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TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"El más audaz, ni verí nom audaz diere."
CHICO.

SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1865.

GLORIOUS INTELLIGENCE!

URQUIZA IN THE FIELD!!

TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT ON THE MOLE.

Yesterday the event of the day was the arrival of the steamer Era. Long before even the smoke from her funnel was visible the old mole creaked under the anxious crowd which literally covered it from top to bottom. Brokers, bankers, merchants, clerks, editors, generals and privates, such a heterogeneous mass never before was witnessed. As the little boat of the Captain of the Port neared the stairs, a sailor, out of a joke, shouted out, "What's the news?" in English, which of course was perfectly unintelligible to the great mass present.

In an instant the intelligence spread through the crowd like wildfire, that Urquiza had marched, declared in favor of the National Government, and the whole province of Entre Rios had risen as a man to defend the country against the invaders, and avenge the national honor. Joy was depicted in every countenance, and we could read in the features of the retiring crowd the heartfelt satisfaction which was felt at the honorable and patriotic conduct of the second man in the Republic.

Luckily the floor of the mole is at present in good repair—we could not see a single hole—and we hope that the greatest care will be taken of this great rendezvous during these exciting times. If we find a single hole open until the war is over we shall fearlessly accuse the Captain of the Port of being an enemy to his country and a friend to Lopez, who has plunged this country into such a war.

GEN. URQUIZA'S PROCLAMATION.

Companions! The National Government calls us to arms: the honor of the Republic so treacherously assailed summons us to defend our brothers of Corrientes whose territory is already invaded by the haughty encroaching stranger.

Entre-Rians! We who first gave the signal for the war of Independence and who overset the tyranny of Rosas, to restore order and liberty to the Nation, are now bound to form the vanguard against the foe that has dared to desecrate our glorious flag which has never been outraged with impunity. The May anniversary will this time find us armed in defence of our country, to vindicate her honor and re-conquer that prosperous peace which we were beginning to enjoy and which alone ennobles or exalts a nation.

Comrades! The national sovereignty, so dear to every man of honor whatever his political creed, is outraged; and no Argentine can fail to avenge it without abjuring the past glories of the Republic, no Entre-Rian fail in his duty without incurring the brand of cowardice and ignominy. We must shew to the nation and the universe the noble proof of our strength and of our patriotic loyalty, which have rendered this province so glorious in the military annals of the Republic.

Soldiers of Caseros! This war, like the former, will rally all Argentines around our flag, which is the banner of San Martin and Belgrano; in uniting our arms, we will show that when discussion is laid aside we are invincible, and that on such a bulwark rests the invincible emblem of our Independence. In the midst of a prosperous peace which developed our resources with wonderful progress, we have been suddenly aroused by the cry of our injured country calling on us to fulfil the holiest duty of citizens. In your name I have answered that you are ready, and that in a few days you will be upon the frontier.

On your approved loyalty and valor

depends in a great measure our salvation, under Providence, in the present war and the speedy restoration of the Republic to a glorious era of peace and prosperity.

Comrades! I march at your head. The whole nation is up in arms, and will quickly resent the affront it has received. A brief campaign, a great effort, and our laurels are certain.

Veteran patriots of 1st corps d'armée to arms and to horse!

Your friend and general awaits you—
Justo José de Urquiza.

ASSEMBLY OF THE VANGUARD.

10,000 ENTRE-RIANS AT CALA.

Sor Lafuente states that Gen. Urquiza received the news with indignant enthusiasm, and at once issued orders for all his cavalry to assemble at the arsenal of Cala, where it is expected he will review 10,000 men on the 26th inst. (Wednesday). Each man is to bring two horses and Urquiza has so limited arms from the Nat. Government for this number of troopers. The Nat. Guards of Corrientes are not to move for the present, but subsequently join the Entre-Rians in their march towards Paraguay.

There is no news from Corrientes, so that the crossing of the Parraguay army must be false. It is thought Cáceres will be able to get 10,000 Corrientes to reinforce Urquiza's vanguard. Colonel Saldaña has arrived en route for Montevideo to raise 1000 volunteers, and Captain Lezama with official despatches for General Flores. Gen. Urquiza had already assembled 3,000 cavalry at San Jose, and will probably enter Corrientes on the 1st. of May.

The Governor of Entre-Rios, Sor. Domínguez, has sent in an official declaration of the warmest adhesion to Pres. Mitre in avenging the insult offered to the Republic. Gen. Urquiza has written a private letter to the President declaring his surprise at the conduct of Lopez, and gladness at the occasion of uniting all Argentines, as at Caseros. He has also sent two despatches to the War-office, announcing his readiness and asking for arms.

On receiving this important news President Mitre is said to have exclaimed "We reap the fruit of a grand policy."

LATEST FROM CORRIENTES

AWFUL DETAILS OF THE SEA-FIGHT

CORRIENTES NOT TAKEN.

The 'Flying-fish' steamer arrived on Thursday night with dates from Bella Vista 14th, and Goya 15th inst. and bringing among the passengers Capt. Neves late commander of the war-steamer Gualeguay, who gives full details of the horrible outrage by the Paraguayans in seizing the Argentine steamers.

It seems the enemy's steamers were six in number, the Iguerey heading the line, and when this vessel got abreast of the 25 de Mayo she made a signal to the rest, and came alongside the latter steamer. Throwing a cable on board her, they called out to the quartermaster to make fast, but the latter replied with an emphatic sailor's oath. Before the Argentine crew could load their cannon or even grasp their cutlasses the Paraguayans leaped into the rigging and on the deck overpowering the crew, their numbers being 50 to one. It is said that the officer of the boarding-party gave the word 'kill them all,' and a terrible carnage ensued only one Indian sailor and three or four soldiers escaping, by swimming ashore.

The Gualeguay was anchored in a small cove, being under repairs and with a plank on shore. When the alarm was given, Col. Alsina, Major Sosa, Dr. Lagraña junr. ran down to support the officer and crew who fought for three-quarters of an hour against the Paraguayans until the latter brought up two of their vessels and opened a fire of grape which quickly obliged the gallant little band to take flight.

The Paraguayan vessels then fired on the town, wounding some women and children, who were standing on the bank, with grape shot. The enemy's vessels were crowded with troops, but so inexperienced, as is stated, that they left the beach covered with their ramada. Major Sosa shot a Paraguayan officer with his revolver, and also picked down several of the boarding-party.

The enemy then drew off without making any attempt to land, and towing the prizes up the river, at 9.30 a.m. the engagement having lasted three hours. Governor Lagraña's despatch dated same night at 10 o'clock from Corrientes, states that the Paraguayan force numbered 2,500 men, and that they commenced the attack by a discharge of musketry, whereupon the crew of the 25 de Mayo threw themselves into the water and were there for the most part shot. The crew of the Gualeguay was nearly all saved, including 6 wounded.

It was feared the invaders intended a second attack on Corrientes, as one of the steamers remained at anchor below the city, and the others would probably soon return. Governor Lagraña still held his ground, proclaiming the province in a state of siege, and sending despatches to all the minor authorities.

Dr. Cosme Becar gives a harrowing picture of the enormities he witnessed, and states that all who fell into the enemy's hands were put to the sword, without remorse or exception, while the invaders also shot those who attempted to swim ashore. He adds that the Paraguayans had only 1 killed and 4 wounded. His house was among those struck by the enemy's shot, and his family escaped in terror. The indignation of the town-folk was indescribable, and all the country districts were rapidly arming.

