

# The Standard

## AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

No. 1181—Fifth Year.

BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1866.

Circulation 2,000.

### MAUA BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to amount previously conveyed under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazil, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. MACA & Co.  
WILLIAM LESLIE.

### MAUA BANK

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103.

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.

For balances in our favor . . . 12 per cent.

For balances in favor of customers . . . 8 per cent.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.

For balances in our favor . . . 12 per cent.

For balances in favor of Customers . . . 8 per cent.

Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

P. P. MACA & Co.  
WILLIAM LESLIE.

### MAUA BANK

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103.

Propositions for Life Assurances are received, and immediate attention paid to the same. A Prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the Company's Agent in this City.

GEORGE WILKS,  
7 Calle Mayo.

### The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea, on or over the river.

Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD.

DIRECTORS.

Sr. Don Tomas Armstrong, President.

Sr. Jacobo Parvianini, Vice-President.

Sr. Eduardo Lamela.

Sr. Ambrosio P. Lezica.

Sr. Enrique Tomkinson.

Sr. Mariano Orosco.

Sr. Ricardo Yurraque.

Sr. Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

La Zingara and Istria.

All Parties indebted for passage money to the above-named ships are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Offices of Force to retain into Buenos Ayres all the said ships.

Dr. N. O. CORNWALL

Calle Rivadavia, 275.

### ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Invented in the most and most approved manner, so as to have a beautiful like-to-nature, cause no irritation in the mouth, and serve all the uses of the natural organ. Teeth made promptly repaired and radically cured. Teeth filled with gold or metallic contents, so as to last for years or for life. Tartar cleared off teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

Dr. P. Bourso,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 200 CALLE 25 DE MAYO, MONTEVIDEO.

The beautiful suit of rooms are fitted up in the most modern style, affording great facilities for dental operations, containing excellent light, and every facility for the patient's comfort. He has recently received an addition of the most modern and approved instruments with monthly information by each European Packet of the latest and most important improvements in Dental Science. Also, by the latest improved gas apparatus, can always afford relief to those suffering from Toothache, at night as well as in the daytime.

Montevideo, May 8, 1864.

### NEW IRISH GROCERY,

IN THE

ONCE SETEMBRE

FEELY, LEWIS & CO.

Call the attention of their Friends and the Public in general to their well-assorted stock of

TEAS, SUGARS, WINES, &c., &c.

AND COOP ALE,

suitable for Town and Camp purchasers, which we will dispose of at moderate prices.

Purchasers may at all times rely upon receiving good, sound articles, and also a large assortment to select from.

N.B.—Goods delivered free of charge at all Railway Stations, and Boat Agencies in town.

115, xp029

Dolores, por la Esquina de Chaparro y tambien por Chis-chis.

Los dias 2, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28.

Calle de los Eales.

Los dias 2, 4, 8, 12.

168—pp 428

### F. SPRUNCK & CO.

Montevideo.

95 Calle de Zuzala 93

Have constantly on sale Binions of Pleyel, Wolf & Co., Paris and other classes of Binions.

Musical Instruments, Flute and other instruments, Songs in English, Spanish, Italian, French, and German.

Tutors for the piano.

168—xp12

### LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK

(LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80

Authorized Capital . . . . . £2,000,000 sterling.

Subscribed Capital . . . . . £1,000,000 do.

Reserve Fund 30th Sep. 1864. . . . . £44,000 do.

Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances.

Customers have the advantage of drawing cheques—of having approved bills discounted—of obtaining loans upon negotiable securities—of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection—and of lodging with the Bank valuable property in the fire-proof strong rooms for safe custody.

Deposit Accounts—Deposits received from the public generally—either for fixed periods or subject to seven or thirty days notice of withdrawal—Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Bills of Exchange—issued on the following places—

London, Dublin, Paris, Amoy, Hankow, Genoa, Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo.

J. H. GREEN, Manager.

Buenos Ayres—Nov. 1, 1865.

### LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK

(LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank for both specie and currency will be as follows, till further notice:

On specie deposits on account current, 4 per cent.

On currency ditto, 3 per cent.

On specie deposits for ninety days fixed 7 per cent.

On currency ditto, 6 per cent.

Do. subject to thirty days' notice of withdrawal, the rate is 3 per cent. more than that paid in account current, therefore on the present this class of deposits in specie gain 8 per cent.

