, Blackfriars Road, London, S. 26p, 1p, 2p.

SHIRTS AND CLOTHING. THE PROPRIETORS OF THE AXE BRAND CLOTHING WORKS are prepared to undertake Orders and Contracts of every description.

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE. CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA. It is the great Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections, Indigestion, Headache, and Heartburn.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION in the prices of PORTABLE ENGINES FOR 1867. CLAYTON, SEATTLEWORTH, AND CO Engineers, Manufacturers of Portable and fixed Steam Engines, Machinery for Pumping, Hoisting, Grinding, Sawing, and Agricultural purposes, &c.

RIMMEL'S Toilet Vinegar. A superior to any other, as it is made of the finest and purest ingredients, and is a most refreshing and invigorating tonic.

DR. VICTOR BAUD'S ORGANIC MEDICINES. THE BAUDEINE. A prompt and efficient Remedy for ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, YELLOW FEVER, DYSENTERY AND DIARRHOEA.

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TEATRO COLON

COMPANIA LIRICA ITALIANA.

Ultima funcion de la 2ª Temporada.

RIGOLETTO.

Por las Sras. Lilli, y Uberti, y las Sras. Zucchi, y G. S. y G. S.

Theatre Franco Argentin

BOUFFES PARISIENS.

OS THURSDAY, 11th JUNE, 1868.

First Appearance of

M. L. G. A. N. D. O. N.

LES CHEVALEIERS DU PINCE NEZ.

After which, an intermède by Mlle. GANDON and Mlle. ADRIENNE, and Mlle. MOLLARD and Mlle. D'HOIE.

To commence at Eight o'clock.

COLISEUM.

GERMAN SINGING ACADEMY.

PRIVATE CONCERT

IN THE COLISEUM.

On To-Morrow (Friday), 12th JUNE, 1868.

First Part.

1. Overture to "Romeo and Juliet" F. Schubert.

2. Chorus from "The Flying Dutchman" N. W. Gade.

3. Duo from the 9th Psalm Mendelssohn.

4. Chorus from "The Pilgrimage of the Rose" R. Schumann.

5. "Meditation," on a Prelude by Bach Gounod.

For Violoncello, Piano, and Harmonium.

6. Two Quintettes—Gentle-ly Chorus, and Soprano Solo F. Kuller.

7. The Calm of the Sea and The Favourite Duet Beethoven.

Second Part.

8. Overture to "Tancrède" G. Rossini.

9. The Gipsies' Chorus and Solo T. Becker.

The Gipsies' Life—The "Weird Condition" Song—Nightly Heat—Cradle Song—Funeral Song—The Gipsies' Dance.

No Tickets Sold. New Members admitted—200 Calle Victoria. 94, 1p11.

WEEKLY REPORT OF THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Week ending May 31

Number of Passengers 1867. 1868.

Amount by Passengers \$108,965 \$105,94

Do. Parcels 10,913 6,888

Do. Goods 76,152 2 119,502 7

Total \$196,000 \$231,894 7

Increase of Passengers, 1861.

Do. Receipts, \$35,854.

ON SALE, at No. 66 CALLE DEFENSA,

a few Casks of First-class RUM. 72, 6p17

MANTELES AND HAIR REMOVED

Their Offices to

19 and 21 CALLE CHACABUCO. 90, 10p11

THE "STANDARD"

Sent to Subscribers in Europe.

each fortnightly by mail.

Weekly Standard, £1 per Annum.

Daily Standard, 2d

AGENTS.

Mr. G. Street, 30 Cornhill, London.

Mr. J. C. Sharpe, Reuter's Telegraph office, Southampton.

We are requested to notify the members of the Philharmonic society, that the next rehearsal will take place on Thursday (to-morrow), the 28th inst., at half past seven at the Coliseum.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications.

Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audiam, nil veri non audeam dicere." Cetero.

THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR "STANDARD."

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

Montevideo, June 10, 5 P.M.

To-day same as usual, converting going on.

No business.

Little apprehension as to Caraballo's fidelity.

Exchange done for gold at 51.

The Buenos Ayres Drainage and Water Works Scheme—Great talk here as to the merits and saving of money should the Buenos Ayres Camaras accept Robinson and Co.'s scheme. It appears by the adoption of their proposal a saving will be effected to the province of over fifty million hard dollars, or the total annual payments and interest for fifty-six years, being the difference between the time necessary for the amortization of the capital as proposed by them, and the ninety years' privilege, sought for by the French Company. 6 p.m.

Local securities changing hands for Mauá paper.

It is said that the directors and shareholders of the Montevideo Bank will stick to and aid it all in their power.

No change with regard to other Banks.

The Mauá commission is hard at work.

The National Guard withdrawn from Banks and left to police.

Minister of Foreign Affairs' portfolio is vacant.

Exchange, limited amount drawn on London at 51 gold.

The long-looked-for arrival of Gen. Caraballo with the Battalion Constitution has at last taken place.

The Villa del Salto anchored in port at about four o'clock in the afternoon, and the battalion disembarked immediately, and is now quartered in the Fort San José.

Everything quiet.

The arrival of General Caraballo has imparted a better tone, and confidence is fully restored.

Weather unsettled.

REVIEW FOR EUROPE.

