

TEATRO COLON.

ITALIAN OPERA.

11.^a funcion del 3.^o temporada. Viernes 3 del Agosto.

MARTA

A las 8.

Teatro Franco-Argentino

Rentrée

De la Compagnie

DES BOUFFES PARISIENS.

Vendredi 3 Aout 1866.

LES FILLES DE MARBRE.

Pièce en 5 actes, jouée par toute la compagnie. 7 heures 1/2

COLISEUM.

SECOND SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT.

GIVEN BY

JOHN HORACE REINKEN.

With the object of raising the elements to establish a weekly 'Reunion,' under the title of 'La Sociedad Filarmónica de Buenos Ayres.'

The Concert will take place on Monday evening, August 6, 1866. To commence at eight o'clock precisely.

PROGRAMME.

Part 1st.

Overture from the opera 'The Mill on the Rock' Reissiger.

Chorus from the Opera 'Nabuco' Verdi.

Air from 'I Puritani,' for Soprano, sung by Miss Ramona Sanchez Bellini.

Fantasia de Concert, from 'Rigoletto,' for Piano, executed by Misses Variations on a 'Theme,' by Rodé, for soprano. Sung by Mrs. Mantels Moreau.

Quintette and chorus finale of the 2nd act, from the 'Sonnambula.' The solos sung by Mrs. Leite, Miss Sanchez, and Miss Leite; Messrs. Grotting and Reinken Bellini.

The Coronation March, from the 'Prophet' Meyerbeer.

Chorus from the opera, 'Marco Visconti.' Sung by Ladies. Petrella.

Andalusian Song for soprano, sung by Mrs. Mantels. Yradié.

Final of the 2nd Act, from the Opera 'Alessandro Stradella.' The solos sung by Miss Sanchez, Messrs. Stanfield, Winter, and Reinken Flotow.

Andante, Final de Concert 'Lucia,' for Piano, four hands. Executed by Miss Leite, and Master A. Celostino Thalberg.

Duo from 'Norma.' Sung by Mrs. Leite and Miss Sanchez. Bellini.

Overture from 'William Tell' Rossini.

The Orchestra consists of 40 performers, professional and amateur.

Single Tickets can only be obtained at Messrs. Mackern's Library, Calle San Martin, 44.

Programmes will be shortly published.

173 1w—jy 29

Subscription to the 'Standard,'

\$ 30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$ 5

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere" CICERO.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1866.

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

UNITED STATES AND PARAGUAY.

MR. WASHBURN GOING UP.

Yesterday we received information from a most authentic source respecting the latest despatches from the U. States, which are to the effect, viz., The double ended U. States war-sloop Shamokin, Captain Crosby, is placed at the disposal of the Hon. Mr. Washburn, U. States Minister to Paraguay, temporarily sojourning in the city of Corrientes, to convey him to his mission.

The Shamokin is one of the most formidable vessels that has ever visited the River Plate, is 243 feet long, and carries ten Parrots and Dahlgren 11-inch guns. She was built expressly for river navigation, with double steering apparatus, so as to avoid the necessity of turning round: she looks long and narrow, and has two bullet-proof round-houses on deck. Her commander, Captain Crosby, saw much service in the late war, especially in the Bay of Mobile, fishing for torpedoes.

It will be remembered that the Hon. Mr. Washburn was twice refused by the allied Generals permission to pass up to Paraguay, and has been obliged to remain several months at Corrientes. The matter now assumes a new phase, and we suppose Captain Crosby will at once proceed to Corrientes to take Mr. Washburn on board, for Asuncion,

THE BATTLE OF CAPON PIRIS.

The people of Buenos Ayres if they were astonished by the first hurried accounts which came to hand of the last battle, could not fail to be still more surprised on Tuesday morning at the stupendous 'Partes oficiales' which the Nacion published, and which were of such unprecedented length that our colleague the 'Tribuna' was obliged to publish them in the largest form of a supplement ever issued by the press of this city. Verily if we are to judge of the fight by the length and size of the official reports we must necessarily arrive at the conclusion that the battle of Capon Piris beats all the other fights recorded in history. Every engagement in the late American war sinks into insignificance when compared with the Capon Piris—and since

A king sat on a rocky brow That looked o'er sea-girl Salamis,

there never has been such a struggle as the eleven columns of the 'Nacion Argentina' on Tuesday morning described, and even then all was not there, since the most important of all the despatches of the Commander in Chief was wanting.

Knowing full well that not one in five hundred of our readers would read these lengthy documents if even we had the courage, the printers, or the money to print them, we have waded through them after an immense exertion and find the following—

1st. The order of President Mitre dated 19th July, wherein he states that within eight days there have been four glorious battles, in which the enemy have lost altogether 800 dead, 2,000 wounded and 36 prisoners, the trophies are 1 machine for firing off congreve-rockets,—2 ammunition waggons 1,127 muskets, 156 sappers and miners tools, sundry other articles belonging to the cavalry, and a magazine of the enemy exploded. The allied loss figures up almost to the estimated Paraguayan loss being 2,624 killed and wounded and the result of these engagements has been the dominion of an advanced post on our right and driving the enemy from their fortified positions besides exposing their defences.

2nd. General Paunero's report, which gives a lengthened account of a fight the people of Buenos Ayres previously knew nothing about, on the 10th inst., the Provincial troops in the thick of this. Paunero gives a very capital account of this fight, in which many brave officers and men fell. As usual the fight was in a wood, and although we have at hand four or five despatches, we cannot see what caused the engagement.

