

The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

No 1134 Fifth Year

BUENOS AYRES, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1865.

Circulation 1,900

MAUÁ BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101-103

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—
First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.
Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved by the Manager.
Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants, or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously conveyed under conditions established for such class of operations.
Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of checks, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred dollars or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.
Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazil, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.
Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.
The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 3 p.m.
P. P. MAUÁ & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

MAUÁ BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101-103.

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH,
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor ... 13 1/2 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers ... 5
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.
For balances in our favor ... 13 1/2 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers ... 5
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.
P. P. MAUÁ & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

British & Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General) Life Assurance Association

Chief Office—WEST STRAND, LONDON, W.C.
Capital—3,000,000. Sterling

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river.
Office—118 Calle Piedad.

DIRECTORES.

Sr. Don Tomas Armstrong, President.
Sr. Jacob Paravicini, Vice-President.
Sr. Eduardo Lumb.
Sr. Antonio de la Lanza.
Sr. Enrique Tomkinson.
Sr. Mariano Usarrea.
Sr. Bernardo Yrujarrero.
Sr. Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

La Zigarera and Isteria.

All Parties indebted for passage money to the above-mentioned ships are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit to Buenos Ayres all defaulters.
G. WILKES, 7 Calle Mayo.

American Dentist.

Dr. N. O. CORNWALL
Calle Rivadavia, 215.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted in the most and most approved manner, so as to have a beautiful life-like appearance, cause no irritation in the mouth, and serve all the uses of the natural organs. Teeth made promptly and radically cured.
Teeth filled with gold or amalgam, so as to last for years or for life. Tissue cleaned of teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

Dr. F. Bourne,

SURGEON DENTIST,
OF NEW YORK.

NEW IRISH GROCERY,

IN THE
ONCE SETIEMBRE

FREELY, LEDWITH & CO.

Call the attention of their Friends and the Public in general to their well-assorted stock of
TEAS, SUGARS, WINES, &c., &c.
IND COOP ALE.

To English Travellers.

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city. Charges are most moderate.
Wines Superb.
Tablo d'Hotel on European Style.
Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.
HOTEL DE LA PAIX,
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)

British Hotel.

Board &c. \$500 per month.
40 per day.
96—Calle Piedad—96
(Between San Martin and Florida.)
69—lm d w o 12

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK

(LIMITED.)
80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80

Authorized Capital £2,000,000 sterling.
Subscribed Capital £1,000,000 do.
Reserve Fund 30th Sep., 1864. £44,000 do.
Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances.
Customers have the advantage of drawing checks of—of having approved bills discounted—of obtaining loans upon negotiable securities—of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection—and of lodging with the Bank valuable property in the fire-proof strong rooms for safe custody.
Deposit Accounts—Deposits received from the public generally—either for fixed periods or subject to seven or thirty days notice of withdrawal—Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the principal daily papers.
Bill of Exchange—issued on the following places:
London, Dublin, Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg, Genoa, Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo.
J. H. GREEN,
Manager,
Buenos Ayres—Nov. 1, 1865.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK

(LIMITED.)
80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank for both specie and currency will be as follows, till further notice:
On specie deposits on account current, 4 per cent.
On currency ditto, 6 " "
On specie deposits for ninety days fixed 7 " "
On currency ditto 8 " "
Do. subject to thirty days notice of withdrawal, the rate is 3 per cent. more than that paid in account current, therefore for the present this class of deposits in specie gain 7 " "
And in currency 8 " "
On specie debit balances in account current 10 " "
On Currency do. 12 " "
J. H. GREEN,
Manager,
Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1865.

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

Life Assurance and Saving Fund Association.
FOR THE CREATION OF CAPITALS, LIFE ANNUITIES, INHERITANCES, &c.
Approved by Government and founded in accordance with Law.

Capital subscribed up to 31st December, 1861—
In hard dollars ... \$44,657 only.
In paper currency ... \$2,000,000
Inversion of Fund.
Purchase of the Houses Nos. 214, 216, and 218 Calle Corrientes; No. 170 Calle de Santiago del Estero; and Nos. 249, 251 and 253 Calle de Moreno.

