



TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

EVERYBODY TUTION. 96-CALLS INDEPENDENCIA-96. The undersigned having been requested by several of his friends to establish an Evening Class for both sexes to be held at the Public that he will commence on the 1st of April next.

AUGUSTUS POWELL.

For the Present Year

Hannay's Royal Almanack; the most useful book of general reference and information published, and applicable also to nautical purposes.

Subscription to the "Standard,"

Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer.



THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1867.

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

ALLIED ARMY ON MARCH. Yesterday we received a despatch from an Englishman at headquarters, which we now publish; aside from this, however, we have obtained other items which cannot fail to interest our readers.

In Montevideo parties have picked up some news from the officers of the Wasp, which has already bent sent up to Buenos Ayres by correspondents. The Captain of the Wasp was six days waiting in the encampment for Mr. Washburn, who was at the time in Asuncion. There is nothing talked of about peace in either of the encampments. An attack on the lines is now it appears out of the question, as it would cost Caxias some 30,000 men.

The passage of the river at Itapua it seems now is no very easy matter; the river is wide and shallow—steamboats cannot get up—the Paraguayans have two battalions of foot and several regiments of cavalry there; they have also several artillery regiments and heavy pieces mounted. The pass at Itapua is, therefore, fraught with such danger that it is thought it will not be attempted; and another pass at a place called Apipe is deemed preferable, as there is an island in the river, which the Brazilians intend to seize and thus domineer the banks. We are surprised that Caxias does not try Guayra, which is the easiest of all; the Indians, we read, hop across on the rocks. The waterfall there eclipses Niagara, and the roar of the waters is so great that nothing can be heard for leagues and leagues around save that awful cataract. Only two Europeans have ever seen these falls.

patches for Mr. Washburn; and the Argentine officer who accompanied him within the enemy's lines told him that every Paraguayan soldier he saw (and there were about 100 of them) was stark naked. Whether this arose from want of clothing, or that it was washing day, of course he could not tell. The Shamokin is still unfortunate, having the other day run down one of Mr. Lanuz's chataas, with upwards of 100 head of cattle on board. Business of all kind is perfectly stagnant, and many of the small merchants are leaving for B. Ayres.

THE WAR OF THE ANDES.

IMPORTANT FROM CORDOVA. A RISING IMMINENT. Our colleague the Pueblo published yesterday a very important letter received from Cordova, which state that the convoy with 500 muskets, &c., for Santiago had been stopped on the road by a commander named Luque, who it appears had orders from his Government to seize the arms. A small scrimmage ensued, in which Luque, and his men took their heels, and the convoy proceeded.

The Governor of Cordova has had an interview with all the Chiefs at present in the city; result unknown. Rio Achaval holds a levee every morning and evening, and it is thought a storm is brewing. The department del Lio has pronounced in favor of the montoneras. Three deserters from Paunero's army had arrived at Cordova, and were welcomed and well received.

IMPORTANT FROM ROSARIO.

GREAT PROSPECTS. [From our own Correspondent.]

March 31, 1867. The Treasury Department has published the accounts of the Province for the year 1866. The income has sufficed for the expenditure, but leaving unpaid the deficit of last year, caused by the extraordinary outlay for the payment of old provincial debts. The whole of the expenditure for the year was 229,039 patacons, of which 40,000 belonged to the previous year. The income amounted to 187,000 dollars, including ordinary and extraordinary means, thus leaving a deficit of 42,000 dollars.

The principal items of expenditure were: Administration 24,579; Hacienda 14,940; Police 43,667; Education 10,487; Ad. of Justice 24,899; College of Santa Fe 24,402; Gov. Building in Rosario, 10,125. The item of Administration of Government is very vague, and ought to be more specific. As for Police, we do not get the worth of our money, as is abundantly proved by the murders which are perpetrated with such frequency, and almost with impunity. 25,000 dollars ought to give us a good Administration of Justice, which we certainly have not; neither is Education at all commensurate with the requirements of the Province. The Jesuit College of Santa Fe is certainly an honor to the country, but what we most want is the diffusion of primary education. The Government Buildings in Rosario will cost twenty-five thousand dollars more, that will enter into the Budget of 1867. The 'resume' shows a vast improvement in the Administration since Mr. Orono's election, but it also shows that there is a great deal to do yet; and we hope, the present year will see a great advance made in every department. The system employed for the collection of the revenue is defective, and the whole revenue system is very bad, and must be changed and simplified. The principal items of the 'remita' are—

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes: Patents 28,762; Contribution Directa 36,480; Stamp paper 9,833; Piso duty on carts and animals 12,761; Alcavala, duty on sales of property 12,110; Marchamo duty on hides 4,646; An item of sundries 16,928; Public lands 35,603.

