

Buenos Ayres Athletic Sports.

The first meeting will take place at Palermo on the 26th May, open to all comers on payment of subscription...

PROGRAMME: Flat Race—100 yards, 200 yards, 400 yards, 800 yards, 1 mile, 2 miles, 3 miles, 4 miles, 5 miles, 6 miles, 7 miles, 8 miles, 9 miles, 10 miles, 12 miles, 15 miles, 20 miles, 25 miles, 30 miles, 40 miles, 50 miles, 60 miles, 70 miles, 80 miles, 90 miles, 100 miles, 120 miles, 150 miles, 200 miles, 250 miles, 300 miles, 400 miles, 500 miles, 600 miles, 700 miles, 800 miles, 900 miles, 1000 miles, 1200 miles, 1500 miles, 2000 miles, 2500 miles, 3000 miles, 4000 miles, 5000 miles, 6000 miles, 7000 miles, 8000 miles, 9000 miles, 10000 miles.

JUST RECEIVED. BEST LIMERICK BACON. 66—Calle de la Piedad—66. Just received for the coming season 8 1/4 1/4 1 1/4 and 1 1/4 ad wool blankets heavy Shetland Quills.

ESPINOSA & KYLE. Beg respectfully to announce that they continue to prepare the Anti-Cholera Camphor Spirit, invented by Dr. Rubini of Naples, and employed by him with the greatest success during the late epidemic in Europe...

The Daily and Weekly Standard. TO BE HAD EVERY MORNING, AT THE AGENCY OF MR. HERRING, 44—PASO JULIO—44.

Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH. ADVERTISEMENTS. Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer...

The Standard. SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1867.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO. (BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.) Montevideo, May 3. Messrs. Allen are coming with three balloons for Caxinas.

THE SALADEROS. There can be nothing more commendable than administrative energy. We have suffered so long from a sort of Government-house apathy that evils have sprung up and nuisances exist which date back to a period almost coeval with the country's independence.

EDITOR'S TABLE. Thursday, the 2nd of May, was the anniversary of a great battle fought between the allies and the Paraguayans. The circumstances of the fight are still well remembered; the partial success of the enemy at the onset, and their disastrous repulse at the close of the day are events not easily forgotten.

As to the cholera panic, which is the pretext for the present measure, the only spot of all others that escaped the epidemic was South Barraecas, where the saladeros exist, and it is a very forced stretch of imagination to suppose that the smell of the saladeros can kill people in town and yet not even affect those in Barraecas; so much, therefore, for the cholera argument.

The aim and object of every Government is to foster industry, not to destroy it, and we hold, no exigency, no matter how great, can justify a minister in pursuing an honorable and profitable trade. The throwing of the refuse from the saladeros into the Riachuelo is more the fault of the Government than of the Saladeristas, for as they pay high taxes, duties &c, they have a right to expect that the Government will expend something in making a canal or sewer to carry off such matter since they are prohibited the use of the river which nature has supplied.

Hasty measures invariably lead to the very worst consequences, the shutting up of the saladeros, it was thought would temporarily inconvenience a dozen wealthy proprietors nothing more; but Governor Alsina has now his eyes open to the fearful consequence of this unprecedented measure; he has laid the axe to the root of the most vital trade we possess at this season. The loss and ruin caused by this edict is not limited to the saladeros or south Barraecas, it stretches from the outer roads, where the ships ride at anchor, waiting for cargo, to the desert plains of the Pampas.

We tell Governor Alsina, that his decree, if continued in, will soon shut up his exchange office, and send paper Dollars at bound up to 40. What have we to-day in the River Plate to balance trade, or remit to Europe, a small handful of second and third class wool say 400,000 arrobes, a few bales of pelado sheepskins, and possibly a couple of bullock carts full of dry hides. Why Woodgate Brothers would ship the whole stock in a week without the help of an extra clerk. Where is the majestic trade of the Custom-house, the splendid business of the port, and with what are we going to pay our creditors abroad, freight our ships, and sustain our credit, the whole business is but one unbroken absurdity, which can be only palliated on the plea of fright, and let us calmly ask the Governor and his Ministers what the people of England will think when they hear such motives dictate the policy of the Buenos Ayres Government.

Opposed as we are to the existence of the saladeros in their present locality, we are doubly opposed to such arbitrary measures, which bear the stigma of the grossest injustice. The edict in question amounts to more than we are willing to put in print. Every previous act of Governor Alsina and his talented hard working Ministers bears the stamp of real merit, and a general desire to further the prosperity of their country. We appeal to them therefore to scratch from their records this hateful arbitrary decree which is a blemish on our credit, and as unconstitutional as unjust.