DIRECTORES:
D. Miguel Acunagua, President.
D. Bernabé Ocampo, Vice-President.
D. Antonio Marco del Pont.
D. Jacobo Paravicini.
D. Constant Santamaría.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Estanislao Peña.
D. J. A. Fernandez.
D. L. B. Wilcke.
D. Mariano Billinghurst.
D. Luciano F. Martinez.
D. Juan B. Lanza; Donatillo, Buenos Ayres.
D. Benigno de la Torre; Donatillo, Buenos Ayres.
This Society has for its sole object to render fruitful the savings of all classes.
By the aggregation of small sums capitals are created for the purchase of real estate property within the municipal bounds of the City.
Subscriptions are received with or without loss of capital. With loss of capital gives a right:
1st. To compound interest on such capital.
2nd. To a proportionate share in the capital, interest and premiums of those who die in the respective section.
3rd. To a proportion of the interest and premium of all who may survive the others.
4th. To a proportion in the gains from investment of capital.
Without loss of capital gives a right:
1st. To a proportion of the interest and premium on those who die.
2nd. To a proportion of the interest and premium of forfeited shares.
3rd. To a proportion of the interest and premium of forfeited shares.
4th. To a proportion of the interest and premium of forfeited shares.
Capitals with Compound Interest.
Deposits for the creation of capital will be received, to be returned at any time, on the same conditions as specie.

Life Annuities.
Subscriptions to any of the sections, whether in specie or currency may be made in bulk, or monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.
For further particulars apply at the Office,
No. 57 CALLE SAN MARTIN (altos).

BILLS OF EXCHANGE—SIGHT DRAFTS

Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from
WANKLYN & Co.
No. 104 Calle de San Martin,
On the following places:—
LONDON,
LIVERPOOL,
All branches of the National Bank
IRELAND,
ANTWERP,
HAMBURG,
PARIS
GENOA,
CAGLIARI,
BAYONNE,
Buenos Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864.
WANKLYN & Co.
104—Calle San Martin—104.
d3 x.

RAFAEL PIVIDAL.

Lawyer.
Has opened his office at No. 62 Calle Potosi.
181—Rp o 30.

Splendid Opportunity.

For sale, in the Partido de Magdalena, 2,500 prime sheep, with contract for camp for three and a half years. Good houses, gaiters, corral, &c. Terms very moderate, and contract could probably be extended for five years more. Apply at the Office of Wells, Bookhouse & Co., Calle Piedad, No. 173.
83—lm o 14

MONTEVIDEAN BANK.

CAPITAL 1,000,000 DOLLARS.
In 2,000 Shares of 500 Dollars each.
Temporary Establishment No. 70 Calle de las Piedras, Montevideo.

CHAIRMAN.
Francis J. Holquard, Esq.
DIRECTORS.
Sr. D. Pedro Sorrelli.
" " Joaquin Belgrano.
" " John McGill, Esq.
" " Antonio Marquez.

The undersigned hereby makes known to the Commercial public of Montevideo that from this date the Bank is in a position to commence operations, will receive proposals and enter into arrangements for every class of banking operations.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Money is received or advanced on current accounts bearing interest. The Depositors may withdraw the whole or part of their Deposits by checks at sight. Cheque and Pass Books will be supplied to its customers by the Bank.

DEPOSITS FOR FIXED PERIODS.
Sums of 50 dollars and upwards are received for fixed periods, say from one to 12 months, at rates of interest to be agreed upon with reference to the amount and term of the Deposits.

DISCOUNTS.
Bills of Exchange and Promissory notes will be discounted subject to the manager's approbation.

