





Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH. ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1865.

ARRIVAL OF THE MERSEY.

HURRAH! FOR CAPTAIN CURLEWIS AND \$300,000 IN GOLD SOVEREIGNS.

Yesterday morning, a little after sunrise, the Mersey steamed into port, and at half-past eight our supplements and papers were on shore. Captain Curlewis has had the honor and good luck to have brought the largest amount in gold ever known to have arrived in one vessel for the River Plate.

We are glad to welcome several old friends who have returned to Buenos Ayres after a long visit to home. We are indebted to Captain Curlewis for a copy of the 'West Indian' of Barbadoes, May 12th, which brings dates from New York to May 2nd, being seven days later than via England.

The murder of President Lincoln caused unparalleled excitement and indignation throughout the United Kingdom. The 'Times' states that the feeling in England is even more intense than in the United States: meetings of the town-council and citizens were held in London, Liverpool, Birmingham, Dublin, Edinburgh and all the large cities, to express their sympathy with the American people.

The mystery of the Road Murder has at last been cleared up, by the confession of Miss Constance Kent, that she murdered her infant step-brother out of spite to her step-mother. It will be remembered the crime was committed in 1860, and suspicion at that time fell on the nurse.

Admiral Fitzroy has committed suicide: he was a very old and esteemed officer, had served for some time in the River Plate, and was lately in charge of the signal department or 'weather' office. The cause of the fatal deed was great nervous debility. Captain Fitzroy's explorations of the Beagle on the coast of Patagonia and Straits of Magellan are remembered in connexion with the work of Mr. Charles Darwin.

FRANCE.

Paris, May 6.

The Empress presided at the Council of State held to-day.

Paris, May 7.

The circulation in France of the newspaper 'L'Europe,' published in Frankfurt, has been prohibited on account of an article which appeared in that paper in defence of political assassination.

ROMA AND ITALY.

Rome, May 3.

The Pope, in the letter which he addressed to King Victor Emmanuel prior to the arrival of Signor Vegezzi, says that the Count de Sartiges spoke to him last summer upon the settlement of the pending religious questions. His holiness addresses himself to the heart of the King in order to wipe away the tears of Italy, and requests him to send an envoy to treat upon the question of the Episcopate. The Pope styles the King "Victor Emmanuel, King of Sardinia," and concludes his letter without bestowing his apostolic benediction.

ITALY.

Turin, May 6.

The case of the 'Monarchia Italiana' was decided to-day.

Deputy Ballanti was declared guilty on the charge of being the author of the libellous article published in that journal; but the director of that paper was condemned to two months' imprisonment and a fine of 300 f.

Turin, May 7.

The Turin journals of to-day announce that Signor Vegezzi had a conference with the Ministers yesterday. It is further stated that the negotiations with the Pope have been suspended, though not broken off, and that no engagement has been entered into by Signor Vegezzi in the name of the Italian Government.

SPAIN.

Madrid, May 5.

The 'Correspondencia' of to-day asserts that one of the offers received by the Government at the sale of the bonds guaranteed on landed property was made by a foreign banking house at \$8.25.

PORTUGAL.

Lisbon, May 6.

The Earl of Sefton and the British fleet have left here. Prior to his lordship's departure he was invested with the Order of the Tower and Sword. H.M.S. Defence remains to join the Russian squadron, which is shortly expected with the body of the Czarowitch.

Brussels, May 6.

The King has passed a more quiet night.

The Duke of Brabant returned here this morning from his long tour.

Shanghai, April 9.

A Confederate cruiser is reported off this port.

Pekin, April 13.

The Ministerial crisis in this city is at an end, Prince Kung resuming his official position as Prime Minister.

Algiers, May 5, 1 p.m.

The Emperor is still making excursions into the environs of the town. His Majesty's health continues excellent.

The Prince of Wales left London, for Ireland, yesterday morning. His Royal Highness arrived in Dublin at a quarter to seven o'clock in the evening.

