

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

REMOVAL OF WIRE FENCING

The Great Southern Railway Company has the honor to inform the public that the wire fencing on the line between the stations of San Fernando and San Pedro de Atacama...

THE PROVINCIAL BANK

NEW 5,000\$ NOTES

Buenos Ayres, January 27th. The Provincial Bank of the Republic of Argentina has the honor to inform the public that it has issued new 5,000\$ notes...

Provisional Directory of the Central Argentine Railway.

Buenos Ayres, January 8, 1867. The undersigned, Chairman of the Provisional Directory of the Central Argentine Railway...

THOMAS ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer...

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audemus, nil veri non audemus dicere." Tuesday, February 5, 1867.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

(BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.) Montevideo, Feb. 4, 1 P.M.

The Spanish fleet left on Saturday to look up Chilean fleet. Admiral Mendez Nunez resolved to fight at all hazards. New bell blessed yesterday but cracked.

LATEST FROM HEAD-QUARTERS.

(ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.) February 4, 1867.

Esmeralda arrived at 1.30. Nothing notable. The army in Rosario. It is said that the communication with Pampero is still interrupted.

GRAND EXCURSION TO THE TIGRE.

MR. HOPKINS' CANALISATION PARTY. FULL PARTICULARS.

On Saturday last, at 9.20 precisely, a select party started from the Tramway station at the Plaza 25 de Mayo, and reaching the Retiro in a few minutes took the special train which Mr. Boyd Thompson, the manager of the Northern Railway, kindly provided for the occasion.

Arriving at Belgrano, we took up their Excellencies the Governor of B. Ayres, Dr. Alsina, and the Minister of Hacienda, Dr. Mariana Varela. We dashed along at full speed, and made no stop until arriving at the Tigre, where Mr. Hopkins welcomed us on the Mole, and accompanied us to his little steamer the Quinto, and here we were joined by Mr. H. J. Gigg.

Notwithstanding the intense heat as the decks of the steamer were protected by awnings, it was fresh and pleasant in the river.

This steamer is a credit to Messrs. Allan and Sherman, who built her for their ship-yard in the Boca. She has been built entirely here, all the machinery having been made at the Boca, and we believe, the first steamer that has ever been propelled by Argentine machinery.

Mr. Hopkins, acting as captain and pilot, steered us right for the place, and when we were within a few miles of the Boca, he proposed to build his docks, which is conveniently situated in front of the town of San Fernando.

depth of water here is rarely under 10 feet. A more appropriate name for the society could not be found. The ground though low is not swampy, and a good level track or road leads to the town of San Fernando. The river is wide and deep, and well protected. Steamers and sailing craft can ride here with the greatest security; and certainly as we looked up the stately stream before us, and compared it with the filthy, narrow, and shallow Boca river or Riachuelo, we shall not wonder that the necessities of our riverine and eastward trade had not long since established this natural harbor into requisition, and emancipated our shipping interests from the thrall of the Boca.

After a hasty glance at the future dock-yards of Buenos Ayres, we headed across the stream to inspect the mouth of the Abra Vieja, a stream deep and wide, but rendered useless to commerce, owing to the great sand-bank at its mouth, and certain obstructions, mid-way in its course which it is part of this enterprise to remove. The tide being low we could not pass the bar, but Mr. Hopkins opened his maps and charts, and showing the course of this stream demonstrated the immense advantages by having the bar cut through, thus saving lengthy and tedious navigation through the sinuosities of the Arroyo Capitan, as this 'Abra Vieja' denominated in front of the proposed docks, and affords a cut several miles shorter for steamers and small craft ascending or descending the river.

We now doubled the Arroyo del Capitan, and steered for the Parana de las Palmas the great riverine highway of the Republic. As we passed by the different islands, teeming with primeval fertility, admiring the ancient soil and the leafy willows which kissed the limpid water of this enchanting river, we dismissed the merits of a champagne lunch, the harmonising influence of Inde Coope, Laffite, and Paté de Fois, overcame the cold formalities due to rank and state, and a merrier party never danced on the Parana: every one seemed to enjoy himself. The concise and important remarks of Mr. Hopkins, respecting this scheme, which has been his life dream for so many years; the sparkling witticisms of Mr. Hart, and the rich anecdotes of Mr. Fohner, relieved the monotony of riverine navigation.