EDITOR'S TABLE. Thursday, the 2nd of May, was the anniversary of a great battle fought between the allies and the Paraguayans. The circumstances of the fight are still well remembered; the partial success of the enemy at the onset, and their disastrous repulse at the close of the day are events not easily forgotten. Bonfires were lighted up in various parts of the city; Calle Rivadavia especially was the scene of great gaiety. In the square next the Plaza there were built three large fires, set off with a magnificent Judas, which completely eclipsed anything that Messrs. Claypole and his Defensia friends have hitherto shown us. The expenses were defrayed by the merchants and residents of the place. The renowned chemists Messrs Crawwell & Jones, Mr. Bona, and the Messrs. Bonino of the Café de la Plata, were particularly active. Mr. Jones called our especial attention. In order to celebrate the exit of the cholera this gentleman brought out a quantity of sulphur, which not only cleared the air but also the street. There were three musical bands present.

The Santa Fé newspapers contain nothing of importance. Pauero is reported at Mendoza restoring order, and the late Governor of San Juan, with his Minister, are said to have been killed in a skirmish with the liberals of that province. Mr. Isaac Tezanos, late editor of the Pueblo, is we find at Santa Fé, and busy in a newspaper fight.

The Prosa Entre-Rio dedicates the whole of its columns to political subjects. The articles are usual as very violent. They are principally directed against the National Ministry. The results of the civil war seem contrary to the wishes and expectations of that party.

All our colleagues have welcomed our editor's anniversary in the most flattering manner. We appreciate highly the esteem of the native and foreign press. We return our friends their compliments and hope to see them all flourish in peace and harmony, notwithstanding their divergence on political and social questions. The Nacional by a strange coincidence celebrated its 17th anniversary on our birthday day, we wish our colleague the very best success and a long and happy existence.

The report of Mr. Ochoa's death, which appeared in all the city papers, is, we are glad to say, without foundation. The gentleman in question is quite recovered from his late illness, and we heartily wish him a long life.

The Mosquito has ceased to be a daily paper. It is the intention of the editors to bring it out twice a week, accompanying each number with a caricature. The idea is good, and cannot fail of success.

We are informed, on good authority, that one of our evening papers is on the eve of a collapse. This hardly surprises us. It is even strange that a city of 200,000 can support the present number of journals. The existence of some of our colleagues can only be attributed to the effervescence arising from political agitators.

We are informed that a meeting of the Sanitary Commission took place at a private residence in Calle Cuyo, on Thursday night.

Dr. Avellaneda, Minister of the Provincial Government, has just passed a note to Drs. J. F. Baca and F. Serna, complimenting these gentlemen on the favorable results of the Commission entrusted to them on the late occasion of the cholera in the city of St. Nicholas. We heartily re-echo the words of the learned Minister.

It is believed by many that the article which appeared lately in one of the Rio papers on the Presidency of this Republic, and which has been so much commented on by our colleagues, had its origin in Buenos Ayres, and had been sent to Rio, in order to damage the prospects of Sr. Elizalde. We hardly wish to interfere, but in itself, the thing is by no means impossible, we suppose politicians adhere to the maxim, everything is fair in war.

A gentleman receipt arrived from Entre Rios states that there is a great loss in the flock in that Province, arising from the appearance in the camp of a plant which resembles "wild oats." We hope means will be taken to check the growth of a plant which if it be allowed to extend, will prove very detrimental to the prosperity of that province.

No steamers have arrived yesterday from Montevideo. This port continues closed. We cannot comprehend such a retrograde policy. If this is allowed to last President Flores and his ministry will pass down to posterity with a fame no way envious. The commercial loss is already so very great that even the Montevideans must see the propriety of our remarks.

Talking of the Presidency, we offer a suggestion by which this question can be satisfactorily settled. We propose the names of the favorite candidates be thrown into a ballot box, and drawn; the drawing to take place at the "Standard" office in the presence of three camp and two city subscribers.

We hear of the early departure for the United States of three distinguished countrymen—Mr. Philips of happy memory, Mr. Nauthy the renowned wool buyer, and Mr. Wells the famed 'hop voyage' and a speedy return. Some say it is Mr. Philip's intention to return to these coasts with a company of comedians and found an English theatre in South America. We hope this is true, as we believe he would go good business, and do more for the sanitary condition of these countries than all the municipalities in the world.

By the bye what has become of Mr. Williams and his proposed company? The Steam Beirne is due this morning from that shut up port, Cholera-Video; she will bring probably the Merrimac's mails and English papers.

