



AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

No. 925 - Fourth Year.

BUENOS AYRES, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1865.

Circulation 1,500.

MAUA BANK
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101-103.
INTEREST FOR CURRENT ACCOUNTS...

MAUA BANK
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101-103.
The Office of this Bank having been removed...

MOSEY ORDERS.
Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned...

Writon & Medical General (Incorporated with
the Unity General Life Assurance Association)

Royal Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE.
CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.
Established in this City, insures at moderate premiums...

THE GUARDIAN
FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL - £3,000,000.

LA FAVORECIDA
Line of Diligencias between Buenos Ayres, Lobos,
Saladillo, and Tapalquen.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.
ALVAREZ AND RISSO,
991-Reconquista-993.

Wool Broker.
The undersigned wishes to acquaint his friends...

Dr. P. Bourse,
SURGEON DENTIST,
OF NEW YORK.

COLEGIO ANGLICO PORTENO.
Established in 1855,
205-MAYPU-205,
Mrs. ANITA S. SMITH.

Notice to Subscribers.
We beg leave to announce to our subscribers...

Table with columns: FERROCARRIL DEL NORTE, DIAS DE TRABAJO, DIAS FERIADOS. Lists dates and days of the week.

Table with columns: FERROCARRIL DEL OESTE, DIAS DE TRABAJO, DIAS DE FIESTA. Lists dates and days of the week.

LA FAVORECIDA
Line of Diligencias between Buenos Ayres, Lobos,
Saladillo, and Tapalquen.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.
ALVAREZ AND RISSO,
991-Reconquista-993.

Wool Broker.
The undersigned wishes to acquaint his friends...

Dr. P. Bourse,
SURGEON DENTIST,
OF NEW YORK.

COLEGIO ANGLICO PORTENO.
Established in 1855,
205-MAYPU-205,
Mrs. ANITA S. SMITH.

Notice to Subscribers.
We beg leave to announce to our subscribers...

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.
ALVAREZ AND RISSO,
991-Reconquista-993.

Wool Broker.
The undersigned wishes to acquaint his friends...

Dr. P. Bourse,
SURGEON DENTIST,
OF NEW YORK.

COLEGIO ANGLICO PORTENO.
Established in 1855,
205-MAYPU-205,
Mrs. ANITA S. SMITH.

Notice to Subscribers.
We beg leave to announce to our subscribers...

French ship 'Esperance', A.I. 274 tons, Pepon, master.
Cognac, Messrs. Jolly and Mallet.

Notice.
The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated Brandy...

We the undersigned beg to inform Subscribers to the British Newspapers, Magazines, &c. through the Agency...

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
COLEGIO DE SANTA LUCIA.
Director - Mr. PONGERARD, of the University College of London.

English Butcher's Shop.
A large supply of fresh Beef brought in from the camp every morning...

Subscription to the "Standard" \$30 PER MONTH. ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1865.

THE ARTERIES OF THE REPUBLIC.

No fewer than seven important enterprises have lately been projected or set on foot, all bearing close affinity to each other, and pregnant with the greatest benefits for the upper provinces in particular, and for La Plata and the adjoining republics in general.

The boundless prairies of the Pampa are an enemy not only of easy conquest but one which may be converted into a valuable ally. Here railways may be laid down with less difficulty than in any other part of the globe.

The Gran Chaco has long been viewed as impenetrable and every effort to unite the provinces of Salta, Santiago, Jujuy and Tucuman, with the river-ports in direct line, has proved more or less a failure.

General Flores now assumes the supreme command, and the Colorado martyrs who have remained for some years in obscurity and exile will now "issue from the chrysalis" to bask in the sunshine of office, power, and emolument.

Two difficulties, however, may give trouble. The Brazilian protectorate, whether moderate or otherwise, will be a fact of odious tendencies to all natives, and the dictation which may be assumed by Buenos Ayres in return for the aid lent to Flores must lead to compromises, unless either guarded against or boldly resisted.

The police-report show that the British Consul sent five sailors under arrest to the Policia, on last Saturday, for disobedience on board their ships.

The Scotch bell-ringers give a grand performance to-night for the benefit of Milles, Clara and Sophia Sawyer. We must, however, protest against Mr Sawyer's error in styling "The last rose of summer" music by Flotow.

The Cordillera of the Andes is a much more formidable barrier than either of the other two, but since it affects Chile as much as La Plata, and the people on the West Coast are more go-ahead than Argentines, it is already in a fair way of being overcome by our neighbors.

It is a pleasing omen for the Argentine Republic to see so many distinct and costly enterprises about to be realized, all tending to work an industrial revolution in the country.

Montevideo has concluded what the new President is pleased to term "an honorable peace" by delivering itself bound hand and foot to the besiegers.

Everybody is talking about Carnival, which begins next Sunday; some are going to play tom-foolery, others are going to the camp, others will shut themselves up "in a state of ebrysalis," and the Montevidean refugees are going we hope to play with their Brazilian guests.

A Scotch gentleman called on us requesting the publication of a paragraph about music in Presbyterian churches, which we give in another column: the matter caused some discussion here, last year.

Mr. Sharples has been appointed agent for the highly respectable Co. "Bienhechora del Plata." It speaks for the provident habits of our foreign residents that Mr. Sharples has been successful in enrolling many of the single as well as married classes.

The Scotch bell-ringers give a grand performance to-night for the benefit of Milles, Clara and Sophia Sawyer. We must, however, protest against Mr Sawyer's error in styling "The last rose of summer" music by Flotow.

their living, the public works, too great for their forbearance or their patriotism.

Hence we need not be surprised if President Flores descend from power before the close of the year, to be exiled by Brazil for the same reasons as were alleged against President Aguirre, or overset by his own lieutenants in the same manner as he himself revolted against Berro.

We should, however, regret either such event, and as the late lawful Government is hopelessly lost, let us endeavor to constitute some order in the unfortunate country by lending every aid to the de facto President, Flores.

We do not change our principle in an iota by accepting and promising support to the Government of General Flores; we combatted the revolution as long as there was a legal administration in the country.

MONTEVIDEO.