The military events of the past fortnight are unimportant. The siege of Humaita continues; but its reliance can be placed upon the statements of deserters who have escaped from the garrison, the heroic band of Paraguayans who defend that fortress must soon surrender. The allied division in the Gran Chaco has greatly strengthened its position and holds complete possession of the telegraph road connecting Humaita with Asuncion. The Paraguayans hold a place called Timbo, which is a small but strong position on the banks of the Paraguy; here Lopez has mounted heavy artillery and made deep intrenchments. It is the last foothold of the enemy in that unexplored territory called the Chaco; but it will cost the allies much to dislodge them. A small expeditionary force consisting of about two thousand five hundred men, has been despatched by the Marquis de Caxias to ford the river Tebicuari, and reconnoitre the enemy's position, the fleet rides at anchor in the river, and has for the last few days maintained a continuous bombardment on the doomed fortress; a shell from one of the gunboats fired a powder magazine, which exploded with some loss of life. Late dates have been received from the interior of Paraguay announcing the fact that Lopez had closed up the city of Asuncion, removed the seat of Government to Laque, a small town in the interior, and that the once flourishing capital of Paraguay is now deserted by all, save a handful of women troops which have been left to hold the place. It appears that, when the Brazilian ironclads ascended the river last February, they shelled the public buildings in the plaza and did great damage to the arsenal, the two thousand youths who, all during the war, had been constantly employed in this immense establishment under the superintendence of some half dozen English mechanics, have been all drafted into regiments now stationed at Lamberg, and the streets of Asuncion no longer echo to the stroke of the hammer or the roar and din of native industry in those once immense workshops. Up to the end of last month the railway has continued to run between Asuncion and Sierra Leon, freighted every trip with the ruined, fleeing inhabitants of the capital. Never, since Columbus first stamped his footprints on this continent, has there been such an appalling evidence of the ravages of war as the silent and deserted city of Asuncion presents this day. Forty thousand people torn from their homes, their properties, their most cherished associations, and sent adrift in the wilds of Paraguay to seek out the very means of existence; the stores all shut, the houses all closed, and the terrible edict of Lopez published at every street corner. It is a truly melancholy and awful episode of this terrible war, which, in the interest of common humanity, it is to be ardently hoped will be brought to an immediate termination upon the fall of Humaita. Since the departure of last packet another successful revolution has taken place, the Government of Corrientes has been capsize, the Governor thrown into prison, where he still lies, and a new set of men at the head of affairs. It is difficult to say where this Correntino disturbance will end, as experienced parties attach great importance to it, and think that General Urquiza will be more or less compromised. In the other Argentine Provinces no new political disturbances have taken place, but the last mails from Cordova have brought gloomy anticipations of an impending row. The whole country may be said to be convulsed by the Presidential question, which will be decided (happily for us all) on the leaving of this mail for Europe. Even Buenos Ayres has not escaped from the political influences which surround this question. The two Provincial Ministers, Drs. Avellaneda and Varela, have resigned their posts: their successors have not as yet been appointed, and the last mail from the United States brought Sr. Sarmiento's resignation of the post of National Minister of the Interior. Distasteful, however, as is the political attitude of affairs in the River Plate, it sinks into insignificance when contrasted with the magnitude of our financial woes. This packet bears to Europe the astounding intelligence of the stoppage and liquidation of the Mauá Bank in Montevideo, a disaster second to nothing that has occurred in these countries during the present century. The able 'manifesto' of Baron Mauá, which we publish in another column, will fully acquaint our readers with the causes, political and financial, which have led to this stunning calamity. We have to add, that since the inspection of the Mauá Bank books, by the committee named by the courts, the absolute and complete solvency of this almost national institution has been thoroughly established. No other Bank in the River Plate, save that of the Provincial Bank of Buenos Ayres, enjoyed such a circulation, credit, position, and business. The stoppage of such a Bank can only be regarded as a national calamity; and since the books have been examined and the assets ascer-

ained, the position of Baron Mauá has assumed the character more of a victim of political prejudice than anything else. Hopes are still entertained of a speedy reopening of this establishment. Should it go into permanent liquidation, the result will be a crisis which will shake the River Plate markets to their foundation. The generous support which the Baron Mauá extended to every River Plate enterprise, the immense accommodation which his Banks afforded to merchants, traders, and estancieros entitled him to high claims in the R. Plate, and if they are now forgotten, how vividly will they be brought to the recollection of the commercial community before the crisis has passed! The very assets of the Bank testify to the liberal character of the institution,—no less than one million and a-half sterling being locked up in Montevideo Government Bonds, estancias, &c., which have been forced upon the Bank in repayment for advances made by a too generous management. No higher evidence can be given of the great credit of the Mauá Bank than the fact that although in liquidation its notes are received in preference to those of another Bank, which still keeps its doors open; and the Provincial Bank of Buenos Ayres has, within the last few days in consequence of a temporary run on the Mauá Bank of this city extended to it a credit of half a million of patacons, and promised the institution every assistance in its power. Sr. Amorins, the able manager, has conducted the concern with such prudence and discretion that, notwithstanding the run on the Bank and on the Savings' Bank, he has met every claim without the slightest delay, and as yet without being obliged to employ the credit which the Provincial Bank has so generously accorded. The banking crisis in Montevideo is as yet in its infancy; where or how it will terminate none can say; but property of every description is already beginning to show the results. We cannot omit to mention the splendid position of the River Plate Bank in the midst of this financial chaos, not only in Montevideo but in Buenos Ayres. The credit of this establishment has so risen in public estimation that we hesitate not to say it is regarded by all as the safest bank in the River Plate to-day. It has assumed complete supremacy in exchange operations which are, after all, the most lucrative and best banking business in these markets; and the shareholders have good cause to congratulate themselves on the excellent administration of Mr. Green, the head manager, and Mr. Jones, the Montevideo manager. Money has become so stringent here that the rate of interest has gone up from 18 to 24 per cent. per annum; and Exchange holds firm at 49d., although the dull season of the exporters is now setting in. There are very sound reasons for believing that the present position of the River Plate markets is extremely critical, the financial machinery appears to be deranged; National Bonds here, and in fact, all securities have suffered, and are suffering from the crisis, credit is disturbed, and some are of opinion that the supply of specie is deficient to meet the requirements of a trade unduly inflated by army contractors. The supply of the army, which hitherto has been drawn from Montevideo, and maintained by the circuitous credits of exchange, and an extended paper currency, can now only be kept alive by steady remittances of specie from Rio, which must lead to a high premium for gold in that market; and any delay in those remittances will enhance the difficulties of the situation. Ready money, and not Exchange credit, is what is required, to carry on a war. The delay of a steamer, the non-arrival of drafts, are but trifles, so long as there is a metallic capital to back the market. Paper money has now had its trial, and is played out. Perhaps, by August or September we may look for an improved tone in our commercial and financial affairs. Exchange on England, 49. About £230,000 passed. Do. on France, 51.8. Do. on Rio, nominal.