And in currency 7 per cent.

On specie debit balances in account current, 12 per cent.

On Currency do. 15 per cent.

J. H. GREEN, Manager.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 12, 1865.

### BILLS OF EXCHANGE—

SIGHT DRAFTS.

Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from

WANKLYN & Co.

No. 104 Calle de San Martin,

On the following places:—

LONDON,

LIVERPOOL,

ALL branches of the National Bank

IRELAND,

ANTWERP,

HAMBURG,

PARIS

Genoa,

Cadix,

Bayonne,

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864.

WANKLYN & Co.

104—Calle San Martin—101.

20 d3x.

### LA ESTRELLA.

ARGENTINE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

AT FIXED PREMIUM.

Authorized by decrees of the National and Provincial Governments.

CAPITAL 2,000,000 HARD DOLLARS.

DIRECTORS.

Sr. D. Tomas Armstrong, President.

Samuel B. Hale, Vice President.

Eduardo Lamela.

José Martínez de Hoz.

Ambrosio Donarshi.

José Drazable.

Manuel S. de Zamora.

MANAGER—Sr. D. FRANCISCO F. MORENO.

Inspector-General—A. Schmidt.

Co.'s Office, 118 Calle Piedad, altos.

The Company insures on equitable terms, and at a fixed premium, every description of property. The Company is solely and exclusively responsible for losses occasioned by fire, which may be suffered by insured parties.

The Insurance may be effected for periods ranging from one month to ten years. The total premium is payable in advance, in cases where the Insurance is effected for a term of one year or less; and annually where the term exceeds one year, in terms of from 5 to 10 years, payment in advance of 5 years premium, entitles the Insured to the reimbursement of one year's premium; or in other words the Company will only charge the premium corresponding to four years.

Payment in advance of ten years' premium entitles the Insured to the reimbursement of two years' premium, with a further abatement of 10 per cent. on the premium corresponding to the term of eight years; that is he will only be charged with the amount of eight years' premiums—10 per cent.

The Company furnishes guarantees of the highest character, from the fact of there being no other Fire Insurance Company, at a fixed premium, having at least an office in the Argentine Republic, and also from the circumstance of its large capital.

The Company's funds are deposited in the Provincial Bank.

Further particulars will be furnished on application at the Company's Office.

93 xp115

### REAL HOLLANDS,

Sole Exporters

HERMAN VAN HOUTEN.

125 de la Paz

This substance is well known to be the best of the coffee and is sold in this city at the purchase of 100 lbs. at a time, according to agreement, only to be repaid at 14.

D. F. W. PAETS,

125 de la Paz

### MONTEVIDEAN BANK.

CAPITAL 1,000,000 DOLLARS.

In 2,000 Shares of 500 Dollars each.

(With power to increase it)

Office, corner of Calle Cerrito, in the new house of Dr. Juan Miguel Martínez, Montevideo.

CHAIRMAN.

Francis J. Woodard, Esq.

DIRECTORS.

Sr. D. Pedro Borelli.

Joquin Belgrano.

John McCall, Esq.

Antonio Marques.

The undersigned hereby makes known to the Commercial public of Montevideo that from this date the Bank is in a position to commence operations, will receive proposals and enter into arrangements for every class of banking operations.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Money is received or advanced on current accounts bearing interest. The Depositor may withdraw the whole or part of their Deposits by cheque at sight. Cheque and Pass Books will be supplied to the customers by the Bank.

DEPOSITS FOR FIXED PERIODS.

Sums of 50 dollars and upwards are received for fixed periods, say from one to 12 months, at rates of interest to be agreed upon with reference to the amount and term of the Deposits.

DISCOUNTS.

Bills of Exchange and Promissory notes will be discounted subject to the manager's approbation.

ADVANCES WILL BE MADE ON PROMISSORY NOTES AND OTHER SECURITIES ON PRIVATE TERMS.

The Bank will be open on all working days from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., with the exception of Saturdays when it will close at 4 p.m.

THE RATE OF INTEREST FOR THE CURRENT MONTH AND UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

On balances against the Bank . . . . . 8 1/2 per ann.

" " in favor of " . . . . . 12 " " " "

" Fixed Deposits—as especially agreed.

Those who desire to open Current Accounts with the Bank will be so good as to address themselves to the Undersigned.