Earl Russell presided at the meeting of the British and Foreign School Society. The meeting was of an interesting character. His lordship spoke strongly in favour of the beneficial working of the society.

The Rev. Dr. Manning, formerly Protestant Archdeacon of Chichester, has been appointed to succeed the late Cardinal Wiseman in the Roman Catholic Archbishopric of Westminster. In making this appointment the Pope is said to have passed over the nominations of the Roman Catholic chapter of Westminster altogether.

President Johnson had made a speech, in which he stated that leniency must be shown to the people of the South, but that their leaders must be punished. He appointed the 25th of May as a day of mourning and humiliation for Mr. Lincoln's death.

The Emperor of the French has addressed a private letter to Mrs. Lincoln, condoling with her on the death of her husband. This fact was announced by her Majesty herself to Mr. and Mrs. Bignon when she received them at the Tuileries on Sunday, and it is now published in the 'Moniteur.'

The Emperor Napoleon has issued a proclamation to the native population of Algeria. He declares that he honours the sentiment of warlike dignity which made them at first fight against those who came not to destroy their nationality but to deliver them from oppression. But he calls upon them now to recognise the decrees of Providence and no longer to resist. Two millions of Arabs, he urges, cannot successfully struggle against forty millions of Frenchmen. He thanks those who have always been faithful to France, and assures Algeria that he only comes to exercise power in her interest and to increase her well-being. The Emperor twice appeals to the authority of the Koran in the course of his proclamation, and one cannot help being reminded of the First Napoleon's famous appeals to Mahometan religious feeling made likewise upon African soil. But it must be owned that the business and the policy of the Third Napoleon in Africa are very unlike those of the First.

It may be remembered that an address was recently sent to the Emperor of the French by some of the inhabitants of Fleburg. The 'Dagblad' of Copenhagen states that three citizens who signed it have been sentenced by the German authorities to six months' imprisonment each. Sir G. Grey said he had received a letter from the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland denying that he had struck any Irish boys out of the programme of music to be performed at the opening of the Dublin Exhibition.

ONE DAY LATER THAN THE PACKET.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER 'LEDA,' CAPTAIN E. W. BROWNRIFF.

FIFTY PASSENGERS.

The new steamer Leda, commanded by our friend Capt. Brownrigg, arrived in Montevideo at 9 p.m. on the 11th inst., having left Liverpool on the 10th May at 8 a.m. It is difficult to say whether Captain Curlewis or Captain Brownrigg brought the best remittance from Europe. Capt. Curlewis brought one million and a half patacons in sovereigns; and Captain Brownrigg fifty emigrants—we are inclined to decide in favor of the latter.

Thanks to the urbanity and attention of Mr. Brownrigg we have made another editorial victory, having the latest Liverpool paper in town: 'Daily Post,' May 10, from which we extract.

The Prince of Wales opened the Dublin Exhibition on the 9th May in great state, and the ceremony was remarkably fine.

The Chester Cup, run for on May 10, won by Highflyer dam colt, 1st Buckfoot 2nd

The 'Cork Examiner' announces the death of Dr. Lyons, late M.P. for Cork. Mr. Edwin James, ex-Q.C., of London, has appeared at the Winter Garden Theatre, New York, as 'Friar Lawrence, in 'Romeo and Juliet.' He makes a capital cleric.

Mr. Adams, the American Minister was present during the debate on Monday night in the House of Commons.

A SCANDAL NIPPED IN THE BUD.—The 'Times' of Friday, May 5, contained an announcement of the marriage of the Mr. Robert Henry Ray to Agnes Cavendish, daughter of the late Duke of Devonshire. We are requested to state that the above-named lady was not the daughter of the late Duke of Devonshire, nor connected in any way with his Grace or his family. (Times.)

SEVEN DAYS LATER THAN THE PACKET.

AMERICAN NEWS.

(From the W. Indian, Barbadoes.)