of men placed hard by nearly all perceived by this monstrous explosion. Allen, the commander, when he heard of the disaster, ordered some other carts laden with gunpowder to be discharged, and the powder to be placed in a large shed formerly filled with maize and cotton. The deserter, who gave information as to the exact site of the powder deposit, represents it as about 80 carts load, after which the garrison will be without ammunition. The Brazilian Admiral has for the last 24 hours kept up a steady fire on the point indicated as the magazine, and hopes to blow it up. Marshal Caxias reports that the expeditionary force has already marched, and is now on the banks of the Tebicuari, which is a deep and rapid river and full of fish. Lopez is at present at Lambari, and several new fortifications have been put up on the river. He maintains constant communication with Humaita by chasques, who swim through a large lagoon right in front of the allied lines. The poor chasques have to swim part and trudge the remainder for fully a league. The allies have placed pickets to watch these chasques, but one passed in on the 3rd before their eyes. The guard fired repeatedly, but the chasque arrived safely. The foguna is represented as full of alligators. One of the chasques who escaped, dropped a private letter which was picked up by the allied outposts, but it contained nothing of moment. It has rained a good deal, and the troops in the Chaco have suffered great hardships. Dr. McDonald is about to leave the army. There are rumors of a late fight in the Chaco which cost both sides many men, but as yet no particulars; horses are very scarce, and forage very dear. Some English gentlemen have passed up from Corrientes to Paso Pucu to inspect the allied positions. All the foreigners in Paraguay are in good health and spirits, but it is said by parties in Corrientes who have means of knowing that there are no foreigners now in Humaita, they have all retired into the interior. The works at the great palace of Lopez in Asuncion are now suspended; this building of solid granite is the finest in South America. Mrs. Lynch and her children are in a quinta near Ita close to the Railway.

EDITOR'S TABLE. Yesterday we received no mails from any part. Rumors, of the most conflicting character, were flying about town, having more or less reference to the great question which is to be decided to-morrow throughout the Republic. The steamer from the Uruguay was looked for with particular interest, as the most alarming reports came to us from Entre Rios, in connection with the attitude taken by the Governor of that Province in regard to the Corrientes revolution. The electors for this province held a preliminary meeting on Tuesday, to fix the place in which they are to meet to-morrow to proceed to the election of President and Vice-President of the Republic. They agreed to address a requisition to the President of the Provincial Chambers to allow them the use of the Parliament House, and Messrs. Chasaud Uriburu were commissioned to have an interview with the President of the Chambers for the purpose. In case they were not successful, they would endeavor to obtain the loan of the Municipal Hall. It was also agreed that they would meet at one o'clock in the day. To-day the splendid steamer, La Plata, Captain Hairby, is to leave for Montevideo and Europe. To-morrow the Hipharchus sails also, and on the 16th inst. the City of Buenos Ayres, Respecting the Corrientes revolution, it is worthy of note that the late Governor is still a close prisoner, whilst the mockery of a resignation signed by the imprisoned functionary is published in the papers. It appears that General Emilio Mitre, with two divisions, has arrived at Corrientes, and that General Caseres is gathering a large force outside to march on Corrientes and liberate the Governor. The quarrel seems to be a very serious one.

THE WAR IN THE NORTH. LATEST FROM THE CHACO. ANOTHER FIGHT. We have received dates from headquarters to the 7th inst. The Guarani only brought dates to the 5th; she was detained by running aground, going up a little above Parana. Mr Hollister, jr., son of the American Consul, arrived here by her; he could not proceed above Corrientes, owing to the immediate leaving of the steamer, but he reports the state of affairs in Corrientes as very excited. Letters received per Prbroedor give full particulars of the late explosion at Humaita, as divulged by a deserter who has just passed over to the allied lines. The Brazilian shell struck amongst a troop of bullock-carts that were hid behind the trees, and have been there for the last two years. The shell fell right in the centre and fired one of the carts instantaneously, whereupon the rest at once blew up. A small picket

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SUMMARY FOR THE FORTNIGHT.

Baron Maua's Manifesto.