LOANS.
Advances will be made on Promissory Notes and other securities on private terms.
The Bank will be open on all working days from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., with the exception of Saturdays when it will close at 4 p.m.
The rate of interest for the current month and until further notice will be as follows:
On balances against the Bank ... 9 p 000 per ann.
" in favor of " ... 12 p 000 " "
Fixed Deposits—as especially agreed.
Those who desire to open Current Accounts with the Bank will be so good as to address themselves to the Undersigned.
PEDRO VARELA,
MANAGER.
Montevideo, Sept. 1, 1865. 174—xp o 1

CAMP PURCHASERS

Before making their selections will please inspect the stock of
Grocery, Drapery and Ironmongery Goods.
To be seen at the
HIBERNIAN HOUSE
64 66 & 68 Calle Piedad 64, 66 & 68.
N.B.—A very large assortment of ready made clothing.
1—lm n 1

THE ZETHEEON RESPIRATOR.

A prevention of Coughs, Colds and diseases of the Lungs and especially adapted against the noxious effect of dust so prevalent in this country
The Alexandra Feeding Bottle.
Has an advantage over all others in shape, being a flat and upright bottle combined.
Atkinson and Gosnell's select Perfumery.
A choice assortment of Velvet Cup Turkish Sponges.
W. CRANWELL, Chemist.
No. 30 Calle Rivadavia No. 30.
3—6p n 3

En venta.

Champaña, Clicquot Veuve legitimo.
L. J. IRAAC.
Calle de Maypá núm. 12. 208—12p n 3

For British and Intermediate Ports.

Royal Steamer IRON KING,
Captain J. S. Thompson.
Will leave this Port every Thursday at 10 a.m.
For freight and passengers at the accustomed tariff. Apply at the Agency Calle 25 Mayo 124.
Parcels &c. must be delivered at Agency the day before sailing by 5 p.m.
HENRY DOWSE, Agent.
149—lm e 27.

ENGLISH ERATED WATERS.

Prepared in Silver Cylinders, by Steam Machinery.
The subscriber having recently imported a large Soda Water machine, with all the most recent improvements, is now in a position to supply the trade and private families with Soda Water, Lemonade and Ginger Beer, equal to the best manufactured in England.
These beverages are recommended by the English medical authorities to be most healthy and refreshing, particularly in warm climates.
ROBERT URRIE.
Orders at 102 Calle Defensa will meet with immediate attention.
36—lm o 8

South Plaza.

The undersigned begs to announce to his friends, that in consequence of numerous requests from his camp friends, he has prepared accommodation for them next door to his former premises, where, in addition to his business of general grocer, he will be able to provide them with board and lodging, with every accommodation for horses, carts, &c.
All orders from the camp attended to with despatch.
JOHN ROSS.
Plaza de la Constitución.
Buenos Ayres, Aug. 26, 1865. 128—xp o 26

MENSAGERIAS ARGENTINAS.

98—Calle de Rivadavia—98.
La Diligencia para el Carmen de Arce y Arce, sale por el primer tren del Ferrocarril del Oeste, todos los días "noches" y regresará todos los pares.
OTRO.
Salidas para el Carmen de Arce, Salto, Rojas, Junin, Pergamino, San Nicolas y Rosario los días 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29 y regresan los días 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 de cada mes.
LA EMPRESA.
46—xp o 10

Mudanza.

Las dos casas de negocio de H. Vidalé: "Aux Armes de Paris," especialidad de toda clase de ropa blanca y novedades para hombre y "Aux Armes de Franco," especialidad de perfumerias finas y artículos de lujo para regalos, guantes de Jovain, etc., etc., se han mudado a la Calle Florida Nos. 113 y 115 (casal del Sr. Baraudo) bajo el solo nombre de—
AUX ARMES DE PARIS.
184—16p o 10.

For New York.

The new, first class, American clipper ship
FLORENCE TREAT
Will be despatched as above for balance of freight please apply to
TAY UPTON, Ship Brokers,
39 Reconquista 39.
178—10p o 28.

FERROCARRIL DEL OESTE.

DIAS DE FIESTA.

