

MAUA BANK, CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101-103

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank...

MAUA BANK, CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101-103

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH, IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE, For balances in favor of Customers...

BRITON AND MEDICAL GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION

Capital - 3,000,000. Sterling. The Argentine Marine Insurance Company. Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums...

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from WANKLYN & Co.

LEOPOLD CASATI, Ship Chandler, Paints, Glass, Hardware, &c.

Patent Floor-Cloth of every size, all kinds of Looking Glasses and Frames for Pictures made to order...

W. CRANWELL, MANUFACTURER OF WATER AND AIR

According to Schwapp's Process. Wholesale and Retail at 30 RIVADAVIA.

THE CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY

Train Time Table from 1st September, 1868. From Rosario 7.0 a.m. departure

IMPORTANT TO MARINERS

NEW LIGHT AT MADEIRA. From 1st July 1868, there will be a new light at Fort, Athen, in the port of Madeira...

BONEO & EGGERS, CUSTOM-HOUSE

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, 114 CALLE RECONQUISTA.

MERCEDÉS, THE CENTRAL HOUSE OF TOBOBA BROTHERS

Has just received a Large Assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING.

KEAN & GOERKE, Grocers, Provision Dealers, Ship Chandlery

For Sale from 5,000 to 8,000 Sheep, also several Leagues of Land.

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de Paz...

FIELD GLASSES - BURROW, BINOCULAR FIELD AND SEA GLASSES

Best Quality. Specially Mounted to stand on a Tripod.

The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No. 1505 - SIXTH YEAR. BUENOS AYRES, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1867.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

80 - CALLE DE LA PIEDAD - 80. Authorized Capital £2,000,000 sterling. Subscribed Capital £1,500,000 do.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED)

80 - CALLE DE LA PIEDAD - 80. The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, to wit: further notice...

LANDED ESTATES OFFICE

DIRECTOR DANIEL C. KELLY. This office undertakes farming transactions in all the varied branches...

THE GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Tenders for the working of the Tramway of the Great Southern Railway are solicited.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Tenders for the repairs and maintenance of the Tramway of the Great Southern Railway are solicited.

TO THE ESTANCIEROS

Portable corrals for sheep, iron dog kennels for cattle, iron land-marks of all classes...

ENGLISH TAILOR

39 - CALLE DEFENSA - 39. JUST RECEIVED, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT Spring and Summer Goods.

ANGLO-FRANCO SEMINARY

The Director has the pleasure of informing the Public that he has engaged the services of a most efficient staff of Professors.

MERCEDÉS

READY MADE CLOTHING. For the Coming Season, which will be SOLD AS CHEAP AS IN BUENOS AYRES.

FIELD GLASSES - BURROW

Just the House a Large English Family could wish for, for health and comfort...

GUINNESS'S Celebrated Extra Stout

in quarts and pints at BARRY & WALKER'S, Sole Agents, 97 - Calle Defensa - 97.

FOR ROSARIO AND PORTS

Passengers and Cargo, the Oriental Steamer SOLES, Captain ADOLFO FIORES.

English Family Wine Merchants

EDWARD MEDLICOTT & CO. Beg to advise Consumers that we have received, per several steamers, from the first Wine Growers...

Portuguese Wines

Superior Port ... Olley, Cramp, & Co. Do. do. ... Sanderman & Co.

French Wines

Chateau Laroze ... James Violet & Co. Saint Julien ... do. do.

Rhenish Wines

Liefmannlich ... do. do. Sparkling Moselle ... do. do.

Ale and Porter

An assortment of the choicest marks, in pints and quarts, always on hand.

EDWARD MEDLICOTT & CO.

33 - RECONQUISTA - 33. Besides the above we have always a supply of Marmalade, Jams, Preserved Fruits, Vinegar, &c., &c.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Tenders for the repairs and maintenance of the Tramway of the Great Southern Railway are solicited.

TO ARCHITECTS, &c.

Patent iron sheds and galleons, iron vinerys, broaches, &c.

AT VANDE VELDE BROTHERS' NATIONAL FOUNDRY

245 - Calle Buen Orden - 245. 34 - xp d7.

GEORGE BELLIS

39 - CALLE DEFENSA - 39. A Large Assortment of Ready-Made Clothing suitable for the Season.

ANGLO-FRANCO SEMINARY

The Director has the pleasure of informing the Public that he has engaged the services of a most efficient staff of Professors.

TO Let

Just the House a Large English Family could wish for, for health and comfort...

"THE QUEEN" FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, £2,000,000. INCOME, £160,000. LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandise and Goods...

CONSTANT SANTA-MARIA

General Agent of the Company. 15-33. From the 15th day of February, 1867, and until further notice, the trains will run as follows:

Table with columns for Stations, Class, and Days. Stations include Buenos Ayres, San Fernando, Olivos, and others.

ROCA, BARRACAS & ENSENADA RAILWAY

Between Venecia and Tres Esquinas. From the 15th day of February, 1867, and until further notice, the trains will run as follows:

Table with columns for Stations, Class, and Days. Stations include Venecia, Tres Esquinas, and others.

STEAMERS WHICH START FROM THE TIGRE IN COMBINATION WITH THE TRAINS

Trains will start from the Tigre, in combination with the steamers, by the 10 a.m. train.

