

The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

BUENOS AYRES, WEDNESDAY MAY 31, 1865

No. 1603—Fifth Year

Circulation 1,550.

MAUA BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above address, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—
First—Deposits and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.
Second—Money is advanced on mortgage and other securities approved of by the Manager.
Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously advanced under conditions established for each class of operations.
Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the positions being allowed to retire at any time, or when the quantity exceeds the amount of their deposits, or when the parties desire to have their money drawn and taken on deposit in any of the following places, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, San Pedro, Bahia Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro, and other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.
Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations. The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 4 p.m.
P. P. MAUA & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

MAUA BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101—103.

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE 10 per cent.
For balances in our favour, 12
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY, 12
For balances in our favour, 12
For balances in favour of Customers, 12
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.
P. P. MAUA & Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE.
April 1, 1864.

MONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the Fifty-two branches of the NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on Messrs. PARSONS, GIBBS, and Co., Bankers, LONDON; and on J. BARNARD and Co., Bankers, LIVERPOOL. Timely application should be made at the Office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No. 63 Calle San Martin (opposite the Bole).

BRITON & MEDICAL GENERAL (Incorporated with the Unity General) Life Assurance Association
Capital—3,000,000 Sterling.
Propositions for Life Assurance are received, and immediate attention paid to the same. A Prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the Company's Agent in this City.
GEORGE WILKS,
1 Calle Mayo.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.
Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea on the river.
Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD.

DIRECTORS.
Don Tomas Armstrong, President.
Jacob Parvianal, Vice-President.
Eduardo P. Ledesma.
Enrique Tomkinson.
Mariano Gomez.
Francisco P. Moreno, Gerente.

THE GUARDIAN FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000.

Established 1821, and empowered by special Act of Parliament.
Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and River Plate: DRABBLE, HARRIS, and CO., CALLE PIEDAD 120.

La Zingara and Istitia.
All Parties indebted to the above-named ships are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this date. Special order will be given by Government to the different stations of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulter's debts.
G. WILKS, 7 Calle Mayo.
Dut

Dr. P. Bourso,

DENTIST.

Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 200 CALLE 25 DE MAYO, MONTEVIDEO. The beautiful suit of rooms are fitted up in the most modern style, affording great facilities for dental operations, combining excellent light with facility for privacy and comfort. He has recently received an addition of the most modern and approved instruments with monthly information by special arrangements in Dental Science. Also, by the latest improved gutta-percha, can always afford relief to those suffering from Toothache, at night as well as in the daytime.
Montevideo, May 8, 1864.

Just Received ex "Herschell."
Matters Limerick Hams.
do Bacon.
Cork butter first brand in Kegs.
Cheshire cheese.
All in prime order.
Hibernian House,
66 Piedad 66.
100...lm d w a28.

GALEGUAYOHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

S. S. "ERA."

WINTER TRIPS.
On and after the 8th of May (Monday). The Era will resume her weekly trips to the ports of the Uruguay, leaving Buenos Ayres every Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock precisely, and returning every Saturday morning at daylight.
Agent, E. DOWSE,
1 Calle Cuyo.

GERMAN BURNBISTER.

Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,
70—CALLE BOLIVAR—70
78...x14 BUENOS AYRES.

The Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway
Hurry! for Chacomons.
Blankets! Blankets!!! Blankets!!!
Shawls! Shawls!!!
Winter goods of every description just received by J. G. WYLLIS & Co.
118...lm d w a24

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

Life Assurance and Saving Fund Association.
FOR THE CREATION OF CAPITALS, LIFE ANNUITIES, ENDOWMENTS, &c.
Approved by Government and founded in accordance with Law.

Capital subscribed up to 31st December, 1861—
In hard dollars, 244,497 dols.
In paper currency, 421,000
Inversion of Fund.
Purchase of the Houses Nos. 214, 216, and 218 Calle Corrientes; No. 170 Calle de Santiago del Estero; and Nos. 249, 251 and 253 Calle de Mayo.
DIRECTORS.
D. Miguel A. Scamagna, President.
Bernabé Ocampo, Vice President.
Antonio Marco del Font.
Jacobo Travassoli.
Constante Santamaría.
MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Estanislao Peña.
J. A. Fernández.
L. B. Wilkes.
Mariano Biffinghurst.
Leandro P. Martínez.
GRANTE—D. JUAN GABARDO, Domicilio, Buenos Ayres, BARREROS—Calle de Mayo, Domicilio, Buenos Ayres.—The Society has for its sole object to render fruitful the savings of all classes.
By the accumulation of small sums, capitals are created for the purchase of real estate property within the municipal bounds of the city.
Subscriptions are received with or without loss of capital.
1st. To compound interest on such capital.
2nd. To a proportionate share in the capital, interest and premiums of those who die in the respective section.
3rd. To a proportion of the interest and premium of all who may forfeit their shares.
4th. To a proportion in the gains from investment of capital.
Without loss of capital given a right.
1st. To compound interest on such capital.
2nd. To a proportion of the interest and premium on those who die in the respective section.
3rd. To a proportion of the interest and premium of forfeited shares.
4th. To a proportion of gains from investment of capital.
Capitals with Compound Interest.
Deposits for the term of years will be received, to be returned at any given period.
Paper Money Section.
The currency of Buenos Ayres received on the same conditions as specie.
Life Annuities.
Capitals received to be paid out in life annuities.
Subscriptions to any of the sections, whether specie or currency may be made in bulk, or monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.
For further particulars apply at the Office,
No. 37 CALLE SAN MARTIN (Altos).

BILLS OF EXCHANGE—

SIGHT DRAFTS—
Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from
WANKLYN & Co.
No. 104 Calle de San Martin,
LONDON,
LIVERPOOL,
ALL BRANCHES of the National Bank
IRELAND,
Antwerp,
Hamburg,
Paris,
Genoa,
Cadix,
Bayonne,
Buenos-Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864.
WANKLYN & Co.
104—Calle San Martin—104.
20 43 x.

American Dentist.

Dr. N. O. CORNWALL.
Calle Rivadavia, 273.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH
Inserted in the neatest and most approved manner, so as to have a beautiful life-like appearance, cause no irritation in the mouth, and serve all the uses of the natural organ. Teeth are promptly relieved and radically cured. Teeth filled with gold or metallic cement, so as to last for years or for life. Tartar cleared off teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

THE "IRISHMAN."

The National Journal of Ireland.
Price—Stamped, 4s; Unstamped, 3s.
Registered at the General Post Office,
London, for transmission abroad.
Terms of Subscription for the Stamped Edition, payable in advance—
Yearly, 17s. 4d.; Half-Yearly, 8s. 8d.; Quarterly, 4s. 4d.; Unstamped—Yearly 13s.; Half-Yearly, 6s. 6d Quarterly, 3s. 3d.
Subscriptions received at this office.

For Sale.

At the estancia Estrella del Norte (Mr. Leslie's) 5 leagues from San Pedro and Baradero, 300 rams of the following breeds:
Rambouillet 4th cross, Negretti 3rd cross, Imperial Argentinas, Rambouillet pura. Also ewes of the same breeds as above. Apply on the Estancia.
38...xp w & d al Estancia.

Finest Jamaica Rum.

I Robin's and Hennessy's Brands.
Martell do.
66 Piedad 66.
166...lm d w a28.

Course of Land-Surveying.

Practical and Theoretical.
COLEGIO DE SANTA LUCIA,
CALLE BUEN ORDEN No. 750.

MR. PUNGERARD, the Director of the above named College, hereby to inform all young men who desire to avail themselves of Theoretical and Practical Surveying, that he intends opening two classes on the said subject, the Elementary Class will be instructed in Algebra, Geometry, Plain Trigonometry and Elementary Surveying. The advanced Class will be instructed in Spherical Trigonometry, Elements of Astronomy and the usual problems of Geodesy.
The Theory will be followed by practical FIELD work.
The extent and situation of Mr. Pungersard's premises are eminently favorable to illustrate practically in the field all the necessary operations of the profession.
Hours from 11 to 12 on the Mouldays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Monthly Fee—\$250.
The Classes will be opened on the 1st of June and directed by a very eminent scholar,
M. P. 12

PARAGUAY AND CORRIENTES.

A visit to those countries in 1864,
price \$20.
On sale at Messrs. Mackern's book-store or at this office. x...m 6.

OIGARE.

A well selected Stock constantly on hand.
CALLE SAN MARTIN No 60.
E. RAYNE.
118...xp, ml 9

ESTACIONES. MERCADERES. TRENES.

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Subscription to the "Standard," \$30 PER MONTH. ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. Notice can be taken of anonymous communications. What is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 1865.

HURRAH FOR THE ALLIES!

THE CITY OF CORRIENTES RECOVERED.