We passed the mouth of the Toro, a wide deep stream which Mr. Hopkins purposes closing, so as to force the waters into a more useful course through the Abra Vieja, and at last gained the Parana de las Palmas. As the majestic estuary broke on the vision of some of the guests who have never travelled in these rivers, an involuntary exclamation of surprise, admiration and wonder burst from their lips. The scene is really magnificent, the change so sudden, after creeping for miles through a narrow river hardly room for vessels to pass up and down, and then in a moment the steamer emerges from the trees and enters on a wide waste of waters which to the unpracticed eye seems more an ocean than a river; but all this expense of waters to this day has been turned to little account, and the first practical attempt to utilize the beating waves, which at times wash high over islands, sand banks and flats is the present enterprise which is fraught with the most incalculable benefits for Buenos Ayres.

We now doubled back the Capitan and beat up the river proposed to be canalized, the Abra Vieja. Notwithstanding the ebb tide we in a few minutes steamed up almost to the very bar, and then as there was no room for the steamer to turn, we backed out stern foremost. At the mouth of this arroyo we landed on a desert island and drank fresh inspiration for the home-ward trip from flowing bunnies of the esteemed Reederer.

After about an hour's sailing we at last escaped from the Arroyo Capitan and running up to the San Fernando promontory, the future site of the docks, landed upon the earthworks just concluded by Mr. Hopkins under the rays of a roasting sun. At the Reguardo or Port, Captain's office carriages were in waiting to convey us to the Railway Station. The Governor kindly made room for us in his coach, but the heat was terrific, and when the party arrived at the Railway Station there was a general demand for ice refreshments. In a few minutes Mr. Thompson had a special train in readiness; we again started and on at express speed until we arrived at Belgrano, where the Governor and Minister of Hacienda got out. At 5.20 the party arrived in town, highly pleased with the day's amusement.

In consequence of the increased traffic of this port, and the utter inefficiency of the lighters to meet the requirements of trade this scheme of a pier, and a canal, is a peculiarly opportune time, and we doubt not will meet with general support. The whole trade of the Boca is the real, bona legitimate trade of San Fernando, which is conveniently situated in front of the town of San Fernando.

On Wednesday I paid a visit to Mr. Darbysbury's wool and sheepskin Lavadero. It has been already described in the Standard. The works are

plunged into other channels cannot but be a mere trifle compared with the transcendental importance of the scheme. The Tigre was a lonely deserted spot, but a few years ago and to-day is becoming a port of the greatest importance. It has however its inconveniences, inasmuch as the Tigre river or arroyo is so shallow that only the smallest steamers and river craft can get up to the mole. To meet this inconvenience, and establish a proper convenient port for our great river trade, Mr. Hopkins comes before the public. We hope to see him succeed to his fullest hopes. It will be an immeasurable convenience for the public, and by increasing the goods traffic on the Northern Railway rescue us all from the great expense of each year paying deficiencies.

The following gentlemen sent apologies at not being able to attend: Messrs. Thomas Armstrong, George Drabble, Aguirre, Collector of the Port; Amorin, T. B. Hall, W. Leslie, F. Balbin, Emilio Castro, J. M. Estrada, J. P. Boyd.

Much alarm was caused by a telegram yesterday evening to the effect that Entre Rios was preparing to join the revolted Argentine Provinces. To-day, however, we have been calmed by the bulletins of the Tribuna and Siglo contradicting the previous alarm. At daybreak some guns were fired in port, and some rockets from the vicinity of the Government house confirmed the hopes of important tidings. It is impossible to ascertain what the cannon-shots meant, for a deal of gunpowder is thus harmlessly consumed every week in this port; but the rockets were let off from the Portuguese Consulate, Calle Sarandí, in honor of putting the roof on the Consul's new house, the front of which is decorated with flags of all nations.

People here regard Buenos Ayrean affairs at present with the same compassionate commiseration as we used to talk in Buenos Ayres of the Montevideo difficulty in 1865. A very lugubrious feeling prevails as to the march of events on the other side of Jordan.

