

# The Standard

## AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.



1342—Sixth Year

Buenos Ayres, Friday July 27, 1866.

Circulation 2 600

### MAUA BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—  
First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.  
Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.  
Third—Accounts current may be opened with Merchants and other parties who may prefer depositing cheques or other transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously conveyed under conditions established for such class of operations.  
Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubleons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.  
Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fe, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazil, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.  
Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.  
The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 3 p.m.  
P. P. MAUA & Co.  
WILLIAM LESLIE.

### MAUA BANK

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101—103.

**INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH,**  
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE,  
FOR BALANCES IN OUR FAVOR, 15 per cent.  
FOR BALANCES IN FAVOR OF CUSTOMERS  
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY,  
FOR BALANCES IN OUR FAVOR, 13 per cent.  
FOR BALANCES IN FAVOR OF CUSTOMERS 8  
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency,  
at conventional interest.  
P. P. MAUA & Co.,  
WILLIAM LESLIE.  
Jan. 1st, 1866.

**Briton and Medical General**  
(Incorporated with the United General)  
**LIFE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION.**  
Chief Office—75, BROADWAY, LONDON, W.C.  
Capital—3,000,000. Sterling.  
Propositions for Life Assurances are received, and immediate attention paid to the same. A Prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the Company's Agent in this City  
**GEORGE WILKS,**  
7 Calle Mayo.

### The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river.  
Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD  
**DIRECTORS.**  
Sr. Don Tomas Armstrong, President.  
" Jacob Parryman, Vice-President.  
" Andrew P. Leslie.  
" Enrique Tomkinson.  
" Mariano Casares.  
" Gerardo Yarragui.  
" Antonio Demarachi.  
" Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

### To English Travellers.

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city.  
Charges are most moderate.  
Wines Superb.  
Table d'Hotel on European Style.  
Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.  
**HOTEL DE LA PAIX,**  
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)

### ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

Collegio Comercial de Santa Lucia,  
Al pie de la Barranca de la Calle Buen Orden,  
Buenos Ayres.  
Founder—Mr. P. PONGERARD,  
Director—Mr. G. PARKINS.

A thorough English education, comprising the study of French and Spanish. Particular attention paid to foreign languages and the arithmetic classes.  
Comfort, discipline, and order strictly maintained.  
The grounds are situated in the most picturesque and most healthy suburb of this city.  
Per Month—Boarders, \$500 mjc. Day Boarders, \$250 mjc. Scholars, \$100 mjc. 80, xp, a18

### Notice.

The Executors of the late Robert Kerr, Esq., of the firm of Kerr & Grierson, merchants, here and of Barrhead, in the County of Lennox, Scotland, request all persons having claims against the deceased to lodge the same, without delay, in the hands either of William Thompson, Esq., 160 Calle Piedad, or the said Kerr & Grierson; or in Scotland with Messrs. Reid & Henderson, solicitors, Paisley, the law-agents of the Executors.  
Buenos Ayres, 1st May, 1866.  
16 j 3mo, m3

### For Sale.

Two leagues of land very cheap in the partido of Chacabuco, the best land in that district terms with great advantage to purchasers; two puertos on it with two locks of sheep, corrales, &c. By applying to the Estancia de Hanchos, partido del Carmen de Arco the land can be seen and terms arranged.  
86—15p j14

### Newcastle Coal.

Best quality, on sale,  
Moreno 66.  
29—15p j5

### La Protejida del Pilar.

Starts from Moreno every morning. Luggage letters, &c. to be left with Mr. Francis Rodriguez at the luggage room of the Parque Station.  
TOMAS AJESTO,  
153..10p m28.

### LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80  
Authorized Capital.....£2,000,000 sterling.  
Subscribed Capital.....£1,500,000 do.  
Reserve Fund Jan. 1866.....£100,000 do.  
Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances.  
Customers have the advantage of drawing cheques—of having approved bills discounted—of obtaining loans upon negotiable securities—of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection—and of lodging with the Bank valuable property in the fire proof strong rooms for safe custody.  
Deposit Accounts—Deposits received from the public generally—either for fixed periods or subject to seven or thirty days notice of withdrawal—Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the principal daily papers.  
Bill of Exchange—issued on the following places—  
London,  
Dublin,  
Paris,  
Antwerp,  
Hamburg,  
Genoa,  
Rio de Janeiro,  
Montevideo.  
J. H. GREEN,  
Manager,  
Buenos Ayres—March 15, 1866.

### LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80  
The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice be allowed:  
On specie deposits on account current, 5 per cent.  
On do. do. for ninety days fixed 8  
Do. subject to thirty days 8  
notice of withdrawal,  
On currency deposits in account current 6 per cent.  
On do. do. for ninety days fixed 10  
On do. do. subject to thirty 10  
days notice of withdrawal  
CHARGED  
On specie debit balances in account current 10  
On Currency do. 10  
J. H. GREEN,  
Manager,  
Buenos Ayres June 15 1866.

### THE LONDON ASSURANCE,

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER,  
1720.

### FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, MERCHANDIZE, AND VESSELS IN PORT OR IN DOCK, Throughout Great Britain and Ireland And in Foreign Countries.

**FOR LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE**  
Donamy Dobree, Esq. Governor.  
P. F. Robertson, Esq. M. P. Sub-Governor.  
Richard Baggallay, Esq. Deputy-Governor.

**DIRECTORS.**  
Nath Alexander Esq.,  
John A. Arbuthnot, Esq.,  
H. Bonham Bax, Esq.,  
James Blyth, Esq.,  
Edward Budd, Esq.,  
Mark Wilks Collet, Esq.,  
Sir Fred. Currie, Bart.,  
F. G. Dalgety, Esq.,  
John Entwistle, Esq.,  
G. L. Monk Gibbs, Esq.,  
Robert Gillespie, Esq.,  
Harry G. Gordon, Esq.,  
Edwin Gowor, Esq.,  
A. C. Guthrie, Esq.,  
John A. Hankey, Esq.,  
Louis Huth, Esq.,  
Charles Lyall, Esq.,  
John Ord, Esq.,  
Capt. R. W. Pelly, R.N.,  
David Powell, Esq.,  
William Remise, Esq.,  
Alexander Trotter, Esq.,  
W. Bruce Watson, Esq.,  
L. Peach Wilson, Esq.

Agents in Buenos Ayres, Messrs. L. B. Wilcox & Co., 31 Chacabuco who will give every information, issue policies, &c., on application at their office.  
89—xp m15.

### GERMAN BUEMEISTER,

Consignario de frutos del pais.  
Wool and produce broker,  
105—CALLE VENEZUELA—105.