Papers to 2nd inst. have unexpectedly come to hand by the steamer 'Favorita,' from New York, in 8 days, bound to Callao, being one of the Branch Line of Pacific Steamers plying between Callao and Panama. Genl. Johnston had surrendered to Genl. Sherman on the same terms granted to Genl. Lee. Amongst the Officers are 3 Generals, viz., Johnston, Bragg, and Beauregard, 5 Lieut. Genls.—Hardee, Wade, Hampton, D. H. Hill, Stephen D. Lee, and Alex. Stewart, of Tenn.; 20 Major Genls., and 38 Brigadiers—in all 66. The army exceeds in number that surrendered by Lee—amounting to 30,000 men. The surrender includes all the troops in the country East and North of the Chattahoochee, that is in N. and S. Carolina, and E. Florida and Georgia. The greater portion of the Army of the Potomac has been ordered to Washington, and two divisions of Sherman's Army on march homewards to the West, under Genl. Howard, who has issued strict orders against marauders and levying contributions on the inhabitants on the line of march. It is said that General Johnston proposed to include President Davis and the Officers of the Civil Government in his surrender, so as to give them the benefit of the terms; which was agreed to by Genl. Sherman, but refused on reference to Washington; after which Johnston surrendered on behalf of the Army under his command, not extending beyond the Chattahoochee; which leaves it open to Genl. Beauregard to be included in the surrender, or not, as he may choose, as his command extends beyond that river.

It is not known what has become of President Davis, but there is a rumour of his taking to flight with 2,000 horsemen southwards, with a view to get across to Cuba; or joining Forrest, Roddy, and his brother-in-law, Genl.

Dick Taylor, in command in Mississippi, to cross the river and find his way through Texas to Mexico. Booth, the assassin of Pres. Lincoln, was pursued by detectives, and overtaken in a barn in Virginia was shot by one of them named Corbet. The man who attempted the life of Mr. Seward and his son has also been captured, and a great many arrests of suspected persons have been made. Great excitement prevailed through the country. The body of President Lincoln has been conveyed through all the principal cities of the West, exposed to the eyes of the sympathising crowd, everywhere received with marks of sorrowful affection. Its final resting place is a cemetery in Springfield in Illinois, where he resided before his election as President. President Johnson had declared in a speech to the people that he was prepared to give liberal terms to the people of the South on their submission, but was determined to hang the traitors, meaning perhaps those implicated in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. Mr. Seward and his son were recovering from their wounds. Genl. Schofield was appointed Military Governor of N. Carolina, with 10th and 20th Corps, and Genl. Halleck, of N. Virginia, with head-quarters at Richmond at Richmond. In an interview between the 'Herald's' correspondent and Genl. Lee, the latter is said to have expressed great horror at the assassination of President Lincoln, and his conviction that it was done without the knowledge of the authorities, and instead of serving their cause, would only add to its disasters.

April 7.

Booth, the assassin, and his accomplice, the Harrold, were yesterday discovered to have taken refuge in a swamp in St. Mary's County, Maryland. Being pursued by a company of Federal cavalry, they barricaded themselves in a barn, near Port Royal, on the Rappahannock. The fugitives refusing to surrender, the building being set on fire, and in the confusion that ensued Harrold was captured alive, and Booth shot through the head by a sergeant. The wound was not immediately fatal, and the assassin lingered for three hours before he expired. He continued to curse the Government to the latest moment; finding an interval however to send a message to his mother. Harrold and Booth's dead body arrived in Washington this morning. Booth's brother, Junius Brutus Booth, has been arrested upon suspicion of being privy to the assassination.

Mr. Seward took an airing in his carriage yesterday. Mr. Frederick Seward is gaining strength rapidly.

PARAGUAYAN OUTRAGE ON THE ENGLISH FLAG.

THE DOTORELL BOAT FIRED INTO—ONE MAN KILLED, THREE WOUNDED.

