

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

The offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank...

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH, IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE. For balances in our favor, 12 per cent. For balances in favor of Customers, 6 per cent.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company

established in this City, for moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river. Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD

THE LONDON AND RIVER PLATE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Insurance against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandise, and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones, produce in the Barracos or in Deposit Stores, in the Lighters or on Board, and on nearly every description of property.

GUINNESS'S Celebrated Extra Stout

in quarts and pints at BARRY & WALKER'S, Sole Agents, 97-Calle Defensa-97.

BASS'S ALE, ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE, AND BARKLEY AND PERKINS'S LONDON STOUT

THE CASINO, ALONGSIDE THE BOLSA

BRITISH HOSPITAL

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

ROSAHIO FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY (LIMITED)

STATIONS AT PRESENT OPEN

BRITISH AND GERMAN HOTEL

GERMAN HOTEL

REGISTRY OFFICE

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

THE LARGEST, MOST USEFUL, AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK GROCERY

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

THE LONDON AND RIVER PLATE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No. 1901—EIGHTH YEAR. BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1868. CIRCULATION 2500

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

Authorized Capital, £2,000,000 sterling. Subscribed Capital, £1,600,000. Reserve Fund Jan. 1, 1868, £1,440,000.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

The rate of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ENGLISH TAILOR

JUST RECEIVED, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Spring and Summer Goods

GEORGE ELLIS

GUINNESS'S Celebrated Extra Stout

BASS'S ALE, ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE, AND BARKLEY AND PERKINS'S LONDON STOUT

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THE PROVINCEAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES

Deposits of not less than \$400 m/c, and \$1000 m/c. These deposits will not be entered to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days...

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THE LONDON AND RIVER PLATE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

The Central Argentine Railway

Table with columns for Stations, Week Days, and Down Trains. Lists stations like Rosario, Cordoba, Bahia Blanca, etc.

Ferro-Carril del Oeste

Table with columns for Stations, Week Days, and Down Trains. Lists stations like Palermo, San Fernando, etc.

THE NORTHERN RAILWAY

Table with columns for Stations, Week Days, and Down Trains. Lists stations like Palermo, San Fernando, etc.

Boa, Barracas, and Esmeralda Railway

Table with columns for Stations, Week Days, and Down Trains. Lists stations like Palermo, San Fernando, etc.

THE BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

SPLENDID INVESTMENT FOR THE CAPITALISATION OF SMALL INCOMES, PENSIONS, RENTS, &c.

ANGLO-FRENCH SEMINARY

Elementary Branches—English, French, and Spanish, History, Grammar, Arithmetic, Reading, and Writing, Dictation, Composition, and Declamation.

BANCO ITALIANO

La casa de interes, donde se hacen todas las operaciones, sea la siguiente: CUENTAS CORRIENTES, DEPOSITOS A PLAZO FIJO, etc.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF A. MATTI & PIERA

FOR MONTEVIDEO—The steamer Parana and Provador will leave every alternate Tuesday at 5 p.m., returning on Friday.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

FOR CORRIENTES AND PORTS—The steamer Parana and Provador will leave every alternate Tuesday at 5 p.m., returning on Friday.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF G. T. PAEZ

FOR CORRIENTES AND PORTS—The steamer Parana and Provador will leave every alternate Tuesday at 5 p.m., returning on Friday.

RIVER PLATE STEAM NAVIGATION

The magnificent new Twin Screw Steamers TARAGUY and GOYA, built expressly for the Corrientes route, will leave on...

NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA

The Steamers of the Penam, New Zealand, and Australian Royal Mail Company (Limited) run monthly between Penam, New Zealand, and Sydney...

TEATRO COLON

COMPANIA LIRICA ITALIANA.

Argentine Bank, 31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

Metropolitan Exchange, 37, Calle Corrientes.

THE DEBUT OF THE NEW COMPANY.

GRAND AIR DE LA TRAVIATA.

CAVATINI AND BALLO IN MASCHERA.

MOLE MARIE-Danses de Ballet.

Entrance—TEN Dollars.

NAVARRO RACES.

ON 14TH SEPTEMBER, 1868.

OPEN TO THE ENGLISH-SPEAKING COMMUNITY.

FIRST RACE—ONE O'CLOCK.

SECOND RACE—TWO O'CLOCK.

THIRD RACE—THREE O'CLOCK.

THE NAVALRO RACES.

THE NAVALRO RACES.

RULES.

BUENOS AYRES SOUTHERN RACES.

BRITISH NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

REMOVALS.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

THE STANDARD.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1868.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO 'STANDARD.'

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

Weather fine.

THE MINISTERIAL CRISIS.

If the salaries of public men were the only recompense they could expect for a faithful and honest discharge of their duties, we could never hope to soar above a despicable mediocrity in public affairs; but, happily for society at large, the inestimable approbation of public opinion is after all the best pay which a public man can expect. No matter what the stipend may be, no matter how high the influence of the post which he occupies, the retrospect of a well-spent official career, and the vote of the people, are the real rewards of a public man. In Buenos Ayres, unhappily, owing to the rancour of party feeling, the onerous duties of a public trust are en-

lanced by the constant abuse of political writers. The evil has become almost chronic: no character, no matter how high; no name, no matter how respected, can escape censure, and even defamation. A public officer, in times like the present, is in the most continuous hot water; his name almost daily figures in the papers; his acts misconstrued and misrepresented by prejudiced critics of every calibre. Genius, however great, or talents however shining, are ineffectual to shield him from the attacks of party opponents.

It would, therefore, be unjust and ungenerous on our part to allow two men who have played their parts so admirably and discharged their trusts so honorably as Drs. Avellaneda and Varela, to retire into private life without even a comment on their official career. "Tierras Publicas Avellaneda" and "Oficina de Cambio Varela" have had in their keeping, for two years, the most important interests of the most important Province of the Argentine Republic, and during that short time have effected some of the soundest reform ever adopted in this country. Dr. Avellaneda can point with pride to a liberal land law which struck at the root of a speculating monopoly and threw open to the farmer, the laborer, and the emigrant the pathless pastures of the pampa, and the hoarded public lands of a too grasping Executive. He paved the way for others to follow, and shook from agricultural industry the shackles which impeded its progress. He halved the price of public lands, gave priority to the poor tenant, and in a lasting and permanent manner benefited the farmer. The present public land law of Buenos Ayres, known as the Avellaneda Law, has identified this gentleman's name with a measure which endears him to contemporaries, and will for ever command the respect of posterity.

Dr. Varela leaves the Government house with a fame durable as the existence of our Provincial Bank. He solved the great question of a fluctuating currency which for many years had harassed this country and by a method so simple and so honest, that high as are his claims on his fellow citizens, still higher is the debt which every industry in the country owes him. It is idle to recapitulate all the benefits which have accrued from the Exchange-office, and all the sorrows we have escaped by so wise a measure; to Dr. Varela we owe all this; his bust should be placed in the Provincial bank, and stamped on every paper dollar bill current in the town, and possibly the highest eulogium we can pay to this public man is to testify to his departure from office being felt by all, as a National loss, and that he retires to private life after two years of office with immense reputation and increased renown.

We claim the liberty to say that no two young men ever entered office with less antecedents, and none ever descended from their posts with a more unblemished fame and a more enhanced esteem. It would appear that they allowed ephemeral topics to triumph over their calmer judgment. They pulled well in harness together, and should not have "given up the ship." Governor Alsina will find it difficult to supply their posts. They were in every sense of the word the right men in the right place; and we trust, for the interests of the country, that their successors will be men of the same stamp.

No two men ever left the Government-house with better right to expect the impartial approbation of their contemporaries, than Drs. Avellaneda and Varela their political career to be judged properly, should be viewed through the prism of surrounding circumstances and weighed in the scale of general results. There are and ever will be, a band of rancorous detractors who only see defects in political opponents, and who attribute to chance more than anything else the adoption of any lasting good measure, but common sense can never be permanently silenced by political prejudice, rare indeed are the instances in which inferior minds, blunder into brilliant success.

The land laws and Exchange-office bills are measures not of yesterday they have survived the rude attacks inseparable from an unsteady market and conflicting interests, and we deplore the circumstances which have deprived the country of the services of two men whose legitimate aim and ambition must have been to complete the work which they so auspiciously initiated, and give an enduring solidity to measures which give them a high place among their country's benefactors.

Although we grant that the highest office of a public writer is to descend on the deserved or undeserved reputation of public men, it is beyond all question his most useful as well as most difficult mission. Messrs. Avellaneda and Varela deserve well of their country; their public acts are their passports to present fame and posthumous renown; and as we yield to them this valedictory from a strictly impartial and discriminating public, we thank them for the courtesy they have ever displayed when dealing with foreign interests.

COLISEUM.

MR. GOTTSCHALK'S CONCERT FOR THE GERMAN HOSPITAL.

When Copenhagen was barbarously bombarded by the British fleet, it was a consolation to the Danes to think that the gallant little admiral who led the van was of Scandinavian origin. When we compare the child-like efforts of the English concert to the glorious program of the Germans, our only consolation is that we come from the same stock; and if we have not kept pace in music with our Teutonic cousins, it is only because Luther was something of a musician, and our Reformers sang psalms through their noses, a habit we have continued ever since, and because a Puritanical fanaticism laid its coarse hand on a budding art, which, in the Elizabethan era in England, was as promising a flower as any in Europe. But our German friends will do us the justice to acknowledge, that of all European nations, it is in England where German music has found a second home. We adopted Handel, patronised Haydn and Spohr, killed—so they say—Weber, and adored Mendelssohn as our especial protégé. It is not therefore surprising that at the concert on Thursday evening at the Coliseum there were as many Britishers as of Prussians, Huns, Tartars, Slavacs, Swabians, Croats, and all every nationality comprising the great German nation, which comprises such a babel of tongues, and such an admixture of character, that it would be hard indeed if out of the mess, there could not be found a flavor of music and metaphysics. This flavor indeed is usually ascribed to the Slavonian element. As for the genuine Prussian or Hanoverian, he is about as plain, pudding-eating, domestic, and money-getting a being, and by nature as little of a musician as the Englishman, and far less so than the Irishman. But for centuries past all Germany has combined in publicly educating the musical taste of the nation, which requisite in the United Kingdom has been neglected and despised. But, as far as private efforts are concerned, our musical education is thoroughly German. And from our infancy we are as familiar with the German masterpieces of the art as the educated Germans themselves are of Shakespeare's dramas. The Italian opera in England is an exotic, patronised only by the upper ten thousand. The true language of England's musical aspirations is that glorious one common to them and her German cousins.