I owe to the public of this country... to the civilized world, where my name is known, and to all my friends, some explanation with reference to a great event, which has now plunged the people into consternation, and which in a few days will carry despair to the hearts of thousands of families throughout the length and breadth of the land.

economic perturbations which the country has undergone, were dealt with by the predecessors of the present government with prudence and with a sincere desire to avoid the misfortunes they might give rise to. I deplore that I cannot pay a similar compliment to the Public Powers which today sway the destinies of the Republic.

to it the Government had been of... The Minister of Finance, I say, drew on that day for 200,000 dollars on the Bank, and, even after the intimation was made, he drew again on the 26th not only without having any funds to his credit, but being a debtor for 200,000 in account current, besides the enormous debt represented by bonds, even though these were specially guaranteed by the rents affected to them.

that there was free communication between Humaita and the interior, by roads in the Chaco, it was at length determined to send an expedition to cut off this communication, and make the siege really effectual. I may mention that the proposition came from the Argentines, and its author probably is Chodasevich.

aforsaid lake, across said albardon, and which was traversed by three roads, one close along the river—the principal one allowing carretas to pass, the other two further in, running parallel, but only allowing one man to pass along at a time. Each of these paths was occupied by a telegraphic wire. This, then, was the means of communication by which Lopez sent supplies to Humaita, and which caused our siege to be useless and without effect.

rather a bad proof of the qualities of an Administration when the prospects of the people brighten, at the approaching demise of an Executive. The indignation of the foreigners from the Interior, who visit us when touching on the conduct of the present Government, will, most assuredly, find its way to the imperial historian of this epoch. Our big game countrymen look forward with hope to any change in the present Government, satisfied that in no event can things be worse than they are at present.

IMPORTANT FROM ROSARIO. GREAT INCREASE OF CRIME. NEW ENGLISH COLONY. May 24, 1868. The Australasian has made the necessary rectification of erroneous statements which appeared in one of its editorials in reference to the tariff and other things connected with this Republic. I extract a portion of another editorial in the 25th of January number of that important colonial journal:—

WAR IN THE NORTH.

THE CHACO EXPEDITION.

INTERESTING ACCOUNT BY AN EYE WITNESS.

This blessed war which has lasted so long, and which has cost so much blood and money, is, as you know, still in its vigour. To-morrow is the second anniversary of the celebrated battle of Tuyuti, and we are still on the outside of Humaita, and still floundering along in the old channel of blunders and mistakes. The fleet passed Humaita and a vessel was thought that at last we had arrived at the goal of our hopes. Alas! I not so—we still deluded ourselves with the dream of the siege of Jericho, and fancied that with the sound of trumpets and the booming of cannon in useless bombardments at long range, the walls of the fortress would crumble into nothing, and the garrison come out to us with the pleasing invitation to enter and take something warm.

FOREIGNERS IN THE INTERIOR.

PRIVATE ANIMOSITY AND PARTY SPIRIT.

Private animosity and party spirit may be said to be the most prominent feature upon a Government, press combination, by adhering to any length of time to a certain line of attack, may throw discredit upon even the best administration; but a really good Government derides all such efforts to poison the public mind, secure in the conviction that the unerring judgment of public opinion will draw a wide distinction between the calumnies of party writers and the just complaints of a whole people.

THE CHACO EXPEDITION.

THE CHACO EXPEDITION.

At this critical juncture Rivera ordered Evandro to charge bayonets with the 3d, which was done in gallant style. The enemy was driven back. We tried to flank, but were again met, and ultimately had to beat a precipitate retreat. We followed up by the main road, seeking incorporation with the Brazilians, without the slightest knowledge of the locality. Night, however, overtook us, so we encamped on the bank, with our backs to the river, under arms all night, making defences on our front and flanks.

THE CHACO EXPEDITION.

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Two iron-clads came down and lay alongside, one on each side from these we knew that Bedoya, the engineer, and the guide, were safe. On the 3d the Brazilians joined us. The Paraguayans that had intercepted us had disappeared during the night. As it was late when they came, we remained all night in the same spot, intending to march next day back so as to find the ford, and to make a clean sweep of the barrier across the peninsula, making our position more sustainable.

THE CHACO EXPEDITION.

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Order to march countermanded; spades and axes put into requisition; and we went to work to clear timber and dig trenches with a will that only such an ugly situation could have produced. We expected the attack during the night, or at dawn next day. There were Argentines 1200, Brazilians 2000 odds. The Paraguayans, however, don't understand delay, and we were reckoning without a host. They started from Timbo at ten o'clock same day, and owing to the bad state of the road, had to leave their artillery on the way, arriving at our position at half-past four in the afternoon. We were hard at work, and they were on us in a twinkling; no time for parley. On they came to the assault; and the outposts had hardly time to jump in the retreat, before they were in the north side was almost completely being defended entirely by Brazilians; our flank, where the Argentines were placed, looked towards Humaita, and was in a very incomplete state, half of the ditch only being opened, and that only partially. The enemy tried to come round our front, which rested on the lake before mentioned, and failed. The fight lasted an hour and a half; such a well-sustained fire I have not before seen—men and livid—and the niggers stood firm. A pitched battle is nothing; cooped up in a small redoubt the safest place is in the trenches fighting. The enemy was completely repulsed, but night closing on the scene we took care not to go out to follow them. Next two days we buried over 400 bodies. Our loss was four killed and a couple of dozen wounded (Argentine). I had myself a narrow escape of getting a ball through my foot, not to mention those that passed my head within sounding distance. The enemy brought to the attack more than 2000 men.

SUMMARY FOR THE FORTNIGHT.

Baron Maua's Manifesto.

