



# Provisional Directory of the Central Argentine Railway.

The undersigned, Chairman of the Provisional Directory of the Central Argentine Railway in this Republic, in virtue of the authority duly vested in him, has the honor of giving notice to parties who have taken shares in this country, that he has determined to raise the 2nd quota (January) for the payment of the 2nd quota of \$2 or \$3 00, upon each share, to be paid in this Province at the Agency, 87 Calle Reconquista, and in the other Provinces of the Republic at the offices to be designated by the respective committees or parties in charge.

Buenos Ayres, January 8, 1867.  
The previous eighth quota was called for in this Republic on the 31st day of October, in the past year 1866.

THOMAS ARMSTRONG,  
211—xp

# GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

# REMOVAL OF WIRE FENCING.

The Great Southern Railway Company, in accordance with the Government Decree, dated 21st February, 1866, is about to remove the wire fencing on each side of the Railway, on kilometre 19, between the Stations (Clew) of Lomas de Zamora, to the Station Barracas, and in the Landmarks adjoining to Station 18. The Railway Fencing adjacent to their property is requested to apply to the Administration of the Great Southern Railway on or before 1st February next, 201 1 km 23.

# THE PROVINCIAL BANK.

NEW 5,000\$ NOTES.

Buenos Ayres, January 24th.  
The public is hereby informed that we have placed in circulation new five-thousand dollar bills, with the signature of Francisco B. Moreno and printed ornamentation, dated August 1st 1857, they are printed with black ink on the front and blue on the back, and the only difference from the old notes is that the new issue has the number printed.

The issue of 5,000\$ bills in circulation bears one or several of the following signatures: Manuel Ocaño, Mariano Saavedra, Jaime Llallavi, José Manuel Estrada, Francisco B. Moreno, Manuel Terry, Miguel A. Cuyar.

E. ZAVALA, Secretary.  
221. 10 235.

# Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS  
Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

# TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; but not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

"Nil falli audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere."  
CICERO.

# The Standard.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1867.

# LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

(BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.)

Montevideo, Jan. 25, 4 p.m.

Very warm weather; thermometer at sunrise 68, at 2 p.m. 87.

The Government has recalled Col. Fortunato Flores to the command of one of the battalions of regular troops here, and named another Chief of Police for Canelones in his place.

It has been decided to call out the National Guards, as the revolutionary movement in the Argentine Republic has its ramifications here.

# THE ROSARIO MAILS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Rosario, January 23rd.

The latest news from the upper provinces is, that General Paunero has marched from San Luis, at the head of three thousand two hundred men, towards Mendoza. This I have from a private letter, on which I think reliance can be placed. It is also stated that the greatest part of this column can be depended upon; and this seems certain, as we can hardly suppose the prudent old General would advance against the rebels, flushed as they are with the victorious scrimmage at Pocitos, with an army on which no faith could be placed. I hope we shall have good news now—that Paunero shall have met and defeated the rebel forces. Were the Mendoza gentry to receive a check at this moment, it would save a great deal of trouble and expense. I am glad to see that the National Government is taking energetic measures. The revolutionary movement has not the slightest chance of success, but it behoves the Government to extinguish it at once, and without delay, so that the commercial interests of the country shall not be prejudiced, and a barrier raised against emigration.

The inaugural speech of the new Governor of Cordoba, which I translated and sent you by one of Mr. Cabral's steamers, is an important document in some respects. Dr. Luque is the first Governor who has spoken out plainly in reference to the Capital. The language he uses may almost be termed intemperate in this respect, and although I leave to your readers all comments on the subject, I cannot help remarking that the miserable state of the province of Cordoba, depicted in such gloomy colors by its first magistrate, is not due to the Capital being in Buenos Ayres, neither to the 'mas 6 menos' similarity of our Constitution to that of the United States, but to the apparently inherent viciousness, apathy and incapacity of the public men of that province. Dr. Luque is a man of considerable talent, and he himself confesses to the entire absence of principle and civic virtue in Cordoba. The Capital has been now five years in Buenos Ayres, and notwithstanding, the province of Santa Fe has progressed in a wonderful manner. Here we have roads, schools, railroads, institutions of credit, respectable administration of justice, frontiers—all of which Dr. Luque complains are wanting in Cordoba; and we have besides plenty of good laws and colonies and immigration—all acquired during the existence of the "monstrous Capital" in Buenos Ayres. I

# THE WAR OF THE ANDES.

THE GOVERNOR OF CORDOBA'S SPEECH.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN

Cordoba, Jan. 18, 1867.

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