ROCA, BARRACAS & ENSENADA RAILWAY

Between Venecia and Tres Esquinas. From the 15th day of February, 1867, and until further notice, the trains will run as follows:

Table with columns for Stations, Class, and Days. Stations include Venecia, Tres Esquinas, and others.

PASSENGER FARE

From 15th October, 1868, until further notice. Buenos Ayres, Boletaria, Plaza Constitucion, etc.

LA ESTRELLA ARGENTINE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

AT FIXED PREMIUM. Authorized by decree of the National and Provincial Governments. CAPITAL 2,000,000 HAIRD DOLLARS.

Director: Sr. D. Tomas Arzobispo. Sr. D. Manuel H. Hays, Sr. D. Eduardo Lumb, Sr. D. José Martinez de Hoz, Sr. D. Ambrosio Demarchi, Sr. D. Jorge Durillo, Sr. D. Manuel S. de Zamarran.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

99 - RECONQUISTA - 99. For Montevideo: The Italian Steamer TEYER, Captain Macen, will leave on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 p.m.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

99 - RECONQUISTA - 99. For Montevideo: The English Steamer VILLA DEL SALTO, Captain B. Maguasco, will leave on Saturdays at five p.m., returning on Tuesdays at six a.m.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

99 - RECONQUISTA - 99. For Montevideo: The Oriental Steamer EL ORIENTAL, Capt. B. Hori, will leave on Mondays and Thursdays, returning on Wednesdays and Sundays.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

99 - RECONQUISTA - 99. For Salto and Ports: The English Steamer VILLA DEL SALTO, Captain B. Maguasco, will leave on Tuesdays at ten a.m., returning on Saturdays at 8 a.m.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

99 - RECONQUISTA - 99. For Salto and Ports: The Oriental Steamer RIO DE LA PLATA, Captain C. Anavitarte, will leave on Saturdays at 10 a.m., returning on Wednesdays at daybreak.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

99 - RECONQUISTA - 99. For Gualeguay: BRITISH STEAMER POL LUN, CAPTAIN R. ATKINSON. Will leave this on Sunday morning, at 10 a.m.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO

99 - RECONQUISTA - 99. For San Nicolas and Rosario: BRITISH STEAMER CASTOR, CAPTAIN R. DAVIS. Will leave this on Sunday morning, at 10 a.m.

BARON LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

(EXTRACTUM CARNIS LIEBIG). PREPARED BY THE BUENOS AYRES EXTRACT OF BEEF COMPANY. STRAIN PROCESS.

THE ITALIAN BANK

109-115 Calle Reconquista. (Between Cuyo and Corrientes). On the 2nd January next this City will begin operations in this City in the following manner:

THE ITALIAN BANK

109-115 CALLE RECONQUISTA. Until further notice the rate of interest will be as follows: Accounts ... gold, 5 per cent. allowed.

THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, £1,000,000. INCOME, £110,000. LONDON. Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandise, and Goods...

VESSLS LOADING IN PORT

L. SAGROY AND LEBRUVEUX, SHIP BROKER, 47 - CALLE CANGALLO - 47. BOSSUET - French ship, 3/3 L.L.I., 622 tons, Captain Corvini; Consignees Messrs. J. & Co.

VESSLS LOADING IN PORT

BOSSUET - French ship, 3/3 L.L.I., 622 tons, Captain Corvini; Consignees Messrs. J. & Co. EDMOND - French ship, 3/3 L.L.I., 229 tons, Captain Lomax; Consignees Messrs. A. Despoy & Co.

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THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, Earthenware, & Glass Store

is selling Off its present Extensive and well-assorted Stock of Glass, Earthenware, and China at the lowest possible Reduced Price.

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TEATRO COLON

Opera italiana. ULTIMO ABO DE 15 FUNCIONES. El infancioso concluyendo su contrato con el Teatro Colon el 21 del proximo Marzo...

North American Circus (ROGERS & CO.)

MR. ROGERS begs to advise the Public that he will commence a series of Performances under the New Tent, in the Plaza Concepcion.

Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer...

The Standard.

"Nil falsi adeam, nil veri non adeam dicere." Cicero.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1867.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

(BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.) Thursday, Feb. 14.

Nothing talked of but the American intervention, and peace with Paraguay now no longer doubted.

The Siglo says it is better the Triple Alliance has not subjugated Paraguay, seeing the conduct of the allies in the Itapiru Custom-house question.

No arrivals. A Norwegian barque and two others in sight. Good attendance at Bolsa. Rain. storm last night.

PEACE.

AMERICAN MEDIATION.

MOTED ARMISTICE.

Yesterday the most anxious feeling existed as to the real version of the proposed peace negotiations. The article in the Tribuna caused marked attention, the more so as that leading paper has never before sided with the peace party...

After a deal of exertion on our part we at last succeeded in getting at the true version of the matter, which, as our readers will observe, is of such a character as to inspire the greatest hope that at least an armistice will be arranged.

The American Minister has presented to the Argentine Government a note, offering mediation—not intervention, and proposing that the belligerents should name commissioners to meet at Washington, and under the presidency of President Johnson to discuss the matters in dispute...