ESTACIONES.	TIEMPO.
Mercedes	1 30
Lujan	2 15
San Juan	3 00
San Antonio	3 45
San Carlos	4 30
San Pedro	5 15
San Juan	6 00
San Antonio	6 45
San Carlos	7 30
San Pedro	8 15
San Juan	9 00
San Antonio	9 45
San Carlos	10 30
San Pedro	11 15
San Juan	12 00
San Antonio	12 45
San Carlos	1 30
San Pedro	2 15
San Juan	3 00
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San Pedro	5 15
San Juan	6 00
San Antonio	6 45
San Carlos	7 30

Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH. ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1865.

SANITARY COMMITTEE BAZAAR.

To-night the splendid ball-rooms of the Club Progreso, will be opened for the Fancy Fair which the ladies of Buenos Ayres have got up for the Sanitary Relief fund. Never was the temple of fashion and beauty devoted to a nobler purpose, and we feel certain it will be crowded with people of every nationality, to admire the works of the fair philanthropists and pay a tribute to their talents and merit.

We cannot attempt to give even a faint outline of the magnificent collection of articles of vertu, embroidery and fine-arts, chefs d'œuvre in their kind, which will form the merchandise of the fair vendors. Neither can we describe the galaxy of wit and beauty, the bewitching smiles and gentle emprovements enlisted in favor of suffering humanity, which will give a charm to such purchases. But we can foretell from the proverbial generosity of the B. Ayrean public that the Bazaar will be a great success: those who are blessed with fortune cannot turn the riches to better account than aiding the sick and wounded; and those of limited means can still enjoy a pleasant evening in the Bazaar at a trifling cost.

The stalls are arranged as follows: 1st. Mdmes. Hector Varela and Nicolas Avelleda. 2nd. Mdmes. Monteseleoca and Mariano Varela. 3rd. Mdmes. Iraola and Quintana. 4th. Mdmes. Tejedor and Oárdenas.

These will be situated in the grand hall over calle Perú, and in the saloon overlooking calle Victoria will be the parterre, under Mdmes. Garcia and Costa, and the buffet under Mdmes. Zavaleta and Bustamante. In the stalls &c., all the assistant shopkeepers will be young ladies of the principal families in town.

The Bazaar will last for three nights, 8th, 9th and 10th inst. We need not remind our countrymen of all denominations, of the generous aid which Argentines have always spontaneously given to every enterprise of foreign charity, but it will afford foreigners additional pleasure to assist at the Club Progreso Bazaar, when they know that they are returning a graceful and well-deserved compliment. Let each of us endeavor to secure some ornament for our parlors from the present fair of Charity, as a testimony of the kindly and fraternal feeling at present cultivated both by Argentines and foreigners, and which we hope may ever continue so, both for the relief of those in need and for the well-being of this our common country.

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

NEWS FROM THE FLEET.

THE PARAGUAYANS AT PASO LA PATRIA. Corrientes, Nov. 2, 1865.

To the Editors of the "Standard," Gentlemen,

By this opportunity I have but little to write of any consequence. Here we have been in peace and quietness ever since last Thursday.

Day before yesterday Gen. Barroso sent up four gunboats and the Liberator to reconnoitre. They came back in the evening, and informed us they had gone up as far as the Paso de la Patria where they had plainly seen the enemy's firing force on shore and two steamers towing chacs across the river leading to the steamer.

One of the steamers came down to reconnoitre the batteries, and these reconnoitred the compliment by sending a shell which exploded above her, and falling so close that she took to her heels.

The Paraguayans have cleared out of the province at double "quick time," I have been told many a tale of wickedness on the part of the enemy towards some families of this town. The Paraguayans were a set of beggars, they continually kept at people's doors begging.

I have been told many a tale by the young ladies of this town respecting the Paraguayan dancing: they are very fond of the "Galop."

The folks here say, they were continually kept in hot water by the enemy, for they did not know "how or when" to please them. When they laughed too much the Paraguayans would think they were laughing at them, when very serious that they were enemies, when too boisterous they suspected them, and they always took revenge for any slight on the part of a young lady by threatening her with being taken to Humaitá.