3rd. The Brazilian Field-Marshal Polidoro Jordan's description of the battle of the 16th, which is interesting. The Paraguayans were known to be erecting batteries quite close to our encampment, which if effected would shell us out of our very tents. Gen. Mitre, Flores, and Ossorio having agreed that this place should be attacked, I sent some troops on the night of the 15th to sleep in the woods, so as to attack the first thing in the morning; Mena Barreto had the command. The attack was made and the enemy driven off. They were surprised whilst making ditches. We followed them up until we came to an opening in the wood, when they opened a masked battery of cannon on us and we were obliged to clear out. The Paraguayans in great numbers followed us, and a terrible fight ensued. Our artillery—as useless, owing to the wood; and, in fact, we fell back to the place we first took from the Paraguayans, who kept attacking us all day, but we held our ground. At five o'clock in the evening Conesa came up with his regiment, which fought bravely. Brigadier Guillermo and Gen. Flores were busy in another quarter, and Mena Barreto tried to help them, but lost over 1,000 men killed and wounded, and the enemy about 2,000; but we held and still hold the wood.

4th. General Flores' despatch, which gives another version of the same fight.

5th. Colonel Conesa's account of how he helped the Brazilians to hold the wood, the dangers of the place, and the number of his killed and wounded.

6th. General Flores' account of the battle of the 18th, wherein he states that he took to fighting that day simply

because both the Brazilians and Argentines stepped out to attack the enemy in different directions. When poor Col. Palleja informed me of the Argentines under Colonel Dominguez having attacked and taken the 'monto,' I ordered him up to support them. After four hours' fighting, seeing that the enemy was reinforced, I drew off my men to the position first taken from the enemy. General Flores, we remark, however, makes no mention of the Paraguayans having retaken this 'monto,' so we suppose it is not so.

7th. Marshal Polidoro Jordan's version of the battle of the 18th. On the night of the 17th Victorino perceived that the enemy was cutting a road through the forest, and making a great noise of musketry so as to keep the workmen from being heard. On the 18th I determined to reconnoitre. Victorino was busy fighting under Flores' orders so I can say nothing about him. I threw into the Potrero Piris some of my best regiments—as to be prepared for the worst—and put 2000 of Porto Alegre's men on the flank to guard against surprise. I had all my men ready and set too in real earnest to take the wood from the Paraguayans. Terrible fighting ensued; it lasted four hours. I was obliged to desist, as General Flores failed in his attempt to take the wood alongside. General E. Mitre arrived in the afternoon with some Argentine forces, but I refused to renew the attack as it was useless; and then it was that I heard the enemy had attacked the Argentines. I at once enquired of President Mitre what had happened, and he replied that the enemy had been fought, driven back, and with heavy loss. Nothing more. The fighting being over I ordered every necessary measure to secure our positions. We lost to-day about 800 killed and wounded, and Victorino got wounded in the left hand. As the enemy fought to-day behind breastworks, I can't say how many killed, but something very considerable.

8th. General Gelly Obes report, enclosing General E. Mitre's and other despatches. He states that the sinuosities of the grounds, and the infernal swampy woody breakneck position of the enemy, who hid in the jungles like wild beasts, are impediments which should not be forgotten.

9th. General E. Mitre's despatch, which goes into more details than Gelly Obes. He led his men up to the very mouth of the cannon, and endured the enemy's fire until called off by Mateo Martinez. Commander Orma was shot down whilst crossing an open space. As the shades of evening were falling, and when our divisions tired and weary were returning to their quarters, I got news that the enemy were dashing down on our right flank. The first division of Buenos Ayres was sent to the breach; where they found the enemy with a rocket machine in the woods. Gen. Mitre gives no account, however, of the flank attack.

10th. Col. Dominguez, the Commander of the 3rd Division, gives a long account of this part of the fight, and speaks very highly of the bravery of some of his men.

11th. Col. Mateo Martinez's despatch, who seems to have been perplexed as to whether to obey Polidoro or Gen. Mitre; he obeyed, at last, the Brazilian, and marched up. Commander Flores, who, it seems, knows every path in the woods, led Martinez and his men safely.

12th. Major Mancilla's despatch, which is very long; he seems to have been in the very hottest of the fight; his men fought well but retired in order; he has the sword of a Paraguayan officer, supposed to belong to Barrios.

13th. A number of other despatches, unimportant and mere repetitions of the preceding ones. The Paraguayans, it seems, had 2,000 horse as reserve; only 500 took part in the fight. All accounts now give Lopez from 25 to 30,000 men and immense parks of artillery.

MAILS FROM THE URUGUAY. The 'Comercio' of Paysandú, 31st ult. gives an account of the removal of Gen. Aguilar's remains: On Sunday, 29th inst. the funeral obsequies of the late General Fausto Aguilar took place. The body had

been conveyed, the day previous, to the church and was watched all night by the Urban Guard. Although it rained heavily next morning, the corpse was borne on people's shoulders down to the Custom-house, where they got into carriages and were driven to the port. The procession was in this order—

A piquet of cavalry, The Hearse, with the ashes in a mahogany urn, Two field-pieces, Band of music, playing Dead-march, The Urban Guard, Mounted police and citizens.

On arriving at the port, the artillery fired a salute of 21 guns and the remains were shipped on board the Tevere for Montevideo.

The new town-commission is composed of the following gentlemen:—Ambrosio Castagnet, Eustaquio Lasgasa, Juan B. Belando, Juan L. Cuentas, Dr. Lucas Herrera-Obes.

Major Torrent is named to succeed Col. Mundell as Gefe of the Department: the Government decree calls the former 'Valentine,' but it seems his name is Ventura, and he is daily expected from his estancia to assume office. "We know little of the new Gefe, says the 'Comercio,' but learn that he is a good and proper man: he has 'one great advantage, that he has not to commence organizing a chaos, but simply to continue the regular order of things established."