PROCLAMATION OF PEACE.

The Brazilian gunboat 'Maracana' arrived yesterday with despatches for the Brazilian minister Sor. Pereira Leal. The treaties were signed on Monday by the high contracting parties, and published officially at 4 o'clock same evening.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The story, so often announced and then contradicted, of peace at Montevideo, at last seems an undoubted fact. We have received no letter from our brother-editor by the Brazilian gunboat.

The new Bakers' Theatre in Calle San Martin was opened with great eclat on Monday evening. The audience numbered over 1,000 persons, but the President or Governor did not attend.

Everybody is talking about Carnival, which begins next Sunday; some are going to play tom-foolery, others are going to the camp, others will shut themselves up "in a state of ebrysalis," and the Montevidean refugees are going we hope to play with their Brazilian guests.

A Scotch gentleman called on us requesting the publication of a paragraph about music in Presbyterian churches, which we give in another column: the matter caused some discussion here, last year.

Mr. Sharples has been appointed agent for the highly respectable Co. "Bienhechora del Plata." It speaks for the provident habits of our foreign residents that Mr. Sharples has been successful in enrolling many of the single as well as married classes.

The Scotch bell-ringers give a grand performance to-night for the benefit of Milles, Clara and Sophia Sawyer. We must, however, protest against Mr Sawyer's error in styling "The last rose of summer" music by Flotow.

of the cotton-plant, which we presented him in December-1863. One of the socks is we believe in Rosario, and the people of the interior, not content with getting the seed gratis, had the affrontery to ask to be paid for sowing it on their own lands!

Some Colorados in town express their dissent with the programme of General Flores, who [they say] intends to make himself Dictator for 12 months, and there being no Chambers, no laws can be passed, but simply Government decrees, which will prevent concessions for railways, &c.

The Mersey will leave on Sunday and letters can be prepared till 5 p.m. on Saturday. Our packet edition will appear on Saturday morning.

The Nacional states that the Western Railway will be opened to Mercedes on Ash Wednesday, the 1st prox. A fast day is very unsuitable, except that it economises the cost of a dejeuner.

The new steamer, Iniciador, built by Marshal at Barracas, for the navigation of the Upper Uruguay, proceeded from the Riachuelo to the Mole, making six miles an hour in such difficult navigation.

PLOT AGAINST PRES. LOPEZ.

A writer in the "Nacional" who is probably one of the Paraguayan refugees in this city, has the hardihood to preach the adoption of "fire or poison" as legitimate and even holy means for the removal of Pres. Lopez and amelioration of Paraguay.

Five or six discontented exiles have declared Pres. Lopez worthy of death on these two grounds: 1st that he is a tyrant. 2nd that his private conduct is immoral. Without at all entering into the merits of the case, or allowing the ruler of Paraguay to make any defence, we will suppose both these charges true.

The Government of Paraguay is far from being what we could wish, especially as regards public Justice and Trade regulations, but in being absolute it has a decided merit. We have an instance of this strange fact in the Argentine provinces: on the testimony of Consul Hutchinson and others, we learn that the Province of Santiago del Estero is the most go-ahead and progressive in the interior, and the dominant Taboada family the most absolute form of Government known, even obliging the soldiers to become "teetotalers."

The police-report show that the British Consul sent five sailors under arrest to the Policia, on last Saturday, for disobedience on board their ships.

The Scotch bell-ringers give a grand performance to-night for the benefit of Milles, Clara and Sophia Sawyer. We must, however, protest against Mr Sawyer's error in styling "The last rose of summer" music by Flotow.

The second charge, of immorality, is so ridiculous a pretext for decapitating a profligate ruler, that it hardly merits notice. A good king may not always bear scrutiny in his private relations.

Let the aggrieved Paraguayan exiles pour forth their complaints to please the jealous ear of those who hate their country, while pretending a wolfish affection. Let them call forth the ceaseless tears of ambitious reformers; let them blacken their country and its ruler, if such be their object, but never let them preach the dagger and poison as legitimate means for the holiest end of patriotism—the benefit of their country.

NEWS FROM THE URUGUAY.

The Concepcion papers of the 18th inst. publish a subscription list of the ladies of Tala, amounting to 526 dollars, the munificent donation of that district in aid of the suffering refugees from Paysandú.

The "Republicano" of Concordia (19th inst) gives fresh announcement of an invasion by Paraguay. Dr. Requena arrived in that town from Montevideo. The steamer Uruguay had got aground. Muñoz and Aparicio were north of Rio Negro, scouring the country: they have been reinforced by 600 slaves of Rio Grande whom they manumitted.

The "Porvenir" of Gualeguaychú (19th inst) reports some inroads by Muñoz and Aparicio on the Rio Grande frontier.

The "Patria" of Mercedes contains only some decrees of Flores, and the appointment of a new post-master in lieu of Sor Braga: everything is quiet.

NEWS OF PARAGUAY.

CONTRADICTORY RUMORS.

The "Republicano" has a letter dated Uruguayana, 13th inst, which says:—"Three days ago we had news from Itiqui of the march of 12,000 Paraguayan troops with a large park of artillery passing San Carlos, close to the frontier of Corrientes. The Brazilian authorities mustered 400 men, but they all speedily deserted."

The "Nacional" yesterday published a letter from one Joaquin Candié to Goyo Suarez, dated Paso Baptista, 15th inst., stating that he had received news from Colonel Almeida of the total defeat of 8,000 Paraguayans, under Colonel Barrios, by the Brazilian militia of San Paulo and Minas, near Villa Maria, in which great numbers on both sides were slain, and 2,000 Paraguayans were taken prisoners.

We attach no value to either of the above "canards."

THE RIVER PLATE MAGAZINE.

The present number is hardly up to No. 1 of vol. 2, but it is easy to account for fluctuations of this kind, where writers and subjects are both so limited, and on the whole this publication commands interest with English readers on River Plate matters.

Paraguay under Gaspar Francia is an entertaining extract from the well-known work of Messrs. Robertson describing that country as it was 40 years ago: the portrait of the tyrant is depicted by a master pen, and we can hardly believe that the writer was then only a boy of 20 years.