Probably the most important feature of this news is, that the offer seems to have met with favor in Rio, where Minister Webb has passed a similar note.

As yet the Argentine Government has sent no reply, nor is it probable, we believe, that any answer will be given until President Mitre is consulted on the subject.

It is rumored that Dr. Rawson will leave for Rosario to have an interview with the President; and the hopes and aspirations of Buenos Ayres are centered in his mission. All sigh of peace, and particularly when secured on terms highly honorable to the Argentine nation, all opposition is powerless.

THE MUNICIPAL JOINT-STOCK WATERING COMPANY.

There never was a greater instance of the grasping disposition of the Municipal Board, than the report of the Committee on the question of the Water Supply.

We confess that when we read this report we were astonished to think that such men as Draballe, Hall, Ascunaga, and Anchoberna, would put their names to such a document. With the melancholy experience we have already of all enterprises confided to the Municipality, these gentlemen have the courage to recommend the citizens of Buenos Ayres to entrust the Municipality as contractors, builders, empresarios, concessionaires, &c., for the supplying of water to this city...

been diminished by the grossest of Municipal neglect, and now, without water to drink, streets to walk in, or a decent grave for interment, we are asked to abolish private enterprise, and to empower the Municipality to prolong the Municipal farce, convert itself into a joint-stock company, issue bonds, buy pipes, import machinery, &c. Was ever such nonsense heard of? Well may we exclaim—

"Can such things be?" We can point to every branch of Municipal business, every subject matter within Municipal control, all stamped with neglect bordering on crime and extravagance even approaching fraud. Take up the list of establishments under Municipal care, is there one solitary institution properly managed?

The hospitals cost Buenos Ayres a princely rental; place them in private hands and they cease to be such a drag on our Municipal treasury; and but that the Sisters of Charity attend these institutions free, we question if the paper dollars in the bank would be sufficient to physic the poor of Buenos Ayres. There is a great cry out about the numbers of foreigners in the wards, but may we ask do not foreigners pay the taxes as well as Argentines.

The markets are to-day clean and orderly and well kept, simply because they have ceased to be Municipal property, and are now managed by private parties.

The scavenging department, although costing the town over a million, is in such a neglected state that typhus fever cases are almost in every lane; and a man to walk through the back streets in the town must hermetically seal his nostrils to survive the effort. Only the other day the passengers of the Boca Railway could hardly approach the Venecuela Station, owing to the decomposed remains of a dead horse lying hard by.

The Corrales, where cattle for city consumption are slaughtered, is right under the nose of the citizens, and the pen refused to depict the repulsive sights of offal and filth which are to be seen on all sides of that neglected spot.

Montevideo has its corrales at a decent distance from the city, and even Gualaguaychu, Fray Bentos, and Rosario are a-head of us in this respect, and have proper and commodious killing grounds. But Buenos Ayres—the neglected Buenos Ayres—has its Smithfield in the very town. The Corrales can't be moved, won't be moved, and must remain where they were stationed one hundred years ago—simply because they belong to the Municipality.

Look at the Wool Plazas this day! Can any man suppose if they were private property they would be without a single shed, and surrounded by quagmires and pantanos which in winter makes the marts utterly unapproachable.

The pavement is a disgrace. The hospitals badly managed. The serenos a thorough farce. The public parks all moonshine. The Recoleta an appalling shame.

In fact, everything that the Municipality has touched it has failed in. Even in the gas light tax; they could not collect, they could not pay, and they still owe. And yet with all this sad experience, the committee disapproves of a Private Water Supply Company, and asks the Board to issue Bonds, buy the pipes, and, in one word, convert the Municipality into a joint-stock company. It requires no very clear or shrewd perception to see that if the committee's report be adopted, the river water will cost the citizens dearer than champagne or sparkling Moselle.

The time has arrived when every man must be convinced that Public Works in Buenos Ayres of every name, nature, or description, are a humbug. Private enterprise should be the motto of us all. Everything public is a sham; everything private a success. And if we want the city of Buenos Ayres properly supplied with clean water, let us have a responsible private company to deal with, not an irresponsible board of members changed every year.

MONTEVIDEO.

Wednesday, Feb. 13th 1867

The news of peace took the town this morning by surprise, the official organ declaring that the terms were arranged and the pacification was brought about by the intervention of the cabinet of Washington.

Mr. Bustamante, who is reported the Delphic oracle of our city, alleges that President Lopez is to retire from the bustling scene, but this seems to goad to be true. Peace is all the people desire, and except professional politicians few men care whether the ruler of Paraguay be called Lopez, Barrios, Resquin, or what you will. The mission of Hector Varla, who stayed here only a few hours, is thought to have relation with the alleged peace parties, who pretend to know State secrets, assert that the arrangement is entirely concluded, and we are in hourly expectation of the inevitable rockets, bell-ringing and the signs of rejoicing. The new French minister, M. Noel, with his family and secretary, is expected by next French packet, and the Siglo, which doubts about the