The no-end of the resident Mr. and Mrs. and the Misses Caudle who attended the Concert at the Coliseum on Thursday evening, may not be thoroughly alive to the truth of what we are stating, but they must have observed that Mr. Gottschalk himself, a citizen of the great Anglo-Saxon Republic, was more than usually animated; that he seemed to sniff the weird breezes from the Brocken, and to acknowledge the enchantment of proximity to the fount of inspiration. Certain it is, he never played more divinely. It may be for the last time we then heard Mr. Gottschalk's playing; and it is pleasurable to carry away reminiscences of his genius so favorable to his character. The perfectly new and original melody of the "Der nier Amour" is a genuine outpouring of the composer's innermost vein of sentiment, whilst in the clever tarantella which Mr. Gottschalk arranged most effectively for eight instruments for Thursday night's performance, we have the brighter and more joyous phase of his genius—the spirit of "The Caxtons," which may yet outshine that of the "Ernest Maltravers" of an earlier period. In addition to the two pieces mentioned, Mr. Gottschalk played the funeral march and a prelude by Chopin, an adante of Beethoven, and the "last rose," we may almost say the "everlasting rose of summer." He played also "La Victoire," an arrangement of Weber's last waltz, full of Gottschalk-like novelties in rhythm and harmony, and finishing with one of those astounding *mellotata* passages which only his trained and powerful wrists can possibly execute. Beyond these contributions he assisted in the Zuberflote overture and in an overture of Reissiger's for eight hands, and in the overture to "Oberon" arranged by him for four hands. He and his gifted coadjutor Mr. Carrius took at a killing pace the violin passages of Weber's overture, and to the knowing ones the piece was well selected to display the capabilities of the Chickering instrument, the peculiar effects Mr. Gottschalk draws from it, and the wonderful execution of both players.

To support Mr. Gottschalk the German community could boast of the inestimable advantage of having still amongst them an artist like Madame Krutisch. It would be impossible to apply any less noble term than artist to a lady who in power, intelligence, and vocalisation is so near perfection. The general audience might be more pleased by a brighter voice, and more youthful warbling; but in the conscientious interpreting of every note of the "Freyshutz" scena, delivered with genuine German accent and dramatic feeling, Madame Krutisch captivated the many musicians who helped to swell the applause of a large and

critical audience. Madame Krutisch gave also, two lieder of Schubert's and the aria from the "Daughter of the Regiment," by the singing of which Jenny Lind in her time won all hearts. Some twenty of the gentlemen of the German Singing Academy, under the able leadership of Mr. Kyle, favored the audience with two part-songs. The first of these we thought too trivial for the occasion, but the "Hof sen und Harren," with its sweetly-sung tenor solo, supported by the rest of the voices imitating an instrumental accompaniment, delighted the audience and was clamorously encored. The business arrangements of the concert were excellent. Profiting by the experience of preceding concerts, the Germans wisely abolished rosettes and reserved seats. The whole atmosphere was intensely musical; and the program was not over classical, so as to suit the taste of general hearers. The assembly may be said to have comprised the German and English public, besides the 'elite' of other foreign residents. We observed present—H.M.'s Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Gould, Mr. and Madame de Noel, Mr. and Mrs. Parish; and we take it for granted, that the German diplomatic and Consular corps were fully represented; and we only hope, that in two or three years' time, under the Bismarckian policy of condensation, we shall be able to find space for all their cognomina.

THE STANDARD

was a lengthy discussion, but eventually the propositions were adopted.

At length we have something like a clear idea of the position in which the Government and the House of Commons stand to each other. It was impossible that the extraordinary statement made on Monday night by the Duke of Richmond could be passed over in silence. Last night, therefore, Mr. Gladstone insisted that the house had a right to know whether the Duke or Mr. Disraeli had correctly described the result of the interview between the Queen and the Prime Minister. According to the Duke, the Ministry held leave to dissolve at any time and upon any question if the House of Commons opposed them. According to Mr. Disraeli, the permission to dissolve only applied to the time when the Reform Bills should have been completed. Which was correct? Mr. Disraeli fenced with the question in characteristic fashion, and, without answering it, said he thought the person who had the interview with her Majesty was the one whose statement should be received.

If there was any doubt as to what the Duke of Richmond meant, the Duke might be questioned upon it. But the House was not to be put off in this fashion, and Mr. Bouverie, Mr. Ayrton, Mr. Cardwell, Mr. Lowe, and other members insisted on a clear explanation of the situation being given. At last Mr. Disraeli, having no loophole of retreat, admitted that the permission to dissolve had reference simply and solely to the Irish Church question. If any other difficulty arose, the Ministry would have to go again to her Majesty. He further explained that, while he should not oppose by protracted debates the other two resolutions of Mr. Gladstone, he should give a sturdy opposition to the suspensory bill. Mr. Liddell declared, as a Conservative, that the Prime Minister had used the name of the Queen improperly; and he declared, further, that he thought the only honourable proceeding was for the Ministry to resign.

The empire of short dresses in Paris has been established by sacrifices worthy of the great principles it represents. The adherents to the new order of things were so numerous that the Court dressmaker could hardly find time to make them all fit to appear at the ball of Madame de Pourtales, which may be described as the coronation festival. The Duchesse de Castries did not receive her dress till one in the morning, and another lady had to wait till half-past two. This did not, however, make them too late for the ball, for the last cotillon was danced at five a.m.

HIPPARCHUS MAIL'S

DATES FROM LONDON TO 7th MAY.

The ministerial crisis is over. It has ended, as everybody who knew Mr. Disraeli expected it would, in his clinging to office. Statements on the subject were made in both Houses of Parliament last night, and in both the statements were discussed. Giving Mr. Disraeli the first place, his speech may be briefly described. It was an artful electioneering address, a spiteful attack on the Liberal party, and an announcement that there is to be no dissolution until an appeal can be made to the new constituencies. Mr. Disraeli began by pointing out the perfect constitutional right of the Government to advise an immediate dissolution. Lord Derby might have advised such a course when he came into office; but he thought he would rely upon the forbearance of Parliament, and his impressions on that head had been justified until a subject had been found upon which the Liberal party could be united. Mr. Disraeli then sang the praises of his own Government as another reason why a dissolution would be legitimate. Next he described why the Government opposed the Irish Church resolutions. It would be impossible to do justice to this part of his speech by any description. The very words must be read. Then he told how he saw the Queen on Friday, and told her Majesty that his advice was a dissolution, or failing that, the resignation of Ministers. Her Majesty on Saturday refused the resignation, and consented to a dissolution as soon as an appeal could be made to the new constituencies. Finally Mr. Disraeli announced that he should only offer formal opposition to the remaining Irish Church resolutions; but that he should strenuously oppose a proposal to suspend the standing orders, in order that the discussion of the resolutions should take place that evening. He would give the earliest evening he could for them. Mr. Gladstone followed, and mercifully showed that the meaning of all the Premier's statements was, that he was resolved to stick to office. Mr. Gladstone said he should move the other two Irish Church resolutions, and bring in a suspensory bill to give effect to them. He would not press his motion for the suspension of the standing orders. The course taken by the Government was subsequently strongly criticised by several speakers, including Mr. Lowe, Mr. Bouverie, and Mr. Bright. Mr. Disraeli, in his reply, said that her Majesty consented to a dissolution unconditionally. He would state as soon as he could what course would be pursued with a view to dissolution—one plan being to bring in a short bill to alter the days of registration. By this means he had no doubt they would get an election in November.

In the House of Lords, the Earl of Malmesbury was the exponent of the Government policy. He spoke very briefly. Earl Grey declared the course taken by the Government to be wholly unconstitutional. A short debate ensued, chiefly remarkable for the fact that the Duke of Richmond hinted that if the Government were troubled with any more adverse votes they would not wait for the new constituencies, but would dissolve at once. An additional twopenny of income tax was imposed last evening by a vote of the House of Commons. The House went into Committee of Ways and Means, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer moved his resolution to give effect to his budget. There

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M. Louis Blanc thus writes of Sir Robert Napier in the Temps:—

There is but one opinion as to the ability shown by Sir Robert Napier—on his consummate prudence, his cool, judicious delay, and the rapidity of his movements when, all his measures being taken, it became necessary to strike the decisive blow. I have had occasion to make the acquaintance of Sir Robert Napier, to converse with him and to observe him closely. The idea he at first gives you of him is that of calm power. The first time I ever saw him what struck me in his person was the gentle expression of his features, the gentleness of his manners, and the softness of his voice. I remember hearing him say that he had always an aversion to sporting, from a repugnance to killing poor defenceless animals. I know nothing more admirable than the love of humanity in an energetic nature. One is not the less a soldier for being a man, and Sir Robert is an instance of it. Most assuredly he is not the person who would ever have allowed these words to escape him:—"In a battle minutes are all—men nothing." What was particularly and most justly remarked in his conduct of the Abyssinian expedition was his carefulness of the lives of the soldiers entrusted to him, the care which he took of their comfort—and his foresight proved by this fact—that the army after the fall of Magdala had provisions for three months. But that prudence did not hinder him from displaying singular vigour, and the firmness which he required in circumstances where he differed in opinion from those around him, and where it was fortunate for England that his authority as commander-in-chief caused the superiority of his judgment to prevail.

The Academy banquet duly took place on Saturday. The Prince of Wales alluded to the dastardly attack on his brother, and thanked the public and the newspapers for their expressions of sympathy. The Duke of Cambridge spoke in praise of Sir Robert Napier and the Abyssinian force.

The news of the day is that Mlle. Patti has married the Marquis de Caux before the civil authorities, but that the religious ceremony will not take place till after La Diva has fulfilled all her theatrical engagements. Meanwhile Mlle. Patti is Madame la Marquise de Caux *de par la loi*, and no future event can separate the happy couple in France the religious ceremony being a mere matter of form.

The Emperor has given the marquis leave of absence for some weeks, and he is now in London.

The Oel says—Both the Government and the Opposition whip circulators for Thursday evening state that divisions will be taken on Mr. Gladstone's resolutions respecting the Irish Church question. In anticipation of an affirmative answer to address to the Crown, a suspensory bill, consisting of three clauses has been drawn up, and approved by the Attorney and Solicitor-Generals for Ireland under the last administration.

The same paper says that it has been urged upon the Government by influential members, supporters as well as opponents, that their best policy will be to withdraw the redistribution of seats schemes in the Irish and Scotch Reform Bills, and to deal simply with the franchise. The suggestion, which has not been favorably received, is under consideration.

In order that the third of his Irish Church resolutions may be better understood, Mr. Gladstone has remodelled it, the words which we quote being substituted for the words "the purposes aforesaid":—"3. That an humble address be presented to her Majesty, humbly to pray that, with the view to preventing, by legislation during the present session, the creation of new personal interests through the exercise of any public patronage, her Majesty would be graciously pleased to place at the disposal of Parliament her interest in the temporalities of the archbishoprics, bishoprics, and other ecclesiastical dignities and benefices in Ireland, and in the custody thereof." Both parties, it is believed, are preparing for a division on this and on the companion resolution.