By this it will seem that the rumor was false, of Corrientes being in possession of the enemy, and the Flying-fish was not taken by the Paraguayan Government, owing to her bad sailing qualities, since she left Corrientes a few hours later than the Esmeralda, and arrived here four days after that vessel.

Nothing is known of Captain Manzini, but he is supposed to have been one of those who perished in the water.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The horrible details of the capture of the two Argentine war steamers are at last at hand: we regret to be obliged to publish them. The heroism of the unfortunate officers and crew merits our sympathy and praise. War is at all times a curse, but a cut-throat assassination of men who it appears were taken unawares, is an unprecedented act of barbarity. The Paraguayans will yet pay dearly for this act.

Notwithstanding the war, we perceive some indefatigable friends of Moron are trying to establish a race-course and a fair-green in the town. On Sunday next a meeting will be held at the Municipality House for the purpose of arranging the business.

Several partidos in the camp are so crowded with vagrants and deserters that every road pulperia is crowded. We hope the Government will at once take measures to enlist these characters, and thus leave the more respectable class of natives who have their families and properties to care, at home. A subscriber from the camp estimates the number of these men, who have no visible means of support, and who refuse to work, at from six to seven thousand, in this province alone.

All persons in the Argentine Republic named Lopez are determined to change their names. Matti's steamboat line for the provinces will be continued. The Ibiçuy and Esmeralda will run between this city, Rosario and Santa Fé, and the Espigador and Doloretitas once a fortnight to Corrientes.

Minister Elizalde has called on all the Members of Congress to send in their addresses, as it is desirable that Government should know how many of these gentlemen are in town. We hope to see Congress opened on the 1st of May, as there is much to be done.

The Provincial Government has ordered that all the clerks in the Government-house, who are obliged to march to the war, will have their situations kept for them until their return.

The Commissary-General has published a notice calling upon all the ladies in the city to prepare bandages &c., for the hospital service of the army. We have no doubt the appeal will meet with a ready response.

Minister Cardenas has sent a circular to all the Justices of the Peace in the camps of Buenos Ayres, requesting them to at once forward all prisoners

whose offences render them liable to military service. It is believed that this order, if strictly carried out, will raise an effective force of two thousand men.

On Monday next the far-famed distillery of Boutinet and Co. will be sold by public auction. Few of our readers forget the celebrated 'De Boots' poem, which took such a rage about a year and a-half ago. The establishment is appraised in 379,995.

All the Brazilian war-vessels, with the exception of one which remains at the order of the Minister, have left this port. There are twelve up the river, and some nine or ten gone to Montevideo. Why not have sent the whole of them up the river in order to be prepared for any contingency?

In the towns of Mercedes and Lujan there have been splendid demonstrations in favor of the war with Paraguay. All the leading men in these towns took part in the procession, and we are happy to say that the feeling seems unanimous in all parts of the country to avenge the insults of Paraguay.

We perceive that a well-known writer for the 'Nacional' has taken up cudgels with Mr. Rom, the editor of the 'Eco del Comercio,' relative to the burning of the currency, and insists that it should be suspended. We fully agree with Mr. Rom, and think his remarks will receive the approbation of every sensible and impartial man in town. The law orders the paper money to be burnt, and until the law is altered, the monthly burning should be rigidly adhered to, no matter at what inconvenience.

Mr. Keen has left the editorial chair in the 'Nacional' office, which he filled so long with such credit to himself and that newspaper. His valedictory was published on Thursday evening. We regret to hear that Mr. Keen's editorial labors have impaired his health, and yet he only had to write a column or two daily. We wonder how long he would have held out if he had to get up the 'Standard' every day, and meet and talk to over five hundred people daily.

We have much pleasure in stating that the conduct of General Urquiza has been so honorable and patriotic on the present occasion, that we gladly remind our readers this true-hearted Entre Riano is a lineal descendant of the very respectable Tipperary family O'Casey. Some people seemed to doubt what the conduct of Mr. Justice Joseph O'Casey would be until the arrival of the Era, but we who knew he had true Irish blood in his veins, never for a moment supposed that he would act other than he ought.

Sr. Egusquiza and Caminos were both arrested on Thursday. The latter had a number of bills and documents of great value. We have not heard the cause of Sr. Egusquiza's being arrested, but suppose he and his countryman will be held as hostages for the Argentines in Asuncion. The amount of Paraguayan property seized by the Government, will go in a great measure to help towards equipping our army. President Mitre will be pleased to learn that foreigners are unanimous in supporting him in the present war: not a single dissentient voice have we heard, and this is as it should be. Every man who has a dollar in the country has an interest at stake. The future of this nation depends on thrashing Paraguay.

A subscriber, who has recently returned from Pergamino, informs us that the camps out in that direction are studded with Irish, English, and Scotch sheepfarmers, and the Americans are finding their way out there now. In consequence of the war all the troops have been ordered in, but the estancieros and National Guard, it is thought, will unite and form a more effective barrier than the soldiers of the line against the Indians.

We are authorized by a wealthy native gentleman who has an immense estancia in the South, to state that any well-recommended man who understands the care of cows will receive from him a puesto, camp, etc., with two hundred cows with calves, on halves, on condition that he will establish a dairy for the manufacture of butter. The increase of the cattle and the product of the dairy to be divided, one half to the estanciero and one half to the dairyman. As the cows on the

estancia of this native gentleman are all mestiza, we regard this a splendid chance, and hope to see some of our unemployed countrymen enter the business. One hundred milch cows in Ireland are a fortune for a man, and yet butter is not one fourth the price it is here. We think it really a tempting offer.

ADVICE TO NEW ARRIVALS.

The country being unfortunately again in a state of war and likely to continue so for some time, we feel it incumbent to offer a few hints in season and specially intended for the benefit of new-comers.

1st. Every foreigner is bound to be provided with a consular protection, which we believe costs two silver dollars and may be obtained of the Consul on the evidence of two residents as to nationality.

2nd. If you go out after nightfall, carry the protection in your pocket, as otherwise the patriots are perfectly justified in obliging you to sleep in the Policia.

3rd. Do not discuss politics in a coffee-house even in English lest in these excited times you unintentionally give offence to some one present.

4th. Avoid public meetings and serenades, of which you can understand little, and while giving your sympathies to the national cause, leave Argentines as a rule to regulate their own affairs.

5th. Don't imitate some of the passengers per Herschell who came here last month and ran away yesterday, alarmed by a war which affects them not.

6th. Take extra care about temperance and politeness, two virtues indispensable in this country and the want of which often leads to a 'difficulty.'

7th. Beware of going out to the camp alone, as they are beating up for soldiers, and your ignorance of the language may prove more than inconvenient.

8th. If you hear any alarming rumors do not repeat them: if possible don't hear them.

9th. Put off any intended pleasures trips up the Uruguay or Paraná, as we know by experience that Buenos Ayres is the safest place in time of war.

10th. When writing home to your friends tell them the war is a thousand miles off, and that sheep-farming in this province is as good and safe a business as ever.

11th. Pray that the allies may speedily pulverize Lopez as we shall have no peace until then.

NEW CONCERT COMPANY.