The history of the Argentine Republic comprises the English invasion under Whitelock, and successful defence of the city by the natives. The author (D. Luis Dominguez) makes no mention of the supposed treachery of Whitelock, who is said to have marched his troops into the town without flints in their muskets.

A visit to the Chuncha Islands is written by an Englishman in search of guano, in 1850. We reproduce it as interesting under present circumstances.

the city, and although we are absolutely ignorant in matters of 'rhyme,' the 'reason' or argument of the verses must strike every one as chaste, poetical, and truthful.

Old Miserly the Miser, is an extract borrowed from Douglas Jerrold's Magazine, and has no possible relation with the River Plate readers.

Scientific Notes are also rather of general than local interest.

Dr. Burmeister's Annals of the Museum of Buenos Ayres are valuable, but apt to fatigue light readers with those awful Greek names so often repeated and yet so unintelligible.

Mr. Larsen's work on America before Columbus is critically reviewed, and when we have finished reading it, we will compare notes on the subject.

The Argentine or South American student will find the treatise on Las Casas, and history of the national anthem of Buenos Ayres highly interesting.

The Chronicle of Current Events is meagre, and we would advise the indefatigable editor to devote more of his attention to this chapter.

We are glad to learn that the magazine is extending its relations in England, where it will find many purchasers at the railway book-stalls.

A PUBLIC OFFICE.

Mr. Editor,

There is a public office in this happy capital of Buenos Aires, something akin to our celebrated institution the Circumlocution, or how-not-do-a-thing office.

There are several officials appointed with high salaries to last as long as us all the claims against a previous Government are unsettled.

A happy quietude and tranquillity reigns in this elysium upon earth, where mortals go, after a twelve o'clock breakfast, with a good Havana cigar as a piece de resistance, to wait the most diligent of the officials who drop-in, in a drowsy sort of consciousness that he has something to do that day.

After waiting a quarter of an hour until he dusts his seat, his hat, his desk, and stretches his wearied limbs, you timidly ask about "your little affair" that has been lying for despatch or ever so long. Have I anything to do with it? asks the offended dignitary, that belongs to Mr. X. Indeed! and pray when will he come! "Well I lessay in arf an our; ginally is here about this time."

Fortunately X arrives in ten minutes rather excited: Lo has heard that there is a bulletin issued from one of the printing offices, but he has been unable to get a copy of one, and is thereby rather annoyed; add to this that his last investment in lottery tickets has turned out a failure, and you may well fancy his state of mind, to say nothing of the February atmosphere now-a-days prevalent in Buenos Ayres.

A few minutes of solemn silence are rigidly observed by Mr. A, Mrs. B, young C, Dr. D, and Colonel E, who have business there and elsewhere, and have been waiting for the last hour looking at each other, their boots, the ceiling, the board flooring, and at an interesting episode between a spider and a fly in one of the ornamental cobwebs which have grown in and out and about your claims against the seven or eight last Governments.

These parties were all easily despatched without any difficulty, although their looks seemed to imply anything but satisfaction at being politely bowed out into the street; Colonel E however muttered something unintelligible in his descent down stairs, of which I only heard something about 'complaining to the minister,'—'injustice to the brave defenders of the country,'—'not likely they'd catch him again to shed his blood in a battle field,'—'patriotism don't pay, &c.'

I was the last of the first batch of 'interesados' (which in English means bores) parties who came to molest the officials, and who show unparliamentary haste to get through with their business, and a holy dread of having more to do with them hereafter.

To my bland, smiling, and ingenious query of "how, about my business?" I did not receive a direct answer, but a counter-query about what it related to, when presented, what was the claim for, &c.

What are Tears, is a postscript by you from the pen of a lady well known in

ing my most impressive and confidential tone, "don't you remember that claim that I presented in January 1861, which you told me the first time I was here that it had not yet been taken into consideration?"

"Oh! ah! yes! I have some indistinct notion that it is in the same state. Call to-morrow, I will give you an answer."

I rushed frantically to a pile of papers under his chair, and almost immediately reappeared with my documents!

"Here they are X., look at them, please give me a definite answer."

X. was relieved when he saw that he had been saved the trouble of looking for them, and after perusing listlessly a few pages, told me, "well, you are not despatched yet, call again in a couple of weeks."

[Exit with unutterable private opinions unexpressed.]

After dinner I received a letter from my constituent in Tandil, expressing surprise and regret that a claim presented in January 1861, should not have been "even taken into consideration" in February 1865, and stating that the loss of interest in a short time would amount to as much as the claim itself, that when paid it would be effected in bonds worth 35 per cent., out of which, deducting commission to an agent for obtaining payment and expenses of granting powers of attorney and stamp paper, scarcely a fraction would go to him for compensation.

Query—Is it worth while to claim at all, unless the sum be considerable?

MERCATOR.

THE CHINCHA ISLANDS.

In the Bay of Pisco are the three Chincha islands, situated about twelve miles from the mainland, whence immense cargoes of guano are shipped to England, the United States, and other parts.

The whole of the northern Chincha isle is covered with thick layers of guano, and the principal cutting, now full sixty feet high, is about a hundred yards from the edge of the cliff. Two hundred convicts are here employed in shovelling down the guano, whilst a small steam engine of about twelve horse power is employed for digging it out and also for loading the cars. A crane projects from the engine with chains from which is suspended a large iron trough like a coal-scuttle, with six teeth at the edges, and weighing 8 cwt. By working one chain this scuttle digs into the guano and fills itself, by connecting another the crane turns, and the contents of the trough are discharged into the car. About four loads fill the car, which is drawn down a tramroad to the edge of the cliff where it is emptied, and the guano is shovelled down a canvass shoot into the hold of the vessel loading beneath; at the same time strong-brained negroes are stationed in the hold to trim the cargo as it comes down. They receive 13 dollars per 100 tons from the captain of the vessel, and wear iron masks, as the guano is more penetrating than coal-dust or steel-filings, and stronger than volatile salts.

There were twenty-five merchant vessels, chiefly English, lying off the island, but there are generally many more, and sometimes a hundred.

