

The Daily and Weekly Standard
EVERY MORNING,
AGENCY OF MR. HERRING,
44-PASEO JULIO-44.

Photographs,
FOR ALBUMS, OR TO SEND BY POST.
SCENES OF LIFE
In this City, the Neighborhood, and the Camp,

LIKENESSES
Of remarkable characters, both men and women, of all classes, times and countries.

INDIANS.
Cartes de visite of the principal Indian Chiefs, single or in groups.

Engineering Shop in the Tigre.
The undersigned begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has established a branch shop in the Tigre to act in combination with his town establishment, No. 117, Paseo Julio, and he hopes thereby to accommodate his customers with the greatest promptitude and despatch to all orders his friends may favor him with.

Subscription to the "Standard,"
\$30 PER MONTH.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.
"Nil falsi andeum, nil veri non andeum dicere."
SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1867.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.
(MY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH).
Montevideo, April 12, 1867.
No cases of cholera.

THE ARNO'S MAILS ANTICIPATED.
ADVISED FROM EUROPE AND THE UNITED STATES.
London 12th March—Paris 12th March—New York 11th March.

England consols 91, London and Brazilian Bank shares £18 to £16 disct., English Bank of Rio de Janeiro shares 1 1/2 to 1 1/4 disct., London and River Plate Bank £5 to 7 prem: Bahia railway 12 1/2 to 13 1/2 disct., Pernambuco railway 9 to 10 disct., San Paulo railway 13 1/2 to 14 1/2 disct., Cotton middling 14 1/2 but prices tending downwards.

The 'Advertiser' says that after the discussion on the withdrawal of the resolutions last night Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Disraeli had a long interview in one of the retiring chambers of the House.

The 'Standard' hopes that if both sides will give and take, a Reform bill may be passed this session.

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The 'Advertiser' says that Earl Grosvenor in the course of his speech said he considered the Ministerial measure doomed.

A Reform demonstration, said to have been attended by 12,000 persons, took place at Stunderland on Monday night. A public meeting was afterwards held in the Theatre Royal, at which the proceedings were orderly, and a resolution was passed in favour of a large measure of reform.

The marriage of Don Carlos of Spain with the Princess Marguerite of Marina took place on the 4th instant, in the chapel of the palace of Frohsdorf.

The young princess was led to the altar by the Count and Countess of Chombord. Accompanying the prince were his mother, his brother, and the Duke and Duchess of Modena.

Foreign securities continue with a very heavy tendency. Chilean Scrip is again lower at 2 1/2 discount—a circumstance calculated to demonstrate to all foreign loan contractors the uselessness of appealing at present to the London market.

By this means there would be an increase of 290,000 voters according to the calculations of the Cabinet.

prisoners, while troops were scouring the country in all directions, so that Lord Derby had expressed his opinion in Parliament that it would not be necessary to send more troops to Ireland; at the same time these occurrences had caused considerable anxiety in England.

France—Rentes 3 p. 99.00—4 1/2 p. 97.25.
The French Ministers had suffered various interpellations, and the 13th was fixed for that of Thiers on the foreign policy.

The King of Portugal, the Crown-Prince of Prussia, the King of Holland, and the brother of the Taicoon of Japan were daily expected in Paris. Some cases of cholera had appeared in that city.

The 'Times' considers the prospects of Reform very favourable, and that a bill may be passed this session. Ministers have shown their docility, and the Opposition, while assisting the progress of the measure, will not consent to any inadequate scheme, and whenever need arises will enforce any necessary change on the Ministry.

It is plain the House of Commons cannot recede from the reduction of the occupation franchise sanctioned last year. It is vain, therefore, to suppose that the county occupation franchise can be fixed at a rating of £20, and the Ministry had better at once propose the limited of £14, adopted by the House of Commons last year.

The 'Herald' says the settlement must be effected by a compromise, and that party best deserves the gratitude of the country which most contributes to that compromise by sacrificing everything except its essential principles.

The 'Daily News' says it is certain that the Conservative mass will not allow their leaders to reduce it below their present proposal of £6 rating there is an end of the discussion. In that case the Ministry must go. The same paper also suggests a plan of ascertaining the opinions of the Conservatives before going into committee.

The 'Star' says the proceedings of the meeting of the Liberal party yesterday are calculated to satisfy and encourage Reformers, as it is clear that the leaders are determined to insist upon a genuine and satisfactory measure.

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tion with any portion of the existing bonds held here, they must only be regarded as having served as a pretext for a movement in harmony with the present feeling of the public towards all descriptions of securities.

In Sweden the chambers had rejected the project of a law to amplify religious toleration allowing members of other religion beside that of the state to hold public offices.

The Parliament of the Northern Confederation of Germany had met at Berlin composed of 298 members of which 193 from the old province of Prussia, 45 from those lately annexed and 60 from other parts of the confederation.

Hungary and Austria appears to fraternise completely and sincerely. The people of Hungary are joyful at the restoration of their ancient privileges.

From Italy there is nothing important. Garibaldi was at Venice and told of deputation of Cretans that he had already sent his son Ricciotti to Candia where under certain circumstances he would fight for Christian liberty.

THE GARDIAN INSURRECTION.
"On the 13th and 14th inst. engagements took place in the western portion of Crete. Eight thousand Turkish troops from Heracleion were defeated by the Cretans near Gerakari and fell back, leaving behind them two guns, five flags, 100 mules, and many prisoners.