PEDRO VARELA, MANAGER.

Montevideo, Nov. 1, 1865.

### WILLIAM M. MOONEY,

WOOL-BROKER.

No. 752 CALLE PIEDAD,

Buenos Ayres. 161—xp 228

### South Plaza.

The undersigned begs to announce to his friends, that in consequence of numerous requests from his camp friends, he has prepared accommodation for them next door to his former premises, where, in addition to his business of general grocer, he will be able to provide them with board and lodging, with every accommodation for horses, carts, &c.

All orders from the camp attended to with despatch.

JOHN ROSS, Plaza de la Constitución.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 26, 1865. 128—xp226

### Meerscham Pipes.

Just received ex "Una" from Liverpool, a varied assortment of first class Meerscham Pipes, each in its corresponding case. Cigarera del Plata, Corner of Calle Rivadavia and Florida. 88—xm 415

### WATSON'S HOTEL,

BELGRANO.

Hot and cold Suppers till 11 o'clock every night. Ice and Ice-Cream always on the premises. All kinds of in and out-door amusements. 21—xm 46

### Professor DALY.

Will provide the public with the best Italian, French, English, and German music; also Musical Instruments, tools, parts, presses, &c. Please apply to D. Dakin, No. 40 la conquista. 180—1m 424.

### Real Hollands.

A small consignment of Genuine Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps just received by J. S. WYLLIE & Co. Chasomus. 71—xp 411

### Steam to Colonia.

Vapor Nacional L. L. L. Saldra para dicho punto todos los Martes y Sábados. Regresará el mismo día. Hora de salida 8 en punto de la mañana. Precio de pasaje 4 pts. Agencia, Dickelman and Bergman, Paseo Julio No. 60. 21—xp 97

### On Sale.

Estancias: Sheep City Lands. Also. A very nice house 81 varas front by 263 deep, 4 rooms, kitchen, algarbe, out-houses, 5 varas square of the fondo, E. on parcel street, M. Vidio, To Rent.

Estancias: Chacras. A D. H. FOX, TORR, 45—Calle Cangallo—10 (up stairs). 140—1m 421

### ENGLISH BREWED WATERS.

Prepared in Silver Cylinders by steam Machinery. The subscriber having recently imported a large Soda Water machine, with all the most recent improvements, is now in a position to supply the trade and private families with Soda Water, Lemonade and Ginger Beer, equal to the best manufactured in England. These beverages are recommended by the English medical authorities to be most healthy and refreshing, particularly in warm climates.

For the convenience of customers the following firms have agreed to receive orders: Messrs. R. Muir & Co., Barry and Walker, G. Anderson, and C. H. Twyford. 153—1m 421.

### For Shepherders in Santa Fé.

Rams of the Rambouillet breed crossed with the Negretti, for sale at the instance of the undersigned, Edouardo de Leones, 16 leguas north of Rosario, and 6 leguas from the Paso Colorado del Carancho, in the Partido San José de Cordero. These rams, introduced into the province of Santa Fé from the well known estancia of Mr. Richard B. Newton about nine months ago, are now accustomed to the pasture of this province, and may therefore well be recommended to shepherders who are about to move to this province and do not like to run the risk of losing their rams on the journey, or on the occasion of the change of pasture. The price in ten to ten British dollars upwards.

L. H. POSTAL & CO. 77—Calle 7

### B. A. GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

FIRST AND SECOND CLASS.

Stations. A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

Buenos Ayres 9 12 30 4 10 8 25

Barracas 9 10 12 40 4 10 8 55

Lomas de Zamora 9 35 12 45 4 35 8 55

Glew 10 15 12 55 5 5 9 10

San Vicente 10 30 1 30 5 30 9 30

Dons-Bar 11 4 1 45 6 15 10 15

Ferret 11 22 1 35 6 35 10 35

Jeppener 11 40 1 55 6 55 10 55

Facia 12 25 2 25 7 25 11 25

Gándara 12 55 2 55 7 55 11 55

Chasomus 1 30 3 30 8 30 12 30

Stations. A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

Chasomus 7 40 11 40 4 40 8 40

Gándara 8 10 12 10 5 10 9 10

Facia 8 40 12 40 5 40 9 40

Jeppener 9 5 12 5 6 5 10 5

Dons-Bar 9 35 12 35 6 35 10 35

San Vicente 10 30 1 30 6 30 10 30

Lomas de Zamora 11 30 1 30 7 30 11 30

Barracas 8 15 11 55 1 30 11 55

Buenos Ayres 8 25 12 10 2 10 12 10

Exp'd 15 E. BANFIELD, Gen. Manager.

### GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY,

Collections, &c.

GOODS AND PARCELS DELIVERY

In Buenos Ayres.

From the 18th October 1865 till further notice, The Great Southern Railway Company has made arrangements with a responsible Carter for the Collection and delivery of Goods and Parcels in all paved parts of the City of Buenos Ayres at the following rates:—

General Goods.—Collected or delivered within four squares of the Great Southern Railway Station at 0 2/3 per arroba. To any address South of the Calle Rivadavia at 0 3/4 per arroba. To any address North of Calle Rivadavia at 0 4 1/2 per arroba.

Market Produce.—Such as Milk, Butter, Eggs, Fruit, Vegetables, Meat or Poultry, requiring care at punctuality will be charged double the above rates.



Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER ANNUM. ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere."

SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1866.

THE PACIFIC MAILS.

IMPORTANT FROM CHILE AND PERU. Second revolution in Lima.—Er-president Pezet at Panama. No rupture yet between Peru and Spain. Movements of Pareja. Two Chilean iron-clads. Anti-European pamphlets. New paper-emission. Events in Araucania. Latest from Australia.

We have files of the Chilean papers to Dec. 16th, and latest news from Lima to Nov. 29th.

It seems General Causseco, who was acclaimed President by the victorious rebels in Lima, did not wish to go so far as the populace intended, and the military chiefs having passed him a vote of censure he called a cabinet council on the 28th Nov. and abdicated; whereupon Colonel Prado was named Dictator, and a new cabinet formed of five individuals. It was expected the new Government would at once annul the treaties with Spain, which Causseco had pretended should remain in force until the next meeting of Congress, in April. As yet, however, no actual rupture has taken place, perhaps owing to the presence of Admiral Pareja at Callao, with the iron-clad Numancia and two frigates. Latest accounts note the departure of the Numancia for Caldera, where she was joined by the Villa Madrid, and both were supposed to be bound for the Chincha Islands.

The mail-steamers Pacifico, one day out from Panama, met H. P. M. S. Mutine with ex-President Pezet on board, escaping to Europe. The Mutine handed Gen. Frisnacho, and some others of Pezet's party; on the coast of Ecuador, near Guayaquil. The 'Pacifico' brought 11,000 muskets for Peru, with a large supply of ammunition.

Things in Chile are much the same as before, public attention being given to two new iron-clads, the O'Higgins and Chacabuco, now being constructed in England. Meantime the Government has wisely given employment to the hands thrown idle by the blockade, in some new railways and telegraph works: 200 vagrants were arrested in Valparaiso in one day and sent to the army. The Legislature is occupied with a new emission of paper money redeemable in 6 months after the war, or in July 1867: amount not stated. Mr. Vicuña has imitated the imprudent example of Sr. Lastarria by preaching a crusade against Europe, in a pamphlet called "War between Europe and America": these absurd theories of hatefulness towards Europe are eloquently refuted by the recent manifestations in England and France in favor of Chile.

H. M. S. Leander had gun exercise on the 12th, and left next day for Callao. Small fox still rages at Valparaiso: last hospital report 222 patients. Captain Patrick Lynch has been gazetted to command one of the new gun-boats when they arrive from England. It is thought that, if Peru breaks the treaties, Admiral Pareja will raise the blockade in Chile and descend with all his forces on Callao. The Chilean Government has received an historic present for the museum, being a parasol with the inscription—"Originally borne over the Vice Kings of Peru on public ceremonies, and presented to General O'Brien on the declaration of the Independence of Lima by the Liberator, General San Martin, as a testimony and mark of esteem for past services."

A fire broke out in the house of Mr. Edwards, Valparaiso, but was happily extinguished by the Fire-brigade. At Santiago an auction was held, on the 10th, of articles belonging to the victims of the Compañia church, which had remained unclaimed.

Advices from Araucania to Dec. 2nd state that four Indians were shot at Naciniento for being implicated in the recent massacres.