We have great pleasure in announcing the arrival of Messrs. Carl Schramm and Carl Werner, the former a distinguished pianist, and the latter a world-renowned violencellist. Mr. Schramm commenced his performances at the early age of seven years, and played in succession through most countries of Europe, the kings of Hanover and Saxony, the grand-dukes of Oldenburg, Mecklenburg and Altenburg honoring him with special favor. He was also received with great popularity in Dresden and Loipsic, and on coming to South America caused a sensation in the musical world of Brazil.

Mr. Werner is a pupil of the famous Servois of Brussels, the first man of his profession as violencellist not only in Belgium, but in Europe: in his company he visited Denmark and Sweden, being received by both those royal courts. Intending to make a tour of the globe, Mr. Werner (in company with Mr. Schramm,) came to Rio Janeiro, and gave there several concerts which were highly applauded by the Brazilian press: these gentlemen also played at the church-service of the marriage of the Princess Imperial, and in the Emperor's family circle at Petropolis. Don Pedro was pleased to signify his high appreciation of Mr. Werner's talents by naming him honorary violencellist to the court, an honor conceded some ten years ago to a famous Polish musician. Since then these gentlemen have played at Rio Grande and other places, and before proceeding westward will give several concerts in the Colon saloons, kindly lent for the purpose by Sr. Pestuardo: the first will come off in the beginning of May.

The portraits of Messrs. Schramm and Werner are on exhibition at Messrs. Mackorn's book-store.

THE GERMANS IN THE RIVER PLATE.

We have great satisfaction in noting the rapid progress of the German population on both sides of the River Plate. These quiet, laborious, honest and unpretending settlers constitute the very element most needed in our society for the reformation of our turbulent customs. The German farm-laborers who land in this country are more in request and more useful than any others; sound of body and mind, they, nevertheless, at first seem stupid and heavy, and we only perceive how false is such appearance when we see the wonderful fruit of their labors. The bleak plain is changed as if by enchantment into waving meadows, under their hands: take for instance a German's 'puesto' in the camp, and compare it with that of a native, or settler of any other country, and the difference is most notable. We are therefore glad to see the Germans multiplying in the departments, and think it incumbent on Government to take some measures for encouraging German immigration, a subject on which much has been written but nothing yet done.

In the cities their advancement is still more remarkable, especially in Buenos-Ayres and Montevideo. We learn that fifteen years ago there were only three German families in Montevideo, and now there are hundreds. If their industry and activity in every branch of honest enterprise be a subject of praise, it is no less gratifying to find their labors invariably crowned with prosperity and success. It ought also to encourage natives when they see that, notwithstanding perpetual civil wars and disturbances, their country has duly recompensed the labor of foreign settlers: poor young men who landed in this country penniless some years ago now roll in luxury or at least have realized a handsome livelihood. Those who have been less fortunate must blame their own defects, and not the country.

The progress of the individual goes hand in hand with that of the community, and in late years the Germans have begun to shew much public spirit. At a considerable expense they built a handsome chapel in Buenos Ayres, which example soon communicated itself to Montevideo where a community was first formed with permission from the English to use their church, and now they have a chaplain of their own supported by the parishioners.

They next instituted in Montevideo a Savings Bank, which would have proved of greater advantage if not limited to commercial circles but including artisans and laborers who have most need of such establishments.

Later on, through the untiring efforts of Sor Seeger, they established the German Musical club "Trohsinn," which rapidly so increased in numbers that it became highly popular and now includes many non-musical members. The countrymen of Handel, Bach, Mozart, Mendelssohn, Weber, and Meyerbeer are worthily represented in the Club, whose performances at Solis Theatre have often called down thunders of applause.

To consolidate still more their nationality the Germans of Montevideo are negotiating an alliance with their brethren of Buenos Aires. On the 1st of May this union will be celebrated at Montevideo by a grand musical fête, such as is common in Germany, and the German clubs of Buenos Ayres, Rosario and Rio Grande have been invited to take part in the grand reminiscence of Fatherland. It is not yet known whether the clubs of Rosario and Rio Grande will be able to assist, but the Buenos Ayrean has notified its acceptance of the invitation. This is a happy example given by the Germans reviving the spirit of nationality, which is everywhere so grateful; and we sincerely congratulate our German neighbors on the event.

For the better support of this national feeling on the part of all Germans in the River Plate, a German newspaper has been started in Buenos Ayres under the able management of Mr. Heinrich Orth: from what we have yet seen this paper is every way worthy of its purpose, and we cordially invite the Germans to give it their entire support.

(Reforma Pacifica.)

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

To the Editors of the 'Standard.' Gentlemen,

I give you the following contemplated city improvements that have come under my notice, and which I have not seen mentioned in your interesting journal:—

1st. In consequence of the numerous complaints which the bishop has received from ladies and others about the dirt and droppings of the pigeons which frequent, it appears, in considerable numbers, the pillars in front of the Cathedral, that gentleman, with his usual urbanity, has decided on having the present entrance built up, and a new one opened from the Calle Piedad through the London and River Plate Bank. It was hinted to his reverence that it might almost be simpler and more economical to have the pigeons 'desalojados,' but on consultation with the Chief of Police that gentleman said 'no,' the pigeons must stop, as he had a project for making a good thing out of them, by granting licenses to pleasure parties on Sundays and holidays to shoot there. When the roads are bad, he says that sporting men will pay a good deal for this opportunity of keeping their hand in. This pigeon-shooting is, therefore, likely to become a popular diversion during the approaching winter months.

2d. A project, by an intelligent Plaza cabman. He proposes a system of springs and wires to pass from the Plaza over the azoteas to the various private residences of the 'cocheros.' These gentlemen, by this means, will be able to retire to the bosom of their family or elsewhere, without breaking Mr. Cazon's regulations about keeping hold of the reins. The 'modus operandi' is simple. When the cabman wishes to leave, he only has to tie the reins to the string or wire corresponding to his house, and give it a pull; his wife will immediately lay hold of the other end, and keep it until her husband appears, or until she feels another pull in token of his return to the reins should he have gone elsewhere. This plan, though creditable to the inventor, is not altogether original, as for some time past I have observed the same principle, though on a much less extensive scale in use amongst the cabmen. I understand that Mr. Cazon approves of the plan, but has not yet definitely sanctioned it, as he is afraid that so many strings may frighten the pigeons.

I give you these slight items for what they may be worth, and beg to subscribe myself, Your very obedient Humble servant, SPECTATOR.

A GREAT REPUBLIC.

When the 'Times' prophesied the downfall of the American Union and all Europe seemed ready to exult over the proof of the fallacy and impracticability of Republicanism as a stable form of government, when the 'Standard,' piping in a minor key, raised its voice to enquire where was the vaunted "Munroe Doctrine," when these things came to the ears of many a good Republican it was not from a want of faith in the principles of true Democracy that many a full heart was kept silent and waiting till Time, the test of all things, should convince those with whom argument was of no avail.

It is too late now to speak of the right of a Republic to vindicate its nationality and assert its power as one of the nations of the earth, a right fondly denied by all monarchists who seem to think that Liberty is in duty bound to offer no resistance to the raised hand which menaces her existence, or the continued success of the Federal arms and the steadily approaching termination of the war in the U. S. is slowly but surely bringing back the vacillating, and convincing the most stubborn unbelievers that the great vindication of the "Republican Idea" is at hand.

When France, long groaning under the tyrannical despotism of the Bourbons, burst forth in a revolution which being the reaction of a state of quasi servitude involved the land in horrors of the Reign of Terror and rendered the goddess of Reason subservient to the Guillotine, no one could laud the interpretation of Republicanism as shrieked by Marat and Robespierre, and the inevitable result was a relapse into that absolute despotism of which

Napoleon III is to-day the great exponent.