The convicts exist in a filthy collection of cane huts; besides which there is a little town containing two iron houses occupied by Peruvian officials, English carpenters, and an Irish doctor.

During the three previous years Don Domingo Elias held the sole contract for shipping the guano. He received twelve rials per ton of manure shipped, which is sold in England for £10. Messrs. Gibbs, in England, and the Peruvian Agent for the United States, also receive a percentage for exporting it.

It is calculated that in 1853 there were 3,708,250 English tons of guano on the northern island.

In the less frequented parts of the island thousands of sea-birds still lay their eggs in little caverns excavated in the guano. Some of the hills are covered with these nests. The legitimate guano bird is a sort of tern, the bill and legs of which are red, the top

of the head and ends of the wings and tail black, and the lower part of the head white, with a long whiskerlike feather curling out under the ear on each side; the body is of a dark slate-color, the length about ten inches.

The enlightened Government of the Incas knew well how to appreciate this valuable manure; it was much used throughout their empire, and a punishment of death is said to have been inflicted on any one who even disturbed these birds in the breeding season.

Besides the Guano Tern there are large flocks of divers, pelicans, and various kinds of gulls, constantly visiting the islands.

The centre island is worked almost entirely by Chinese, who are imported in ship-loads to Callao. They are very badly treated and in consequence frequently commit suicide, owing to the fearful nature of the work and a feeling of home sickness. There are 672,903 square yards occupied by guano, containing about 2,000,000 tons.

The Southern island has not yet been touched and contains something over 5,680,000 tons of guano.

Guano, a corruption of the Quichua word Huano, meaning manure; as Huano challuap, fish manure; or Huano piscap, bird manure.

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC IN SCOTCH CHURCHES.

On Sunday, in the Tron Parish Church, instrumental music was introduced at all the diets of worship in the regular services of the congregation. The movement which has led to this important innovation originated, we believe, with the congregation, a generous member of which, Mr. Brown, 2 Nicholson Street, presented the session with a handsome organ harmonium. The proposal once mooted, the steps necessary for the accomplishment of the object were carried out in the quietest and most harmonious manner, and without any investigation on the part of the minister or session.

With a view to ascertain the opinion of the members they were visited at their own houses, those who could not be readily reached in this way being requested to leave their names and addresses, with the words "for" or "against" in the plate as they entered the church. The result was, that out of a congregation numbering nearly 1400, only 89 signified their dissent.

In the services of yesterday the harmonium—played by Mr. Gleadhill—was employed to accompany the psalmody. We may mention that the instrument which the congregation have been so fortunate as to obtain, free of expense, is said to be one of the only three of the kind yet manufactured—a second, we are told, being used at the Church of Notre Dame de Lorete, in Paris, where it has attracted a good deal of attention. In addition to the harmonium, the singing was assisted by a small choir recently formed, and which, we understand, is intended to be continued and augmented.

The course which has been followed by the Tron congregation in this matter will be hailed by many intelligent members of the Church of Scotland as a step in the right direction. They have the credit of being the second congregation of Presbyterians in Scotland, and the first in Glasgow who have ventured to introduce instrumental music into their worship. In a week or two the new church at Anderson, of which Mr. Laing is to be minister, will be opened with an organ; and we believe that the propriety of carrying out a movement similar to that just accomplished in the Tron is engaging the attention of other Established congregations in the West End of the city.—Glasgow paper.

IRISH EMIGRATION IN 1864.

The flow of emigrants from the United Kingdom to America and Australia, though less than that of the previous years, and not half so great as that of the year succeeding the Irish famine, is still large, and seems likely to be permanent. In a population of 30,000,000—which is about the population of the three kingdoms at the present time—there will always be a certain number of persons who will prefer trying their fortunes abroad to pursuing them at home. So long, however, as the number of emigrants does not much exceed 100,000 persons per annum, the effect on the population of the whole kingdom will not be very

great, as the natural increase of the United Kingdom amounts to more than 300,000 persons yearly. At the present rate of emigration there is no reason why the outflow should not be permanent, or why the number of people remaining at home should not also steadily increase.

The only part of the United Kingdom from which the emigration is so great as to produce any considerable effect on the number of the people is Ireland. The number of Irish emigrants from Liverpool alone amounted last year to 68,170, whilst the number of English emigrants was only 29,348, of Scotch only 4669, and of foreigners 10,828. When it is considered that the population of Ireland is less than 6,000,000, whilst that of England and Wales is upwards of 20,000,000, and that of Scotland upwards of 3,000,000, it will be obvious that the effect of the emigration from Ireland may, and indeed must, be such as to produce a marked decrease in the numbers of the Irish population, whilst the emigration from England, and even from Scotland, can produce no perceptible effect on the population of those two countries.

At the beginning of the present century the population of Ireland was about 5,000,000; thirty years ago it was nearly 8,000,000; now it is between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000. Ireland is still a more populous country than Scotland, comparing the number of people with the extent of land, but it is doubtful whether it will continue to be so, for though the soil of Ireland is much better than that of Scotland and the climate much milder, the agriculture of Scotland is much superior to that of Ireland, and Scotland is one of the richest mining countries of Europe, especially in coal and iron, whilst Ireland is one of the poorest.

Whilst emigration thus keeps up its numbers in Ireland, it seems almost to have ceased in England and Scotland. In England, with its population of 20,000,000 persons, 29,348 emigrants are as nothing; and in Scotland, 4669 persons, out of a population of 3,000,000, are equally insignificant. The changes which are taking place in England and Scotland are internal changes. There is indeed a considerable immigration into England from Scotland; but the great change, both in England and Scotland, is in the influx of the population from the agricultural districts to the cities, towns, and manufacturing districts.

QUESTIONS REFERRING TO IMMIGRATION.

Transmitted from London and answered by the secretary of the Committee of immigration in Rosario de Santa Fe.

1st Question—What is the price of the lands bordering on the railway, belonging to the Company?

Reply—This is not yet known, the Company not having yet formed any decision with regard to them. The question can be better answered in London than here.