Yesterday the town was thrilled with the news that the Paraguayans had wantonly fired into a small boat of the Dotoroll, wounding the officer and two men, and killing one man. As far as we can gather the particulars of this daring outrage and melancholy affair, it appears a small boat put off from the Dotoroll to the Brazilian blockading squadron, and was allowed by the Paraguayans to pass. When the boat was returning a body of Paraguayans, about one hundred strong, came to the bank and fired a volley into the boat, resulting as we have stated. Captain Johnson at once went on shore and demanded satisfaction. He was referred to Asuncion, with the insulting remark, 'si lo dejan pasar Humayta.' From what we know of Captain Johnson, we feel certain he will stand no nonsense, and before he asks permission, knock this eternal bugbear of a South American fortress about the heads of the commander and his shoeless soldiers.

The firing into a small boat, manned by a few unarmed sailors, is an act which we could only expect from a lot of Guicuru savages. Even supposing that the boat had no right to pass, surely these terribly-heroic Paraguayans might have fired blank cartridge, or given some notice of their orders not to allow communication; but the boat was allowed to pass down unharmed, and when returning the murderous volley was fired. Such acts need no comment, and we hope to see

the Minister or Admiral demand in instantaneously the most ample satisfaction.

SKETCHES FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

No. XI. THE HEAD-QUARTERS AT CONCORDIA.

When the war with Paraguay first broke out we indicated Concordia as the most probable and convenient site for head-quarters of the allied army, and although the tide of events during last month turned the field of operations to the Paraná, we now find our prediction verified, for President Mitre, Generalissimo of the Argento-Oriente-Brazilian forces, sets out to-day, for Concordia, and thither the armies of Osorio and Flores are concentrating.

Concordia is situated on the Uruguay, nearly opposite Salto, in lat. 31° 25', long. 58°, and is one of the most important towns in Entre Rios, although founded so late as 1831. Capt. Page estimated the population at 2,500, but it is at present nearly double that number. There is little remarkable in the town except a fine National school established by Gen. Urquiza in 1847. Its principal importance consists in the trade with the interior of Corrientes and Misiones, whose products have lately so much increased that Mr. Finlayson's projected Eastern Argentine Railway was to start from here and open communication with the districts of Restauracion and Mercedes.

As a military position, in the present campaign, Concordia possesses great and unequalled advantages. Being distant only 80 leagues from Buenos Ayres, by a navigable river, troops or supplies can be sent thither in 24 hours, and this base of operations is even safer than the Parana from any movements of the enemy. It is hardly 20 leagues from the frontier of Corrientes at Basualdo, where the allied vanguard composed of Urquiza's cavalry is stationed, to check the enemy's advance. It is only one league from Salto, the rendezvous of the Brazilian and Montevideoan forces. It is 30 leagues from the Brazilian frontier of the Cuareim, where the imperial General, Canavaro, has a large army in observation. In this manner it is a most central position, either for the assembling of troops from all quarters, or whence to direct a campaign in Corrientes, Misiones, Rio Grande or even Banda Oriental.

Within a month General Mitre will be at the head of an united army of 40,000 men, which he may either deploy in two bodies to attack simultaneously the forces of Robles on the Paraná, and the invaders of Santo Tomé in the north; or bringing his whole weight on the former decide by numbers a contest in which the palm of valor seems evenly divided, in which case the 2nd corps d'armée of the enemy would be forced to retreat precipitately to Itapúa. Or he may wait till the enemy's forces seek an incorporation, placing on their rear such difficult rivers as the Santa Lucia, Corrientes, Mirinal and Aguapey, which will make their retreat as impossible as their triumph.

Certain it is that Concordia will play an important role in the present war. The neighborhood abounds in fat cattle, pastures, wood and water, and every necessary for an army; the navigation of the river downwards is perfectly free and safe; but in the direction of Salto lies the dangerous reef of Corralitos, and six leagues higher up the Uruguay is completely impeded by the falls of Salto Grande.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Two battalions of the camp National Guards were shipped yesterday. The city National Guards will not be shipped for a few days.