Bolivia, Peru or any others of the Spanish American Republics which inspired by the success and gigantic progress of the North American Republic threw off their allegiance to the mother country and one by one became independent nations, by almost ever after remaining embroiled in civil wars and petty revolutions were left behind in the march of civilization and eventually became the bye word of political reproach and the standing sneer of other and more prosperous nations.

But neither the failure of the volatile French nation to maintain a republic nor the want of political unanimity which seems inherent in the Spanish American people can blind us to the fact that within the last four years a test has been applied Republicanism under which the greatest thrones might well have tottered and the most powerful monarchies have quailed.

For the North American Republic is weathering a storm beside which Waterloo or Balaklava is child's play. Gallantly the Ship of State rides the gale; torn, battered and covered with many a blood stain, 'tis true, but obeying her helm and rapidly approaching the harbour of Peace. Was the 'Times' right? Can the impartial cosmopolitan do otherwise than place its exulting prophecies on a par with the rapidity of the N. Y. Herald whose editorials daily announce the speedy extermination of "the rotten monarchies of Europe?"

Republicans are not unworthy of being classed among the great nations, nor are monarchies crumbling away. Because France bullies Mexico, and Brazil is crowding the Orientals into the River Plate, it does not follow that Republicanism is a dream and Democracy a delusion. But, in the meantime, give the young Republics a chance to breathe. Stand back, my Brazilian friend! Hands off, Napoleon III! While, with 'Viola,' we cry—'Atras el Imperio! Viva! la Republica.'

Montevideo, April 19.

CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Concluded.)

"The traffic by troops of carts and mules is immense, and monthly increasing under the peaceful and fostering policy of the National Government. The diligences which ply two or three days a week are filled: even now without a rail, the statistics of the traffic alone would convince the most sceptical of the paying certainty of the Central Argentine line. As reliable statistics are of more value than any expressed opinion of my own, and to prove the certain basis of profit which existed even a year since for this railway from the moment of its opening, I beg to refer you to the commercial report for 1862 and 1863, of Thomas J. Hutchinson, &c., &c., &c., H. B. M.'s clever and indefatigable Consul at Rosario, published by order of the Home Government in the Foreign Office Consular Blue Books. A new illustrated work on the Argentine Republic, in one volume, with maps, appendices, and statistical tables by the same gentleman, Thomas J. Hutchinson, Esq., F. R. G. S., &c., &c., H. B. M.'s Consul for Rosario, will very shortly be published in London by Stanford, 6, Charing Cross, and from the known ability and experience of the writer, is certain to contain a fund of interesting and valuable information. I must draw your attention to the varied descriptions of soil and climate which are offered in the several provinces of the Republic; here cotton, coffee, sugar, wine, cochineal, tobacco, silk, corn, timber, tanned hides, dried fruits, with numberless other products, have been and are produced to perfection, though most of them, for want of transit, labour, and capital, on comparatively a very limited scale. The wools, hides, and beef of the country are already well known in foreign markets. Rich mines of copper, silver, gold, and lead, with water and wood in proximity, are known to abound. Lime and marble are very abundant of all which, I have the pleasure to furnish you with specimens. From these remarks and facts it will be patent to all that, to open the resources of this country for its own and general good, nothing is wanted but the advent in

emigration, energy, and labour, assisted by capital and facilities of carriage and communication, thereby rendering the Argentine Republic, as it must and will become sooner or later, from its geographical position and the reasons already cited, a commercial nation second to none in South American importance. Having thus endeavoured to complete the expressed object of your honourable board, as conveyed to me in the letter from Mr. Weelright, already referred to, namely, to report my conscientious opinion of the lands, I have only to assure you of my readiness, at all times to communicate more minute details and every information I possess, either to your board or to those who may propose to emigrate and, as my visit to this country has now expired, henceforth I shall again be a resident in England—I have the honour to remain, sir, your most obedient servant.

COMMUNICATION WITH INDIA IN EIGHT HOURS AND A HALF.

It is officially announced that a telegraphic message was received in London on Thursday morning from India which had been transmitted to England in the almost incredibly short time of eight hours and a half! This message, which was forwarded by the Indo-European Telegraph Company, was sent from Kurrachee, by way of the Persian Gulf, and after crossing nearly one-half of Asia and the whole of Europe, reached London in the time above mentioned.

Amongst the wonders of modern times there can scarcely be anything to excel the establishment of this method of communication from England to India—a distance of some 5,000 to 6,000 miles, even by the almost direct line followed by the telegraphic wire. In a few weeks the line from England to Kurrachee will be completely united with all the telegraphic lines in India, and before many years have elapsed it will be still further extended, so as to communicate with the Indian Archipelago, China, and even with Australia and New Zealand. This is the first great step towards the establishment of telegraphic communication between all the principal nations of Europe, Asia, and Australasia, who form nearly three-fourths of the whole human race.

"SAMUEL RENSIAW PHIBBS."

Table with columns: Men, Buenos Ayres, Santa Fé, Cordoba, San Luis, San Juan, Mendoza, La Rioja, Santiago, Catamarca, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, Total.

ERRATA.

In yesterday's impression, under the heading "Future seat of War," the Upper Paraguay should be "Upper Uruguay," and in the last line "Bordes" should read "heroes."

ON CHANGE.

Table with columns: Paper price of ounces, Do. sovereigns, First price of patacons, Subsequent, Last prices, Cash sales, TIME SALES.

NATIONAL BONDS.

For cash, 14,900 at 34 1/2, " 2,000 33

CHARTERS.

Italian barque Christophoro Columbus, to load for Antwerp; 16s. for salted hides, 25s. for hides. Italian barque Venezia, same destiny and rates. British barque Salmon, to load in the rivers salted hides and tallow, 47s. 6s. and 5 per cent. Italian barque Piemonte, to load for Antwerp, 16s. for salted hides and 25s. for hides.

ARRIVALS.

National war brig Rio Ramba, from Gualaguay. Italian barque anchored outside. Dutch barque do. American barque do. French barque do. National steamer Era, from Uruguay, with news from Uruguay and passengers. The reaction which we noticed on yesterday was developed to-day. Patagonians landed when the news from Entre Rios became known; it was thought, however, that they would follow, which not being the case, they stiffened

and rose 15 centimos in a few moments. They closed rather firm, the prevailing opinion on 'Change being that paper money cannot improve much for some time. The suspension of the burning of the paper money is regarded by merchants as a trick of the brokers got up for speculation purposes.

In Exchange we notice several large transactions at 49 1/2 and 49 1/4. The total amount passed is estimated at £130,000.

An important financial operation effected by the Government with one of our private banks is talked of at present: it is premature to give particulars.

National Bonds rule firm, and are well held. The 'bears' are what is termed short.

LETTERS.

For the following persons have been forwarded to the Standard Agents in their respective Parishes: Lawrence Kelly, Mercedes. Thomas G. Evans " W. Maclean " Patrick Deverick " W. Mooney, San Antonio de Arco. Daniel O'Connell, Fortin de Arco. Thomas Ramsay, Pilar. John Culligan " John Allen, Chascomus. John Donnelly, Salto, (2) T. Bridgeman, Flores. E. Wall, Arrecifes. D. Harrington, Lujan. John Johnston, 25 de Mayo.

