

# The Standard

## AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No. 981—Fifth Year

BUENOS AYRES, THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1865.

Circulation 1,850.

### MAUA BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously conveyed under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, by means of cheques, part of the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salta Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazil, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations. The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 5 p.m.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,  
WILLIAM LESLIE.

### MAUA BANK

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101—103.

**INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.**

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.  
For balances in our favour, ... 18 per cent.  
For balances in favour of Customers, ... 12 per cent.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.  
For balances in our favour, ... 18 per cent.  
For balances in favour of Customers, ... 12 per cent.

Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,  
WILLIAM LESLIE.

### MONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the Fifty-two branches of the NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on Messrs. PARSONS, Gurney and Co., Bankers, LONDON; and on J. BARNES and Co., Banker, LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the Office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No. 65 Calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa).

THOMAS B. HALL.

### British & Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General) Life Assurance Association

Chief Office—WEST STRAND, LONDON, W.G.  
Capital—3,000,000. Sterling.

Propositions for Life Assurances are received, and immediate attention paid to them. A Prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the Company's Agent in this City.

GEORGE WILKS,  
7 Calle Mayo.

### The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river.

Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD.

**DIRECTORS.**  
Don Tomas Armstrong, President.  
Don Juan Ochoa, Vice-President.  
Don Felice Llavallol.  
Don Eduardo Lomb.  
Don Ambrosio Leticia.  
Don Enrique Tomkinson.  
Don Mariano Casares.  
Don Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

### COLEGIO ANGLO PORTENO,

Established in 1855,  
205—MAYPU—205,  
Mrs. ANITA S. SMITH.  
6 m o27.

### THE GUARDIAN FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000.

Established 1821, and empowered by special Act of Parliament.

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and River Plate: DEARBLE BROTHERS & CO.,  
CALLE PIEDAD 12.

### Rams—Rams—Rams.

The undersigned, in calling attention to his large and superior stock of Rams and Breeding Sheep, begs to inform his Friends in the Camp that he has on hand a splendid collection of animals, from Three Hundred to Five Thousand Dollars, etc., and is confident that each in its class will compare with anything in the province.

In the "Negretto" he has also some fine specimens of the pure blood, besides crossings from the "Merino," possessing the size, shape, and length of staple for which this class is so much valued. He has also some fine specimens of the "Negretto" drawn from the "de Merino," a "Cris" remarkable for compact shape and close heavy wool.

In addition to the above he wishes to draw special attention to his celebrated Argentine breed, between the "Rambouillet" and "Negretto" and which, after seven years' experience, he can fully recommend as combining size and shape with length and weight of wool—qualities so anxiously looked for by all experienced sheep-farmers, and which have given so much satisfaction to those who have already purchased of this class. In buying the above in half three-quarter, and pure blood, already acclimated, there is an immense advantage, as Rams reared in this country are not so delicate and withstanding the winter better than imported animals, besides being sold much cheaper, and only requiring ordinary care.

He can likewise supply the above classes in ewes, either picked or by the hundred, as he wishes to remark that all have been in prime condition throughout the past summer.

PATRICK DOOKER.

### La Zingara and Istra.

All Parties indebted for passage money to the above-named ships are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulters.

Dr. G. WILKS, 7 Calle Mayo.

### Dr. P. Bourne,

**SURGEON DENTIST,**  
Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 300 CALLE 25 DE MAYO, MONTEVIDEO. The beautiful suit of rooms are fitted up in the most modern style, affording great facilities for Dental operations, combining the most perfect light with purity and comfort. He has recently received an addition of the most modern and approved instruments with monthly information by each European Faculty of the latest and most important improvements in Dental Science. Also, by the latest improved gas apparatus, can always afford relief to those suffering from Toothache, at night as well as in the daytime.

Montevideo, May 4, 1865.

### LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

Life Assurance and Saving Fund Association. FOR THE CREATION OF CAPITALS, LIFE ANNUITIES, HEREDITARIES, ETC.

Approved by Government and founded in accordance with Law.

Capital subscribed up to 31st December, 1864—  
In hand dollars, ... 244,467 dobs.  
In paper currency, ... 423,000 ..  
Inversion of Fund.

Purchase of the Houses Nos. 214, 216, and 218 Calle Corrientes; No. 170 Calle de Santiago del Estero; and Nos. 249, 251 and 253 Calle de Mayo.

### DIRECTORS.

D. Miguel Asencuaga, President.  
D. Bernabé Ocampo, Vice-President.  
D. Antonio Marol del Pont.  
D. Jacobo Paravicini.  
D. Constant Santamaría.

### MANAGING COMMITTEE.

D. Estanislao Poca.  
D. J. A. Fernandez.  
D. L. B. Wickham.  
D. Mariano Blinghurst.  
D. Ladislao F. Martinez.

### GERENTE—D. JUAN CASADO; Domicilio, Buenos Ayres, Bayona—The Casa de Moneda; Domicilio, Buenos Ayres.

The Society has for its sole object to render fruitful the savings of all classes.

By the accumulation of small sums, capitals are created for the purchase of real estate property within the municipal bounds of the city.

Subscriptions are received with or without loss of capital with loss of capital gives a right:  
1st. To compound interest on such capital.  
2nd. To a proportion of the interest and premium on those who die.  
3rd. To a proportion of the interest and premium of forfeited shares.  
4th. To a proportion of the gains from investment of capital.

### Capitals with Compound Interest.

Deposits for the creation of capitals will be received, to be returned at any given period.

**Paper Money Section.**  
The currency of Buenos Ayres received on the same conditions as specie.

### Life Annuities.

Capitals received to be paid out in life annuities. Subscriptions to any of the sections, whether specie or currency may be made in bulk, or monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly.

For further particulars apply at the Office,  
No. 87 CALLE SAN MARTIN (Altos).

### BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

**SIGHT DRAFTS.**  
Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from WANKLYN & Co.

No. 104 Calle de San Martin,  
On the following places—  
LONDON,  
LIVERPOOL,  
All branches of the National Bank

IRELAND,  
Antwerp,  
Hamburg,  
Paris  
Genoa,  
Cadix,  
Bayonne,

Buenos-Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864.  
WANKLYN & Co.  
104—Calle San Martin—104.  
20 d3 x.

### American Dentist.

Dr. N. O. CORNWALL  
Calle Rivadavia, 275.  
ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted in the neatest and most approved manner, so as to have a beautiful life-like appearance, cause no irritation in the mouth, and are all in the size of the natural organ. Teeth are promptly relieved and radically cured.

Teeth filled with gold or metallic cement, so as to last for years or for life. Tartar cleared off teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

### THE "IRISHMAN."

The National Journal of Ireland.  
Price—Stamped, 4d; Unstamped, 3d.  
Registered at the General Post Office,  
London, for transmission abroad.

Terms of Subscription for the Stamped Edition, payable in advance—  
Yearly, 17s. 4d.; Half-Yearly, 8s. 8d.;  
Quarterly, 4s. 4d.; Unstamped—Yearly 13s.; Half-Yearly, 6s. 6d. Quarterly, 3s. 3d.

Subscriptions received at this office.

Store to Rent.  
The best store in town to rent at 74 Calle Belgrano.  
Apply at this office.

For Sale.  
At the Estancia Estrella del Norte (Mr. Leal's) 6 leagues from San Pedro and Baradero, 300 runs of the following breeds:  
Rambouillet 4th cross, Negretto 3rd cross, Imperial Argentinas, Rambouillet pura. Also ewes of the same breeds as above. Apply on the Estancia.  
38. xp w & d al

Notice.  
The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated brandy marked "JULES ROBIN & Co." hereby caution the public that a spurious article in imitation of the genuine is now being offered on sale, the bottles of which are forged with the name of the aforesaid manufacturers, but are easily detected from the deficiency of their name being branded in the corks and ours as sole agents on each bottle.

Buenos Ayres, July 4th, 1864.  
551m JOHN BEST & BROS.

Quality the test of Cheapest.  
Large shipments of the very best best description of Teas, Provisions, Wine and Spirits, &c. ex late Liverpool steamers, at the English Store, Calle 25 de Agosto No. 33 and 35, Montevideo.

NEWNHAM & Co.,  
Proprietor.  
165. 1m m24

### GERMAN BURMEISTER.

Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,  
Wool and Produce Broker,  
70—CALLE BOLIVAR—70  
78. xj14 BUENOS AIRES.

### DIAS DE FIESTA.

ESTACIONES.	TERMINOS.	ESTACIONES.	TERMINOS.
Parque	7:30	Parque	7:30
11 de Mayo	8:15	11 de Mayo	8:15
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Merced	10:30	Merced	10:30
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Subscription to the "Standard,"  
\$ 30 PER MONTH.  
ADVERTISEMENTS  
Not exceeding five lines inserted three  
times for \$ 5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.  
No notices can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil in die, nil in nocte, nil in diebus, nil in noctibus."  
Cicero.

THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1865.

THE SEAT OF WAR.