Notwithstanding the uncertain state of political affairs and the prospect of an early advance in the Bank rate of discount, the tone of the stock markets, on the whole, is not unfavorable to-day. Consols are steady, at the improvement of yesterday. Foreign securities exhibit no decided alteration, but Turkish of 1865, and Spanish of 1867, are inquired for. The latter bonds have been bought upon the understanding that the committee of the Stock Exchange will this afternoon authorise them to be quoted in the official list. Railway shares show dulness: Bank stock is in request, owing to the increased profits of that establishment in their discount department. Indian stocks are somewhat lower.

The applications for discount are not very numerous, but the lowest rate for three months' bills is 2½ per cent.

Consols are quoted 94 to 95, with div. for money, and 92½ to 93, ex div., for the account (June 1), and the Three per Cents. Reduced and New Three per Cents, 92½ to 93.

Wool.

Although there has been a good and steady business during the last month, we do not quote any further material advance in prices; manufacturers having partially supplied their current requirements have been less disposed to purchase at increased rates.

Our second series of East India sales opened on the 29th ult. and closed on the 2d instant, 12,470 bales having been offered. The attendance of home buyers was large throughout, and from the continent there were rather more than at our recent sales. Biddings were animated, and an advance of prices was realised, averaging upon fine-bred whites and yellows, fully 1½d. per lb. higher; upon middle and fair whites, 1d. to 1½d.; low and middle yellows, about 1½d.; greys, ½d. to 1d., greater advance being on the finer qualities. Persian whites about 1½d. to 2d., and colours 2d. to 2½d. Native blacks and greys without material change compared with our January-February series.

As regards miscellaneous wools, a special sale of River Plate wool took place on the 28th ultimo, at which 1,400 bales of Santiago, Cordova, &c., and 1,400 bales fine washed and greasy were offered. The Cordova and Santiago, being old stock, was for positive sale, and the Cordova brought 8d.; Santiago, good and fair lots 8d. to 9d.; inferior, 7d. to 7½d. About 300 bales washed Santa Fé at 6d. to 6½d. The general miscellaneous sales opened on the 5th instant, and will close to-day.

FRANCE.

Paris, May 5.

The journals of this evening confirm the intelligence of differences between France and Tunis. The French consul has broken off relations with the Bey, the Imperial Government being resolved to defend energetically the interests of its subjects. The Austrian Ambassador, Prince Metternich, leaves this evening for Vienna. The object of his journey is simply that he may be present at the marriage of his brother.

Great sensation has been caused in Paris by the address which has been moved in the Customs Parliament by the members of the South German provinces, calling for an immediate political union with Germany. Nor is it very wonderful perhaps, because the document is calculated to rouse all the dormant anti-Prussian feeling which prevails among the French people;

and its meaning clearly is, that Germany must be unified, and that her unity is no concern of France. It is possible that Count Bismark, who dislikes being hurried, will exert himself to have this address rejected; but the savage tone which the French papers are already adopting will, perhaps, make it difficult for him to do so.

PRUSSIA.

Berlin, May 5, Evening.

In to-day's sitting of the Customs' Parliament, Duke Mjest and Roggenbach, supported by nearly all the independent conservatives, old liberals, Jesse-nationals, and South German members, brought in the following order of the day, to be substituted for the address proposed by the National Liberal party:—"Considering that the reconstruction of the Zollverein upon the basis of the Customs Treaty, and by the convocation of representatives of the German people for the purpose of united legislation, affords a pledge for the constant development of the national institutions, and guarantees a satisfactory fulfilment of the nation's just claims for the effectual working and union of the State forces, and considering that unanimous co-operation in the performance of the tasks devolving upon the Customs Parliament is the course best suited to obtain these objects, it is moved that the house pass over the motion for an address to the order of the day."

ROME.

Rome, May 5. The Pope has ordered that the medal of honor conferred upon the medical men who distinguished themselves during the cholera visitation last year, may also be granted to Jewish doctors similarly deserving.

THE NETHERLANDS.

The Hague, May 5. The First Chamber assembled to-day. M. Cremers, in the name of five members, who had caused the present meeting of the house, moved that an address be presented to the King explaining the views of the First Chamber respecting the state of affairs. The debate upon this motion is fixed for Thursday next. It is asserted that M. van Reener has been entrusted with the formation of a new cabinet, and has accepted the charge.

HUNGARY.

Pesth, May 6. The Negotiations now going on between the Hungarian and Croatian delegates promise to be attended with good results. The Pankircelen-Bares Railway was opened yesterday.

The new law of the Chamber of Commerce has received the royal sanction. The Emperor is expected to return here on the 8th inst.

JAPAN.

Paris, May 6. The 'Mouiteur' of this morning publishes the following from Japan, under date March 11:—"On learning the massacre of ten French sailors, the English, Prussian, Dutch, Italian, and United States ministers met at the residence of the French minister at Osaka, and decided by common accord to leave Osaka, haul down their flags, and withdraw their consuls, until satisfaction should have been granted. On the following day the Japanese authorities came and declared the massacre to be inexcusable, and the murderers were placed at the disposal of the French Minister. All the Ministers of the other powers supported the French demand for reparation by energetic notes."

LATEST LONDON TELEGRAMS.

Monday, May 7, 1868. Favorable accounts of the harvest from Germany, United States, and France, coupled with improved hopes here, calculated to strengthen belief that there will be no material disturbance of the plethora of money thus far experienced. As to any change from speculative tendencies, either in the direction of foreign loans or commercial operations, most persons of experience concur in the opinion that at least two years must elapse before influential classes in the United Kingdom will regain heart for the resumption of bold ventures. Leipzig Fair, the largest in Germany, has been better than recent years. Fancy goods, cotton, and silk in good demand, at higher prices. Mills all in full work.—Times.

Discount market well supplied, but only in few instances bills taken at 2 per cent.; more generally terms for best three months' bills—2½ to 2½ per cent. Biddings for bills on India indicate some diminution in demand for means of remittance to the East: Government terms fixed at 1 per cent lower than on last occasion. Private telegrams, dated Bombay, 29th April, show moderate advance; nevertheless silver market remains inactive, cotton season being virtually at an end. Quotation for Bank bills, 20½d.—Daily News.

UNITED STATES.

New York, April 25. At the continuation of the impeachment trial yesterday, Judge Nelson, on behalf of the defence, delivered a long argument, in which he sketched the life of Mr. Johnson, cited his loyalty during the rebellion, and claimed for him honesty and integrity of pur-

pose. The tenure of office law was unconstitutional, but even if not was not violated by Mr. Johnson, who only sought to test the matter in the courts. Furthermore, Mr. Johnson's case did not come within the provisions of the law. The speaker quoted the opinions of several attorneys-general in justification of Mr. Johnson's interpretation of the right of removal and appointment by the President. He agreed with Mr. Johnson in thinking that Congress, with its states unrepresented, had no constitutional right to attempt an impeachment. The Senate was sitting as a legal court, and he urged Chief Justice Chase to charge as a jury, and expound to it the nature of the impeachable offenses under the constitution.

The officially-announced majority for the new constitution in South Carolina is 43,000. Mr. Johnson has nominated General Scholfield Secretary of War, vice Stanton, to be removed. General Scholfield has postponed the election in Virginia until Congress makes an appropriation to defray the expenses. Governor Browlow has postponed the Tennessee election at the request of the candidates for Congress.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The mails from Montevideo yesterday brought us files of the English papers up to the 7th ultimo, and our Oriental exchanges. It appears that the specie payments proceed so slowly that it has provoked an expression of public opinion, and the whole business is stamped as a farce. We refer our readers to a letter, which we publish from a most authentic source on this matter.

The great meeting at the Lorea-square passed off remarkably quiet. Mr. Billinghurst and others made some good speeches on the general state of the country. The greatest order prevailed, and the meeting has been adjourned till Sunday, in the Plaza Victoria.

From the seat of war we learn that U. S. gunboat Wasp has not yet passed up, but that frequent communications have passed between her and Mr. Washburn. Both the Wasp and the Linnet are at Curupaity, and the greatest cordiality reigns between their respective commanders. Some of the crew of the Linnet while dragging for a lost anchor fished up two torpedoes, one of which weighed 35 lbs.

The splendid steamer La Plata, Captain Hairby, finished discharging yesterday, and is now taking in her homeward cargo. She is a well-known and favorite steamer. Her captain is deservedly popular. The vessel has the most excellent accommodation for passengers, and we hope to see her leaving with a full passenger list. She has already a full cargo engaged, and will touch at Rio and Bahia, and land passengers and mails at Southampton, "en route" for Antwerp. Captain Hairby informs us that he touched at Lisbon two days after the French packet, and that there was not a particle of news about the Emperor Theodore, or his having been defeated, and committed suicide. Out here he learned all this news.

One of our subscribers received yesterday's mail a letter from a relative of his in Lopez's camp, in which he is informed that all the Englishmen in the Paraguayan camps are in good health.

We have received from an English gentleman at head-quarters, an interesting account of the occupation of the Gran Chaco, by the allies, of which he was an eye witness. As the paper is long, we hold it over until to-morrow.

The news by telegraph yesterday from Montevideo, was that the crowds at the banks continue. Gold paid out in the calmest and most dispassioned manner. An arrangement talked of by the Government people. Unsatisfactory reports from the country districts, respecting Caraballo and Perez. The street full of soldiers, and strangers must be on their guard; an English gentleman passing down in front of the Mana Bank never thinking of any side walk restriction was charged at the point of the bayonet by two soldiers and made to retire.

The German Concert at the Coliseum for the German Hospital fund, was one of the most brilliant affairs that ever came off in this city. Gottschalk eclipsed all his previous performances, and played as he was never before known to play. Mrs. Krutish sang sweeter than ever, and "en fin" the night may be classed as "one of the greenest spots in memory's waste."

We publish in another column a leader on the lyric triumph. Yesterday the magnificent two story dwelling-house in Calle Bolivar, between Venezuela and Mexico, was sold by private contract to Dr. Lopez for forty-one thousand patacons. The house is new, and in a central position. We believe, it has about 20 rooms: the former proprietor, Sr. Iruarpe, finished it last year.

The new opera, "The Grand Duchess," is now, we read in the English papers, creating quite a "furore" in London. We believe few know the opera here, there being only one English lady

who has the music. We recommend the opera to our lady readers. It is the latest out.

We received yesterday a pamphlet on Paraguay, written by the well known pen of Mr. John Le Long, containing an article which had appeared in January number of the *Revue Contemporaine*. Mr. Le Long takes a one sided view of the Paraguayan question, and his object is to disclose the retrograde and tyrannical nature of the rule of the Lopez dynasty. We have not had time to peruse it carefully, but as soon as we have done so we shall have occasion to revert to it.