We learn by Telegraph that there is a new Brazilian loan for five millions sterling on the tapis; London people say that the word in Lombard street is "no peace no money." The loan will probably be negotiated in Germany. The attention of the Director of the gas is called to the very late hour at which the gas is turned on in the evening. Half Buenos Ayres is compelled to dine by candle-light.

THE NEW WOOL TARIFF IN THE UNITED STATES.

Passed March 20, 1867.

For convenience of reference, we have availed ourselves of the following arrangement of the Tariff made by James Lynch, Esq.

From and after the passage of this Act, in lieu of the duties now imposed by law on the articles mentioned and embraced in this section, there shall be levied, collected, and paid on all unmanufactured wool, hair of the alpaca, goat, and other like animals, imported from foreign countries, the duties, hereinafter provided. All wools, hair of the alpaca, goat, and other like animals, as aforesaid, shall be divided, for the purpose of fixing the duties to be charged thereon, into three classes, to wit:—

Class I.—Combing Wools. That is to say, merino, mestiza, metz, or metis wools, or other wools, of merino blood, immediate or remote; down clothing wools and wools of like character, with any of the preceding, including such as have been heretofore usually imported into the United States from Buenos Ayres, New Zealand, Australia, Cape of Good Hope, Russia, Great Britain, Canada, and elsewhere, and also including all wools not hereinafter described or designated in classes two and three.

Upon wools of the first class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, exceeding charges in such port, shall be thirty-two cents or less per pound, the duty shall be ten cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, eleven per centum ad valorem; upon wools of the same class, the whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall exceed thirty-two cents per pound, the duty shall be twelve cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, ten per cent, ad valorem. The duty upon wool of this class, which shall be imported washed shall be twice the amount of duty to which it would be subjected if imported unwashed.

Class II.—Combing Wools. That is to say, Leicester, Cottwold, Lincolnshire, down combing wools, Canada long wools, or other like combing wools of English blood, and usually known by the terms herein used; and also all hair of the alpaca, goat, and other like animals. Upon wools of the second class, and upon all hair of the alpaca, goat, and other like animals, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be thirty-two cents or less per pound, the duty shall be ten cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, eleven per centum ad valorem; upon wools of the same class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall exceed thirty-two cents per pound, the duty shall be twelve cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, ten per centum ad valorem.

Class III.—Carpet Wools & other similar Wools. Such as Donskoi, native South American, Cordova, Valparaiso, native Smyrna, and including all such wools of like character as have been heretofore usually imported into the United States from Turkey, Greece, Egypt, Syria, and elsewhere. Upon wools of the third class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be twelve cents or less per pound, the duty shall be three cents per pound; upon wools of the same class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall exceed twelve cents per pound, the duty shall be six cents per pound.

The duty upon wool of all classes which shall be imported scoured shall be three times the amount of the duty to which it would be subjected if imported unwashed. For the purpose of carrying into effect the classification herein provided, a sufficient number of distinctive samples of the various kinds of wool or hair embraced in each of the three classes above named, selected and prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and duly verified by him (the standard samples being deposited in the Treasury Department), shall be deposited in the custom-house and elsewhere as he may direct, which samples shall be used by the proper officers of the customs to determine the classes above specified, to which all imported wools belong. Provided, that any wool of the sheep, or hair of the alpaca goat or other like animals, which shall be imported in any other than the ordinary condition as now and heretofore practised, or which shall be changed in its character or condition, for the purpose of evading the duty, or which shall be reduced in value by the admixture of dirt or any other foreign substance, shall be subject to pay twice the amount of duty to which it would be otherwise subjected, anything in this act to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided further, That when the wool of different qualities is imported in the same bale, bag, or package;

THE NEW WOOL TARIFF IN THE UNITED STATES.

Passed March 20, 1867.

it shall be appraised by the appraiser, to determine the rate of duty to which it shall be subjected, at the average aggregate value of the contents of the bale, bag, or package; and when bales of different qualities are embraced in the same invoice at the same price, whereby the average price shall be reduced more than ten per centum below the value of the bale of the best quality, the value of the whole shall be appraised according to the value of the bale of the best quality; and no bale, bag or package shall be liable to a less rate of duty in consequence of being invoiced with wool of a lower value.