LATEST FROM CORRIENTES & PARAGUAY.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

The Rosario papers mention the arrival of a sailing vessel in that port on Saturday, 29th ult. with dates from Corrientes to the 25th. She met the Brazilian squadron at Talar (between Goya and Esquina) going up to Corrientes, from which city they were then distant about 60 leagues. The Paraguayan fleet in those waters is said to number only three steamers, the Paraguari, Tacuari, and Ypora. The enemy's force in the capital of the province consists of 600 men, but there were 3000 infantry and 2000 cavalry at Riachuelo, three leagues from Corrientes on the road to Empedrado, which place they were about to occupy. More troops and steamers were expected to arrive from Paraguay on the 25th, and a passenger who left Corrientes on the night of the 24th states they had already arrived. It was thought Lopez meditated a large concentration of troops near Corrientes, and would at once take the command in person. The steamers 25 de Mayo and Gualeguay were sent from Fort Itapiru on the river Paraná, up to Asuncion via Tres Bocas. It is known that the telegraph-wires are now in constant communication between Asuncion and the fortress of Humaytá. The first army of invaders was much exaggerated, being only four (instead of 20) thousand strong. There is a rumor that Captain Mazini was shot at the Paso de la Patria, but it is generally disbelieved.

Governor Lagrãña had over 3,000 men, by last account, assembled at San Roque, and only waited the arrival of Gen. Paunero with his division, to organize the National Guards, whose spirit and patriotism will make up for any want of discipline: Paunero and his men left Paraná at midnight on Saturday, and would probably reach Esquina by Monday morning.

General Urquiza received in this city, on Monday night, urgent despatches from Entre Rios. There were 6,000 men already assembled at Calá, and 2,000 at Concordia: a courier from San Roque stated that Gov. Lagrãña had got together 6,000 men at Corrientes, and volunteers were crossing the country from the Uruguay. It was supposed that Gen. Urquiza would take the field and march from Calá towards Corrientes on the 5th inst.

The 2d division of Brazilian gunboats (Amazonas and two others) left San Nicolas for up the river on Tuesday at 10 a. m., having on board 1,200 men under command of Col. Barroso. The 3rd. division of 4 gunboats went up the Uruguay with 3,600 men: of these the 'Aps' and 'Princess' landed their men at San Francisco above Paysandú, and returned on Tuesday evening to anchor at Higuera. The rest will probably be landed at Concordia. The Brazilian cavalry has begun its march from Santa Lucia to the Rio Negro, en route for the rendezvous.

NEWS FROM ROSARIO.

The Esmeralda arrived yesterday with files of the 'Cosmopolita' to the 2d inst. The 1st Division of the army left Rosario after a brief visit on Friday, evening on board the steamers Pavon, Espigador, and Iniciador, under command of Gen. Paunero. They mustered over 1,800 strong and were well received by the town-folk: it is thought their destination is Goya. H. B. M. gunboat Dotorel, Capt. Johnson, arrived on Saturday evening from B. Ayres, and after taking in a supply of coal at the railway deposit, started next day (30th) for Corrientes and Asuncion: she had on board the Hon. Mr. Pakenham, secretary of Legation, whose mission is supposed to have re-

ference to the fate of the unfortunate Mr. Bailey, engineer on board the 25 de Mayo when that vessel was seized by the Paraguayans. The Dotorel carries two Armstrong guns (one a sixty, the other a 110 pounder (of five-mile range) and two brass pieces, with a crew of 40 men and 6 officers.

Consul Hutchinson has enlivened Rosario with a series of balls: the first came off ten days ago, and the Consulate was tastefully decorated with British, Argentine, and foreign flags. Mr. Hutchinson did the honors with great tact: the supper-room was beautifully laid out, and the citizens and ladies of Rosario were overwhelmed with hospitalities, continued for three nights. The last ball 29th ult. was in honor of Mr. Pakenham and the officers of the Dotorel, and passed off, like the others, with great éclat.

Messrs. Mancilla and Sauze propose to amalgamate their Mensajerías Nacionales with a joint-stock company, not yet formed, for the greater development of mail-coach communication through the Provinces, to meet the increasing requirements of the public service.

There is nothing of importance from Cordoba, the 'Eco' of the 26th ult. simply stating that Dr. Rawson's last note to Governor Ferreyra filled 13 pages of manuscript, and the reply of the latter, justifying the murder of Posse and Cires, occupied 34 pages.

The Governor of Santa Fé is about to present the battalion of Nat. Guards with a splendid banner. Sor. Oroño having taken the field, the deputy-governor Campillo has published a decree, 25th ult., calling out the infantry guards of Rosario and appointing as their commander Don José Fidel Paz.

Our Rosario colleague pays us the following compliment: the 'Standard' has given the most brilliant example of the unanimous indignation caused by the Paraguayan outrage: that paper formerly entertained much friendship for Lopez and Paraguay, but has now shewn it is essentially Argentine, by the attitude it has assumed in the present juncture."

LATEST FROM ENTRE RIOS.

THE PARAGUAYANS NOWHERE.

An English gentleman arrived yesterday from his estancia situated on the Entre Riano frontier, 12 leagues north of Concordia; he states that there is not a particle of truth in the rumor that the Paraguayans have invaded Entre Rios. All the peons in the neighborhood have been taken up: each estancia is allowed only one man. The general feeling is the greatest animosity to Paraguay.

In Concordia there is a lot of fellows who take part with Paraguay: they are of the blanco party from Montevideo.

LATEST FROM PAYSANDÚ.

(From our own Correspondent.)

May 2nd, 1865.

On Sunday last four Brazilian steamers passed this Saladero full of soldiers, and landed them at the Rincon de San Francisco, or Colera, where there exist the remains of Mr. Mujica's saladero. They landed about 2,000 men under the command of Brigadier General Sampaige. They are living there at present to wait until the whole Brazilian army arrives. Three of the Brazilian war vessels have gone down the river to-day to bring up more troops. I was at the encampment yesterday and find them all in high spirits and well prepared to meet the Paraguayans. I understand that when all the troops come here, about 15,000 in all they will proceed by land to the seat of war.

They are making every preparation for their march.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

CARPETS AND CURTAINS GOING CHEAP.

MINISTERIAL EXCAVATIONS.

THE LILI RUMOR.

What will be done with the carpets and curtains used at the last ball is the great question of the day. Some thousands of Manú dollars have been spent in these things, and now whether to sell them off by auction or present them to Governor Flores is the difficulty. The carpets are very ordinary and might be converted into jergas or horse cloths for the soldiers, and as to the curtains, the general belief is that they

ought to be presented to General Caraballo, to hang round that hammock which was presented to him a few weeks ago.

Laird's researches in Nineveh were nothing to the excavating that is going on in the books of the old Government. Ten thousand patacons to one man, five thousand to another; for what these sums were paid has not yet transpired, nor is it likely that the public will ever know, as the Minister's decrees ordering the payment states that the object of the payment will be at a more convenient time explained. The Ministers are gone and the money also, and the sooner the new clerks shut up the old books the better. There never was in any country under the sun such wholesale systematic robbery going on as here in this impoverished city last year; fifty thousand patacons to pay troops, is one item, and yet the unfortunate soldiers never received a penny. Possibly the money was spent in purchasing a quinta at Como for General Saá.

The 'Lili' left us all here in great anxiety, owing to some one on board having circulated the story that the Brazilian and Paraguayan fleets had fought, the former getting completely defeated, three of their gunboats having been sunk, and the remainder captured. At the same time that this story got wind, the poor Brazilians were leaving the Cerro. You can imagine the feelings of these warriors on hearing this news which some kind friends took good care to circulate liberally. The impression in town is that there is no truth whatever in the rumour; judging, however, from the appearance of the soldiers, they would seem to have believed it.

This week I have heard great news from the camp. The Emperor of Brazil has re-established all his Consulates in our frontier towns, and splendid new coats of arms are being put up, the old ones having perished at horses tails, &c. The sheep Estancieros report the camps in splendid condition: many [nearly all English] Estancieros have brought back their families to their estancias. The levy for the Paraguayan war is just beginning: three thousand horse and 1,500 foot is what they say here is the quota for this country.

Mr. Gowland, one of the most respectable English merchants, has, in consequence of some rumour about money paid by Carreras to his son, published the whole affair in the 'Siglo,' whereby it appears that the Government received full value for every farthing Mr. Gowland (junior) received. This matter was greatly talked of here: the Minister has come out second best.

In consequence of the shocking state of the roads and the bad weather, the great bull fight did not come off: it is postponed until next Sunday. The roads are very bad, but I believe the real motive for postponing the fight is that Governor Flores and his friends are absent.

Nothing can be a greater proof of what slow coaches they are here in Montevideo, than the fact that the news from Europe appeared in the Buenos Ayrean papers before the papers here, although, as a matter of course, the news first arrived here.