Americans including the belligerents lay down their arms, says that M. Noel is probably bearer of a special mission from Napoleon III to the same purpose. After all, French intervention would be far more disagreeable than the persuasive measures of the United States Government. Sr. Inacio on his return from Europe, last Monday per Arno, before landing asked if he should be molested, to which the Government replied in the negative, but the Tribuna insists on his refunding the 20,000 given him by the late Government for his unsuccessful mission to Paris. Yesterday afternoon Governor Flores received Dom Tomas Fortunado de Britto, who presented his letters from the Emperor of Brazil; withdrawing him from the post of Resident Minister, and accrediting him as Special Plenipotentiary in the River Plate, vice-Octaviano resigned. Mr. Britto said—"I have the honor to present to your Excellency with the credentials removing me from the post of Resident Minister, and promoting me to that of Envoy Extraordinary near the three of Europe. The retirement of my predecessor was from causes foreign to the harmony that happily prevails between my country and yours, and which I shall labor to preserve. The kind treatment I have heretofore experienced in Montevideo, is a guarantee that my task will be an easy one.

Gen. Flores replied—"Mr. Minister, in receiving these letters from my good friend and ally, the Emperor of Brazil; I regret much the retirement of Sr. Octaviano, but rejoice that you are called to fill his place. The good qualities and honorable antecedents you enjoy give every promise of mutual good-feeling between the Empire of Brazil and the Republic of Uruguay." The Libertad battalion presented arms to Sr. Britto on his departure.

The usual decrees were promulgated last night, recognising Mr. Britto in his new capacity; his successor as Resident Minister is Don Julio Henrique de Mello Alvim.

Another parting dinner was given to Sr. Octaviano last night at the Oriental Hotel; in the morning His Excellency had visited the American flag-ship.

The barraca of Messrs. Sivori and Schiffano was insured in the Proviencia Co. and surveyors have been named to make an estimate of the damages. The adjoining premises of Messrs. Diehl and Fernandez had a fortunate escape.

From Colonia we hear of 3 convicts escaped from Martin Garcia; the authorities did not feel bound to arrest them. Numbers of National Guards have escaped in small boats from Buenos Ayres, to avoid being sent to the war. Mr. Kings dock-works are suspended for a few days owing to the weather. Some races came off last week, and were attended by numbers of estancieros: over £1,000 was lost and won on one horse.

The squabble about the new bell of the Matriz waxed hotter; the bell is not cracked, but has a horrid sound. The task of raising it to the turret was accomplished by a French navy officer, in ten minutes.

The Customs returns for last month show: foreign vessels arrived 136, with aggregate tonnage of 42,000 tons, and 906 passengers.

A feeling of annoyance still prevails, in respect of the Itapiru import duties on Montevideoan vessels.

This afternoon we have had a change of weather, and a storm seems imminent.

Mr. Felstead, who laid the Telegraph Cable, leaves this evening per La Place for England: he is entitled to our best wishes.

On 'Change 2 p.m. The Bolsa animated and cheerful to-day, people congratulating each other on the termination of the war with Paraguay. The hint about ventilating the hall has not been thrown away, and the glaziers are now opening the medallion windows in the sides. Four handsome reading desks (one for the Standard and the others for local papers only) now occupy the corners of the hall.

The new valuation-tariff which came into force on the 10th is just published: the only alteration is the adoption of the metric measurement in dry goods instead of varas.

Vessels with coal continue to arrive, and numbers are leaving in ballast. The new Pacific steamer from Liverpool for the West Coast is expected to touch here between the 20th and 28th inst. The French iron-clad leaves on Saturday for Valparaiso, and will take mails up to the evening before. The Carmel arrived this morning, but brought no letters or papers from B. Ayres: she leaves for Rio on Friday.

The Blanche from London with general cargo for getting was put in quarantine on arrival this morning. The Galypso has brought 19 passengers.

IMPORTS. 500 tons Cardiff coal at 88 7/6 c. on board, 4 months. 420 b bls. Tennant's beer to arrive per Alexander, Glasgow, at 21 1/2 rls. per doz. on board.

50 bres. cheese to arrive per Providence, Rotterdam, at 11 1/2 doz. in deposit.

40 do. Gruyere cheese on board at 20 cents. 250 bls. refined sugar to arrive from Havre, per Cornelle, at 18 1/2 rls. 273 sacks coffee on board, reserved prices.

EXPORTS.

1000 arrobes good mestiza wool, sales reserved. 8 bales mixed hair at 172 rls. in barraca.

50,000 quintals jerked beef from a saladero in the Uruguay to be made in various cargoes at the current rate for time being.

A cargo of beef for Habana and Brazil at reserved prices. No charters to-day. Little doing in public securities. Great demand for Italian Bank shares at par.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Respecting the Marquis Caxias at hand, no further details are at hand, beyond the Minister of War's despatch and the owner's letter. The steamer has been greatly damaged, but is not destroyed. We think our duty to remark that there are many steamers in the river with boilers just as worn out as the Marquis Caxias, and it is high time that they be laid aside. The Admiral's flagship, the Guardia Nacional, some three years ago, when we came down with the President from Rosario, was in a wretched state, and the boilers then as thin as wafers, to use the expression of the engineer on board. Most of these Argentine steamers require new boilers, and the Government ought to inquire into this matter.

The latest news we have from the Upper Provinces is, that the Governments are so harped with the most extravagant reports, that they have ordered all parties who spread them to be put in the stocks. There is no news whatever about Videla: none of the papers speak of him, but it is believed in Rosario that he is in San Juan, doing his best to play the part of Gelly Obes in organising an army.