By the latest English papers we received yesterday we learn that the race for the Chester Cup was run on the 6th of the last month, and Paul Jones is the name of the winning horse—Goodwood came in second and Beauty third—Paul Jones started with 9 to 4 against him and 50 to 1 was offered against Goodwood. The betting for the Derby did not present same alteration. Lady Elizabeth continues to be the favorite, her quotation having improved to 3 to 1. Rosieru can was at 7 to 1, and an even bet of 1000 guineas is mentioned on Lady Elizabeth against Sir J. Hawley's lot. The Earl has also risen to a position of prominent favoritism, whilst Blue Gown has gone backwards.

H.B.M.'s gunboat, Commander Parson, has, we hear, arrived at Montevideo on her way to Paraguay. She is said to be a beautiful specimen of naval architecture, and is built on a new model—she has turn-screws, and carries two six and a-half ton guns. Her draught of water is, we believe, only five feet.

We are happy to announce to the fashionable world in general that, on the 1st of next month, Mr. Louis Docteur will open, at 162 Calle Florida, a new hat store containing a very complete assortment of latest French and Parisian articles, of which a very valuable consignment has been lately received. We are assured that Mr. Docteur's stock consists of goods of the very first quality, which will be sold at moderate prices. This, added to the very central and fashionable locality of the new establishment, will soon secure for Mr. Docteur large and influential patronage.

LAS FLORES.

On the 21st of May two men were sent in to Buenos Ayres in irons, accused of forging bank bills. It appears they had four confederates in the city; one of these gave his servant a present of \$1,500, and she, in her turn, gave away \$500 to an old acquaintance, who is a servant to a Commissary of Police. The latter came to the Commissary, who at once suspected there was some mystery in the affair, and determined to unravel it. He sent for his servant, questioned her, and became possessed of the \$500 bill, which he believed to be genuine, and ultimately discovered that the bill was an excellent forgery. The man who had been so generous to his servant was imprisoned; his generosity ruined him, and it appears also some suspicious toys or utensils were found on his premises. The declaration of this man, or of his confederates, led to the imprisonment of the two men taken away from here. The Commissary and two policemen started from your city, and made their appearance in the quiet town of Las Flores. Not finding the parties they were in search of, the Commissary and his men went out to the 'Chilca,' where the suspected gentry had a 'pulperia,' and which is some three or four leagues distant from here. In the meantime the two men were made prisoners while they were quietly enjoying a good dinner at the hotel. There were some engraving implements, stones, &c., found in their luggage. They were taken into town in the mail-coach. The right leg of one was chained to the left leg of the other by an iron shackle. One is said to be a Frenchman, the other a Spaniard.

I have seen some of the bills said to be forged by them. The imitation is so good, that almost any person would accept them as genuine. An order came out from town to send in a brother of one of the supposed forgers, who had remained out here in charge of the 'pulperia.' He was sent in a prisoner on the 27th of May.

Our Justice of Peace is enjoying himself in the city. The person who showed most activity in the affair was the acting Judge. The moment he received the order from town, he himself went out to the 'Chilca,' and took the man prisoner. The *Standard* of the 27th states that the camps in the South are in very bad condition, and bare of grass. It may be the case in some parts of the South, but the Partido of Las Flores, which is generally included, in common parlance, amongst the southern partidos, was never in better condition at this season of the year. Properly speaking, Las Flores is a southwestern district, but in general conversation we do not make such nice distinctions.

The camps here are well covered with mixed grasses, that can defy the severity of a southern winter. Sheep are unusually fat for the season, but buyers are scarce.

On the 30th of May a point of sheep, numbering nearly five hundred, were sold by auction at the Juzgado for nine dollars and a-half each; they had some young lambs, which were also counted. The purchaser is one of Gladstone's countrymen. The auction sales of sheep, and other property, belonging to the heirs of those who died of cholera, will commence here in due earnest from this date.

I received a present of some cigars manufactured in this town, and made from tobacco grown in this district. They smoke very well, and, in my opinion, are good. I have been told that tobacco is the best paying crop in the country. I hope the Rural Society will take up the hint, and endeavor to introduce the cultivation of tobacco on a large scale. One of your correspondents calls on the rural population to support this society. Such an appeal should be answered by every man who can afford the paltry subscription. The Rural Society, in time, will be the camp man's sheet-anchor, and the country's best friend. The interest and the welfare of the society must go hand in hand with the interest and welfare of the country: the downfall of the one will sound the death-knell of the other.

Freight from here to town has fallen from nine to five dollars per car. There is now very little, if any, wool in the partido; sheepskins are selling at \$40 per doz.

Our parish priest expects a seat in Congress. He tells me he will very likely be returned for Catamarca. I hope his reverence will vote the extra duties on wool to kingdom come.

DICK.

THE FARCE GOES ON AND WITH MUSIC.

We have already denounced to the public in our yesterday's number the very unusual proceedings going on at the doors of the banks in carrying into effect the conversion decreed by the Government.

A crowd of holders of notes congregate to receive, as by law they are entitled to do, the value of said notes in gold, but they are made the victims of an immoral farce, unbefitting to the country and unworthy of the Government; that displayed sufficient energy to turn a deaf ear to the interested suggestions for prolonging the forced currency decree, which would have ruined commerce, and destroyed public wealth.

The means adopted by the banks to pay their impatient creditors is very singular. Five hours are allotted to the latter to present themselves to exchange their notes, and, as every kind of trick is resorted to for the purpose of gaining time, the result is that the unfortunate public are kept waiting in vain, because only one at a time is allowed to go in, and each has to wait an hour in order to get paid. We have been informed that the day the conversion began in the Montevidean Bank only seven persons were paid, and six on the following day.

Nobody ignores that it would be easy to remedy this evil. It one paying clerk is not enough, and if there be not sufficient clerks in the establishment, why is their number not increased immediately. Why is the public kept waiting when it would be so easy to avoid delays and accelerate the conversion?

The banks have assumed the obligation of paying at sight, and for this reason they cannot, and have no right, to make the public suffer the delays that may suit their own interests.

That the farce should be complete, a band of music is unnecessary in its efforts to beguile the patience of the crowd. This expedient, however, has a far different result than was anticipated.—*El Mercantil del Plata.*

THE LAME WALK! While the continent rings with the recent cures of scrofula and other life-consuming ulcerous diseases, wrought by BRISTOL'S SARPARRILLA, it is well to know that its effects in inflammatory and chronic rheumatism are no less marvellous. Mr. S. L. Moore of Hartford, has placed on record the fact that sixteen bottles of his superior remedy cured him of an agonizing rheumatism, to which he had been annually subject for eighteen years. He says, moreover, that while in New York, where the preparation was recommended to him, he called upon twenty individuals of the first respectability who had been cured by it of the worst ills that flesh is heir to, and among others upon Mr. Thomas Hogan, whose life had been saved from a combined attack of scrofula and rheumatism, by its balsamic and restorative action. 367

ON 'CHANGE.

Table with exchange rates for various locations and currencies, including London, Paris, and Buenos Ayres.

who has adopted the most straightforward and honorable, under existing circumstances. The Mana Bank here no longer experiences any difficulties from the present crisis. Its position could not be founded. Sr. Amorin, the Manager, is deservedly esteemed by all; he has found the deepest sympathy from the best and most influential in our commercial circle. The business of the bank to-day was of an ordinary nature.

Exchange to-day ran up a little, closing at 491. It appears that the rate opened at 491, fell off to 491, and again rose to its opening rate, 491. About 2100,000 passed.

The City of Buenos Ayres will be due in the morning. The Hipparchus was looked for all day, but it is supposed could not enter for want of water. The La Plata has a full cargo. She takes 250 bags of wheat, and has already several cabin passengers engaged.

The Edward Everett will next week be placed on the Montevideo route to run on her usual days. She has been refitted, &c. Late papers from Paraguay have been received. Lopez has published a proclamation, ordering the inhabitants to leave Asuncion, and any one found entering any of the shut-up houses to be immediately shot.

The Tych's Brake will be the next Antimonial steamer due. She is supposed to have left Liverpool for the Plate to-day. In Gas Shares, no sales; buyers at 65. There is much conjecture as to the name of the new Minister of Hacienda. Several parties were spoken of on the Bolsa, but as yet nothing certain is known.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF A. MATTI & PIERA, 364 CALLE CUYO. The steamer Lujan, on To-day, at 10 a.m., for Rosario, Bahia, and Puerto Plata. The steamer Espigador, on To-day, at 11 a.m., for Colonia.

SOUTH AMERICAN STEAMBOAT CO., 361 CALLE CUYO. The steamer Parana, on To-morrow, at 10 a.m., for Rosario, Corrientes, and ports. Passengers at half price.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF RUBIO & FOLEY, 12 CALLE 25 DE MAYO. The steamer Cisne, on To-morrow, at 10 a.m., for Montevideo. The steamer Parana, on To-morrow, at 10 a.m., for Corrientes, Itapiru, Curupaity, and ports.

FOR MONTEVIDEO. Will Load for said destination, if sufficient Cargo offers, the Dutch Schooner BUENOS AYRES, 3/3 1/2, 50 Tons Register, Capt. ORRHE.

BUENOS AYRES BRITISH LIBRARY, No. 6 CALLE DEFENSA. The following completely new Works have arrived by last Packet for the Library:—Kaye's Indian Annals. 2 vols. Lamont's Life among the Pacific Islanders. Bird's-eye View of the Pacific. Jerome's Trips to the Tropics. The Illiad of Homer—Lord Derby's Translation.

HURRAY FOR POTATOES! A Fresh Supply just received from the Estancia, CHANWELL, CHIVILCOY. On Sale by ANGEL ARENELLAS, Potato Dealer, No. 575 BOLIVAR.

CURSO PUBLICO DE HISTORIA NACIONAL. POR JOSE MARIA ESTRADA. TERCERA CONFERENCIA.—Desarrollo de la America.—Retrato de Cristoval Colon, etc. EL SABADO, 6 DE JUNIO, a las 8 en punto, en el aula de la Escuela Normal, Reconquista 161.—Precio, 10 pesos. Hay anticipos para señoras. 66,1p,6j

BRITISH BRIG CAMBUSES. Sealed Tenders will be received in the BRITISH CONSULATE till 10th Instant for the Advance of an Amount not exceeding about £2,000 sterling on Bottomry Security of the Ship, now lying in Liverpool, said amount having been expended in Repairs and Disbursements in this Port.