2nd do—What is the price of lands bordering on those ceded to the Railway Company?

At four leagues from Rosario, where the concession to the Company commences, the lands bordering on these may be valued at from twelve to sixteen thousand hard dollars, (five to a pound sterling) per square league; at eight leagues from town, nine thousand; at twelve leagues, seven thousand; at fifteen leagues, five thousand; and at twenty leagues, from three to four thousand hard dollars. At twenty two leagues or a little more, entering the province of Cordoba, the prices are still lower than on the frontier of Santa Fé, and lands may be bought at one thousand five hundred to two thousand hard dollars, or even bolivian dollars, which are 30 per cent. less.

3rd do—At what rate and for how many years can these lands be rented?

At four and five leagues from Rosario they can be rented at this moment at from one hundred and fifty to two hundred pounds sterling per league, the latter price for the best lands with good sheep pasturage, and for terms of five and six years. The rent diminishes in proportion to the distance from town as low as fifty pounds, except in the direction of Parí, where for reasons to be spoken of by and by,

the lands are now the most expensive in the province. Besides the lands mentioned, tracts for pasturage may be had gratis for a term of years, at a point distant from 60 to 75 miles from Rosario towards the southern frontier, solely on the condition of inhabiting and improving them.

4th do—What is the price of lands in Rosario and its neighborhood?

The location of the railway in the upper part of the town, has led to a great rise in the value of lots in that direction. In the occupied parts of the streets, sales have been made at twenty six pounds the front yard (of thirty three English inches) by a depth of from 60 to 68. Immediately outside the line of built-up streets lots are selling at from ten pounds to eleven pounds ten shillings.

Gardens and parcels of land of four, ten or twenty acres in extent, and at a distance of a couple of miles from the centre square, sell at from thirty five pounds to fifty pounds the acre. In the opposite part of the town the actual selling value of the lots and parcels of lands may be quoted at half of that on the railway side.

5th do—What inducement does the Government and the Railway Company offer to immigrants?

For the reason given in the reply to the first question, it is impossible to answer the second part of this question: the Company will doubtless speedily take measures to have their lands settled; and the nature of these measures will be most probably and more naturally known in England before announced in this country.

The provincial Govt. of this as well as other provinces is disposed to act with liberality towards immigrants in regard to lands. That of Santa Fe especially has shown that there is no sacrifice which they are not disposed to make to attract immigration. The extensive concessions of lands which are so readily granted to Companies—the three large and flourishing Colonies already established in the province, prove the good intentions of the Government of Santa Fe, which has acted in this respect with much greater liberality than even the province of Buenos Ayres. To groups of from ten to fifty families the Government will concede lands at the rate of eighty acres in fee simple to each family. These lands will be mostly located at the north of the province, between the two rivers Paraná and Salado; the lands of the southern part of the province mostly belong to private individuals, although there is a colony formed at about twenty five leagues from Rosario where lots of lands may be acquired gratis from the Government.

The National Committee of Immigration in Rosario can be treated with directly, and will take upon itself to procure concessions not only in this province but in those of Cordoba, Mendoza and others.

ON 'CHANGE.

Feb. 21, 1865.

Doubloons	420
Sovereigns	128½
Patacons, 1st price	26 20
For Saturday	26 25
On time	26 35 27 10
Last price	26 25
Patacons sold, 201,103.	

As we anticipated, the arrangement in Montevideo causes specie to rise, owing to the withdrawal of much refuge gold from our market. National Bonds are declining—1000\$ was sold at 36½.

COLON THEATRE

CAMPANOLOGOS ESCOCESSES
150—CAMPANAS—150!
Gran función extraordinaria, á beneficio de las Señoritas CLARA Y SOFIA SAWYER.
EL MIÉRCOLES 22 DE FEBRERO DE 1865
Primera parte, primer acto del drama en tres actos y en verso, original de Don José Zorrilla, titulado:
CADA CUAL CON SU RAZON.
CAMPANOLOGOS

1.º La gran marcha nacional un gara (nueva). 2.º El lindísimo vals Stirio (nuevo).
LA ROZA DE LOS ALPES
2.º parte, el segundo acto del drama.
CAMPANOLOGOS.

1.º Aria, Adagio, Andante, Misceláneo y Duo final de la ópera (nuevo).
EL TRAVADOR.
2.º La última rosa de verano (The last rose of summer) música del maestro Frotow, de la ópera MARTA; terminando con THE ENGLISH HORNPIPE (nueva).
Tercera parte, el tercer acto del drama.

Theatre Franco-Argentino

BOUFFES PARISIENS.

Sous la direction de Mr. D'HOTE.

Jendi 23 Fevrier.

22ème représentation de—
Les Filles de Marbrus
Pièce en cinq actes

Au deuxième acte la chaneon—
Les Fisches d'or.

a las 8½ en punto.



Royal Mail Steam Packet Company.
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, Messrs. Currie, Cochrane, & Co., will leave this port for Montevideo at Rio de Janeiro, on Sunday, 29th Feb. 1865. At Rio de Janeiro the Company will meet with and will transfer to on of the Company's Steam Packet Passengers and Freight for the following ports, viz., Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent (Cape de Verd Islands), Lisbon, and Southampton. Passengers by this route are requested to embark before four p.m. on the above-named day, as the "Murex" will leave precisely at that hour. For information as regards Rates of Passage, of Freight, &c., please apply at the Agency of the Company, 77 Calle 23 de Mayo.

ABRAHAM ROBINSON.
Cargo will in future be received on board the Murex for Rio, Bahia, and Pernambuco, at 25 10s. per ton of 40 cubic ft.

Public Notice.
The house of business, established 4th July, 1850, in the Calle 25 De Mayo, corner of Cuyo, under the firm of Thomas Nuttall and Co., has been removed to 78 and 79 Calle Piedad, and from date the business will be conducted by Thomas Nuttall, who takes all responsibility, &c.

THOMAS NUTTALL.
February 21, 1865. 124. 4p f22.

Wants a situation.
A young man of active business habits seeks a situation as an assistant in a wholesale or retail store; has a knowledge of book-keeping, writes a good hand, first-class town reference and security if required. Apply 66 Piedad. 123. 3p, f33.