The following Letters are at the Hibernian House, 64, 66, and 68 Calle Piedad. April 19, 1865.

James J. Allen, John Brun, John Brown, John Berry, John Bacon, David Brennan, John Bruke (2), Thomas Burke (2), Andrew Bannen, James Bannon, Patrick Bracknan, John Browne, William Bradley, James Barrett, James Cummins, Patrick Cartney, Thomas Connell, John Crosbie, James Coyne (2), Patrick Conroy, Martin Clappay, James Coughlan, E. C. Colton, Patrick Curragy, Patrick Carren, Thomas Connor, James Cunningham, John Clavin, John Clavin, Thomas Cornack, Edward Condon, William Camble, Thomas Coffers, Thomas Coegrave, Rev. J. J. Curran, Edward Culligan, Patrick Clarke, Thomas Colleton, John Costello, John Clavin, Lawrence Casey, James Cleary, John Claffy, John Cunningham, Matthew Devereaux, Jeremiah Delany, Bernard Donoh, Christopher Dempsey, Patrick Dawa, M. Donlin, James Dunne, Edward Dillon, Michael Dooley, John Dawson, Thomas Duffy, Daniel Duffy, Joseph Dowling, Thomas Dooner, Thomas Dooner, James Dowling, Henry Dary, James J. Downs, Martin Dowling, David Dillon, John Duffy, Thomas Duke, John Daly, Joseph Dowling, James Dunn, Richard Eagan, Patrick Ewald, Peter Egan, James Furlong, Charles Fitzpatrick, Martin Flynn (2), Patrick Fox, W. Farrell, Patrick Farrell, Bart. Fagan, Patrick Flanagan, Edward Fuin, Joseph Fallon, M. Gaynor, Thomas Glennon, Gerald Geoghegan, M. Geoghegan (2) Francis Greene, George Gannon, James Gaynor, Patrick Glynn, John Gorman (2), Michael Ganor (2) R. Hogan, M. Heggins, H. B. Hills. (To be continued.)

TEATRO COLON.

OPERA ITALIANA. El Domingo 23 del corriente. 14 Funcion de lo. Abono. TROVATOKE. A las 8 en punto.



Royal Mail Steam Packet Company. The Royal Mail Steam Packet 'Mersey' Kitchie Curlew, Comandante, will leave this port for Montevideo and Rio de Janeiro, on Wednesday, 26th April 1865. At Rio de Janeiro the Mersey will meet with and transfer to one of the Company's Transatlantic Packet Passengers and Freight for the following Ports, viz., Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent (Cape de Verd Islands), Lisbon, and Southampton.

Passengers by this vessel are requested to embark before four p.m. on the above-named day, as the 'Mersey' will leave precisely at that hour with, and in transfer to one of the Company's Transatlantic Packet Passengers and Freight, &c., please apply at the Agency of the Company, 77 Calle 25 de Mayo.

Important Notice. MEDIANEROS & PUESTEROS, Wanted from forty to fifty, with or without sheep to go to Entre Rios. The camp for which they are required is the best in the Province, about 10 leagues distant from the City of Panama. English, Scotch, Irish or German preferred. As the above Estancia is larger than the owner requires, he will sell from a quarter of a league to ten leagues. Parties who may wish to buy had better visit the Estancia as soon as possible as they will thus be enabled to pick out the best lots. Sheep can be bought there at from 10 to 16 silver rials a head. There is an abundance of excellent water and large tracts of wooded land.

For further particulars please apply from five to eight p.m. at the office of WELLS BEKHAUS & CO., Piedras 173 where a map of the Estancia may be seen.

TO RENT from one quarter of a league to one and a half leagues of magnificent camp on the banks of the Salado in this province distant thirty leagues from this city. Please apply as above. 135. 3m a22.

English Postage Stamps. For Sale at the Libreria Inglesa, No. 75 Calle de San Martin nearly opposite the Bolsa. 133. 3p a22

THE "WEEKLY STANDARD" Of the 19th April Contains all the stirring news of the day, local items &c.

The War with Paraguay. Appeal to the Nation. Capture of the Argentine Steamers. Grand popular demonstrations. Cabinet Councils. Proclamation of Pres. Mitre. Plans of the Campaign. Preparations of the allies. News from Montevideo. Letter from Rosario. Dr. Rawken in Cordoba. The Entre-Rios mails. The Pacific mails. Revolution in Peru. Barron's Gran Chaco Expedition. Accident on the Northern Railway. Hobby at the Western Railway. River Plate Affairs in England. Jarfed beef at Alderobot. The Fall of Charleston. News on Change. News of the Week &c. &c. Price 4s.

For Liverpool.

The new clipper barque 'Osca,' Captain Stubb, has all her measurement engaged and only requires about 4000 milled hides to fill up, will be despatched early in May, for further particulars apply to J. P. Boyd and Co., Brokers, or to James Brown and Co. 141—3p a22

Messerschmied Pipes. No. 0 to 6 of French, straight, and bent shape, also with silver covers, and a few of the new class colored. A new supply of above just received. G. & H. MACKERRIN, Calle San Martin 44, Libreria Inglesa. 136. 12p a22.

MR. WILLIAM HALL. A Letter and some Newspapers received for him per English packet. Apply 108 Calle Piedad. 133. 3p a22.

Sociedad de Férias y Carreras in Moron. The members of the above Society and all parties interested in becoming such, are hereby advised that a general meeting will take place in Moron, on Sunday 23rd inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Municipal Rooms, in order to take into consideration matters of importance. Villa de Moron, April 20th, 1865. By Order. 139. 3p a22

Personero Estrangero. Wanted a man to serve during the present war in the Army or Navy. Apply at 99 calle Victoria between 11 and 6 o'clock. 135. 3p a22

Cook. A German Cook who understands Spanish, French, and German Cooking wants a situation in an English Estancia in the Banda Oriental. She has two children about 5 years old which might be useful in the house. For further information please address to Senor Van Gulich. 163 calle Colon, Montevideo. 124. 3p a22

Housemaid. A respectable young woman wants a situation as above; good references. Address C. C., 32 calle Cuyo. 138. 3p a22.

Employment Wanted. A young man three years in the country is anxious to find employment in or about town where he could make himself generally useful, do any general work, keep accounts and has been accustomed to camp life. Address A. Z. 66 Piedad 122—3p a 21

Cook. A first-rate woman wants a situation as Cook in a family in town. Best references given. Apply A. C. Standard. 121. 3p a21.

Wanted. A young lad for an office; he must write a good hand, and speak English. Apply at 84 Calle Piedras, between 8 and 9 o'clock a.m. 115. 3p, a 19

Coachman. Who wants a good coachman? There is one to be had at the 'Standard' office Address JARVEY. 107. 3p a19

Wanted. The beef packing Establishment (formerly Saladero Urquiza) at Rosario wish to hire immediately 60 Laborers. 10 Butchers. 10 Coopers. 2 Carpenters. 2 Blacksmiths. 1 Watchman. 2 Herdsmen (Troopers). 2 Tinmiths. To English, Irish, Scotch, Germans or North Americans permanent employment and liberal wages will be given. MORRIS BROWN & Co. Proprietors. 94. 12p a18

Land to Rent. To be let in the Partido de Canuelas one, two or three puestos within 2 1/2 leagues of the town of Canuelas and one league from Don. Luis Maldonado's estancia on the Lobos road. The land is in first rate condition. For further particulars apply at Mr. Thomas Fallon, 66 calle Piedad or at Messrs. Barry and Walker, 97 Defensa. 140—3p d & 1p w a22.