The Esmeralda has brought us the first good news since the outbreak of the war with Paraguay, announcing the recapture of the city of Corrientes by General Paunero and the Brazilian fleet. At the time we write we only know that Cap. Barroso in fulfillment of positive orders weighed anchor from the Rincon de Soto on the 21st, with 4,000 Argentine and Brazilian infantry and 24 field-pieces on board his squadron of 10 steamers, that he passed Bella Vista next day, and attacked Corrientes on the 25th. The fight must have been obstinate, for the allies lost 300 men, but even at this cost the victory was cheap, and the Argentine flag was again hoisted over the capital of the Province.

It is impossible to exaggerate the praise due to Paunero and Barroso for their daring and successful enterprise, or the importance of this masterly stroke which has restored the prestige of the national cause, and intercepted the invading army. The consequences will soon be felt, in placing the enemy on the defensive, and cutting short his march through the Argentine provinces. Robles committed a fatal indiscretion by leaving his rear exposed while the allies still held command of the river, and Paunero made a bold dash at the capital hoping to catch Lopez himself, as he was expected there on the 15th, and thus conclude the war at once.

Robles will, no doubt, fall back on Corrientes, but if Paunero can fortify the place in time it may be defended. The Paraguayans, however, having laid telegraph-wires from Corrientes to Humayta and Asuncion must have communicated the attack immediately and called for reinforcements. Under such circumstances it is not improbable that the allies should be obliged temporarily to retire again to their ships, but this will nowise detract from the brilliancy of the feat of arms which has added such eclat to the name of General Paunero and revived the spirits of our troops.

THE RECAPTURE OF CORRIENTES.

GREAT BATTLE ON THE 25th INST.

LANDING OF PAUNERO.

OVER 1000 KILLED.

The Espigador arrived yesterday from the city of Corrientes, announcing the seizure of that city by the Argentine troops under General Paunero after a sanguinary combat which lasted three hours, on the 25th inst.

On the evening of the 24th the Brazilian fleet formed into line of battle at the mouth of the Rischuelo, about three leagues below the city, and the invaders apprehending an attack reinforced the garrison with a corps stationed at Empedrado. At half-past 5 on the morning of the great national anniversary, the fleet formed into line comprising 9 Brazilian gunboats, the Argentine steamers Pampero and Pava, and 8 small vessels in town carrying 1200 infantry: at 7.30 they weighed anchor for Corrientes, and on crossing abreast of the city the gunboats discharged the vessels in tow, and moved on at full speed. There were 1000 men on the Pampero, and she at once opened fire, firing two shots at the invaders and then receding up the river to Humayta. At 11 o'clock the Paraguayan garrison remained quiet spectators, while the inhabitants observed the approach of the vessels, from the house-tops. At 12.30 the 'Toro' and 3 gunboats proceeded to bring to anchor the towing vessels with infantry, and as the invaders seemed resolved to make no

resistance the townfolk crowded the beach.

At 2 p.m. the Pampero, Pava, and a gunboat, with the 3 vessels in tow, proceeded up the river to a locality known as the Bateria de San Sebastian and landed 300 Argentine infantry, about half a league from the town. The Paraguayans, said to number 2,000, had shut themselves in the barrack which commender this point of the river, and opened a galling musketry fire on our troops. Paunero proceeded to land his whole force, composed of 800 men: Charlone's Italian Legion, 2 companies of the 1st of the Line under Major Basabilbaso, 2 of the 2nd of the Line, and a part of the 3rd of the Line under Major Aldecoa, with 2 batteries of artillery. The enemy then fell back towards the city, but causing severe loss to our men while landing, although the Brazilian fleet aided Paunero's movement by firing some 50 shots in the direction. At 3.15 our men advanced at the bayonet charge and performed wonders, the enemy opening a fire from 2 small field-pieces.

The allies were unable to land more infantry or artillery, and the fight continued between 2,000 Paraguayans and 800 men of Paunero's, the latter being obliged to fall back and form in close column, advancing with fixed bayonets. A hand-to-hand struggle ensued for 15 minutes with great mortality, but our men carried the position and the enemy retired inwards, keeping up a fusillade for two hours. At 5 o'clock the fighting had almost ceased, except in the Mercado de Carretas where it lasted till 6; and at 8 o'clock the city bells rung to announce the retreat of the Paraguayans. The loss of the enemy in killed, wounded and prisoners is estimated at 500, and the 'Nacional' correspondent writing from the fleet in front of the city at 10 p.m. on the night of the 25th, says the loss of the Argentines cannot be much less, giving a total of 1,000 men hors de combat.

The news of Paunero's landing was known at once at Humayta where all the Paraguayans fleet is assembled, and while the firing was still going on in the city a body of 6,000 men crossed into Corrientes at the Paso La Patria, which accounts for the news published by the 'Nacional' that letters have been received announcing the re-embarkation of the Argentine troops, being forced to evacuate the town at the approach of a strong body of the enemy.

It is rumoured that Sor Soto was shot: he was brother-in-law to Calvo and editor of the philo-Paraguayan paper 'Independiente' of Corrientes. It is not true that the Brazilians captured 4 Paraguayan steamers. Among the dead are said to be Major Sagari son-in-law to Admiral Murature, D. Julian Portela nephew to Gen. Gelly Obes, and Col. Charlone; besides 30 other officers wounded. We learn however that Charlone and Portela were still living, though badly wounded, the former having received 10 balls.

Several families came from Corrientes in the Espigador; among others that of Sor. Pampins, ex-Governor. The invading army is estimated at 30,000 men, the most of them being by last account at Goya.

The telegraph-wires from Corrientes to Asuncion were very useful to the invaders, and completed by them in an incredibly short space of time [35 days]. Major Sagari's body arrived yesterday per Espigador and was received by a weeping concourse of people.

We are glad to announce the arrival of D. Anarcarsis Lanuz from Asuncion, as we feared Lopez might keep him as bail for Eguaguiza.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Yesterday the town was wild with excitement at the glorious news from Corrientes; it came like a clap of thunder on us all, for although we had heard the Brazilian squadron had gone up, still few expected that the action would be so decisive as it has proved. General Paunero has proved beyond all question his great military talents. The descent on Corrientes was a master stroke, worthy of Napoleon or the Iron Duke. We give the full details of Paunero's victory in another column. The new bridge of the Southern Railway at Barraca was inaugurated

yesterday by the President, and a train went over it when the last bolt was driven home by his Excellency.

The steamer 'Uruguay' has suspended her running for a few days whilst she is undergoing repairs.

Our colleague the 'Pueblo' we perceive is about to change hands on today. Don Carlos Paz is the new editor. We salute him on the occasion.

The five thousand muskets expected in the French packet did not arrive, but we understand that they are coming in a sailing vessel.

The projected scheme for liberating the slaves in Brazil is one of the most important of the day. To-morrow we will publish the proposed law as it is one which must interest our readers.

Sr. Don Miguel Martinez-de Hoz has volunteered to raise a regiment of dragoons for the war. We cannot too highly praise the patriotic spirit of this gentleman, and hope the Government will at once accept the offer.

There is the greatest curiosity to know why the Brazilian Ram 'Tacuari' is not sent up to the scene of war. It would seem better to have her up aiding Gomensoro than lying off the mole head. 'On dit,' the Admiral goes in her to the Uruguay, and from thence to the scene of war.

In the afternoon when the news from Corrientes was thoroughly digested there was a feeling of regret that Paunero had wasted so many good men in an action barren of result. We cannot however participate in this. Paunero showed great pluck, and as we believe he threw himself into the city of Corrientes for no other purpose than to catch Lopez, and thus put an end to the war; he deserves every praise for so bold a stroke.

Mr. Lanuz, who has been so many months detained in Paraguay, arrived yesterday. The moment he landed he took horse and dashed off to the Southern railway to see the President, but his Excellency was under full steam making for San Borombon. Mr. Lanuz followed, but where he came up with the President we have not heard.

The Tevere, which left last night for Montevideo, took a large quantity of gold down, it is believed for the Manu Bank in that city.

One of the officers who fought at Corrientes under Paunero was on the Bolsa yesterday; he was of course the great centre of attraction, and paraded to an anxious crowd of brokers the account of the engagement.

It is impossible to say when we will next hear from the seat of war; it is surmised that to-morrow a steamer may arrive with despatches for the Government and the Admiral.

On Monday evening as a private carriage was proceeding down Calle Defensa one of the horses took fright at a small dog, ran the carriage up against a post, and smashing the vehicle, the horses ran away at a speed greater than an express locomotive. Three of our friends who were in the carriage were pitched out, but luckily all escaped uninjured—going home to dinner in a hurry with spirited horses is very dangerous.

We are authorised to correct a statement in the 'Eco de Comercio,' to the effect that the American meeting on Monday refused to accept any Roman Catholic honors offered by Argentines to the memory of President Lincoln.

Papers arrived yesterday from Chile and Central America: the Panama 'Star and Herald' reports an attempt to assassinate President Lincoln on the 7th of March.