FRANK PARRISH, Consul. GEORGE E. HARRIS, Master. Buenos Ayres, June 4, 1868. 64,6p,6j

MR. NICHOLSON is happy to inform his friends that he has been appointed to the position of Inspector of the Establishment to the spacious and well-ventilated Premises, No. 85 TACUARI, he is now enabled to receive an increased number of Boarders, Half-Boarders, and Day Scholars. 63,6p,6j

DANISH CONSULATE. Parties knowing the whereabouts of the following Danish subjects are requested, with as little delay as possible, to communicate same to the Danish Consul, Mr. J. H. PARQUE, at Frederick Road. When last heard of was residing at Las Nautas, in the Province of Buenos Ayres, and was in the company of the late Mr. H. G. Jones, and Theodore Christian Nicolai Heboe, aged 183 years, who was some time ago at Concord, leaving afterwards for Salto, in the Banda Oriental. Buenos Ayres, June 4, 1868. 52,1p,6j

BRASIL AND RIVER PLATE MAIL. Published in London after Arrival of each Month's Mail from Rio de Janeiro. Subscriptions will be received or Copies furnished, on application to CLAYPOLE, BROTHERS, 23 DEFENSA-STREET. N.B.—Copies delivered two hours after Arrival of each Mail. 47,6p,6j

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN NOVELS.—A very large Assortment, by all the popular and best Authors, is always to be found at LOEDEL'S, 75 SAN MARTIN. New English and American Publications received Monthly. N.B.—A Liberal Discount allowed to Wholesale Buyers. 45,6p,6j

ENCICLOPEDIA BRITANNICA.—The Last Edition, 22 Vols., a beautifully bound and complete Edition, Two Copies to be sold for about one-half of the usual selling price, to make room for other Goods. Call immediately with £2,000 m/c, and you will get a copy at LOEDEL'S, 75 SAN MARTIN. 49,6p,6j

BANCO ARGENTINO. The Committee of Directors in Buenos Ayres invite the Shareholders to make a Power of Attorney in favour of Don BERNARDO ITURRASPE to Represent them in the Assembly called at 8 o'clock on the 10th of JUNE next, for the Discussion of various matters of general interest to the Establishment, especially the TRANSFER of the General Management to the Argentine Republic. Parties willing to sign such Document can apply to JOSE L. MARTIN, on or before SATURDAY, 6th instant. THE COMMITTEE. Buenos Ayres, May 28, 1868. 31,10p,6j

VALUABLE INVESTMENT.—To be sold or let, the well-known FLOUR MILL, on the River Las Conchas, at PASO MORELOS, belonging to L. Langwin. For full particulars apply to GEORGE H. HARRIS, at 27 Calle Victoria, or at 66 Calle Arca. 37,12p,6j

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

ENGLISH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT. 71—CALLE BOLIVAR—71. Mrs. MDOUGALL begs to intimate to the Ladies of this City and Neighbourhood, that she has just received A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BEAUTIFUL GOODS FOR THE WINTER SEASON.

Embracing all the Newest Styles in Velvet Bonnets, Felt Hats, Straw Hats, Silk Colls, Shawls, Ribbons, Flowers, Feather, Bonnets, Hosiery, and all the latest Fashions. Hats, Colls, Cuffs, Skirts, Hoses, Sewed Shippers, Berlin Wooll, Tea Infusers, &c.

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, Children's and Babies' Dresses, Italy Linen, Children's Stays, Super-Fine Wooll. Mrs. M.D. having arranged for regular supplies from the Home Markets, Ladies will always find a choice Selection of Fresh Goods in Stock.

71 Calle Bolivar, June 3. 46,1m,3j

CADIZ SALT.—Retailing on Board, ex Lord Palmerston, apply to JOHN F. GOWLAND & CO., 31 RECONQUISTA. 25,6p,6j

NOTICE.—From This Day Mr. Atkin R. Hayman ceases to be in my Employment. Buenos Ayres, May 29, 1868. G. D. STEWART, 10,6p,6j

VERY SUPERIOR SYRUP. In 5 and 10 Gallon Kegs, JUST RECEIVED. At No. 76 SAN MARTIN. 18,1m,3j

VERY SUPERIOR BUTTER. JUST RECEIVED. At No. 76 SAN MARTIN. 17,1m,3j

NOTICE.—All Parties having CLAIMS against the House of Business, CALLE 25 DE MAYO, No. 124, please present same in THREE DAYS from this Date. JAMES HARRETT. Buenos Ayres, June 2, 1868. 2,6p,6j

CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP! On Sale, the Good-Will and Fixtures of a CIGAR STORE, in the Central Business Part of the City. It must be disposed of within 14 days. The Fixtures are suitable for any sort of Business. Apply at 401 San Martin. 6,6p,6j

DR. HAGRIFF is requested to send his Address to this Office, where Letters of importance await him. 21,6p,6j

100 DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost, on 2nd MAY, a small Trench Coat, between two and three p.m., of a dark blue or black color, all almond color. Any Person that may have found it and will deliver it at CALLE 25 DE MAYO, No. 77, will receive the above Reward. 12,6p,6j

RICO CARBON DE ESTUFA.—Se vende al precio de 450 Pesos m/c, la Tonelada, puesta en casa del Comprador. Se pueden hacer las ordenes en el Corralon, Calle 25 de Mayo, esquina a la de Temple, 6 en el Escriorio, Calle de Maipú, No. 150. 22,6p,6j

WANTED, to Purchase, One or Two Leveling Instruments, New or Second-hand. Apply at No. 229 Calle Corrientes. 8,6p,6j

MESSRS. LAMPART AND HOLTSLINE. STEAMSHIP LA PLATA, 1005 Tons Register. E. HARRIS, Commander. Will leave this Port FOR ANTWERP, (via Brazil), ON WEDNESDAY, the 10th Instant. There is still disengaged room for about 100 Tons Cargo.

This Steamer has superior accommodation for Passengers, and is in every respect a first-rate opportunity for Families going to Europe. She will touch at a Port in the Channel, to land Passengers and Mails. For further particulars apply to the Consignees, HENRY A. GREEN & CO.; or to the Brokers, GREEN, LEITCH & CO., 85 Reconquista. N.B.—The next direct Boat of this Line will be despatched from LIVERPOOL on the 23rd inst. 35,6p,6j

NORTHERN RAILWAY NOTICE. Passengers Travelling between Buenos Ayres and the Plata, in connection with the Steamers, in either direction, are informed that they are allowed to take two Arrols of Luggage, not being Merchandise, free of charge, instead of only one Arrol as hitherto. Merchandise must be paid for as usual. HENRY CRABTREE, General Manager. Retiro, May 28, 1868. 29,7p,6j

LETTER lies at the Office of Messrs. Geo. A. Brown & Co., 11, CALLE MAIPU, addressed to Captain Geo. Gape. 238,12p,6j

STEAMERS. LIVERPOOL, ANTWERP, LISBON, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE. Two of the following Screw Steamers are intended to be despatched with Cargo and Passengers each Month, from Buenos Ayres to Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Lisbon, Liverpool, and Antwerp (calling at Montevideo):—Tycho, 1818 tons. Humboldt, 1346 tons. Hipparchus, 1840 tons. Cassini, 836 tons. Galileo, 1225 tons. Copernicus, 1207 tons. Kepler, 1499 tons. Flamsteed, 1376 tons. Newton, 1074 tons. Saladin, 510 tons. Ptolemy, 1115 tons. Isonides, 691 tons. Halley, 1347 tons. La Plata, 1194 tons. Donati, 1182 tons.

SS. HIPPARCHUS, 1846 TONS REGISTER, CAPTAIN CARROLL. The above Steamship, arranged for Buenos Ayres to Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Lisbon, and Liverpool (calling at Montevideo). FRIDAY 12th JUNE. Cargo received on board until the Evening before Sailing. The exact day of Sailing will be announced on her arrival at Montevideo. Meantime Passengers can be engaged. Parcels and Specie (on which freight must be prepaid) will be received at the agents' office up to Two o'clock on day of sailing. Rates of freight for specie per these steamers, one-half per cent.

Letters received at the Post-Office only. These Steamers have excellent accommodation for saloon and forward passengers. Landing passengers and specie at a port in the English Channel. Apply to the Consignees, Messrs. Darbyshire, Krabs, & Co.; or to JOHN P. BOYD & CO., 224,6p,6j

REMATE.

Atencion capitalista! Gran Remate Judicial.—En importante charra de Santa Catalina en las Lomas de Zamora a la zona de la Estacion, con grandes y muy valiosos montes de talas, arboles, riberas, prados, muelles, de mas de 1500000 de area, y como no existe otro igual en el pais para construcion de volantes y otros edificios. El terreno mide 1000 metros de longitud y 1000 metros de anchura, y una gran huera cuadrada permanente en el centro. En el paraje mas elevado del terreno hay 11 palcos con 25 picas horizontales, con un compendio con un mirador de vista, muy dominantes, desde el cual se puede observar con plantas de merito y una antiqua quinta con frutales esquisitos. Al lado hay otra casa con frutales y una gran huera cuadrada para la construccion de edificios.

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Por orden del Tribunal de Comercio y cuenta del comisionado de Don P. de la Plata, el Domingo 7 de Junio a las 10 en punto de la tarde se vendera la mejor postura y dinero de contado el magnifico establecimiento que dejamos designado. Los demas pormenores los publicamos oportunamente. 151 xpm18

DOR P. BRUNET.—En el deposito Calle de Reconquista 130, El Viernes 5 del corriente a las 11 en punto se han de rematar sin falta alguna y dinero de contado una linda coleccion de plantas de adorno y frutas de todo el pais las mejores que hay en el pais. 21,6p,6j

DOR JACOBO VARELA HIDALGO y Ca.—De una chacra y un terreno a 6 cuadras del pueblo de Belgano. El Sábado 6 de Junio, a las 12 del dia en el escritorio Calle del Peru No. 45 (antes) se hará el remate—por mas informes al escritorio. Recomendamos esta venta a que quiera hacerse una linda casa de campo. 32,6p,6j

BANCO MAU y Ca.—Avisamos al comercio que a consecuencia de la renuncia que en 14 de Mayo fué presentado al Sr. Director del Banco del Puerto de Gerente de este Banco, quedo substituido desde hoy por el Sr. Don Francisco Fernandez Blanco—Rosario, May 22 1868. 198,10p,6j ENRIQUE BARKER.