Such a charge is the conviction of the Government with a gang of forgers is without precedent and undeserving of a reply. In the year 1856 the Paraguayan Government made a demand on the Buenos Ayres Government, and the case went before the Tribunals.

These complaints are of a most trifling nature, and can only be made against the B. Ayres Government.

The 'Times' contains the following telegram:—
"NEW YORK—The House has refused a vote on the Tariff Bill. A committee has been appointed for a conference on the subject, which puts an end to the measure."

NEW YORK—The finance committee of the Senate has reported against the bill adopted by the House of Representatives for the issue of greenbacks to the amount of 100,000,000 dollars, for the redemption of compound interest notes.

COMMERICAL—Closing prices: Gold, 138 1/2; sterling Exchange on London, 103 1/2; United States 5-20 Bonds, 111 1/2; Illinois, 116; Erie, 56; Cotton: Middling Upland, 32.

Opening Prices: Gold, 138 1/2. Sterling exchange on London, 103. United States 5-20 Bonds, 110 1/2; Illinois, 116; Erie, 56.

NEW YORK—The House of Representatives has passed a resolution restoring the tax upon cotton.

Intelligence received here, dated Vera Cruz, the 13th inst., confirms the News of Miramon's attack on Zacatecas, his subsequent defeat by Escobedo, and the escape of Juarez.

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MINISTER ELIZALDE'S CIRCULAR.
The circular note of the Argentine Minister of Foreign Affairs, published yesterday, took Buenos Ayres by surprise, not so much that a reply to Mr. Berges was unlooked for, as that our Minister should in so short a time have handled the subject in such a masterly manner.

very able manner in which he substitutes the questions.

The document is drawn up with the precision of a lawyer and the style of an accomplished Minister. It is published for the purpose of refuting the charges of the Paraguayan Minister, and we are pleased to note the absence of redundancy or the introduction of extraneous matter in this able rejoinder.

Although declared on the 30th of March, the notification was not received in Buenos Ayres until the 7th April, Lopez having closed the river and previously advised the Paraguayan agent in Buenos Ayres.

Not a single question existed between the two Governments, and Paraguay is called on to cite a single complaint.

The Argentine Republic never moved in this matter, but various negotiations were held, and even a treaty concluded, thus all disputes were arranged, and the further questions postponed; even Dr. D. Lorenzo Torrez, with the consent of the President of Paraguay, had been named arbitrator, and the only question that did arise being about the navigation of the Vernejo, was arranged amicably.

Such a motive cannot be countenanced as a justification for the war.

THE PARAGUAYAN EMIGRANTS.
The Government never had any knowledge of, or connection with any Paraguayan Club of emigrants, and it is a known fact that only a very few Paraguayans resided in this city.

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The Paraguayan Minister charges not only the Brazilian Government with a desire to annex the Banda Oriental, but also the Argentine Government with the same pretensions, which is absurd.

The refusal of the Argentine Government to allow passage for Paraguayan troops, is asserted to be a just cause for the war, but the demands of the Argentine Government for explanations respecting the concentration of troops were most just, and of an amicable nature, and the Paraguayan note seems to imply that the war was declared simply on this account: the free transit of the river was allowed to both belligerents.

The existence of the Paraguayan Government was incompatible with peace in the Plate. There can exist no just reasons, no sound motives to conclude the war until the Paraguayan Government is upset.

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who was noted for his brilliant exploits: it also appeared that the said Major Baron Max Versen and the said Doctor in Medicine were one and the same person and that this person was now on his way to Paraguay.

The report of the proximate fall or reconstruction of the Cabinet is gaining ground daily, as there is known to exist a considerable divergence of opinion among the various members on important matters.

A plan of the Fortress of Humaitá, sketched by the Engineer E. F. da Costa on stone, from the drawings of a Paraguayan sergeant now a prisoner of war here, has been published and largely sold.

The Commander, Adjutant, and Surgeon of the 4th Battalion of the city National Guards, which was ordered to go at once into barracks for the extraction of its contingent, have all been suspended for an indefinite period from their respective posts for non-appearance in accordance with the summons.

The Rio Parana arrived yesterday from Montevideo, bringing us several days mails. The quarantine arrangements are without change, and the Ptolemy is not expected before next week.

The steamer Rosa arrived yesterday from Corrientes. The only news of importance is that Caxias is moving his army, some say on account of the sickness and mortality amongst the troops, others that he is going to look for Osorio and cross into Paraguay at Itapua.

The Tala arrived yesterday true to time. Things in the interior are beginning to look better. The full accounts of the battle of San Ignacio are confirmed, as also the assassination of Melgarejo. The cholera has died out in Rosario.

The very popular beverage Uquebaugh is now in great demand: people have called on us to know where it can be had, but we are ignorant of the 'locus in quo' of the manufacturer.

The Belgrano engine was tested yesterday with a hydraulic pressure of 200lbs. to the square inch, and the result proved favorable.

The Tevere takes down a supplementary mail to-morrow evening for French packet.

The National Government published in a separate sheet the diplomatic notes on the mediation. Every sheet we struck off was bought up for the mail.

The Provincial Government has passed a note to the Sanitary Commission, pointing to the necessity of at once taking an hospital at the North of the city for all patients with the present prevailing pest.

The data which we published the other day respecting the Barracas exports has, as a matter of course, attracted great notice; we rest on the authority of Sr. Rey, the Custom-house Collector at Barracas.