And a number of small and vexatious duties. It is the intention of the Administration to bring in a bill to modify the present system, which weighs heavily on the estanciero and on the produce from the Interior. The duty on carts and bullocks loaded with this produce ought not to exist; neither should the duty that is called 'alca bala,' well known in a commercial country. If the Contribucion Directa, tax or property, were equally applied to all property, improved or unimproved, in town and country, in a strict and impartial manner, 75,000 dollars might be easily raised from this source alone.

We may expect a sweeping reform in all this; and it would be doing Mr. Orono an injustice to inculcate him for not having been able to carry every necessary reform into execution. He may be said to be almost alone in the Administration, not only without competent persons to assist him, but hindered constantly by the obstacles thrown in his path by the spirit of retrogression and ignorance. However,

Mr. Cabal, a thoroughly go-ahead man, with a commercial head, and withal immensely wealthy. His ideas for the means to obtain immigration are liberal in the extreme. He is in favor of a loan, based on the Public Lands of the Province, the proceeds of which are to be applied to assist immigration, the interest and amortization of which are to be guaranteed by the Banks of the Province. If there really exists a desire in this country for immigration, I see no other way to secure it on a respectable scale, except by making some primary sacrifices. The Government of Australia and New Zealand still spend many thousands of pounds annually to get out settlers. The United States do not now, for there is no further necessity.

I have always advocated the probability of a great emigration from the United States amongst the class of small farmers. The enormous taxes they have to pay must and will impoverish them if they remain at home. That these are precisely the class of people we want in South America, hard-working, intelligent agriculturists, with sufficient capital to purchase and cultivate a good-sized farm. People of whom we have already a favorable specimen in the Californian colony in the Chaco.

To corroborate the correctness of my arguments, I will give the readers of the 'Standard' an idea of what taxation means in the United States. We will take the official statement of taxes in Ohio, the population of which is less than three millions.—The taxes for local and state purposes amount to twenty-one millions of dollars, those paid to the Federal Government amount to fifty millions. Seventy-one millions per annum! This is equal to the sum collected in the days of Mr. Buchanan's Administration from the whole Union for its government. The tax on every man, woman, and child in the State thus amounts to twenty-three dollars a-head. A family of five persons pays 113 dollars, or more than it costs to supply them with flour and fuel both. The whole taxation of Great Britain is only about five times that of the State of Ohio alone. The property subject to taxation in Ohio is about 1,100 millions, so that the actual taxation reaches the unprecedented figure of between six and seven per cent on capital.

Now it is evident that this tax falls most oppressively on the class of small farmers, who have to support and educate their families on capitals varying from five to ten thousand dollars; and it is also evident that these people would gladly exchange their present position, and emigrate to countries where their capital and labor would give them satisfactory returns, and where they would not have to turn over their profits to the State. And in no country in the world can they find a more advantageous situation than in the Argentine Confederation. I think I shall be able to prove this with the statistical data I shall receive from the Californian Colony, which only commenced breaking ground in September of last year. The badly worked colonies of Esperanza and San Carlos also give abundant proof of what can be done in agriculture in this country, as do also the partido of Chivilcoy and the Colony of the Baradero in the province of Buenos Ayres. Frayle Muerto has this year produced excellent potatoes, thus proving that this valuable vegetable can be cultivated to advantage in this country, a fact I have always sustained, but which has been as constantly denied.