We are glad to perceive by the 'Times' that the Central Argentine railway shares improved 1/2 per cent. All other River Plate stocks have sensibly fallen.

The Narcissus has brought to Rio a new gunboat called the Gleaner, to replace the Shell-drake, which is said to have received orders to be paid off. She also brings crews for the Dotoroll and Spider.

Much indignation is felt in town about the murderous attack by the Paraguayans at Corrientes on H. B. M. sailors of the Dotoroll. If even any port regulation had been unknowingly infringed, the garrison should have fired a blank shot in the first instance. Gen. Paunero's despatches to Gov-

ernment state that the officer and two of the sailors wounded by the Paraguayans have died. He also says that the enemy has evacuated Goya, recrossed the Santa Lucia, and marched inland; perhaps with a view of uniting with the other army at Santo Tomé.

The mails from Chile arrived late yesterday evening, preventing our giving the news for to-day's paper.

Our correspondent Zozimus from Montevideo states there are not steamers enough to convey the gold up to B. Ayres. We will give his letter to-morrow.

The 'Nacional' states that Gen. Urquiza's army is still encamped at Basualdo on the frontier of Corrientes, and it is rumoured the Paraguayans on leaving Goya shouted 'Death to the traitor Urquiza!'

We are happy to salute Mr. Carey, brother-in-law to the celebrated Professor Agassiz, who arrived per Mersey. This scientific expedition will extend its labors to Bolivia, Paraguay and the River Plate: the expense is defrayed by a wealthy Boston merchant.

The Paraguayans have erected a battery of 8 guns at the port of Corrientes.

Dr. Alsina succeeds D. Marcos Paz as President of the National Congress: the right man in the right place.

A grand ball is spoken of, to be given to-night by a leading English merchant.

There will be a supplemental mail this evening to M. Video for the French packet.

Parties who have not received their supplements will please send for them: this is the best edition we have received yet from our London agent.

CRICKET.

A match will be played on Thursday next, 15th. Sides to be picked on the ground. Wickets will be pitched at 11 a.m.

By Order.

Note—A train leaves the 25 de Mayo station at 10.

PASSENGERS PER SS. 'LEDA.'

2nd Cabin—Thomas Odham, Eliza, Billett, C de Blarousart, Mrs. Blarousart, Emolie Blarousart, Pauline Blarousart, Jane Blarousart, Julie Blarousart, Mr Andrie, Mrs Andrie, Marie Andrie, Charles Lavang, Mrs Lavang, Louise, Charlotte, Julie, and Pauline Lavang; A. R. Butler, James MacArthur.

Steerage—Joseph Rossiter, Mauricio Delany, Mary Delany, John Delany, Patrick Neal, Bridget Neal, Ellen Neal, Henry Macluskny, Denis Macluskny, Amelia Macluskny, Henry, Samuel, Charles, and John Macluskny, Kate Slavin, Mary Slavin, Catherine Casey, John White, Patrick Sullivan, Owen Growney, Owen Cushley, J. Cushley, Wm. Birkett, Wm. Turner, James Mullins, Wm. Lambert, George Russell, John Foley, John Magrath, Patk. Lucy, Peter Kinny, Richard James.—In all 51 passengers.

LIST OF PASSENGERS, PER MERRY.

For Buenos Ayres, 1st Class—Mr C A Milligan, Mr E A Boyle, Mr Wyatt Smith and lady; Miss Kavanaugh, Mr F L Lodge, Mr E Oliveira, Major Lawrence, Mr J W Booth, Mr J R Marsden, Mr W G E Welby, Mr and Mrs Neale. Saloon—Mr Thomas Carey. 2nd Class—Mr Falkenberg, Mr Christian Riera, Mmo R J Rodrigues and 2 children; A Billmuth, Mr F A Abalos. For Montevideo, 1st Class—Mr W H Cock, Mr C Albreck. 2nd Class—Mr M Jacas, J Ygnolo. Eleven deck passengers. Total, 36.