The inauguration of the works of the railway from Vera Cruz to Mexico, took place in February. The line will be 315 miles long, and will be made by 15,000 Mexican laborers.

The 'Ferre-Carril' of Rosario reports a victory by Baron Jaquy, at the head of the Brazilian army in Rio Grande, over 13,000 Paraguayans, putting 2,000 'horse de combat,' at a place called Horniguero.

LATEST FROM ESQUINA.

GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION.

Esquina, May 27th.

Late in the day of the 24th four steamers passed upwards, one of which wore an Italian flag, the others were Brazilians; they did not communicate with the shore. The advanced parties of the Paraguayans having reached the Rincon de Soto, two leagues

north of Goya, our army succeeded passing the river Santa Lucia. Three days since the Paraguayans took up their march northwards, the allies have repassed Santa Lucia and gone in pursuit. If the enemy means to show fight, or go to their own territory loaded with booty, is a matter of doubt. In our village we have quite a number of guests, emigrants from the northern departments pertaining to the first families of the province, many of whom, thirty days since, were living in their quiet homes, the lords of thousands, are here now fugitives and in some cases penniless, an awful instance of the instability of human affairs and the uncertain tenure of property. Here we have a permanent garrison of 42 men rank and file, composed for the most part of 'peones' brought from the 'estancias,' 25 of whom are armed with English flint muskets: they have no cartridges or flints. The balance of the force have no other weapons save a knife or a sheep-shears fixed to the end of a bamboo cane, some of which are very long ones, at least six yards. As I see the sheep-shears made use of for such a purpose, it recalls to my memory what I have long since read in a book concerning swords, ploughshares, spears, and pruning hooks. If I remembered I would quote the lines. Besides the force above-mentioned we have an auxiliary company of 21 Italians who perform voluntary patrol duty, these are armed with fowling guns and revolvers their own property. We have likewise a company of military exempts; it is composed of six members all volunteers "that once were men." Of this last-named corps permit me to give you their "catalogue and character." Our village curate, an Argentine, a very worthy man, and a monk of the order of St. Francis, who like many of the brotherhood is inclined to obesity, has been chosen to be the commander "por aclamacion" with the grade of corporal. (Here, as well as in another country, volunteers have the privilege of naming their officers). Next on the list is an Italian shopkeeper, a very old man; thirdly, a lame stupid Congo negro with white hair, or more correctly speaking wool. When a black man's head becomes white he has long since seen his best days; fourth on the file is a native citizen of our village also a cripple somewhat supernaturated; the fifth soldier is a native of Manilla, and lastly your humble servant, who has but one tooth in his upper jaw and that tooth a stump, brings up the rear. Thus you see our small phalanx has its representatives from Europe, Asia, Africa, North as well as South America; the aggregate sum of the ages of its members may be set down from 400 to 420 years. The Padre wears a broad sword with a basket hilt. The Italian has a double barreled fowling-piece. The Congo negro like the citizens, preferring long shot to close quarters, have provided themselves with sheep-shear lances, with remarkably long shafts: the Manilla man has a carbine, your humble servant, a Yankee rifle. It is our duty to assemble every other night at the guard-house, a miserable hovel, where the counter-sign and orders are given to our corporals. We start to fulfil them. The 'modus operandi' is to do our work by surprise: we stand no chance in a running fight, either to recede or advance. Last night it was our good fortune to take; a single captive, a desperate character; although he was well mounted he fell into the trap. We had taken a position in a grove of orange trees that were loaded with ripe fruit, when a mounted man came to within four paces of us. The first notice he had of his situation was a peremptory order to halt: in a moment the reins of his bridle were wrested from him. 'Padre,' to the prisoner, 'dismount, what arms has he? search him.' No sooner said than done; a 'facon' was taken from his belt; as it was reached to our corporal, two Bolivian half dollars fell from its sheath, which was taken charge of.

making, it was here the sick sister was seen dancing. Padre, "the man deceives me once does not deceive twice" The prisoner assayed to speak, he was cautioned to be silent, his arms were pinioned behind his back, as this was being done, the Manilla man prepared his carbine, with which he vowed to do his work. The prisoner, his horse, facon, and the Bolivian half dollar, were delivered at the guard-house. Upon our arrival there we found the stocks, which could only accommodate five, was full; one of the five in duration had a deep transversal cut upon his arm from which the blood was oozing, there was a little pool of it near him. Our prisoner, in order to secure him, was directed to be staked in the old fashion, i.e., the man was laid upon the ground, his arms impioned; two stakes driven firmly in the ground, his wrists were tied with hide thongs, his feet were made fast in the same manner as the wrists: in this state he was left to reflect upon his misdeeds, his errand to the orange grove was to steal fruit. This morning four of those that were in the stocks as well as our prisoner was sent to the army. The wounded man was found to be dead; our corporal regretted his having been left to perish thus "unappointed and unannealed." The defunct was interred, "no useless coffin enclosed his breast." When I tell you of the paucity of our garrison you must keep in mind that out of a population of 4,000 souls spread over a superficial area of 6,000 square miles, 600 have gone to the war, to say nothing of a number who smelt a rat and ran off to the woods. The Danish brig Margarite arrived yesterday in 12 days from Rosario bound to Goya. We have here a broker from your city purchasing at a discount of 50 per cent, Boleto that have been given for requisitions. At Corrientes a Paraguay steamer fired a shotted gun athwart the bows of the 'Dorell,' her colors being set. When the Paraguay Captain discovered the mistake, he hastened on board the Englishman and "prayed for grace with a rueful face, and so the quarrel ended," the barbarian pleading ignorance,—that it was the first time he had seen an English flag, which was probably the truth. Yesterday morning our army was near Santa Lucia, the enemy were at Cuevas, four leagues south of Bella Vista upon the banks of the Paraná. All accounts agree that they have an overwhelming force. Eight leagues is the distance that separates the belligerents. The Brazilian troops that were landed at the Rincon de Soto were re-embarked as well as those from Buenos Ayres, have gone upwards; no one here can tell where they may have reached. The river continues to rise: the Entré Rian forces are concentrating at the Puntas de Guayquiraro, the arroyo which separates this province from Entre Rios; the Paraguayans turn into their ranks all the able-bodied Corrientes they can catch, making them serve as infantry soldiers.

SINBAO.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

THE NEW BOLSA.

May 29.

The plan of the Bolsa is on exhibition at the Club de los Estrangeros. It has a very fine appearance. It is to be a two-story building, the main body to be occupied as an exchange and Triunfo de Comercio. The right wing for the Post-office, and the left on the corner of Calles Zavala and Piedras, for the Telegrapho Maritimo. The front on Calle Zavala, occupying all the ground of old San Francisco Church, and two other additional lots. The workmen are busy making preparations for the foundation, and are pulling down the walls erected some time since, and also some additional houses. We owe much to the enterprising Mr. John Macoll for the carrying out of this most important project. The Italian steam-frigate Magenta, left Italy for this station about the 1st of May, and may be expected here soon: she will be the flag-ship. The Satellite is expected back from Rio about the 20th proximo. The Narcissus is also expected about the same time, and on her arrival Admiral Elliot will transfer his flag to her, and proceed to Rio. She will be commanded by Mr. Wells, who came out some time

to take command of the ill fated 'Satellite.' Captain Colin Campbell also comes out in her, and chief surgeon Dr. Blake.

Yesterday, the American Consul had his flag at half-mast, for the death of Lincoln. Several American residents and American ships also did the same. The 'Tribuna' office also had the Oriental and American flags similarly twisted; all the newspapers appeared in mourning, and each of them with leading editorials, in allusion to this sad event. By referring to the columns of the 'Reforma Pacifica,' you will see a very singular advertisement, signed by A. Lincoln; W. Seward, and W. W. Morgan. It called the attention of many members of the Club, who after duly discussing the matter, have concluded to address a letter to Dr. Foster, to see what measures he intends taking of the matter.

A new company has been formed for navigating the Rio Uruguay by steam: there are but 20 shares at 500 dollars each. The intention is to purchase or construct two steamers for the purpose of carrying freight. It is, I understand, agreed to send the very successful steamboat builder, Captain Pedro L. Flores, to Europe for the steamers, and it is probable he will soon leave for that purpose. This company will undoubtedly make money; the shares all taken are already at a premium. Your correspondent makes it a great mystery of the voyage of the steamer 'Lily' to this port. Everybody knows but himself that she came for the sole purpose of bringing Sr. Leopoldo Arteaga to take off the 'embargo' of the steamer 'Uruguay,' put on by Mr. Wilson, on account of some misunderstanding about the payment of the coals.

VERITAS.

MODEL-FARMS AT QUILMES.