I am very much pleased to read the communication inserted in the Standard from your correspondent C. A., from Santiago del Estero. Such data from the Interior is invaluable, and tend more to the benefit of the country than all the political trash published in the native papers in a century. It is an acknowledged fact that the Standard is the only paper that makes itself worthy of a great commercial country. It is really to be deeply deplored that the native press should evince such a lamentable indifference to the great and rich interests of the country. I also congratulate you on the clever and instructive letter of "Holderness," on Patagones.

More loss of life. A German shot a native camp man a few days ago, under the following circumstances:—The German had had a horse stolen from him, and coming in from San Lorenzo he met a gaucho riding the stolen horse. He immediately stopped, and demanded the animal; the gaucho refused to give it up, and the German tried to detain him; the gaucho thereupon struck him with his 'rebenque,' and the other pulled out his revolver and shot him dead. The German's friends tried to induce him to fly, and escape to Montevideo, but he refused, and came to the city and quietly gave himself up. He is now in prison, awaiting his trial. He was a medianero in the employ of some estanciero near San Lorenzo, but I do not know the names of either party. On Wednesday, the 27th ult., a meeting was held in Rosario, in the undersigned gentlemen formed a Cricket Club, and elected their off-

President: Mr. E. Harry Woods. Treasurer: Mr. F. C. Barron. Secretary: Mr. G. W. Osborne. And the following gentlemen as Com mitteo: Mr. Wm. Perkins, Rosario. E. M. Stowe, F. Muerto. C. W. Featherstonhaugh. W. E. Wheatley. R. Van Straubenzee.

During the meeting the President presented to the Club, in the name of his father, G. Woods, Esq., of London, a fine and complete set of cricketing materials. A vote of thanks was proposed by Mr. F. C. Barron, seconded by Mr. Seymour, to Mr. Woods, which was carried unanimously. The following thirty two members were enrolled, and it is expected the number will be increased to fifty:

Messrs. E. Harry Woods, W. Perkins, G. A. Benton, W. Barnett, C. W. Featherstonhaugh, F. C. Barron, J. S. Cunningham, J. D. Tinley, T. S. Hooper, Jas. Haddock, W. Appleton, J. Wright, George Baker, R. de Andres, J. Lloyd, J. Boardman, S. W. Campbell, H. P. Boardman, R. Van Straubenzee, R. A. Seymour, J. Lee Smith, W. R. Murray, Chas. W. Bolnaert, F. H. Kelly, W. R. Seymour, W. S. Cookson, E. M. Stowe, W. E. Wheatley, Chas. Palmer, J. Knight, J. Roberts, G. V. Osborne, Secretary.

Amongst these a first-rate eleven can already be selected. The American Vice-Consul, Mr. Timothy Guillon, died last night. A troop of 'carretas,' despatched by Mr. Lamas y Hunt, was completely sacked by the Indians at Saladillos, province of San Luis. Yesterday 14 deaths occurred in all the town. The American mails. W. P.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

On Tuesday night a steamer from Rosario arrived bringing news of importance. Another row in Cordova. No news from Paunero and Videla; we received by this steamer a despatch from Paraguay which we publish to-day.

One of our friends has for sale an estancia in Entre-Rios 2 1/2 leagues from Gualeguay, on the River of the same name. The camp is described as being the best quality, and contains beside the dwelling place a shepherd's cottage, about 10,000 sheep with a number of fine rams. As the owner is disposed to sell; it is to be had on reasonable terms and well suited for investment of a capital of £6,000 to £7,000. The rain yesterday washed the city clean, and in a sanitary point of view was worth all the Municipal regulations passed, decreed or ordained since Dn. Juan B. Peña was born. A meeting of Doctors was held yesterday, we hope nothing "ala Crispin" to consult about cholera we are happy however to assure our readers that on the highest medical authority in Buenos Ayres, we learn, as yet not a single case of cholera has occurred in the River Plate; we deprecate the conduct of our colleagues, in creating alarm, although it may be productive of some good in having the houses all white-washed.