Mr. Johnson. To-morrow being a holiday, Candlemas Day, business is suspended till next Monday. On 'Change 2 p.m. The Bolsa may be said to have fairly commenced working to-day. A handsome octagonal desk has been placed in the centre of the hall (much better than the ring used in Buenos Ayres,) and two large slates on either side of the entrance. Buenos Ayres friends as usual mustered very strong, and Argentine politics were discussed. The question of duties at Itapiru is considered a grievance. There is one great fault in the Bolsa, an absence of ventilation, which makes it fearfully hot, and calls for a remedy at all hazard. Some sales in produce have been affected: 10,000 American dried hides, old style, at 4 1/2 rs. 21h. 2,000 arrobes Cordova wool at 35 1/2, duty paid. 6,000 arrobes from Quevedo's estancias of Escondido and Las Bolas; the first at 31, al barrer; the 2nd in consignment to the purchaser. Messrs. Dariesoire and Drigaray continue to buy mixed wools for their respective Lavaderos at 26 to 28 rs. The following sales were reported yesterday: 3,000 washed wool at 36 rs. in barraca 1,000% fine, at 33 1/2% Croole at 26 rs. 4,000 hides al barrer at 4 1/2, 21h. 1,800 " " 22h. at " 1,000 " " 23h. at 42 300 " " at 47 1/2 duty paid. Wheat is quoted at 5.20 to 5.40, and six shares of the Pardo mill have been sold at 80 p. Money is easy at one per cent. a month, and there is some activity in sales of real estate. Last sale of Montevideo Bank shares at 10 1/2 premium. Very little doing in other public securities.

CHARTERS. Braz. schooner San Pedro to load in Uruguay 4500 qq. of jerked beef at 4 1/2 rs. for Brazil. Dutch brig Wilhelmina Magdalena to load in port 4,000 qq. jerked beef for 1800\$, for Pernambuco. Hanoverian brig Anna for Santa Catalina or Paraguá, and to return to River Plate, for 1,700\$. Austrian schooner Galena to load 3,200 qq. jerked beef for Rio Janeiro, for 1,100\$.

THE STORM.

The gale on Sunday evening has again damaged the Boca Railway to such an extent that the trains cannot be run on the section between the Venezuela Station and the Yellow House, but run as usual from the latter station to the Boca and Barracas. About a square from the Venezuela Station some sixty yards of the high embankment has been washed away, and from thence the line is more or less damaged to the foot of calle Europa, where the heavy planks and sleepers have been completely huddled together, the rails laid bare, and the whole embankment swept away. Down towards Mr. Fair's quinta the waves seem to have come up right to the foot of the barranca, and caused serious damage to the line, and covering the road with mud and debris. In the Paseo Colon many of the seats have been torn off the stands, and somewhat damaged.

The Boca road and adjacent fields were one sea yesterday, and when the waters subsided the mud was such as to step all transit. We regret to say that it is rumored one black man and three Italians were drowned on Sunday evening, near calle Venezuela: the waves washed the corpses ashore.

During the night a number of vessels dragged their anchors, and drifted on to the shore, but the river rose so high that they all managed to get off by morning. At the brick-yard, near the supposed coal mines, the waves committed terrible havoc. The gale was a stiff and dry southerly easter; had it been accompanied with rain it would have been a partial blessing.

THE ENTRE-RIANO MAILS. GREAT NEWS FROM ENTRE RIOS. SUPPRESSION OF FOUR NEWSPAPERS. Yesterday we received our mails from Entre Rios, and what with the flying rumours, alarming telegrams &c., a greater degree of interest is attached at present to the news from that quarter. We are happy to say that everything goes on quietly in that province, although Minister Rawson's letter to the Governor calling for the suppression of the following newspapers has caused great noise—The Porvenir, The Eco of Entre-Rios, The Pueblo of Categuay, and The Parand. Governor Dominguez when he received the Ministers note at once complied with the request and sent orders to the different Gefes to stop these papers; the Governor very properly remarks that owing to the critical state of things, he believes the measure necessary although he deprecates the necessity of such an edict.