Furnished Lodgings. A bedroom and parlor with fire-place in an English family; board if required, 88 1/2 calle Parque. 232. 1m a1

Land on Sale and to Rent. In Canuelas 1 league, ditto 200 squares, in Arrecifes 1 league, Ensenada 1,500 yds. by 9,000, Baradero 4,000 by 11,500, Chascomus 1,530 by 3,000, Las Flores 2 1/2 leagues, Fortin de Arco 1,600 by 9,000, do 2,000 by 6,000, Chivilcoy 1,500 by 3,000, Navarro 3,000 by 6,000, Colonia (B. O.) 3,000 by 3,000, do 4,500 by 6,000, Paysandú 3 leagues, Entre Rios 20 leagues. To rent from one puesto to 2 leagues in different partidos. Sheep from 500 to 20,000. Apply to Calle Reconquista No. 46. 125. 3p a19

REMADE. POR JOSE MARQUES. De una casa de poco precio en la calle de Balcaracuno num. 305 entre Estados Unidos y Europa. El martes 25 del corriente a las 5 de la tarde se rematará a la mas alta postura dinero de contado la referida casa edificada en terrenos de 6 varas de frente por 18 de fondo con 3 piezas, piso de baldos y demas oficinas necesarias. Por mas pormenores, Bolivar 118. 12s. 3p a 21

REMADE. POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST. En la casa habitacion del Sr. D. Eduardo S. Frigey, calle de San Martin número 176; por ausentarse del pais. El lunes 24 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, todos los muebles y demas menaje de dicha casa a saber: SALA—Un juego de sala de jacaranda ricamado tallado, forro de damasco do seda carmesí y fundas de hilo, compuesto de un sofá, 2 sillones y 10 sillas, 1 chifonier incrustado en bronco dorado, 4 sillas con piedra marmol, 1 mesa del centro con piedra, 2 sillas bordadas hechas gótica. 1 espejo marco dorado, varios adornos, gravados entio ellos 2 nuevos en el pais, cortinado, alfombrado y demas adornos. ANTERALA—Un magnifico piano de jacaranda y baneo de lo mismo, 1 estante de jacaranda, 1 confidante a la inglesa de jacaranda con forro de seda carmesí, 1 escritorio de ara, huchera gótica ricamada incrustado en bronco dorado a juego, 6 sillas incrustadas en bronco dorado, cortinado alfombrado y demas adornos. DOMITORIO—Una cama de jacaranda, con colchones elasticos, cortinado &c., 1 precioso lavatorio de idem con su juego de porcelana, 2 sillones damasco de lana, cortinado, alfombrado y demas adornos. CUARTO DE VESTIRSE—Un hermoso tapete de jacaranda con espejo, otro de caoba de roble por adentro con espejo, 1 cómoda escritorio de caoba, 1 sofá de idem forro damasco de lana y seda verde, 1 mesa de caoba, sillas, &c. &c. OTRO CUARTO—Una cama de caoba, 1 lavatorio de idem con piedra marmol y espejo, 1 ropero de caoba, sillas alfombrado y demas adornos. COMODOR—Un aparador de caoba con piedra marmol, 1 mesa para 18 cubiertos, 2 sillas de brazos y 10 sillas de caoba, sillir de amaca, diran con tres almohadones, forro de damasco de lana verde y su fundas, mapas, gravados, juegos de porcelana de mesa y cristalera inglesa fina y demas útiles de este departamento. BAÑOS, baterias de cocina completa y demas útiles de una casa de familia. 37. 1p a 18.

REMADE. POR EL MISMO. En la casa habitacion del Sr. D. Estanquico Diaz Colon Bolagano No. 821. Por ausentarse del Pais. El martes 25 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, todos los muebles y demas menaje de dicha casa a saber: SALA—Un juego de sala de jacaranda ricamado tallado, forro de damasco do seda carmesí y fundas de hilo, compuesto de un sofá, 2 sillones y 10 sillas, 1 chifonier incrustado en bronco dorado, 4 sillas con piedra marmol, 1 mesa del centro con piedra, 2 sillas bordadas hechas gótica. 1 espejo marco dorado, varios adornos, gravados entio ellos 2 nuevos en el pais, cortinado, alfombrado y demas adornos. ANTERALA—Un magnifico piano de jacaranda y baneo de lo mismo, 1 estante de jacaranda, 1 confidante a la inglesa de jacaranda con forro de seda carmesí, 1 escritorio de ara, huchera gótica ricamada incrustado en bronco dorado a juego, 6 sillas incrustadas en bronco dorado, cortinado alfombrado y demas adornos. DOMITORIO—Una cama de jacaranda, con colchones elasticos, cortinado &c., 1 precioso lavatorio de idem con su juego de porcelana, 2 sillones damasco de lana, cortinado, alfombrado y demas adornos. CUARTO DE VESTIRSE—Un hermoso tapete de jacaranda con espejo, otro de caoba de roble por adentro con espejo, 1 cómoda escritorio de caoba, 1 sofá de idem forro damasco de lana y seda verde, 1 mesa de caoba, sillas, &c. &c. OTRO CUARTO—Una cama de caoba, 1 lavatorio de idem con piedra marmol y espejo, 1 ropero de caoba, sillas alfombrado y demas adornos. COMODOR—Un aparador de caoba con piedra marmol, 1 mesa para 18 cubiertos, 2 sillas de brazos y 10 sillas de caoba, sillir de amaca, diran con tres almohadones, forro de damasco de lana verde y su fundas, mapas, gravados, juegos de porcelana de mesa y cristalera inglesa fina y demas útiles de este departamento. BAÑOS, baterias de cocina completa y demas útiles de una casa de familia. 37. 1p a 18.

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COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY. Capital—\$2,500,000 fully subscribed. Agents for Buenos Ayres and the River Plate. BRANDT SOHN, and CO., CALLE VICTORIA, 202. J. L. 1m

Sewing Machines. A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices. JOHN SHAW, 119 204 Calle Venezuela

LOS ESTANCIEROS. Carros de hierro para rodeos, potreros corrales, chacaras etc. Carrales portátiles con postes de hierro y tablas. Mojones de hierro. Rebederos de hierro para ovejas, haciendas vacuna y caballar.

Piletas de hierro batido y de hierro fundido para construcciones. Maquinas de estralar alambre. Maquinas de cortar cordas, abrojos, y cepas de caballo; con estas maquinas los Señores Estancieros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.

Maquinas de sacar agua de los jagüeles funcionando sin caballo, basta con un niño de diez ó doce años para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se transporta con facilidad. En la fabrica de VAN DE VELDE Hermanos. B. Ayres, Calle Buen Orden No. 245.