The most enthusiastic and boldest young lady in the place, is an amiable young creature named Selaya. This lady was ever bold in her conversation and actions, and on many occasions compromising her whole family's safety. This young lady would neither dance with Paraguayan officers nor even take 'maté' with Paraguayan yerba.

This is the young beauty that after the fight of the 25th of May stepped out of her doors the 2nd. of the Line was passing by and gave Col. Rivas a splendid 'corona' of roses.

We found the people of this town nearly starved when we got here.

The people are beginning again to get over their terror and are showing us their faces. Poor people, they have certainly suffered a great deal.

A few days ago Caeceres had a sharp fight with the enemy near the Paso de la Patria, killing 35 men and taking several prisoners, and losing six killed and eight or ten wounded.

The Esmeralda arrived yesterday, with Governor Lagraña on board, as well as a great many officers from the army. There was a great 'hurrah' in the town, as a matter of course.

The army is now beginning to cross the River Corrientes, the allies now numbering 45,000 men.

The heat up here is intense, the thermometer ranging for the past two days from 80 to 82 in the shade, and 95 in the sun, and remember, we are only just getting into the fun. In the day we are in a continual perspiration with the heat, and during the night we are tormented with swarms of the most voracious mosquitos.

Our friend Lowry goes to pay Gen. Caceres' out-posts a visit bright and early to-morrow morning. By my next I shall be able to give you a good account of his visit. Everything is progressing favorably with us. The river is rising again—it has been, for the last two days, full of dead horses and cattle, lost by the enemy in their eagerness to cross over to the other side.

CUEVAS.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The American steamer 'Porteña' arrived on Monday evening a little after 5 o'clock, with a light mail and full complement of passengers.

The greatest 'bola' of the day is that which was circulated in Montevideo on the arrival of the Italian steamer Ercole, namely, that all diplomatic relations had been broken off between Spain and the Argentine Republic in consequence of the Argentine Minister having refused to stop the arming of the Shell-drake. Of course our readers must be aware that there is not one particle of truth in this rumor, and in fact, if the Privateer Club cannot get some more formidable vessel than the Shell-drake, the Spanish Minister need not trouble his head about the matter, for that exhausted gunboat could hardly get to the mouth of the river. When she was lying in Montevideo it required all hands for several hours at the pumps each day to keep her afloat. As we before remarked, no matter how much we all sympathize with the Chilians, we are in no position to render any assistance, and it will require the utmost precaution and discretion to steer clear of the dangers which attend this unfortunate Chilian business. Several Spanish war vessels are coming out to the River Plate, and Admiral Pinzon's son will be the chief of

the station; we count, therefore, on the strictest neutrality on the part of our Government, and no privateer or suspiciously armed vessel should be allowed to leave this port. It is quite evident that Chile, in opening 38 small free ports, has a very extensive Prize-Court business in view, but the trade of the River Plate with Spain is fifty times that of our commerce with Chile, and we must therefore take good care not to cut a stick to break our own back. The age of privateering is past: it is contrary to the spirit of the age, and is condemned by all Europe.

Mr. Conland, an engineer and land-surveyor, has recently invented what he calls a 'Quadrilater,' by which the old fashioned system of measuring land by chains is completely done away with. Parties who have seen and proved this scientific instrument speak in the highest terms of it; and regard it as a decided scientific improvement. The erratic lines drawn by the chains, the constant subject of litigation, will now be unknown. We congratulate this talented scientific gentleman on his discovery.

Respecting our remarks about the steamer Menay and the Government Inspector, we have received a communication from the Captain of the Port's, advising us that the information we received is slightly incorrect, inasmuch as Messrs. Rubio and Senorans are not inspectors of boilers and machinery. Mr. Rubio is inspector of marines, and a gentlemen of great experience, having been many years in the States. Mr. Senorans is a sort of Government Commissioner. When these gentlemen inspected the Menay last week they were accompanied by Mr. Pollock, who is the National Government-Engineer, and one of the best and most experienced judges of machinery in the River Plate. The Menay is a credit to the workshop where she was repaired. Sherman & Allen deserve our praise for the masterly job they made of this worn-out old vessel.