The Government has approved of the proposals of Sr. Geally for the construction of an hospital in Concepcion, which will cost 16,000 Bolivianos. General Urquiza, with a liberality which reflects the highest credit on him, has granted his pay as a general officer since the war began, to pay for the building of this hospital, as the funds subscribed amount to a mere trifle. Du. Elias Gomez has petitioned for the purchase of an estancia on the banks of the Clé. There are several other similar petitions, as the occupiers of public lands are all now buying the properties in fee. The National Government has removed the Postmaster of Parana, Du. Rosenda Bavio. The charge against the Postmaster was for holding meetings at his house to abuse the Entre Rios Government. The prospects of the sheepfarmers were never better, and we receive glowing accounts of how the flocks are thriving. The feeling of the people is decidedly for peace, and the foreigners settled in Entre Rios have the fullest confidence in General Urquiza and Governor Dominguez.

As we announced in our columns of Friday last the Steeplechase at Rivadavia took place on Saturday afternoon over about one mile of camp, with nine jumps the competitors had to go twice round. The attendance was more select than numerous, still the few present witnessed a magnificent race between the two first selected by us on Friday. The following horses started:—Rubus, Mr. Thompson, red and yellow, w. cap; Estudiante, Mr. White, magenta and white, bk. cap; The Spider, Capt. Michell, white blue belt, b. and w. cap; Camel, Mr. Barry, white, red cap; Favorite, Mr. Alberto, blue, r. cap; Fraga Leguas, Mr. Dalglis, black and white stripes, w. cap; Gladiator, Mr. James, white, w. cap. Captain McGregor kindly officiated as starter and judge, and about half-past three marshalled the lot to the starting-post, where a pretty sight presented itself, such as has been seldom seen in this country, viz., seven nearly thorough-bred horses (all of whom had been bred by that well-known sportsman Mr. James White, who has done so much to improve the breed of horses and cattle in this country), with their riders in correct racing costume—silk jackets, caps, &c.—sparkling in the sun. At the word "Go" a good start took place: Estudiante cutting out the work at a great pace. Gladiator and Favorite refused the first fence, and at the second or third jump all refused except Rufus and Estudiante. The Spider, blundering, came down and sent his rider over a terrible burster. Fraga Leguas was now the only one who appeared to have a chance with the two leaders, and was steadily persevered with, but to no purpose.

On finishing the first round Estudiante, who had been fencing splendidly, was fifty yards in front of Rufus, and the race looked all over but shouting. The Camel now came up again, but repeatedly refusing was soon out of it. On the far side of the course, about 200 yards from home, Mr. White, on Estudiante, taking it very easy (and it really looked all west of Temple Bar to a hard Durazno in his favor) let up Rufus, and the two came over the last ditch together, when a rare set-to took place, Estudiante having the best of it within twenty yards from home, but Rufus, most resolutely ridden, won on the post by a head.

A large party of ladies and gentlemen witnessed the race from Mr. White's chaera, and were most hospitably entertained in the evening.

ALARMING INTELLIGENCE. GREAT FORGERIES. FALSE \$100 BILLS ALL OVER THE CAMP. Yesterday we learned from an English gentleman who has just arrived from the San Pedro district that a number of fellows with thousands of false hundred dollar bills are traveling through the camp. We call the attention of the Bank to this matter; as the affair threatens to be a very serious business, we hope the Bank Directors and Chief of Police will at once take steps. The bogus money men frequent pulperias, run races, and at every place change their bad bills, in almost all the Northern partidos this is going on.

