

Advertisements... \$20 per month...

TO CORRESPONDENTS... No notice can be taken...

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29, 1866.

HOLY WEEK.

We have entered on the season consecrated by the traditions of Christianity...

The grand ceremonies at the Cathedral and other churches will be attended by crowds of people...

To-morrow will be no less impressive at the Cathedral, and people are expected to dress in black...

During these two days no horses or coaches will be allowed in the streets, even the milkmen cannot go their rounds...

On Holy Saturday the church ceremonial is very interesting, blessing fire, oil, incense, and the Paschal Candle...

Those who may intend going to the country will have to start this morning (see special time-tables)...

Rossini's Stabat Mater will be given with great effect on Saturday night by the Opera Co. at Colon theatre...

The French packet is expected to-day, and the Post-office will be open as usual...

THE WAR IN THE NORTH.

RESQUIN IN SAN CARLOS.

ARRIVAL OF RED DE LA PLATA.

Yesterday, by passengers arrived per Rio de la Plata, we learn that the Paraguayan Commander, Resquin, at the head of 5,000 or 6,000 Paraguayans...

Resquin has artillery, and a fight is shortly expected.

the English or French arms, so superior to the whole...

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The French packet, which was looked for anxiously yesterday, did not arrive: possibly she may come in to-day.

Baron Tamandaré has lost his wager, and our friend the German in Calle Defensa will have hard work to make the 462 hats which the admiral has lost.

The question of the forged specie certificates threatens to be a serious one; luckily as yet only three forged ones have turned up.

There seems to be a great dispute as to the result of the elections. Some say the Club Libertad won, others that the mixed list has the majority.

Two of our colleagues have gone to grief: the 'Cosmopolita' of Rosario and the 'Imparcial Español' of this city.

The news of the fall of Itapiru is hourly expected in town. This fortress cannot possibly withstand the attack of the squadron, although it is questionable if the Brazilians will land or obtain a foothold in Paraguay there...

In consequence of the enormous deposits of gunpowder by the Brazilians, a whole parish of the city of Corrientes has become deserted: the people have fled, as the danger is imminent.

The little Paraguayan steamer Ranger, it is thought, has run into a small arroyo behind the Paraguayan encampment, where the Brazilian vessels cannot follow. Three Brazilian gunboats have passed Itapiru and gone up the Paraná to chase the daring stranger.

Tamandaré's note to Murature is very original; it runs as follows:—'The Argentine vessels are good for nothing save to kill their own people, and therefore the Admiral could not allow them to go up.' Nevertheless he, Tamandaré, put all his vessels at Murature's disposal, and all Argentinians who wish to fight will be accommodated on board.

The Brazilians seem determined to run Buenos Ayres dry of gold. The Baron Port Alegre's draft for 200,000 on the Mauá Bank has just been paid out, when now another for 150,000 on the same bank has arrived. The officer who brought the check leaves to-day per Espigador with the money, which makes a total of one thousand seven hundred and fifty thousand patacons in all paid out in gold this week to the Brazilians.

Cranwell's apothecary shop, Calle Rivadavia, is the only place in town where Abraham's Hearing Machines can be got. We mention this as several people call at our office daily bothering us about them.

We read in correspondence from the army that many of the regiments are most miserably clothed; if there were no military uniforms in town there might be some excuse for this, but we know that at one of the leading English houses in this city there exist the finest and best uniforms that the army clothiers of England can turn out.

The Brazilian continue giving trouble with the police. On Friday evening one of them ran fast of a sereno, and a fight ensued with swords. The Brazilian lost an ear, the Sereno was also wounded.

A very important medical corps leaves town to-day for Corrientes, headed by Drs. Montedecox and Alvarellos. We are well pleased at this, as 'Sinbad' informs us the staff of Doctors in Corrientes is altogether insufficient.

On Tuesday several corpses were picked up at the Riachuelo in the Boca: it is supposed that the unfortunate were drowned in the roads during the late storm.

We hear with great satisfaction that it has rained plentifully in Montevideo and most of the algibes are full.