### E. MEDLICOTT & CO.,

33—RECONQUISTA—33  
**ENGLISH FAMILY WINE MERCHANTS.**  
Medlicott and Co. respectfully invite the foreign public to pay them a visit and taste a new assortment of superior Portuguese and Spanish Wines just arrived; they are highly spoken of in Europe as suitable for table use. We have also a fresh supply of Ports and Sherries of all classes and prices.  
Sherry—Duff Gordon. Port—Sandiman and Co.  
Lisbon Dry—Medlicott and Co.  
Lisbon Red, 3 qualities—Medlicott and Co.  
Bucellas—Medlicott and Co.  
St. Julien.  
Chateau la Rose.  
Chateau Leoville.  
Chateau Margaux.  
Chateau Lafitte.  
And Brandy.  
Also a supply of pure wine vinegar, fruits and jellies.  
87 xp—m15

### Perfect Security from Burglars or Fire.

Can only be obtained by having George Price's triple and quadruple Patent Prize Medal Safes, fitted with his Patent Case hardened, drill and screw proof doors and his "ne plus ultra" Gunpowder Proof Locks which have successfully defied the efforts of the most expert London and Manchester "Crackmen."  
"Case hardening" as applied to these Safes renders the metal many times harder than the hardest steel ever used, thereby destroying the cutting edge and rendering utterly unoperative every description of burglars tools and implements however powerful or ingeniously constructed.  
The above Safes can be seen and price lists obtained by applying to  
JAMES SEMPLE & CO.,  
Calle Chacabuco Nos. 81 & 83.  
G. Price's Gunpowder proof unpickable Bank door locks, as also patent locks for all purposes.  
113..3m j20

### MONTEVIDEIAN BANK.

CAPITAL 1,000,000 DOLLARS.  
In 2,000 Shares of 500 Dollars each.  
(With power to increase it)  
Offices, corner of Calle Corrijo, in the new house of Dn. Juan Miguel Martinez, Montevideo.  
**CHAIRMAN.**  
Francis J. Hoquard, Esq.  
**DIRECTORS.**  
Sr. D. Pedro Borelli.  
" Joaquin Belgrano.  
" John McCall, Esq.  
" Antonio Marquez.

The undersigned hereby makes known to the Commercial public of Montevideo that from this date the Bank is in a position to commence operations, will receive proposals and enter into arrangements for every class of banking operations.

**CURRENT ACCOUNTS.**  
Money is received or advanced on current accounts bearing interest. The Depositors will withdraw the whole or part of their Deposits by cheques at sight. Cheques and Pass Books will be supplied to its customers by the Bank.

**DEPOSITS FOR FIXED PERIODS.**  
Sums of 50 dollars and upwards are received for fixed periods, say from one to 12 months, at rates of interest to be agreed upon with reference to the amount and term of the Deposits.

**DISCOUNTS.**  
Bills of Exchange and Promissory notes will be discounted subject to the manager's approbation.

**LOANS.**  
Advance will be made on Promissory Notes and other securities on private terms.  
The Bank will be open on all working days from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. with the exception of Saturdays when it will close at 4 p.m.

THE RATE OF INTEREST for the current month and until further notice will be as follows:  
On balances against the Bank..... 12 p. per ann.  
" " in favor of "..... 18 p. " " "  
Fixed Deposits—see especially agreed.  
Those who desire to open Current Accounts with the Bank will be so good as to address themselves to the Undersigned.

**PEDRO VARELA,**  
MANAGER.  
Montevideo, March 1, 1865. 174—xp o 1

ESTACIONES.	RECORRIDOS.	TIEMPOS.
Montevideo	11:30	1:00
San Carlos	12:00	1:30
San Juan	12:30	2:00
San Pedro	13:00	2:30
San Mateo	13:30	3:00
San Blas	14:00	3:30
San Juan	14:30	4:00
San Carlos	15:00	4:30
Montevideo	15:30	5:00

ESTACIONES.	RECORRIDOS.	TIEMPOS.
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San Juan	12:30	2:00
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San Blas	14:00	3:30
San Juan	14:30	4:00
San Carlos	15:00	4:30
Montevideo	15:30	5:00

### FOR ROSARIO AND PORTS,

Passengers and Cargo, the Oriental Steamer SOLIS.  
Captain ADOLFO FLORES.  
Departure from the "Pigro" at Twelve o'Clock, TUESDAY and SATURDAY.  
Passengers leave by the Railway at 10 o'clock Station 29 de Mayo.  
For more information call at the Agents, Alvarez and Rizzo, Reconquista, 991.

### 39—Calle Defensa—39.

**GEORGE ELLIS,**  
Tailor & Clothier.  
Always on hand a general assortment of ready made clothes; also French and English tweeds, Scotch Cheeks, Crispen Shirts. Orders punctually attended to for town and camp.  
GEORGE ELLIS.  
72—1m j6

### C. REEVES,

English Carpenter and Joiner,  
CH A B C O M U S,  
Near the Railway Station.  
C. R. begs to inform his friends and the public in general that he has commenced business at the above address, where all orders will be punctually attended to, and where may be had every class of building materials at town prices.  
91—1m j15

### "THE QUEEN" FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.  
INCOME, £160,000.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.  
Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandise and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones, Produce in the Barreos or in Deposit Stores, in the Lighters or on Board; and on usually every description of property.

Rates of premium vary according to the nature of the risks, and will be found as moderate as those of other first-class offices.

Losses by Explosion of Gas paid for. Losses by fire arising from lightning made good.

The advantages obtained by those who assure with the "Queen" are fully mentioned in the prospectuses. Life Policies are invariably advanced to policy holders, &c. The "Queen" enjoys to so great an extent the confidence and support of the public in England that the Postmaster-General has selected it, for the insurance of the lives of the clerks and other officials.

The undersigned General Agent of the Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company is duly authorized by power of attorney to issue policies and to settle and pay losses in Buenos Ayres with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the chief office in England.

Official registration has been entered in the Registro Publico, in accordance with the existing laws of this Republic.

Apply for Insurances and other details from 11 to 4 daily, No. 121 Calle 25 Mayo, corner of Corriera, to  
**CONSTANT SANTA-MARIA,**  
General Agent of the Company.  
15—a3

### BILLS OF EXCHANGE— SIGHT DRAFTS—

Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from  
**WANKLYN & Co.**  
No. 104 Calle de San Martin,  
LONDON,  
LIVERPOOL,  
All branches of the National Bank IRELAND,  
Antwerp,  
Hamburg,  
Paris,  
Genoa,  
Cadix,  
Bayonne,  
Buenos Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864.  
WANKLYN & Co.  
104—Calle San Martin—104.  
20 d3 x.

### Boca, Barracas & Ensenada Railway,

Between Venezuela and Tres Esquinas.  
From and after Friday, May 18th, the Trains will run as follows:

ESTACIONES.	RECORRIDOS.	TIEMPOS.
Montevideo	11:30	1:00
San Carlos	12:00	1:30
San Juan	12:30	2:00
San Pedro	13:00	2:30
San Mateo	13:30	3:00
San Blas	14:00	3:30
San Juan	14:30	4:00
San Carlos	15:00	4:30
Montevideo	15:30	5:00

From Friday, the 18th of May, inclusive, the following alterations will be made in the Traffic: One third of the First Class Saloons will be converted into smoking apartments, with communication with the other part of the saloons. The cars hitherto used as Smoking Saloons will be used entirely for second class passengers. First class passengers will pay, as at present, five dollars, children from 3 to 10 years, three dollars; second class, three dollars, children two dollars. Return tickets, good for the day, will be given—first class eight dollars, children five dollars; second class five dollars, children three dollars; monthly tickets of first class for two hundred dollars.