EDITOR'S TABLE. The gale on Sunday night blew the River Plate into the Barracas: all the fields down near the Boca were flooded, and the Boca Railway temporarily stopped. The French vessel Amphitrite was blown ashore, with a full cargo. We have not heard of any other disaster. Yesterday was a great day for news; we had mails from all quarters—steamers from every point: the Cosmos and Procyon on Saturday from Corrientes, the Rio Parana from Uruguay, the Oriental from Montevideo and the Esmeralda from Corrientes. The Guarani has not yet come in, but as she arrived late at Rosario on her way up it is feared that she ran aground. The river was fearfully rough all the morning; the waves made a clean sweep at the mole-head, and washed on to the beach with a fearful roar. The little steamer Quinto

not thoroughly ripe, and children should not be allowed to eat them. In the Tigre and Islands there seems to be a fine crop of peaches, but in other places the fruit has failed. We hear that on Saturday night burglars smashed into the French Bazaar and sacked the premises—thieves at large. The new Municipality has begun well. On Friday it was installed and yesterday the workmen commenced to re-pave Calle Belgrano, in front of our office. Hurrah for the new Lord Mayor Du. J. B. Peña. Another escape in the Carcel we hear of; prisoners cut a hole in wall, got into the Tribuna office and damped. One of our colleagues, the Razon, was burnt out on Saturday; paper, &c. all destroyed, but owner fully insured. The Hon. R. C. Yates, American Consul for Paranaquay, is at present stopping at Globo Hotel. We salute the new Consul and welcome him to the Plate. During the landing of Arredondo's men at Rosario two poor fellows in their hurry to get ashore fell into the river and were drowned. A rather curious story is current in town about our friend, Dr. Laque, the new Governor of Cordova, who hardly assumed the reins of Government than he began to change the names of the streets: Calle President Mitre to calle General Urquiza and the sign-boards, with the old name of the street, ordered to be all taken down. We confess we find it very difficult to credit this story. Dr. Laque, we believe, is a man far above all such paltry notions. There has been a tremendous storm off the Patagones coast, and nobody here seems to have heard of it. One of the Spanish men-of-war suffered greatly, and had three of her crew washed overboard. The drought is beginning to be alarming; the springs are all falling, the farmers drawing water for their sheep, and the camps burnt up. This is the most dangerous period for the sheepfarmers. Last year February set in dry, and the losses in the south were unusually severe, in fact some of our countrymen were all but ruined. On one estancia in the Magdalena we hear the loss in sheep and cattle, even at the present low prices, amounted to over £15,000 sterling. Since that memorable period of disaster the Magdalena camps have fallen greatly into discredit, and all who held small puestos at high rents left out. Let us hope that this year will not be as disastrous in those districts as last. The camps have been good but are now beginning to look bad. We have to thank a Gualeguay subscriber for a magnificent cheese, equal to the very best Stilton. It is really extraordinary that in a country so thickly stocked with horned cattle should produce so little butter and cheese. In Santa Fé we hear that numerous foreign estancieros are doing a very good trade in shipping butter in the steamers to Buenos Ayres. The current price paid wholesale in Rosario for butter is six Bolivian reales per pound. The Susan Beirne, one of the finest steamers in the river, has been bought by Messrs. Lamuz of Sr. Matti: the price is reserved but we hear very remunerative. She is a fine fast-sailing steamer, but not fitted up for passenger traffic. Our colleague the Tribuna states that two Pizarros and one Ibaeta have left Cordova to join the rebels. We strongly suspect that our colleague has been misinformed, as the latter named gentleman is no other than our agent, who has occupied himself in mestiza sheep and Angora goats during the last years. We are therefore slow to believe that our colleague's information is of an authentic character. We believe it is due to the thoughtfulness of Dr. Rawson that the troops which arrived with Arredondo were paid before leaving Rosario. The measure was a master stroke of our talented Minister. The men started for Frayle Muerto per rail in the very best of spirits. Persons who visited Palermo yesterday were well high smothered and lost in the dust storm. There was a general wish expressed of seeing the Champs Elysees finished. Dr. D. Pablo Cardenas was elected on Saturday President of the new club at San Isidro, the object of the club is social entertainment &c. Yesterday the Northern Railway changed its time-table. The first train for the Tigre leaves now at 6.50 a.m., second at 10 a.m., third at 12 n., fourth at 2.30 p.m., fifth at 5 p.m., and last train for Belgrano only at 6.30 p.m.