Yesterday we heard that an American merchant had received a number of the Casado Bank forged notes: it seems that all parties implicated in the forgeries at Rosario have been arrested, with the exception of one man, who fled to Entre Rios in a small boat.

TOTAL ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.

On the morning of the 31st inst. there will be a total eclipse of the moon visible in England and from Buenos Ayres. In England the eclipse will begin at 2.38 p.m. The beginning of the total obscuration will be at 3.44, the middle of the eclipse will be at 4.30, and the end of total obscuration will be at 5.22.

In Buenos Ayres the beginning of the eclipse will be at a quarter to 11 on the evening of the 30th, the total obscuration at a few minutes before 12, the middle of the eclipse at half-past 12 on the morning of the 31st, the termination of the total eclipse at half-past 1, and the end of the eclipse will be at half-past 2 a.m.

MONTEVIDEO.

Water-supply—Flooded rains—Meeting of Spanish residents—Mme. Altieri's concert—Brazilian riots—Deaths of the Junta—Baths for ladies—Fire at the Bolas—Cheese from Parma—Varieties.

The water-supply is still the question of the day. Sor. Capurro has withdrawn his project from the Junta and now solicits its approval from the Government, requiring no remuneration except to have the materials imported duty-free. Meantime the Junta has received another proposal from some party unknown, and the necessities of the city increasing, Sor. Capurro notified the Junta last week that he will now give 100 pipes (instead of 50) of water daily, gratis.

On Sunday the Spanish Minister, Chevalier Cruz, and Sor. Zamaran summoned a meeting of their countrymen to make a subscription for distressed Spaniards detained by the Chilean authorities. The Spanish steamer Colon is ordered to cruise from Maldonado to Cape Horn, and on her return will be relieved by the frigate Consuelo or the gunboat Wad-Bas.

Mr. Pfeiffer and Mme. Altieri gave their concert with great 'clat' on Saturday evening at the Philharmonic hall; but the attendance was thin. The German Club 'Trolsinn' sang two pieces admirably, and Altieri was much applauded in 'Kathleen Mavourneen.' The Brazilian pianist Sampaio has postponed his performance with his elbows. A new Opera Co. is expected from Rio, per French packet, and will commence performing after Easter.

The Junta has despatched several matters during the past week. A subscription of \$500 is voted for the statue to General Pacheco-Obes: we dislike statues, albums, medals &c., when there are many pressing demands on the public money.

The great dust-storm of the 19th inst. came on at 10 minutes past 11 in the morning, from the SW. and suddenly overwhelmed the whole country in utter darkness, while our English friends had to use every exertion to prevent their houses being blown away.

A fire broke out in the building of the new Bolas on Friday night, through the neglect of the workmen in leaving some live cinders on the premises. It was happily extinguished, without injury, by the Commissary and some neighbors.

There is some talk of getting up a Lady's Bathing-establishment, which is much required (as we see by the accident to Miss Roldan) and would, no doubt, pay well if taken in hands by some enterprising person.

Notwithstanding the agitation against Sor Lamas it is thought he will be appointed Minister to Brazil. The Custom-house has made a seizure of a fine lot of Parma cheese, which was stowed in an Italian vessel, the captain declaring he knew nothing of it.

Arrivals.—Transport Isabel from Rio with 400 soldiers. Sailed.—Dicky Sam for Liverpool, with bone-ash; Adele for Genoa, with produce; Raleigh for Bahia, in ballast.

ROSARIO.

We have files of the 'Ferro-Carril to the 25th inst., and regret to read that the 'Cosmopolita' is no more. The former paper makes some very severe charges against Mr. Perkins on the supposition that his printing-office was Government property.

Governor Oroño has concerted simultaneous military expeditions into the Chaco, Colonel Fernandez bringing a force from Santiago, and Colonel Denis sweeping that part of the Cordoba frontier nearest to the Rio Salado.

MAILS FROM SALTO.