Down about the Boca and Barracas there is a great stir; vessels crowding in from all the up-river ports with every species of our productions, and vessels crowding out with half the comestibles in Buenos Aires: for years there has not been such activity noticeable in those parts as at present; new wools from the estancias on the banks of the rivers are hourly arriving, also some prime lots from English estancias in Entre Rios.

As an instance of how much business is overdone here we may remark that last week two vessels arrived in port from Concordia, and from their cargoes one would have supposed they came from the Mediterranean, the greatest assortment of wines, fideos, dried fruits &c.; even Havana cigars and Port wines were in the ship's bill of lading. Never before did we receive such a cargo from a remote port in Entre Rios. These articles were sent up from here-but arrived the day after the fair, when the army had left; as they might remain unsold there for fifty years they were at once sent down to be sold by auction in Buenos Ayres.

A farmer from Magdalena reports camps in excellent condition, sheep fat, nearly all shorn, bullock-carts scarce and 'lagunas' drying up; he says the farmers will soon have to commence drawing water for their flocks, thousands of sheep for sale down in that neighbourhood but very few buyers—and scarce and not to be had, and all the foreigners talking of making a trip to Frayle Muerto to secure some of those splendid cheap estancias about which the 'Standard' is talking so much.

We regret to report an awfully sudden death which occurred on Monday at the Western Railway Station; a native man apparently in the very best of health, who had just arrived from the camp, dropped down dead, in the presence of a crowd of passengers. Deceased died from an acute attack of apoplexy.

A farmer from the south requests us to recommend the Southern Railway for the carriage of wool. The charge from the Jeppener station is only 22 rls. and the Company gives 'lienzos' to those who have sent their wool in this way are well satisfied and say that they will never again trouble the bullock-carts.

It is rumored that the inauguration

of the Southern Railway will take place on or about the 15th inst. the rails are now out to the Chascomus station, and the locomotive runs through from town to Chascomus, daily: we cannot too highly praise the unceasing labours of Mr. Crawford so as to have the line open in time to catch the wool trade of the South: the opening of the road so early in the season is worth millions to the company. Mr. Crawford knew this and therefore worked night and day to finish the line.

Notwithstanding all the allurements and temptations held out by steam boat agents, day trips to Montevideo are found not to answer; the splendid American steamer 'Porteña' has made two day trips and although she took a fair complement of passengers both ways, still people prefer travelling by night: the 'Porteña' will henceforward leave at 6 o'clock in the evening on her regular days for starting; parties who have travelled in her state that she cuts through the water without any rocking or unpleasant motion so objectionable in most other river boats.

To-night the grand bazaar at the Club Progreso, begins. We have reason to believe that it will be a splendid affair and prove most successful. Madame Varela's stall promises to outshine all the rest; we had the pleasure of inspecting several articles of vertu—the 'Sister of charity' by Mrs. Elortondo is an exquisite work of art, this painting is marked at 4,000\$, and we regard it cheap at double that price: we feel bound to compliment our fair countrywoman on her great taste, and decided talent—there are several other paintings but our readers must go and judge for themselves.

Paraguayan prisoners are now so plenty that go where we will we meet them: yesterday in the train, to-day perhaps on the Bolsa, these poor fellows speak very little Spanish, but seem happy and contented in their new home.

Giving away railway iron as season presents, seems now to be the custom of the day. The last present has been some few hundred tons by the Congressmen to the Government of Santa Fé. This iron is said to have belonged to the Paraguayan Government, as it came from England consigned to the agent. We regard this as a dangerous business, as we very much question if English lawyers will decide that the delivery of the rails is complete, by merely putting on board and consigning to Eguisquiza. The property in the iron, on the contrary, if not already paid for, very possibly is still vested in Messrs. Brassy and Wythe's. We mention the matter merely as we hear that this extreme liberality on the part of our Congress men is greatly talked of, particularly as we learn on good authority that it has never been paid for, and belongs therefore as much to Lopez as Governor Oroño. All railway iron coming out here consigned to the enemy should be sold, according to law by auction, as railway iron cannot be regarded as contraband of war. If the manufacturers were paid for it it would be all well enough, but we have reason to suspect that quite the contrary is the fact.