Wanted.
A young man with some knowledge of book-keeping. Address B. K., Standard office. 122. 6p, f21.

Wanted.
A maid servant at 178 Calle Maypu. Irish preferred. 118. 3p, f21.

Wanted.
A man to buy one third of a flock of sheep, to the South, and enter on thirds, he will get a house, corral, and land free for a term of three years and rams for the flock for the 1st year. For particulars apply at the office of F. DONOVAN & Co., 84 Piedad. 117. 3p f21.

Wanted.
A good experienced man to buy a third of a flock of sheep in the partido of Chascomus. Particulars can be had by applying to this office. 120. 3p f31.

Married Couple.
A German and his wife, who understand also French, seek employment, the former as gardener or butler, the latter is a professional cook. Apply No. 261 calle Parque. 119. 3p, f21.

For Sale.
The Estancia de Doyle situated near Arroyo de Kamallo, 8 leagues from San Nicolas, with 6000 or more good mestiza sheep. Also Azotea House, Puesto Corrales, &c. For particulars enquire at Barry and Walker's, 97 Calle Defensa. 121. 1m, f 21.

On Sale.
On sale for \$160,000, a fine Quinta, five squares before the 11 Setiembre. Good buildings with seven rooms, flowers, fruit trees, etc.

Houses—Calle Chacabuco, Montevideo, S. Martin, Piedad, Reconquista, 25 de Mayo, Buen Orden, Parque, Suipacha, Independencia, Arenales, Riva davia, Florida; Plaza del Retiro, Paseo Julio, &c., of different dimensions and prices.

A Quinta in Barracas with all commodities, very suitable for a rich English family.

A Chacra 14 squares, with houses, alfalfares, &c., in the bajo de San Francisco.

1 league of good Camp in Las Flores, cheap.

An Estancia in Entre-Rios, 1½ leagues, 6,000 sheep, cattle, mares, etc. Good buildings and chacra.

1 League of good camp in the partido de Navarro will be sold cheap.

An Estancia 39 square leagues; another one 2½ province de Cordoba.

Two Estancias in Rojas, 3 leagues. Right to 39 or 40 leagues of the best camps in Junin.

An Estancia 3 l. Guardia del Monte. Good large camp 4 l. from Baradero. Various lots in Villa de Mercedes. 22 leagues in Santa Fé. Money given, with guarantee of public stocks. 629,000\$ are to be given on mortgage. Public stocks and titles of the Foreign Debt are bought. Office of D. Alejandro Cornac, Exchange Broker, 67 San Martin (altos) front of the Bolsa, from 8 to 4. dl. X.

To Let.
Some good furnished rooms for single men or family in calle Esmeralda 122. 77. 9y f13.

For Sale.
In calle Calles 305, a small house, between Calle Esmeralda, Uruguay and Europa with 3 rooms, cook-house, well under the corridor, and water closets. Apply at the house. 66. 1m f14.

For Sale.
A Camp Business of good despatch and excellent connections, situated in the Partido Guardia del Monte, will be sold on account of retiring one of the partners. Information to be got at Mr. Alexander Cornac, 64 San Martin, opposite the Exchange. 97. 6p f17.

To Rent.
Various leagues of camp situated in the partidos de Pila Marchiquita and Azul: price from \$800 to \$2000 mjo yearly per 100 square squares. For further particulars apply at 180 Calle Florida. 12. dx

To Rent.
A house of 8 rooms, at a low rent, situated 396 calle Temple, it has an aljibe, well, kitchen, and a lot 75 yards deep with plenty of trees and fruit. The house is new and built in modern style and is in an elevated and healthy location. It will be let on contract if desired. Enquire at 74 calle Belgrano (altos). The keys may be found at the next door, 398. 86. 6p f16.

Two Rooms to Let.
At a Quinta near town. Apply A. J. Standard's office. 38. 13p f9.

MARIANO BILLINGHURST.

En la calle del Brasil entre Perú y Chacabuco, al lado del n. 102.

De un terreno y rancho. El Miércoles 22 del corriente a las 6 en punto de la tarde se ha de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado:

Un terreno de 8 varas de frente por 50 de fondo, con un rancho y muchos árboles frutales de rica fruta, sifil mismo estará la bandera de remate y la venta se verificará infaliblemente a la hora indicada.

FOR EL MISMO.

Del diate brasileiro Congonha encañado en las toscas al fin de la muralla del Paseo Julio, frente a la bajada de la calle calle Tucuman donde estará la bandera.

De orden del señor coronel general del Brasil, por cuenta de quien pertenece.

El miércoles 22 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana se ha de rematar sin falta alguna a las mas alta postura y dinero de contado. El diate, brasileiro Congonha de porte 46 toneladas, 4 años de vida, construido en Parnaguá de buena madera en un solo lote con todo su velamen, jardia, caballeria, lotes, anclas cadevas y demas enseres listo para navegar, reparada que sea la averia.

112. x f 21.

THE CHURCHMAN'S FAMILY MAGAZINE.

In 3 large volumes, bound in library style, and beautifully illustrated. Price \$ 180 mjc.

A few copies for sale at Calle del Perú N.º 45. 83. 9p f15.

Books and Stationery.

The undersigned will shortly announce the street and No. of his New Store to the Public of Buenos Ayres: meantime, he has on hand and offers at a very low figure, a pretty good assortment of the above.

HENRY LOEDEL.

Calle del Perú No. 45. 84. 6p f15.

WANTED SUBSCRIBERS FOR THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATIONS.

Harper's Monthly Magazine, Harper's Weekly, Peterson's Monthly Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, The Illustrated London News, The London Journal, The Scientific American.

Subscribers to pay London and New York Prices. N.B.—The January and February numbers will be ready for delivery on or about the 28th March, and monthly afterwards.

HENRY LOEDEL.

45—Perú—45. 87. 6p f16.

NOTICE.

All Goods delivered free at the Railway Stations here and forwarded direct to any station between Town and Mercedes, on receipt of orders.