The Rio Paraná arrived yesterday with the 'Eco de los Libres,' 25th inst. We are glad to perceive that Salto is going ahead, and everything indicates progress. Colonel Regules was received as Comandante of the Department on the 22nd, and a meeting of some 80 townspeople was convened to elect a Junta for the town.

LATEST FROM FRAYLE MUERTO.

Some English land-holders from Frayle Muerto have arrived in town and give the most flattering accounts of that thriving settlement. The number of Englishmen is every day increasing, and our countrymen recently got up an English steeple-chase which was a very respectable gathering.

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Several of the settlers intend imitating Mr. Munro by bringing down long-wooled sheep from Santiago, and our active friend, Sr. Ibazeta of Cordoba, has contracted to bring down some thousands of these hardy animals for the Frayle Muerto estancias.

THE LATE DUST STORM. Buenos Ayres, March 26th 1866. During the last few days, I have been much interested in reading the various accounts of the storm with which this city was visited on Monday evening the 19th inst.

"Tuesday, Feb. 2nd 1864. Mr S. and myself met with an adventure yesterday afternoon which had nearly terminated in an unpleasant manner. We rode over to the estancia of our friend Don— for the purpose of arranging a passage across his camp, for the sheep. We got there safely enough, but before going into the house, we noticed a very heavy black cloud making up to windward, evidently a dust storm.

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These extracts are plain statements concerning the storms as I saw them, without any coloring or exaggeration. I doubt not, but that if some of your numerous subscribers resident any where in the vicinity of Salto, see this letter, my statement will be corroborated in every particular.

I am gentlemen, yours truly, VOYAGEUR.

There had come up with greater density than many inhabitants of the surrounding country had ever known one to do before, and although only 4 o'clock on a bright summer's afternoon, we were wrapped in darkness of the blackest midnight. Our host groped about for candles, which after some time he found and lighted, but so dense and suffocating was the atmosphere, even in the room, that the light of the candles at one end, could scarcely be distinguished at the other.

I need not give you here, gentlemen, the account of our adventure, but will proceed to the next extract, which bears date of Monday, February 8th 1864.

"..... We resumed the march, and proceeded about a league and a half along a little valley, when suddenly the heavens darkened in a most ominous manner away out to the South West, and as a black bank of cloud rose up, and travelled rapidly towards us, we knew that we were in for a pampero of no ordinary sort. We rounded our sheep immediately, [the other sixteen thousand we had already lost sight of in the dust ahead]—the darkness increased and presently the wind came up in fierce, cold gusts, bringing with it clouds of blinding dust. We were enveloped for some time in total darkness, and as it was impossible to see anything, or move along at all, I got off my horse, and sat down on the ground, wrapping my head in the blanket, and wondering wherever my companions had gone to, for at the commencement of the storm we had separated to different points round the flock, and as the sheep were driving away before dust and wind, it was impossible to say where they might get to. However I cared little for sheep or anything else, than my own safety,—besides it was impossible for me to do anything as I could not keep my eyes open, and was almost suffocated with the terrible dust. Upwards of an hour I sat on the ground with the blanket closely wrapped around me, and then becoming sensible of some change in the atmosphere, and hearing a rumbling, and hissing sound, I looked up. The rain was beginning to fall, as it were in drops of mud; I tried to rise, but found that the dust had drifted to a depth of twelve inches against my back, and that consequently, I was almost imbedded. The rain began to fall faster and faster until at last it descended in sheets of water accompanied by incessant flashes of lightning and peals of thunder. I could see just two sheep out of our large flock of 6,000,—the rest had gone—goodness knows where. I saw a rancho about a mile from where I was, so mounting my horse, I went towards it at full speed, and arrived there before the worst came on, but not before getting thoroughly drenched. Two or three of my 'compañeros', came up at the same moment, and there we remained during the most frightful hurricane I ever saw. A rancho close by where we were, was blown to the ground, large willow and ombu trees were stripped of their leaves and branches,—if rained for two hours,—at the end of that time the little valley through which we had passed in the afternoon was a foaming roaring river, four feet deep, and upwards of one hundred yards broad; the country in many places was inundated to a depth of some feet,—numbers of sheep were drowned, &c. &c."