English Carpenters. 92—Calle de la Esmeralda—92. We the undersigned beg leave to notify our friends and the public in general that we have commenced business in the above line, and hope by strict attention to merit their support. All orders will be executed with the greatest facility and exactness. JOHN COBBY, JOHN J. DOWNING. N. B.—Camp orders will be attended to with the greatest possible care. 98. 3me, f 17

TO CAMP PURCHASERS. Just Received. AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF GOODS Suitable for Camp use (direct from the manufacturers) which we are offering at lowest possible cash prices at THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF BUENOS AYRES. 49 & 51—Calle Defensa—49 & 51. GALBRAITH & HUNTER

QUEEN VINE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CAPITAL—£3,000,000. Chief Offices, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL. Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate, Harbour, Barclay, and Co CALLE CHACABUCO, 13. Sept. 20

To Shipmasters and Others. On sale at the French Bazaar, 44—Calle de la FLORIDA—44 Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for mess and kitchen use. Mess and Dining Rooms supplied. All these goods are imported direct from the makers and manufactured expressly for ships' purposes. 155 FLYED PRICES d28,x

Removal. The old established Upholsterer and Furniture Store of John Underwood is removed from No. 89 Calle Potosi to No. 50 in same street nearly in front. The undersigned takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous customers for their liberal support, and begs that they will continue to favour him with their orders. JOHN UNDERWOOD. 139. 2m d & w f 24

AGENCIA DE LAS HERMANAS CORREAS NACIONALES. For Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Gotardo, Tucuman, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan. Merchants and Passengers for the Province will please note that the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from 127 Calle 25 de Mayo to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there. Encomiendas, etc., will be received up to 8 o'clock the evening before the sailing of the steamers for Rosario, and all parcels from the Province will be delivered at No. 1, Calle Cuyo. Buenos Ayres, January 17, 1885. 17. 1m d HENRY DOWSE

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAU AND CO.

No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence. The Bank of Mau and Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings. The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mau and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten a.m. to Twelve m., for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn. The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mau and Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mau and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immediate service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood. Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1885. P. p. Mau and Co. WILLIAM LESLIE

CONDITIONS.

- First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards. Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6%) per annum, which is liquidated every six months. Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited. Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank. Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Large and Valuable Stock of the ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT, 61—CORRIENTES—61. Is now selling off at

REDUCED PRICES.

A Splendid variety of New Goods for Winter wear; also an assortment of goods adopted for every season, suitable for Ladies, Misses, Children, and Infants, 61—CORRIENTES—61



RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.

NAMES OF STEAMERS.

LA PLATA, PARAGUAY, PARANA, URUGUAY, U.N.A.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamer leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—

Table with 2 columns: Class, Price. 1st Class £35, 2nd £25, 3rd £16.

Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—

Table with 2 columns: Class, Price. 1st Class £65, 2nd £45, 3rd £30.

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.

H. A. GREEN & CO., 85 RECONQUISTA.

English Grocery Establishment. GEORGE BAKER, Grocer and Liquor Dealer, Calle del Puerto, Rosario. A General Supply of Groceries, Spirits, Wines, &c., always on hand. Camp Orders punctually attended to. 90. 1m f17

GUALEGUAYCHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

PORTS OF THE URUGUAY. 'F. R. A.'

This steamer will leave this for the above Ports on the 2nd, 7th, 12th, 17th, 22nd, 27th of every month, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

Table with 3 columns: Cabin, Pats, Steerage. Higeritas 6, Fray Bentos 8, Gualeguaychú 9, Roman 10, Concepcion 10, Paysandú 12, Concordia 16, Salto 16.

Parcels will be received at the Agency, 1 Calle Cuyo, up to Five o'clock in the afternoon of the day previous to sailing. For further particulars apply at the Agency, Calle de Cuyo No. 1. HENRY DOWSE.

Steam to Valparaiso. The Pacific Steam Navigation Co's new Iron Paddle Steam Ship 'PACIFIC', 2,000 tons, and 600 horsepower will leave Liverpool on or about the 15th instant, and is expected to arrive at Montevideo from the 8th to the 15th of the ensuing month leaving immediately for Valparaiso. Only passengers and specie are received. For further particulars apply at BATES STOKES, 113—16p a19 55—Mayp6—65.

To all whom it may concern. Notice is hereby given, that Consular Certificate No. 4568, signed by Mr. Parish, has been lost, and is of no validity, a duplicate having been issued. A reward will be given to any person who will bring the lost certificate to Calle Reconquista No. 66. 107. 1p a18.

The National Steamer "ESTRELLA DEL NORTE."

Will leave the Tigre (las Conchas) every Wednesday and Saturday, for San Nicolas and immediate Ports in connexion with the Northern Railroad. The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at half past 10 a.m. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre. Tickets for the train are given at the Steamboat agency with the tickets for the Steamer. Passengers Luggage not to exceed 50lb—any excess will be charged for at the Station, and must be paid for before leaving the 25 de Mayo.

FARES.

Table with 3 columns: Cabin, Steerage, Price. S. Nicolas \$12, Obligado \$12, L. Hermanas \$12, Zarate \$4, Baradero \$8, San Pedro \$8, Campana \$4.

This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 a.m. and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon, arriving in Buenos Ayres by the train at 7.53 every Tuesday and Friday morning. Parcels received in the Agency, Calle Cuyo No. 1.

DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT. ALEX. FULTON AND CO. ENGLISH. 25 & 27—CALLE DEFENSA—25 & 27. 81. x m15

DILIGENCIA PARA LOBOS DE 25 MAYO Y SALADILLO, DE SABORIDO Y GARCIA CON CABUAGES TIRADOS ALPECHO PARA LOBOS. Saldrá los dias—2-4-6-8-10-12-14-16-18-20-22-24-26-28-30. Regresa los dias—1-3-5-7-9-11-13-15-17-19-21-23-25-27-29.

Para 25 de Mayo Saldrá de Buenos Ayres, Todos los JUEVES. Regresa del 25.... "los DOMIGOS Para el Saladillo Las salidas son de la Estacion Merlo. Agencia Rivadavia, 189. Empresarios. SABORIDA B GARCIA

To English Travellers. Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city. Charges are most moderate. Wines superb Table d'Hotel on European style. Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day. HOTEL DE LA PAIX, (Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.) J 26.

"LA FAVORECIDA." Line of Diligences between Buenos Ayres, Lobos, Saladillo, and Tapalquen. Leaves Buenos Ayres for Lobos and Saladillo every Thursday. Leaves Saladillo every Saturday, arriving in Buenos Ayres every Sunday. Leaves Buenos Ayres for Tapalquen, calling at Lobos the 3rd, 13th, and 23rd. Arriving at Buenos Ayres on the 10th, 20th, and 30th. Owner and conductor, P. ESPERATTI.

Note—The coaches start from the Merlo Railway Station, passing on the journey the following establishments for Lobos by V. Villamayor, B. Freyo, M. Senas, G. L. Maldonado, M. Muere Cepeda, and Lobos. From Lobos to Saladillo, by Acevedo, Constancion, La Paz, Frias Puesto del Rosario, Bozan, La Fortuna, Rodriguez, and the new Pueblo de Saladillo from Lobos for Tapalquen, by Tallala, Ramon Porto (house of business), camps of Da. Francisca, B. de Cascahara, Bernardo Ruiz El Chileno, La Argentina Nueva del Sr. Bedoya, San Pedro, Tros Bonetos, Sta. Jues (house of business) of Srs. Amadeo, José M. Pinal, 'Catriel' de D. La Inmano Ramirez, Las Tres Flores, de D. Isidro Gurado, Manuel Fria, Antonio Ponce (house of business) and San Gervasio de D. Enrique Casares. GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE, 305 CALLE RIVADAVIA. 6p d. & 4p w f 2

J. S. WILLIE & Co. Chascomus. Just received per 'Kopler' a large collection of School Books, direct from the publishers, Pocket Books, Diaries, Albums, &c. 238. 1m w d a1

Medicines. Wanted, for the Province of Entre Rios, some medicines to mind sheep. Camps of the best quality will be sold. All the wood necessary to build corrals and for house use can be had; English and Irish preferred. For particulars apply at No. 123 Calle 25 de Mayo. 112 x . 1m . 18

LA HESPERIDINA DEL PLATA.