Mr. Ruding, the talented manager of the River Plate Bank, is about to leave us in the next English packet. No manager of a bank, such as the one in question, can ever be popular here, simply because the British community looks for greater facilities than what the bank can afford. But one thing must be said in Mr. Ruding's favor, and that is, he managed his bank during very stormy times with credit to himself and satisfaction to the Directors. I hear the new manager is an Englishman, at present a partner in a native house in Buenos Ayres: people speak very highly of him, but I prefer to form no opinion until he is six months in office, if during that period he discounts every bill presented to him, and allows all his customers to overdraw their accounts a few thousands, then, take my word for it, Mr. Ruding's successor will be the most popular man in Montevideo.

The provisional representative of the Provisional Governor Flores, Sr. Vidal, is beginning to be so greatly liked here, that the unanimous wish is that Flores should march to Paraguay with Mitre. 'On dit,' Flores would prefer

to remain if possible; but somebody must go, and all say Flores is the man.

The 'locum tenens,' Governor Vidal, has appointed Mr. Luiz Gomez as Oriental Consul at Port Alegre. The office is not worth more than what is generally supposed, as the business of that place with Montevideo is rapidly increasing.

It is generally believed here that Bolivia is acting in concert with Paraguay in the present war. The Brazilian papers received by the packet state it for a fact; and parties who have been longer in these countries than 'Zozimus,' state that there is a plot hatched in Asuncion to divide the Gran Chaco between the two countries.

The great German concert is to come off to-night. All town is going: the streets, hotels, private houses, clubs, reading-rooms; in fact, every place in the city is full of Germans. Yesterday the town was full of Brazilians, to-day we have all Germans, to-morrow, I suppose, we shall have nothing but Irishmen; oh! happy city. Rome, they say, could be sold at one time in a day, but this place is sold every five minutes, by false news, &c. Luckily there is no Bolsa, and before any gigantic speculation can be realized, based on lying reports, the speculator must wear the heels off his boots, or employ all the small boys in town selling supplements.

There is a general desire for peace. There is an absolute necessity for war: the cat is watching the mouse here at present. One false step, and down tumbles the political edifice, which, I fear, is built on rather a sandy foundation.

The British Consul has been the first down here to fire off the diplomatic gun: he saw Consul Parish's notice in the 'Standard,' and of course followed suit. Those credulous individuals called ship-captains, had better be on their guard in going up the river.

Montevideo is, however, going ahead. A new butcher's shop has been opened: I won't give you the name of the firm, as these gentlemen should advertise in the 'Standard,' which, apropos, is more read here than any other paper in town. I bought the press at the Club auction, so you may send me down the files of the 'Argentine Citizen' and 'River Plate Magazine.'

An unfortunate English Captain lost his pocket-book at the Solis the other night: it was so full of money that the hasp could not close. The finder is requested to send it to Mr. Evans's store.

Yours in haste,  
ZOZIMUS.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Yesterday was a great day for news. A few of our friends were invisible owing to the late hour at which the Octavian dinner terminated, but the banquet was superb, and reflects the greatest credit on the Hotel de la Paz people. There were many rumours current as to the rather exhilarated spirits of some of the guests on returning home: Governor Flores was singing all the way home, and General Urquiza and one of President Mitre's Aides were in such good humour, that but for the crowded state of the room, we believe they would have danced a hornpipe; Mr. Leslie, the manager of the Mauá Bank, and one of the Ministers, walked arm in arm as far as the corner of Calle Cangallo and San Martin, singing vociferously the last verse of 'Auld Lang Syne,' which was so utterly unintelligible to the 'sereno' that they very narrowly escaped arrest, as the watchman suspected they were singing in Guarani.

A live man has at last arrived from Paraguay: he states that the Paraguayan force is small, and that the Paraguayans are about to return.

The best news of the day, however, is the safety of our friend, Mr. Anacarsis Lauuz. This gentleman who was supposed to be imprisoned in Paraguay, is at present on board a sailing vessel on his way down to Buenos Ayres.

Nothing can equal the vigilance of the 'serenos' at present. Only the other night, or rather morning, one of the most unsuspecting-looking English gentlemen in Buenos Ayres was most unceremoniously stopped in Calle Peru, by the watchman, and made to go

back to his friend's house, where he had been taking a little brandy and water, or punch, and got his friend to certify to the watchman that he had only just left the premises. Our friend had a very narrow escape, as the 'sereno' swore all the Galician oaths known that he would take him to the Policia, where, if once in, he must inevitably have remained until Mr. Cazon came down after breakfast.

The departure of Governor Flores last night was by no means certain. It was rumored that Tamandaré could not leave until to-day. Meanwhile Urquiza is off, at least such was the rumor on the beach. His departure has been rather sudden, but it appears he received a private letter from San José.

We have received a very interesting and artistic description of the German Concert at Montevideo, by all the Teutonic Clubs of these countries. Owing to press of space, we must hold it over till to-morrow.

The Brazilian Commander-in-Chief, General Osorio, left this port on Tuesday night on board the gunboat Macaraná, for Montevideo, in order to hasten the departure of the whole army against Paraguay.

General Benjamin Virasoro arrived yesterday from Rosario to place himself under the orders of General Mitre, for the campaign.

Where is the kingdom of Aguapey? is the great question through town. The history of the invasion of that territory, which we published in yesterday's paper, took our readers by surprise. The writer, we are happy to say, has promised to be one of our war correspondents.

Yesterday morning the crowd at Lezama's Quinta was greater than ever; the carriages extended along the street, and even down the hill: we noticed the President's coach there. We hear that nothing can equal General Urquiza's liberality to all his poorer class of visitors; he gives some two, three, and five ounces. We are not surprised, therefore, that there is a rush to visit this renowned Entre Riano Chief.

The 'Reforma Pacifica' of Montevideo, publishes a rather glaring 'bola' about the defeat of the Brazilian fleet up the river. As the steamer which brought the report was the 'Lili,' which left this with the supplemental mail, there is of course not a particle of truth in it.

Respecting a rumour which we published last week about the sacking of Sr. Molina's Registro, in Corrientes, by the Paraguayans, we are happy to learn that there is every probability that the report is destitute of foundation, inasmuch as Sr. Molina has heard nothing whatever of the matter, and he believes that the news was communicated to us by some evil-disposed persons. We hope for Sr. Molina's sake that the report is false.

General Urquiza did not give a grand dinner party as our colleagues stated, but left this city yesterday for Entre Rios. He received several important dispatches yesterday from Entre Rios, the nature of which we failed to discover.

We read in the Chilean newspapers that a valuable gold mine has been discovered at Aranco: the people are all flocking to the diggings in hundreds, and the place is represented to be a second California.

The Chilean Minister, in his speech at the diplomatic dinner, has almost compromised the Republic which he represents. We are glad to see Sr. Lastarria taken a proper view of the present question, as from the tone of the Chilean newspapers, many persons thought the Chilean Government was hostile to this country.

Governor Flores goes in person to the war, at least so the 'Tribuna' states. Sr. Castro or Vidal will act meanwhile as Deputy Provisional Governor.

The Brazilian Minister's dinner on Tuesday night at the Hotel de la Paz, was one of the grandest ever given in this city; in fact, we have had nothing at all like it since the St. Patrick's banquet in 1863. The only Englishmen present were the Minister, his Secretary and Mr. William Leslie. All sorts of estimates are made as to the cost of the dinner: it is generally believed to be from six to seven hundred pounds sterling. The British Minister gave us toast, 'The speedy and happy

return of Pres. Mitre from the campaign.' Mr. Kirk, the American Minister, made a splendid speech, which one of our colleagues thinks proper to designate as genuine democratic eloquence. This winter, we have reason to believe, dinner parties will be all the rage, as balls will be out of fashion until Lopez is in Southampton.

The regiments of the Nat. Guards are at last named to march. The 1st battalion of the 1st regiment: this is one of the most fashionable regiments in town, and consequently the greater part will be personeros, with the exception of a few printers and brokers.

Three of our printers are unfortunately in this battalion and must march to fight the invading tyrant. The 1st battalion of the 2nd regiment also goes: this battalion is mostly made up of young men, such as clerks, etc., the majority of those enrolled will try to put personeros. The 2nd battalion of the third regiment has numerous tradesmen, photographers, and others enrolled; these will nearly all march, as personeros are too dear and scarce. The 2nd battalion of the 4th regiment also goes: here we have gentlemen from the country, farmers, country shop-keepers, etc., enrolled; they will put personeros at even a less cost than our friends in town, as in the camp it is much easier to find this class of men ready and willing for a few thousand dollars in hand to take their chance of anything.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.  
[Continued].

The Government of Chile, united to this country by glorious associations, accredited D. Jose Victoriano Lastarria as Envoy-extraordinary and Minister-Plenipotentiary. This illustrious Chilean citizen labors to maintain a fraternal harmony between the two countries as appears from all his acts in the discharge of his mission. We have concluded with him a treaty which meets both the necessity and convenience of both Republics: it will be submitted in due time for your consideration.

The Argentine Minister near the Chilean Government, after fulfilling the purpose of his mission in that country continued his journey according to instructions.