Professor Hermann, whose charity seems to be as exhaustless as his tricks, again comes before the public to increase the fund for the relief of the San Nicolas unfortunates. The benefit will take place in the Victoria this night.

The whole of the Opera Company, we regret to learn, on their arrival at Montevideo were placed on Rat Island, where they must endure five days quarantine. So great has the nuisance now become that our steamboat proprietors have turned hotel keepers, and passengers have now besides their passage to pay for five days board and lodging in advance.

There is no mistaking the new attitude of Brazilian affairs. Caxias writes to his Government that he can do nothing without recruits; a new

exalted by braving all risks in order to maintain its rights intact as it is lowered by perverting its laws and setting them aside in order to carry favor with foreigners."

The 3rd of April is fixed by the Government as the date up to which the sundry Battalions of the National Guard must furnish their respective contingents or be subject to severe penalties. All are anxious to see the end and denouement of this misunderstanding between the Government and the National Guard.

More soldiers at all hazards, seems to be the watchword of the present Cabinet.

Business continues completely paralysed and things are more likely to grow worse than better. Exchange on London, after the sale of 35,000 Bags of Coffee, is firm at 24d 2/4 and may go up for the Mail. Sovereigns. No buyers at any thing over 10 1/2 200.

Bank of Brazil Shares 170 1/2—Banco Rural 6 Hypothecario 134 1/2. Brazilian 6 p. 88 1/2 to 89 p. 88 1/2. Coal Cardiff 20 1/2 per ton. Flour, Trieste 28 1/2 Baltimore 27 1/2 Chili 20 1/2. Sugar, a fair trade still doing and prices rising. Carne Seca, arrivals: this month from the River Plate 52,380 qq. No further shipments of produce to the River plate since date of my letter of 25th per "S. Paulo."

Cholera has almost disappeared in Rio but has now broken out in Rio Grande.

EDITOR'S TABLE.
The town was full of rumours of cholera. Yesterday several well known parties were said to have been attacked and some died. The Comisario of the Provedor died yesterday, but he came down from Corrientes ill.

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lovy is made, and the result is a fearful row in Bahia, which has led to the dismissal of the President. The English packet has brought us still worse news, and the most fearful riots have taken place in Pernambuco; it is pretty obvious therefore that no more men can be got out of Brazil for Paraguay, save slaves. Caxias had better made good use of what he has got, and as he has been now 6 months doing nothing else save preparing, it is about high time to at last strike the blow, and once and for ever terminate this prolonged war.

Some friends of Mr. Linay, the imprisoned English gunsmith, have called on us to say that they will shortly give us the fullest particulars respecting this extraordinary case. There is every probability that he will be liberated on the trial of the appeal.

The captain of the lost barque Prince Albert has been at last forced to commence a suit against the Government in the Federal Court. This is solely owing to the extraordinary decision of our pro tem. Minister of War, who, it appears, has decided that in the waters of the Parana it is impossible for a coal cargo to ignite. It is really a very hard case for the poor captain: Dr. Perez is his lawyer.

Corrientes is at present the chief victim of the cholera panic: no matter what people may say to the contrary the whole city is deserted, and the mortality at the hospitals is something fearful. We publish to-morrow a very interesting letter from Corrientes.

The reports of the inspection committees are of a most fabulous character. Mr. Mackern, who belongs to one of these committees, assures us that the state of the working-classes in this city is perfectly indescribable: that he is astonished long ere this some epidemic has not broken out. The houses, rooms, and yards of the poorer class are such an abomination that it will take at least a month to clean the city. The cholera alarm, after all, will be productive of one good, namely, root out all these nests of filth. If the Governor will only shut up the Recoleta, and at once order sewers to be made in the streets, Buenos Ayres will again become one of the healthiest cities in the world.

It may not be generally known, yet it is an acknowledged fact, that wet weather is the healthiest weather in Buenos Ayres, and the many years of drought and dry seasons has been the chief cause of so much sickness in the River Plate. The cholera panic is now, thank God, dying out, and on the authority of one of the most experienced medical men in this city, we assert that there has not been a single case of Asiatic cholera in the River Plate.

Captain Harrison has at last arrived in his splendid steamer the Sylph: she entered Montevideo on Thursday afternoon. As yet we have received no description of this vessel, but we understand that she is a model steamer and built expressly for the Plate.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.
DARING BOBBERS.
Wednesday.
Last week the Telegraph and other papers published such alarming telegrams from B. Ayres that many people here believed the Cholera was causing havoc in the sister-city: On Sunday morning the steamers from B. Ayres were put in quarantine for three days, the passengers being placed on Rat Island and charged \$2 per day for food: they were let out yesterday.

The probationary term is now extended to five days, and it is rumored that among the unfortunates arrived this morning are the members of sig. Pestalardo's opera Co. Quarantine in the present case seems a humbug, as cholera is supposed to be not contagious. Nevertheless the precaution is not perhaps wholly uncalculated, for if we take into account the case of the steam-transport Alice. This vessel arrived here some time back with troops for head-quarters, but, several deaths occurring on board, was ordered again down the river and on Monday proceeded to Flores Island: an apothecary informed me yesterday he had just seen an officer who came in quest of medicines, and who said they threw over-board 38 corpses since Monday.