Gentlemen,

I send you the following lines for what they are worth—if you think they will prove interesting, please make room for them in your popular journal. Having been detained by the tempestuous weather of the 12th, 13th, and 14th inst. in the neighbourhood of Sr. Benaventi's Cabaña on the Casa Teja road, I availed myself of the opportunity to visit that gentleman's establishment. I must frankly admit that I was prepared for a disappointment, for I had so often found statements respecting Cabañas, to be either 'puffings' or at least exaggerated, that I had made up my mind to find Mr. B.'s establishment, more or less of the same class. The result of my visit was however a most agreeable surprise, and in the hopes that my impressions may be interesting and useful to your readers I will proceed to jot them down. I found in Mr. B.'s establishment a 'system' of sheep-breeding thoroughly different to anything I had previously been acquainted with. I do not purpose to enter into the details of this 'system'—but shall content myself with observing, that it is based upon the result of long study—most punctilious attention—practical experience—and careful superintendence of the owner. That the system has been well digested, and judiciously carried out, I think your readers will admit, on being acquainted with the results obtained therefrom. Taking the weight and quality of fleece, as a rule whereby to test the success of Mr. B.'s experiments, I find that his Meztizo Rambouillet's are a decided improvement on the pure bred, in length of staple, imparted to them by judicious 'crossing,' without at all sacrificing fineness or closeness of texture. Now, the great 'desideratum' to be acquired being a profitable fleece, Mr. B.'s breed must be admitted to be a 'hit,' since his flocks of ewes, averaged last year (all round) 95 lbs. of wool each. Next clip, he expects to get close upon half an arrobo of wool from each ewe. If he progresses in the same ratio between his 3rd and 4th cross, as he has done between the 2nd and 3rd, I have no doubt, that his hopes, sanguine as they appear, will be realised. The inspection of Mr. B.'s establishment, naturally led me into an enquiry as to the secret of his success, whilst so many wealthy Estancieros, after enormous outlays of money and endless labour have signally failed in producing Rams up to the mark. The variety and number of questions I put to Mr. B. upon this

point were all fully, and in the most urbane manner, explained to me, but fearing that your readers' patience may not prove so elastic as Mr. B.'s, I will not detail them, but refer them to him, with the assurance that a visit to his establishment, will be productive of much pleasure, and perchance not a little instruction.

We, Englishmen, all know the unquestionable superiority of the English racehorse, and we are also aware that this superiority has been acquired by 'crossing,' i.e., judicious selection of sire and dam, having in view an amalgamation of the valuable points of the parents in the offspring, as well as the counterpoising the defective points of one parent, by a selection of super-eminent good points in the other. This constitutes judicious crossing, and is the 'basis' of the superiority of our 'thoroughbreds.' Yet the after-system of caring and training the offspring has a most important part to play in the formation of a perfect animal. Scrupulous cleanliness, good and proper food, regularly administered; in a word, minute attention to everything that concerns the well-being of the young 'uns, must have forcibly struck any one who has had a peep into the interior of an establishment devoted to the production of blood-stock. Now, these details similarly carried out, have produced in Mr. B.'s 'cabaña' a breed of sheep, unrivalled by anything in the country that I have seen, whether as regards form, length of staple, closeness of pile, or good quality of fleece; in a word, Mr. B. has so far succeeded to a degree in producing what all breeders have defined to be the great fundamental principle to be had in view, viz.: an animal 'that will give the best return for the food consumed.'

One or two of Mr. B.'s casual remarks to me impressed me so forcibly, and at the same time give so good an idea of his attention to 'improvement' that, even at the risk of being tedious, I cannot refrain from giving them place here. In doing so I will as far as possible use his own words—"You see," said he, "those rams so full of life and vigor, crests erect, and the very type of health—their sanitary condition I attribute in a great measure to the attention paid to their cleanliness and comfort. I never allow them to lie upon a bed that I would refuse myself—nor do I allow them to drink water that I would not use myself, or feed out of vessels that I would not myself dine from." From what I witnessed at his establishment I do not think these assertions exaggerated. It must not be supposed from this that any extraordinary expenses are incurred in the 'cabaña'; on the contrary, the economy carried out constitutes one of the most beautiful features of the system. To prove another primary object which Mr. B. has gained, hardness of constitution, I will state that in a small flock of 128 ewes, belonging to Wilfred Latham, Esq. (neighbour and partner of Mr. B.'s) and of the Benaventi 3rd cross; there were 137 lambs, not one of which died during the severe weather of the 12th, 13th, and 14th inst. In conclusion I beg to say, that I have no interest directly or indirectly in said establishment—my sole object in writing these lines being to put your readers in the right way to obtain what, in my experience, I have found to be very scarce, viz., a sort of ram adapted for the amelioration of the general class of sheep in this country.

Yours, &c., CURB.

LATEST FROM GUALEGUAYCHU.

BAD STATE OF AFFAIRS.

NO HORSES OR COOKS.

We are all done up here, not a horse for love or money. An English gentleman arrived by the steamer, and had to go out in a bullock-cart to his friend's estancia. Great nervousness felt about the Paraguayans entering Entre Rios; sheepfarmers with telescopes in their hands all day; camps saturated; shepherds minding their flocks on foot; cooks that don't smash crockery in great demand; I want one; 17 patacons per month for a good one; please attend to this and send me one without delay; estancieros in rather a gloomy humor; splendid shooting in the woods; this town frightfully dull; few Englishmen here; Standard

anxious looked for to know the news you will hear from me by next mail. Yours, YAHOO.

THE MARSHALL MURDER IN SANTA FE.

We learn from a correspondent in Rosario that besides the several placards issued by the English residents, offering 1000 bolivian dollars reward for the discovery of the person or persons who murdered Mr. Marshall, the Gefo Politico, Don Marcellino Freyre, has sent circulars to all the Comisarios instructing them to spare no expense or exertion in searching for the murderers. In addition to the last published list of subscriptions to the reward for discovery of the assassins in this case, we have to add the following:

AMOUNT ALREADY SUBSCRIBED.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes: Señor Echeveria, Captain of the Port in Rosario (20), Stuart Munro, Esq. (200), Samuel Lafone, Esq., of Montevideo (200), Total (1622).

INAUGURATION OF THE BARRACA BRIDGE ON THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Yesterday, at half-past 11 o'clock precisely, President Mitre, attended by his Aide-de-Camp and a few friends, met at the works of the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway to inaugurate the new iron bridge over the Riachuelo in Barracas. Mr. Thornton, the British Minister, Messrs. Parish, Zimmermann, and Santa Maria. The local board of directors and a few friends were present to witness the imposing ceremony. His Excellency the President went through the form of driving the last bolt into the bridge; Sr. Peña, his Aide-de-Camp, assisted. A special train was then in readiness, and the whole party started for San Borombon. The train left about half-past 11, and returned between 4 and 5.

GREAT AMERICAN MEETING.

A meeting of American Citizens resident in this place was held yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the sad intelligence received from the United States of the assassination of President Lincoln. Present:—Rev. Wm. Goodfellow, Messrs. Kirk, Helper, Folmar, Edw. Zimmermann, Coffin, Jacobs, Wm. T. Livingston, Chas. F. Zimmermann, Goodall, Gardner B. Perry, Frank S. Livingston, Tay, Bowers, Moores, Eastcott, Addison Dorr, Chas. F. Perry, T. M. Livingston.

The meeting was called to order by Gardner B. Perry Esq.; and upon motion of Mr. Wm. H. Moores, Hon. Robert C. Kirk was appointed as Secretary of the meeting.

On motion of Mr. A. G. Goodall it was resolved:—"That this meeting is called to express the profound regret and grief of the American Community in the City of Buenos Ayres for the untimely death of Abraham Lincoln, the late honored President of the United States."

On motion of William T. Livingston, Esq., it was voted, "That a committee of five be appointed to draft suitable resolutions;" and Messrs. Edward Zimmermann, E. H. Folmar, Charles F. Zimmermann, Gardner, B. Perry and H. R. Helper were named as said committee. Mr. Goodall moved as an amendment, "That the committee be increased to seven." Carried, and Messrs. Wm. T. Livingston and Wm. H. Moores were accordingly appointed. On motion of H. R. Helper Esq., it was voted: "That the above named committee be requested to report a resolution, suggesting that as an appropriate mark of respect for the memory of the illustrious deceased, the American Citizens in Buenos Ayres, join in our purpose to wear black crapes around the left arm for the space of thirty days."

a general meeting of American citizens, to be held at the United States' Legation, on the 31st instant, at three o'clock p.m."

On the motion of Wilson Jacobs, Esq., it was voted "that the proceedings of this meeting, signed by the Chairman and Secretary, be published in all the newspapers of this city." On the motion of Mr. Folmar, it was voted, "that this meeting do adjourn."

ROBERT C. KIRK, President. GARDNER B. PERRY, Secretary.

AMALGAMATION BETWEEN THE LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK AND THE BANKING ESTABLISHMENT OF MESSRS. MAUÁ AND CO.