A vessel arrived from Australia brings the 'Melbourne Argus' of Nov. 3rd: the previous day had been kept as a half-holiday, and the banks and offices closed. Owing to a great drought in Adelaide all the green crops perished: latest quotations—Adelaide flour £28; Chilean £25.

TWO ENGLISH VESSELS BURNED.

SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION OF COAL. The 'Patria' of Valparaiso has the following:—

Two English vessels from Swansea laden with coal, en route for Valparaiso, have had the misfortune of a spontaneous combustion, on the high seas, owing to the coal having been put on board damp. The 'Don Baltasar' went ashore on Nov. 24th in S. Lat. 56. W. Long 76, and the crew taking to the boats she sank a few minutes after the poor fellows experienced awful sufferings for want of water and provisions, during several days, and were only providentially rescued by the American barque Annapolis from Baltimore to San Francisco. A few days after the latter saving the cast-aways, the Captain of the Annapolis died, and the sailors buried his body in the coal, in order to convey it to S. Francisco. On reaching Valparaiso, the Capt. of the 'Don Baltasar' and one of the passengers were allowed to land, but the rest went on to San Francisco.

The Colorado, which left Swansea on September 4th, went ashore after getting round the Horn, and although seriously damaged, the fire was sufficiently got under to enable her to reach Valparaiso.

LATEST FROM JAMAICA

ARRIVAL OF CHILIAN MAIL

SUPPRESSION OF THE REBELLION.

From our files of Kingston papers, which are up to the 21st inst., we learn that the rebellion is completely crushed out. Many exciting rumors of further trouble in different localities had been set on foot, but no movement of a serious nature had taken place. Those implicated in the insurrection who had been arrested, were being tried and punished according to their deserts. Of the Haytian refugees who were ordered to quit the Island, some twenty-one had left in the French steamer 'Caravelle' for St. Thomas. Panama Star.

MAILS FROM THE PROVINCES.

NEWS FROM BOLIVIA.

We have exchanges from Cordova to the 29th ult., Rosario 4th inst., and dates from Rioja to the 21st and July to the 7th ult.

Governor Campos arrived in Cordoba with the Rioja contingent, 385 men, but a courier overtook him, announcing fresh troubles in the Llaos, which are, however, considered trifling.

The trials of the ring-leaders in the mutiny of the Santiago contingent have ended, in the condemnation of 27 to be shot, but Governor Taboada has pardoned 13.

In Tucuman the reserve-battalion have been disbanded.

Passengers from Bolivia state that Gen. Melgarejo has still 2,000 men at Potosi, and can hold out for some time.

The 'Cosinopolita' of Rosario mentions an outrage at San Lorenzo by drunken policemen who attempted to break open a neighbor's house, with throwing gin-bottles &c. at the windows. Another outrage was committed in the Paraná, by the captain of the Libertad who is charged with having shot a poor Italian boatman while sleeping in his craft: the Italian has died.

Paraná papers to the 3rd inst. state that the steamer Chacabuco passed up the previous day, towing some vessels with provincial contingents.

GREAT NEWS FROM MONTEVIDEO.

SPLENDID BALL ON THE MAGENTA.

SPANISH CRUSADE AGAINST 'TRIBUNA.'

ADMIRAL CHAIGNEAUX AND MR. SALAS.

If business were as active as politics, news, and fun, the merchants of Montevideo would soon be all Rothschilds and Barings, for since the time the Governor of Buenos Ayres sent down 2,000 Indians to build up this city there never was such fun, frolic and gaiety as at present. Talk of Scotchmen and Yankees seeing the old year

out, and the new one in. The Italians are the only people who know how to keep up the festival with proper eclat. The ball on board the Magenta on Sunday night was superb; can your prudent readers in Buenos Ayres figure to themselves the sport of going to a ball in the middle of the night in a small row boat? Happy are we indeed that the departed spirit of Sir Creswell Creswell cannot return to these sublunary realms, for since the memorable case of Codrington versus Codrington going to parties in row-boats is prohibited. I cannot attempt to give any description of the feast; the decks converted into ball-rooms and winning young ladies dancing alongside 68 pounders, it was indeed seeking pleasure at the cannon's mouth; everything passed off with the most unprecedented eclat, your quondam correspondent was there and danced all night till broad daylight.