LOPEZ Z AND CO. At Four p.m., the valuable House Property, known as 77 and 79 CALLE SUIPACHA, in the Parish of San Miguel, only one and a-half blocks from the Church, and one from the Mercado del Plata. The House is old, but of good materials and will be built. A small outlay would render this a valuable holding, being 33 yards deep, by 183, on the street. This is one of the best thoroughfares and most rising parts in town, and its conveniently distant situation near the Hospital, either for Private Residence or Public Store. The title deeds will be found without a flaw by Parties interested calling at the Auctioneers' Office, 91 and 93 CALLE PERU. 202,6p,6j

THE ACME OF MEDICAL SCIENCE IS ACHIEVED IN THE WONDERFUL DISCOVERY OF NEW MEDICAL PRINCIPLES IN DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS COATED WITH SWEET GUM. 1st Principle.—A vegetable substitute for Calomel or Mercury is secured. 2nd.—A cathartic that cleanses the alimentary Canal and its neighboring viscera as thoroughly as Lobelia does the stomach. 3rd.—Functional Harmony is secured to the secreting vessels of all the organs and glands in the system. 4th.—Purification and equalization of the circulation of the blood. 5th.—The properties of these Pills communicate a nutritious principle to the blood and reparative secretion. 6th.—A great want is supplied in their soothing, healing and expulsive power in cases of intestinal irritation, in Dyspepsia, where a cure depends upon free evacuations. 7th.—The aged and persons suffering from paralysis of the bowels, by the use of one pill per day, secure regularity. Persons suffering with any disturbance of the secretory organs, or that have difficulty in discharging the contents of the bowels, or that are in the habit of taking purgative medicines, should try one box of these truly excellent Pills. The happiness of their effects on the system, and the steady and permanent nature of the cure, are your wonderful curative powers, will convince you that your faith and trust in them will become firmly established.

REGULATING PILLS. A newly discovered principle in vegetable medicine is secured in Radway's Regulating Pills, that places them far in advance of all other Purgative or Cathartic Pills, or Saline or Anti-Bilious Medicines. They are the only vegetable substitute for Calomel or mercury known; the only Medicine that, during their process of purging, imparts to the system a debilitated system, and strength, vigor and purity to the blood, and impairs secretions; the only Purgative that will cleanse the Alimentary Canal and obstructed intestinal tract, without weakening or nauseating the patient, as Lobelia (the most active and thorough purgative at present known) does; and the only purgative at present known safe to administer in case of Small Pox, Yellow Fever, Erysipelas, and other malignant Fevers, that inflame and ulcerate the mucous membranes of the Bowels, Stomach, &c.

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LUNCHROOMS & SNUG,
113 CALLE 25 DE MAYO.



WINE AND SPIRITS
ENGLISH ALES & PORTER.
Irish, Scotch, and Bourbon
WHISKEY.
HOT PUNCHES
At all Hours.
MIXED DRINKS, &c.
SANDWICHES of all Descriptions;
HAM AND EGGS,
OYSTER STEWS and LOBSTER SALADS:
Tom and Jerry and MIX PUNCHES.
BILLIARDS,
&c. &c.
CHARLES MULVANY, Proprietor,
208, xp, ml

NOTICE
Ship Captains, Seafarers, Campmen, Travellers and the Public generally should note down the Address:
No. 50 CALLE 25 DE MAYO.
Where Prices of Clothing, Hosiery, &c., are distinctly marked on each Article, thus ensuring one uniform price for all Standard and Landsman, Townspeople, and Camp-people.
It is thus soliciting the custom of Englishmen and Americans, the Advertiser gives credit to the classes addressed for at once perceiving the advantages accruing to themselves by the system above-mentioned.
Good English Pilot Cloth Jackets, each. \$100
Thick Cloth Waistcoats, per pair. \$100
Usually sold for \$175.
Extra Stout Cord Trowsers \$50
Under Flannels and Drawers made to order.
Sheets, Pillowcases, &c., made up.
N.B.—Linen-faced Paper Collars, sizes 14 to 16 1/2 inches. Very few in Buenos Ayres just now.

TO LADIES IN THE CAMP.
I am disposing of complete Sets of best quality Hosiery, comprising: Gaiters, Tapes, Hosiery, Hair Pins, Needles, Pearl and Cloth-covered Buttons, &c.—each Set contained in a handsome strong-partitioned mahogany box, with lock and key. Price \$125, delivered to any Agents in the City.
Town Residents.—This Article would form an acceptable Present for your Country Lady Friends.
Brown Windsor Soap, \$40 per Box of 42 cakes.
Four Qualities Brown Windsor on Sale; 12 other kinds.

CHARLES J. FLOWER,
ENGLISH HOSIER,
No. 50, CALLE 25 DE MAYO.
142, lm, m19

WINE! WINE! WINE!!
SPANISH WINES.
Superior Amontillado and Table Sherry of the well-known brands of Gonzalez & Dubosse, F. Heald, Penaranda, and Dufray.

PORTUGUESE WINES.
Superior Ports, Oporto and Sandeman & Co.'s Lisbon Red, Dry Lisbon and Duquesa; brand Medoc and Co.
FRENCH WINES.
Chateau Lafite, Lafite, Margaux, Leoville, Saint Julien, St. Estephe, Medoc, Star Claret and various other qualities.

ALE AND PORTER.
An assortment of the following brands, in Pints and Quarts: Ind Coope, Wm. Younger & Co., and Bass, always on hand.
BIANDETS.
J. & F. Martell, Cognac, Hennessy & Co., and other different marks to be had.
CHAMPAGNE.
In pints and quarts of the well-known marks La Perle, Ciquot, and Chateau Ay.

JOHN GEOGHEGAN
Begs to intimate to his Friends and the Public that he has REMOVED from No. 105, Calle San Martin, to
No. 21, CALLE CORRIENTES,
Where he has opened an extensive House, with suitable accommodation for those who may favour him with their patronage.
Masters of Vessels, or other Gentlemen, can be accommodated with Private Rooms, if required.
85, lm, m12

MURRAY & LANMAN'S
CELEBRATED
FLORIDA WATER.
This exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Blooming Tropical Flowers of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inimitable; while its influence on the system is refreshing, imparting a delightful buoyancy to the overtaxed body and mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For
FAINTING TURNS,
NERVOUSNESS,
HEADACHE,
DEBILITY,
AND
HYSTERIA,
This is a sure and speedy relief. With the very little of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, as a refreshing, invigorating, and health-giving agent, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin
ROUGHNESS, BLOTCHES,
SUN BURN, PIMPLES,
AND FRECKLES.
It is as delicious as the Oil of Roses, and lends freshness and beauty to the complexion. Blended with water it makes the best dentifrice, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving.

COUNTERFEITS.
Beware of Imitations. Look for the name of Murray and Lanman on the bottle, wrapper, and ornamental label. Prepared only by
LANMAN & KEIP,
Wholesale Druggists,
66, 71, & 73 W. 4th St.,
New York.
For sale in every druggist in town
70 1x

WOOD ENGRAVING.—Engraving on Wood executed in the highest style of art. Send papers, done in the highest style of art. Send orders to this Office, addressed Wood Engraver, B. Ayres, March 26. 215, xp, m27

MERCEDES.
THE CENTRAL HOUSE

TORROBA BROTHERS
Has just received a Large Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS SHERRY AND PORT WINE,
GUINNESS'S EXTRA PORTER,
AND GUINNESS'S PALE ALE,
TEAS, SUGARS, COFFEES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
&c., &c., &c.
For the Central House which will be
SOLD AS CHEAP AS IN BUENOS AYRES.

KEAN & SOAMES,
Grocers, Provision Dealers,
Ship Chandlers, Custom-House Agents,
and Importers in General,
For Sale from 3,000 to 8,000 Sheep,
also several Leagues of Land to
Sell or Rent, &c., &c., &c.
76, 78, ASIS CALLE AGUASA,
(Opposite the Hotel Colon),
ROSA RIO

NO MORE GRAY HAIR!
NO MORE BALD HEADS!
NO MORE DANDRUFF!!
TONGICO ORIENTAL

ORIENTAL TONIC
FOR THE
HAIR
It makes the Hair Soft and Glossy.
It makes it grow Thick and Heavy.
It removes every vestige of Dandruff.
It keeps the Hair in any Shape.
It prevents premature Baldness.
It makes the Head Cool and Pleasant.
It stops the Hair from falling out.
It imparts new strength and vigor to the Scalp.
It is the only perfect Hair-dressing.
It is the only Hair-dressing suitable for the
HEAD AND WHISKERS.
Imparting to them that soft silky appearance and
feeling so much admired by Gentlemen.



SEWING MACHINES.
A large and varied assortment on hand.
Wanted to work well. They are all of the latest
and best inventions, and of different prices.
JOHN SHAW,
206—Venezuela—206.

KIRKMAN'S PIANOS.
On Sale at the Agents,
MOORE, PUNCH, AND TUDOR,
72 RECONQUISTA.
123, xp, m17

CHIVILCOY.—We take the opportunity of
informing our Friends and the Public that
we have opened a General Camp Store in this
flourishing town, where every article for Family
Use may be had at the same price and quality as
sold in Buenos Ayres.

TORROBA BROS.,
'STANDARD' AGENTS, CHIVILCOY.

BRYANT Y MAY
LONDRES E.
FABRICANTES DE FOSFOROS.
FOSFOROS VICTORIA DE BRYANT Y MAY
Indosur garantidos para todos climas son los
mejores fosforos mas baratos que se conocen. En
cajonetas fuertes, forradas con zinc.
BRYANT Y MAY,
Londres E.
4 5/2 p 1 p 2 w f

FLOR DEL OESTE.
El que firma hace saber al publico que la Dili-
gencia del 25 de Mayo que sale en el tren de la
tarde, saldra desde el 15 de Mayo por el primer
tren para llegar en el dia 25, tocando en los
Establecimientos de los Sres. Villarain, Calderon,
Monte, Pustian, Luna, Juan J. Barral, Socorro,
y 25 de Mayo. Sale los 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21 y 27
de cada mes; regresos los 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23 y 29
Agencias—En Buenos Aires, Piedal, 257; Chi-
vilcoy, Hotel del Ferro-Carril; 25 de Mayo, Ho-
staleria de F. Guilli. SANTIAGO IHALDE,
in 16p, 3 Empresario.

FLOR DEL OESTE
El que firma hace saber a sus amigos en particu-
lar al publico en general, que desde el 15
de Abril de 1868, va a establecer una diligencia
de Chivilcoy al 25 de Mayo, pasando por el cami-
no del Socorro. Las salidas indistintamente son
los 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25 y 29 de cada mes por el
tren de la tarde a Chivilcoy. Regresa los 4, 8, 12,
16, 20, 24 y 28.
AGENCIAS—Buenos Aires Fielde 257—Chi-
vilcoy Hotel del Ferro-Carril—25 de Mayo, Can-
cha Nueva.
Mayoral y Empresario—SANTIAGO IHALDE,
Nota—Precios de pasaje cien pesos, tomando
ida y vuelta en las Agencias, ciento sesenta, 1
arrola de carga 25 pesos, cada uno de 8 arrobas
precio convencional. 29, 6p, 3

G. BEHRENS,
103—CALLE ZAVALA—103,
Agents for the 'Standard',
have constantly on hand,
Pianos of Pleyel, Wolff & Co., Paris;
Do of Edwards & Neumann, Berlin.
Do of F. Sprunck, Berlin.
Do of J. Bluthner, Leipzig.
Music of all classes.
Stationery.
Books in English, French, Spanish, German,
Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Danish and Swedish.
A large assortment of Engraving and Photo-
graphs.
Charts and Maps.
English songs and sacred music.
Books for Children, &c.
G. BEHRENS,
Montevideo, Co Zavala No. 103
220., xp, m6

CHAMPMAN,
CALENDER,
& COMPANY,
ENGLISH WAREHOUSEMEN,
210 CALLE MISIONES,
160 CALLE SARANDI,
MONTEVIDEO.
161, xp, m20

M. R. DAVID STEWART,
Formerly of Messrs. Stewart Rowell,
Stewart & Co., of Aberdeen,
And now Merchant,
72 MARK-LANE, LONDON, E.C.,
Having for many years employed a thousand
hands in the manufacture of Home Goods, and
having a connection extending over 40 years in
the first European Markets, desires to receive di-
rect consignments of Home and Foreign Goods.
Cash Advances will be made on them through
Banks on the spot.
Consignments of all Produce received, and
orders for the purchase of European Goods exe-
cuted.
72 Mark-Lane, London, E.C.,
Mar 10, 1868. 239, 6p, 1p, w, m1

SHIPPING LIST OF A. LENUYEUUX,
SHIPBROKER,
47—CALLE CANGALLO—47.