This mail will take out the announcement of arrangements having been entered into by the above-named establishments, of the highest importance to the future financial prosperity of Brazil and the River Plate. The London and Brazilian Bank is already favourably known to the public in connection with Brazil. It has a large capital, and an influential directory. The banking operations of Messrs. Mauá and Co., in the River Plate are on a very extensive scale, but being a private establishment, it could not on that account possess the same stability as a company, responsible to the public in its corporate capacity. The union of two such powerful concerns must inspire universal confidence, and render their private operations highly beneficial to the shareholders in the amalgamated company, as there can be no doubt that a wide and profitable field exists both in Brazil and the River Plate, especially in the latter country, where the rate of interest rules high upon first-class securities. A banking organisation of this kind, guided by men of great experience, and possessing the entire confidence of the public, cannot fail to draw towards it the support of the commercial community, as well as of depositors. We have frequently alluded to the operations of the Baron de Mauá, and the immense benefits he has conferred both on Brazil and the River Plate, and we look upon these new arrangements not only as a proof of the esteem in which he is held by those best able to form a judgment, but also as an earnest of future usefulness in the extensive field of his hitherto successful labours.

RIVER PLATE MAIL.

THE SHENANDOAH AND THE AUSTRALIANS. During the recent visit of the Confederate cruiser Shenandoah to Melbourne four of her officers became the guests of Mr. William Eaves [late of Liverpool] and Mr. E. Brayton, at Ballarat. They visited the works of two of the gold companies. The regatta was also visited. In the evening a ball was held at Craig's Royal Hotel, which was numerously attended. The captain of the Shenandoah was not in the party, the gentlemen who came being Dr. Linning, Second Lieutenant Grimbald, Sailing Master Bullock, and Paymaster Smith. They are all quite young men, and have a quiet gentlemanly demeanour, which seems to be the antithesis alike of the traditional Yankee and of the swaggering buccancer. It is said that, so far from Captain Semmes being attached to the Shenandoah, he is believed to be at present in the Confederate States. Two of the four officers named above, were with Captain Semmes in the Alabama.

THE RUSSIAN EPIDEMIC.

The report on the Russian epidemic published by the medical officer of the Privy Council is on the whole reassuring. It appears that two diseases are now prevailing in the North of Europe, one at St. Petersburg and the other about the Lower Vistula. Of these the former is undoubtedly in Mr. Simon's opinion relapsing fever, the terrible disease which 'testifies to a crowded and starving proletariat,' and, though not so dangerous as typhus, is contagious, and may be spread in England should the fever happen to be brought to a port where overcrowding and low diet are prevalent. The second disease is a new one, at least in England, though it has appeared as an epidemic at intervals during the last 26 years both in Europe and America. It is a 'febrile nervous affection of a very painful and dangerous kind,' but is not apparently communicable. Dr. Sanderson, who was sent to observe it reports that it seldom attacks more than one patient in a family, and does

not spread in hospitals. Mr. Simon thinks it possible that this disease also may make its appearance in England, but does not appear to connect it with bad lodging or diet.

EXTRACT FROM RIVER PLATE MAIL.

We are authorized to state that Mr. S. R. Phibbs, Argentine Consul in Liverpool, who has had a very serious attack of illness, is at length pronounced to be in a fair, though slow, way of recovery. This assurance will be received with satisfaction by the numerous friends of Mr. Phibbs in the Argentine Republic, and in official quarters it may be gratifying to know that the business of the consulate has been very ably attended to in his unavoidable absence.

Professor Agassiz, the well-known geologist and naturalist, has recently left Boston, U.S., for Brazil, in order to undertake an extensive scientific expedition through South America. M. Agassiz intends to ascend the river Amazon, and there to study the metamorphoses of fishes; thence to go up its Peruvian tributary, the Huallaga and cross the Andes to Lima, examining the Cordillera carefully, and searching for old moraines and other indications of ancient glaciers. Thence M. Agassiz intends to proceed to Cuzco and Lake Titicaca, and eventually to descend the great river Madeira, and so home. He takes with him two geologists, two naturalists, a conchologist, and an artist; and he will receive every assistance from the Emperor of Brazil. The great importance of a scientific expedition conducted by so eminent a savant as M. Agassiz will be sufficiently apparent.

WOOL MARKET.

Liverpool Wool Sales.—We are informed by Messrs. Greame and Co. that the sales for April past and to come represent a total of 10,550 bales East Indian. The sales of miscellaneous wools will probably take place the first week in May, particulars of which will be given in the course.

The 'Times' Paris Correspondent remarks as follows:—"Since the great sale of wool by auction at Havre on the 22nd ult. the demand has been more constant in that town. 213 bags unwashed wool from La Plata were sold at from 1f. 5c. to 2f. 40c. the kilogramme, 10 bags washed, at 2f. 40c.; 107 bales sheep skins from La Plata, unwashed, at from 95c. to 1f. 72c. The cotton market at Havre on Saturday was quiet, and, notwithstanding the important news from America, the fall was inconsiderable. Jumel cotton was quoted at 170c. at Marseilles on Saturday, and Tarsus 80c. to 85c."

ON CHANGE.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Includes: Paper price of ounces, 464; Do. sovereigns, 149; First price of patacons, 28; Second do, 22; Last do, 29.05; Cash sales, 26,000; TIMK SALES: For Wednesday, 116,500 29 05; Saturday, 29,000 29 00; June 30th, 25,000 28 65; July 31st, 13,000 28 65; Total 209,500.

There was a panic on 'Change to-day, owing to the news from Corrientes. Patacons opened 40 centesimos under yesterday's closing price, and in the first outbreak, when the news was hardly digested, there was a decided panic in the specie market; but one or two brokers bought on time and for cash everything that was offered, and at once the market stiffened in the liquidation. Patacons were sold at 20.10.

TEATRO COLON

OPERA ITALIANA. Wednesday 31 May. First representation this year of the grand opera NORMA. At 8 o'clock sharp. Reduction in Prices. Passage by the Train Gratia. New line of Steamers to the River Uruguay. The Argentine Steamer "INICIADOR." Captain Jose Porruenas. Leave the Tigra every Wednesday at 12 o'clock for the Uruguay River, taking cargo and passengers at the following prices: For Higueretas, 6 pata; For Fray Bentos, 7; Gualeguaychú, 9; Uruguay, 5; Paiandú, 10; Concordia and Salto, 14; Deck half fare. Gold 1/2 p; Silver 1/3 p. For further particulars apply at the Agency, No. 6 CALLE OCHO.