On Saturday the return of deaths in this city was double our daily average, and two appeared to be from a species of cholera, as well as one on Sunday. The alarm is, however, thank God, nearly over; the diligences have resumed running to the camp departments. The Siglo thinks the epidemic took its origin in the filth of Tuyuty encampment, where so many thousand men are congregated without proper health regulations, and where corpses and dead animals rot in the noon-day sun.

There is much difference of opinion among our doctors as to whether there be any cholera at all. On Saturday General Flores went to the hospital and assisted at a post-mortem examination by Dr. Fleury, who is of opinion (as I understand) that it was English cholera brought on by a wetting. The Doctor recommended a prohibition of fruit, and the Junta has not thought it necessary. An Italian unlicensed practitioner was taken up yesterday for placarding a Cure of Cholera: the apothecaries are doing a good business

in mixtures of peppermint and laudanum at a dollar a bottle. The Telegraph wires are also unusually busy, owing to the stoppage of the steamers, some of which now go up the Uruguay without calling at B. Ayres.

The Lent sermons at the Matriz are largely attended every evening, the preachers being two Jesuits from Sta. Catalina. Last night an alarm was caused by a candle falling from one of the chandeliers: the ladies screamed and rushed "en masse" for the altar, when the Bishop came out and quietly said "Be not alarmed, it is only a candle that has fallen, and the church is not of wood, that it can take fire."

Order was restored after a couple of ladies had fainted. In several of our city hotels robberies are taking place, and it is feared the cargo of thieves and malefactors, per Regina del Mare, must have arrived unknown to the public. The robberies are done in a most daring and off-hand manner; the passenger's trunks taken out of their rooms and ransacked down-stairs.

To-day it has rained since morning, and I did not go on the Bolsa. The latest operations were:

5,000 salted cow-hides from the Rivers at 5 rs.

6,000 qq. jerked beef for Havana at 16 rs.

40 shares Fomento Co. 3 months at par.

40 do. at 6 mos. at 1 p. 3/4 prem.

2,500 Anglo-French debt at 52 1/2.

2,000 Deuda Exigible at 5 p. 3/4

5 shares old Fomento Co. at 57 prem.

The Paraguayan note in reply to Mr. Washburn has been much talked of here; it is universally admitted to be a very clever state-paper, but decidedly too long.

The French Admiral Mr. Buschenthal, and Mr. MacKinlay returned on Monday morning from the Uruguay; General Urquiza received them with every attention at San José, and gave two balls during their stay, the young ladies of Concepcion attending. The Uruguay is in quarantine, but taking in cargo and ballast, and will leave on Monday for Liverpool. The packet is not yet (Sp.m.) in sight.

ROSARIO.

TRUMPH OF THE NATIONAL TROOPS.

(From our Correspondent.)

April 9, 1867.

Colonel Arredondo, who was sent by General Paunero with only sixteen hundred men against Mercedes, where Felipe Saa was known to be with a considerable force, met the rebels at a place called San Ignacio, and found a larger army than he or Gen. Paunero had anticipated. Saa's force amounted to between three and four thousand men, with eight pieces of artillery. Arredondo determined, however, on attacking them, and the battle took place on the 2d, at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Colonel Isaacs commanded the left of the National force, and Colonel Segovia the right. The enemy commenced operations by an attack of cavalry, which was repelled by the 1st and 5th Regiments. On the left the same thing occurred. The enemy's infantry then advanced without firing, when the 6th of the Line charged with the bayonet. At this moment a voice was heard, "pass over to our lines!"

Commandante Campos then went forward, and offered the insurgents guarantees for their lives, and when about to take one of their flags he was fired upon. The attack immediately took place, and the rebels were dispersed; but as night had set in there was no pursuit. Eighty prisoners were taken, many arms, and the eight pieces of cannon.

This is what the report says in substance, and we may well congratulate ourselves on the result, as it appears to me to have been an act of great temerity, despatching such a small body of men against the bulk of the enemy's army. From private sources I understand the loss in killed, maimed, and wounded in the National force amounts to 300, which was the day to have been bloody. I am told that the celebrated Juan Saa, in command of a body of 500 Indians, was on the field, as well as Videla. This has been stated in a letter from an officer of the army.

News from Cordova confirms the report of the assassination of the President of Bolivia, Melgarejo, and the fall of the Dictator of Peru, Prado, consequent on the revolution headed by General Cartilla. Prado has been declared a traitor to his country. "Sic transit gloria mundi." Cataamarca is quiet. A Major Morales had put to flight some Montoneros near Paclín. In Tucuman it is said that a body of insurgents under Rios has been completely beaten and dispersed by the loyal forces of the province. The Government of that province is raising another Regiment of 800 men.

Cordoba is tranquil. Paunero will be at the present time in San Luis. They say it is positive the Indians have retired from Mercedes, and have carried off the greater part of the horses. Colonel Carlomag had arrived at Villa Nueva with a thousand men. Yours, W. P.

PERFORMANCE IN AID OF THE BRITISH HOSPITAL.

Although the notice of this entertainment was but of short duration, the public of Buenos Ayres assembled in goodly numbers to support Mrs. and Mr. Hermann in their generous efforts to benefit this Institution.

At half-past eight Mr. Hermann made his appearance amid the hearty applause of all present, and at once commenced his wonderful feats of sleight-of-hand. That which afforded most merriment was the trick with cards, producing great astonishment, especially to those who imagined they held fast their cards, and eventually found them vanished into air. The feat with the coins was perhaps the most striking of all. It was admirably performed, and did great credit to the professor. It is not every day that we had coins coming into our hands so readily.