On sheepskins and Angora goat skins, raw or unmanufactured, imported with the wool on, washed or unwashed, there shall be 30 per centum ad valorem; and on woollen rags, shoddy, mungo, waste, and flocks, the duty shall be 12 cents per pound. According to the above law the Duty on Wool imported in "the ordinary conditions as now and heretofore practised" is as follows, viz:

Class I.—Clothing Wools. Unwashed costing 32c or less per lb 10c pr lb and 11 pr ct. ad val. Unwashed costing more than 32c pr lb 12c " 10 pr ct. " Washed costing 32c or less per lb 20c " 22 pr ct. " Washed costing more than 32c pr lb 24c " 20 pr ct. " Scoured costing 32c or less per lb 30c " 33 pr ct. " Scoured costing more than 32c pr lb 36c " 30 pr ct. "

Class II.—Combing Wools. Unwashed and washed costing 32c or less per lb 10c pr lb and 11 pr ct. ad val. Unwashed and washed costing more than 32c pr lb 12c pr lb 10 " " Scoured costing 32c or less per lb 30c " 33 " " Scoured costing more than 32 pr lb 36c " 30 " "

Class III.—Carpet Wools and other similar Wools. Unwashed and washed costing 12c or less per lb 3c per lb Unwashed and washed costing more than 12c per lb 6c per lb Scoured costing 12c or less per lb 9c per lb Scoured costing more than 12c per lb 18c per lb

Skins with wool on 30 pr ct. ad val. Woolen Rags, Shoddy, Mungo, Flocks, and Waste, 12c per lb.

INTERESTING DIPLOMATIC ROW.

Department of State, Washington, January 23, 1867.

Mr. Seward to Mr. Motley. Department of State, Washington, 21st November, 1866.

Sir: A citizen of the United States has addressed a letter to the President, from Paris, in which he represents that he had travelled extensively in Europe during the last year, in the course of which he had occasion to see something of our ministers and consuls in various countries; that most of those whom he had met were bitterly hostile to the President and his administration, and expressed that hostility in so open a manner as to astonish Americans, and to leave a very bad impression on Europeans. He adds that you do not pretend to conceal "your disgust," as he says, you style it, at the President's whole conduct; that you despise American democracy, and loudly proclaim that an English gentleman is the model of human perfection; that the President has deserted his pledges and principles in common with Mr. Seward, who, you say, is hopelessly degraded.

Your denial or confirmation of the truth of these reports is requested. I am, sir, your obedient servant, WM. H. SEWARD. To J. Lathrop Motley, Esq.

Mr. Motley to Mr. Seward. Legation of the United States, Vienna, December 11, 1866. Hon. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

Sir: An hour or two ago I received a letter from you, dated November 21, 1866, to which I hasten to reply. You inform me that a citizen of the United States, &c, (copying first paragraph of Mr. Seward's letter.)

With this opening paragraph relating generally to United States ministers and consuls abroad, I have nothing especially to do. Other gentlemen are fully competent to answer for themselves. You proceed to say, (copying second paragraph of Mr. Seward's letter.) "My first impulse on reading the letter was to content myself with a flat denial of their truth."

Mr. Motley then proceeds to state his position. He does not wish any doubt as to his political sentiments. While endeavoring faithfully to perform his official duties, in the conflict of opinion with regard to home questions, his views had never been demanded officially, and he had not volunteered them. He proceeds: "I have always believed it necessary that strong guarantees should be taken against a recurrence of the rebellion and the reestablishment of some form of slavery before the seceded States should be readmitted to representation in Congress. Latterly I have inclined to the opinion that the noblest and safest course would be by amendment of the Constitution prohibiting distinction of race or color in regard to the attainment of franchise together with a general amnesty to be pronounced by the President. These opinions, in the privacy of my own household, and to occasional American visitors, I have not concealed. The great question now presenting itself for solution demands the conscientious scrutiny of every American who loves his country and believes in the human progress of which that country is one of the foremost representatives.

"I have never thought, during my residence at Vienna, that because I have the honor of being a public servant of the American people I am deprived of the right of discussing, within my own walls, the grandest subject that can interest freedom. A minister of the United States does not cease to be a citizen of the United States, as deeply interested as others in all that affects the welfare of his country.

"In conversation with such of my colleagues or members of the Government here as were interested in our politics, I have uniformly stated that the conflict of opinions now prevailing in the United States was inevitable in a free country; that such discussions were the very evidence of our freedom and of our capacity to govern ourselves; that to silence discussion belonged to despots, not to a republican government like ours, and that I had entire faith that the American people would ultimately settle all disputed questions with justice.