The Republic of Bolivia is not unmindful of its interests in drawing closer its relations with the Argentine Nation. That Government has appointed as Charge d' affaires D. Agustin Matienzo who is entitled to every praise for the acumen and intelligence he displays in his official character. A treaty already proposed will shortly be concluded with the Bolivian representative, and submitted for your approval.

The grave question between Spain and Peru has peaceably terminated, without injury to the independence and sovereignty of that Republic. This has put an end to the alarm caused throughout the continent by the exceptional circumstances attending the question at its outset. The Government is happy that the enlightened cabinet of Her Catholic Majesty listening to the voice of reason and its own convenience, has regained the good opinion and esteem it held in these Republics, which owe their origin to that country and are connected with it by indissoluble links.

The Argentine Minister in Peru has satisfactorily executed his mission, lending at the same time valuable services in the question of Spain and Perú. He was already preparing to start for the United States, near which Government he is also accredited.

The North American Government, whose noble country is still a prey to civil war, receives constant proofs of the deserved esteem of Argentines, which is on every occasion reciprocated by means of the Hon. Robert C. Kirk, resident minister of the Great Republic, who has so many titles to the esteem and regard of the Argentine Government and people.

Having arranged with justice and equity the claims found pending by the present Government with subjects of Her Britannic Majesty and of H. M. the Emperor of the French, and fulfilled with scrupulous punctuality the compromises entered into by Government in such settlements, the only circumstance calling for notice is the consolidation of friendly relations between this country and those Governments,



The diplomatic agents of their Majesties in this Republic ever guided by an enlightened and right spirit, and contributing to this beneficial object, deserve from the Government and country the special esteem to which their services entitle them.

And as respects the tried friend of the Republic and honorable gentleman, Mr. Edward Thornton, Minister-Plenipotentiary of Her Britannic Majesty—he is always indefatigable in his labors for the peace and prosperity of La Plata, and has added another claim to public gratitude, by uniting his efforts with those of the Argentine Government to bring about peace between the belligerents of Uruguay; and although every exertion proved a failure owing to the obstinacy of one of the combatants, we cannot the less appreciate the services rendered by that illustrious diplomatist under the circumstances.

For the honor of the country, the Government has here to mention a valuable testimony of esteem and friendship received from the British Government, in a note of congratulation for the policy observed by the Argentine administration in the grave complications created by the civil war in the Oriental Republic.

The Argentine Minister in the courts of Paris, London, and Italy, contributes also, with remarkable ability in his official character, towards an entente-cordiale in our relations with those Governments.

Her Majesty the Queen of Spain accredited as Minister-Plenipotentiary near the Argentine Government, the Chevalier Carlos Creuz, so well-known, in the River Plate for his conciliatory character and distinguished qualities. In the exercise of his laborious and delicate mission, as the first diplomatic agent accredited by Spain in this country since the war of Independence, he has displayed a degree of finesse united to a just and amicable disposition, towards the arrangement of several grave matters entrusted to his care. He has in like manner given satisfactory replies to the communications which the Government thought fit to direct to him, relative to the attitude of the Spanish Cabinet in the question now happily terminated with Peru.

Our relations with H. M. the King of Italy continue on the same cordial footing. The arrangements mutually concluded, touching Italian claims of long standing have been fulfilled, and nothing has occurred to disturb the harmony existing between both Governments and their respective peoples. The Chevalier Ulisses Barbolani Minister for the King of Italy in the River Plate, has gained credit for himself by his kindly offices for the cessation of hostilities in the sister-republic.

Respecting the various points mentioned by Government in this message for the Department of Foreign Affairs, and also many others which bear on our policy with foreign countries, your Honorable Chambers will find further details in the Memoria which will be specially drawn up for you by the Department in question.

(To be continued).

THE BRAZILIAN BANQUET.

The following were the toasts given at Sor Octaviano's banquet on Tuesday evening at the Hotel de la Paix.

Sor Octaviano drank to, The triple alliance.

President Mitre, The duration of the alliance.

General Flores, The triumph of the alliance.

Sor Octaviano, The crowned heads of Europe.

Mr. Thornton, The success of the war.

The Bolivian Minister, The destruction of Humaita.

Sor Elizalde, The foreign resident ministers.

Sor Octaviano, The Argentine press, Congress and Urquiza.

Vice Pres. Paz, Peace and progress.

Admiral Tamandare, The United States.

Hon. Mr. Kirk, Liberty in La Plata.

WAR WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

We extract the following from a leading American periodical of the present year:—

The lower passions in both nations will often cry for war. If in either the lower passions control the Government, war will inevitably follow. But if the Government of each country represent, as it should, the reason and the intelligence of the nation, then war

will be avoided, as difficulties always arise between men earnestly bent upon a high generous purpose. It is very easy to inflame American prejudice against England? Is it wise, is it noble, is it politic to do it? The English Government and press have been hostile to us in this war. Have the American Government and press ever been peculiarly friendly to England? We cannot strike an exact balance of friendship; nor is it profitable to re- criminate. But no thoughtful and patriotic citizen of the United States can seriously believe that any body, or any cause, would be permanently benefited by a war between this country and England, except in the event of an assault upon our honor or our power."

THE PRICE OF COTTON.

Liverpool, March 10.

To the Editors of the 'Standard.' Gentlemen,

We have received yours of the 22d ult., and have now your favor of the 16th of January, and thank you for its interesting contents. We are sorry to see that you intend sending in six or seven bales more of cotton, us we fear that the result will be disappointing to you. Fair Egyptian, which your cotton most closely resembles, and which was quoted at 26 1/2 when we sold yours at 25 1/2, is now difficult of sale at 16 per lb., so you may judge what the result is likely to be. Our holders have quite lost heart since the last American news, and as buyers keep off the market, the above is the result. By the mail of the 8th inst., we sent you various price currents and duplicates under separate covers, also a paper of to-day's date with the Etna's news from New York to 25th ult. The Southerners have been losing ground rapidly of late, and many think their cause is now desperate, and the end of the war close at hand.

Trade in general is very sluggish, and although the Bank rate was reduced to 4 1/2 per cent. last week, it has not created any more confidence.

We are, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servants,

STOLTERFOHT, SON, and Co.

FIRE-SIDE REFLECTIONS.

Gentlemen,

As the winter is approaching and consequently coal is becoming a fearful price, it is nothing but right that purchasers should have full weight for their money. I trust, therefore, that you will, through the medium of your influential journal, propose to the Municipalidad the following:—

1st. That every cart delivering coal at any house shall carry proper scales and weights for weighing same on demand of customers.

2nd. That coal shall be put into bags containing not less than two arrobas nor more than four.

3rd. Any cartman refusing to weigh any bag or bags of coal upon demand shall be fined upon so refusing.

The above regulations would satisfy all parties; the honest dealer need not be afraid of them.

I am,

your respectfully,

FAIR PLAY.

DEPUTATION TO SIR G. GREY ON THE SUBJECT OF SOUTH AMERICAN BEEF.

On Friday afternoon, the 17th inst., a numerous and influential deputation, consisting of merchants, bankers, brokers, and traders of London, Liverpool, and Manchester, had an interview with the Right Hon. Sir George Grey, at the Home Office, for the purpose of testifying to the excellent qualities of South American beef, and to make representations as to the desirability of promoting the introduction of the beef into this country as a popular article of consumption. The deputation consisted of the following gentlemen:— Mr. Cox, M. P.; Mr. Ewart, M. P.; Mr. Horsfall, M. P.; Mr. Cheetham, M. P.; and Mr. Bright, M. P.; Mr. Madden, Mr. E. B. Frigg [Messrs. Martin and Co., Liverpool]; Mr. Charles Holland, Liverpool; Mr. Stewart, Manchester; Mr. H. L. Keeling; Mr. J. Fair, Argentine Consul; Mr. Warriner, Chief Instructor in Cookery for the Army; Mr. C. Dunlop, of the Brazil and River Plate Mail; Mr. Wellington Guernsey, an Old South American traveller; Mr. Wigg, Liverpool; Mr. Gough, Mr. Angel, &c. &c.

The deputation having been introduced.