The La Plata, with the mails of the 9th May, from Southampton, arrived at Rio on the 2nd inst.

The Mersey left Rio on the 7th inst. at 8 a.m., with £300,000 in sovereigns, which was landed at Montevideo.

H.M.S. frigate Narcissus left Rio on the 7th inst. for Montevideo.

H.M.S. Satellite left Rio for Montevideo on the 9th inst.

The Liverpool steamer Loda arrived at Montevideo on the night of the 12th. Left Liverpool on the 10th of May.

THE LONDON, BRITISH, NAVAL AND RIVER PLATE BANK.

CAPITAL FIVE MILLIONS STERLING.

The report of the London and Brazilian Bank to be presented on the 11th inst. states the available balance for the half-year ended the 31st December to be £28,052, and recommends a dividend at the rate of 7 1/2 per cent







MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION.

Guaranteed by National Bonds at 6 per cent consolidated. For the formation of Capitals, annuities, incomes, &c. Authorized by special decree of the National Government dated May 7, 1864.

Number of Policies, 720. Bonds purchased, 70,000 hard dollars. The Bienhechora offers three various modes of Insurance to its subscribers.

- 1. To compound interest on the bonds purchased by the capitals received by the Company. 2. To a proportionate share of the capitals and interest of those who die in their respective sections.

- 3. To a proportionate share of the Capitals and Interests of forfeited subscriptions. 4. To a proportion of gains resulting from increased value of the National Bonds acquired by the inversion of funds.

In the second form the Insured claims 1. Compound Interest on the National Bonds purchased by the Association, 2. A proportionate share of the Interest due on the Capitals of those who die in the respective sections, which capitals are returned to the subscribers.

Finally, in the third form, gives a right to the corresponding interest produced by the Bonds purchased with their subscriptions, and the successive reinvestment of such interest, effected quarterly, when the coupons are paid up by the public treasury.

Table showing 100 Silver Dollars annually, with loss of Capital through the death of the Insured. Columns for In 25 years, In 20 years, In 15 years, In 10 years, In 5 years, and On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year.

Table showing 100 Silver Dollars annually without loss of Capital in any event. Columns for In 25 years, In 20 years, In 15 years, In 10 years, In 5 years, and On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year.

COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital—\$2,500,000 fully subscribed. Agents for Buenos Ayes and the River Plate, BRANDT SOHN, and CO., CALLE VICTORIA, 202.

Sewing Machines. A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.

A LOS ESTANCIEROS. Cercos de hierro para rodeos, potreros corrales, chacras etc. Corrales portátiles con postes de hierro y tablas.

Maquinas de sacar agua de los jagüeles funcionando sin caballo, basta con un niño de diez ó doce años para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se transporta con facilidad.

Maquinas de cortar caridos, abrojos, y cepas de caballo; con esta maquina los Señores Estancieros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.

To English Travellers. Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city.

Wines superb. Table d'Hote on European style. Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day. HOTEL DE LA PAIX.

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT. 49 & 51—CALLE DEFENSA—49 & 51. GALBRAITH & HUNTER.

TO CAMP PURCHASERS. Just Received. AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF GOODS.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. CAPITAL—\$2,000,000. Chief Offices, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.

INCULCARE'S AGENCIA DE LAS MENSAJERIAS CORREOS NACIONALES. For Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Gerónimo, Villanueva, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan.

Merchants and Passengers for the Provinces will please take notice that the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from 127 Calle 25 de Mayo, to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there.

Notice. The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated brandy marked "JULES ROBIN & Co.," hereby caution the public that a spurious article in imitation of the genuine is now being offered on sale, the bottles of which are forged with the name of the aforesaid manufacturers, but are easily detected from the deficiency of their name being branded in the corks and ours as sole agents on each bottle.

J. S. WYLLIE & Co. Chascomus. Just received per 'Kepler' a large collection of School Books, direct from the publishers, Pocket Books, Diaries, &c.

SAVINGS BANK. BANK MAUA AND CO.