FOR HAVRE.
BOSSUET—French ship, 3,3, L.11, 804 tons;
Grain, Master; Consignees, Llavallol and
Sons.
GEORGINA—French barque, 3/3 L.11, 495
tons; Lory Master; Consignees Messrs. P.
Llavallol & Co.
COSTA RICA—French barque, 5/6 L.11, 566
tons, Le Bis, Master; Consignees Messrs.
Bonamason & Heydecker.
THIERESA—French barque, 5/6 L.11, 321
tons; Aguios Master.
AMELIE—French barque, 5/6 L.2, 310 tons;
Baton, Master; Consignees, C. Arnaud.
QUITTO—French barque, 5/6 L.11, 491 tons;
Theris, Master; Consignees, Bumberg and
Co.
INDUS—French barque, 3/3, L.11, 322 tons;
Fouled, Master.
DOUGLICHOTTE—French barque, 5/6, A.11,
359 tons; Durand, Master; Consignees, Mal-
lon & Co.
SAUVIC—French ship, 3/3, L.11, 800 tons;
Livoque, Master; Consignees, P. Llavallol
& Co.
BERNARDIN DE ST. PIERRE—French ship,
3/3, L.11, 713 tons; Morin, Master; Con-
signee, F. Cabiran.

FOR BORDEAUX.
MAHE—French barque, 1,1 L.C, 10 years, 429
tons; Gardin, Master; Consignee, V. Sicard.
DOUGLICHOTTE—French barque, 1st class, 197 tons; Bau-
din, Master; Consignees, P. Llavallol & Co.
JOURNY—French barque, 5/6, L.11, 519 tons;
Do Brogly, Master; Consignees, P. Llavallol
& Co.
AMELIE—French barque, 3/3, A.11, 243 tons;
Puchon, Master; Consignees, Echebarne,
Brothers.
HELOISE—French barque, 5/6, L.11, 377
tons; Leguineau, Master; Consignees, Pequin,
& Co.
NOUVEAU CAROLAN—French barque, 1,1,
333 tons; Pertus, Master; Consignee, F. Ca-
biran.

FOR MARSEILLES.
DENIS APFRE—French barque, 3/3, L.11,
407 tons; Carriere, Master; Consignee, A.
Jolly.
CHARLES EMMA—French barque, 3/3, A.11,
174 tons; Bonin, Master; Consignee, A. Len-
uyeuux.

LOADING IN THE RIVER FOR
MARSEILLES.
BANGKOK—French barque, 1, C 2, 3, 399 tons;
Auriol, Master; Consignee, F. Cabiran.

FOR ANTWERP.
SAINT CLAIR—French barque, 5/6 L.11, 396
tons; Rouiller, Master; Consignees Messrs.
Vivares & Malie.
AMICIZIA—Italian barque, 3/3, A.11 1/2, 468
tons; Butaro, Master; Consignee, Migone.

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS
Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres,
will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la
Paix, which is the largest and best in this city.
Charges are most moderate.
Wines Superb.
Table d'Hotel on European Style.
Board, with Room, Gas-lights, and Attendance.
HOTEL DE LA PAIX
Corner of Calles Cangallo and Reconquista.

J. RAUNHEIM, CHIROPODIST,
69—CALLE SUPACHA—69.
Feels great pleasure in again introducing him-
self (after an absence of six years) to the respect-
able Public of Buenos Ayres, cordially inviting
all who suffer from Corns, Bunions, Irregular Toe
Nails, or other Diseases of the Feet, to pay him a
visit, at any hour from 8 to 11 a.m., or from 12
to 4 p.m.; Sundays and Holidays from 8 a.m. to
9 p.m.
All operations performed with the greatest
despatch, without pain or loss of blood, and a
perfect cure guaranteed in every instance. Prices
moderate. Consultation Gratis. 125, xp, 5

TO LET, within five minutes walk of the South
Plaza and Great Southern Railway Terminus,
the House occupied by Mr. Weston, situated
at 369 Calle Santiago del Estero, containing
six rooms boarded, with English Grates, and all
other necessaries. The key can be had at the
corner Alameda. For further particulars apply
to Mr. Geo. Wilks, 5 Calle Mayo. 118, lm, m16

ARGENTINE BANK
By DECREE of the Directing Committee, a
General Meeting of Shareholders is convened for
10th JUNE NEXT, at Noon, for the considera-
tion of the Petition signed by several Share-
holders—the formation of a General Directory
the transfer of the Administration to Buenos
Ayres, and the modifications consequent on such
reforms.
JOSE M. CULLEN,
President.
EUCELIO MACIARI,
Provincial Secretary.
Rosario, May 6, 1868. 86, lm, m12

BARON LIEBIG'S FOOD
FOR
INFANTS AND INVALIDS,
Carefully prepared according to the instructions
of Baron Liebig.
The Most Strengthening, Nourishing,
Agreeable, Digestible, and Satisfying.
This Food, made up exactly in the directions
enjoyed, will have double the concentration of the
Mother's Milk.
In Tins, containing 1lb, 1 1/2, 2 1/2, and 7lbs.
CRAVWELL'S,
CHEMIST,
33—CALLE DE RIVADAVIA—33.
128, lm, m16

YOUNG LADIES' FRENCH SCHOOL,
42 CALLE CERRITO,
MONTEVIDEO.
Established for the purpose of instructing the
Children of respectable native and foreign resi-
dents in all the branches of a polite and useful
education. Languages—English, French, and
Spanish. Accomplishments—Music, Drawing,
and Dancing.
Parents can have prospectuses on application
Miss MARCHAND, Proprietress.
88, xp, a14

PUBLIC NOTICE.
THE IRISH PRIESTS stationed at LUJAN,
the better to attend to the Spiritual Wants
of the People entrusted to their charge by the
Archbishop, will attend at the following places in
the following order:
First Sunday of each Month—LUJAN.
Second Sunday of each Month—MERCEDES
and PILAR.
Third Sunday of each Month—CHIVILCOY
and LUJAN.
Fourth Sunday of each Month—MORENO and
MERCEDES.
They will occasionally give MISSIONS in
BARRIO DE LOS YERRES, MONTEVIDEO,
and other places not attended by any Irish
Priest. 178, 6p, m23

CAMP FOR SALE.—\$9,000 Bolivianos will
buy two square leagues of splendid camp,
about 22 leagues distant from Rosario de Santa
Fe, and four leagues from the Central Argentine
Railroad. This camp is well stocked with Gra-
milla Grasses, and Trevo on the Cañadas, and is
situated in one of the best neighbourhoods. For
further information apply at once by letter to
Henry Yarrow, P.O. Rosario de Santa Fe.
155, lm, m20

F. HEAD'S TABLE SHERRY, in Octaves.
Superior Palo Sherry, in Six-
centesimos.
Do. Amontillado Sherry,
in Sixteenths.
Do. Moscatel Sherry, in
Half-Sixteenths.
J. Georg and Co.'s Champagne, of the well
known mark.
La Poire, in pints & quarts
Follitt Schack and Co.'s Champagne, Royal
Sillery. Fleur de Sillery.
Dit6, Grand Cremant Souverain.
Good PORT WINE, in Bottles and Cases, of
One and Two Dozens, at
GLOVER, BARRYSHIRE, and CO.'S,
62, lm, m10

FOR SALE, the two new Dutch Schooners
THEVENY AYRES and MONTEVIDEO,
classified in Veritas 3/3, G. 11, for eight years,
each 69 Tons Register, and carrying about 80
tons dead weight, built of oak, coppered and
copper-fastened. Any arm of light draught, and
is perfectly suitable either for Lighters or River
Craft.
The Montevideo is at present in the BOCA,
opposite the Naval Store of Messrs. V. Casares &
Co.
For further particulars and information apply
to the Consignees,
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WHEELS FOR ONE, TWO, AND THREE HORSES.
FORK, HOE, PICK, AND AXE HANDLES.

HAND AND POWER CORN-SHELLERS.
BEST STEEL PRUNING SHEARS.
BILL HOOKS.
HAY FORKS.
FLY TRAPS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
COOKING STOVES.
FARMERS' BOILERS.
FIRE GRATES.
ALL TOOLS OF THE BEST QUALITY.

T. B. Coffin, Son, & Co.,
83 to 87 Calle Esmeralda,
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WAREHOUSE
MACHINERY AND AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENTS.
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AXES.
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AMERICAN PLATFORM SCALES.
SCYTHES.
HAMMERS.
HATCHETS.
UNION WASHING MACHINES.
WELL AND CISTERN PUMPS. HOES.
HAND CORN MILLS. THERMOMETER CHURNS.
HAND SEED-SOWING MACHINES. HAND HAY RAKES.
96 Gm F15

THE LONDON ASSURANCE,
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER A.D. 1720,
FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS,
AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS
OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
AT MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

AGENTS:
MOLLER AND CO.,
25 DE MAYO, No. 54. 72, lm, a9

J. F. VAN OPPEN,
Nos. 59, 60, AND 61, PASEO DE JULIO.
HAVANNAH AND GERMAN CIGARS;
GERMAN, FRENCH, AND AMERICAN TOBACCO;
DUTCH HERRINGS, Just Arrived;
DUTCH AND IRISH BUTTER;
ENGLISH, DUTCH, AND GRUYERE CHEESE;
GUINNESS' STOUT, in Pints and Quarts;
BASS' PALE ALE, in Cask and Bottle;
RUSSIAN CAVIAR;
WYNAND FOKINK'S CURACOA.
ALL ARTICLES Required for Ship's or Family Use. 56, xp, a7

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL,
AND
RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NAMES OF STEAMERS:
CITY OF LIMERICK, CITY OF RIO JANEIRO,
CITY OF BUENOS AYRES, CITY OF BRUSSELS.