Amongst military circles the great topic is, that the National Guard troops mobilised are ordered target practice twice a week. This is a novelty in Buenos Ayres. We suppose it will come off at Palermo.

The North American Admiral in Montevideo, it is rumored, has received despatches from his Government by last mail, respecting the Paraguayan war and the mooted mediation.

During the rather disturbed period through which we have passed, regularly once a week we have treated our readers to a glance at the general state of affairs, under the becoming title of "The Situation." There have been occasions when this political definition of things required a very shrewd perception of the exact jurisdiction of Cazon; and often have we thought of our colleagues on the Ponton as the wind whistled through the "paraisos," and the roar of the waves behind the Yellow-house echoed up the Calle Larga and rumbled night of its stillness. But the worst, we believe, is now passed, and, thanks to the sleepless activity of the police, and the cool heroism of a fellow-countryman, the efforts of the conspirators have been foiled.

The revolution, in the language of a well-known writer, has had its day—"It rolled, blazed, destroyed, and is no more." Fortunately for us all, its destructive properties were of a most limited nature, and save in remote provinces, and in the backwoods of Mendoza, there has been very little harm done. We certainly cannot characterize the obscure revolution in this town as the fever of indignation seizing on energetic minds, since the parties implicated in the hubbub, and arrested in the dead of night at the Bajo de los Hornos, were for the most part people who neither in public or private affairs could ever be accused of betraying the slightest energy of even the most mediocre description.

The mooted revolution lacked even the tinge of respectability to afford it a temporary vitality, and the whole business came before the public in such a discreditable manner that we have no hesitation in saying much too great attention has been paid to it. It is idle to conceal the fact, that amongst the masses there is considerable political discontent, none can for a moment doubt this. The Governor's speech in Cordova, the Chambers in Province Rios, and the whole tone of the provincial press go to show this, but that the country is therefore ripe for revolt, by no means follows. On the contrary, the country never was riper for order, and peace, and quietness; and, with the exception of a few military leaders, who dazzle the "gauchos" with delusive promises, none care for any greater political change than a prompt termination of the Paraguayan war and the restoration of peace.

Not for years has our colleague published a more grateful "bulletin" than the peace telegram on Tuesday afternoon; it rang through the city; it found an echo in every hearth, from the humble rancho of the poor absent Guardia Nacional, to the stately saloons of the Progresso. All prayed that the news might prove true; and, deeply do we lament to say, that it is unauthentic. That peace is on the tapis there can be little doubt. Although not in

state secrets, we know that it is talked of in Europe and the States, sighted for in Rio, and prayed for in the River Plate. The American Minister is leading all the influence of his nation to bring about an arrangement, and are we to be told that it is impossible?

The monthly statement of the Provincial Bank is at last before the public, as also the statement of the Oficina de Cambios. It is worthy of note that notwithstanding some sixty-six millions of new paper money has been emitted, the paper deposits in the Bank only figure up to fifteen millions and a quarter; this goes to show how extremely scarce paper money has been and how given at present there is only in circulation sufficient for the ordinary requirements of trade. The Bank holds, as we remarked the other day, no less than seven millions of patacons, which is an enormous sum for such a market as Buenos Ayres. We call the attention of the Directors to the possibility of improving on their monthly statement by giving schedules, showing the working of the Bank for the same month in the last year, and also the figures of the previous month's statement; glad indeed are we to remark that a less exclusive policy now characterizes the Board of Directors; the Brokers have admission at the Bank, the Directors meet daily, properties to be sold by the Bank are advertised, and in a word there is a decidedly improved tone about the establishment. We might suggest also that if the Directors would follow the example of the Directors of the Bank of England, and every day state the gross amount of applications for discount, it would be a move in the right direction and a gain to the whole commercial body.

Yesterday morning we noticed that the concessionaire or contractor for the paving of the Boca road had commenced working; this looks well, and indicates that the contract is in good hands. The pavement of the Boca road may possibly interfere slightly with the Boca railway, but it will be a gain for the public at large.

Major Mansilla has left the army; we believe owing to some quarrel with a brother officer; he is expected in Buenos Ayres shortly, so we suppose then we shall have full details of the affair. There seems to have been some serious row about a paper the Major published; challenges ensued, and the result is that the Major has thrown up his commission; he is a brave active officer, and will be a loss to the army.

General Urquiza has sent to President Mitre a large packet of letters received from various politicians and likely to compromise many parties; yesterday this news was known in town when it was much commented on, as we have before observed General Urquiza has by far too many interests at stake to side with any revolutionary movement. There is no mistaking the feeling of the Entre-Rio Chambers, and but for the great influence of Gen. Urquiza in Entre Rios, we might prepare ourselves for trouble in that quarter.

To-day Mr. Billinghurst sells off the renowned brick yards in front of Mr. Fair's quinta; the place is completely ruined, the last flood tides having made a clean breach and washed through the yards.