Flag stations at Casa Amarilla and Barraca de Pena. Passengers wishing to alight there will give previous notice to the guard.  
**HENRY SIMPSON, Manager.**

### To Parents and Guardians. A thorough English and Spanish Education.

Mr. Bird respectfully informs the above that he has two hours unfilled (of 4 1/2 time he would devote to the duties of his profession), and would dedicate same to the instruction of youth, at their home.

English Gentlemen desiring to learn the Spanish Language, or requiring translations in the English or Spanish Languages, apply to R. Bird.  
A note addressed to Mr. R. Bird, Maypu 95, will meet with prompt attention.  
68 5p—jy 13

### Watson's Hotel,

BELGRANO.  
T. WATSON begs to inform the public that he is now prepared to supply English families in the city with fresh butter and newly-laid eggs, corned beef, tongue, pork, and legs of mutton, also spiced rounds of beef and pork pies.  
Orders promptly attended to.  
13 j 16p j24

### Bass Ale, ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE, AT THE CASINO.

37 1m m7

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Montevideo	11:30	1:00
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San Juan	14:30	4:00
San Carlos	15:0	

TEATRO COLON.

ITALIAN OPERA.  
9.ª funcion del 3.º abono  
El Viernes 27 del corriente,  
TROVADOR  
A las 8.

COLISEUM.

SECOND SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT,  
GIVEN BY  
JOHN HORACE REINKEN,

With the object of raising the elements to establish a weekly 'Reunion,' under the title of 'La Sociedad Filarmónica de Buenos Ayres.' A large number of native and foreign ladies and gentlemen have kindly tendered their valuable assistance, with the object of realizing this idea.

The Concert will take place on Monday evening, August 6, 1866. To commence at eight o'clock precisely.

The Orchestra consists of 40 performers, professional and amateur.

Single Tickets can only be obtained at Messrs. Mackern's Library, Calle San Martin, 44. Programme will be shortly published.

Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH.  
ADVERTISEMENTS  
Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5

TO CORRESPONDENTS.  
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi andeum, nil veri non andeum dico."  
Cicero.

FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1866.



DEPARTURE OF THE AMERICAN MINISTER.

SPLENDID OVATION.

SPEECHES, TEARS AND ADIEUX.

Yesterday the friends of the Hon. Mr. Kirk assembled at the United States Legation at half past one o'clock to bid him farewell. As we entered the saloons we found them crowded with some of the leading men of Buenos Ayres. The affair was so totally unprecedented in this city that but for the sincere esteem entertained for the American Minister, and the unfeigned regret of all parties at his departure many would have felt awkward on the occasion. The assembled company waited until 10 minutes past 2 o'clock, during which time the band sent by the Minister of War played some soul-stirring airs. Mr. Kirk being in readiness the procession was formed.

Owing to the Prime-Minister, Dr. Rawson, being engaged in a debate in Congress he was unable to attend. The Postmaster-General of the Republic, Sr. Du. Gervacio Posadas represented the Government, and taking Mr. Kirk's arm led the way, followed by Sr. Zayria, Congress Deputy, Sr. Rodriguez, Calzadilla, and some other Argentine gentlemen whose names we did not know. Amongst the foreigners present we noticed Messrs. Gowlan, Hale, Rev. Mr. Goodfellow, Passman, Nalty, Ropes, Livingstone, Zimmermann, Moore, Walker, Forrester, Kelsey, Langdon, Hopkins, Bagley, and some fifty others whose names we do not recollect. The procession extended down the whole Calle San Martin to Calle Cuyo, it then proceeded down that street, turning up Calle Reconquista, and then following Calle Cangallo until it reached the beach.

As we passed the Hotel Provence, Mrs. Wheelwright from the balcony waived her handkerchief. At every door and street corner crowds assembled to witness the procession. Many of the people, not well understanding the matter, thought that it had something to do with the Paraguayan war. The band played 'Dixie's land' at double-quick time, and but for the feeling of regret which pervaded, many parties might have felt disposed to laugh at the curiosity of even the Bolsa brokers, who hurried from the scenes of speculation and gain to catch a last glimpse at the departing minister.

As we approached the pier or mole, we noticed that a crowd of gentlemen were waiting our arrival. The Brazilian Minister stepped forward and shook hands with Mr. Kirk. We

stopped for a moment here, and then proceeded down that 'mole of sighs.' Hardly had we arrived as far as the first stairs when a shout from Mr. Kelsey rescued Mr. Langdon from a most serious accident—official neglect! half of one of the planks torn off and a chasm almost sufficient to engulf a mail coach. Mr. Langdon and the gentleman beside him recoiled as they saw this yawning chasm. Luckily, no accident happened, and we passed on until we arrived at the pier-head; here we gathered round Mr. Kirk to bid a last farewell. The scene was peculiarly impressive. The Post-Master General, uncovering, approached the head of the stairs, and said:

Gentlemen—In name of the Argentine Government and people I beg you to join me in giving a farewell salutation to the honorable and very worthy representative of the U. States, Mr. Kirk, who is about to leave our shores to-day for his native country, leaving us the kindest and most grateful memories of his stay among us. I therefore beg you will unite your fervent wishes with mine that the Almighty may guard and protect this distinguished gentleman, so that a long and useful career may be yet reserved for him in the great country of which he is so noble a citizen. Mr. Kirk may be assured that this manifestation is not a mere form of courtesy but the spontaneous expression of the people of Buenos Ayres—(cheers).

A hearty and enthusiastic "Viva" was then given, and Mr. Kirk, who was visibly affected, replied as follows:—

My Friends and Fellow-countrymen, it has at last come to my turn to say farewell, my feelings have so triumphed over me, that I find it difficult to give expression to the few remarks I wish to make. From Argentines, Englishmen, and in fact from all nationalities I have received during my stay here the greatest kindness. From my own countrymen I have experienced so much hospitality, support and kindness that no language can express my thanks, no words my regret at leaving. You, my fellow-countrymen, away in this far distant clime from your native land are a credit to the country you belong to, and here I take the opportunity to say that during my many years residence here I never was called on by any of my countrymen to thwart or annoy the Government of this great, good and glorious country, which I hope and trust with the blessing of Divine Providence will progress and march in the onward path of civilization. I now bid you my countrymen and my friends a long farewell. May God bless you all. I fear I must say farewell for ever, but let us hope we shall meet in a bright happy glorious future.

Mr. Kirk, completely overcome by his feelings, descended the steps. Cheer after cheer echoed round the mole head. Captain Crosby, of the Shamokin handed him into his gig, and they pulled off; two other boats from the same war-vessel were in attendance, in which a select few invited by Mr. Savory accompanied the Minister to the American steamer Oriental. Never before did we witness such an ovation on the mole; it was great and grand because it was sincere and heart-spoken. As we watched the little boat dance on the waves, we could not help remarking that never since the United States asserted her independence did the Stars and Stripes float over a more worthy representative than Robert C. Kirk, late United States Minister to the Argentine Republic.

IMPORTANT FROM RIO.

PEACE OUT OF THE QUESTION.

We extract the following article from the 'Anglo-Brazilian Times'—it bears on the great topic of the day—Peace or War.