Colonel Mundell's resignation, dated Montevideo, July 23rd is in these terms: "My infirm health obliges me to beg Your Ex. will admit my resignation, but on retiring to private life I am always ready to give full account of all my administrative acts, in which my sole purpose has been the public welfare and security for life and property; and I hope my efforts will one day be realized."

The 'Comercio' says—"We saw the Colonel yesterday, and he looked strong and hearty. We learn that this upright and go-ahead magistrate was perpetually harassed by petty intriguers, and now in disgust he retires into private life to attend to his own business. He has been Gefe of Paysandú during 12 months of a stormy period, and now descends from power with the esteem and respect of all parties."

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The people of the Villa Lujan speak in the highest terms of the Commissioners named to take up horses; they acted with the greatest prudence. Over 500 horses were presented in the Plaza: the Commissioners only took 25 horses.

Our fashionable reporter gives us the following interesting items: A leading French merchant gives fortnightly parties during the winter. In the neighborhood of Lezama's quinta four English families have arranged to give weekly parties.

Two of the State prisoners, Mr. Bernheim and Sor. Guido, have been set at liberty. We are pleased to see that the Government has acted on our suggestion, and we hope to see the rest of the prisoners liberated.

The renowned firm of Parker and Cordero is dissolved. Mr. Cordero retires, but Mr. Parker still adheres to the estancia and sheep business. The present season is peculiarly unfavorable, owing to the scarcity of money. Parker's books, we understand, are filled with the most tempting chances in the camp line, but buyers are very few, and until the war concludes this class of business must necessarily be dull.

It is more than probable that the next mail will bring orders from headquarters for more men. Consular certificates will again come in vogue and 'personeros' be looked for.

The new paper called "La Palabra de Mayo" or "The word of the Month of May," yesterday made its appearance. Such a title for a paper will sound to English readers as rather novel. We notice that one of the editors is of English descent, Mr. Thomas Oliver. The paper is evidently opposition: the times are rather out of joint for opposition papers, and we fear that "The words of the Month of May," will have very up-hill work.

The anticipated row in Congress on Señor Grané's motion passed off very quietly. The whole House was against

Granel. The Minister of War, on being interrogated, stated that he could not say what number of men General Mitre has in the Argentine camp, not having received advices, and the President of the Senate having hinted that the motion was impolitic, it was at once withdrawn.

The Rio Paraná arrived yesterday from the Uruguay. She brings no news of importance. The mails from Entre Rios are also at hand; everything is quiet there. Since the Dolocitas has been taken off, the mails from Gualeguay are most irregular. We have heard nothing from the Railway, but suppose it is running regularly.

The Cisne brought us down several wounded officers, amongst others Dn. José Rocha, Da. J. M. Rosas, and S. Montero: we hope they will soon recover from their wounds and be able to go about.

According to letters received per Cisne it is generally believed that the fighting is still going on. The Paraguayans, at latest dates, had retaken one of their batteries, which so commanded the Brazilian position that it was believed a general engagement would ensue.

The Spanish vessels Colon and Vad Ras were to have sailed from Montevideo on Monday for the Falkland Islands to take up the Resolucion. She will be taken, it is thought, to Rio Janeiro.

Dr. Rawson, the National Prime Minister, has named Sr. Dn. José M. Cantilo sub-Secretary of the Interior. We congratulate Sr. Cantilo on this distinction. Sr. Cantilo is the proprietor of the 'Siglo' printing-office, and an accomplished English scholar.

The astronomical steamer Ptolemy arrived in port yesterday from Liverpool. There are now two steamers of this line in port.

The little town of the Villa Luxan was thrown into consternation the other morning on the discovery of a quintero, Dn. José Sanchez, lying dead in the street. It seems that the poor man was not murdered, but his horse stumbled and fell on him, crushing him to death.

In the partido of Lujan the camps are in splendid condition; flocks in good condition. Some sales of capones at \$45. Price of sheepskins, \$140 per dozen.

To-day the great ram auction at Sr. Nazar's comes off. We have seen the rams, they have been imported by Sr. Rosenthal, and are beyond all question the finest we ever inspected; some of the animals, we believe, will give more than 30 lb. to the fleece. They seem to have been reared with the greatest care, and are really well worth inspection. We advise all our friends, even though they do not want to purchase, to drop into Nazar's to-day and see these rams before they are removed.

General Hornos is about to return for headquarters. We highly approve of this officer's determination, as things are very critical at present, and all the officers in town ought to at once leave for headquarters.

General Caceres, who has been for some time resting himself in Corrientes, has also left for headquarters. We believe the Correntino brigade however is reduced to nil.

Barroso is expected hourly; he will come in the Amazonas and lie off Montevideo, organizing the squadron of reserve.

Mrs. Martínez de Hoz and Mrs. Gandara have collected \$4130 mpc. for the invalids. There are many other ladies also collecting.

Yesterday there was to have been a meeting of the Barraqueros Club in Barracas, in order to arrange matters. We hope the Secretary will send us particulars.

The 'Tribuna' office has completely changed its fixtures; a large counter like that of a private bank, extends across the office, iron-safes, immense account books and clerks who look worked to death betoken the splendid business of our colleague. The office, however, has a tumble-down appearance and none of the stately magnificence of our office with the walls hung round with maps and portraits, gifts of our princely liberal subscribers.