Mr. J. Madden, of 3, Leadenhall-street, addressed the Home Secretary, informing him that he was a wholesale dealer in South American beef, and had done much to popularise the article. He had recently given an entertainment at the London Tavern, consisting of soups made from South American beef, of which about 2,000 persons partook, and so far as his personal knowledge extended, they had all expressed satisfaction. Amongst others Miss Burdett Coutts, with a number of friends, was present, and, after carefully tasting and scrutinising the soups, personally informed him of her approbation. He had subsequently, with the view of enabling the poorer classes to try the article for themselves, sold the charque in parcels of 7lbs. each; and the result was that many persons returned again and again, gradually increasing the amount of their purchases. Indeed, everything went to show that South American beef was securing for itself, in despite of the prejudices and interests arrayed against it, a favourable position in public estimation. Unfortunately, however, at the very moment when success appeared certain, and it was believed that a cheap, wholesome, and exceedingly nutritious beef had been fairly introduced into consumption as a substitute for butchers' meat, the price of which surpassed the means of thousands of our population, circumstances occurred to strengthen the prejudices of the public, and to destroy much that had been done in influential quarters with no other aim than the well-being of the community at large. The sanitary authorities made what was publicly described to be an indiscriminate seizure of jerked meat, without regard to its condition or quality, on the ground that it was unfit for human food. This highly injurious impression has been increased by remarks of the Lord Mayor, while acting in his magisterial capacity, and although he (Mr. Madden) could not venture to assert that the particular specimen submitted to his lordship was good and wholesome, he assuredly thought it a subject for serious regret that general observations had been made of a character calculated to place obstructions in the way of what might be truly described as a movement of national importance. The consequence was that the trade had been suddenly almost destroyed, and the deputation had sought an interview with Sir George Grey with the object of repairing if possible the evil which had been done, and testifying to the excellent and nutritious qualities of South American beef. He had received a letter that very morning from Mr. Gaimes, a member of the Court of Common Council, in which he regretted the remarks made by the Lord Mayor, and stated that himself and partner had tried parcels of the charque purchased from him (Mr. Madden), and had found the soup exceedingly good and agreeable. This was only one communication amongst many such, and he was sure the testimony of a gentleman like Mr. Gaimes ought to convince unprejudiced, and even prejudiced minds that South American beef was an article which ought, for public reasons, to come into popular consumption, and that nothing should be done to impede its introduction and sale. He begged to inform Sir George that the charque was in use in his own family, and that he found it beneficial to his own health and that of his children. Certainly the meat was not prepossessing in its appearance; the real question was as to the intrinsic merits of the article, to which the most celebrated analysts of the day had borne almost enthusiastic testimony. He begged to submit a specimen of the charque to Sir George Grey, and would conclude by saying that the interests involved were of too great a magnitude to be trifled with. (Hear, hear.)

Sir George Grey said he had no doubt all Mr. Madden had said was true, and within his own experience; but he did not see that he could do anything in the matter. It was not correct that any indiscriminate seizure had been made; and as to the merits of the South American beef, the question was, one for the public to decide for itself.

Mr. John Bright, M. P., thought the best thing Sir George could do, would be to invite the members of the Government to a Cabinet dinner on charge. [Laughter.]

Mr. Dunlop urged upon Sir George the propriety, for sanitary and economical reasons, of introducing South American beef into consumption in our national establishments.

Sir George Grey observed that the magistrates of several counties were already considering the desirability of using the beef in gaols.

Mr. Dunlop thought the Government ought to move in the matter, as the question was one of national importance, and suggested that much good might be done if the Poor-law Board would issue a recommendation to the parochial authorities throughout the three kingdoms, to investigate the merits of South American beef, with the view of determining its adaptability for use in the unions and workhouses of the country.

Sir George Grey believed it would be hardly fair to force the beef upon prisoners and paupers until the article had in the first place received the approval of the general public by coming into more extensive and permanent consumption.

Mr. Dunlop said there were several gentlemen in the room who could give satisfactory evidence that the article had already come into extensive use, so extensive indeed that one Liverpool firm alone—that of Messrs. Martin and Co.—was sending the beef to all parts of the country at the rate of from 40 to 50 tons per week. During the last twenty months 2,000 tons had been sent out by the same firm, and Sir George could, therefore, understand that an important commercial interest was involved.

Mr. Bright, M. P., thought it would be a mistake to urge the premature introduction of the beef into gaols and workhouses. People would come to think the meat was only fit for criminals and paupers.

Mr. Gough [a working man], and others belonging to the artisan classes, stated that the article was in constant use by them, and that they found it to be nutritious and wholesome.

Mr. Stuart, banker of Manchester, said he dined upon charque regularly, and found it more beneficial for him than fresh meat. He intended to have charque for some months to come three times a week.

Mr. Frigg, of the firm of Messrs. Martin and Co., Liverpool, directed the attention of Sir George Grey to the favourable analytical reports of several medical men of the highest reputation in London and the provinces. He also explained the process of preparation, and assured the hon. gentleman that important improvements were about to be made in consequence of the demand which had arisen for the article.

Mr. Warriner expressed his readiness to give his gratuitous services to persons desiring to introduce charque into our gaols and prison establishment, and invited Sir George Grey to attend a meeting of the Society of Arts, when he [Mr. Warriner] intended to read a paper on the qualities of South American beef, and to give those present on the occasion an opportunity of partaking of soups prepared therefrom.

Mr. Bright, M. P., advised the friends of charque to place themselves in communication with Mr. Lucas, of the refreshment department for the House of Commons, for the purpose of giving the members of Parliament an opportunity of judging of the merits of the article for themselves.

After some further remarks, the deputation retired.

ON 'CHANGE

May 3rd, 1865.

Paper price of ounces, 44 1/2 Do sovereigns, 135 First price of patascons, 28 00 Subsequent, 17 85 Last price, 27 96 Total Cash sales, 46,450.

TIME SALES.

For Wednesday, \$,000 at 28 Thursday, 1,000 at 27 85 Saturday, 37,000 at 27 90 May 31st, 39,000 at 27 90 On long date, 28,000 at 28 10 Total sales 172,550.

The bears were in the ascendant to-day: on the opening of the Bourse there was a great anxiety to sell, caused in a measure by the assertion that Urquiza would not take any gold with him to Entre Rios, still, notwithstanding every influence that is brought to bear on the specie market, gold is very firm and it was significantly remarked that the Bank is paying out in ounces, and not sovereigns, as formerly. Mr. Rom's very able reply to Dr. Vales Sarrafield was greatly talked about, but notwithstanding the ability of the editor of the "Eco"

may use of opinion that Dr. Sarrafield is in the right. The great diplomatic dinner and the news from Paraguay was also discussed; the brokers are unanimously of opinion that instead of attending grand dinners the officers and generals ought to be marching at the head of their men.

The National Bonds continue weak; sellers at 37, but no buyers. The proposed change in the payment of the 'coupons' seems to have no very beneficial effect.

The actual state of the Bourse is as follows:— Three-fourths decided "bulls." One-fourth apathetic "bears." Three-eighths holders of paper in small quantities.

One-eighth holders to an immense amount of paper and trying to metallize. Two-eighths looking for gold on time, good marks.

One-eighth looking for gold 'at contado,' but on credit. One-eighth looking for both paper and gold to pay their differences. There were no arrivals to-day save the river steamers and a Brazilian transport.

VESSELS SAILED.

Table with columns for date, ship name, destination, and agent. Includes entries for April 7-19 with ships like Albatros, Bella Cubana, Casares, Donna Amelia, Erminia Wilson, etc.

VESSELS LOADING.

Table with columns for ship name, destination, and agent. Includes entries for John Ritson, Lizzie Fox, Clifton, Achilles Antipodes, etc.

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

In the Saloon of the COLON THEATRE

Given by CARL WERNER, Violoncelliste to his Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Brazil;

And CARL SCHRAMM, Pianiste.

On this Evening, 4th of MAY, Señor NICOLAS has kindly undertaken the direction of the Quartett; and Messrs. Reinken, (Gris, Frigola, and Rouch, have given their friendly assistance.

PROGRAMME. 1st Part.

1. Adagio and Scherzo of the Grand Trio in B flat, executed by Messrs. Frigola, Schramm, Werner, op. 97. Beethoven.

2. Tenor Air from the Opera La Muse de Portici, sung by Mr. Reinken. Auber.

3. La Romanca Dance of the 16th Century, for Violoncello, accompanied by Qu., Werner 4. Fantasia of the Opera Moises, for Piano, Schramm Thalberg.

5. Mira la Bianca luna, for Violin and Violoncello, Moera, Frigola and Werner Roszini.

6. La Poesia, Melody for Four Violoncelles, by Messrs. Gris, Rouch, Werner Mercadante.

7. Le Réveil des Pées, for Piano, Schramm Prudent.

8. Sacred Air, composed 1667, for Violoncello Werner Stradella.

9. Home, Sweet Home, for Piano Schramm Thalberg.

10. Steps Loda, Neapolitan Air, sung by Mr. Reinken. 11. Bourgeois de Paris, Grand Trio for Violoncello, accompanied by Carlotta Werner. Service. To commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets to be had at the Library of Messrs G. & H. Moberg and the Museo Storico de Messrs. Tachy and Dominici. Price 40 Dollars. And on the evening of the Concert at the Ticket office of the Colon Theatre.

TEATRO COLON

OPERA ITALIANA. El Viernes 8 del corriente. 2º Funcion del 2º abono 1º Representacion en este ano LA OPERA RIGOLETTO A las 8 en punto.

TEATRO COLON. OPERA ITALIANA.

Gran Temporada de las Fiestas Mayas, Abono de 25 Funciones.

Está abierto en el Escritorio del Teatro desde el Lunes 24 del corriente, de la mañana 6 las 5 de la tarde.

Los Sres. abonados a la actual temporada serán preferidos en sus localidades avisando hasta el Jueves a las 6 de la tarde.