Mrs. Hermann, whose winning manners charmed the audience, next appeared. The song, chosen from the "Barber of Seville," was extremely difficult, yet she rendered it with taste and precision, and the warmth of the applause showed how highly it was appreciated. At the conclusion Mr. Spence presented Mrs. Hermann with a bouquet on behalf of the Committee of the British Hospital, as a slight token of their gratitude for her willing task. The second song, "Good night, farewell," was very prettily rendered, and justly merited the great applause it met with.

After an interval of ten minutes Mr. Hermann again revealed some more of his wonderful tricks. The chaining of the rings is a feat too well known to the public to require any comment, sufficient to say that it did full justice to the powers of the professor.

The evening concluded with some capital imitations of the singing of birds, the sounds peculiar to insects, producing much laughter, sending all away amused and interested, and with grateful feelings to Mrs. and Mr. Hermann, for their successful efforts in the cause of this noble institution.

FINE-WOOLLED SHEEP.

Our experiments with both families of foreign sheep resulted in failure. The French merinos sheared less wool in proportion to size and consumption, than the American, and were less hardy. The same was true of the Silesian. They were a size smaller than American merinos, and the ewes sheared from four to six pounds and the rams from seven to eight pounds of unwashed wool. If not sheltered from rain their fleeces bleached out white. After keeping our foreign sheep two years, we were glad to sell out all of them.

I suppose our experience with French and Silesian merinos accorded with that of other Vermont breeders, for considerable stocks of them had also been introduced by other persons besides ourselves, and after a few years they all disappeared. Neither has and advocate left in this country. The French merino answered one good purpose in other States, if not in Vermont, and it is the only good I know of them. Their great size gave them admission into regions where the comparatively small American merinos were looked upon with prejudice and aversion. Having demonstrated the utility of growing fine-wooled sheep, they naturally incited further inquiries, and ultimately gave place to a better variety of them. They thus became the pioneers of the American merinos in localities where the latter would otherwise have penetrated much more slowly if at all.

The Silesian sheep bore finer wool than the American merinos, and when the fine-wool manufacturers of the United States become extensive enough to compel buyers to make an adequate discrimination in prices, I have no doubt these sheep will prove a valuable addition to our stock. But taking the prices of the different kinds of wool as they have been since my recollection, and as they continue down to this day, and taking all other circumstances into consideration, there can be no reasonable doubt that the American merino surpasses all others in profitability to the great body of American wool-growers.

While I have a high opinion of both of the families of American merinos—considering either superior to the merinos of any other country—my own preferences are for the Infante, or Atwood sheep, as they are called by some. It is generally a little larger than the Paular, and the best flocks excel the best flocks of the Paular in weight of fleece.

The improvement of the American merino in fleece and form has been rapid within the last twenty years. There is no doubt that Mr. Atwood made a marked improvement, particularly in weight of fleece, on Colonel Humphrey's sheep, imported in 1807, provided the latter bore even a family resemblance to the merinos of Spain, as I saw them in 1851, and I think the improvement which has been made in Mr. Atwood's sheep since their introduction into Vermont, in 1844, is equal or greater than that made by him on the Spanish sheep. The staple has been lengthened without any

diminution certainly in its thickness. The fleeces covers the carcass, better, and especially so on the belly, legs, head and neck. The sheep is larger, shorter in the bone, lower in proportion to its size, rounded in the rib, and more compact and stock in every particular.

413 WHAT IS YOUR AILMENT? A hundred varieties of disease may be traced to the stomach. For each and all them, common sense suggests that the medicine which restores that organ to its full vigor, is the true remedy. If common sense demands what that remedy is, experience answers, Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills. Cathartics are plenty, but nine-tenths of them give only temporary relief, and many are dangerous. It is better to let dyspepsia have its way, than to attempt its cure with mercury. The so-called remedy will destroy the patient more rapidly than the disease. Not so Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills, which owe their efficacy solely to vegetable extracts. If the liver is wrong, they put it right; if the bowels are clogged with obstructions, they remove them; if the stomach is incapable of perfect digestion, they impart to it the required tone and vivacity. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, Bristol's Sarsaparilla should be used in connection with the Pills.

ON 'CHANGE. April 12, 1867. Ounces \$400 Sovereigns 123 Patacons 22 National Bonds 612

The Bond market opened very flat; it seemed as though every broker had orders to realize. Great disposition was shown to sell for the 30th April by those brokers who a few days since had bought largely; still we are of opinion that if prices fall a little lower outsiders will be disposed to buy.

The sales were limited to the following:— Cash 25,500 Saturday 10,000 April 30th 81,000 May 8th 10,000

Nothing was done in shares; business generally very dull. Some \$200,000 passed in Exchange for the packet. Closing rates 4 1/2 and 5/20.

The news from Rio wears a very unpleasant appearance. Merchants dislike the attitude of affairs in the Brazilian Province. In Pernambuco there has always existed a strong provincial party, opposed to the improvement in roads and public works, confined to Rio, which are outside at the cost of the whole empire. It would seem that this party are getting formidable, and may give some trouble.

The Saavedra estancia was sold by Mr. Gowland at auction to-day, for the sum of \$1,022,000. The purchaser was Don Jorge Atucha.

The steamer Brazilia has changed owners. We believe the price was close on 105,000 patacons.