We have to congratulate Dr. Quintana on his successful termination of a case which involved \$130,000 mpc. His

client, a wealthy Scotchman from the south camps, had been surreptitiously induced to sign a 'pagaré' for this amount without receiving the slightest value. The promissory note was sent up to town to be discounted. Some of the Scotchman's friends got wind of the matter, placed it in the hands of Dr. Quintana, who at once squashed the whole thing up. Such immediate relief, in such an intricate matter, merits our greatest praise.

Sr. Fernandez offers seven thousand fine mestiza sheep for sale in the partido of Magdalena. They are of the best class, and will be sold cheap.

Gibson and Murray have on board the Ptolemy a magnificent assortment of spring goods; luckily this astronomical boat has come in. The goods have been especially selected by their agents at home for the 'beau-monde' of Buenos Ayres. We shall give due notice of the opening of these goods. The ram auction at Sr. Billingham's yesterday came off well, and Sr. Martinez de Hoz has no cause to complain. We feel well pleased at this, as the rams being bred in this country attracted our attention. The principal buyers at the auction were—

Mr. Tyrrell, Villa Mercedes, who bought eight splendid rams at from \$500 to \$1,900 per.

Sr. Torres, several from \$600 to \$800 per.

Sr. Donselaar, several at same price.

Mr. M. Duggan one ram in \$1500, and one in \$1800: very fine animals. Sr. Fernandez several at from \$300 to \$800.

Sr. Lopez do.

In a word, the auction passed off well and with much animation.

One of the first German houses of this market, we perceive, has shipped to Havre 1024 arr. of ajate stone from the Uruguay. This is a new industry for the River Plate, and we hope to see it thrive.

We hear that President Mitre's private Secretary, Sr. Granada, arrived in town per Cisne: he has acted up to the present Sr. La Fuentes place.

The state of the streets at present baffles all description, and as it would seem that whilst this moon lasts the weather will not mend, we may expect in a few days to find the Plaza Victoria impassable.

A splendid troop of carriage and saddle horses is expected in Palermo to-day or to-morrow. We advise our friends to be on the look-out, as they will be sold cheap.

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

THE RECENT BATTLE.

Tuyucty, July 26th, 1866.

The recent engagements were brought on without the orders of the Generals in chief: the Brazilian and Oriental officers of the vanguard assaulted the foremost Paraguayan outwork, which counted a formidable battery, and for a moment carried the position; but the allied forces were soon driven out with great loss, being shot down in a horrible manner from battery in the next thicket. The Argentines then daringly advanced and seized the outwork in question, but were also forced to abandon it; after losing 700 men: the Brazilians lost about 4,000. Six steamers have been employed carrying down the wounded to Corrientes, and in the last few days no fewer than 1,637 Brazilians have been sent down, while there are yet more here waiting to be conveyed. The doctors have to work night and day: Minister Octaviano looks after the hospitals in Corrientes. That city is like a Bolsa, where the purveyors carry on their operations: as the commissariat contracts are about to expire, a number of pretenders are in the field.—Messrs. Rocha Faria, Concepcion, Macedonia, Cabal and Benitez. It seems Rocha Faria will be the lucky man.

Our army still holds the trench taken on the 16th and has raised a fortification there. The Duke of Saxe and another transport arrived yesterday with some more of Port Alegre's men, and the rest are expected soon, although the President and Viper are hard aground near the Cerrito. Baron Port Alegre is coming to-morrow to confer with Octaviano, about an attack on Orupaity. Last night the Para-

guayans sent two torpedoes down stream, which were luckily seen in time and sunk by a shot from the Lindoia.

PHILARMONIC SOCIETY.

The programme of Mr. Reinken's second concert in aid of the above society has now been published, containing some of the most attractive arias that have ever been sung in Buenos Ayres.

Among those who have kindly offered to sing we notice Miss R. Sanchez, so well and favorably known to our amateurs, and Mrs. Mantels, who so many rushed to hear at Colon in the concert for the Sanitary Committee.

Our dilettanti will have the opportunity of listening to Mrs. Leite and Miss Sanchez in that most tender and melancholy of duets, the duo from 'Norma.' The aria from 'I Puritani,' and the coronation march from the 'Prophete' are also promised.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Giles, July 26th, 1866. To the Editors of the 'Standard.' Gentlemen, I read in your number of the 26th inst. an article translated from the 'Tribuna' on Public Lands; establishing their value on the basis of the money they can actually produce in rent.

It may no doubt be supposed that those persons were either speculators or did not know what stockbreeding was; but every rational person that has some knowledge of the risks, hardships and general unprofitableness of unreclaimed lands will bear witness that there has been no present gain attached to such tenures of land and that at best it has only been a venture in which some have lost their stock, others their life, and most of them their money whilst a very small percentage can say they have done as well as if they had remained on improved grazing lands.

We have already proved prices to be exorbitantly high, we must now show also how far it will be possible for the Government to carry out their views. For this purpose it is enough to mention that supposing all lands to be reduced to 100,000\$ per league it would represent an amount of fifty million of dollars currency in the 500 leagues proposed for sale; an amount far too large to be withdrawn from the general commerce of the country to a comparatively unprofitable and altogether unconvertible investment and that a very small if any part of this amount can be expected to come from other countries when there are better inducements in Santa Fé and Cordoba for a business of this nature.

To offer a sale of Public Lands at exorbitant rates with the pretended view of affording scope to stockbreeding when it is known that the redemption of the paper dollar is the only thing they consult! Such is the sum total of all they have done for the camp!