The new war which has just broken out in this Republic, and threatens to eclipse the Paraguayan war in toto, is the great battle of the auctioneers. It seems that the Tribuna, becoming rather tired of such tremendous advertisements as the auctioneers sent in daily, came to the determination of abolishing the monthly stipend of \$500 per month, and charging twenty reales for every 20 words for two publications; the auctioneers as a matter of course, at once became furious, and a joint protest entered into and published in the papers, announced the fact that the bulk of the auctioneers had withdrawn their advertisements from the Tribuna. We have but to observe that the auctioneering literature of Buenos Ayres is excessively fatiguing, and in no other country are the papers so filled with auction notices. It is quite unnecessary to make out a long list of the stock on the shelves of every smashed up shopkeeper, or a long bill of furniture from the top garret to the kitchen. The Tribuna arrangement serves to rescue the press from the total absorption by these auctioneers, and we hail the effort of our colleague to economize space, time and printing ink, as a move in the right direction. We long since pitched the auctioneers and their monthly pay to the wind reserving only a small space for our esteemed friend D. Mariano Billinghurst.

The bank has refused to renew old \$20 bills if wanting either of the signatures. We notify our readers of this as there was a small row in the bank yesterday about this matter. Lodgers in hotels had better keep the doors of their rooms fast locked. At the Hotel Globo burglars have made a clean sweep, taking money and jewellery from every room that they entered. Two prisoners in the Carcel were taken suddenly ill on Tuesday night, and the doctor, who was in Colon at the time, had to be sent for. The dirt and filth of the Carcel is notorious. We should not be surprised if an epidemic sprung up there. The place is worse than the Riachuelo.

The Inspecting Committees went their rounds yesterday. This is a move in the right direction.

The rain on Monday night flooded the dining-rooms and breakfast-parlors of some of the houses in Calle Florida. Already the azoteas are beginning to leak, and yesterday there was a demand for the bricklayers to repair watering-pot azoteas.

An English gentleman who came out here two years ago with about £1,000 sterling to invest in sheep, not finding any great bargain in the estancia line, put his money into National Bonds which he bought at 35, which must leave him now a nett gain of about £800, besides receiving a splendid interest every quarter; no estancia business in the country has during this period given such splendid returns.

The Siglo of Montevideo authoritatively states that General Flores will not return to Paraguay. We for our part did not apprehend there was much room for any question in the matter. A foreign naval officer of great fighting experience has given it as his opinion that the allies require at least 90,000 men to storm with any hope of success the Paraguayan positions at Tuyuty; it is pretty clear that the Marques Caxias is of the same opinion, and therefore it is that the army is moving up the Tranquera Loreto.

We notice that nearly all the heavy drafts on the Government from the Interior now come to Sr. Frias. The Minister within the last few days ordered three of these drafts, amounting to over 12,000 pats. to be paid.

The crowd on Monday at the Government-house proves pretty conclusively into whose hands the bulk of the National Bonds have fallen; the office proved altogether too small for the number present. Every class of our society we hear was represented there, save the press; this proves the poverty of editors, and the slight interest they have in Bonds.

We learn on tolerably good authority that Mr. Alfred Rumball, the talented engineer of the Great Southern Railway, will shortly return to the Plate.

Shortly the immense lands of the Rural Society will be sold by auction by Don Mariano Billinghurst. This is the largest property in the country, but will be sold off in lots of ten, five and one square league. As the land is beyond the Laguna de los Padres, and very far from town, we hardly think it probable that it will sell for over 3,000 pats. per league; the land for the most part is good and high, still parties who think of investing would do well to first make a trip down to the property and see the camp. We hope to see our subscribers purchase largely, as the property is one of the finest in this Province. It will be sold without reserve, and the grasses are admirably suited for sheep. There is no risk whatever as the camp forms a sort of 'rincon,' and the Indians never go that way.

This evening the new American steamer Edward Everett makes her first trip to Montevideo. We recommend all our friends who have to go the Mount to take a state room on board this splendid steamer.

People cannot be too careful as to the water they drink. We hear that recently a whole English family temporarily sojourning in one of our suburban towns was attacked with acute diarrhoea, owing to the aligbe water, which not having been in use as the house had been for some time closed, had a poisonous effect. Even in bathing, an experienced English Doctor, says the foul river water which the cartmen sell should be avoided; the recent rains will no doubt replenish our aligbes; but outside of town, even in the environs, in some part not a drop of rain fell on Monday night.