THOMAS FALLON,

Hibernian House, 64. 66 & 68 PIEDAD.

Feb. 15, 1865. 89. 1m d & w f15.

Salt—Salt—Salt.

On board, for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers. Apply to Brandt 86th and Co., or to Chas. W. Beun & Co. 49—Calle 35 de Mayo—49. 93. 6p f17.

Sheep.

A lot of about 4000 Fine Mestiza Sheep are to be sold in the Partido Guardia del Monte. Particulars will be given by Mr. Alexander Cornac, No. 67 San Martin, opposite the Exchange. 98. 6p f17.

Notice.

Under date February 9th the undersigned revoked a power of Attorney given in favor of D. Juan N. Gonzalez, and this is to notify the public to such effect. BRIDGET CORCORAN, widow. 116. 3p f21.

Al Publico.

Un jóven hijo del país, que lleva actualmente los libros de una casa de comercio, desea encontrar alguna ocupacion en que emplear algunas horas de la noche, ya sea para escribir llevar libros, &c. Tiene muy buena letra, y posee los idiomas franceses e ingleses. El que lo consulte, puede dejar su domicilio en la Libreria Inglesa San Martin 64. 105. 3p. F18.

* Importation of Guano into England, 1852, 139,859 tons; do. 1853, 135,108 tons; to 1856, 285, 111 tons.

BANK MAUA AND CO.

No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated...

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants...

The Bank of Maua and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo...

CONDITIONS.

- First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards. Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p) per annum...



RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT. NAMES OF STEAMERS.

PARANA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, UNA.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival...

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave.

Table with 2 columns: Class and Price. 1st Class £35, 2nd £25, 3rd £16.

Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—

Table with 2 columns: Class and Price. 1st Class £65, 2nd £45, 3rd £30.

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children...

H. A. GREEN & CO., 85 RECONQUISTA.



LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL & R. PLATE STEAMERS

The Screw Steamer

KEPLER,

Captain CARROLL,

Is expected in port about the 26th inst., and will be despatched for Liverpool, via Brazil and Lisbon...

Cargo can now be engaged, and will be received on board the steamer the day of her arrival.

Apply in Liverpool to Messrs. Lamport and Holt, and in Buenos Ayres to Messrs. Darbyshire and Co., or to

JOHN P. BOYD & CO., Calle San Martin, No. 56.

Buenos Ayres, 6th February, 1865. 21. f6, 15 p

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE.

UNRESERVED SALE

Of the extensive Stock of the English Drapery Establishment,

61 CORRIENTES 61.

Mr. and Mrs. Hastler beg respectfully to announce to their friends and the public that they intend to withdraw from the business at the termination of the Winter Season...

AT REDUCED PRICES,

Thus affording to their friends and the public a rare opportunity for purchasing Superior Goods at reduced prices and from a Stock not excelled in

QUANTITY, QUALITY, AND VARIETY.

FOR THE

AUTUMN AND WINTER DISPLAY,

Quantities of the most Fashionable Goods will be received direct, the successive arrival of which will be duly announced in 'The Standard.'

Mr. and Mrs. Hastler take advantage of this opportunity to express their best thanks for the support they have received since the opening of the Establishment in 1861...

61-CORRIENTES-61.

80. 3m f16

Letchford's Wax Vests.

LEYTON & CO

Field themselves responsible for the quality of their Wax Vests, and having recently built an extensive factory...

Sheep for Sale in Entre Rios.

For sale from 2 to 2500 St. Meztiza Sheep in Entre Rios, Departamento de Gualeguaychú...

146. 1m f25

On sale in the French Bazaar, 44-Calle de la Florida, Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for men and kitchen use.

We beg leave to notify to the mercantile community that we have opened a house in this city under the style of Heyworth & Co., as General Commission Merchants...

GUALEGUAYCHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

This steamer will leave this for the above Ports on the 2nd, 7th, 12th, 17th, 22nd, 27th of every month, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

Table with 4 columns: Cabin, Pats, Steerage, Pats. Higuieritas 6, Fray Bentos 4, Gualeguaychú 9, Roman 10, Concepcion 10, Paysandú 12, Concordia 16, Salto 16.

Parcels will be received at the Agency, 1 Calle Cuyo, up to Five o'clock in the afternoon of the day previous to sailing.

The National Steamer "ESTRELLA DEL NORTE" Will leave the Tigre (las Conchas) for San Pedro every Wednesday and for San Nicolas and immediate Ports every Saturday...

The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at half past 10 a.m. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre.

Table with 4 columns: Cabin, Pares, Steerage, Pares. S. Nicolas \$12, Obligado \$12, L. Hermanas \$12, Zarate \$4, Baradero \$6, San Pedro \$8, Campaña \$4.

This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 a.m. and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon...

GRAND TOBACCO EMPORIUM.

Snuff, Cigars, and Pipe Tobacco. From the French Imperial Manufactory. In order to put a stop to the constant imitations of French tobacco...

The following is a list of the articles from the Imperial manufactory, which are on sale at the above-mentioned official deposit.

- Superior French Snuff, Virginia, Virginia haut gout, Virginia and Amersfort at 11f. 50c. per kilo.

All tobacco will be sold in packets of 50, 100, 200, and 500 grams.

French Cigars, those 605 in packages of 12 and 24, and those 010 and 015 in packages or boxes.

Salos made wholesale and retail for cash. FREDERICK PAULLIER, 120a Calle San Martin, Buenos Ayres.

67 Calle San Martin (altos), Front of the Bolas, Camps, Houses, Public Funds, Mortgages, &c.

D. Alejandra Cornac, exchange broker, advises the public and his friends that he has opened his office at No. 67 (altos) Calle San Martin...

Office hours from 9 in the morning, until 4 in the evening, n30 m

For Sale 1500 Fine Meztiza Sheep. For particulars apply to Mr. J. P. Boyd & Co., 56 Calle San Martin.

146. 1m f25

For Sale in the French Bazaar, 44-Calle de la Florida, Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for men and kitchen use.

We beg leave to notify to the mercantile community that we have opened a house in this city under the style of Heyworth & Co., as General Commission Merchants...

GUALEGUAYCHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

This steamer will leave this for the above Ports on the 2nd, 7th, 12th, 17th, 22nd, 27th of every month, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

Table with 4 columns: Cabin, Pats, Steerage, Pats. Higuieritas 6, Fray Bentos 4, Gualeguaychú 9, Roman 10, Concepcion 10, Paysandú 12, Concordia 16, Salto 16.

Parcels will be received at the Agency, 1 Calle Cuyo, up to Five o'clock in the afternoon of the day previous to sailing.

The National Steamer "ESTRELLA DEL NORTE" Will leave the Tigre (las Conchas) for San Pedro every Wednesday and for San Nicolas and immediate Ports every Saturday...

The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at half past 10 a.m. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre.

Table with 4 columns: Cabin, Pares, Steerage, Pares. S. Nicolas \$12, Obligado \$12, L. Hermanas \$12, Zarate \$4, Baradero \$6, San Pedro \$8, Campaña \$4.

This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 a.m. and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon...

GRAND TOBACCO EMPORIUM.

Snuff, Cigars, and Pipe Tobacco. From the French Imperial Manufactory. In order to put a stop to the constant imitations of French tobacco...

The following is a list of the articles from the Imperial manufactory, which are on sale at the above-mentioned official deposit.

- Superior French Snuff, Virginia, Virginia haut gout, Virginia and Amersfort at 11f. 50c. per kilo.

All tobacco will be sold in packets of 50, 100, 200, and 500 grams.

French Cigars, those 605 in packages of 12 and 24, and those 010 and 015 in packages or boxes.

Salos made wholesale and retail for cash. FREDERICK PAULLIER, 120a Calle San Martin, Buenos Ayres.

67 Calle San Martin (altos), Front of the Bolas, Camps, Houses, Public Funds, Mortgages, &c.

D. Alejandra Cornac, exchange broker, advises the public and his friends that he has opened his office at No. 67 (altos) Calle San Martin...

Office hours from 9 in the morning, until 4 in the evening, n30 m

For Sale 1500 Fine Meztiza Sheep. For particulars apply to Mr. J. P. Boyd & Co., 56 Calle San Martin.

146. 1m f25

For Sale in the French Bazaar, 44-Calle de la Florida, Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for men and kitchen use.

We beg leave to notify to the mercantile community that we have opened a house in this city under the style of Heyworth & Co., as General Commission Merchants...

GUALEGUAYCHU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

This steamer will leave this for the above Ports on the 2nd, 7th, 12th, 17th, 22nd, 27th of every month, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

Table with 4 columns: Cabin, Pats, Steerage, Pats. Higuieritas 6, Fray Bentos 4, Gualeguaychú 9, Roman 10, Concepcion 10, Paysandú 12, Concordia 16, Salto 16.

Parcels will be received at the Agency, 1 Calle Cuyo, up to Five o'clock in the afternoon of the day previous to sailing.

The National Steamer "ESTRELLA DEL NORTE" Will leave the Tigre (las Conchas) for San Pedro every Wednesday and for San Nicolas and immediate Ports every Saturday...

The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at half past 10 a.m. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre.

Table with 4 columns: Cabin, Pares, Steerage, Pares. S. Nicolas \$12, Obligado \$12, L. Hermanas \$12, Zarate \$4, Baradero \$6, San Pedro \$8, Campaña \$4.

This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 a.m. and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon...

GRAND TOBACCO EMPORIUM.

Snuff, Cigars, and Pipe Tobacco. From the French Imperial Manufactory. In order to put a stop to the constant imitations of French tobacco...

The following is a list of the articles from the Imperial manufactory, which are on sale at the above-mentioned official deposit.

- Superior French Snuff, Virginia, Virginia haut gout, Virginia and Amersfort at 11f. 50c. per kilo.

All tobacco will be sold in packets of 50, 100, 200, and 500 grams.

French Cigars, those 605 in packages of 12 and 24, and those 010 and 015 in packages or boxes.

Salos made wholesale and retail for cash. FREDERICK PAULLIER, 120a Calle San Martin, Buenos Ayres.

67 Calle San Martin (altos), Front of the Bolas, Camps, Houses, Public Funds, Mortgages, &c.

D. Alejandra Cornac, exchange broker, advises the public and his friends that he has opened his office at No. 67 (altos) Calle San Martin...

Office hours from 9 in the morning, until 4 in the evening, n30 m

For Sale 1500 Fine Meztiza Sheep. For particulars apply to Mr. J. P. Boyd & Co., 56 Calle San Martin.

146. 1m f25

TO THE COMPANY, Steamship Co. In order that those interested in the traffic of the River Uruguay may not be inconvenienced...

THE ARGENTINE CITIZEN. A fortnightly organ of Immigration and Industrial Progress. Published on the 10th and 25th of each month...

Contracts bearing on Immigration—2 Practical results of Free Trade Policy—3 Argentine Custom-House Law for 1865...

The undersigned will also order by this mail The Illustrated London Times; The Cornhill Magazine, in Nos. for 1865...

English Grocery Establishment. GEORGE BAKER, Grocer and Liquor Dealer, Calle del Puerto, Rosario.

English Carpenters. 92-Calle de la Emeralda-92. We the undersigned beg leave to notify our friends and the public in general...

English Travellers. Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix...

Just Received. Ladies' Balmoral Petticoats Gray Sheeting, Flannels, extra fine Quilts, fine white Calico...

English Travellers. Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix...

Just Received. Extra fine Gin in Stone bottles mark of the Key, will be found superior to any in the market.

Just Received. A person sufficiently able and with some capital wishes to find a Sheepfarm not too far from the town...

Just Received. A large and varied assortment of hand-wrought work well. They are all of the latest and most approved patterns...

Just Received. A large and varied assortment of hand-wrought work well. They are all of the latest and most approved patterns...

Just Received. A large and varied assortment of hand-wrought work well. They are all of the latest and most approved patterns...

Just Received. A large and varied assortment of hand-wrought work well. They are all of the latest and most approved patterns...

146. 1m f25