No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great empires of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollars upwards. Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p 100) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited. Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Conditions. First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollars upwards. Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p 100) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT. NAMES OF STEAMERS. LA PLATA, PARANA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, UNA.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month. Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—

Table showing Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates— 1st Class £35, 2nd " £25, 3rd " £16.

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.

GUALEGUAYCHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. PORTS OF THE URUGUAY. 'E.R.A.' This steamer will leave this for the above Ports every Monday, at one o'clock afternoon, returning every Saturday at daylight.

PREMIO MAYOR, 1,000 ONZAS DE ORO. 16,000 PATACONES. La Lotería que está en circulación es compuesta de 11 millares y 800 suertes, numeradas desde el 1,000 al 11,999.

INTERESTING TO ESTANCIEROS, STEVEDORES &c. A varied collection of machinery and iron-work of all descriptions will be found at the establishment, No. 117 Paseo Julio.

JUST RECEIVED. Offered at reasonable Prices. A splendid and very carefully selected assortment of FANCY GOODS in the STATIONARY LINE.

English Grocery Establishment. GEORGE BAKER, Grocer and Liquor Dealer, Calle del Puerto, Rosario. A General Supply of Groceries, Spirits, Wines, &c., always on hand.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE. 64, 66 and 68 Calle Piedad, (between San Martín and Reconquista). GENERAL CAMP STORE. T. FALLOU. A large and well assorted stock of Groceries, Drapery & Ironmongery.

WELLS BECKHAUS & Co. Wool-Brokers, 173 Calle de las Piedras. HELSKIN Butter. Best quality of Helskin Butter has arrived, and to be sold in quantities to suit buyers' convenience.

Removal. The office of the undersigned had been removed from Calle Reconquista to Calle Piedad 140. JOHN KEASLEY.

ESTRELLA DEL NORTE.

Will leave the Tigre (Las Conchas) every Wednesday and Saturday, for San Nicolas and immediate Ports in connexion with the Northern Railroad.

PARES. Cabin. S. Nicolas \$12, Obligado \$12, L. Hermanas \$12, Zarate \$4, Baradero \$6, San Pedro \$8, Campana \$4. Steerage. S. Nicolas \$6, Obligado \$6, Las Hermanas \$6, Zarate \$2, Baradero \$4, San Pedro \$4, Campana \$3.

DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT. ALEX. FULTON AND Co. 25 & 27—CALLE DEFENSA—25 & 27. ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

THE HESPERIDINA. STOMACH BITTERS. FROM THE Bitter Orange. THE Best Tonic Known, AND THE Surest Specific against the nervous affections of the Stomach, Head, Intestines and Heart.

THE HESPERIDINA. STIMULATES AND REGULATES THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, CURES THESE DISEASES FORTIFYING THE BODY, and promoting the most HEALTHY NATURAL SECRECTIONS, THE PERSPIRATION.

Business Houses IN THE CITY and COUNTRY; IN Grocery Stores, Apothecaries, Coffee Houses, Confectionaries AND Drug Stores.

AGENTS IN MONTEVIDEO MESSRS. NEWNHAM & CO., 33 & 35 calle 25 de Agosto.

WILLIAM M. MOOREY. WOOL-BROKER. NO. 5 CALLE PASOS, Buenos Ayres.

THE "IRISHMAN." The National Journal of Ireland. Price—Stamped, 4d.; Unstamped, 3d. Registered at the General Post Office, London, for transmission abroad.

THE "STANDARD." Printed and Published every day at the "Standard" Printing Office, No. 74 Calle Belgrano, by the Proprietors and Editors, H. G. and E. T. MULLALL.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Large and Valuable Stock of the ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT, 61—CORRIENTES—61. Is now selling off at REDUCED PRICES.

A splendid variety of New Goods for Winter wear; also an assortment of goods adapted for every season, suitable for Ladies, Misses, Children, and Infants.

Store to Rent. The best store in town to rent at 74 Calle Belgrano. Apply at this office.

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