"Tuesday, Feb. 2nd 1864. Mr S. and myself met with an adventure yesterday afternoon which had nearly terminated in an unpleasant manner. We rode over to the estancia of our friend Don— for the purpose of arranging a passage across his camp, for the sheep. We got there safely enough, but before going into the house, we noticed a very heavy black cloud making up to windward, evidently a dust storm. We had not been seated more than twenty minutes, when the atmosphere became suddenly darkened, with what to all appearance seemed the dense smoke of a factory chimney, but which was really nothing else than fine dust. We went to the front door to look out, but the strong wind, blew the dust in with such violence, that we shut it again very quickly, and then returning to the sitting room, to our great astonishment, we were, the next instant, enveloped in complete darkness. The dust cloud we noticed in the dis-

I am gentlemen, yours truly, VOYAGEUR.

BUENOS AYRES

General notice to the public regarding the bank's operations and interest rates.

CONDITIONS

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency...

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT. NAMES OF STEAMERS. GORDOVA, ADA, UBUQUAY, UNA, LEDA.

J.S. WYLLIE AND CO.

General Merchants and Commission Agents. CHASCOMUS.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES

THOMAS HOLMES begs respectfully to announce to the Ladies of Buenos Ayres...

61 CORRIENTES 61

American Dental. Dr. N. O. CORNWALL. Artificial Teeth.

Notice regarding the bank's operations and interest rates.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE. GENERAL CAMP STORE. T. FALLON.

Mensajes "Las Generales al Sud." Administracion calle Potosi 2694.

TO CAMP PURCHASERS. GABRIATH AND HUNTER.

Notice regarding the bank's operations and interest rates.

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SHIPPING LIST. VESSELS LOADING IN PORT. L. SACOTY AND COMPANY.

SHIPPING LIST. VESSELS LOADING IN PORT. L. SACOTY AND COMPANY.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL. Colegio Comercial de Santa Lucia.

Real Holland. Just received another lot of the famous fine "mark of the Key".

E. MERRICOTT & CO. ENGLISH FAMILY WINE MERCHANTS.

Notice regarding the bank's operations and interest rates.



Hesperidina. Bitter Estomacal. DE CORTEZA DE NARANJA AMARCA.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. My fears and suspicions, as mentioned in the 2nd edition of Prospectus of Hesperidina...

Real Holland. Just received another lot of the famous fine "mark of the Key".

Fabrica de Persianas. Cajones Fanzones.

South Plaza. The undersigned beg to announce to his friends...

DILIGENCIA PARA LOBOS DE MAYO Y SALADILLO.

DE SABORIDO Y GARCIA. CON CARBUJOS TIRADOS AL PICO PARA LOBOS.

Saldrá los días—2-4-6-8-10-12-14-16-18-20-22-24-26-28-30.

Regresa los días—1-3-5-7-9-11-13-15-17-19-21-23-25-27-29.

Para 25 de Mayo Saldrá de Buenos Ayres, Todos los JUEVES.

Regresa del 25... "los DOMINGOS Para el Saladillo.

Las salidas son de la Estacion Marlo. Agencia Rivadavia, 189.

Empresarios. SABORIDA Y GARCIA.

Diligencia for Lobos, 25 de Mayo, and Saladillo.

The Standard

Thursday, March 29, 1866.

THE FRENCH MAILS.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE

The Carmel arrived to-day at day-break, bringing 53 passengers but very little gold for Buenos Ayres. The only important news we could cull from the papers is as follows:—

ENGLAND.

The writ of Habeas-corpus has been suspended.

On the 17th February 120 arrests were made in Dublin.

Col. Byron, of the U. S. army, is in close confinement.

Sir George Grey, in the House, depicted the melancholy state of Ireland, all caused by American connivance.

Baron Mañá has taken up the cause the Emperor of Brazil respecting the San Paulo Railway. His letter we will publish in our next.

There is much excitement caused by the alleged disaffection in the army, but happily it is said to be greatly exaggerated.