The imminent dangers which threatened us when Videla defeated the Government troops, although they have in a measure disappeared, are yet fresh in our recollection. Had the rebel leader marched on San Luis, and with his troops flushed with victory fallen on Paunero, the consequences cannot be of one moment doubted, and though in Europe experience has well proved that excessive precipitation leads to disastrous results in South America the reverse is the case. Videla by stopping to concentrate his forces lost the opportunity of defeating Paunero, and getting "pronunciamentos" in his favor at every Government house in the Provinces, whilst Paunero by retreating in good order to Rio Cuarto checked Cordova, and thus morally defeated the rebellion. We believe with the exception of some irresponsible bands of "montoneros" there is no force now in the interior to resist the National Government.

Parties who wish to avail themselves of the Chilean steamer from England should be on the "qui vive," as she will only stop in Montevideo for a few hours; the Messrs. Humphreys and Clarke are the agents in Montevideo. We sent papers to Chile on Monday by the French war steamer, and by the Maulo we again make up a mail.

There are very current rumors of the effect that the Chilean squadron has not come into the Atlantic, but is at this moment bombarding the towns in the Philippine Islands, and as we hear nothing along our coast of the Pacific squadron, it is by no means improbable that such may be the case. Our brother editor will therefore probably miss the chance of witnessing the great naval engagement off the Bucoo.

When we mentioned the extraordinary case of the English merchant, the "montoneros" at Bolgrano many believed it was a sort of Anglo-Phantasmagoria, but Mr. Gomez the auc-

tioner has come forward and given in a like statement; he was coming up the Calle Las Artes hill when he met a band of armed mounted men, who shouted out "Viva la Revolucion." Gomez had a rather good horse and pushed on. The police are on the look out to find these fellows. There are some rumours current that in the country districts there are deposits of arms, and the police have found a box of muskets lying on the Retiro hill. What all this amounts to we cannot say, but certainly our colleague the Nacion seems disposed to give the fullest details heedless of the alarms which they must necessarily cause. There was nothing new yesterday about President Mitre; as he has written for his children to go up to Rosario it is believed that he will not come to Buenos Ayres for some time.

NEWS FROM THE CAMP.

NAVARRO.

Despite of a reprimand which I received from the Navarro Racing Society last year for daring to publish their meeting, which they persist in calling a private one, although half the Irishmen of the camp were there, for the sake of the public I cannot remain silent.

On St. Patrick's day, the 17th of March, the Navarro Racing Society will hold a meeting on their famed course, which cannot be surpassed anywhere for a flat race. As soon as I can get the names and colours of horses, I shall send you the entries for some of the principal races. I believe the weights and riders are to be the same as last year, that is, gentlemen riders, and weights 150 lbs.

I hear some talk of a company being formed to carry out the races in true Irish style—with tents, dancing booths, thimblemen, jugglers, wheel of fortune, Chinese tea-cup games, and a sprinkling of fiddlers, pipers, fortunetelling, &c. In short, it promises to be a grand affair.

Though always attending the Navarro Races, I have never had courage to send a report to you, as I consider that to be worth reading it should be written in the language of the turf. However, I shall do my best to furnish you with an account of the March meeting.

The drought is beginning to be felt pretty severely in some places already, but as yet there is such a stock of dried grass and carobs that no epidemic is feared.

I have heard of a few sales of sheep in small lots, at from 22 to \$30. The works of the Navarro church have been resumed with vigour, and it is hoped that the much wanted edifice will now soon be completed. The Irish residents, as usual, have contributed largely towards its erection.

BOGAL.

February 2nd. There have been no sales of sheep for some time, 28,000 on sale, but no buyers as yet. The same may be said of land—any extent to sell (none to rent), but no buyers. And this while the state of the crop cannot be excelled in Buenos Ayres—granilla 7 to 18 inches long in most parts of the partido, and sheep and cattle in splendid condition.

Owing to the unsettled aspect of affairs the native inhabitants are disturbed from following their farming pursuits, and the consequence is that foreign peones are always wanted.

Next to the Interior row, the great talk of our town is the rapid decline in the price of bread—from 875 to \$50 per arrobe.

PASO DE PALMAR, RIO NEGRO, B. O.

January 30th. 1,800 sheep of a middling class have been sold in this neighborhood at 15 rls. each; good capones are getting scarce hereabouts, and fetch from 6 to 10 rls., and even 11 rls. for animals of 3 and 4 years. The price of cattle has fallen to 9 1/2 to 9 3/4 pats, but the bulk of our stocks had been sold when prices were up to 11 and 12 pats.

Everyone is at present engaged in taking stock, dividing flocks, and shearing lambs; but the results of the last working year cannot be but a poor one, owing to the severe winter and spring months.

Four new English settlers have arrived in this neighborhood, and are putting up puestos and corrales, and preparing to receive sheep.

We had some apprehension of a "seen" lately, but fortunately on the 27th and 28th inst. we had two days and nights of a drizzling rain, which saturated the camp well; this came just in time, not only for the camp, but also for our maize, swedes, melons, and peaches.

We are not hard up for peones just now, several English and Germans offering their services; we pay from 13 to 15 pats. per month. But what we do really want are good female servants, who understand cooking, washing, and ironing.

LATEST FROM QUILMES.

THREE CORPSES WASHED ASHORE.