LATEST FROM ROSARIO. PAMPERO RUMORS. SEIZURE OF ARMS. January 29th. Having closed my letter of yesterday, which contained no news of any kind, I take advantage of the Provocador to write you to-day, giving you all the latest intelligence. Last night the Libertad arrived, at 10.30, towing two brigs, and all three vessels full of troops, to the number of about 1,100—the 2nd and 6th of the

not thoroughly ripe, and children should not be allowed to eat them. In the Tigre and Islands there seems to be a fine crop of peaches, but in other places the fruit has failed. We hear that on Saturday night burglars smashed into the French Bazaar and sacked the premises—thieves at large. The new Municipality has begun well. On Friday it was installed and yesterday the workmen commenced to re-pave Calle Belgrano, in front of our office. Hurrah for the new Lord Mayor Du. J. B. Peña. Another escape in the Carcel we hear of; prisoners cut a hole in wall, got into the Tribuna office and damped. One of our colleagues, the Razon, was burnt out on Saturday; paper, &c. all destroyed, but owner fully insured. The Hon. R. C. Yates, American Consul for Paranaquay, is at present stopping at Globo Hotel. We salute the new Consul and welcome him to the Plate. During the landing of Arredondo's men at Rosario two poor fellows in their hurry to get ashore fell into the river and were drowned. A rather curious story is current in town about our friend, Dr. Laque, the new Governor of Cordova, who hardly assumed the reins of Government than he began to change the names of the streets: Calle President Mitre to calle General Urquiza and the sign-boards, with the old name of the street, ordered to be all taken down. We confess we find it very difficult to credit this story. Dr. Laque, we believe, is a man far above all such paltry notions. There has been a tremendous storm off the Patagones coast, and nobody here seems to have heard of it. One of the Spanish men-of-war suffered greatly, and had three of her crew washed overboard. The drought is beginning to be alarming; the springs are all falling, the farmers drawing water for their sheep, and the camps burnt up. This is the most dangerous period for the sheepfarmers. Last year February set in dry, and the losses in the south were unusually severe, in fact some of our countrymen were all but ruined. On one estancia in the Magdalena we hear the loss in sheep and cattle, even at the present low prices, amounted to over £15,000 sterling. Since that memorable period of disaster the Magdalena camps have fallen greatly into discredit, and all who held small puestos at high rents left out. Let us hope that this year will not be as disastrous in those districts as last. The camps have been good but are now beginning to look bad. We have to thank a Gualeguay subscriber for a magnificent cheese, equal to the very best Stilton. It is really extraordinary that in a country so thickly stocked with horned cattle should produce so little butter and cheese. In Santa Fé we hear that numerous foreign estancieros are doing a very good trade in shipping butter in the steamers to Buenos Ayres. The current price paid wholesale in Rosario for butter is six Bolivian reales per pound. The Susan Beirne, one of the finest steamers in the river, has been bought by Messrs. Lamuz of Sr. Matti: the price is reserved but we hear very remunerative. She is a fine fast-sailing steamer, but not fitted up for passenger traffic. Our colleague the Tribuna states that two Pizarros and one Ibaeta have left Cordova to join the rebels. We strongly suspect that our colleague has been misinformed, as the latter named gentleman is no other than our agent, who has occupied himself in mestiza sheep and Angora goats during the last years. We are therefore slow to believe that our colleague's information is of an authentic character. We believe it is due to the thoughtfulness of Dr. Rawson that the troops which arrived with Arredondo were paid before leaving Rosario. The measure was a master stroke of our talented Minister. The men started for Frayle Muerto per rail in the very best of spirits. Persons who visited Palermo yesterday were well high smothered and lost in the dust storm. There was a general wish expressed of seeing the Champs Elysees finished. Dr. D. Pablo Cardenas was elected on Saturday President of the new club at San Isidro, the object of the club is social entertainment &c. Yesterday the Northern Railway changed its time-table. The first train for the Tigre leaves now at 6.50 a.m., second at 10 a.m., third at 12 n., fourth at 2.30 p.m., fifth at 5 p.m., and last train for Belgrano only at 6.30 p.m.

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Table with columns: Sample No., Flecks, Classification, Sites in Flocks, Selling Prices. Lists various wool samples and their corresponding prices.

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Table with columns: DEPARTURE, WEEK-DAYS, RETURN. Lists train schedules for various destinations like Retiro, Palermo, Belgrano, etc.

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