The debate in the House on the suspension of the Habeas-corpus Act is the event of the day. Mr. Bright made a great speech.

The Bank of England has reduced the rate of interest to 7 per cent.; in France the Bank has also reduced its rate to 4½ per cent.

A meeting of colonial importers of wool was held on the 19th.

Great wool auction in London on the 1st March.

First series of sales in Liverpool, 25 January, ended the 10th February. Total offered, 35,085 bales, of which 1,755 from Argentine Republic.

Greasy Buenos Ayres sold freely at ½ per lb. reduction.

Great business in Havre in Buenos Ayres wool. Of last shearing 800 bales to be offered at the auction on the 16th inst. Some small lots sold on landing at prices satisfactory to importers. Another ship from Montevideo arrived with 562 bales, including some washed. Of these 150 bales sold at from 2.25 to 2.85. The wool imported within 15 days amounted to 1,180 bales. Prices rule very firm.

Tallow has run up since Friday last 1s. p. cwt. home melt good, but runs off immediately and scarcely any in market—for delivery a speculative business.

Hides.—Stock small, transactions limited, but market firm at last quotations.

In Argentine securities no change. River Plate Bank shares £14 premium.

SUSPENSION OF THE HABEAS-CORPUS ACT IN IRELAND

The 'Times' says the Irish Government is of course better informed than any private person can possibly be as to the state of the country and imminence of danger; but the increased activity of the movement during the past month, and the presence of a number of persons in various districts with the scarcely concealed purpose of promoting insurrection, is ample reason for the strictest precaution. The object of the Irish Government doubtless is to secure some of the emissaries of American Fenianism, who are now numerous in Ireland, and who are working with disastrous effect upon the people. The 'Times' adds, that the Irish Fenians in England are said

to be a numerous and liberal body, and supply the necessities of the movement with a steady stream of money.

NUMEROUS ARRESTS THIS MORNING.

This morning, and at a late hour last night, arrests were made wholesale by the police, in various parts of the city, of parties suspected of being connected with the Fenian movement. Up to the present it is estimated that over 200 arrests have been made, and additional arrests are being made hourly. The various police-stations are full. Several lodging house-keepers are amongst those arrested. In a house in Mountpleasant-square, where they were lodging, three Americans were arrested between seven and eight o'clock this morning. They gave their names as Burke, Kirwan, and McDonald, and stated that they were general officers in the American service. All the arrests were on warrants in the usual way; but it is believed that they were made in anticipation of the suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act.

ARRESTS AT KINGSTOWN THIS MORNING.

Between five and six o'clock this morning numerous persons were arrested in this town, on a charge of being concerned in the Fenian movement.

UNITED STATES.

Dates to the 13th Feb.

A deputation of colored people waited on the President demanding the right of voting.

The President replied that he was most friendly disposed towards niggers, but thought that voting was a right that should not be conceded, and might possibly cause a war of races.

The emigration of niggers to foreign parts it was thought would prove beneficial.

The colored Gents replied to the President, and have since published a long answer to the President.

All the newspapers are unanimous in demanding the immediate evacuation of French troops from Mexico.

General Weitzel has thrown up his commission and left the army.

Fenian Bonds are said to be hawked about in Wall Street, and brokers are trying to make them the subject of speculation.

Col Browne has been named commander of Rio Grande.

The U. S. Government has disapproved of Gen. Crawford's conduct at Bagdad.

Capt. Sinclair has been arrested for breach of neutrality laws.

The 31st January the Spanish Consul started from Matamoros for the city of Mexico.

The Marquis Montholon and Mr Seward have had a conference relative to Mexico.

A French vessel, with 2000 soldiers, is said to have arrived off Rio Grande New York, Feb. 13—Gold, 139½; money easy.

Do. 15—Telegram—Gold, 137.

Hides, 1st class, 20 to 21 cts.

Stock—River Plate hides, 73,000.

New York, Feb. 15th.