But it is impossible to make one measure however good adapt itself to the other. If the redemption of the paper money is to be made at the expense of the Agricultural and Stockbreeding interests of the country, then it is right the Legislature should sacrifice the latter to the former; but, if as I think the development of stockbreeding &c. is especially thought to be the main spring of wealth in the Province of Buenos Ayres, let its interests be consulted apart from the paper money question and they will in time develop themselves sufficiently to meet the requirements of the Government, but by forcing sales they will only show the unsoundness of their views and prove the impossibility of reasoning parties into doing a business alike unsafe and unprofitable.

To ensure the ultimate but slow sale (for slow it must be) of Government lands and to afford scope to the annually increasing stock of the country, preventing thereby the losses produced by overstocking and by driving sheep to hard grasses we would suggest such measures only as are mild and liberal, and that have for a basis the direct interest of the individuals concerned, namely:—

1st. That a price should be fixed on land, proportionate to its income, allowing all possible advantages to the holder. 2d. That all those who have lands with stock on them, should buy them only when it suits them, and that they should in the meantime enjoy every right accorded to a proprietor in the matter of sub-letting and general improvements.

considered independent of agricultural and stockbreeding interests; so as not to sacrifice the latter to the former, and since our wise legislators have once thought on camp matters, let it be in an enlightened manner, and not legislate on lands for the sole good of the paper money, and if they must couple two objects in one, let it be following the example of the Santa Fé Government by annexing to all land laws, regulations, and facilities for emigration.

Hoping you will favor me with space in your valuable paper for the above, I remain, Gentlemen, Yours very respectfully, A SUBSCRIBER.

NATIONAL SCHOOLS.

As the 'Standard' is now admitted to be the only advocate for camp reform, not only in those branches that directly concern its supporters, but in all branches, be they purely native, purely foreign, or of a mixed tendency, no person can be at all surprised at my calling the attention of the Inspector of Schools to the state of some of the National schools in the camp.

I don't know if Mr. Estrada is aware of the fact that in many of these schools children who do not pay a monthly stipend to the teacher are compelled to do menial duties in lieu thereof. As some of the female schools a poor citizen has the option of having his daughter instructed in making colored shirts and such-like work, nominally for the schoolmistress, but in reality for some shop, wherein these commodities are sold for the benefit of the lady who receives government pay to instruct the future Argentine matrons. Is this the text of the law? no, it certainly is not. The Government spends a million and a half to support a few schools. Mostly all the Municipal Corporations give the teachers a salary, in addition to the Government pay, and in some places a private subscription is raised, guaranteeing a third instalment, and yet, with all this, teachers will exact a monthly stipend or otherwise make them slaves. But, I am about accusing wrongfully, quite forgetting that, without all these extras, a schoolmistress could not keep a piano and sport a white bonnet with a blue feather, nor could schoolmasters take the air in phaetons.

In nominating teachers it would be advisable to appoint married persons whenever practicable, for there is the same cause of complaint against unmarried teachers that estancieros have to single men as shepherds.

DICK.

LATEST FROM MAGDALENA.

Magdalena, July 27th. To the Editors of 'Standard,' Gentlemen,

Knowing that you are ever anxious to 'give honor where honor is due,' I am thus induced to seek a corner in your unrivalled journal in order to give thanks to our worthy and estimable Juez de Paz, on behalf of foreign residents in Magdalena. A gentleman in his position is so often called on to discharge difficult duties that it is not to be expected such duties can be carried out with a certainty of pleasing every one, especially where the business is extraordinary. Some few days ago the order arrived here relative to the taking up of horses, and at once all estancieros were notified to come forward and give the quota required in accordance with their means. The parade took place in the plaza on the 24th. The Juez then proceeded to select from all present, and we all agree in testifying to the straightforward and delicate manner with which he performed the important task confided to him. After a few enquiries he parted out one or two of the best and fattest, but he was repeatedly heard to enquire 'No hay mas gordos?' but the answer was, 'No Señor, no hay pasto en nuestro campo!' but many kept their favorites without food for a few days, in order to bring them down, and I must confess that your humble servant was one who adopted this plan. However, it was postponed for a few days, but as the estancieros only appeared with the same animals, it was postponed altogether, as every brute presented was pronounced 'inutil por flaco,' so that you can make yourselves easy about us—we have got off free.

Sheep are thin and capones unfit to eat, but we can always manage to pick out a good one. Cattle are not thin, but very weak, and you cannot ride through the camps without meeting a dozen carcasses.

Yours, etc., AN IRISHMAN.

ON 'CHANGE.

Table with exchange rates for August 1st, 1866. Includes items like Paper price of ounces, Do. Sovereigns, First price of patacons, Second, Last, and Cash sales.

The specie market could not rule weaker: gold is very abundant, and from the appearance of things prices seem inclined to recede still further. The news from the seat of war, although of an unfavorable character, seems to have a trifling effect on specie. All agree now that the conclusion of the war is more remote than previously supposed, but still the dearth of paper money and the approach of the busy season is dreaded.

The principal news on 'Change to-day' was the stoppage of a broker, the failure of Baque, almacenero, and the credit opened by the Provincial Bank for the Argentine Government for \$2,000,000. This credit has attracted much notice, as it leads to the supposition of the National Government having changed its banking account.

In Exchange some large transactions on Franco, at 5:15, and bills on England offered at 42. There was nothing in National Bonds, and we look for a fall, owing to the number of sellers offering on all sides. The quotations on foreign coupons have fallen within the last few days owing to the inexcusable delays in the payment at the Government House. Indeed, we are justified in saying that there is no quotation to-day for foreign coupons. The holders speak in the most unmeasured language respecting the tedious ceremony established at the Government House for the collection of coupons. We think it right to call the attention of the Government to this matter, as at present no one cares about holding these coupons, no matter how enormous the share.