Thomas Hines Jones, the manager of the River Plate Bank has commenced the year well, by notifying the Government that his paper money is now all ready; the \$50 bills are signed by Mr. Jones, and the smaller bills by the clerks, whose names I forget. The bills will be redeemed at par in Buenos Ayres, which will be a great convenience and will put this bank on a proper footing. The bank is doing a very good business: Mr. Jones, the manager, is the right man in the right place, and is deservedly popular.

The case of the Spanish Vice-Consul Salas, on board the French gunboat, has caused great attention. The French Admiral delivered over the prisoner to Mr. Creus, the Spanish Minister. It seems that Salas was Brazilian Vice-Consul in Corrientes, and by taking this post lost his right to Spanish protection. Of one thing there can be no doubt, and that is, that but for the commander of the Decidido, Mr. Salas would still be a close prisoner in Humaita. The Decidido did not bring an ounce from Paraguay, and, as far as I can glean from some of the officers, the Paraguayans will cost the allies more than they think before they take Itapua or knock down Humaita.

In consequence of the very decided tone of the 'Tribuna' about the Chilean war, the Spanish residents have commenced to strike their names off the subscription list. Mr. Creus, the Minister, has set the example. It is an ungenerous way of supporting a bad cause, and amongst all classes of foreigners here, with the exception of Spaniards, has increased the general animosity against Spain. Every one sympathises with Chile, and the belief here is that England is going to interfere and make Spain be less pretentious respecting the South American States.

There has been a meeting of the Corps Diplomatique: Mr. Letsom, I believe, presided, to consider Lastarria's note, and to frame a reply. The proverbial laconism of Mr. Letsom prevails the answer—

"Sir—We have received your note, regret the row, and desire you and your country the compliments of the season."

Nothing more. Enclosed in a small envelope, and sent per mail to the Tigre. There are no Mr. Painters here to act as couriers, and very little sealing-wax.

I regret to record the rather sudden death of Mr. F. Truebas, the merchant who failed last November. He was a man greatly respected here; his difficulties, it seems, were the immediate cause of his death.

The Government has just created a Board of Finance, composed of the Collector, the Accountant General, the Administrator of Stamps, the Bank Inspectors. This board will consider all financial matters, and will be of great public utility.

The Spanish iron-clad frigate Tetuan is expected out here soon; she will proceed to the Pacific to relieve the Numancia.

The Gerente leaves to-morrow, the 7th, for Rio Janeiro; she will have a number of passengers, but very little cargo; she calls at Rio Grande and Santa Catalina.

The greatest possible activity reigns amongst our Municipales: in a few months, at the rate things are going on, Montevideo will be the prettiest city in South America; the plazas are

all being set in order, the streets paved, lamp-posts, trees, garden-seats, &c.; every one thinks and dreams and speaks about beautifying the streets; the engineers are now surveying the Plaza Sarandi. If the Buenos Ayres Municipales were only as active, what a difference there would be in that city!

To-day there was a grand funeral ceremony in honor of Leandro Gomez, the church was crowded, men of all political persuasions attended to pay honor to the memory of this truly brave man, who died like a hero. None refuse honor to this great man's name, and the funeral ceremony to-day must have afforded solace to the widow of the Patriot. I call your attention to the remarks of the 'Siglo,' as evidence of the very lofty tone of this well-edited and impartial journal.

Another Brazilian row has taken place in the streets, the Brazilian snubbed the police and of course a rough and tumble fight ensued, some half-dozen Bahians got badly wounded.

Government has purchased the hull of an old Dutch vessel to place as a light-ship over a sand bank in the river known as 'Panels,' which is very dangerous to all vessels trading coastwise. The charge will be very trifling.

A masque ball is talked of on Saturday and Sunday nights, but as yet permission has not been given by the police.

The mortality amongst the Brazilians still continues: within the last three days twenty have died off, one of the oldest Spanish residents in this city, a man named Gréus has died; he was a city Sereno for 45 years.

The French barque Victoria, which ran on the Maldonado rocks on the 26th, I fear will prove a total wreck; the moment news arrived of the disaster, the chief of Police sent word to the British Consul and a vessel was at once sent to the rescue; the Victoria sailed from Marseilles on the 8th Oct. with a valuable cargo; everything is insured.