Señor Mackenna, alleged to be the confidential agent of the Chilean Government, and Dr. Rogers, have been arrested, charged with preparing a military expedition against Spain, in

violation of the neutrality laws. The grand jury have indicted them. The Chilean Minister, at Washington telegraphed that Señor Mackenna might not be regarded as belonging to the Chilean Legation. The State Department had telegraphed that Señor Mackenna was entitled to diplomatic privileges.

FRANCE.

We have journals from Paris to February 24th. On the 15th there was an important discussion in the Senate, on reforming the Constitution, in which the Duc de Persigny, M. Rouland, and M. Ronher took part. The reply to the Throne was unanimously voted, and on the 17th a deputation of Senators presented it to his Majesty, who replied in very gracious terms and added, "my Government is not stationary, but always on the march onward." M. Thiers, in the Deputies, delivered an eloquent speech in favor of liberty of the press and to hold meetings. M. Pietri is named Prefect of Police, in room of M. Boitelle, who is elevated to the Senate. The Emperor has commuted to ten years' imprisonment the sentence of death passed on the Zouaves who mutined at Martinique. The 'Patrie' states that 5,000 French are recalled from Mexico. M. Girardin has retired from the editorship of 'La Presse.' The papers publish a letter from Mr. Seward, stating the conditions on which the United States Government will remain neutral in the Mexican question. General Count Guyon has accepted command of the Pope's army, for two years, by consent of the Emperor, retaining his grade also in the French service. Admiral Lepredour, who served in the River Plate in 1863, is dead.

SPAIN.

The infant-prince has died at Madrid. No Chilean cruiser has appeared either in the Atlantic or Mediterranean. The court-martial on General Prim and the rebel officers has unanimously condemned them to death, but they are safe in London. A duel took place between the editors of the 'Iberia' and 'Politica,' in which the latter was badly wounded. The railway from Ciudad Real to Badajoz, 200 miles, will be opened to traffic on April 1st, thus placing Lisbon in direct communication with Madrid. The diplomatic quarrel between the Cabinets of Marshal O'Donnell and General La Marmora assumes a serious phase, and all the forts on the Spanish coast are to be strengthened in view of a possible conflict. The cause of rupture is some despatches in the 'bine-book' of Madrid, wherein the Government alleges that the cause of the Papacy will be upheld by all the Catholic Powers. The state of siege continues at Madrid, and the press suffers much restriction. The Government has confirmed Admiral Mendez Nuñez as commander of the Pacific fleet, and will issue letters of marque in all Spanish ports as soon as it is known the Chileans have resorted to this mode of warfare. The Minister of Marine has presented a project to chastise slave-traders.

ITALY.

The Ministry has gained strength in the new Chambers. The Deputies unanimously passed the bill for treating

natives of Rome and Venice as Italian subjects. Mazzini is elected Deputy for Messina. Prince Carignano has formed a patriotic society at Turin to pay the debts of the nation by means of voluntary subscriptions, and the idea has been warmly taken up at Florence. Diplomatic relations between Rome and Russia are definitely broken off. Cardinal Antonelli has superseded the further enlistment of volunteers, as the Papal army-rolls are now complete.

BELGIUM.

The Belgium Government has declared that severe punishment will be inflicted on any Belgians fitting out privateers in the present war between Spain and Chile, as King Leopold II. is resolved to observe the strictest neutrality.

PORTUGAL.

General Prim has been expelled by order of the Cabinet, for his recent proclamation. A vote of censure was proposed in the Chamber, against the Government for this act, but after a hot discussion the Cabinet had a complete triumph, and Prim's banishment was approved. On March 1st the fallen General, accompanied by Brigadier Bosel, Colonel Campos, Marquis Niza, the editor of the 'Iberia,' and other political refugees embarked at Lisbon on board the Rhone packet-steamer for Southampton. He embraced his soldiers before embarking. The Infante Don Sebastian has left Portugal.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Florence, Feb. 24th.

Prince Napoleon has arrived at Parma.

Bucharest, 23rd, 6 p.m.