"I have always been cautious, however, in such conversations to avoid any expressions of disrespect towards the President or his Cabinet. I have uniformly stated that in our country the people was, not only theoretically, but practically, sovereign, and that when great political questions were to be solved, appeal was made to the ballot-box. I have steadily expressed the opinion that the President and Congress would be reconciled after the people should have pronounced its solemn verdict, and I have added that all parties in the United States, as I believed, honestly desired and required the reestablishment of the Union, however they might differ as to the wisest means of securing it.

"This is the way I have been in the habit of speaking officially or semi-officially, and this is my reply to the charges contained in your letter, so far as they regard in any way the President of the United States. "That I despise American democracy and loudly proclaim that an English gentleman is the model of human perfection" is so pitiful a fabrication that I blush while I denounce it. Any one personally acquainted with me, or who has taken the trouble to read my writings, whether official or historical, knows that a more fervent believer in American democracy than I am does not exist in the world. My expressions of reverence for the American people, during these five heroic years, have erred, if at all on the side of enthusiasm, and have often seemed to the skeptical somewhat extravagant. I scorn to dwell longer on the contemptible charge.

"That I have called Mr. Seward hopelessly degraded" is a vile calumny, and it wounds me deeply that you could listen for a moment to such a falsehood. "In conclusion I have only to add, that I beg herewith respectfully to resign my post as United States Minister at Vienna. I am, sir, your obedient servant, "J. LATHROP MOTLEY."

PASSENGERS SAILED PER ARNO.

Mr Robert McClymont, Mrs McClymont, M Piquin, Mr Paul Ladvoch, Madame Ladvoch, Dn Mariano Miso, Dna Elizade Misa, Dn F Ortiz Basualdo, Dna Magdalena O Basualdo, Dn J O Basualdo, Dn Daniel O Basualdo, Carlos O Basualdo, Mr Thos Bell, Mr T Drysdale, Mrs. Drysdale, four children, and maid servant; Mr John Browne, Mr C Kropp, Mr H Hunt, Mr Richard Silettoe, Mr Richard McNamara, Dn Pedro José Cisso, Mr Peracht, Dn Juan Pinos, Dn Ernest Alecy, Madame Alecy, Dn Juan II Fernandez, Mr David Lyall, Dn F Bollieri, Mr Andrew Fleury, Mr R Meyer, Mr Augustus Passman, Dn Earnesto Cabo, Captain D Forrest, Captain Watson, H.B.M. Legation; Dn Lorenzo Chivavalli, Mr T L Hart, Mr Feitzen, Mr P S L Kirkpatrick, Mrs Griffin and three children; Mrs Anderson and child; Mr John Rivero, Mr Martin Schultz, Mr William Carey, Mr Patrick Doherty, Mrs Bridget Gannon and child; Mr Olivera and wife.

MARSHAL MURDER FUND IN SANTA FE.

To the Editors of the Standard. British Consulate, Rosario, April 10, 1866.

Gentlemen, I am requested by the committee appointed by the foreign residents of this district, to prosecute the murderers of the late Mr. Marshall, and forward to you for publication the account of subscription and disbursements of the Fund raised for that purpose, and which has been handed to me by the Honorary Treasurer. It may be no harm to point out, in reference to the item of \$179 35c, of "Transport of prisoners from Cor-

doba to Rosario," that nothing need be expected hereafter from a Provincial Government in any murder of a foreigner, when the authorities obliged us to pay for conveyance of assassins from one town to another. The lawyer's bill would not have been so large, had it not been deemed advisable to sue the only subscriber of 200 Bol. dol., who refused to pay up. The party in question declined, on the double plea of his name not being put on the acting committee, and of the sentence not being consistent with his notions of justice. He, with a few others, maintained that Alarcon ought to be executed, probably if for no other reason, for that which Voltaire wittily remarked the English Admiral Byng was shot in 1756, namely, "pour encourager les autres!" However, in spite of these defaulters, we have a balance of 69 Bolivians 90c, which we intend to hand over to the Cholera Relief Committee in Rosario.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, THOMAS J. HUTCHINSON, H.B.M.'s Consul, and Chairman of the Marshal Fund Com.

SUBSCRIPTIONS. Table with columns: Name, Sub. Bol., Paid. Bol. e. Includes names like G B Mathew, H.B.M., Minister Plenipotenc., F Hild, J C Monro, S Lafone, W Wheelwright, Thomas Armstrong, Thomas Sinnot, S Olguin, M Hipwell, H Barnett, José F de Paz, John McGowan, Seymour and Goodrich, Kemmis and Cookson, Rev Thomas Carter, Consul Hutchinson, H E Woods, Thomas Duguid and Co, M Parker, E Baker, R Stewart, M Douglas, E Dolan, Benjamin Lea, G S Renton, A Wright, Thomas Thomas, A Shaw, Captain Thomson, J H Campbell, C Echevarria, Hotel de la Paix, J Barron, Bomberg and Co., C J Bians, Hargreaves, Zulecru and Co., N. N., Diego Mitchell, Captain Richardson, Patrick Brown, W Perkins.