The saladero league is at an end, and now killing is going on in good earnest, but stolen cattle are brought each day to market: 30 novillos at Lafone's saladero were embargoed the other day, and the amount they realized, 216 National dollars, paid to the Committee of the corrales.

News has arrived here of the loss of an English barque bound from the States, with flour, on the Rio Grande coast, name as yet unknown.

The last American mail-steamers that arrived in Rio has brought to that port two batteries of 12 complete pieces, a new invention of Col. Lount. This is the first shipment of these celebrated guns; they carry one thousand yards. Col. Lount is a West Point man, and has served 16 years in the regular army.

Valenzani, a painter, has sent a petition to Government praying that the minister will order him to paint a historic picture of General Flores reviewing the National Guards on his entering Monte Video, and again on leaving to liberate Paraguay. If the Government buys 4 copies he will begin. I don't think that the Minister will accept the offer.

Some Brazilian officer has written a long letter to a Rio Grande paper full of lies, &c. about Monte Video; the 'Siglo' has got hold of it and makes great sport about the writer, who says that a young lady caught him by the arm in the street and took him into her room: the letter is full of nonsense and not worthy of notice. Mr. Fermin Castex, the Oriental Consul at Bordeaux, has received his exequatur, I am told he is an active good man.

Sres. Joubert, photographers, were nearly murdered the other day on their own premises: some person rather well-dressed entered the sala cocked his revolver and fired, luckily he took bad aim and the ball entered the wall behind; it was a most daring outrage.

Sr. Estrazulas and Lamas received the dignity of Apostolic notary the other day, and in the evening his friends serenaded him; Dr. Jimenez made an eloquent speech.

Briol has charmed us all here—Rigoletto and Traviata drew crowded houses; it is regretted that she will soon leave for Buenos Ayres.

Biraben's beef company is attracting attention, but I have not time or space to write you all particulars: now, most

people believe that it will prove a great success, if due care is taken in the packing of the beef.

The Galileo not yet arrived.

The steamer from Salto brought one thousand ounces, and gold is coming in fast, by every vessel.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Yesterday we had mails from all quarters. Advices from Panamá are very satisfactory respecting Jamaica: the revolt is suppressed and peace restored. We have no later dates from Europe or the States, although it is possible the Bahiana, which arrived from Rio at Montevideo, may have brought later dates. News from the camp is also good. Yesterday we had farmers from all quarters. The rain has been general, crops coming round, and most of the estancieros near town busy parting their flocks, in order to sell or drive to outside camps.

Respecting Dr. West, concerning whom we have an advertisement in the paper, we have just received the following intelligence: Dr. West is at present in Cordova; he was in Navarro some seven years ago, and thence went to Lobos. We understand that this gentleman has come in for a magnificent fortune at home, and hope this notice will meet his eye.

Shooting Indian spies is the latest novelty in the camp; five were caught a few leagues beyond the 25 de Mayo, and then there shot: we approve of this, and the same law ought to be applied to all assassins in the camp.

The Triton, we understand is expected out shortly from Montevideo: we suppose Admiral Elliot will come up in her.

Our friends in Rosario have had a very gay time of it: yesterday we received a full account of the first meeting of the Santa Fé Athletic Club: as we have no room we are obliged to hold it over till Monday.

The River Plate Bank in Montevideo has at last issued its paper money; the bills are payable in specie the same as at home: we have no doubt they will enjoy a great circulation both here and in Montevideo. It is the first English money ever issued in the River Plate.

The steamer Provéedor is expected on Monday from Montevideo: she will go right up to Corrientes.

The little steamer Castor will shortly leave for the same port.

The Gualguay Railway will very soon be a 'fait accompli.' The rails and rolling stock have arrived, also the locomotive. Mr. Coghlan, we understand, is the directing genius: the people in Entre Rios are loud in their praise, and the opening of the little Gualguay Railway will be the beginning of a new era in Entre Rios.

The shareholders of the Argentine Central Railway Co. are notified to appear at the office for the year's interest on the shares. This is good news for the shareholders.

Dr. M. A. Schlosser, the renowned Chiroprapist, has arrived from Chile. His rooms are No. 9 & 10 Hotel La Paz. He is one of the greatest corn-doctors in the world: people who have corns will no doubt visit this famed professor.

The American School will resume business on the 15th inst.