Offered by the manufacturers to the public in order to give the small, poor quality and inferior quality of the present market, and to give the public the benefit of the best quality and superior quality. Certificate of Dr. Christiani. You have placed a remedy to a great evil existing for a long time back in the country as I have become convinced that your prepared Grease is really preferable on account of purity and fine taste to hog's lard or any oil. CHRISTIANI. Certificate of Dr. Duchenois. The undersigned certifies having used the Manteca de Grasa prepared by Messrs. Greame and Co. on account of its purity is the most advantageous for family use. DUCHENOIS. Certificate of Dr. Juan J. Monto de Oca. I have tried the Manteca de Grasa which I find excellent from the analysis of Sor Puiggari it is clearly proved that it is clearly proved that it contains nothing deleterious to health. JUAN J. MONTO DE OCA. Certificate of Drs. Escaristo and Felix N. Pineda. We certify that we have carefully examined the Manteca de Grasa prepared by Messrs. Greame and Co. and found it of the best quality and free from any mixture pure, as proved by its physico chemical qualities and consequently very useful to the public. EVARISTO S. PINEDA. FELIX N. PINEDA. Certificate of the Doctor and Surgeon, Director of the Private Hospital, Calle Independencia No. 281. I certify having used the Manteca de Grasa prepared by Messrs. Greame and Co. and highly recommended on account of its small quantity and agreeable taste. May 22nd, 1865. JOSEPH GUNDMAN. Italian Druggist, corner of Corrientes and San Martin Streets. I have tried the Manteca de Grasa which you kindly sent me and I certify to having found it such as you describe it to me. CAMILO GIOVANNELLI. Bishop's Druggist, in front of San Francisco Church. The undersigned certifies that the Manteca de Grasa recently prepared in this country is superior to all we have used up to the present, and as free from any mixture, being on account of its excellent quality preferable to hog's lard and superior for family use to the best oils. May 22nd, 1865. LORRIZ & BARTON. Italian Druggist opposite St. Domingo Church. We have tried the Manteca de Grasa which has been sent to us and we have great pleasure in assuring you that we have found it of excellent taste and very convenient for family use, observing at the same time that we have never allowed our cooks to use the grease common and sold at the grocers' stores, but that we have had no reluctance to make use of your manufacture. Buenos Ayres. 21st May, 1865. DEMARCHI & BROS. Crumell Druggist, Calle Reconquista. I certify that the Manteca de Grasa is a Grease which may be substituted with advantage the best oils and hog's lard and even better for family use as it has an agreeable smell and excellent taste. May 22nd, 1865. CHARLES MURRAY. Druggist of the Gold Color, corner of Maypu and Corrientes Streets. The undersigned certifies that the Manteca de Grasa recently introduced for kitchen use after trying it in several dishes at my house has been adapted on account of its healthy qualities and fine taste with preference to the French oil which has been employed up to the present. I have also submitted it to a chemical analysis and I have not found any heterogeneous mixture on which account I consider in preference to all the greases and oils up to the present. May 22nd, 1865. LUIS SOARES. MANTECA DE GRASA C. P. D. S. G. To substitute the best fresh butter in the good preparation of DIKES AND PASTRY On account of its smell, taste and purity to the finest hog's lard and the best French oil. Vastly cheaper and more salubrious. As approved by the certificates of several Doctors and Druggists published elsewhere. \$3 cheaper than hog's lard. \$5 cheaper than the best Spanish or Italian oil. \$6 cheaper than refined French oil. Agency Calle Corrientes 101, between Florida and San Martin, where wholesale orders will be received, but it is requested that families will take notice that if they cannot obtain the genuine Manteca de Grasa in the groceries in their neighbourhood they may take it from the distributors or may send for it to the agency from 8 to 10 a.m. and from 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. where it will be sold in bladders or in pieces of 1lb. weight at five dollars per pound. The families who may desire to convince themselves of the superiority of the Manteca de Grasa over the best hog's lard and the best French and Spanish or Italian oil have only to send their orders to the agency that the distributors may take it to their houses. 170. xp m31. A New Song!—Just Published! LAY OF THE DALE-STREAM (Bergstrom's Klage.) SONET. With English and German Words. Music composed by J. H. REINKEN. On Sale at G. and H. Mackinnon; at the Music Stores of Jacobs and Dominico; Rmo. Corru, Calle Bolivar; and F. Sprunk & Co., Montevideo. Price \$15. 175. 9p, m 31. Casa de remate y comisiones y depósito. En la Boca del Riachuelo frente al muelle Número 77. El que firma acaba de establecer en aquel punto, una casa de remate, comisiones y depósito, la que recibe toda clase de artículos para vender bajo el martillo, como ser casas, terrenos, boques, maderas y cualquier otro objeto que no se confie, no aceptando venta que pade de las dos terceras partes de su valor, como lo marca el Código de Comercio. Esta casa da dinero a rédito sobre hipotecas, y se encarga de asuntos judiciales para lo que cuenta con un capital de mas de cien mil pesos con el objeto de garantizar todos los asuntos que se encomiendan. Jaime Milton y Ca. 171. 6p m31. Wanted. A steady, respectable Man, wants a situation as Coachman in town. Apply to E. M., Standard office. 163. 3p. m30. Situation Wanted. A married couple (German) seeks a situation in the same house, the man as capataz de cocina or corral, and the wife as cook. He understands also the care of horses. Apply Calle de las Artes 200. 158. 3p m28. Wanted. Immediately a furnished room (bed room or sitting room). Address P. O. S. office of this paper. 144. 6p m26. Wanted. A first-rate workman (a carpenter) wants employment as carpenter or general workman on an estancia. Apply E. F. Standard office. 149. 3p m26.

Los Alamos de Huanacá, in No. 158 and 169 Calle Bolívar, 45 squares from the Plaza Victoria. For particulars, apply on the premises. 162. 3p m18. No alquila. La casa calle de Reconquista No. 111, con todas las comodidades necesarias para establecer una casa de comercio y para familia, a 4/5 de milla de la plaza de la Victoria. Para tomar conocimiento de las alces de la misma casa. 152. 3p m21. Furnished Rooms. To be Let at 56 Calle Parque, 3 or 4 furnished bedrooms, or a sitting-room and bedrooms, as may be most convenient. 146. 6p m28.

RENTS

FOR JAIME MILTON Y COMPANIA. En la Boca del Riachuelo, frente a la península de Don Pedro. El terreno. El jueves 1.º de Junio a las 12 en punto de la mañana donde estará la bandera, de remate se rematará a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado el quecho San Miguel de 2200 arbores, su valeniamen esta en el mejor estado listo para navegar y en caso de las mejores maderas, por su inventario en casa del rematador frente al muelle número 77. 172. 3p m21.

FOR EL MISMO—DE MILTON.

En su casa de remate y depósito en la Boca del Riachuelo frente al muelle Número 77. El miércoles 31 del corriente mes, a las doce en punto de la mañana se rematarán a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado y a plazos que se estipularan al tiempo de la venta, los artículos de almacen y tienda:—20 barricas azúcar refinada, 20 id. torreada, 5 botellas café en grano, 60 sacos granos en lasas de 1 y 2 ar., 60 cajones verduras, 40 cajas colas de diferentes marcas, 30 id. ajeno, 40 id. vino jerez, 20 id. biller, 30 frascos guara ginebra, 25 cajones Opotro, 25 cajas jamaica marca corona, 20 cajones Borogona, 25 pipas vino cañon, 30 botellones vino francés, 12 barricas cerveza inglesa, 10 cuarterones vino uco, 40 latas dulce de zapallo, 20 cajones pasas de uva, 30 canastos champagne, 60 bales galleta, 40 cajas pasas de hijo, 120 decedias: platos, una gran cantidad de lona y de cristal, 4 barricas forosora de palito 5 cajs. id. cera, 50 cajas cigarrillos habanos, 50 id. de bahin, 12,000 cigarrillos paraguayos, 100 pares algaratas, 25 canetes clavos americanos, 20 pares cabo de cuero, 60 pasas lona de distintas clases, 20 id. para catre, 20 pasas capullos, 10 encendidos para buque, 40 ar. manicomio, 100 patacos lino, tabla, 100 id. tramanto; 100 id. azúcar; 20 docenas curules blancas y lisadas, camisas de Crismo, id. de bombad, id. de punto de lana y algodón, onzonillos, ponchos imitación lucma, 60 cortos pantalón de varias clases, cortos de challoco, obaquechos extranjeros y otros muchos artículos que estarán a la vista como asi mismo 240 cueros para suelas. 173. 1p m31.

FOR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.

De la finca situada en la calle Belgrano número 446 de la iglesia Monserrat, dos cuadras y media para el campo donde está la bandera de remate. El viernes 3 del corriente (es las 3 de la tarde en punto se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, indispensablemente la finca arriba designada edificada en terreno de 84 varas de frente por 70 de fondo con 9 piezas de patios y demas edificaciones necesarias, las personas que se interesen por su adquisicion pueden ocurrir a imponerlas antes del día del remate. 161. xp m27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The first-class English Clipper-berque steira, is put on the berth for Liverpool and has every accommodation for freight and passengers. Apply to H. A. GREEN and Co. 162. 6p. M27. FOR LIVERPOOL. The fine A. L. English clipper-berque La Yngara, Capt. Stocks, has been placed on the berth for Liverpool, taking freight and passengers. This vessel is so well known as a favorite on this line, that passengers are requested to take notice of her sailing. Apply to H. A. Green & Co., 83 Calle Reconquista. 162. 6p m28.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

Just Opened Juveniles Prizes & Gift Books The British Feet Most of Messrs. Routledge Warren and Co.'s best Publications. NUEVA LIBRERIA INGLESA, 75—Calle San Martín—75. (Nearly Opposite the Bolas.) N.B.—Price of said Books Super Shilling.

Just Received.

A large assortment of Messrs. D. Appleton and Co.'s Publications, which will be sold at prices hitherto unheard of in this city. NUEVA LIBRERIA INGLESA, 75—Calle de San Martín—75.

Will be Opened Next Week.

14 Cases of English and American Publications, comprising most of Messrs. Harper's Publications. "The Life and Fitzgerald's do." "The Life of Burns's do." "Ward and Lock's do." "A. and C. Black's do." "James Hogg and Sons do. and several others daily expected being now due. NUEVA LIBRERIA INGLESA, 75—San Martín—75. (Nearly Opposite the Bolas.) 77. 6p m13.

Just Received Direct.

Ex 'Cordova. Jamecena Old Malt Whiskey, Stored in 1869. 66—Friedel—66. HIBERNIAN HOUSE. 82. 12p m17.

Lost a Pocket-book.

On the 25th instant, between the beach and the Plaza. It contained some ship's papers and about \$600 m/c in money. It contained several necessaries, but no pocket, and had a red cover. Any person who found same may keep the money, and on leaving the papers at this office will receive a further reward of \$100 m/c. 165. 3p. m30.

\$20,000 American Government Bonds.

The master of the American ship 'The Golden Rule' of Boston, now in the port of Montevideo, has been ordered to sell the cargo of 1,200 boxes of American Government Bonds, the necessary repairs and outfit, to be sold to proceed to Callao and the United States, and to be shipped to Antwerp, and will be ready to be shipped to Antwerp on the 1st of June. The cargo will be sold by public auction on the 1st of June at 10 o'clock p.m. in the office of the United States Consul, in Buenos Ayres, until 3 o'clock p.m. June 1st 1865. H. E. HALLER. Buenos Ayres, May 27th, 1865. 169. 3p m26.

COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital—\$2,500,000 fully subscribed.
Agents for Buenos Ayres and the River Plate.
BRANDT SOHN and CO.,
DALLE VICTORIA, 100.
Jl. 10

ALOS ESTACIONES.
Carrico de hierro para rodillos, potros, corrales, etc.
Carrico para postes de hierro y tablones.
Máquinas de vapor.
Máquinas de vapor para calderas, hacienda vacante y caballar.
Máquinas de vapor batido y de hierro fundido para estacionamiento.
Máquinas de vapor para calderas, abrojos, y copas de caballo; con esta máquina los Señores Estacioneros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.
Máquinas de vapor para los lagos funcionando sin cables, batido con un hilo de diez ó doce agujas para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se transporta con facilidad.
En la fabrica de
VAN DE VELDE Hermanos.
B. Ayres, Calle Buen Orden No. 245.

To English Travellers.
Englishmen and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city. Charges are most moderate.
Wines superb
Table d'Hote on European style.
Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from \$4 to \$10 per day.
HOTEL DE LA PAIX.
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)
J. 26.

TO CAMP PURCHASERS.
Just Received.
AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF GOODS
Available for Camp use (Grocery, from the manufacturers) which we are offering at lowest possible cash prices at
THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT
OF BUNOS AYRES.
49 & 51—Calle Defensa—49 & 51.
GALBRATH & HUNTER

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—\$3,000,000.
Chief Offices,
QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS
LIVERPOOL.
Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo and the River Plate.
Barb. T. Barclay, and Co
CALLE CHACABUO, 13.
Sept 20

INGLADORE'S AGENCIA DE LAS NAVES.
SAGERIAS CORREOS NACIONALES.
For Corrientes, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Gerónimo, Villanueva, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan.
Merchants and Passengers for the Province will please take notice that the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from Calle 25 de Mayo, to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there. Eucomodidadas, &c., will be received up to 6 o'clock the evening before the sailing of the steamers for Rosario, and all parcels from the Provinces will be delivered at No. 1, Calle Cuyo.
Buenos Ayres, January 17, 1885
37. J. 16. HENRY DOWSE.

J. & WYLLIE & Co.
Just received per "Hesperidina" a large collection of English Books, almost from the publishers, Pocket Books, Bibles, Almanacs, &c.
Buenos Ayres, July 26, 1885.
31st JOHN BEST & SONS.

WILLIAM LESLIE
Buenos Ayres
The Bank of Buenos Ayres, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, offer the most facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine am till Three pm on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten am to Twelve pm, for the reception of the deposits of the classes already mentioned.
The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.
The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to the date of withdrawal.
The Bank of Buenos Ayres is especially known to the Public by the benefit, derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated by the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.
The Bank of Buenos Ayres and Co. are also permitted that this new branch of their business will render themselves devoted to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.
Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1885.
P. P. Maud and Co.
WILLIAM LESLIE

CONDITIONS.
First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency.
Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6%) per annum, which is liquidated each six months.
Third—The depositor can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five Dollars currency, or one thousand Dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.
Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve Dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.
NAMES OF STEAMERS.
LA PLATA, PARANA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, UNA.
One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.
Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.
As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.
Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—
1st Class.....\$35.
2nd ".....\$25.
3rd ".....\$16.
Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—
1st Class.....\$65.
2nd ".....\$45.
3rd ".....\$30.
These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.
H. A. GREEN & CO.,
85 RECONQUISTA.

TO THE LADIES.
DR. MORGAN begs leave to recommend to the ladies who desire beautiful teeth, aromatic breath, and healthy gums, the use of his preparation of Coral.
Those who suffer from aching teeth, gumbolls, or swollen face, will find instantaneous relief from the use of his MATA DOLOR.
Dr. Morgan knowing that every intelligent person values a sound and handsome set of Teeth more than the most costly diamonds, continues to restore the unsound, or to substitute ARTIFICIAL ones; in a word, to perform ALL DENTAL operations in a neat, elegant and satisfactory manner.
He extracts the most troublesome teeth or roots, without causing the slightest pain.
Specimens of all the various styles of artificial teeth, obturators for defective palates, and all preparations for filling decayed teeth known to the profession may be seen at his office.
In 1860 he received THE HIGHEST PRIZE MEDAL for the best Dental specimens that was awarded in the United States, which will be cheerfully shown.
W. W. MORGAN, Surgeon Dentist, of Philadelphia.
81 Calle del 25 de Mayo—Montevideo. 9. 1m, m5

QUALSVAICHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
PORTS OF THE URUGUAY.
"E. H. A."
This steamer will leave this for the above Ports, every Monday, at one o'clock afternoon, returning every Saturday at daylight.
FARES.
Cabin. Pats. Steerage. Pats.
Higueritas 6 Higueritas 3
Fray Bentos 8 Fray Bentos 4
Gualagnaychú 9 Gualagnaychú 4
Rosario 10 Rosario 5
Concepcion 10 Concepcion 5
Paysandú 12 Paysandú 6
Concordia 16 Concordia 8
Salto 16 Salto 8
Parcels will be received at the Agency, 1 Calle Cuyo, up to Five o'clock in the afternoon of the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars apply at the Agency, Calle de Cuyo No. 1.
HENRY DOWSE.

ED COOP AND CO'S DRAUGHT
ALE.
In KILN-DRIED.
JUST RECEIVED.
MOORE, FUNG, TUDOR.
PERU 63. 55. 16m7
At sale at reduced prices.
INTERESTING TO ESTACIONEROS, SEVEDEROS &c.
A varied collection of machinery and iron-work of all descriptions, for sale at the establishment, No. 117 Paseo Publico.
Wanted: machinists, millers, carpenters, etc., etc. for the purpose of repairing, iron, lead, brass, &c. &c. All persons acquainted with the best quality, and at the lowest prices.
40. m 12 m.

WELLER & Co.,
Proprietor.
165. 1m m24

Will leave the River Plate on Monday, every Wednesday and Saturday, for San Nicolas and immediate Ports in connection with the Northern Railroad. The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo half past 10 am. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre. Tickets for the train are given at the Steamboat Agency with the tickets for the Steamer. Passengers' Luggage not to exceed 50 lbs. any excess will be charged for at the Station, and must be paid for before leaving the 25 de Mayo.
FARES.
Cabin. Steerage.
S. Nicolas \$12 S. Nicolas \$6
Obligado \$12 Obligado \$6
L. Hermanas \$12 Las Hermanas \$6
Zarate \$4 Zarate \$2
Baradero \$6 Baradero \$4
San Pedro \$8 San Pedro \$4
Campana \$4 Campana \$3
This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 am and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon, arriving in Buenos Ayres by the train at 7.53 every Tuesday and Friday morning. Parcels received in the Agency, Calle Cuyo No. 1.
61 CORRIENTES 61

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.
ALEX. FULTON AND Co.
25 & 27—CALLE DEFENSA—25 & 27.
81. m 15

"LA FAVORECIDA"
Line of Diligences between Buenos Ayres, Lobos, Saladillo, and Tapalquen.
Leaves Buenos Ayres for Lobos and Saladillo every Thursday.
Leaves Saladillo every Saturday, arriving in Buenos Ayres every Sunday.
Leaves Buenos Ayres for Tapalquen, calling at Lobos the 3rd, 16th, and 23rd. Arriving at Buenos Ayres on the 10th, 20th, and 30th.
Owner and conductor,
P. ESPERATI.
Note—The coaches start from Merlo Railway Station, passing on the journey the following establishments for Lobos by V. Vilamoyor, B. Freyo, M. Seana, G. Maldonado, M. Muero Cepeda, and J. Dos. From Lobos to Saladillo, by Acevedo, Constancio, La Paz, Frias Puesto del Rosario, Bozan, La Fortuna, Rodriguez, and the new Pueblo of Saladillo from Lobos for Tapalquen, by Tallala, Ramon Porto (house of business), camps of Da. Francisca, B. de Casallares, Bernardo Rufi El Chileno, La Argentina Nueva del Sr. Bedoya, San Pedro, Tres Bonetes, Sta. Jues (house of business) of Sr. Amadeo, José M. Pinel, "Catriel" de D. La meano Ramirez, Las Tres Flores, de D. Isidro Gurado, Manuel Friz, Antonio Panca (house of business) and San Gervasio de D. Enrique Casares.
GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE,
303 CALLE RIVADAVIA.
1 6p d. & 4p wf 2