The population of the Argentine Confederation have within the last two weeks been largely discussing the subject of re-establishing peace among those belligerents who are now expending so much blood and treasure amid the swamps of Paraguay, and, in the anxiety to believe what they desire, they are not slow in asserting that the Brazilians are willing to accept proposals of intermediation which they say have been made by friendly powers. In this assertion, however, the peo-

ple of La Plata are making an entirely gratuitous and baseless assumption, one entirely unsupported by facts and altogether contrary to the true state of Brazilian feeling. In Brazil no other exists than that of the necessity of driving Lopez from Paraguay and of urging war persistently until that consummation be effected, even if abandoned by their allies of the Confederation, and so far is the Brazilian Government from countenancing this report of an intermediation having been accepted, that they but lately formally denied it through the columns of the official journal.

That the Argentines should already feel disgusted with the war and its objects is but a natural consequence of their want of homogeneity, and the razzia manner of their former warring. As has been aptly said:

"The Argentine people is incontestably a gallant people; it was in former times warlike and audacious to the point of carrying its valuable aid to the Republics of the Pacific when they disputed their independence against the metropolis. But domestic struggles have wearied it, almost enervated it for great enterprises, and it is only in certain classes that the enthusiasm of nationality preserves itself active. For the rest there exists only the proterve."

But in Brazil the feeling swaying the people is totally divergent. Bound together under the sway of a constitutional monarch whom they respect and even venerate, they feel themselves a nation, not a confederacy of discordant units. Party spirit may be exalted and even fierce, it may throw its energies into the badgering and the overthrowing of a ministry, but the successful does not persecute the fallen, the ousted party forms a constitutional opposition, and does not rush to arms to give the reins of power into the hands of some unscrupulous partizan who has obtained a temporary popularity with it.

LATEST FROM RIO:

STATE OF THE MONEY MARKET.

PETROLEUM DISCOVERY.

Money—Discounts have been somewhat less difficult at previous rates, and Treasury bills has been freely discounted at 6 per cent. The market, though not in a state of panic, is shaken, and depression, anxiety and uncertainty reign supreme. No measures have yet been adopted by the government to relieve the pressure under which commerce suffers so severely.

The Minister of Finance seems to abandon his scheme of Bank reform, other proposals have been made to the Assembly but nothing has been done.

The legislation deals in violent discussions regarding personalities and politics, and neglects the true and vital interests of the country; in fact, while the Chambers are sitting Ministers have not time to do anything but defend themselves, therefore the sooner the session closes the better.

Through the counsels of the President, the Visconde de Jequitinhonha, the Bank of Brazil has resolved on investing the large Reserve Fund of the Bank in the Government 6 per Cent. Stock at 90, being par. Such a measure as this must have a great effect in re-establishing the faith of the public in the solvency of this establishment, and we feel confident, with the course which has been pursued of late, and the other reforms which the well-known acumen and high abilities of the Visconde will suggest to him, that it will not be long before the Bank of Brazil resumes a position and a degree of credit to which it has unfortunately been long a stranger.

A meeting of the Subscribers took place on the 28th in the Praga to consider the question of the disregard shown by the Government to the views of the Praga on the monetary crisis, as contained in the Representation presented by the Commissão da Praga. Mr. Fernando Schmidt the German member of the Commissão, had already resigned in consequence, and Mr. Montefiore, Mr. Harrah and Sr. Cyrillo de Castro, the English, American and Portuguese members respectively, tendered their resignations to the meeting. After some discussion the following resolution proposed by Dr.

Thomaz Alves was adopted unanimously:—"That the resignation of none of the members of the Commissão be accepted, the assembly declaring that the Commissão has well merited because it religiously fulfilled its duty, and as such it gives to it a vote of sincere, cordial and acknowledged confidence." Messrs. Montefiore, Harrah and de Castro then withdrew their resignations. Mr. Schmidt, however, did not attend the meeting, adhering to his expressed determination.

Lieutenants Mandeville and Stirling of H. B. M.'s frigate Narcissus undertook on the 2nd of July, for the decision of a bet, to walk from the bottom of the hill of Santa Theresa to the top of the peak of the Corcovado and back, involving a walk of twelve miles and the ascent to a height of 2,300 feet above, the level of the starting place. This distance was effected in 2 hours, 8 minutes and 50 seconds by Lieutenant Mandeville, Mr. Stirling however doing it in seven minutes less, thus winning the bet.

Vice Admiral the Hon. Charles Elliot was honoured with a visit from H. I. M. the Emperor on the 26th, who inspected everything of interest on board the Narcissus. His Majesty expressed himself very much pleased with the system of bayonet exercise used by the marines. This system was the invention of Captain Richard Burton, and was published by him in 1852 and afterwards adopted by the Horse Guards.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Yesterday was a memorable day in the camp; all the horses in the partidos were cited to appear in the public square of the little towns, under a heavy penalty. The fiat has fallen like a thunderbolt in the camp, and the people say that the horses are not wanted for Paraguay, but Prussia. As the price paid is good the people rather relish it, and English sovereigns are now jingling in the 'tiradores' of the gauchos. Paper money is scarcer in the camp than in town, but gold, which never before was seen in the camp, is now becoming quite current.

The great event of the day yesterday was the departure of the Hon. Mr. Kirk. We give elsewhere an account of the ovation. The new American Minister it seems has met with an accident, and we suppose will not be here as soon as was expected, meanwhile the Legation is temporarily closed.

There has been a very important meeting held in Montevideo to consider what steps to be taken respecting the Spanish emigrants expected from the West coast.

General Rojo, the special agent of the National Government in the Northern Provinces of the Republic, is in town. We suppose that he will be examined by Congress respecting the Cordovese and Catamarca revolutions. The whole question of these revolutions has been referred to Congress.

Judge Dillon, of Merlo, has sent in a note to the Government stating that he expects to be able to get about 20 horses, and has named an Argentine named Mr. Francisco O'Sullivan to assist him on the commission.

The embarkation of the prisoners for San Nicolas the other day was a melancholy sight; an Englishman was amongst them. As the crimes upon which they are charged were perpetrated in the district of San Nicolas they have been sent up there to be tried.

There is great noise made about the Municipality having refused to allow the Sta. Fé lottery tickets to be sold in town, although the lottery in question is for charitable purposes. The whole affair, however, seems to be a sham, since at every street-corner in town tickets for every lottery in the Plate can be bought.

The holders of tickets of the San Isidro lottery are notified that new tickets have been issued and that it is necessary to change them. We notice that at the cigar store at the corner of San Martin and Cangallo these tickets are exchanged.

Yesterday the mails from Montevideo brought us the French packet news, the Kepler having arrived at that city from Rio Janeiro; the news, however, is stale, having been anticipated by the Panama. We publish a very important article

from our English colleague in Rio, on the peace rumors in the River Plate. It would seem that the tone of the Montevidean papers respecting peace has caused great offence. Brazil will listen to nothing short of the downfall of Lopez and levelling of Humaitá. We commend the article in question to the attention of our readers.

The news by the Kepler respecting the Rio money market is not so very satisfactory. The Bank of Brazil has undertaken the winding up of the Bank of Bahia and some commercial houses, names not stated. It seems that the Bank of Brazil holds claims on these houses for over twenty millions of patacons.