Vandevelt's very extensive establishment in Calle Buen Orden is being enlarged. It is now one of the places most frequented by estancieros—the thistle-cutting machine, iron-posts, etc., manufactured by Vandevelt, are scattered far and near through the camp. The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Elizalde, will shortly leave for up the river, to have a conference with the President, it is presumed on questions touching the Chilean war.

A sort of private hospital, at No. 281 Calle Venezuela, has been opened, supplied with vapor baths, etc. Charges moderate, and the best medical attendance.

The camp returns of the elections are coming in slowly. Government has received the lists, etc., from the following partidos: Ranchos, Capilla del Señor, Magdalena, Fortin, Saladillo, San Vicente, Riojas, Chivilcoy, and Junin; and up to the present the re-elected Congressmen stand as follows: Obligado, Guayra, Acosta, Cardenas, Quintana, Alsina, and Montevideo.

The departure of the local-event man of the 'Nacional' was attended with great danger and much risk. The river was very rough, and the gentleman in question, anxious to depart with dignity, started for the steamer in the Captain of the Port's 'falua.' The little boat pushed off, and just when about half-way a schooner under full sail bore down on the Captain of the Port's boat and struck her just at the bow, knocking a hole in her. The captain of the schooner, seeing the rather perilous state of affairs, and the great risk the Captain of the Port ran, hauled down her canvass and picked up the afloatight 'cronista' and officials. The sailors were all pitched into the water, Captain Pizarro got one eye closed up temporarily, and the local event gentleman his leg all but smashed into fifty pieces. The waves beat so high that the 'falua' was washed away and caught by another boat. The shipwrecked Captain of the Port, not knowing how to swim, was in a horrible fix; he ordered the master of the unlucky schooner to make signs of distress, which, when recognized at the Capitania, plunged the whole establishment into the most inconspicuous distress; all the soldiers, clerks, and officials began weeping most immoderately, and the Port Captain's flag was hoisted half-mast high. It was then the real sport commenced: what was agony to the officials, was the most intense sport for the captains, sailors, etc., on the beach. Two-to-one the Port Captain is drowned, was as freely offered on the mole, as last Monday at Belgrano course, on Portofia. A whale-boat was at once manned and sent off to the rescue; every glass on the beach was called into requisition, and the marine public watched anxiously her progress. She was soon at the scene of suffering and woe, but although she rescued such invaluable personages as our local event friend and the Captain of the Port, the total salvage earned was ten paper dollars, which shows what injustice is practicable in our Marine Courts. The captain of the schooner who ran down the 'falua' trembled like an aspen leaf, lest he might be put in irons, but the adamant brow of the half-drowned 'cronista' was undisturbed by a frown, and the captain explained the cause of the disaster, namely, that his mast and rudder broke, and he was unable to manage the vessel. The poor Captain of the Port exculpated the captain, but blamed himself for taking into his boat any member of the press. The falua is of course destroyed, and now the Captain of the Port, in order to escape all such risks in future, is in treaty with the owner of the stern-wheel Steamer La Helena, as row-boats will do no longer. The 'cronista' lost his passage, Pizarro his eye, the Captain of the Port his boat. Such a melancholy catastrophe is happily not frequent in the port of Buenos Ayres.

The 'Imparcial Español,' a Spanish paper formerly well known in this city, and which expired last year, has again made its appearance. We salute our resuscitated colleague.

A lucky shoemaker in Calle Cuyo, Mr. Manuel Santos, drew four thousand patacons in the last Uruguay lottery. His motto now is 'There's nothing like lotteries.'

The ex-Governor of Corrientes, Sr. Lagrana has published a feeling address to the Correntinos on the occasion of his leaving office and joining the army. Our old friend Lagrana breathes the warmest sentiments for the prosperity of the Province which he ruled so successfully for so many years.

In every street in town we notice Argentine officers in very gay uniforms. General Nazar has, it seems, observed this, and has therefore published an order calling all officers to present themselves at his office and get the passports to join the army. Our countryman, Capt. Davis, of the renowned British Brigade, is now in town, but he has his passport in his pocket; he goes at once to join his regiment. 'On dit' Mitro has notified Davis that he and his men are to be the first to march into Paraguay; they will cross the river in small canoes made by the Chaco Indians. B. Schetti has not come to town—he remains