The new 'lessee' of the Colon theatre has, we understand, generously refused to charge any rent for the house on Tuesday night, Miss Sanchez' concert. This is extremely liberal on his part.

Dr. Montesdeoca, jurr., we hear, is the lucky man who drew the big prize at the Invalidos lottery, 32,000 pats., rather a handsome sum. We congratulate the Doctor on his good luck. In one of the papers of the Interior we read a full description of the battle of Tinogasta, much fuller than we have seen in any of the city papers, Cordova and his men fought stoutly for 4 1/2 hours against great odds, as Chumbita, they say, had some 2,500 men; but it seems altogether untrue the stories current about the desertion of Cordova's men, they hold out bravely, and made two sallies, but were driven back.

If we had any elevators in the river we believe there would be every chance of saving the cargo of the Principe Albert, even as the vessel lies now, with good divers and diving dress, much of the coal could be got out. The Government ought to order Mr. Billinghurst to sell the hull and cargo by auction; it would always fetch something.

There seems to be every probability now of a rival Gas Company being formed; nearly all the shares are already subscribed for, and the prospectus will be sent round to the papers to be published in a few days. It is difficult however to suppose that the

New Company will be able to effectual- ly wage war with the old Company, which is so rich; but the shares of the old Company have suffered a stupendous fall, and can be hardly quoted to-day at 20 per cent. premium; sellers are offering each day at the Bolsa, but there are no buyers. The only transaction we have heard of recently is 100 shares at 40 per cent. premium, deliverable at the end of January 1868, which is not even equal to 20 per cent. premium, cash.

The only news of moment from Entre Rios is that in Gualeguaychu Mr. Francisco Fernandez has been named Spanish Vice-Consul. That town is full of Gallegos, so the post is sufficiently remunerative.

The new 'lessee' of the Colon theatre pays the very splendid rent of sixty thousand paper dollars per month for the theatre, and furthermore pays the rent quarterly in advance.

The sailing vessel which took Miss O'Brien and some other English passengers home from Montevideo, we hear, was wrecked on the English coast. The passengers lost everything save their lives.

Mr. Billinghurst gives a grand house warming at his renowned Barraca Feria on the 12th inst., when he will sell by auction some pure native bred Negrette rams from Sr. Martinez de Hoz's estancia; these rams are the finest native reared Negrette rams we have seen in this country, and many who have inspected the animals pronounce them equal to the best imported animals.

On the 12th inst. Mr. Gowland, by order of the Provincial Bank, will sell by auction the fine Saavedra estancia, near the Barradera. This is a good chance for some of our friends who have ready money. The estancia is on the banks of the Parana; the ships pass right under the estancia house. There is a wild Tala mount, which in winter in former years was infested with tigers.

The Spanish Basques who built the Chivilcoy railway completely outbid all the railway men of Montevideo. It is said that the bid is so low that the Basques will lose money but we doubt this strongly, and rather think that they will carry out their contract to the letter, and make a nice thing of it. We are glad to hear that there is some prospect of a practical beginning being made in the Uruguay Railway. It is certainly an enterprise of great importance for the Banda Oriental.

It was currently rumoured in town yesterday that Governor Castro is about to publish an edict shutting up all the saladeros at the Riachuelo pro tem. If the Governor could only have seen the awful collection of offal and filth on Monday evening in the Riachuelo he would not long hesitate to pass this most necessary measure.

The streets newly lighted with gas are as follows:— Calle San Lorenzo. Independencia, between Balcarce and Defensa.

Brazil, between Defensa and Buen Orden. Buen Orden, between Brazil and Cochabamba.

Venezuela, between Lima and Santiago. Mejico, between Salta and Buen Orden.

Salta, between Belgrano and Mejico. Lima, between Venezuela and Chile. This move of the Gas Company will prove a great public convenience.

CONCERT AT COLON THEATRE.

BENEFIT OF MISS SANCHEZ. We have so often had the pleasure of noting the musical talent of Miss Ramona Sanchez, as likewise her extreme amiability and willingness to come forward on all occasions where her services were required, that it was with no small degree of gratification we attended on Tuesday night to assist at her benefit in Colon. Her many claims on public sympathy indicated that no more fitting tribute could be paid her than a farewell benefit from the members of the Lyric Company. The idea was a happy one, and we are glad to say, has been attended with perfect success, not a single seat being unsold.