The project of Senator Granel to pay public salaries half in cash half in public funds greatly astonished the brokers, creating some uneasiness generally. The amount saved by the Government would be so small, compared to the injury to its credit by any compulsory omission of Bonds that we feel certain the project will be thrown out.

A project is about to be presented to the National Minister to remove the Welsh colony from the Chupat to Patagonas. Sr. Murgo has promised us full particulars.

The sale of the cargo, ex Damon, to Repetto and Co., was much talked of.

- 1,600 bar sugar. 3,000 boxes starch. 14,000 gallons Kerosene. 10,000 lb. lard. Total value of this cargo sixty thousand patacons. Sold by the consignee, H. J. Lopes, to Repetto and Co., for cash.

Coal has run up sensibly within the last few days. Sales to-day at 25 patacons and over; and we hear that as high as 30 patacons has been asked.

No charters. In discounts few good bills offered. Gold 3/4 to 1. Paper 1 to 1 1/2. No sales of produce.

BIRTH.

On the 1st inst., at Drabble Row, Mrs. G. E. Maschwitz, of a son.

STEAMER AGENCY OF ALVAREZ & RISSO.

American steamer La Oriental, on Thursday, at 6 p.m., for Montevideo.

NOTICE.

Buenos Ayres, August 1, 1866. As by mutual consent Mr. William Beckhaus has retired from the business of produce broker we beg to advise the public that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of Wells, Beckhaus, and Co., remain from this date in liquidation, our partner, Mr. J. P. Wells, remaining in charge of same.

Referring to the above notice, we beg to advise the public that to-day we have formed a new partnership under the name and signature of Wells & Peyredieu, and that we will continue in the same business as the old firm.

To the Gentlemen Estancieros. To-day at Twelve o'clock the auction of the magnificent lot of German Rams and Ewes, introduced by Mr. A. Rosenthal, will be held at our premises—Calle de la Victoria, No. 154—Benjamin Nazar and Co. 3-1pa2

To Mr Guinness. If this gentleman, who received a parcel from Mr. Lett [lately arrived from Liverpool] for delivery in Montevideo, addressed to the undersigned, care of Messrs. Carlisle, Smith, and Co., will kindly communicate with the Editor of the 'Standard,' or by letter addressed to me under their care, he will much oblige George B. P. Fletcher. 3-6pa2

Spanish and English Languages. Mr. Bird gives lessons in the above, and also in Bookkeeping. Persons desirous of taking lessons in these, apply to R. Bird, Maipú 96, by letter. 201-1.3pa2

Fresh Butter. Only \$18 1/2/lb. The Public is notified that the best Fresh Butter in town, received every morning, can now be had at 116 Calle Corrientes. Parties buying will have the butter weighed to them. Original price \$24, now only \$18 1/2/lb. 205-1.3pa2

Agua de Seitz. 18—Calle Florida—18 1-1.3pa2

REMATE.

Por J. MILTON y Cia. En la Calle Parque esquina de Garantias, y otra casa lindera con las anteriores, No. 56 Garantias, construidas a la moderna, y con muchas comodidades.

Por EL MISMO. De un terreno, Calle Suipacha No. 280, Entre las del Temple y Cordova, compuesta de 16 varas de frente por 25 1/2 de fondo, con derecho a las cargas en las paredes.

Por MARIANO BILLINGHUST. El Depósito de Aduana, Calle Belgrano No. 6. De orden del Sr. Comandante General del Brasil. De 20 sacos de café con avoria, vendidos en el borganista Braziliro Alfredo.

Por J. MILTON y Cia. De los terrenos pertenecientes a la Sra Dña Agustina Gamboa de Griman, y Dn. Marcelo Gamboa y por orden de estos, situados en la estacion ferro-carril de la Boca, (Barraca de Peña) linderos con la Barraca de los Srs. Balcarce y Maldonado.

To Merchants. A gentleman wishes to enter a Mercantile Firm in this City, with view to Partnership. He has a good connection among Birmingham Merchants and Manufacturers, and is acquainted with the Spanish and French languages. Address, J. B. Standard office. 185-6pa2

Splendid Chance. To be sold, upon reasonable terms, a good Family House, modern, situated one square from the Retiro, containing 13 fine rooms, boarded floor, alfalfa, fire places, out-house, etc. Frontage 12 varas, by 70 varas depth.

Furnished Apartments to Single Gentlemen; calle Maipú No. 196. 210-6pa2

Interesante. El que suscribe tiene el honor de comunicar a este respetable publico que ha trasladado su establecimiento de Pedicuro y Flebotomo a los altos esquina de San Martin y Cangallo, No. 106, en donde tiene un gabinete adecuado para la extraccion de los Callos, Juncos y demas afecciones de los pies.

NOTICE. BUENOS AYRES CRICKET CLUB. The General Annual Meeting of the above Club will be held in the rooms of the British Library, on Tuesday, the 7th of August, at 7:30 a.m. for the purpose of electing a new Committee, &c. Members are requested to attend, as the outgoing Committee wish to bring before them the proceedings of the past year, and also other matters of importance.

Notice. The undersigned begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public in general that he has this day dissolved the Partnership which heretofore existed with Don Adolfo M. Cordero, in consequence of which he has taken his son, Federico M. Parker, as partner. The business for the future will be carried on under the firm of Parker & Son. He would take this opportunity to state that he has a large assortment of Estancias to rent and on sale in Buenos Ayres, Banda Oriental, Santa Fé and Entre Rios.