I owe to the public of this country... the history of the institution of which I am the head, and which carried on banking operations in this city under the firm of 'The Bank of Maua and Co.' is well known—but not so all the previous circumstances which led to its establishment in 1855.

country has undergone, which dealt with by the predecessors of the present government with prudence and with a sincere desire to avoid the misfortunes they might give rise to.

to the Government had been specifically informed since the 19th inst. The Minister of Finance, I say, drew on that day for 60,000 dollars on the Bank, and, even after the intimation was made, he drew again on the 26th only without having any funds to his credit.

that there was free communication between Humaita and the interior, by roads in the Chaco, it was at length determined to send an expedition to cut off this communication, and make the siege really effectual.

At present the redoubt is strong, and if they do not allow batteries to be placed near, can resist Lopez with all his army; so that the Chaco is really completely shut in—nothing more can enter Humaita.

rather a bad proof of the qualities of an Administration when the prospects of the people brighten, at the approaching demise of an Executive. The indignant language of the foreigners from the Interior, who visit us, when touching on the conduct of the present Government; will, most assuredly, find its way to the impartial historian of this epoch.

IMPORTANT FROM ROSARIO. GREAT INCREASE OF CRIME. NEW ENGLISH COLONY. MAY 24, 1868. The Australasian has made the necessary rectification of erroneous statements which appeared in one of its editorials in reference to the tariff and other things connected with this Republic.

WAR IN THE NORTH.

THE CHACO EXPEDITION. INTERESTING ACCOUNT BY AN EYE WITNESS. This blessed war which has lasted so long, and which has cost so much blood and money, is, as you know, still in its vigour.

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The Susan became was detained here two days by the fog. She takes up four young officers belonging to the American gunboat Wasp...

I have the melancholy intelligence to give you that the Hon. Mr. Bingham, a resident for some months back in Rosario, died here yesterday morning...

The Municipal health of the town is very good, but the political health is vastly below par.

The police take up daily a great number of criminals, but every day they seem to increase.

There have not been less than 2,000 deaths in six weeks out of a population of 20,000.

The elections are over, and it is presumed that Colonel Balta is elected, but nothing positive will be known until the meeting of the electoral college...

Col. Balta returned on the 31st from Chichay having successfully performed his mission of restoring order at that place.

On the 20th of this month the body of a white man, was cast up on the beach of Huachuco...

The port of Rosario still displays a great amount of activity. Two vessels are loading direct for New York, and others for Europe...

A company is being formed for the purpose of erecting a large hotel, something that we want very much here.

The column, with the Statue of Liberty in the Plaza, is being newly painted in honor of the great 'Dia de la Patria'.

The weather has turned out fine and dry, with no symptoms of rain.

H.B.M.'s Vice-Consul at Curonipe was arrested by order of the Intendente of the Province of Maule...

The West Coast Mail thus comments on the affair:—We cannot refrain from observing that the impression left on our minds after perusing the communications...

In Bonds there were no cash sales to-day, but a limited business on time. Money rules as tight as ever...

The affairs in Montevideo show no change for the better, and the advices from Europe are by no means so favorable as anticipated.

The U.S. steamer Daotach arrived at Valparaiso on the 31st ult. from Callao.

The Santiago and Valparaiso Railway, according to the Superintendent's report, netting \$100,874.84 in the month of February last.

A woman named Juana Pasten died recently at the age of 130, having been born in 1737.

The building of the new Protestant church at Santiago has been commenced, and will be vigorously pushed forward.

While off Cape Horn, in latitude 67 degs. south, the British barque Wallace, bound for Cork with a cargo of guano, was overtaken by a tempest...

The 33 men composing her crew were picked up by the Italian barque Elvira Granello bound for a Chilean port.

This rescued almost by a miracle their little dream that a still more serious calamity impended over their heads.

Fifteen days after, on the night of the 14th ultimo, the Elvira Granello struck upon a rock near a port of San Antonio in this Republic.

Wallenase amounted altogether to 50 tons, of whom 35 were lost.

Private advices from Peru state that the yellow fever is reaping a terrible harvest in Callao and Lima...

Probably half of the cases die in the second and third stages before they are taken to the hospital.

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The crew of the Elvira Granello and the thirty-five men saved from the wreck.

Exchange rates at what is termed 'Saturday's rates.' Some bills were passed at 494, cash. It is not thought, however, that the amount to be needed for the day will be heavy...

The news from Montevideo is now beginning to be regarded as a disastrous character. The specific nature of the disease is still on the order of all parties, and gold cannot be had, the difficulties which best render the disease of this nature, giving rise to claims for demerit, protest, and loss of no trifling magnitude.

Probably half of the cases die in the second and third stages before they are taken to the hospital.

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VESSELS IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES

Table with columns: CLASS, NAME, TONS, CAPTAIN, ARRIVAL, CONSIGNEE. Lists various ships from different countries like British, American, French, etc.

Table with columns: CLASS, NAME, TONS, CAPTAIN, ARRIVAL, CONSIGNEE. Continuation of the shipping list.