Mutual Life Assurance and Saving Fund Association. Guaranteed by National Bonds at 6 per cent consolidated. For the formation of Capitals, annuities, incomes, &c. Authorised by special decree of the National Government dated May 7, 1864. Government Delegate. Sr. Dn. José M. Cantillo. Managing Committee. Sr. Dn. Mariano Miró, President. Eduardo Lumb, Vocal. Enrique Ochoa. Pedro Holterhoff. José Martínez de Hoz. Consulting Committee. Dn. Mariano Cabal. Jorge Temporley. Ambrosio P. Lezica. Hugo Bunge. Luis Carrère de la casa Apes-tegui, lomos. Director General. Sor. Dn. Francisco F. Moreno. Inspector General in the Argentine and Oriental Republics. Señor Dn. Jorge Perey. Residence—118 Calle Piedad (2d altos). Bankers—The Provincial Bank. Condition on the 31st Jan. 1865. Capital subscribed, 656,575 hard dollars. Number of Policies, 495. Bonds purchased, 51,000 hard dollars.

The Hesperidina offers three various modes of Insurance to its subscribers: 1st, with the loss of capital by the death of the Insured party; 2nd, without loss of capital in said event; 3rd, with mere compound interest. In the first form the Insured party has a right to:

- 1. To compound interest on the bonds purchased by the capitals received by the Company. 2. To a proportionate share of the capitals and interest of those who die in their respective sections. 3. To a proportionate share of the Capitals and Interests of forfeited subscriptions. 4. To a proportion of gains resulting from increased value of the National Bonds acquired by the inversion of funds.

In the second form the Insured claims: 1. Compound Interest on the National Bonds purchased by the Association, 2. A proportionate share of the Interest due on the Capitals of those who die in the respective sections, which capitals are returned to the subscribers 3. A proportion of the interest due on forfeited shares. 4. A proportionate share of the profits arising from the increased value of the National Bonds, acquired by inversion of funds.

Finally, in the third form, gives a right to the corresponding interest produced by their subscriptions, and the successive reinvestment of such interest, effected quarterly, when the coupons are paid up by the public treasury.

So marvellous are the benefits arising from the employment of Capitals in Public Funds, assisted by the combinations effected by "La Hesperidina," based upon the Mortality Tables of Deparcieuz, and the interest produced by the 6 per cent Consolidated Bonds, that taking for a model, the result given by other companies established precisely in the same form and basis, but with an accumulative interest much inferior to that gained by the "Hesperidina," that it is enabled to present as positive the following tables showing the gradual progression of capitals for a subscription of:

Table showing capital progression for 100 Silver Dollars annually, with loss of Capital through the death of the Insured. Columns: In 5 years, In 10 years, In 15 years, In 20 years, In 25 years.

Table showing capital progression for 100 Silver Dollars annually, with loss of Capital through the death of the Insured. Columns: On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year, 1 year to 2, 2 to 3, 3 to 4, 4 to 5, 5 to 10, 10 to 15, 15 to 20, 20 to 30, 30 to 40, 40 to 50.

Table showing capital progression for 100 Silver Dollars annually, with loss of Capital through the death of the Insured. Columns: On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year, 1 year to 2, 2 to 3, 3 to 4, 4 to 5, 5 to 10, 10 to 15, 15 to 20, 20 to 30, 30 to 40, 40 to 50.

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THE HESPERIDINA.

STOMACH BITTERS FROM THE BITTER ORANGE.

THE BEST Tonic Known, AND THE SUREST Specific against the nervous affections of the Stomach, Head, Intestines and Heart; A sure, quick and agreeable remedy for the cure of Dyspepsia. Indigestion, Cholice, Flatulency, Costiveness, Diarrhoea. Weakness, Dysentery, Chlorosis. STIMULATES AND REGULATES THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, IT CURES THESE DISEASES FORTIFYING THE BODY, and promoting the most HEALTHY NATURAL SECRETIONS, THE PERSPIRATION. THE HESPERIDINA IS SOLD at the principal Business Houses IN THE CITY and COUNTRY; IN Grocery Stores, Apothecaries, Coffee Houses, Confectionaries AND Drug Stores. AGENTS IN MONTEVIDEO MESSRS. NEWNHAM & CO., 33 & 35 calle 25 de Agosto. M. S. Bagley. 70, 6m, a 9

THE BEST ROOFING MATERIAL. BRABY'S ITALIAN ROOFING ZINC, In sheets 8 feet by 2 1/2 feet. ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR ROOFS OR BUILDINGS COMPLETE. PERFORATED AND SHEET ZINC, CORRUGATED GALVANIZED IRON, Best quality only, Buckets, Wire Netting, Roofing Felt, &c. Prices and Patterns, post free, on application. FREDERICK BRABY & CO., FITZROY WORKS, EUSTON ROAD, LONDON. DRUGS & CHEMICALS GEORGE CURLING & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 16, Cullum St., Fenchurch St., London. Draw the Attention of Druggists, Chemists, and Storekeepers to their Old Established House, as Shippers and Manufacturers of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, QUININE, PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS, PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS AND APPARATUS, Newly Discovered Chemicals, Cod Liver Oil and Castor Oil in Bottles. CAPSULES OF COCAINE, CUBES, CASTOR OIL, Cod Liver Oil, and other of the Best and most Specialities, LOZENGES CONFECTIONARY, PATENT MEDICINES, Medicines Chests, Surgical Instruments, Medical Glass, and every Article connected with the Drug Trade. Orders confined to their care will be executed with scrupulous attention and quick despatch. Price Currents forwarded Post Free upon Application. Parties intending through Agents are requested to give decided instructions that their Orders are placed in the hands of GEORGE CURLING AND COMPANY ONLY. Any one can use them. A basin of water is all that is required to produce the most brilliant and fashionable colours on Silks, Woollens, Cottons, Ribbons, &c., in ten minutes. JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES Ten Colors, Price 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 5s. per Bottle. These Dyes will also be sent Free upon Application. Feathers, Fibres, Grasses, Sewing, Ivory, Bone, Wood, Willow Shavings, Paper, &c. Also for Tinting Photographs and for Illuminating. May be had of all Chemists throughout the United Kingdom and British Colonies. Wholesale Depot—10, COLMAN-STREET, LONDON. Letchford's Wax Vestas. LETCHFORD & CO. Hold themselves responsible for the quality of their Wax Vestas; and having recently built an extensive Factory especially adapted to this particular manufacture, they can better proper care on all the details which render their Vestas the best in the market. Customers, therefore, when ordering Wax Vestas should be particular in requesting Letchford's "marks," as others are often substituted. A COLT-LANE, BETHNAL-GREEN LONDON. COTTON MACHINERY. STEAM ENGINES, Presses for Packing Cotton, Horse Gear, Gigs, &c., and other descriptions of Machinery required for Colonial and Foreign use.—See particulars apply to J. S. TAYLOR, Glasgow, London, &c. THE STANDARD—Printed and Published every morning at the "Standard" Printing Office, No. 74 Calle Bolsones, by the Proprietors and Editors, R. G. and S. T. MULLALL.

THE HESPERIDINA.