Notice. The undersigned begs leave most respectfully to inform the public that he is now fully prepared to do mason work of every description pertaining to the trade, and if necessary plans, specifications, and estimates will be furnished. Ample security will be given for any contracts or works entrusted to my care. Any orders from the camp will meet with prompt attention, and every information will be given to persons about to build. Having just concluded a court-house, prison, and curate's house for the Municipality of Arrecifes, the President of said Municipality will give any persons the fullest information respecting my character and ability.

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FOR MONTEVIDEO, The Now and Splendid American Steamer LA ORIENTAL, Captain SAVORY, Leaves Buenos Ayres for Montevideo Tuesday and Friday; Leaves Montevideo for Buenos Ayres Thursday and Saturday; Hour of sailing 5 p.m. The accommodations on board this steamer are spacious and cannot be surpassed for comfort and elegance.

For New York, Will sail about the middle of August, the splendid, fast-sailing clipper bark GLENWOOD, Capt. Bentegat, has only room for a few first class passengers. For passage apply to 198-3pa1 MANTELES & PFEIFFER.

ENGLISH CAMP STORE 106 AND 108 CALLE TREINTA Y TRES, Montevideo. Estancieros will find at the above address a complete assortment of Groceries, Wines, Brandies, &c.; also Sorby's Sheep Shears, mark "Sheep," Sorby's Patent all Cast-steel Sheep Shears. Tools for trying, Wool, Sewing Twine, Wool Bags, Leather Gaiters, Crimean Shirts, Paper Collars, Pea Jackets. English Newspapers and Magazines forwarded to the camp, by JAMES EASTON.

Dr. Don Francisco de las Carreras and family invite his friends to the funeral ceremonies for the repose of the soul of his late wife, Dña. Teresa F. de las Carreras, which will take place at the College Church on Saturday the 4th August at 10:30 o'clock. 192-xp,jy31

S.S. KEPLER. 1,499 Tons Register—Captain MARS. The above Steamer will be despatched for Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Lisbon, and Liverpool (calling at Montevideo), on FRIDAY next, 3rd AUGUST. Cargo received on board until the evening of the 3rd of AUGUST. Parcels and specie (on which freight must be pre-paid) will be received at the Agent's Office up to Three o'clock on day of sailing. The steamer has excellent accommodation for saloon and forward passengers. Apply to the consignees, Messrs. Darbyshire, Krabbe & Co., or to 188-xp,jy31 JOHN P. BOYD & Co., Calle San Martin No. 56.

To Estancieros. The Advertiser, owners of a fine tract of Land in the Province of Santa Fé, will receive 2,000 head of Cattle on halves. For further particulars apply to Messrs. R. Muir & Co., 162 calle Defensa, Buenos Ayres. 186-10pa1

On Sale. In the Partido de Magdalena, from 7,000 to 8,000 fine Merino Sheep. Apply calle de Moreno No. 164. 195-6pa1

Wanted. A Young Woman with recommendations, wants a situation as Housemaid or Landress. Apply at 32 calle Cuyo. 205-3pa2

Wanted. A respectable elderly woman to act as housekeeper and take charge of a child for a small family. Apply by letter to A. B. office of this paper. 5-3pa2

Wanted. A Young Man, speaking the English, French and German languages perfectly, having a good commercial education, and who writes a good hand, wants a situation as Clerk as soon as possible. He has experience in different branches of commerce. Good city references given. Address Sogesser, Hotel de Genève, 14 calle 25 de Mayo. 212-3pa2

REMATE
POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
En su casa, calle de Potosí No. 70.
De tres hermosos carneros Padres, y seis Borregos de la pura raza Merino...

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
En su casa calle de Potosí No. 70.
De 30 carneros padres de raza Negretti sangre pura, de padres y madres europeos...

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
En el precioso pueblo de Belgrano.
De dos fincas, la una situada en la calle de Chacabuco No. 2...

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
En su casa Calle de Potosí No. 70.
De una hermosa colección de plantas de adorno y frutales del conocido establecimiento del Sr. D. José Buschental...

POR J. MILTON Y Ca.
De una casa situada en la calle del Comercio No. 242, entre las de Tacayari y Buen Orden.
El Domingo 5 de Agosto á las 2 en punto, por órden de su dueño D. Bernardino Quiroga...

Por BENJAMIN NAZAR Y Cia.
De una selecta partida de Carneros y Borregos Negretti sangre pura, venida á la consignación de los Señores Roosen, Hopman y Cia., escogidos de ocho Cabañas de las principales de Alemania...

Edicto Judicial.
Por disposición del Sr. Juez Nacional de esta Sección Dr. D. Alejandro Heredia, cito, llamo y emplazo a D. Santiago D. Lorenzo y D. Tomas Young...

Edicto Judicial.
Por disposición del Sr. Juez Nacional de esta Sección Dr. D. Alejandro Heredia, cito, llamo y emplazo a D. Miguel Scally, para que comparezca el treinta y uno del corriente mes a la una, ante el Juzgado de Su Señoría...

Edicto Judicial.
Por disposición del Sr. Juez Nacional de esta Sección Dr. D. Alejandro Heredia, cito, llamo y emplazo a D. Patricio y D. Guillermo Dorvin, para que comparezcan el 31 del corriente mes...

Edicto Judicial.
Por disposición del Sr. Juez Nacional de esta Sección Dr. D. Alejandro Heredia, cito, llamo y emplazo a D. Patricio y D. Guillermo Dorvin, para que comparezcan el 31 del corriente mes...

GUINNESS'S Celebrated Extra Stout
in quarts and pints at BARRY & WALKER'S, Sole Agents, 97-Calle Defensa-97.
ALEXANDER FULTON & CO.
Respectfully call the attention of their customers to their large stock of Plain and Fancy Linseys...