1868 1861 75 Rosario, April 6, 1867.

CHARLES W. BOLLAERT, Treasurer.

CREDIT. Boliv. c. Boliv. c.

By amount of subscriptions col... 0 0 1681 75 DEBTOR.

Paid Pancho Gigena the reward due to the capture of the assassin... 1000 0 0 0 Chasco to Las Turbias... 30 0 0 0 Printing and advertising expenses... 73 0 0 0 Transport of prisoners from Cor-doba to Rosario... 179 35 0 0 Travelling expenses of T. J. Hutchinson, H.B.M Consul to Sta. Fé and back, in company with Capt. Watson, British Legation... 64 50 0 0 0 Lawyers' fees... 260 0 0 0 Balance remaining in hands of the Treasurer... 69 90 1681 75 Rosario, April 6, 1867.

C. W. BOLLAERT.

THE EDWARD EVERETT.

HONORABLE TESTIMONIAL. On board the American steamer Edward Everett, in quarantine in the harbor of Montevideo, April 9, 1867.

We, the undersigned, before leaving this steamer, in which we have passed three days of quarantine, cannot do less than express our profound thanks to the captain, Mr. C. J. Chadwick, and to the purser, Mr. J. L. Trillia, for the excellent treatment we have received under such pressing circumstances. The extreme cleanliness of the steamer, the discipline throughout the various branches of the crew, the security and great space of this splendid vessel, surely make her the most commodious on the waters of the Plate; and we are not only grateful for all we have already expressed, but also consider ourselves under an obligation to Captain Chadwick for having refused all compensation for his vessel during our unexpected delay on board.

The extreme cleanliness of the steamer, the discipline throughout the various branches of the crew, the security and great space of this splendid vessel, surely make her the most commodious on the waters of the Plate; and we are not only grateful for all we have already expressed, but also consider ourselves under an obligation to Captain Chadwick for having refused all compensation for his vessel during our unexpected delay on board.

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAUA AND CO. 101-Cangallo-103. BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in this country...

The Bank of Maua & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes...

The Bank of Maua & Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and has

opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day...

The Bank of Maua & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefits derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles...

The Bank of Maua & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867. P. M. MAUA & CO. M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

CONDITIONS.

First-The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second-The interest allowed is six per cent. (6%) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third-The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth-Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand Dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth-In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve Dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. MAUA & CO. M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.



RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT. NAMES OF STEAMERS. LA PLATA (new).

- ADA, CORDOVA, URUGUAY, LEDA.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 10th of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave.

In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows:-

Table with 2 columns: Class, Price. 1st Class \$25, 2nd \$20, 3rd \$16.

Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates:-

Table with 2 columns: Class, Price. 1st Class \$45, 2nd \$35, 3rd \$25.

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.

The ss. CORDOVA, CAPTAIN CONCHE, will leave this on Friday the 10th of May.

H. A. GREEN & CO. 85 RECONQUISTA.

SOCIEDAD COMERCIAL

OFICINA CENTRAL BUENOS AIRES CALLE SAN MARTIN NUM. 87.

FREDERIC LIEFRINK Y CA.

AGENTES GENERALES DE SEGUROS: Contra incendios de "La Estrella" compania Argentina a prima fija.

COMISIONES Y EXPEDICIONES. Se encargu de compra y venta de toda clase de articulos.

AGENCIA SUICRAL-Rosario de Santa Fe.-Calle de Santa Fe No. 29. 126-20 p. a. 28.

AMMUNITION.

Double Waterproof Central Fire Caps, Felt Wadding to prevent the leading of Gans, Wire Cartridges for Killing Game, &c., at long distances, Broch-loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Shot Guns and Rifles.

ELEY'S BEST ENFIELD CARTRIDGES. ELEY BROTHERS. Gray's-Inn-Road, London, W.C. (Whole sale only.) 416 249

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

MR. THOMAS HOLMS has much pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of Buenos Ayres, and those resident in the Provinces, that he has just received direct from the London and Paris markets a large and varied Assortment of New and Fashionable Goods, suitable for the present and coming season, comprising:-

Ladies Barege, Grenadine Lace and Silk Shawls and Mantles, Barege, Grenadine, Mohair, and Silk and Wool Dress Materials, Black and Coloured Silks,

Prints, Printed Muslins, Brilliants, Linens, Bramantes, Long Cloths, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Cotton and Linen Sheeting, Quilts, Towels, Table Linen, Stays, &c.