At 9 p.m. the performance commenced with a sinfonia by the orchestra, with a chorus from 'Hernani,' which was given by the 'Coro de Colon' effectively and in good time, after which Miss Sanchez sang a cavatina from 'Hernani' sweetly; but she was evidently nervous, not alone from the great applause with which she was received, but likewise from the sympathy displayed towards her by an overflowing house.

The romanza from 'Un Ballo' was well sung by Celestino and applauded, after which the duet from 'Marinar,' was sung by Lolmi and Bonetti, fairly well, but Bonetti's second was weak.

The next, and certainly one of the gems of the evening, was the performance by Sr. Taffurely on the claphet, viz., the fantasia from 'Dno Foscarei,' which he played with peculiar sweetness, much taste, and excellent time: he was warmly 'encore'd.' The first part of the concert closed with a duet from the same opera by Miss Sanchez and Celestino. The second part opened with the grand new sinfonia, composed by M.

Nicalao, conductor of the orchestra. Much as we might have been disposed to appreciate the merits of this talented 'maestro,' we must confess we were greatly disappointed at this beautiful composition, which is so creditable to our esteemed director, who has thus practically exhibited rare talent. At its conclusion Miss Sanchez graciously came forward and decorated the composer with a gold medal. This was the signal for renewed applause, which ended in an 'encore.'

We warmly congratulate M. Nicalao, and have no doubt this valuable composition will attain a high position in the musical world.

The air from 'Don Pasquale' was sweetly rendered by Miss Sanchez, after which came a romanza from 'Don Sebastian,' by Bonetti, and a fantasia from 'Sannambula,' by S. Busameyer, who played with his well-known execution and taste. The air from 'Nabucodotoser,' by Nerini, followed. The concert closed at half-past eleven with the last part of the third act of 'Hernani,' all returning to their homes, gratified that the merits of Miss Sanchez had been so fully recognised.

THE AMERICAN MAILS.

PRODUCE REPORT. New York, February 21, 1867.

There is but little change in the tone of our market since our January Circular. The amount of business transactions is quite small, and are generally based upon the necessities of the moment, with very little variation in prices. The general complaint is excessive dullness in nearly all branches of trade. The cause of the present stagnation is, the uncertainty of the action of Congress on the Tariff, Currency, and reconstruction of the government of the States that were in rebellion, as also the impeachment of President Johnson. Although considerable progress has been made in these matters, no bills have yet passed both Houses of Congress.

The House passed a bill for the Government of Louisiana, and also a bill for the peace and security of the rebel States, under military supervision. The former not yet acted on, and the latter passed both the Houses and the State, and now awaits the President's signature. The Senate passed a bill for the issue of one hundred millions of 3 per cent. demand Treasury Certificates, to redeem compound interest notes, without interfering with the contraction of the currency, to be used only as bank reserves in place of legal tender notes; also the Tariff Bill, which is generally much higher than the one now in force. The House has not acted on them yet, but is to take up the Tariff Bill to-day. The strife of interests on the Tariff is so great, that justice and the welfare of the whole country is lost in the selfish exactions for individual interests; and no bill passed under such pressure on Congress can possibly remain a law for a long time. Nearly the whole bill is characterized by deception as to the real state of the different branches of industry, in order to have protection, and the masses who consume must contribute to favor these interests.

Some of the newspapers state that the high Tariff will be very injurious to the Western States, and that they do not wish it; but this cannot be so, as nearly all the petitions sent to Congress for a high Tariff are started by the wool-growers from the West, and it may be considered their work, while none scarcely have been sent from the Eastern or manufacturing States, who would rather not have the Tariff interfered with.

Gold has remained quite steady, but very sensitive. Government Securities have gradually risen in price. Money is easy and abundant for legitimate purposes.

ENGLISH RACES.