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These Dyes will be found useful for Dyeing articles of Woolen or Silk manufacture; also Feathers, Fur, Grasses, Seaweed, Ivory, Bone, Wax, Willow, Shavings, Paper, for tinting Photographs, and for Illuminating. May be had of Chemists in the United Kingdom and Colonies. Wholesale of Patent Medicine Vendors. 26p,lpw,F25

BY ROYAL COMMAND. STEEL PEN MAKER TO THE QUEEN. JOSEPH GILLOTT, VICTORIA WORKS, BIRMINGHAM. Respectfully directs the attention of the General Public, and of the Branch Establishments, 91 John Street, New York, and 37 Gracechurch Street, London. 62p,lpw,d4

They can be obtained Retail of every Dealer in the World; Wholesale at the Works, Graham Street, Birmingham; and at the Branch Establishments, 91 John Street, New York, and 37 Gracechurch Street, London. 62p,lpw,d4

PROTECTION FROM FIRE. PRIZE MEDAL, 1867. BRYAN & MARY'S PATENT SAFETY MATCHES. LIGHT ON THE BOX. The Patent Safety Match, which is instantly lighted as readily as a common match, whilst it is entirely free from all danger to the user, is a most valuable and important discovery, as well as an improvement on the ordinary match. It is now being manufactured in large quantities, and is being sent to all parts of the world. BRYAN & MARY'S Patent Safety Matches are made in boxes of 50, 100, 250, 500, and 1,000. All orders made payable to London will receive immediate attention. WHITECHAPEL-LANE, LONDON, E.

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T. MORSON & SON. (Junior International Exhibition, 1862). 31, 33, & 124 South Molton Street, London. Orders to be made payable through Agents, or English Drafts. Shipping Orders carefully packed. 52,lpw,m10

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BY ROYAL COMMAND. JOSEPH GILLOTT'S PATENT SAFETY MATCHES. STEEL PENS. Sold by all Dealers throughout the World. 62p,lpw,m28

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The Susan Beane was detained here two days by the fog. She takes up four young officers belonging to the American gunboat Wasp, and who have just arrived from the United States.

I have the melancholy intelligence to give you that the Hon. Mr. Bingham, a resident for some months back in Rosario, died here yesterday morning, at the Hotel de la Paix. His remains were deposited in the Protestant burying-ground, the evening of the same day.

The Municipal health of the town is very good, but the political health is vastly below par. Scarcely a day or night passes without some murder or robbery. The bad character of the Department appears to be completely in the ascendant. Few persons think of going out at night without a revolver. The social aspect of the town, I am sorry to say, is very gloomy. We expect the Governor down from Santa Fe soon, and he has friends here independent enough to speak plainly, on the absolute necessity of an immediate reform.

The police take up daily a great number of criminals, but every day they seem to increase. Merchants now do not keep their money in their iron chests, but hide it away when they do not put it in the bank. Two nights ago the provision house of Bastarian and Berdaguer, was entered, and upwards of three thousand dollars abstracted. The night after a "barraza" was broken into, and a young man wounded. A few nights before another respectable young man was murdered in the Calle de Cordoba, near the Plaza de Carretas. I trust, however, that means will be taken to put a stop to this disgraceful state of things.

I see, by the Santa Fe papers, that this Government has sent to the National Government a criminal accusation of Mr. Oroño, which Mr. Costa announces that he will deliver to the Senate. The party in power here is working hard to get Mr. Oroño's nomination to the Senate annulled.

The port of Rosario still displays a great amount of activity. Two vessels are loading direct for New York, and others for Europe; and large quantities of hay and maize are still being shipped to the theatre of war. There are about thirty sea-going vessels in port. The river is falling rapidly.

A company is being formed for the purpose of erecting a large hotel, something that we want very much here. It is to be built on the vacant lot, on the corner of Santa Fé and Adunara streets.

The column, with the Statue of Liberty in the Plaza, is being newly painted, in honor of the great "Día de la Patria." But, as a significant sign of the times, poor Liberty has both her arms and her fringed cap knocked off, and a big hole in her neck; while her attendants about the base of the column, which represented the Seasons, only Winter remained intact, and as his lonely presence would have jarred on the festivities of the occasion, he was taken down, and the four pedestals stand naked in their white and blue paint.

I see by an advertisement in the paper that Mr. Barker has resigned the management of the Banco Anaco at Rosario. Mr. F. Fernandez Blanco has been named in his place.

On the 21st the freight brought down by the railroad was the following—

Copper, 152 bags.
Wheat, 1261 bags.
Dried fruit, 125 packages.
Hides, 709.
Wool, 141 bales.
Lambskins, 5 bales.
Hair, 28 chiquas.
Apples, 29 bags.
Tanned hides, 282.
Merchandise, 3 boxes.

The weather has turned out fine and dry, with no symptoms of rain.

Yours truly,
W. P.

CHILE.

H.B.M.'s Vice-Consul at Curipene was arrested by order of the Intendente of the Province of Manle, on the 12th March, on a charge of smuggling. Whether the authorities were justified in making the arrest is not clear.

The West Coast Mail thus comments on the affair:—We cannot refrain from observing that the impression left on our minds after perusing the communications we have received upon the subject is, that the whole affair—at all events in reference to some of the parties concerned in it—savours strongly of that political ill-will which so frequently forms in this country the groundwork of almost interminable feuds, and we shall be very much surprised if the sequel does not prove that to be gained by the adoption of such severe measures. Our opinion is still further strengthened in this respect from the fact that it has never been the misfortune of Chile that her provincial authorities, from Intendente down to Subdelegado "dressed in a little bit of authority," are everlastingly committing acts that bring discredit upon the country and continually keep the government in hot water.

The U.S. steamer Dacotah arrived at Valparaiso on the 31st ult. from Callao.

The Santiago and Valparaiso Railway, according to the Superintendent's report, netted \$100,874.84 in the month of February last.