Underclothing for Ladies and Children, Babies' Entire Outfits, Hosiery and Haberdashery, English Boots and Shoes.

Soaps, Scents, &c.

FAMILY MOURNING.

English Drapery Establishment, 61-CORRIENTES-61.

GENERAL CAMP STORE,

CHASCOMUS, (CORNER OF CALLE ANCHA AND SAN MARTIN).

A. FULTON & CO. 215 | xp, 430

GALBRAITH & HUNTER

ARE NOW SHOWING AN ASSORTMENT OF SUPERIOR BANNOCKBURN TWEEDS FOR AUTUMN AND WINTER WEAR, WHICH THEY INVITE INSPECTION AT 49 & 51-Calle Defensa-49 & 51.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF W. MATTI & CO.

30-CALLE CANGALLO-30. For MONTEVIDEO, the English steamer Rio Parana,

Will leave on Mondays at 6 p.m. returning on Thursdays.

For SALTO and all the intermediate Ports, the English steamer Rio Parana,

Will leave on Thursdays at 9 a.m. returning on Mondays.

FOR MERCEDES. Passengers will embark in the Rio Parana to be shipped to the steamer Mini at 5 p.m.

FOR GALILEYACHU. Passengers will embark in the Rio Parana on Thursday to be shipped to the steamer Guazu at 2 p.m.

For PARANA and SANTA FE, the steamer Tala,

Will leave on Sundays at 9.30 a.m. returning on Fridays.

FOR GUALEGUAY. Passengers will embark in the Tala on Sunday to be shipped to the steamer Doloresca returning on Mondays.

For PARANA and SANTA FE, the steamer Ybicuy,

Will leave on Tuesdays at 9.45 a.m., returning on Sundays.

FOR CORRIENTES and the intermediate Ports, the steamer Esmeralda and Espigador,

Will leave alternately at 10 a.m. on Thursdays returning on Mondays.

FOR CORRIENTES and the intermediate Ports, the steamer Cione,

Will leave on at 10 a.m.

For all particulars as to freight and passage money apply at the agency of G. Matti and Co. 30 Cangallo.

N. B.-The Public is reminded that those paying in paper money are charged 4 rs. mpc per cent. over the current price, on account of the fluctuating state of the market.

No parcels taken on the day of sailing. 118 | xp F26.

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY (LIMITED).

BUENOS AYRES AND MONTEVIDEO.

On and after the 1ST JANUARY, 1867, the Tariff will be as follows:-

Names and Address, with 2 Nat. Dol. Ten Words 1/6 for 50 mpc.

For every additional Ten 1/4 Nat. Dol. Words 1/6 for 25 mpc.

To and from Colonia, and other parts of the Line, the same Rates will be charged.

In the above Tariff NO REDUCTION CAN BE MADE ON PRESS OR OTHER MESSAGES.

On and after the 1st of April the hours of business of the Company will be as follows:-

Week Days 8 A.M. to 6.30 P.M. Sundays and Feast 9 A.M. to 10 A.M. Days, 11.5 P.M. to 6 P.M.

BY ORDER, JOHN OLDHAM, Superintendent and Engineer

Dr. F. Scourse, DENTIST.

Scourse has opened his Office at No. 29, 1/2 Calle de Mayo, Montevideo. The beautiful 1/2 of rooms are fitted up with modern appliances for the most perfect dental operations, combining with great facility for the patient and comfort.

Scourse has a collection of the most perfect and approved instruments, with the latest improvements in Dental Science. Also, by the latest process, he can always afford to fabricate gold, silver, and platinum teeth as well as in the dentures.

ALEXANDER FULTON & Co.,

Respectfully call the attention of their European and Country Customers to their large assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season.

Ladies' Black Silk Mittens, a large assortment of Dress Gowns, White, Coloured, and Black, with various Trimmings, Blouses, Blouses, Chemises, Corsets, Long Gowns, Hosiery, Stays, Prints, and Sheetings, Calicoes, Long Cloths, Diapers, Children's Goods, many other articles, Cloths, Vests, Pants, Windsor Coat Pants, Cotton and Woolen Goods, Shawls, and Tweed Shirts, Bedstead Cord, Windsor Cord, Cotton and Woolen Goods, Hats, and various other articles.