For Sale, An Estancia, in the Partido de San Vicente, comprising more or less 3000 by 3000 yards with a good Estancia house and Puestos, with their respective corrales, a fine Quinta with fruit trees, alfalfares, &c. For further particulars and terms, please apply at

GEORGE BELL & SONS, Calle Moreno, 161, or at 137 Calle Maypa. 5—m 2 6p.

LADIES BELTS. A splendid variety just received PERFECT NOVELTIES. OF Silk, Moire Antique, Velvet, &c. Wide and Narrow, Black and Colored, 61—CORRIENTES—61. 152.. 9p a25.

Genuine Champagne. From the renowned house of Lelorgue Cie. of Rheims on Champagne. We have just received a small lot of this exquisite wine which is on sale in boxes of bottles and half-bottles at our barraca. P. GUERIN & FILLS. 121—Plaza Monserrat—121. 172—3p a29.

Postage Stamps. For sale a collection of about five hundred different postage stamps of all the Republics of South America; also of Europe. The whole is nicely bound in one volume, and can be seen at 228 Calle Esmeralda from 4 to 6 o'clock every evening. 177.. 3p a30.

Lost. A Pocket-book containing some old papers, &c., of no value except to the owner. Two hundred dollars reward will be given to any one who delivers it to 66 Calle Frieda. 182.. 3p a30.

LETTERS. Lying at the Danish Consulate Calle Rivadavia No. 329. Johan Peter Andersen (2). Adolph Paendix. F. Golttermann. H. H. Hoffmann. Carl Kaas. Peter Nielsen. Franz Hinrich Oeding. Meinert E. Petersen. Carl Ludwig Frauschke. Charles P. Walker. 170.. 3p a 29.

MUFFINS & CRUMPKETS. 884. 2.. 3p m3

Employment. A German well recommended, speaking French, Italian, English and writes a good hand, is desirous of a situation as time-keeper or in any light capacity. Apply to Mr. Jaeggli, watchmaker, calle del Peru No. 2. 1.. 3p m3.

Steward. Wanted for an English house, must present certificate of character and competency. Apply at Calle Defensa No. 66. 3.. 3p m3.

Housemaid. Wanted a housemaid who understands a little Spanish. It is useless to apply without good recommendation at 358 Calle Fozosi 175.. 2p m.

Tuitions. A gentleman lately arrived in this country is desirous of giving private lessons in English, French and German languages. For particulars apply to Messrs. Mackern, Calle San Martin. 164.. 6p a26

Wanted. A Soap-maker; a European who understands the manufacture of common soap. A permanent situation and liberal wages will be given. Apply at the Standard office. 149.. 6p a25

REMARKS FOR MARIANO BILLINGHURST En la casa, habitacion del Sr. Dn. Francisco Hin Cerrito No. 180. Por aumento del pais

El Viernes 5 del corriente, a las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, todos muebles y de mas menaje de alta casa consistente en lo siguiente.

SALA ANTESALA.—Un rico piano de lacaranda perpendicular, un confidante 2 sillones y un tabureto de caoba con furo de torciopelo verde mar 12 sillas, caoba asiento y respaldo de caoba, una mesa ochagona de caoba un chifanite de idem, una mesa marmol; un escritorio de Sra. con gradas; para libros, varios cuadros, alfilerado de tripe, cortinado y de mas adornos.

COSTURERO.—Un sofa y 2 sillones forro de seda floreada, 1 mesa ochagona con piedra marmol, un costurero, 1 mesa para naipes de caoba, cuadros y de mas adornos.

TOILET.—tres roperos de caoba, 3 comodas idm, una con escritorio, un chayer, sillas de caoba y otros adornos.

DORMITORIO.—dos camas para matrimonio con colchones, dos lavatorios con todos sus utiles de porcelana, 2 mesas de luz, dos butacas una necesaria y de mas utiles de uso de paramento.

DE CUARTOS MAS.—armarios para dormitorio de niños y buesopos y una maquina para planchar, sábanas &c.

COMEDOR.—Un juego de muebles completo de Roble a la rustica 6 sea a la masaria compuesto de una mesa para 24 cubiertos, 12 sillas asietado de osterrila, un ahaisador y una moeja para platos porcelana cristales 30 donomas vino del pin mosell, cocina economica de fierro, latera de cocina de cobre fierro y loton y todos los de mas en ceros de una casa de familia.

POR EL MISMO En los almacenes de la comision Gral de Guerra Aduana Nueva.

De 22 cajones palo y lierno franco de varias clases pertenecientes al Gobierno del Paraguay del orden del Excmo Sr. Ministro de la Guerra de la Nacion, general D. Juan Andres Golia y Obes.

El Jueves 4 del corriente, a las 11 en punto de la mañ se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, otros cajones de mercaderias como se especifica en el siguiente:

6 cajones lierno tabla frances 5 id palo azul fino id 5 id id piloto azul id 1 id id perla fina 3 id caudal molinos guano id 1 id id molinos fino 4 cajones tulo negro variado. 3 id id gresca pasto id 186.. 10 m 2



**Fire. COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
Capital—\$2,500,000 fully subscribed.  
Agents for Buenos Ayres and the River Plate,  
**BRANDT SOHN, and CO.,**  
CALLE VICTORIA, 202.  
Jl. 1m

**Sewing Machines.**  
A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.  
**JOHN SHAW,**  
204 Calle Venezuela  
Jl. 1m

**A LOS ESTANCIEROS.**  
Servos de hierro para rodeos, poteros corrales, charcos etc.  
Corrales portátiles con postes de hierro y tablas.  
Mojos de hierro.  
Bebederos de hierro para ovejías, hacienda vacunas y caballar.  
Piletas de hierro batido y de hierro fundido para construcciones.  
Máquinas de estirar alambra.  
Máquina de cortar cardos, abrojos, y cepas de caballo; con esta máquina los Señores Estancieros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.  
Máquina de sacar agua de los jagüeles funcionando sin caballo, basta con un niño de diez ó doce años para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se transporta con facilidad.  
En la fabrica de  
**VAN DE VELDE Hermanos.**  
B. Ayres, Calle Buen Orden No. 245.

**English Carpenters.**  
92—Calle de la Esmeralda—92.  
We the undersigned beg leave to notify our friends and the public in general that we have commenced business in the above line, and hope by strict attention to merit their support. All orders will be executed with the greatest facility and exactness.  
**JOHN COBBY,**  
**JOHN J. DOWNING.**  
N. B.—Carpenters will be attended to with the greatest possible care.  
98.3me, f 17

**TO CAMP PURCHASERS.**  
Just Received,  
**AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF GOODS**  
Suitable for Camp use (direct from the manufacturers) which we are offering at lowest possible cash prices at  
**THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT**  
OF BUENOS AYRES,  
49 & 51—Calle Defensa—49 & 51.  
**GALBRAITH & HUNTER**

**QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.**  
CAPITAL—\$2,000,000.  
Chief Offices:  
**QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS**  
LIVERPOOL.  
Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,  
**Barbour, Barclay, and Co**  
CALLE CHACABUCCO, 13.  
Sept. 20

To Shipmasters and Others.  
On sale at the French Bazaar,  
44—Calle de la Florida—44  
Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for mess and kitchen use.  
Mess and Dining Rooms supplied.  
All these goods are imported direct from the makers and manufactured expressly for ships' purposes.  
155 FIXED PRICES d28,x

**Removal.**  
The old established Upholsterer and Furniture Store of John Underwood is removed from No 89 Calle Potosi to No. 50 in some street nearly in front. The undersigned takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous customers for their liberal support, and begs that they will continue to favour him with their orders.  
**JOHN UNDERWOOD.**  
139.2m d & w f 24

**INGLÉS ORNAMENTAL DE LAS MICH. SAGERIAS CORREOS NACIONALES.**  
For Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Gerónimo, Villanueva, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan.  
Merchants and Passengers for the Provinces will please take notice that the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from 127 Calle 25 de Mayo, to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there. Economical, &c., will be received up to 6 o'clock the evening before the sailing of the steamers for Rosario, and all parcels from the Provinces will be delivered at No. 1, Calle Cuyo.  
Buenos Ayres, January 17, 1885  
17.11m  
**HENRY DOWSE**

**SAVINGS BANK.**  
**BANK MAUÁ AND CO.**  
No. 103 Calle de Cangallo,  
BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence. The Bank of Mauá and Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in letters, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten a.m. to Twelve m., for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.  
Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1885.  
P.p. Mauá and Co. **WILLIAM LESLIE**

**CONDITIONS.**  
First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards.  
Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.  
Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.  
Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.  
Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

**SPECIAL NOTICE:**  
The Large and Valuable Stock of the  
**ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,**  
61—CORRIENTES—61.  
Is now selling off at  
**REDUCED PRICES,**  
A Splendid variety of New Goods for Winter wear; also an assortment of goods adopted for every season, suitable for Ladies, Misses, Children, and Infants,  
61—CORRIENTES—61

**RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.**  
LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.  
NAMES OF STEAMERS.  
LA PLATA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, U.N.A.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—

1st Class	£35.
2nd "	£25.
3rd "	£16.

Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—

1st Class	£65.
2nd "	£45.
3rd "	£30.

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.  
**H. A. GREEN & CO.,**  
85 RECONQUISTA.

English Grocery Establishment.  
**GEORGE BAKER,**  
Grocer and Liquor Dealer, Calle del Puerto, Rosario.  
A General Supply of Groceries, Spirits, Wines, &c., always on hand.  
Camp Orders punctually attended to.  
90.1m f17

**HIBERNIAN HOUSE**  
64, 66 and 68 Calle Piedra,  
(between San Martin and Reconquista.)  
**GENERAL CAMP STORE.**  
A large and well assorted stock of  
**GROGERS, DRAPERY & IRONMONGERY.**  
**T. FALLON**  
64, 66, & 68 CALLE PIEDRA.  
N.B.—A large Stock of Ready made clothing of every description.

**Steam to Valparaiso.**  
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co's new Iron Paddle Steamer **PAIFIC**, 2,000 tons, and 600 horsepower will leave Liverpool on or about the 16th instant, and is expected to arrive at Montevideo from the 8th to the 15th of the ensuing month leaving immediately for Valparaiso. Only passengers and specie are received. For further particulars apply at  
**BATES STOKES,**  
64—Mayo—65.  
115-149 a19

**GUALEGUAYCHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.**  
PORTS OF THE URUGUAY.  
ERA.

This steamer will leave this for the above Ports on the 2nd, 7th, 12th, 17th, 22nd, 27th of every month, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

Cabin.	Fares.	Steerage.
Higueritas	8	Higueritas 3
Fray Bentos	6	Fray Bentos 4
Gualeguaychú	9	Gualeguaychú 4 1/2
Roman	10	Roman 5
Concepcion	10	Concepcion 5
Paysandú	12	Paysandú 6
Concordia	16	Concordia 8
Salto	16	Salto 8

Parcels will be received at the Agency, 1 Calle Cuyo, up to Five o'clock in the afternoon of the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars apply at the Agency, Calle de Cuyo No. 1.  
**HENRY DOWSE.**

**J. S. WYLLIE & Co.**  
Chaseomus.  
Just received per 'Kepler' a large collection of School Books, direct from the publishers, Pocket Books, Diaries, Albums, &c.  
228.1m w d a 1

**To English Travellers.**  
Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city. Charges are most moderate.  
Wines superb  
Table d'Hote on European style.  
Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.  
**HOTEL DE LA PAIX,**  
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)  
J 26.

**The National Steamer**  
**"ESTRELLA DEL NORTE."**  
Will leave the Tigre (Las Conchas) every Wednesday and Saturday, for San Nicolas and immediate Ports in connection with the Northern Railroad. The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at half past 10 a.m. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre. Tickets for the train are given at the Steamboat Agency with the tickets for the Steamer. Passengers Luggage not to exceed 50lb—any excess will be charged for at the Station, and must be paid for before leaving the 25 de Mayo.

Cabin.	Fares.	Steerage.
S. Nicolas	\$12	S. Nicolas \$6
Obligado	\$12	Obligado \$6
L. Hermanas	\$12	Las Hermanas \$6
Zarate	\$4	Zarate \$2
Baradero	\$6	Baradero \$4
San Pedro	\$8	San Pedro \$4
Campana	\$4	Campana \$3

This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 a.m. and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon, arriving in Buenos Ayres by the train at 7.53 every Tuesday and Friday morning. Parcels received in the Agency, Calle Cuyo No. 1.

**DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.**  
**ALEX. FULTON AND Co.**  
25 & 27—CALLE DEFENSA—25 & 27.  
81.1m f15

**"LA FAVORECIDA"**  
Line of Diligences between Buenos Ayres, Lobos, Saladillo, and Tapalquen.  
Leaves Buenos Ayres for Lobos and Saladillo every Thursday.  
Leaves Saladillo every Saturday, arriving in Buenos Ayres every Sunday.  
Leaves Buenos Ayres for Tapalquen, calling at Lobos the 3rd, 13th, and 23rd. Arriving at Buenos Ayres on the 10th, 20th, and 30th.  
Owner and conductor,  
**P. ESPERATTI.**

Note—The coaches start from the Merlo Railway Station, passing on the journey the following establishments for Lobos by V. Villamayor, B. Frey, M. Señas, G. L. Maldonado, M. Nuevo Cepeda, and Lobos. From Lobos to Saladillo, by Acevedo, Constancia, La Paz, Frias Puesto del Rosario, Bozan, La Fortuna, Rodriguez, and the new Pueblo de Saladillo from Lobos for Tapalquen, by Tallala, Ramon Porto (house of business), camps of Da. Francisca, B. de Cascales, Bernardo Luis El Chileno, La Argentina Nueva del Sr. Bedoya, San Pedro, Tres Bonetes, Sta. Jues (house of business) of Srs. Amadeo, José M. Pined, 'Catriel' de D. La manno Ramirez, Las Tres Flores, de D. Isidro Gurado, Manuel Fria, Antonio Ponce (house of business) and San Gervasio de D. Enrique Casares.  
**GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE,**  
305 CALLE RIVADAVIA.  
1 6pd. & 4p w f 2

**WELLS BECKHAUS & Co.**  
Wool-Brokers, 173 Calle de las Piedras.  
W&D, Aug 25, 1 v

**NOTICE.**  
All goods delivered free at the Railway Stations here and forwarded direct to any station between Town and Mercedes, on receipt of orders.  
**THOMAS FALLON,**  
Hibernian House,  
64, 66, and 68 PIEDRA.  
Feb. 16, 1866.

**Finest Jamaica Rum.**  
1 Robin's and Hennessy's Brandy.  
Martell do.  
66 Piedra 66.  
166.1m d w a 28.

**Falsely scarfs and all wool Scotch plaid do.**  
9, 10, 11, and 12 quarter Blanket.  
Heavy Plaid—Cushions and Linseys.  
White and coloured quilts.  
Lamb's wool inside vests and drawers, ex heavy.  
Winter hosiery: Crimean Shirts &c., &c.  
66 Piedra 66.  
168.1m d w a 28.

**Just Received ex 'Herschell.'**  
Muttons Limerick Hams.  
Do do Bacon.  
Cork butter first brand: in Kegs.  
Cheshire cheese.  
All in primo order.  
Hibernian House,  
66 Piedra 66.  
166.1m d w a 28.

**NOTICE OF REMOVAL.**  
**MULVANY'S HOTEL—CALLE CUYO.**  
C. Mulvany begs leave to inform his friends and the Public that he has removed his Hotel from No. 6 to  
**No. 32 CALLE CUYO 32.**  
This Establishment, which is conducted on the home style, affords every comfort to strangers arriving in this city. Sleepers will also find it central, convenient, and clean; the house is one of the finest in Buenos Ayres—good airy bedrooms, and an excellent kitchen.  
Breakfast from 8 to 10 o'clock.  
Dinner " " 2 to 3 " "  
Tea " " 4 to 8 " "  
Buenos Ayres, April 15th, 1885.  
**CHARLES MULVANY,**  
Proprietor.  
92.1m a 18

**THE HESPERIDINA,**  
**STOMACH BITTERS**  
FROM  
**The Bitter Orange**  
THE  
**Best Tonic Known,**  
AND THE  
**Surest Specific**  
against the nervous affections of the  
**Stomach, Head, Intestines**  
and **Heart;**  
**A sure, quick and agreeable**  
**remedy for the cure of**  
**Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Cholice,**  
**Flatulency, Costiveness, Diarrhea,**  
**Weakness, Dysentery, Chl rosia.**  
**STIMULATES**  
AND  
**REGULATES**  
THE  
**NERVOUS SYSTEM,**  
IT  
**CURES THESE DISEASES**  
FORTIFYING THE BODY,  
and promoting the most  
**HEALTHY NATURAL SECRETIONS,**  
THE  
**PERSPIRATION.**  
THE  
**HESPERIDINA**  
IS SOLD  
at the principal  
**Business Houses**  
IN THE  
**CITY AND COUNTRY;**  
IN  
**Grocery Stores,**  
**Apothecaries,**  
**Coffee Houses,**  
**Confectionaries**  
AND  
**Drug Stores.**  
**AGENTS IN MONTEVIDEO**  
**MESSRS.**  
**NEWNHAM & CO.,**  
33 & 35 calle 25 de Agos o.  
*M. J. Bagley.*  
70, 6m, a 9

The undersigned begs to inform his friends and acquaintances that he has splendid accommodation for horses; anyone going to town can leave their horses with all confidence.  
**JOSE CRUZ SEIN,**  
Villa Luxan, Standard Agent.  
N.B.—Green Alfalfa always on hand.  
47.1p d 2p w f 10

**ENGLISH BAKERY.**  
The undersigned wishes to inform his friends and the public that he has opened a Bakery in No. 284 Calle Paraguay (Plaza Libertad), where he will make bread on the English style, having none but first-rate English bakers employed. As a countryman, he trusts that the English public will support him, as he will endeavour to give every satisfaction with respect to well-baked bread, goodness of flour, &c. Every description of Biscuits made for the Camp.  
42.1xp. a 7.  
**JEREMIAH BERGIN.**

**SCREW AND PADDLE STEAMERS, &c.**

**G. H. HARRINGTON AND CO.,**  
NAVAL ARCHITECTS AND SURVEYORS,  
27, Leadenhall Street, LONDON E. C.

**CONTRACT FOR BUILDING.**  
Every Description of VESSEL adapted to Sea or River Navigation.  
PATENT COMBINATION VESSELS WITH TEAK PLANKING AND IRON FRAMES. Estimates and particulars forwarded, including delivery at every port in SOUTH AMERICA.  
26 1/2 w in 65.