From England we hear of the suspension of the Bank of India: it has gone into liquidation and the loss to the shareholders will be very heavy.

In Spain the Commercial Credit Co., of Cadiz, has stopped; liabilities not stated.

Three more Brazilian iron-clads are expected momentarily at Montevideo, their names are Herval, Columbus, and Triton. These iron-clads will remain at the mouth of the river under the command of a Brazilian Vice-Admiral, as a sort of squadron of reserve. The Brazilians have now such a powerful squadron in the Plate that after the United States Brazil is the greatest naval power in the American Continent.

Mr. Giebert, the active manager of the Fray Bentos Liebig Meat Extract Co., paid us a visit on Wednesday: he promises to give us some useful information respecting the working of his Company. He requests us to say that the concern about to be started in Barracas has no connection whatever with his Company.

The latest telegram in town respecting the Italian army is to the 27th June, half past 4 p.m. from Florence, which says that the Italian army is concentrating into Cremona and Piacenza, and preparing to resume the offensive.

The Captain of the Port and National Government have now no longer any excuse about leaving the wrecks in the harbour of Buenos Ayres, as we understand a Scotch gentleman has just arrived who thoroughly understands the business of raising wrecks, &c. The Port Captain ought to look up this gentleman and at once arrange about raising the Pampero. Mr. Matti, who has a coal hulk close to the wreck, ought until it is removed put up a red light and notify the pilots. Last Sunday when going off to the Oriental we intended to shew the Vice-President where the Pampero lay, but unfortunately we had not an opportunity.

Yesterday we received further details about the Spanish revolution. It began by two artillery regiments and a mob raising barricades in Madrid. A regular hand-to-hand fight ensued, the barricades were stormed and carried with great bloodshed. In Gerona also there was a row. The Habeas Corpus Act is suspended, and all Spain declared in a state of siege.

Mendez Nunez is ordered to remain in Rio, and shortly several new vessels of war will be sent out to join his fleet and resume the miserable Pacific war. The leaders of the late 'motin' in Madrid were General Pierrat and Captain Hidalgo. General Concha, once the ruler of Cuba, has been named Captain-General of Arragon, Catalonia, and Valencia. All the Spanish emigrants have left Portugal. The Portuguese Government, it seems, got wind of a small revolution they were about to attempt in Lisbon.

The Brazilian Government calls for proposals for the service of the coasting line of steamers between Rio and Pará, and Rio and Montevideo, now maintained by the Brazilian Steam-ship Company, whose contract is about to expire. The time for the reception of tenders is until November 5th next. The conditions we have at our office, but are too long for publication.

There is a great row in Rio at present about coal. Half the country population in the mining districts are gone coal mad. There seems to be no doubt that there is plenty of coal in Brazil, but it has yet to be worked. We extract the following from the Minister's

speech respecting the coal question:—"According to statistics furnished to me the consumption of coal in all the empire last year was 246,614 quintals, value 3,690,217\$000. If, therefore, as is to be hoped, the native coal could be sold at a less price than that from foreign ports, it is evident that it will be preferred in the respective markets and will stimulate that fount of riches."

A native estanciero in the south, who owns a very large estancia and about 30,000 sheep, begs us to notify newcomers with capital to invest, that he will sell one-half of the stock, and give the land and puestos for the term of 5 or 6 year on halves. The land is of the best quality, with permanent watering-places, corrals, and every other convenience.

THE PRUSSIAN ARMY.

Gortlitz, June 21.

The Prussian dash into Saxony has been a great military success. It has given Prince Frederick Charles the advantage of being able to attack the Austrians, as they issue with a narrow front from the passes of the mountains instead of being obliged to fight them on their own terms in an open country, as would have been the case had they been allowed to occupy this kingdom. At the present moment the Prussian patrols and pickets are pushed close up to the Austrian frontier, the issue of the narrow defile which the Elbe cleaves in the Erz-Gebirge is secured, the Saxon army has retired into Bohemia, and without pulling a trigger the Prussian army has by the rapid action of its chief gained as great advantages as could have been looked for from a victorious battle in this part of the theatre of war. There is only one point in Saxony where Saxon troops are still found, and where the Saxon standard is still hoisted. The little fortress of Konigstein, situated on an isolated sandstone cliff on the left bank of the Elbe, about nine miles from the Austrian frontier, is still occupied by a Saxon garrison. Inaccessible from the steepness of the rock on which it stands, and at a considerable distance from the surrounding heights, this fortress has never been reduced. From the hill of Lillenstein, which stands on the opposite side of the river, and has a command over the fortress of more than 150 feet, Napoleon attempted to bombard Konigstein, but his artillery was not heavy enough to send shot over the three thousand yards which separate the summits of the two hills. With their rifled cannon the Prussian artillery could now easily, from the hill of Lillenstein or from that of Paffenstein on the opposite side, engage the guns of the fort on equal terms, but it is doubtful whether the Prussian commander will deem it worth while to drag artillery to the top of these steep hills in order to force the capitulation of the small garrison of 1,200 men, who, in the event of Saxony remaining in his possession, must fall into his hands, and, in case of his being obliged to retire, can add so little to the force of his enemies. It is more probable that Konigstein, guarded by its escarpments and impossibility of approach, will still be allowed to retain its reputation for impregnability.

In most of the villages and hamlets of Saxony, certainly in all those which lie on the roads leading to the frontier. Prussian soldiers are billeted; cavalry and artillery horses fill the farmsteadings of the border farmers, and field guns and artillery carriages are packed on many a village green. But the Saxons have no complaints to make, and, as far as can be judged from appearance, seem highly to approve the occupation of their country by the Prussian army. The Saxon peasantry and the soldiers are on most friendly terms, and a stranger who did not know the Prussian uniform, in passing through the villages, would suppose that the troops were quartered among the people of their own country. As soon as the Prussian vanguards crossed the frontier, Prince Frederic Charles issued a most stringent order, in which he insisted upon the troops showing every respect for private property and for the comfort of the inhabitants. This order has been strictly observed both by officers and men, but not from fear of the military punish-

ment which would be the consequence of its transgression. The kind-hearted soldiers have brought with them none of those horrors which too often follow in the train of an army which occupies a strange country.

THE WELSH COLONY.

July 23, 1866.

To the Editors of the 'Standard.'

Gentlemen, When I placed at your disposal, a few days ago, some notes regarding the Welsh colony, which you were pleased to publish, under the signature of 'Anglicus,' I had no intention of entering into a correspondence in your pages, but as these notes have called forth a letter which, as I think, is likely to create wrong impressions, I must ask you to allow me to call attention to them, premising that this is the last communication with which I shall trouble you on the subject.

The writer states that the Emigration Committee received the proposals of the Argentine Government, only on the 30th of November, 1864, and that therefore an agent could not be sent in advance of the emigrants before the end of January, 1865. This is not quite evident; far less is it so why the agents did not sail before the 10th of March, 1865.