Mr. Gowland also sold by auction Mr. P. Booke's house in Calle Venezuela, in the sum of \$330,500. The owner of the Caff Catalan is the purchaser.

VESSELS LOADING FOR THE UNITED STATES. Vessels loading for New York—American barques Dion, Ella and Annie, Helena, Abdel Kader, Chief, and British barque Alice Tainter.

For Boston—American barque Louisa, British barques Nonpariel and Isabel.

Engagements—83,000 hides, 2,400 bales. Freights—Bales \$15 per ton, hides 1 p. lb. gold, and 5 per cent. primage.

Sailed for New York—Wheatland, C. A. Littlefield, and Eugenie.

Sailed for Buenos Aires—Harrisburg, with 2,000 salted hides, 32,918 dry do., 617 bales wool, 68 do. hair, 23 do. gasteikas, 3 do. deakers, 8 do. nutrias, 1 do. feathers, 403 do. hides cuttings, 24,800 horns.

BIRTH. On the 9th inst., the wife of Mr. W. M. Mooney, of a son.

DEATHS. On the 9th inst., the infant son of Mr. W. M. Mooney.

On the 11th inst., of disease of the lungs, Mr. John Woolahan, aged 25 years, a native of Ireland.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVREZA & RISSO. 991 Calle Reconquista. National steamer Provador, on Sunday, at 10 a.m., for Corrientes and ports.

NORTHERN RAILWAY. ALTERATION OF TRAINS. The Public are informed that on and after the 16th April, and until further notice, the Trains will run as follows:—

ON WEEK DAYS. Will leave Retiro—1st train 8 a.m., 2nd 10 a.m., 3rd 2.30 p.m., 4th 5 p.m.

Will leave Tigre—1st train 7.55 a.m., 2nd 9.25 a.m., 3rd 2.25 p.m., 4th 5.55 p.m.

ON FEAST DAYS AND SUNDAYS. Will leave Retiro—1st train 8 a.m., 2nd 10 a.m., 3rd 2.30 p.m., 4th 5 p.m.

Will leave Tigre—1st train 7.55 a.m., 2nd 9.25 a.m., 3rd 2.25 p.m., 4th 5.55 p.m.

The Trains will depart from the 25 de Mayo Station fifteen minutes before the starting of the Trains from Retiro. LA ADMINISTRACION. 57 | 10p.m.3

NORTHERN RAILWAY. The Trains will run on the SEMANA SANTA as follows:—

ON JUEVES SANTO—First Train leaves the Retiro at 8 a.m. Second Train do., do., 10 a.m. Third Train do., do., 2.30 p.m. Fourth Train do., do., 5.25 a.m.

ON VIERNES SANTO the Traffic will be suspended. ON SABADO SANTO—First Train leaves the Retiro at 2.30 p.m. Second Train do., do., 5 p.m. Third Train do., do., 7.55 a.m. Fourth Train do., do., 2.25 p.m.

The Trains will depart from the 25 de Mayo Station fifteen minutes before the starting of the Trains from Retiro. LA ADMINISTRACION. 57 | 10p.m.3

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. WINTER TIME TABLE. On Monday next, 19th April, the Time-table of the Great Southern Railway will be changed, and the Trains will run as follows till further notice:—

THROUGH TRAINS. Will leave B. Ayres Tramway Terminus, Calle Lima, for Chascomus, at 8.10 AM and 2.25 P.M. Will leave Chascomus for Buenos Ayres, at 8.25 AM and 2.35 P.M.

LOCAL TRAINS. Will leave Buenos Ayres Tramway Terminus, Calle Lima, for Lomas de Zamora, at 8.40 AM and 4.30 P.M. Will leave Lomas de Zamora for B. Ayres, at 9.35 AM and 6.20 P.M.

Local Trains between Chascomus and Buenos Ayres will run hourly as usual, from seven in the morning till seven o'clock evening. For further particulars see Time-table. THE ADMINISTRATION. 49 | 10p.m.2

Passengers Only. British Steamer POLIX, Captain R. ATKINSON. This steamer will leave the Tigre on Sunday, 14th inst., for Rosario and Montevideo ports. The train leaves 25 de Mayo Station at 10 a.m., and Tickets for the Train to the Tigre for the steamer POLIX. For further particulars apply at the agency, 67 Calle Mayo. HENRY DOWSE. 65 | 3p.m.3

Passengers Only. British Steamer POLIX, Captain R. ATKINSON. This steamer will leave the Tigre on Sunday, 14th inst., for Rosario and Montevideo ports. The train leaves 25 de Mayo Station at 10 a.m., and Tickets for the Train to the Tigre for the steamer POLIX. For further particulars apply at the agency, 67 Calle Mayo. HENRY DOWSE. 65 | 3p.m.3

The Last and Recent Novels. Griffith Gault, or Jealousy, by Charles Reade. Sir Brook Fossbrooke, by Charles Reade. Madame Mary, by Mrs. Oliphant. Felix Holt, by Mrs. Oliphant. All in the Dark, by J. S. F. F. Kissing the Rod, by E. Yates. Lady A. Shleigh, by J. F. Smith. Little Lorraine, by E. L. Linton. The Beauclercs, Father and Son, by Charles Clarke. The Race for Wealth, by Mrs. J. H. Riddell. Little of Arrary, by Charles Lever. And a number of others. MACKENZIE BROTHERS, 41 SAN MARTIN. 62 | 10p.m.13