When does Admiral Tamandaré go up the river? is the question we hear on all sides. It is strange the anxiety people have to keep the gallant Admiral running about; it is probable however that after the arrival of the English mail, the gallant Admiral will go up, and push ahead matters at Corrientes.

The elections in the Villa Mercedes on last Sunday were of a peculiarly stormy nature; we hear that the tables were smashed and also several of the voters' heads; they resulted in nothing owing to the terrible row which the opposition got up: we hear that there have been a number of arrests, but luckily no one killed, the voting tickets were all pitched about the plaza.

CONSECRATION OF THE CHURCH AT MORENO.

The new church at Moreno which was begun on Feb. 2nd 1863, was solemnly consecrated on Sunday, in presence of Governor Saavedra, his Ministers, and a large concourse of natives and foreigners. The Bishop was unable to attend, but the V. Rev. Canons Ordoñez and Fahy officiated in his stead. At 10 o'clock a special train

started from the Parque terminus: in one carriage were His Excellency the Governor, Ministers Cardenas and Martínez, Canou Fuentes and several other dignitaries, and in another the Sociedad Argentina and a band of music. Passing Moron and Merlo, these stations were handsomely decorated, and the train reached Moreno at 11.30, when the bells rang out a welcome, and the townspeople headed by the Justice of Peace, Sr. Melo, were assembled to receive the guests. Two batts. of the 5th of the Line with their band of music were drawn up in the Plaza.

The first part of the ceremony was already over, but when the Governor and Ministers took their seats, Canon Ordoñez commenced High Mass: the orchestra was very good, and Padre Moro pronounced an eloquent sermon on the Blessed Virgin, who is patroness of the village. A splendid dejeuner for 200 persons was laid out in the railway station, the saloon being tastefully decorated with Argentine and foreign flags, wreaths of flowers, and shields bearing suitable devices.

The toasts were begun by the Justice of Peace who proposed the health of Governor Saavedra, god-father to the new church. Messrs. Alcorta and Juan Alsina also gave toasts. The Governor drank, to the progress of Moreno, and Minister Cardenas in a similar sense; but after this some irrelevant political questions were introduced with extreme bad taste, the effect of which was happily removed by the musical performances of the Sociedad Argentina, the juvenile artistes acquitting themselves with much credit.

While the guests proceeded to the Juzgado, the 'paisanos' and soldiers were entertained with an abundant 'Carne con cuero.' At 4 o'clock the game of sortija began in the Plaza, some 20 horsemen gaily dressed going through wonderful evolutions on their chargers. In the evening there were rockets, fire-balloons, and bands of music, for the amusement of the villagers. At 6.30 the Governor and Ministers started from town, but many of the visitors remained for the grand ball which took place in the station-house and lasted till 2 in the morning.

The return-train comprised no fewer than 34 carriages, with more than 700 passengers, and in order to avoid an accident in the curves near town, the Moreno station-master telegraphed to Sr. Elordi of the Parque who made arrangements to divide the train at Once Setiembre, and all safely reached town. The Manager of the railway, Sr. Haedo, deserves much praise, remaining at his post till the arrival of the extra train at midnight.

LATEST FROM BRAZIL.

It is now generally believed in Rio Janeiro that the whole military power of Lopez does not exceed 35,000 bayonets, as the original strength was calculated at 47,000 horse and foot, of which number he has lost 12,000 between the battle of Riachuelo and campaign on the Uruguay.

The 'Diario Oficial' of Oct. 19th gives some particulars concerning the new Brazilian Loan negotiated by Baron Penedo with Messrs. Rothschild and Sons in London on Sept. 12th: it amounts to £6,963,613 which, being emitted at 74, yields nett £5,147,515. The Bonds are for one hundred, five hundred, and a thousand £ sterling each, with coupons for 37 years payable half-yearly at London and Amsterdam.