Three drowned persons have been washed ashore at the Puesto de los Tapes, one fast clung to another, his hands clasped round the shoulders of the first; the other, with his hands holding that of the leg of the second. They were buried here. The people do not know whether they were sailors or townfolk.

INTERESTING DATA.

We have received some interesting particulars respecting one of those taken at the corner of Andes and Parque.

After the triumph of Gen. Flores in the Banda Oriental, Ex-Comisario Barbot entered the Bank, on the recommendation of Mr. James Larraol, and held the important position of clerk in the renovating department, where fresh emissions of paper are signed. A few days ago master Barbot presented a petition to the President of the Bank, in which, after expostulating for some length on his small means, which obliged him to seek some other employment than the signing of notes, he begged to be made night-watch, adding that he knew another very trustworthy man, who would assist in his nocturnal duties; or in the event of such not being practicable, he prayed that he might be at least permitted to earn extra by signing the bills at night. This occurred towards the end of Jan. On the 1st of February he drew his month's salary in advance, cleared out, and has never turned up since. On the eve of his apprehension he was met by a co-assistant, who asked him when he intended to return? "To-morrow, without fail," was the reply. But the young gentleman mistook his destination, and the next morning found him a close prisoner in the "Carcel."

If Barbot was conspiring, why did he want to become watchman, that is, that they should consign to his care for the night the immense treasures of the Bank?

Could Barbot have desired to insure by this means the safety of the Bank, or was it rather that he might place at the disposal of the revolutionists those vast deposits of wealth? Napoleon has said to wage war three things are wanted—Money! money! money!

Probably Ex-Comisario Barbot was of the same opinion. At all events it serves to throw some light on the matter, and we think should not be lost sight of.—Tribuna.

FURTHER EUROPEAN ITEMS.

The Roman question was said to be partially arranged and the basis of the convention with Italy agreed upon. The Pope is to name the bishops with the consent of the Italian Government. The Italian Budget shows a deficit of 187 millions of lire, which the Government expects to provide for by the measures to be submitted to the Chambers. The Austrian Budget shows a revenue of 401 millions of florins and an expenditure of 433. The Bavarian Chambers were opened on the 8th of January at Munich in the presence of the Prince Hohenzollern, and here also an extraordinary credit was asked for in order to reorganize the army. The ex-King of Hanover had at length decided to liberate his officers from their oath of allegiance, and the Prince Augustenburgh has done the same relative to the inhabitants of Schleswig-Holstein. The Russian Government had issued a decree annexing the Duchies of Eliba and another, ordering the elections for the Federal Parliament. Between Holland and Belgium the question of the Scheldt is not yet settled.

The French squadron of ironclads and transports commanded by Admiral La Ronciere had left France to fetch the troops back from Mexico. There had been a severe earthquake in Algiers.

The Spanish Chambers were dissolved on 30th December, and new elections ordered to take place on 10th March, and the Cortes to meet on 30th of the same month. Queen Isabel has appeared at the theatre, lively and smiling, and has repelled all advice to change her policy or Ministers. The President of the Senate, Duque de Jorre, was banished to the Philippine Islands, and Rio Rosas, President of the Chamber of Deputies, to Porto Rico, West Indies.

The Chamber of Representatives in the U. States adopted by 105 votes against 38 a resolution ordering a Commission of enquiry respecting the acts of President Johnson. The Commission proposed a formal accusation, and the Chambers adopted this proposed by a large majority. The Commission of Foreign Affairs had advised the Government to offer its mediation to the belligerent powers of South America. The Chambers approved the policy of the President in opposing all European intervention in America, and more especially the policy relative to Mexico.

In Mexico the Emperor had returned to the capital and divided his army in four divisions, commanded by Mejia, Miramon, Marquez and Vidauri. The French were preparing to embark and abstained from any intervention in the affairs of the country. It was impossible to form an idea as to the result of the election for a Congress, ordered by Maximilian, and which would decide the future form of Government. Some thought that the Emperor was only seeking a plausible reason for an honourable abdication, others thought that he really hoped to be able to sustain his position.

On the 1st of January Russia, imitating the "sans ceremonie" of Prussia, announced the complete fusion of Poland in the Russian Empire. Poland is to be divided into 12 depart-







STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF W. MATTI & CO. For MONTEVIDEO, the English steamer Rio Parana, on Mondays at 6 p.m. returning on Thursdays.

American Store, 46 AND 48 CALLE 25 DE AGOSTO, AND 34 AND 36 CALLE ORILLAS DEL PLATA, MONTEVIDEO. DAVIS & MERRY, GROCERS, BUTCHERS, SHIP CHANDLERS, AND PROVISION MERCHANTS.

SAVINGS BANK. BANK MAU & CO. 101-Cangallo-103. BUENOS AYRES. The immense advantages of Accounts Current open at this bank are now so generally felt and appreciated...

TUPPER & Co's GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON ROOFING, SEEDS BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS &c. 61A, MOORFIELD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

CONSUMPTION, Chest Affections, Chronic Cough, General Debility, and Loss of Nervous Power. DR. GURCHILL'S HYPOPHOSPHITES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNEsia. It is the great Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, and Bilious Affections.

John J. J. Kyle, Formerly Principal Assistant in the Laboratory of Glasgow University, and Demonstrator in Chemistry to the Edinburgh School of Medicine...