The writer anticipates the question of many a reader, 'seeing that delay had occurred with the chartered ship, why not postpone for another year?' and this question he proceeds to answer, by 'ye little know the struggles of twelve years' agitation that had brought these emigrants together, and who (sic) if they had been allowed to return home, it would have been utterly impossible ever afterwards to get together again. And besides, what would have become of the agents and their preparations?' In other words, 150 poor people were to be brought out to run the risk of starving on the coast of Patagonia, rather than that some well-meaning persons who, in their haste, had contrived to entangle themselves in difficulties, should relinquish a favorite scheme. Your correspondent can scarcely be serious in putting forward such an argument.

He next, in the same paragraph, 'unequivocally denies that the committee ever promised the colonists four months' provisions; and says, quoting from a circular—it will be arranged through the agents that a supply of wheat bread for four months be available, i.e., until the crop is raised; there will be meat in abundance, &c.; and he adds, 'those are all the promises given.'

I have read the rest of the letter attentively, and should have been glad to find in it anything to show that I had been wrong in coming to the conclusion that in the first place it was extremely hazardous to bring out 150 emigrants to the Chupat at so advanced a season of the year; and, in the next place, that the colonists find themselves even after all that has been done for them by the Argentine Government, in a very different position from that which they were led to expect to occupy. If they are, in possession of a portion of the things they were promised they are, on the other hand, burdened with an overwhelming debt; nor do I see how your correspondent can prove that the sums of money given by the Argentine Government (\$4,000 s., and \$700 a month for the meantime) would have soon cleared the colony's account, seeing that the former sum was devoted towards paying a portion of their debt, and that it is

only on the food purchased by the latter that the settlers are now supported, at the meagre rate of 8lbs. of flour; and 1 1/2 lbs. of dry beef a week, in consequence of which diet they are, according to the surgeon of H.M.S. Triton, for the most part suffering from itchy and scurvy. If, as your correspondent states, 'they have fared infinitely better than they expected,' I can only say that their expectations as to fare must have been modest indeed.

Apologising for this intrusion on your space,

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,

THE HORSE PANIC.

We extract the following from the 'Cork Examiner.' It will no doubt be a source of joy to all patriotic Argentinians to know that poor old Ireland offers to supply all powers at war, or going to war, with horses. Dr. Costa, who has been so indefatigable in his efforts to ship the horses, should bear in mind that if he wants more horses he can get them cheaper, better, and fatter in Limerick than in Buenos Ayres.—

DEMAND FOR HORSES.—'It is an ill wind which blows nobody good,' says the adage, and it would seem that the war blasts which have summoned the war-hoists of the Continent to arms, will be beneficial to this country, for Ireland is very likely to be soon stripped of her horses. As Irishmen were sought after by the Yankees as soldiers, it would seem that their valorous qualities are racy of the soil, and have, therefore, been communicated to the horses of the country. 1000 Irish horses are wanted for the Belgian army, and on the 7th of next month a gentleman, representing the Belgian Government, will attend at Mr. Hartigan's Repository to purchase as many horses as he can get. We hope he will take the entire number with him out of Limerick. We dare say that the various hostile governments on the Continent being shut out from purchasing there will find it their interest to send to Ireland for a supply. We have plenty to spare; and perhaps which ever of the belligerents purchase a sufficient number of Irish horses may find the speculation turn out profitable in the defeat of the enemy. By all means let every government on the Continent send to us for horse-flesh; we can supply them all.—Limerick Chronicle.'

CRICKET.

The following is a copy of the average scores of the Club for the season ending June, 1866. Mr. J. C. Simpson, as may be seen, by continued steady play, has far surpassed any other player in his average, and very deservedly won the Bat, which was decided should be presented to the best average score made.

Table with columns: No., Names, Innings, Average. Lists players like J.C. Simpson, F.L. Jacobs, J. Darbyshire, etc.

TO MR. "O. P."

I have read your critique on Mr. Reinken's first subscription concert, and I thought it very hard; I have also read your critique on the late concert of the German Academy of Music, and I think this very mild: both of these articles have been published in the German paper here.

I observe that your remarks on these two concerts are rather superficial; had you gone deeper into the subject in question perhaps your judgment would have been different. Your critique on the last concert of the German Aca.

demy is really very poetical, but almost smells like partiality. Justice is one of the principal things that a critique requires, why, then, deny one what you so liberally distribute to the other? Or, do you really consider that in Mr. R.'s concert everything was bad, and in the German Concert everything good? I almost believe that the public is not quite of this opinion. A writer of critiques should never become partial, otherwise his articles will disgust the public at large.

A LOVER OF THE TRUTH.

ON 'CHANGE.

Table with columns: Paper price of ounces, Do. sovereigns, First price of patacons, Second, Last, Cash sales.

There was a complete change round on 'Change to-day. All the 'bulls' became of a sudden 'bears.' Every one was selling on time, for cash, and for next year outsiders stared at the black board figures, and asked if any more gold had arrived. At two o'clock the prevailing opinion was that gold would run down to 25, unless some very unfavorable news from the war was received.

The non-arrival of a gunboat or steamer from Corrientes created a marked impression on 'Change. We had an interview with the Brazilian Minister on the mole-head, who assured us that this night, or at furthest to-morrow morning, a gunboat with Sr. Octaviano's despatches for Rio, must arrive. It is now twelve days since we have heard from Corrientes, and although no one thinks any decisive battle has taken place, still people are uneasy at such long silence.

In specie there is positively nothing doing. The rich capitalists avoid the Bolsa: they have their money in gold, and when they want paper money their bills are seen on the market. What about the omission? We hear from all parties, it is believed on 'Change that the Government is driving at an emission of redeemable paper money. The baroque and brokers say that it would be the very best thing the Government could do, but the merchants hem and haw, and fear that before six months are about, the new bills will become the same as the paper dollar of the present day.

In Exchange \$1,000 passed at 49 1/2 in the morning; nothing else done. Bonds, one sale, 1,000 at 39 1/2; these were thrown on the market for the purpose of making a quotation.

In charters, two effected; brokers give no particulars till to-morrow. Sales in the Plaza: 900 dry hides, camp, 100; 150 do do, 95; 300 @ mixed wool, 67; 100 bordalesas tallow, fabrics, 14r. Mr. Billinghurst's auction of land at the Roca was postponed—no bidders.

The cargo of salt offered the other day sold at 14r. cash. A magnificent estancia near Tandil, close to the town, 5 1/2 leagues of best land, with 3,000 cows and 3,000 sheep and horses, will be put up at auction shortly. Mr. Billinghurst has charge of the sale. It is really one of the finest properties offered in this country for many years.

EXPORTS—25th.

Per Hamburg schooner Peters, for Valparaiso, by Frey's Brothers. Freyer Bros., 740 boxes sugar. Horrorra, 1 box of books. Per Portuguese brig, Nuevo Progreso, for Rio Janeiro, by Guimaraens & Co. Pla & Co., 4,007 quintals jerked beef and 3,000 bundles straw.

26th. Per Italian schooner Nova Paloma, for Montevideo, by Nuñez & Co. By Italian houses, 65 bales tobacco and 488 boxes oil.

Commercial College of Santa Lucia

760—Calle Buen Orden—760. FOUNDED BY MR. PONGERARD.

The undersigned, director of the above College, begs to call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the programme of education peculiar to the Establishment.