To-day at 3 p.m. the Chambers unanimously proclaimed the Count of Flanders (brother to Leopold II.) Prince of Roumania. The greatest joy and tranquillity prevail.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

Montevideo, March 28.

The French packet arrived early this morning: the news, which is not of very great importance, you will find in the boletín enclosed. The American steamer had not arrived so that latest dates are, via Europe, 13th inst.

The Narcissus arrived yesterday from Maldonado, where she has been for several weeks: the officers have had fine sport gunning; they found plenty of large partridges and black-headed swan, but no privateers.

The American Admiral transfers his flag to the sloop-of-war Brooklyn tomorrow. There has also been a transfer of many of the officers to this ship and the Juniata. There has been a court-martial held on board the Brooklyn for the last week to try some of the sailors for disorderly conduct. The Susquehanna will leave in a few days for the States, stopping at St. Catharines to take home the remains of the Chief Surgeon, Dr. Barclay, who died of brain fever on the voyage of the Susquehanna to this place: he was a man of much talent and died much regretted by all on board. The ship goes home with only the Assistant Surgeon, Dr. Gibson, who will have his friends fall with all the sick of the squadron, who go home in this ship. A few days since one of the men of the Brooklyn

was drowned while bathing through the wheel-house.

I have been told that Mr. Lattson has received by the last English packet a very costly microscope, one of the best ever introduced into this country, and from which many important discoveries will result. He has set a good example to the Municipal authorities and others in being the first to provide water gratis to the poor. The story got up that he predicted another hurricane on Good Friday is all a humbug.

One of the principle outlets to the city, 'Calle Ibicay, is now being paved under the supervision of Mr. Alexander Mackinnon, one of the most able civil engineers in this city: this will be a very great improvement and much needed. He is also engaged in surveying the road to the Union. When such persons are employed, you may rest assured that the work will be well done. Mr. M. was for a long time in the employ of the Tipographical Department of the British Government.

The Arno and Portafra arrived early this morning. Temperature to-day at noon 76. Barometer rising, wind easterly.

Yours,

V. B. F.

'Standard' office, Thursday morning.

French Packet in and Post-office kept open, contrary to the Police regulations.

Numbers of parties gone to the suburbs, for the holidays.

No news from Corrientes, Octayiano expected momentarily.

Espigador left for Corrientes, and took no gold.

French packet brought in specie to M Video

132,000 francs for Maná Bank.

130,000 do Sr. Juan Frias, B. A.

32,000 do G. and S. Bocca.

A Brazilian gunboat expected with the news from Corrientes.

Great firework preparations going on in anticipation of news.

Letters to be delivered at Post-office at half past two o'clock. Hurrah for Posadas.

Mole Head, Kean's Office.

A sharp look-out at the Captain of Port's for the Brazilian gunboat with the news of the fall of Itapirú. Rockets, etc., in readiness.

TEATRO COLON

OPERA ITALIANA.

Está abierto el primer abono de 16 funciones en la Bolsa del Teatro, desde el Lunes 28 del corriente hasta el Jueves 29.

La ópera nueva que se dará en la presente Temporada será:

VICTOR PISSANI.

Los Señores abonados serán preferidos en La GRAN FERIA INTERNACIONAL que tendrá lugar el 18 de Abril por la Sociedad Musical Teutónica de Rio Janeiro, Montevideo y Buenos Aires, con el concurso de la compañía Lirica.

PRIMERA FUNCION DEL ABONO.

Para el Sábado 31 del corriente. Primera parte.

1.º Gran sinfonía.

2.º Parafraza 'El Salmo SUPER FLUMINA BABYLONIS, del Maestro Gounod, autor de la ópera FAUSTO, dedicado a Mayerbeer.

3.º AVZ-MARIA, melodía religiosa arreglada al primer preludio.

S. S. BACH.

Por el Maestro Rosini. Primera y segunda parte.

Stabat Mater.

Del Maestro Rosini. Para el Domingo 1.º de Abril. 2.ª FUNCION DE TEMPORADA.

El Trovador.

A las 8 y media.



Universidad de
San Andrés

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