Land for Sale. In Calle Belgrano, six squares beyond Plaza Ocho de Septiembre, and two from Alameda Station, high and level ground, of 60 varas front by 140 deep; is offered for sale either in fractions or the whole. Apply at 42 Calle Bolivar. 42 | 3p.m.2

Just Received. PRIME CORK BUTTER, (Mark, "Double Rose"). FIRKINS AND JARS. BLOOD AND WOLFE'S PORTER, IN QUARTS AND PINTS. 65-CALLE DE PENSAS-53. 51 | 11p.m.2

Banco Argentino. Lattell & Co. will be installed in this market this current month. The gentlemen who have taken shares in it are notified that Du. Bernardo Hurrace is authorized to collect the First 100 of 100 shares, which will be made effective from the 10th of the present month. THE COMMITTEE. 49 | 10p.m.2

Hornung's Hotel, 201-CALLE BELGRANO-201. Only two squares from the Plaza Monserrat, and five squares from the Southern Railway Tramway Station, where the best Breakfasts and Dinners, with good accommodation, are to be had. Always on hand a choice collection of wines and spirits. 51 | 12p.m.2

For Sale. The Stable-Yard at 200 Calle Mayo. For particulars apply on the premises. 52 | 11p.m.2

Land for a Barrea, &c. For sale, of 64 varas front by 70 deep, situated two squares from Plaza Ocho de Septiembre. A purchaser for the whole or one half will be accepted. Apply at 32 Calle Bolivar. 43 | 3p.m.2

Fine Port in Bottle. Superior Amontillado Sherry in Bottle. George Sayer & Co., Pale Bodega. W. R. GILMOUR & CO., 108 CALLE PIEDAD. 59 | 11m.12

On Sale. Fine Old Port Wine, M. Feuerherz, Jun., & Co., Oporto, received direct. ALLEN D. BAILEY & CO., 46 | 10p.m.12

Casa Quinta. Se ofrece en alquiler, en la calle del Parque entre Azcozuelo y Ombó, tierra de pizarra, cocina, dispensa, corral para caballos, lugar, pozos de riquísima agua y corredores al norte y sur. La casa es completamente nueva y rodeada de árboles. Para tratar ocurrirse calle de la Piedra n.º 11. (Alto). 64-3p. a. 12.

J. F. Van Oppen, 9-CALLE FLORIDA-9. Has just received per S. Uruguay—Butter, in Kegs and in Bulk. English and Irish Bacon. Do., do., and Westphalia Items. Wiltshire and Stilton Cheese. Dutch Round Cheese. Dutch Sliced Herring, in Kegs. Smyma Figs. Martell's Old Brandy. Bass' Pale Ale, in 12 Gallon Kegs. All of the finest qualities, which will be sold at moderate prices. 45 | 11p.m.2

To be Sold, Cheap. An Upright Piano, in good condition. Address "Piano" this office. 38 | 10p.m.12

John C. Ebbens, Account Stationer and Public Translator, Has removed his Office to 73 Calle Victoria. 44 | 3p.m.12

Just Landed. Beer in Hogsheads and Kilderkin; Wether-spoon's celebrated James and Carmichael's Tins. ROBERT MUIR & CO., 162 Defensa. 7p. a. 7

Al Comercio. Avisamos que con fecha 1.º de Abril hemos abierto una casa de Renta, Comisiones y depósito, calle San Martín No. 138. Esta casa anticipa dinero por todo lo que se lo lleva a venderse en remate, paja, y otros artículos. J. MITTON, P. ESCALANTE. 47-10p. a. 10

Semilla de Alfalfa. Superior calidad hay en venta en la Calle Defensa n.º 129. 50-11p. a. 10.

British Barque Mohican, 357 Tons Register, Capt. Jones, English and Irish Bacon. Has excellent accommodation for First and Second-Class Passengers, and will take Cargo on freight for above port. For terms of passage and freight apply to HENRY A. GREEN & CO., 200 | 1m.4

Bass Ale, ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE. AT THE CASINO, ALONGSIDE THE BOLSA. 31p.m.7

Central Uruguay Railway. The undersigned have been appointed agents in this city, by the Montevideo Directory, to enrol subscribers for this great national enterprise. Prospectus, etc., can be sent to this office. M. G. and E. T. MULLIALL, STANDARD OFFICE, Buenos Ayres. 177 | 1m.29

Notice. The undersigned beg to inform the Public in general that on the 1st of May next they will open an Exchange Saloon, under the style of the principal saloons in the United States—68 Calle Zavala, Bolas Building, Montevideo. G. C. BEYMOUR & CO. 177 | 1m.29

English and Spanish. C. BELL gives lessons in the above languages either at his Pupils' residences or at his own house. Apply personally at 407 Arzob. or by letter at 91 Piedad. 131 | 6p.m.4

A los suscritores del Telégrafo Marítimo en Buenos Ayres. Prevenirnos los referidos señores que desde esta fecha que da encargado de la gerencia de nuestra circular D. Luriano B. Girony, con cuyo joven se servirán entenderse de todo lo que se refiera a autorizarlos para que recauden las cuentas devenidas. Su propietario. JUAN BUELA. 177 | 1m.29

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STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF W. MATTI & CO. For MONTEVIDEO, the English steamer Rio Parana, Will leave on Mondays at 6 p.m. returning on Thursdays.

SAVINGS BANK. BANK MAUA AND CO. 101-Cangallo-103. BUENOS AYRES. The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate...