**MACHINERY.**  
MR. A. F. YARROW, Engineer, will furnish full particulars of every description of Machinery required for Colonial and Foreign use.—For particulars apply to A. F. YARROW, Engineer, London Office, 35, Cornhill, E. C.

**COTTON MACHINERY.**  
STEAM ENGINES, Presses for Packing Cotton, Horse Gear, Gins, &c., and other descriptions of Machinery required for Colonial and Foreign use.—For particulars apply to A. F. YARROW, Engineer, London Office, 35, Cornhill, E. C.

**Protection from Fire.**  
PRIZE MEDAL, 1862.  
**BRYANT AND MAY'S**  
PATENT SAFETY MATCHES, WAX TAPER, AND OIL LAMPS.  
Light only on the Box.  
The Patent Safety Match affords an instantaneous light as readily as common matches, while it is entirely free from all their dangerous properties.  
Patent Safety Matches in neat slide boxes.  
Patent Safety Matches in Paper Boxes, and in japanned tin boxes of 100, 250, and 500.  
BRYANT & MAY, Manufacturers of Wax Tapers in round plaid boxes, and in japanned tin boxes, of 50, 100, 250, 500, and 1,000.  
Sole Importers of Japanned Taper Boxes (slide boxes).  
All orders made payable in London will receive immediate attention.  
**WHITECHAPEL-LANE, LONDON, E.**

**Letchford's Wax Vestas.**  
**LETCHFORD & CO**  
Hold themselves responsible for the quality of their Wax Vestas; and having recently built an extensive Factory especially adapted for the production of their Vestas, they can assure you on all the details which render their Vestas the best in the market. Customers, therefore, when ordering Wax Vestas should be particular in requesting Letchford's "make," as others are often substituted.  
**WHITECHAPEL-LANE, LONDON, E.**

**THE BEST ROOFING MATERIAL.**  
**EMERALD ITALIAN ROOFING ZINC,**  
In sheets 3 feet by 2 1/2 feet.  
ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR ROOFS OR BUILDINGS COMPLETE.  
PERFORATED AND SHEET ZINC, CORRUGATED GALVANIZED IRON, Best quality only.  
Buckets, Wire Netting, Roofing Felt, &c. Prices and Patterns, sent free, on application.  
**FREDERICK BRABY & CO.,**  
FITZROY WORKS,  
**EUSTON ROAD, LONDON.**

**ELLWOOD'S**  
**Patent Air-Chamber Hats and Helmets.**  
The Patents having established the validity of their Patent in an action tried on the 20th and 21st of June last, in the Court of Common Pleas, in which Ellwood and another, of No. 24 Great Chiswick-street, were plaintiffs, and the Messrs. Wholesale Hat Manufacturers, Wholesale Hat Manufacturers, were defendants; and the Court of Common Pleas having, on the 15th day of November instant, reversed the Defendants' application for a new Trial, and ordered the matter to stand over; and the undersigned, Solicitors for the said Plaintiff, do hereby give notice to all Manufacturers, Dealers, and Sellers of Hats, Caps, or Helmets, that we are instructed to proceed against all persons so manufacturing, dealing in, or selling Hats, Caps, or Helmets, constructed on the principle of "Ellwood's Patent Air-Chamber Hat," unless the previous consent of the Patents be obtained, at the same time the Patents reserve to themselves the right of taking proceedings against persons infringing.  
Dated this 17th day of November, 1884.  
**GRANZ, SOY, AND FRENCHMEYER,**  
25, Bedford Row,  
Solicitors for Messrs. Ellwood and Sons, 24, Great Chiswick Street, Southwick, Patents for Air Chamber Hats and Helmets.

**HEALTH FOR THE INVALID**  
**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**  
LOSS OF APPETITE—LOSS OF STRENGTH—LOSS OF HEALTH.  
The marvellous effect of this medicine upon the system is such as immediately rally all the vital functions, the appetite is soon restored, a full flow of spirits quickly follows, the body becomes immediately invigorated with a certain degree of health; fresh air and a little exercise are necessary to bring about a permanent state of things. Holloway's Pills impart tone and energy to the most delicate constitutions, and in a manner so healthy that all who take them. By their extraordinary virtues they have obtained the largest sale of any medicine in the world.  
**HEAD, LUNGS, AND STOMACH.**  
Look to the regularity of the functions of these foundations of vitality. Holloway's Pills restore to order the slightest departure from the proper action, and therefore may be considered as the regulator of the main spring of human life. Appetite can always be prevented if the proper action of the bowels be attended to, which this famous medicine does in a manner so healthy that the head and heart often terminate suddenly and fatally from obstructions in the system, which might generally be prevented by taking small and regular doses of this fine corrective.  
**FEMALE DISORDERS.**  
No medicine can be so faithfully relied upon for overcoming all obstructions as these Pills. They restore a healthy action throughout the system. The printed instructions will enable all to correct the first symptoms of disease, and avert many serious disorders. Holloway's Pills soon change the sickly and allow complexion, thus renewing the bloom of health. To females entering into womanhood, or at the turn of life, these Pills will be found very valuable. They should be taken two or three times a week as a safeguard against dropsy, headache, palpitations of the heart, and all nervous affections, so distressing at certain periods.

**SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION OR FOUL STOMACH, AND DISORDERED LIVER.**  
In such a deranged state of health the food is decomposed instead of being digested, and proves poisonous rather than nutritious. This derangement can be at once set right by a course of these purifying and digestive Pills, which have acquired for themselves an imperishable fame for the mastery they have obtained in restoring the digestive organs. Holloway's Pills increase the appetite, regulate the liver, repress biliousness, healthily stimulate the kidneys, and move the bowels in a gentle, wholesome and natural manner than any other medicine.  
**DISORDERS INCIDENTAL TO CHILDREN.**  
The liver and stomach of children are, from many causes, often out of order, as they are allowed to eat many things that would disagree with their parents, hence their blood becomes impure, and liable to take any disease that is prevalent, and that in the worst form. One Pill, reduced to a powder, and put into a little water, occasionally to children of twelve months old, and to those of three or four years, three Pills, and to others of seven years of age, four Pills—will always make children look clean and healthy. Seventy-five out of every hundred do not reach the age of maturity. Holloway's Pills will not only preserve their health, but save them the expense of a costly, and people foolishly think that children only require a little medicine twice a year.  
**DROPSY.**  
This fearful disease often makes its appearance between the ages of forty and fifty, and might generally be prevented by attending regularly to the proper action of the liver and stomach; these organs, at this time of life, have a great tendency to derangement, and the consequence is disease of the most often sets in. The blood requires frequent elimination which no other medicine can so effectually perform as these purifying Pills. As they purify gently, and act immediately upon the liver and stomach, and thus remove all obstructions which at the turning point of life always occur. This dangerous period should be closely watched; two doses a week of about six Pills will ward off all dangerous diseases. But in all cases of dropsy the Ointment is a wonderful and sovereign remedy, and must be effectually rubbed twice a day into the sufferer, as parts.

**Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases—**

Ague	Female Irregularities	Rheumatism
Asthma	Scarcities	Retention of Urine
Bilious Complaints	Stomachic Disorders	Sciatica, or King's Evil
Diarrhoea on the Bowels	Flatulency	Sore Throat
Skin Diseases	Head-ache	Stomachic Disorders
Cold	Indigestion	Secondary Symptoms
Consumption of the Lungs	Inflammation	The Douleurux Tumours
Debility	Jaundice	Ulcers
Dropsy	Liver Complaints	Venereal Affections
Gravel	Plains	Worms of all kinds
Hysteria	Weakness	Worms from whatever cause
Risipelas	Piles	Worms from whatever cause

N.B.—Direction to the guidance of patients in every disorder is annexed to each Pot, and can be had in any language, even in Chinese.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway 54, Strand, (near Temple Bar), London and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1/2d., 2s., 2s. 6d., 4s., 6s., 10s., 20s., and 30s. each Pot.

**Any one can use them.**  
A basin of water in all that is required to produce the most brilliant and fashionable colours on  
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Ten Colors, Price 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 5s. per Bottle. These Dyes will also be found useful for imparting  
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