Begin respectfully to call the attention of their numerous customers to their present large stock of—
Plain and Fancy Linseys and Serges, Flannels, Finesse, and Shirtings, White and Colored, and Crispens, Cotton and Woolen Hosiery, Fery Countergangs, Blankets, Flannels, Dress Goods, Alpaca, Merinos, Sheetings, Reversible Jackets, White Shirts, Crismins for Men and Youths, Pilot Coats, Pilot Pants, Vests, Ties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs and many other articles.

REAL HOLLANDS, Sole Exporter HERMAN VAN HOUTEN. Rotterdam.
This celebrated and well known Gin to be had of the office of the undersigned in lots to suit the purchaser shall from this date, according to agreement, only be imported by D. F. W. PAATS, 69-Calle Belgrano-69

The Great Southern Railway
Is prepared to sell Fencing Material at the following advantageous terms:—
Fencing wire (best quality, 3 strand cable, galvanized), at \$160 mpc. per quintal.

To the Commercial Public.
The undersigned have the honor to inform the Mercantile Community that at this date they have established in this city a house of Mercantile Brokerage for the despatch of vessels and Custom-house business, which will be carried under the firm of Milton and Ferrer, Calle Victoria No. 20, Plaza 25 de Mayo.

Edicto Judicial.
Por disposición del Sr. Juez Nacional de esta Sección Dr. D. Alejandro Heredia, cito, llamo y emplazo a D. Patricio y D. Guillermo Dorvin, para que comparezcan el 31 del corriente mes...

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Edicto Judicial.
Por disposición del Sr. Juez Nacional de esta Sección Dr. D. Alejandro Heredia, cito, llamo y emplazo a D. Patricio y D. Guillermo Dorvin, para que comparezcan el 31 del corriente mes...

SAVINGS BANK. BANK MAU AND CO.
No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.
The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres...

CONDITIONS.
First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards.
Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p c) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.
NAME OF STEAMERS. LA PLATA (NEW), ADA, URUGUAY, CORDOVA, LEDA.
One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 10th of each month.

Table with columns: DEPARTURE, WEEK-DAYS, RETURN. Lists departure and return times for various steamers.

Table with columns: DEPARTURE, SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS, RETURN. Lists departure and return times for Sundays and holidays.

NEW WINTER GOODS.
Mr. THOMAS HOLMS begs to inform the public and his numerous friends that having just received an extensive variety of new and fashionable articles selected from the London, Glasgow, and Paris markets...

FOR ROSARIO,
The steamer POL L U X will leave this port on Saturday, at 10 p.m., taking cargo and passengers.
THE CASTOR will arrive here on Friday, and will be ready to receive cargo for same port on Saturday.

VESSELS LOADING IN PORT
by L. SAGORY AND LENNUYEUX. SHIP-BROKERS.
47-Calle Cangallo-47.
HAVRE. BUFFON—French ship, 3/3 L. I. I., 563 tons, Captain Bizet; Consigned to M.M. Llavallol and Sons.

STEAM-BOAT AGENCY.
MATTI Y CA.
30-Calle Cangallo-30.
For Rosario and intermediate ports. The steamer Tala will leave at 10 a.m. on Sundays, returning on Fridays.

Commercial College of Santa Lucia
750-Calle Buen Orden-750.
FOUNDED BY MR. PONGERARD.
The undersigned, director of the above College, begs to call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the programme of education peculiar to the Establishment.

Commercial College of Santa Lucia
750-Calle Buen Orden-750.
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ALVAREZ Y RISSO, Reconquista 99.
Itinerario que regirá para los siguientes vapores desde el 1.º de Noviembre de 1866.
Carrera entre Bs. Ayres y Montevideo. Para Montevideo—El vapor Inglés.

ALVAREZ Y RISSO, Reconquista 99.
Itinerario que regirá para los siguientes vapores desde el 1.º de Noviembre de 1866.
Carrera entre Buenos Ayres y los puertos del Uruguay. Para el Salto é intermedios—El vapor, RIO DE LA PLATA.

ALVAREZ Y RISSO, Reconquista 99.
Itinerario que regirá para los siguientes vapores desde el 1.º de Noviembre de 1866.
Carrera entre Buenos Ayres y los puertos del Uruguay. Para el Salto é intermedios—El vapor, RIO DE LA PLATA.

ALVAREZ Y RISSO, Reconquista 99.
Itinerario que regirá para los siguientes vapores desde el 1.º de Noviembre de 1866.
Carrera entre Buenos Ayres y los puertos del Uruguay. Para el Salto é intermedios—El vapor, RIO DE LA PLATA.

TARIFA VIGENTE.
PASAJE DE CAMARA.
A Montevideo 8 ps. de la de M. Video
"Martin Garcia 4 " " "
" Higueritas 4 " " "
" Fray Bentos 8 " " "
" Concepcion 10 " " "
" Paisandú 12 " " "
" Concordia y Salto 16 " " "

F. Sprunck & Co.
93-CALLE ZAVALA-93.
Agents for the "Standard".
Pianos of Pleyel, Wolf & Co., Paris. Do of Edward Westermayer, Berlin. Do of T. Sprunck, Berlin. Do of J. Blüthner, Leipzig.

F. Sprunck & Co.
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Pianos of Pleyel, Wolf & Co., Paris. Do of Edward Westermayer, Berlin. Do of T. Sprunck, Berlin. Do of J. Blüthner, Leipzig.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE
64, 66 and 68 Calle Piedra, (between San Martin and Reconquista).
GENERAL CAMP STORE.
A large and well assorted stock of GROCERY, DRAPERY & IRONMONGERY.