INSTRUCTION. The method of education may be considered three-fold: Literary, Moral, and Physical. The object of the Institution being to prepare youths for commercial pursuits, our system is after the model of the best colleges of Europe. The programme of studies included in the ordinary pension comprises:— English, French, Spanish, German, Latin; Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry; Penmanship; Book-keeping; Ancient and Modern History and Geography, and Religious Instruction.

EXTRAS—Music, Singing, and Drawing. We spare no pains by theory and practice to attain the great end of a mercantile education, viz., a perfect knowledge of the living languages, as well as arithmetic, keeping of books, writing letters, acquiring the various currencies of the country and accurate ideas of its history and natural features.

As regards physical advantages, the situation of the College is favorably known for pureness and salubrity of air over all other city schools. The spacious buildings are judiciously distributed, with a view to convenience. The dormitories, study and recreation halls, class-rooms, refectory, library, &c., are admirably adapted for the comfort and well-being of the pupils.

A strict watch is kept over the morality and application of the children, and their conduct is always under close surveillance. Simple and easy principles of rectitude are gradually impressed on their minds, to lead them up in the love and practice of every moral and social virtue.

C. PARKINS, Director.

Landing ex S.S. Uruguay from Liverpool. A lot of Superior New Cork Butter in half firkins.

ROBERT MUIR & CO., 102 Calle Defensa. 147 | 3p.jy.26

JAMES CHRISTIE Is willing during the time intermediate of his establishment to do any SUBSIDIARY WORK, SUCH AS INTERPRETER IN ENGLISH, FRENCH, SPANISH, PORTUGUESE, AND ITALIAN; AS ACCOUNTANT, OR PERITO. 226—25 de Mayo—226. 163 | 3p.jy.27

Notice. The undersigned beg to inform the public that they have rented the Barraca Llavallol on the Riachuelo. The business will be carried on under the firm of Hughes & Co., and will be attended to personally at the Barracas by Mr. Henry Hall, who enters as a partner in the concern. HUGHES & PETERS. Buenos Ayres, July 25, 1866. 164—6p.jy.27

Just Received Direct Ex. S.S. LA PLATA, FIRST-CLASS CORK BUTTER, MARK "DOUBLE ROSE." HIBERNIAN HOUSE, 64, 66, AND 68 PIEDADA. 162 | 3p.jy.26

Letter. For Sr. Don Jorge Connor, Areco.

The Great Southern Railway Is prepared to sell Fencing Material at the following advantageous terms:— Fencing wire (best quality, 3 strand cable, galvanized), at \$160 mpc. per quintal. Small iron standards (new holes bored to suit purchasers if required, free of charge), at 55 mpc. each. Straining posts, at 570 mpc. each. Each quintal contains 403 varas, more or less. Standards 3 varas apart. Materials delivered at any Station on Great Southern Railway free of charge. ADMINISTRATION. 164—1m.jy.26

Notice to Estancieros. We beg to inform the gentlemen estancieros that the party of rams and ewes consigned to Messrs. Roosen, Hopmann, & Co., which we shall sell by auction on the 2nd of next month, is open to inspection throughout the day up to that time. Catalogues to be had on application at our premises. BENJAMIN NAZAR & CO. 152 | 3p.jy.26

JELTINA FROM LONDON. Notice is hereby given to consignees of cargo who have not sent in their orders, that their goods will be landed by the lightermen of the ship if orders to the contrary be not received within three days from date. MOORE, PUNCH, & TUDOR, Consignees. July 23, 1866. 146 | 3p.jy.26

SANATORIUM. To the public. The undersigned, feeling the want of such establishments in this populous city, and being encouraged by the repeated desire of his friends to establish one, has finally resolved to accede to their wishes. Through these means all disease can obtain a much more efficient relief from the resources of art, careful nursing and a suitable situation, to procure prompt convalescence. The public is therefore advised that an institution capable of affording these advantages shall be open from the first of July, at his quinta, Calle Cordova and Ascunaga. The terms of admittance can be learnt at the establishment or at his office Calle Cangello 103. Amongst the Physicians who will visit the patient is daily, the undersigned has secured the valuable services of Dr. Teodoro Alvarez and Dr. Jose Maria Bosch, as consulting Physicians. JOHN LESLIE. 168—w13p.

House to Let. No. 197 Calle Bolivar, only six squares from the Plaza. The house is almost new and contains 2 large patios and 12 airy rooms, with gas fittings, &c. For particulars apply Defensa No. 47. 163 | 6p.jy.27

To Let. Fine Furnished Rooms, with or without Board Calle Cuyo, No. 6. 161 | 3p.jy.26

To Let. A comfortable furnished Bedroom, at No. 122 Esmeralda. 160 | 3p.jy.26

To Let. The House No. 314 Calle Bolivar, containing six rooms, boarded and papered, with fireplaces in sala and dining-room, albige, 2 patios, kitchen, &c. For particulars, apply at 209 Estados Unidos. 93—6p.jy.19

Wanted. A Good Cook at 287 Calle Defensa. 169 | 3p.jy.27

Wanted. A first-rate Laundress, one who understands English or French. Apply Calle Santa Lucia 48. 165 | 3p.jy.26

Wanted. For an English Store in Rosario, a smart active lad, with a knowledge of English and Spanish. Address 'Active,' 'Standard' office. 148 | 3p.jy.26

Situation Wanted. By a person who has had several years' experience sheepfarming in this country, a situation, with salary or an interest in the concern. Best references can be given, either in this province, Entre Rios, or the Banda Oriental. Apply 'North Briton' 'Standard' office. 160 | 3p.jy.26

Situation Wanted. A smart Youth, recently arrived, is anxious for employment in an office or other post where he might make himself generally useful, writes a good hand and can be recommended. Please apply 'A. X.' at this office. 168 | 3p.jy.26

Cocinera. Se precisa una en la Calle de Tucuman 126; a escaso se presenta sin tener buenas recomendaciones. 159—3p.jy.26

Wanted. A boy for a Confectionery. Apply at 21 Calle de Rivadavia. 133—6p.jy.22

Governess. The friends of a young Woman, lately arrived in this country, are anxious to procure for her a situation as Nursery Governess. She would be willing to take charge of two or three young children, and will be found fully capable, of teaching the rudiments of English. A place in a respectable family is more an object than salary. Please address 'F,' Office of this paper. 140 9p—jy.22

FOR MONTEVIDEO, The New and Splendid American Steamship LA ORIENTAL, Captain SAVORY, Leaves Buenos Ayres for Montevideo Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday; Leaves Montevideo for Buenos Ayres Monday, Wednesday, and Friday; Hour of sailing 5 p.m. The accommodations on board this steamer are spacious and cannot be surpassed for comfort and elegance. For further particulars apply to the agents, ALVAREZ & RISSO, 99, Calle Reconquista 99. N.B.—Passengers are recommended to buy their tickets at the Agency in order to have their choice of state-rooms. 87—xp.jy.14

Baratillo Sin Igual. 82—PIEDAD—82. Bramante inglés sin goma 1105 la pieza. Cofin rica clase de una yarda de ancho \$4 varas. Camisetas de hilo para hombre con aplicación 30 5, 405; para niños 225, y de algodón a 158. Sombreros para niños a Diez Pesos. 162 | 3p.jy.26

THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. CAPITAL, £1,000,000. INCOME, £110,000. LONDON. Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandise, and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones, produce in the Barracos or Deposits, in the Lighters or on Board, and on nearly every description of property. Rates of premium varying according to the nature of the risks, and will be found as moderate as those of other first-class offices. Losses by Explosion of Gas paid for, Losses by Fire, arising from Lightning, made good. This Company, in which Direction the Lord Mayor of London, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, and many of the most influential members of the Corporations of London, Manchester, Liverpool, &c., as well as many Bankers and Merchants of the principal towns of the United Kingdom take part, offers the greatest possible solidity and confidence to the assured. The undersigned General Agent of the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, is duly authorized by power of attorney to issue policies and to settle and pay losses in Buenos Ayres with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the chief office in England. Official registration has been entered in the Registro Publico, in accordance with the existing laws of this Republic. Apply for insurances and other details from 11 to 3 daily, No. 121 Calle 25 Mayo, corner of Corrientes, to

CONSTANT SANTA MARIA, General Agent of the Company. 1y—u 3

Just Received ex Uruguay, A supply of superior CORK BUTTER, In Firkins and Kegs at BARRY & WALKER'S, 97 Calle Defensa. Also first class fresh Butter. 131—6p.jy.22

A los Estancieros. Se venden tres cuartos de Campo en el Departamento de Paysandú, (Estado Oriental) 10 Leaguas de dicho pueblo, con magníficos pastos, y aguada, aptos para la cría de ganado vacuno, lanar, completamente libre de poblacion. Para tratar ocurrase a la Calle de Defensa no 93 y 97. 44—16p.j6

MAMELUCK. From the first of August to the 31st of October the thoroughbred Trakehnan sire "Mameluck" or "Bora" this ex "Jiddith" in Trakehnen of the sire "Mora" ex "Derby" in Trakehnen will be ready to cover tame mares for \$1500 m/c and \$100 to the groom. All necessary accommodation will be found on the place for mares received. For further particulars apply Calle Chacabuco No. 23. ERNESTO OLDENDORFF, Estancia Sta Maria, Donselaar Station G. S. R. 134—1m.jy.22

Franco-English College, 9—COCILABAMBA—9. Distant from the Plaza Victoria 13 squares. This School is intended to impart a thorough Commercial Education. It has fine saloons and bedrooms, and spacious yards. Food sound and nourishing, and a paternal supervision. Religious training strictly attended to. Boarders, half-boarders and externs. 69—1m.jy.13

To the Commercial Public. The undersigned have the honor to inform the Mercantile Community that at this date they have established in this city a house of Mercantile Brokerage for the despatch of vessels and Custom-house business, which will be carried under the firm of Milton and Ferrer, Calle Victoria No. 26, Plaza 25 de Mayo, Buenos Ayres, July 18, 1866. JAMES MILTON, ANACLETO FERRER. 125—1m.jy.20

Los Recibidores. Do las mercancías siguientes:—A. W. 2 cajones calzados, venidos en el bergantin prusiano "Richard & Erich," procedente de Hamburgo, y la orden; se sirven presentarse en la casa consignataria de J. N. Biber & Co., Reconquista, 27. 113—3p.jy.20

Buena ocasion para barraqueiros. Se alquilan 6 se venden, dos casas apartadas para barracos, juntas o separadas, compuestas de sesenta por setenta varas, divididas con un paredon por medio, con almacenes y depósitos, habitaciones y todo lo necesario; calle de Salta a una cuadra del Mercado Constitucion y una cuadra del Ferro-carril, con frente a una calle que es probable pasaran los rails y wagones de la Estacion a los desposos. Para tratar, sobre una u otra cosa ocurrase a la calle Bolivar No. 228, donde vivo su dueño. 109—6p.jy.20

House Coal of Superior Quality. \$550 per TON DELIVERED. 83 PERU. 16p—jy.19

George H. Tucker BOOK-KEEPER AND GENERAL ACCOUNTANT, No. 10 Calle Peru. 1m—jy.19

MR. JOHN HART. Formerly of Cheshire, England, is requested to send his address to his sister, under cover to this office, or anyone knowing anything of his whereabouts. 120—3p.jy.20

Sanguijujulas Hamburguesas. Grandas y de 1.ª calidad recibidas por este paquete y por todos los Paquetes Ingleses, se reciben una partida se venden a 300 p, el ciento y tomando de 250 arriba 10 por ciento menos, el que desee probarlas y ver su calidad, solo compre 25 y hace cuenta que tiene ciento. Deposito calle de Cuyo No. 247 y medio, del Mercado del Plata un cuarto de cuadra para el campo. 105—3p.jy.20

Al Comercio. Con respecto a esta plaza una casa de importacion en eframo de tabacos y cigarras, bajo la razon de Clausen & Rathje. B. Ayres, Julio 1 de 1866. AUG. A. CLAUSSEN, H. RATHJE. 31—3p.j6

Los Emporarios de estas mensajerías avisan al publico que desde el 19 del presente se dan las diligencias los dias nones en el tren de las castras de la tarde a dormir a Mercedes para de alli salir a las siete de la mañana y llegar al Salto a las 5 de la tarde. Buenos Ayres, Mayo 18, 1866. Morgando, Tatars y Gear. 134—9p.m20

El Secretario de la Sociedad Musical de Socorros Mutuos, previene a todos los Socios de la misma, que el Lunes 23 del corriente mes a las 8 de la noche tendra lugar la Asamblea General en el Salon del Teatro Colon para la eleccion de seis miembros de la Junta Directiva en reemplazo de los Señores siguientes: Vice-Presidente Du. Federico Nicolao. Secretario "Angelo Piazini. Inspectores "Mateo Muntanor. "Pedro Albornoz. "Jose Castellotti. "Manuel Novars. So espere una puntual asistencia de todos los Socios a dicho acto siendo la última y definitiva. Al mismo tiempo, la Junta Directiva saliente da cuenta en la misma Seccion de lo ocurrido desde su instalacion y del estado actual de la Sociedad. ANGELO PIAZINI, Secretario. 110—6p.j20

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ENGLISH CAMP STORE 106 AND 108 CALLE TRINITA Y TRES, Montevideo. Estancieros will find at the above address a complete assortment of Groceries, Wines, Brandies, &c.; also Sorby's Sheep Shears, mark "Sheep." Sorby's Sheep Shears, mark "Kangaroo." Ball's Patent all Cast-steel Sheep Shears. Twines for tying Wool, Sewing Twine, Wool Bags, Leather Gaiters, Crimean Shirts, Paper Collars, Pea Jackets. English Newspapers and Magazines forwarded to the camp, by JAMES EASTON. 1m—jy.13

Al Comercio. Participamos haber establecido en esta plaza un almacén por mayor en los ramos de comestibles y boticas, que jirará bajo la razon social de Vogel, Baird & Co. siendo nuestro socio comanditario el Sr. D. Carlos Sauguer. Buenos Ayres, Julio 23, 1866. EMILIO VOGEL, AUGUSTO DAIRD, CARLOS SAUGUER. Calle Florida 126.

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