This year we have no meeting at Belgrano; a short time ago we published an account of races held on one of the principal estancias in the South. We are now sincerely gratified to learn that the efforts of the gentlemen who took so prominent a part in getting up the same, have not been in vain. We believe subscriptions have already been raised to a considerable amount, and our camp friends hold an English meeting at Randle's (better known as Suptons), near Ranchos, at the end of the month or during the first week in May. If we are rightly informed they will be supported from town, more than one horse being spoken of as likely to stretch his legs away from home. This is a step in the right direction, and the more meetings of this description, the more certain we may be that our races will improve instead of degenerate.

THE BOLIVIAN DEL DIA.

Yesterday this sprightly colleague assumed larger dimensions; it is well printed, the paper very superior, type good, and abounding with news. We salute our young colleague, and wish it the best success. Nothing that happens in town escapes the editors, and we doubt not the Boletia del Dia is destined yet to become one of the most influential organs in the River Plate.



STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF W. M. ATTI & CO., 30-CALLE CANGALLO-30. For MONTEVIDEO, the English steamer Rio Parana, Will leave on Mondays at 6 p.m. returning on Thursdays.

RANSOMES Y SIMS, ORWELL WORKS, IPSWICH, 9, GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDRES. MAGNETOS DE VAPOR PORTATILES. INGENIEROS Y FABRICANTES DE MAQUINAS DE VAPOR Y MAQUINAS DE CABLES.

SAVINGS BANK. BANK MAU & CO. 101-Cangallo-103. BUENOS AYRES. The immense advantages of Accounts Current now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

VESSELS LOADING IN PORT BY L. SAGROY AND LENNUEUX, SHIP BROKERS, 47-CALLE CANGALLO-47. HAVRE. ALBERT-French barque, 5/6 A.L.L., 330 tons, Captain Leveque; Consignees Messrs. L. Sagroy & Lennueux.

ESTANCIA del ESPARTILLAR. Se venden estas magnificas Estancias en fracciones o a su totalidad, que se componen de 6 a 10 leguas cuadradas, situadas en el partido de Ranchos, a una legua de este pueblo y del de Chascomus.

LA FAVORICIDA. Los señores firmantes tienen el honor de anunciar a los señores de la prensa que el Sr. Don Francisco de Paula de la Cruz, propietario de esta Estancia, ha acordado venderla en fracciones o a su totalidad.

Emeralda and Espigador, Will leave alternately at 10 a.m. on Thursdays returning on Mondays.

FUNDICION DE TIPOS PARA IMPRENTA. Todas clases de Tipos, Materiales de Bronce, etc., etc., para imprenta, hechos en la Fundicion de Tipos de Bruce, Nueva York.

CONDITIONS. First-The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

ANTWERP. GIORANNINO-French barque, 3/3 L.L.L., 679 tons, Capt. Luigi Feno; Consignees Messrs. Fratelli Pignio.

New Zealand and Australia. The Steamers of the Panama, New Zealand, and Australian Royal Mail Company (Limited) run monthly between New Zealand and Australia.

Mensajerias Nacionales. PARA LA CAPILLA DEL SEÑOR. Esta diligencia que hace el servicio entre Buenos Aires y la Capilla del Señor, tiene sus salidas acostumbradas del modo siguiente:

Dr. P. Bourso, SURGEON DENTIST, Of New York. Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 200 CANGALLO ST. DE SAN MARTIN.

ALEXANDER FULTON & CO., Respectfully call the attention of their Town and Country Customers to their large assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT. NAMES OF STEAMERS. LA PLATA (new). ADA, CORDOVA, URUGUAY, LEDA.

REGALANTUOMO-Italian barque, 3/3 L.L., 397 tons, Captain Sebastiano Gutzkow; Consignees Messrs. Devoto & Son.

ESPINOSA & KYLE, CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS, CORNER OF CALLE TUCUMAN AND FLORIDA.

Mensajerias Nacionales. PARA LA CAPILLA DEL SEÑOR Y ZARATE. Esta diligencia que hace el servicio entre Buenos Aires y la Capilla del Señor, tiene sus salidas acostumbradas del modo siguiente:

R. M. Ross, Engineer, Machinist, and Boiler Maker, Smith Works in General, CALLE ADUANA, ROSARIO.

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