AGENTS:
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ANTWERP.....Consignee B. de Vleeschouwer Broker, E. I. Isenbaert.
RIO JANEIRO.....Consignees Messrs. Machado & Wilmet.....Broker F. D. Machado.
MONTEVIDEO.....Consignees Messrs. Zimmermann, Fair, & Co.....Broker J. R. Schwartz.
BUENOS AYRES.....Consignees Messrs. Zimmermann, Fair, & Co.....Brokers Woodgate Bros.

This Company, having concluded a Contract with the Belgian Government, for the term of Ten
Years, commencing 1st March next, will dispatch a Steamer every Month for Rio Janeiro, Monte-
video, and Buenos Ayres.
From London, 14th; Ostend, 16th; Falmouth, 18th.
Passengers, Parcels, and Specie for London will be landed at Falmouth, and forwarded to
London by a special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.
Cargo will be received on board, 48 hours after arrival at this port, for London or Continent,
at through rates.
Passage-money to London, £40; to Antwerp, £40; to Rio Janeiro, \$50 Pata. Freight on Specie
one-half per cent. payable here.
The CITY OF LIMERICK will sail from London on 14th April, under the new arrangement,
by a special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.
For further particulars apply to the Consignees, Messrs. Zimmermann, Fair, & Co., or to
WOODGATE BROTHERS, Shipbrokers,
42 Calle San Martin.
110, xp, o15



REAPING AND MOWING MACHINES,
AND
Page's Balance Horse Rakes.
AT
66—CALLE MORENO—66.
38, xp, F6

LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
AUTUMN GOODS,
AT THE
ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61—CORRIENTES—61.

LA VERDADERA MEDICINA DE M. LE ROY
DE LA FARMACIA DE COTTIN
LEGITIMA FRANCESA SE ENCUENTRA EN LA BOTICA Y DROGUERIA DE TORRES Y
BARTON, CALLE DEFENSA NUMEROS 65, 67 y 69.

LA VERDADERA MEDICINA CURATIVA DE M. LE
ROY, PREPARADA SEGUN LA FORMULA ORIGINAL DE M.
LE ROY,
Torres y Barton Quimicos y Droguistas—Buenos Ayres—Calle Defensa No. 65, 67 y 69.
Esta medicina preparada con todos los ingredientes los mas preciosos y selectos ha sido recomendada
y preferida a todas las demas por sus buenos efectos y resultados por mas de cuarenta años.

EL MEDICO EN CASA
INSTRUCCIONES Y MODO DE ADMINISTRAR LOS VOMITOS Y PURGANTES DE LA
MEDICINA CURATIVA DE M. LE ROY.
AL ALONSO DE TODOS!!
Folletto que ha salido a luz recientemente y se halla en venta en las principales librerias de es-
ta ciudad y en la Botica y Drogueria de TORRES Y BARTON, frente a San Francisco—PRECIO
PESES 9
176, 12p, m30

SAVINGS BANK.
BANK MAU AND CO.
101—Cangallo—103.
BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current
are now so generally felt and appreciated in the
video and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few
Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in
which they place the most confidence.
The Bank of Mau & Co. in Montevideo has
already provided for the working classes in this
city a safe and profitable depositary for their
savings.
The sums deposited in that very important in-
stitution are daily increasing, and already reach
a very large amount.
These advantages have not hitherto been en-
joyed in this city by an immense number of clerks,
artisans, working men, and servants of all classes
and conditions, who are equally interested in put-
ting their savings out at interest, thus providing
themselves with a reserve fund in case of need,
sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in
the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other
frivolities.
The Bank of Mau & Co. of this city, following
the noble example of their firm in Montevideo,
now offer the same facilities in this city, and has
opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo
from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the
reception of the savings of the classes already
mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.
The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass
book, in which will be entered the amount de-
posited and the interest thereon.
The depositor is permitted at any time to with-
draw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in
the former case the interest will be calculated up
to date.
The Bank of Mau & Co. is sufficiently known to
the Public by the benefit derived from the
course of its operations, which are regulated on
the strictest and soundest principles, and always
directed to promote the general welfare.
The Bank of Mau & Co. are also persuaded that
this new branch of their business will render
immense service to the working classes of Buenos
Ayres and its neighborhood.
Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.
P. MAU & CO.,
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

CONDITIONS.
First—The Bank receives at interest any sum
from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver
Dollar currency, for the following purposes:
Second—The interest allowed is six per cent.
(6 p.c.) per annum, which is liquidated every
six months.
Third—The depositors can at any time retire
the whole or part of the money deposited.
Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds
twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one
thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes
can open an account current, according to the
rules established by the Bank.
Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book,
it can be replaced by another on paying twelve
dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the
public newspapers.
P. P. Mau & Co.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

TO GENTLEMEN.
WE ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
ALL-WOOL TWEEDS, LIGHT VESTINGS,
DRILLS, AND SILK JACKETS,
SUITABLE FOR THE COMING SEASON

GALBRAITH & HUNTER,
DRAPERS, TAILORS, AND CLOTHIERS,
49 AND 51—CALLE DEFENSA—49 AND 51.
ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
[Corner of Defensa and Potosis]
EXANDER FULTON Co.

THE "GLYCERINE" DIP,
FOR SHEEP AND LAMBS,
FREE FROM ARSENIC, MERCURY, MINERAL AND OTHER POISONS.
DEADLY TO ALL PARASITES INFESTING THE SKINS
OF SHEEP AND OTHER ANIMALS.

This PREPARATION is destined to supersede the Compounds hitherto Advertised, and which
have a tendency to destroy Animals, injure the Men engaged in Dipping, and weaken the Wool by
their caustic and reducing properties.
The "GLYCERINE" DIP can be used with perfect safety at any Season of the Year, and has
been found in practice invaluable for the following purposes:
I.—In Curing Scab, Killing Acari, Fags, Ticks, and other Parasites which attack the Sheep.
II.—In strengthening and adding lustre to the Wool.
III.—In Washing Sheep shortly before Clipping, leaving the Fleeces in a pure state.
IV.—In Dipping Lambs, even whilst suckling ewes, as they cannot be injured by the Material.
V.—In Dipping Rams at any Time of the Year, without danger of producing the excoriation
which always follow the use of other Dips, especially in the Autumn Season.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:
MOORE, PUNCH, AND TUDOR,
72—RECONQUISTA—72. 26, lm, j4 79

JAMES S. HILL AND CO.,
76—DEFENSA—76,
CUSTOM-HOUSE DESPATCHERS,
SHIPBROKERS,
AND
COMMISSION AGENTS. 20, lm, j3

J. F. VAN OPPEN
J. Nos. 59, 60, AND 61 PASEO DE JULIO
ALMACEN DE COMESTIBLES Y BEBIDAS
Y ALMACEN NAVAL,
Has the pleasure to announce that he has now
Opened the above Establishment which he begs
to recommend to the favourable notice of the
Public in general and Commanders of Vessels in
particular; and trusts, by prompt attention to
orders and selling first-rate articles at low prices,
to earn their support.
Eduardo Lumb,
Francisco Bustamante,
Manuel S. de Zumaran.
DIRECTOR-GERENTE:
Don Francisco F. Moreno.
INSPECTOR:
Guillermo Schneider.
The Company insures against Fire on very
small Premiums. Every class of Buildings and
Goods, whether private or industrial.
Goods in Customs Deposit may be likewise In-
sured.
Insurers in this Company contract no other
obligation than the payment of the stipulated
Premium on the Policies, the Company being
only responsible for such injuries as they may
suffer from Fire.
Among the general conditions of the Policy,
there is one of particular advantage to Mortgage
Creditors.
The Company offers the following Rewards:—
\$540 To the first Horse ready to land assan-
ce.
\$520 To the second do.
\$45 To each of the five succeeding pipes
Which run to the Fire of any Edificio. Property
Insured in THE ESTRELLA, on making known
his choice of the Reward, or a Certificate issued
by the Police authorities to such as shall have as-
sisted at the mishap.
The Company will also give a Reward of \$4. to
whosoever shall present themselves at their Office
to give Notice of any Fire within the Municipal
Precincts.
POLICIES Issued, and all further particu-
lars to be had, at the Head Office, No. 118 PIEDAD,
or at any of the Country Agents.

Billiards! Billiards!!
JOSEPH CREISSAC
Manufacturer and Importer of Billiards,
206—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—206.
The great Assortment of Billiards, comprising
the most modern improvements, is remarkable
for elegance, solidity, and good taste.
EVERY MONTH new Billiards are Imported
with all necessary accessories for all Games known
and Played in the most renowned Establish-
ments. As they are Imported directly, they can
be sold at very MODERATE PRICES.
EMPERIAL BILLIARDS, with Slate or Stone
Slabs.
BILLIARDS à la Renaissance, Rosewood and
Ebony.
BILLIARDS of French Marble.
BILLIARDS à la Monaco, &c.—all with
newly-invented Cushions, metallic, galvo, electro-
nic, &c.
There are always from 20 to 30 Billiards either
on Sale or Constructing, and also a Stock in the
Custom-house that can be sold in bond.
French Cloth of all classes, from \$140 to \$230.
Ivory Balls of all sizes; Playing Cards of all
kinds; Dominoes, Draught and Chessmen, Back-
gammon, Solitary, Jaquet.
Moreover a Stock of Slate Slabs for Billiards,
Bronze and Brass Pockets, &c.
Commissions from the Provinces punctually
attended to, and also for Europe, as the House is
in connection with the best Fabrics of Paris.
ALL THE BILLIARDS that leave this
Establishment are GUARANTEED. 65, lm, m9

PIANO STORE IN MONTEVIDEO.
A good Assortment of the well-known Pianos
of F. Sprunck on Sale at
103—CALLE ZAVALA—103,
MONTEVIDEO. 36, lm, m6

LAND TO LET IN LEONES.—To be Let
for Five or Ten Years, the Run of Two
Flocks of Sheep. Application to be made Sres.
Torroba Hermanos, Mercedes. 87, xp, F15

LEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT, prepared
by Lebig's Extract of Meat Co., Limited,
Fray Bentos, the only Extract of Meat analyzed
and warranted to be genuine by Baron Liebig,
the inventor, and authorized by him to be called
Liebig's Extract of Meat, is to be had at Sassen-
berg & Co.'s, 144 Reconquista.
Every Jar of the Company's Extract bears
Baron Liebig's certificate.
N.B.—Several Imitations have appeared in the
market, some of them very deficient in quality.
67, xp, a10

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY STANDARD
TO BE HAD AT THE
AGENCY OF MR. HERRING,
44 PASO DE JULIO.

ESTRELLA MATUTINA
A MORAL AND RELIGIOUS SEMI-
MONTHLY, published at Cordoba, John
B