A woman named Juana Pasten died recently at the age of 130, having been born in 1737. She was twice married, and leaves 62 descendants, 22 children and 40 grandchildren.

The building of the new Protestant church at Santiago has been commenced, and will be vigorously pushed forward.

El Mercurio of Valparaiso says.—A shipwreck has occurred on our coast greatly to be lamented, both for the loss of life and the circumstances attending it.

While off Cape Horn, in latitude 67 degs. south, the British barque Wallacea, bound for Cork with a cargo of guano, was overtaken by a tempest which she was unable to weather even after throwing part of her cargo overboard.

The 33 men composing her crew were picked up by the Italian barque Elvira Granello bound for a Chilean port.

This rescued almost by a miracle they little dreamt that a still more serious calamity impended over their heads.

Fifteen days after, on the night of the 14th ultimo, the Elvira Granello struck upon a rock near a port of San Antonio in this Republic.

The crew of the Elvira Granello and the thirty-five men saved from the

Wallensca amounted altogether to 30 souls, of whom 28 were lost. The remainder succeeded in making the shore where they received succor from the authorities and the inhabitants.

The Aranco—the official organ—has published the documents relative to the pecuniary advance made to Arman. If they do not exonerate the government from the charge of levity and inconsiderateness, they at least serve to prove that the unfavorable intelligence respecting Señor Arman was received subsequently to the delivery of the funds.

PERU.

Private advices from Peru state that the yellow fever is reaping a terrible harvest in Callao and Lima, but more particularly in the former place. The mortality in the lazarettos and the fever hospitals averages 95 per diem, and this owing to the want of proper nursing and medical assistance.

Probably all of the cases die in the second and third stages before they are taken to the hospital. But in private practice, and where there is good nursing the mortality does not exceed 30 per cent. The reports of the deaths from yellow fever published in the papers are only those who are buried in the graveyards and cemeteries. The rest do not count those who are buried at night in the fever ditches alongside of the lazarettos, in which as many as 80 have been buried during the twenty-four hours.

There have not been less than 2,000 deaths in six weeks out of a population of 20,000.

The elections are over, and it is presumed that Colonel Balta is elected, but nothing positive will be known until the meeting of the electoral college and their vote has been given.

Col. Balta returned on the 31st from Chelivay having successfully performed his mission of restoring order at that place.

El Comercio has the following:— "On the 20th of this month the body of a white man was cast up on the beach of Huacho, bearing signs that he had received a pistol-shot in the forehead. By the investigation made up to the present it is presumed that the individual was killed on board the English mail steamer which arrived at Callao on the 17th instant from Panama.

"By papers found on the body and by the marks on his linen it is supposed that this man is John A. Ross, and that he had been invited to visit the theater in Panama on the second February. The authorities are investigating the matter.

A decree was issued on the 9th by which Col. Prado and those who under his administration discharged the offices of Secretary of State, General-in-Chief, Inspector General, Secretary General, Prefect, and Commander General of the Division of the Army and Naval forces, have been dismissed from the service.

ON CHANGE.

June 4, 1868.
Omeves, 810
Sovereigns, 122 1/2
Patucos, 25

National Bonds a little firmer to-day, and one or two subscribers, notwithstanding the tightness of the money market, bought freely all the Bonds offered. This turn of the market was a measure unexpected, since every one looked for a heavy sale for a few days, and Bonds so plenty.

The state of things in Montevideo has undergone no change for the better. Rowds still surround the offices of the banks, and the only question now is how much longer can it last? The payment of specie proceeds so slowly, that some think the crisis will continue for several weeks.

Exchange money rates very tight here. The Provincial Bank is discounting. It was said on "Change" that one of the private banks here had sent round to its customers a circular, calling upon them to owe balances in accordance to the "pagares" for the amounts. Yet the general state of this market is considered sound, and no failures are anticipated.

Exchange opened to-day for the draft at 49 1/2. The English Bank, we heard, drew at 49. It is thought the rate will go up.

The news from Europe, by the Hipparchus is not so favorable. A bank failure is announced in England; tallow and cotton down; wool without change; money easy.

The Hipparchus will sail from this port on the 27th inst. at 27 days and some hours, one of the best passenger ever made to the Plate, as she called and discharged part of her cargo at Rio.

Our special reporter at the South Plaza gives the following sales:—
2700 ar mixed, from the Azul 62
2900 ar sold at 51
500 ar sold at 53
130 ar in two lots, with carretilla 50
2500 ar deposit, since April 56
1 lot fine wool 65
1000 ar grina 54
1600 ar grina, venales, mixed 53
700 ar sold at 54
1 lot from Laguna de los Padres 62
1750 ar fine 60
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any foreign business, had been protected to-day, and for large amounts.

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The news from Montevideo is now beginning to be received as a distressing one. A specie payment panic is still on the increase, and as all parties demand gold, and gold cannot be had, the difficulties which beset trade in general are of a very serious nature, giving rise to claims for demurrage, protests without end, and losses of no trifling magnitude. Speculation, on the most gigantic scale, has set in in the Maa notes. Parties are even taking money in the market to buy these notes at a discount. Their quotation up to the closing of the Bolsa was 65 to 68, and the bills of the Montevideo Bank have suddenly fallen to 15 per cent. discount. Collections in gold in Montevideo are utterly out of the question, and few of the foreign houses have as yet been able to change their paper for gold, owing to the rough-and-tumble at the bank doors. The importation of Maa bills has proved the most satisfactory, but as two of the members of the Committee refuse to certify to the result until further investigation, the speculations in the bills are at a standstill.