HIBERNIAN HOUSE
GENERAL CAMP STORE.
A large and well assorted stock of GROCERY, DRAPERY & IRONMONGERY.
T. FALLON
64, 66, & 68 CALLE PIEDRA.
N.B.—Large Stock of Ready made clothing of every description.
English Grocery Establishment.
GEORGE BAKER,
Grocer and Liquor Dealer, Calle del Puerto, Rosario.
A General Supply of Groceries, Spirits, Wines, &c., always on hand. Camp Orders punctually attended to.
59. 1m f17
Medicines.
Wanted for the Province of Entre Rios, some medicines to mind sheep. Camps of the best quality will be sold. All the wood necessary to build corrals and for home use can be had; English or Irish preferred. For particulars apply at No. 123 Calle 25 de Mayo.
112. 3. m 18
WELLS BRIDGES & Co.,
Wool-Brokers, 173 Calle de las Piedras.
Web, Aug 26, 17

In the Partido del Rio Uruguay, there are 300 acres; also another of 400 acres, both for further particulars apply to Sr. Don Feliciano Lopez, Guardia del Rio Uruguay.
108
108
Wanted.
For the Banda Oriental, a Married Couple, the man to mind sheep and the woman to cook. Apply to Sr. Fiedras, between 8 & 10 o'clock p.m.
10. 1m, w, d, m

REDUCED PRICES.
A splendid variety of New Goods for Winter wear; also an assortment of goods adapted for every season, suitable for Ladies, Misses, Children, and Infants.
ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.
61 CORRIENTES 61
Is now selling off at
SPECIAL NOTICE.
The Large and Valuable Stock of the
ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61 CORRIENTES 61
Store to Rent.
The Best store in town to rent at 74 Calle Belgrano.
Apply at this office.
To Shipmasters and Others.
On sale at the French Bazaar.
44—Calle de la FLORIDA—44.
Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for mess and kitchen use.
Mess and Dining Rooms supplied.
All these goods are imported direct from the makers and manufactured expressly for ships' purposes.
155 FIXED PRICES: 100x.

THE HESPERIDINA,
STOMACH BITTERS
FROM
The Bitter Orange
THE
Best Tonic Known,
AND THE
Surest Specific
against the nervous affections of the
Stomach, Head, Intestines
and Heart;
A sure, quick and agreeable remedy for the cure of
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Cholera, Flatulency, Costiveness, Diarrhoea, Weakness, Dysentery, Chills, STIMULATES AND REGULATES THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, IT CURES THESE DISEASES FORTIFYING THE BODY, and promoting the most HEALTHY NATURAL SECRETIONS, THE PERSPIRATION.
THE HESPERIDINA IS SOUGHT at the principal Business Houses IN THE CITY AND COUNTRY, IN Grocery Stores, Apothecaries, Coffee Houses, Confectionaries AND Drug Stores.
AGENTS IN MONTEVIDEO MESSRS. NEWNHAM & CO., 88 & 85 calle 25 de Agosto
M. S. Bagley.
70, 6m, a 9

WILLIAM M. MOONEY,
WOOL-BROKER,
NO. 5 CALLE PASOS,
Buenos Ayres.
101. 1p m 26

TEETH WITHOUT PAIN.
OSTEO OXID
PATENT, MARCH 1st, 1882.
Messrs. G. & M. have invented for applying Artificial Mineral Teeth with soft flexible gums, entirely depending on the use of special Oxydum Oxide, and especially adapted for the long resident in warm climates.
GABRIEL DENTISTS.
27, Harley Street, Cavendish Square, and 4, dock side, the Railway Station, (London) and Liverpool; 18, Duke Street, Birmingham; 12, Piccadilly, London.
Parties at the extremity of the globe, by forwarding particulars as the condition of their mouth, with an enclosure of the Oxydum Oxide, will receive by return which will enable them to have an artificial set of teeth made to enable them to forward either a partial or complete set of teeth.
GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED ODONTALGIC, for removing and preventing the pain of toothache, is warranted never to change colour, and is 100. 6d. per packet; and the Oxydum Oxide, 6d. per box.
GABRIEL'S PATENT RUBBER STAMPS, which explain the numerous advantages obtainable by their use, may be had of their Agents, or will be furnished free on receipt of Twelve Stamps.

CLAYTON, SHUTTLEWORTH AND CO.,
Engineers, Manufacturers of Portable and fixed Steam Engines, Machinery for Pumping, Hoisting, Grinding, Sawing, and Agricultural purposes, &c., &c., specially adapted for the Colonies.
STAMP END WORKS, LINCOLN; and
87, Lombard Street, London.
PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES for driving Cotton Engines.
PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES and PUMPS for Irrigation.
PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES and PUMPS for Sheep-washing.
62. 1w a 26

DAY AND MARTIN'S
Real Japan Bleaching
97, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.
For affording Nourishment and Durability to the Leather it stands Unrivalled.
SOLD BY ALL THE FIRST-CLASS HOUSES IN RUSSIA AND THE COLONIES.
In Boxes and Tins at 1s., and 1s. 6d. each.
CAUTION!
Do not take the opportunity of purchasing cheaply against spurious imitations of their Manufacture and Labels.
Orders through Messrs. H. & M. 1w 5 m 25

HEALTH FOR THE INVALID.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
LOSS OF APPETITE—LOSS OF STRENGTH—LOSS OF VITALITY.
The marvellous effect of this fine medicine upon the system is such as to immediately rally all the vital functions, the appetite is soon restored, a full flow of spirits quickly follows, the body becomes insensibly reinvigorated with a certain restored health: fresh air and a little exercise are necessary to bring about a permanent state of things. Holloway's Pills impart tone and energy to the most delicate constitutions; and in a manner so salutary that all who take them. By their extraordinary virtue they have obtained the largest sale of any medicine in the world.
HEAD, LUNGS, AND STOMACH.
Look to the regularity of the functions of these foundations of vitality. Holloway's Pills restore to order the hollowed and deranged system, and therefore may be considered as the regularity of the system of human life. Apoplexy can never be prevented if the proper action of the bowels be attended to, which this medicine does. It restores the secretions of the head and heart often terminate suddenly and fatally from obstruction in the system, which might generally be prevented by taking small and regular doses of this fine corrective.
FEMALE DISORDERS.
No medicine can be so safely relied upon for overcoming all obstructions as these Pills. They never fail to restore a healthy regularity to the system. The printed instructions will enable all to correct the first symptoms of disease, and avert many serious maladies. Holloway's Pills regulate the sticky and slow concretion, that retards the blood, and causes a general swelling into womanhood, or at the turn of life, these Pills will be found invaluable. (They should be taken two or three times a week as a preventive against dropsy, headache, palpitation of the heart, and nervous affections, so distressing at certain periods.)
SICK, BRUISED, INDIGESTION OR FOUL STOMACH.
In such a dangerous state of health the food is decomposed instead of being digested, and proves poisonous rather than nutritious. This decomposition can be at once corrected by a course of these pills, which restore the system, which have acquired for themselves an imperishable fame for the "mystery" they have constantly exercised over the digestive organs. Holloway's Pills increase the appetite, regulate the liver, restore the bowels to their natural action, and move the bowels in a more wholesome and natural manner than any other medicine.
DISORDERS INCIDENTAL TO CHILDREN.
The liver and stomach of children are, from many causes, often out of order, and especially to the former, the child would struggle with their parents, hence their blood becomes impure, and liable to take any disease that is prevalent, and that of a very serious form. One Pill, reduced to a fine powder, and put into the water, will be occasionally to children of five months old, and to those of three or four years, three Pills, and to others of seven years of age, four Pills, will be found to be the most beneficial medicine for the young of that age. Holloway's Pills would not only preserve their health, but save the lives of thousands. Many children die of diseases that children only require a little medicine twice a year.
DROPSY.
This fearful disease often makes its appearance between the ages of forty and fifty, and might generally be prevented by a course of these pills to the liver and stomach, and stomach; these organs, at this time of life, have a great tendency to degeneration, when asthma, dropsy, or disease of the liver, supervenes. The food remains undigested, and the blood is impure. This disease may be successfully treated by a course of these pills, as they purify gently, and not immediately upon the liver and stomach, and thus remove all obstructions, which at the turning point of life always occur. This dangerous period should be closely watched: two doses a week of about six Pills will keep off all dangerous diseases. But in all cases of dropsy the Pills should be taken, and a powerful remedy and must be effectually rubbed twice a day into the surface of the body.
Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:
Ague and Fevers of all kinds
Ascites
Bilious Complaints
Bleaches on the Skin
Bronchitis
Cholera
Constipation of the Bowels
Consumption
Dropsy
Headache
Hemiplegia
Hysteria
Indigestion
Jaundice
Nervous Affections
Obstructions of the Liver
Obstructions of the Stomach
Obstructions of the Spleen
Obstructions of the Gall Bladder
Obstructions of the Pancreas
Obstructions of the Prostate Gland
Obstructions of the Uterus
Obstructions of the Vagina
Obstructions of the Bladder
Obstructions of the Rectum
Obstructions of the Intestines
Obstructions of the Nerves
Obstructions of the Muscles
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