25 & 27 Calle Defensa, 25 & 27. N.B. Clothes made to Order on the premises.

THE RURAL CODE AND PUBLIC LANDS-LAW.

Now on SALE at this Office. Price \$20 mpc.

LEA & PERRIN'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

Now on SALE at this Office. Price \$20 mpc.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled Condiment having caused certain dealers to offer its name as "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to ASK FOR LEA AND PERRIN'S SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER LABELS, STOPPER, and BOTTLE.

Those who are desirous of having been supplied with a genuine Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of LEA & PERRIN have been engraved, L. & P. give notice that they have corresponded with their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRIN'S SAUCE, AND SEE NAME ON WRAPPER, LABEL, BOTTLE, AND STOPPER.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, WOREST, 7, Cross & Blackwell, London, E.C., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52p | 1pw | 2j20

ELLWOOD'S NEW PATENT AIR-CHAMBER HAT.

Combines the lightness of the Pith Hat and the softness of a Turban, with the durability, comfort, and numerous other advantages for which ELLWOOD'S PATENT AIR-CHAMBER HATS have so long been celebrated.

Hats, Caps, and Helmets of every description Manufactured at the Works of J. ELLWOOD & SONS, GREAT CHARLOTTE ST., S., LONDON.

CAUTION.-No Air-Chamber Hats or Helmets are genuine, unless they bear the above Stamp, with either "ELLWOOD & SONS," or the name of the Mfr. in the Seal.

Orders through Messrs. Galloway & Co. are specially shipped. 52p, 1pw, F21

RIMMEL'S Toilet Vinegar.

is far superior to any other, as it is not only refreshing, but it also has a powerful effect in removing all impurities from the skin, and in restoring its natural color and softness.

It is indispensable requisite especially in warm climates.

OTHER ARTICLES RECOMMENDED:- RIMMEL'S LAVENDER WATER, distilled from Michigan flowers. RIMMEL'S JOCKEY CLUB, Fragrance, etc. of exquisite quality. RIMMEL'S CYCERINE, Hoagy, Windsor, and other hair preparations. RIMMEL'S LIME JUICE, and Oilyerine for beautifying the Hair. RIMMEL'S PERFUME VAPORIZER, Perfume Fountain, etc. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

E. RIMMEL, Perfumier to H. R. H. Princess of Wales. 5, STRAND, and 21, C. BIRCHALL, London.

BARBONNE'S VIGORS, OIBWELL, WORKS, HSWICH, 9, GRACCHURCH STREET, LONDRES.

DEBILITY, HEADACHE, NERVOUSNESS, HYSTERIA, AND RHEUMATISM.

It is a sure and speedy relief. With the very little of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and is eminently recommended as an article which, for soft delicacy of flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin

MURRAY & LANMAN'S CELEBRATED FLORIDA WATER.

This exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Blooming Tropical Flowers of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost ineffably rich, while its influence on the skin is most refreshing, imparting a delightful buoyancy to the overtaxed Body and Mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For FADING TURNS, NERVOUSNESS, HEADACHE, DEBILITY, AND HYSTERIA.

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Livery Stables and Commission Agents.

R. OSARIO. The undersigned beg leave most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Rosario and surrounding districts, that they have commenced business in the above line, where the strictest attention will be paid to property entrusted to their care.

A monthly auction will take place by Don Santiago Wilde, for the disposal of horses, cattle, sheep, land, and other business in connection with Estancos. For further particulars apply on the premises.

DOLAN & McRAITH, Corner Calle Barrio and Calle Santa Fe. N.B. Horses well taken care of. A large supply of maize, bran and alfalfa, etc. 22-1 m d wad

Petroleum, or Kerosene Lamps.

TO DEALERS IN LAMPS, SPECIAL NOTICE. DIETZ & CO. 17 CATER LANE, LONDON, E.C.

From our London House we are prepared to supply American Lamps at American Prices. French and Bohemian Lamps, with American Burners, at a saving of 30 per cent. to Buyers, Catalogue and Photographs, 450 Illustrations.

MANUFACTORY:- 152 and 151 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK. 8p, 1pw, 41

CORRUGATED GALVANIZED SHEETS.

Are of the best possible description, and of the very lowest price. Each sheet warranted perfect.

Roots Supplied with or without Framework.

BRADY'S ITALIAN ROOFING ZINC, PERFORATED ZINC, SHEET ZINC AND NAILS, WIRE NETTING, IRON TANKS, BUCKETS, AND ALL OTHER GALVANIZED GOODS.

Illustrated Price Lists Free on Application. 52p, 1pw, m8