Soon all the Maa notes will be bought up, and off the market. Some English merchants who arrived here this morning give a most melancholy view of the state of things in Montevideo. Their personal experience during the crisis was listened to with the greatest attention on "Change to-day," and the conviction of all is that the wind-up of the affair will be the adoption of "50 days' paper."

Up to the closing hour of the Bolsa, the City of Buenos Ayres had not entered port. It is presumed that she is detained by the fog and low water.

The American steamer James T. Brady will make her first trip either on Wednesday or Friday next.

The La Plata takes 2,500 bags Chilean wheat, say 250 tons.

Messrs. Poyredon and Bradley report one block, 2,000 cases and capones, boiled down at the slaughter, have been sold at 2 1/2.

In the wool places, this being Saturday, very little done. One barrazo holds about 50,000 dry hids. Few sales to-day.

Claviers and Gaudet, Brothers, in an Hannoverian Prussian brig, Koenigstein, from Hannover, to load at Rio Grande for orders, sailed hids, at 52 1/2.

Prussian schooner Eliza, to load at Rio Grande, sails to-morrow.

Prussian large steamer Rita, to load in the River Uruguay, for orders, bone ash and bones, at 25 and 3 per cent.

June 5, 1868.

National Bonds fairly going to-day; every one selling, and a general feeling that prices have not to fall considerably. The state of the money market is critical in the extreme. In one immediate circle a steamer from Corrientes is anxiously looked for with drafts to meet bills, which, within the last few days, which now are at 100,000 amounts, close on one hundred thousand patucos; but the rumor is, that the steamer Guaraní is grounded up the river, and possibly she may be the bearer of the much looked for news in another circle attention is solely directed to Montevideo and an adjustment of the Bank difficulty is looked for, either by change of Ministry or otherwise. It appears that the steamer Guaraní has been up in speculation in Maa Bank bills, and the general conviction that in a few days the bank would be re-opened. Such, however, not having taken place, there is a squeeze in the market down here, which is now in full force, experienced here, and to-day, on the Bolsa in Montevideo, Maa bills were sold at a loss, by parties unable further to carry them.

The holders of National Bonds here, also experience the effects of this miserable crisis to-day. The only possible way to raise money on Bonds was to sell them, and large transactions were effected which were not to be expected. On Saturday was one of the hardest days' experience for some time in this market, and it is the general conviction, if this extreme stringency continues, National Bonds will be the chief security sufferer.

The telegrams from Montevideo announced some misty rumors about Caraballo and his revolt; but there was nothing certain. The Uruguayan steamer, coming down, was retained at night at Fray Bentos, but she came on, and the passengers arrived bringing no political news.

We regret to say that the passengers from Salta announce that the steamer Mr. Belmont, the Manager of the Cunapira Gold Mining Company. As yet we have received no details.

The sale of the steamer Cumbrá is announced, Mr. Linnux, the purchaser, 25,000 patucos.

In Exchange for the rate ruled firm at 49 1/2, and, owing to the tightness of the money market, it is presumed the rate will not decline, although now there is very little to draw against.

The arrival of the steamer from England is announced in the papers received. She bent the French packet by five days.

Government Bills were freely offered to-day at 3 per cent. discount, but very little done. The cattle park of the best class is offering, but the brokers complain they can get no money.

Large troops of capones and sheep are now arriving at Fray Bentos for the saladeros. Some troops have sold as high as 850 each.

As usual on Monday, very few transactions at the South Plaza.

Our special reporter at the South Plaza gives the following sales:—
2700 ar, from deposit 56
800 ar, from Las Flores 62
2 lots at 51 1/2
Dry Hides—1500 in one deposit, 121; 100 at 110; and three lots at the station, 116 to 118.
Grease—116 bordelases, 44; 230 in bigbags and capones 75.
Hay—270 hds alfalfa, 580 per ton.
Capones—Three troops sold at Barracas at 28 each, and at Corrales, 25.

June 9, 1868.

The Bond market for cash ruled to-day at 39,000 sold 43 1/2, but on time the rates receded somewhat. Prices for the end of the month show increased weakness. Yesterday Bonds at 44 1/2, for the 30th June, were cheap to-day even at 44 1/2 they were regarded as dear, 40,000 sold for the 30th of June.

Money is as tight as ever, and the bills expected from bond-quarries have not yet arrived. The steamer, City of Buenos Ayres, has already a full home cargo engaged, and all the cabin passages filled.

House property—No. 77 Calle Suipacha, sold to-day for \$37,500, 16 1/2 per cent. The house on an old building, worth about \$30,000, the purchaser a Frenchman.

The American steamer, Edward Everett, has been refitted and placed on the Montevideo line. She sails on Saturday next, but private letters received state that there is yet some prospect of an arrangement being made. Messrs. M'Coll, Estarques, and McKinnon, have had interviews with the Minister. Whether it will amount to anything or not remains to be seen. Speculation in the Maa notes is as firm as ever. One broker sold 200,000 of the Montevideo Belsa yesterday, but the price advanced. Here there have been some sales at 40 per cent. discount.

Exchange on Montevideo 81d., equal to 49d. here. The rate here rules still at 69 1/2, a good many drawers. About 2220,000 pass up to the present.

In the wool market nothing of importance done, owing to the bad weather.

The steamer, City of Buenos Ayres, has already a full home cargo engaged, and all the cabin passages filled.

VESSELS IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES

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