ALEXANDER FULTON & Co., Respectfully call the attention of their Town and Country Customers to their large assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT. NAMES OF STEAMERS. LA PLATA (new). ADA, CORDOVA, URUGUAY, LEDA.

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA. In Large Bottles. The Great Purifier of the Blood. IS PARTICULARLY RECOMMENDED FOR USE DURING SPRING AND SUMMER.

JOSEPH GILLOTT, VICTORIA WORKS, BIRMINGHAM. Respectfully directs the attention of the Commercial Public, and of all who use Steel Pens...

RANSOMES & SIMS, ORWELL WORKS, IPSWICH. 9, GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON. THE PATENT SAFETY MATCH.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. REMOVAL OF WIRE FENCING. The Great Southern Railway Company in accordance with the Government Decree...

MAQUINAS DE IMPRIMIR, MAQUINAS DE WASHINGTON Y DE SMITH, MAQUINAS DE DAR TINTA, &c. Todo lo relativo a las artes de imprimir en tipos, planchas de cobre, litografía y encuadernación...

Wool Samples for the Paris Exhibition. Reference note of samples from the Clips of 1866, of the Estancia Los Altos, Perdido, Banda Oriental.

HOWARD'S CHAMPION PLOUGH. The Report states that "this new Plough exhibited by Burgess & Co. was found capable of gaining a greater quantity of Cotton than all the other kinds of Ploughs ever exhibited."

HOWARD'S CHAMPION PLOUGH. Won the highest Prize at the Agricultural Exhibition of 1862, and the highest Prize at the Agricultural Exhibition of 1863.

DRUGS, &c. Pharmaceutical Preparations, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, Drop Pills, Powders, Syringes, &c.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK. NEW 5,000'S NOTES. Buenos Ayres, January 24th. The public is hereby informed that we have placed in circulation new five-thousand dollar bills...

THE PANTECHNETHECA. 88, Calle Rivadavia 88. For a Good Cigar. For Good Tobacco, French & Bristol Birds Eye. For Good English Perfumery.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS. MR. THOMAS HOLMS has much pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of Buenos Ayres, and those resident in the Provinces...

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA. It is the best, and, in fact, the only sure and reliable medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood...

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DRUGS, &c. Pharmaceutical Preparations, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, Drop Pills, Powders, Syringes, &c.

F. Sprunck & Co. 93-CALLE ZAVALA-93. Agents for the 'Standard'. have constantly on hand. Planos of Poyet, Wolf & Co., Paris.

GENERAL CAMP STORE, CHASCOMUS. Respectfully call the attention of the Town and Country Residents of Chascomus, and the Adjoining Districts, and announce that we purpose opening this Establishment on the 1st JANUARY, 1867.

FAMILY MORNING. English Drapery Establishment, 61-CORRIENTES-61. NEW ENGLISH STORE, PLAZA DEL COMERCIO, CHASCOMUS.

TEETH WITHOUT PAIN OSTEO IDON. PATENT, MARCH 16th, 1852. Messrs. GABRIEL'S method for supplying Artificial Mineral Teeth, with soft flexible gums, entirely dispensing with the use of springs, wires, or metallic fastenings...

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DRUGS, &c. Pharmaceutical Preparations, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, Drop Pills, Powders, Syringes, &c.

LA FAVORECIDA. Diligencia para San Vicente y Las Flores. Tocando en los Puntos Siguientes. Establecimiento de D. Pedro Sosa, Vista de D. Segundo Farias, Establecimiento de D. Pascual y D. Isidoro Vidia, Puente de Toreros, Establecimiento de D. Gregorio Coronel y Ocho de Septiembre y la Loma Negra.

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DRUGS, &c. Pharmaceutical Preparations, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, Drop Pills, Powders, Syringes, &c.

"THE RURAL CODE." AND PUBLIC LANDS-LAW. Now on SALE at this Office. Price \$20 mpc.

THE PANTECHNETHECA. 88, Calle Rivadavia 88. For a Good Cigar. For Good Tobacco, French & Bristol Birds Eye. For Good English Perfumery.

NEW ENGLISH STORE, PLAZA DEL COMERCIO, CHASCOMUS. N. M. AULD & CO., GENERAL GROCERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

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DRUGS, &c. Pharmaceutical Preparations, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, Drop Pills, Powders, Syringes, &c.

A Splendid Chance for Sheepfarmers. For Sale. Two leagues of Splendid Camps (the choice given out of six leagues) not far distant from Rosario de Santa Fe. Sheep or Cattle taken in part or whole payment.

THE PANTECHNETHECA. 88, Calle Rivadavia 88. For a Good Cigar. For Good Tobacco, French & Bristol Birds Eye. For Good English Perfumery.

M. S. KING AND CO. General Merchants and Commission Agents, CHASCOMUS. A/s for the European Newspapers; also for the Sale and Purchase of Land and Sheep.

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DRUGS, &c. Pharmaceutical Preparations, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, Drop Pills, Powders, Syringes, &c.

La Uruguayana. The coaches are of the most modern structure, combining lightness and strength, and will be drawn by animals remarkable for their swiftness. They will leave Buenos Ayres with the first train, on "even days," and will return to the capital on all the "odd days."

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