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY (LIMITED). BUENOS AYRES AND MONTEVIDEO. On and after the 1st JANUARY, 1867, the Tariff will be as follows:—

Livery Stables and Commission Agents. ROSARIO. The undersigned beg leave most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Rosario and surrounding districts...

PEPSINE. MORSON'S PEPSINE WINE. MORSON'S PEPSINE LOZENGES. MORSON'S PEPSINE TABLETS. Are perfectly palatable forms for administering this popular remedy for weak digestion.

Leopold Casati, Ship Chandler and Provision Dealer. Paints, Glass, Hardware, Floor Cloths, every sized, Mouldings, Cages, &c. All Provisions furnished to vessels at the lowest prices.

ALEXANDER FULTON & Co., Respectfully call the attention of their Town and Country Customers to their large assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT. NAMES OF STEAMERS. LA PLATA (new). ADA, CORDOVA, URUGUAY, LEDA.

Dr. F. Bourso, SURGEON DENTIST, Of New York. Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 200 CALLE 25 DE MAYO, MONTEVIDEO.

Frederick Braby & Co., Limited, FITZROY WORKS, EUSTON ROAD, LONDON. TEETH WITHOUT PAIN OSTEO IDON.

JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES. Thirty Thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by Burgoyne, Burdidge, & Squire, 16 COLEMAN STREET, LONDON.

JOSEPH GILLOTT, VICTORIA WORKS, BIRMINGHAM. Respectfully directs the attention of the Commercial Public, and of all who use Steel Pens, to the incomparable Excellence of his Productions...

FOR ROSARIO AND PORTS, Passengers and Cargo, the Oriental Steamer SOLIS. Captain ADOLFO FLORES. Departure from the River Plate on TUESDAY and SATURDAY.

AMMUNITION. Double Balling Central Fire Caps, Felt Wadding to prevent the leading of Caps, Wire Cartridges for killing Game, &c., at long distance, breech-loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Shot Guns and Rifles.

"THE RURAL CODE," (In English.) AND PUBLIC LANDS-LAW. Now on SALE at this Office. Price 2/6 mpc.

D. Nicholson & Co, SILK & MANCHESTER WAREHOUSEMEN, COLONIAL AND FOREIGN OUTLETTERS. 50 to 52 St. Paul's Churchyard, LONDON.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA. Is the great Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, and Bilious Affections.

Benson, J. W., by Special Appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Devonshire, &c. Benson, J. W., by Special Appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Devonshire, &c.

COMMERCIAL SOCIETY. FEDERICO LIEFRINK & CO., GENERAL AGENTS AND COMMISSIONERS. FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCES. IMPORTEURS AND EXPORTERS.

Eley's Ammunition OF EVERY DESCRIPTION For Sporting or Military Purposes. Double Balling Central Fire Caps, Felt Wadding to prevent the leading of Caps, Wire Cartridges for killing Game, &c.

ELLWOOD'S NEW PATENT AIR-CHAMBER HAT. Combines the lightness of the Pith Hat and the softness of a Turban, with the durability, comfort and numerous other good qualities for which Ellwood's Patent Air-Chamber Hats have so long been celebrated.

W. & J. Burrow, Malvern, England. Telescopes, Opera Glasses, Anorid Barometers, &c. Burrow's Glasses bear their Name and Address.

ESTANCIA DEL ESPARTILLAR. Se vendrá esta magnífica Estancia en fracciónes ó su totalidad, que se compone de 6 1/2 leguas cuadradas, sita en el partido de Ranchos, & a una legua de este pueblo y 6 del de Chacabuco.

Benson, J. W., by Special Appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Devonshire, &c. Benson, J. W., by Special Appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Devonshire, &c.

Saddles and Harness. GEORGE SMITH, 151-STAND, LONDON-151. Next Door to Somerset House, London, England.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS. MR. THOMAS HOOLMS has much pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of Buenos Ayres, and those resident in the Provinces, that he has just received direct from the London and Paris markets a large and varied Assortment of New and Fashionable Goods, suitable for the present and coming season, comprising:—

RIMMEL'S Toilet Vinegar. Is far superior to any other of the kind, and is a most valuable and useful article for the Toilet.

WELLINGTON. KNIFE POLISH. Surpasses all other articles for Cleaning and Polishing Cutlery, &c.

ESTANCIA DEL ESPARTILLAR. Se vendrá esta magnífica Estancia en fracciónes ó su totalidad, que se compone de 6 1/2 leguas cuadradas, sita en el partido de Ranchos, & a una legua de este pueblo y 6 del de Chacabuco.

HOWARD'S CHAMPION PLOUGH. Won at the last two years' Agricultural Shows the highest honours, and upwards of 400 LOCAL PRIZES. The largest number ever exhibited by any maker.

GALBRAITH & HUNTER. ARE NOW SHOWING AN ASSORTMENT OF SUPERIOR HANNOCKBURN TWEEDS FOR AUTUMN AND WINTER WEAR.

English Drapery Establishment, 61-CORRIENTES-61. GENERAL CAMP STORE, CHASCOMUS, (CORNER OF CALLE ANCHA AND SAN MARTIN). A. FULTON & CO. 215 | xp.430. NEW ENGLISH STORE, PLAZA DEL COMERCIO, CHASCOMUS. N. M. AULD & CO., GENERAL GROCERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS. 3 | 2m.55

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