By decree Sept. 20th, the Emperor awards medals to all the Brazilian and allied forces which took part in the reduction of Uruguayana. The steamer Gerente was to leave Rio Janeiro on the 30th Oct. for Rio Grande to convey His Majesty back to the capital, where great preparations are being made to give him a suitable reception, by the mercantile community, the various societies and public departments and the citizens en masse.

Pestalardo's opera Co. is giving splendid performances at the Lyric Coliseum, which has been completely restored by the new manager, Sor Velloco. Estigarribia, the mock-hero of Uruguayana, was seen in the theatre on the night of Oct. 18th, but no one took any notice of him. The literary institute called 'Arcadia Fluminense' of over 20 years' standing, continues in

full vigor, giving brilliant 'conversations' once a month, which are well attended.

(Nacional.)

GRAND CONCERT AT COLON.

With the great and increasing taste for music which exists amongst almost every class of Buenos Ayrean society, we have often expressed our surprise that so few opportunities should be afforded to those lovers of sweet strains who never had the chance of assisting at any of those musical 'reunions,' which are unhappily scarce amongst us. In other large cities, with not even one-half the population of Buenos Ayres, concerts are the order of the day during the season; whilst in most of the small German towns, one of the standing institutions is the weekly or monthly exhibition of the vocal and instrumental powers of the district, whereas here, with a large population, a very discerning public, and sufficient elements, we are very seldom treated to anything in the shape of a musical soirée. This is (as we have before observed) by no means as it should be, and if the incredulous wished any further proof as to how instrumental music is appreciated here, the crowded state of Colon on Saturday night is, we should say, sufficient to show that with a little combined energy, on the part of the 'artistes,' we might be often favored with a repetition of the treat we enjoyed on this occasion.

The appearance of the house, &c., recalled to our memory that happy night when the celebrated concert, directed by M. Nannetti, took place, the success of which inspired us with the hope that the audience would retire on this evening as well pleased. The programme selected was choice, and each piece, a gem in its way, was listened to with breathless attention. The overture with 'Semiramis' was performed with telling effect, under the direction of M. Poppe, who discharged his very important task most efficiently. The trio from 'William Tell' being over, M. Patañis came forward and delighted the audience with a fantasia from 'Sounambula.' This splendid performer (who, by the way, is a pupil of Thalberg's) plays with an execution and firmness which augurs well for his future success; and the applause with which he was greeted both in this piece and the 'Duo de Norma,' must have been quite satisfactory to him. In this he was ably assisted by S. Barnasconi, who played 'very sweetly.' 'La Poesia' and 'La Meditacion,' were ably performed, as announced in the programme. The peculiar sweetness of Werner's playing on the violoncello, was received with marked applause. There is a delicacy and sweetness in the notes he extracts from this favourite instrument which is really delightful. The 'Solo de Fiddle,' by C. Oliviera, on the 'ophecleide,' was well executed and applauded.

Having thus touched on the various items in the programme, we conclude by remarking that the performance of Paul Jullien on this occasion far eclipsed our most sanguine expectations. His rendering of the parts allotted to him was marked and accurate, and his ready compliance with the extra demands made on him, rendered him even more popular, whilst the thunders of applause showered on him must have been received by him as a convincing proof as to how his delicious playing was appreciated. His 'fantasia' from 'Norma' was grand, and his execution on the 'Fantasia de la Linda de Chamounix,' so surprised every one, that nothing else than an 'encore' would content the house. At this moment he was presented with a medal by the Musical Society of Buenos Ayres, and so intense was the applause that the curtain went down leaving him outside, when he good-humoredly yielded to the wishes of the audience and performed a 'Medley,' which was listened to with breathless silence.

The concert concluded with Jullien's performance, 'The Carnival de Venice,' as arranged by Paganini; and when we say that he closely rivals that great master in this his favorite piece, we must re-echo the opinion of some first-class judges who have heard both. Not a soul stirred until the last sweet note ceased, and seldom has an audience left Colon better pleased than

