



AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

BUENOS AYRES, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1865.

Circulation 1,000.

No. 918 - Fourth Year.

MAUA BANK
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101-103.
INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTHS...

MAUA BANK,
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101-103

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building in order to suit the increasing...

MONEY ORDERS.
Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned...

NATIONAL BANK.
Drafts are also granted on Messrs. Parsons, Gooch, and Co., Bankers, LONDON...

Briton & Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General) Life Assurance Association...

Royal Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE.
CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING...

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.
Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums...

Qualeguaycha Steam Navigation Company
Ports of the Uruguay.
'ERA'

THE GUARDIAN FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL - £2,000,000.

Should this meet the eye of HAROLD ARONHOLD SMITH, of Birkenhead, England...

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.
Life Assurance and Saving Fund Association.
FOR THE ORIGIN OF CAPITALS, LIFE ANNUITIES, INHERITANCES, &c.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Estanislao Pena.
J. A. Fernandez.

Capital received to be paid out in life annuities.
Subscriptions to any of the sections, whether specie or currency may be made in bulk, or monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly.

Life Annuities.
Subscriptions to any of the sections, whether specie or currency may be made in bulk, or monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly.

Dr. P. Bourne,
SURGEON DENTIST,
OF NEW YORK.

Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 200 CALLE DE MAYO, MONTEVIDEO.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE -
DRAFTS
Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from WANKLYN & Co.

COLEGIO ANGLO PORTERO,
Established in 1855,
205 - MAYPU - 205,
MRS. ANITA S. SMITH.

GERMAN BUREMISTER.
Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,
70 - CALLE BOLIVAR - 70
BUENOS AIRES.

Notice to Subscribers.
We beg leave to announce to our subscribers and to the public in general that we have established an Agency in this city...

W. D. JUNOR.
CHAS. BRILL.
134 - 1m, 21

Just Received.
Ex 'Annie Drington' and 'Galileo', a fresh supply of Guinness' Celebrated Dublin Extra Stout...

WELLS BROMHAUS & Co.
Wool-Brokers, 173 Calle de las Piedras.
W&D, Aug 25, 1 y

Table with columns: DEPARTACIONES, DESTACIONES, RETORNO, TIEMPO, etc. listing ship departures and arrivals.

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'LA FAVORECIDA'
Line of Diligencias between Buenos Ayres, Lobos, Saladillo, and Tapalquen.

Leaves Buenos Ayres for Lobos and Saladillo every Thursday.

Leaves Saladillo every Saturday, arriving in Buenos Ayres every Sunday.

Leaves Buenos Ayres for Tapalquen, calling at Lobos the 3rd, 13th, and 23rd.

Owner and conductor, P. ESPERATTI.

Note - The coaches start from the Merlo Railway Station, passing on the journey the following establishments...

Wool Broker.
The undersigned wishes to acquaint his friends and the public in general...

The Quinta del Sar,
Opposite Palermo, is to be sold by fractions.

The proximity of this quinta, its beautiful situation ought to attract the attention of families and of all who want a country place near town.

Apply for the fraction belonging to Mrs. M. Chapeaurouge, in the absence of her husband to his brother, Mr. Ch. de Chapeaurouge, Calle Tacuari No. 81.

DILIGENCIA PARA LOBOS DE 25 MAYO Y SALADILLO, DE SABORIDO Y GARCIA CON CARUAGES TIRADOS AL PECHO

PARA LOBOS
Saldrá los dias - 2-4-6-8-10-12-14-16-18-20-22-24-26-28-30.

For Valparaiso.
The fine British barque 'Ocean King' A.I. 12 years, will sail in a few days for the above destination.

For New York.
The A.L. English-built ship Charles J. Parker; Young master, is engaged to be despatched in February, and has still room for freight.

Notice.
The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated Brandy marked 'JULIA ROBIN & Co.' hereby caution the public...

WELLS BROMHAUS & Co.
Wool-Brokers, 173 Calle de las Piedras.
W&D, Aug 25, 1 y

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.
ALVAREZ AND RISSO,
994-Reconquista-994.

FOR MONTEVIDEO.
The Steamer 'TEVERE',
Capt. José Baribora.

Leaves every Monday and Thursday, and returns every Thursday and Sunday.

FOR SALTO.
Calling at Martin Garcia, Higuera, Soriano, Mercedes, Fray Bentos, Gualeguaychu, Concepcion, Paysandu, and Concordia.

Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer 'MERCEDES',
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FARES:
Montevideo, per ton, 4 pats.
Martin Garcia, 4 "
Higuera, 6 "
Fray Bentos, 8 "
Gualeguaychu, 9 "
Soriano and Mercedes, 11 "
Concepcion, 10 "
Paysandu, 12 "
Concordia and Salto, 18 "

Freights:
Montevideo, per ton, 4 pats.
Ports in the Uruguay, do. do.: 0 pats.; gold, 1/2 per cent.; silver, 1/2 per cent.

Calling at all the ports in the Uruguay, the Argentine Steamer URUGUAY, Capt. D. Ramon G. Panasco.

Calling at all the ports in the Uruguay, the National Steamer URUGUAY, Leaves every Thursday at 10 in the morning and returns every Monday.

FOR SALTO.
Calling at all the ports in the Uruguay, the National Steamer URUGUAY, Leaves every Thursday at 10 in the morning and returns every Monday.

FOR HAVRE.
The French ship 'Ile de Vilaine', 313 L.I.L., 360 tons, Burigon, master.

The French ship 'Fenelon', 313 L.I.L., 1081 tons, Goussin, master.

The French ship 'St. Pierre', A.I., 775, Demalmar, master.

The French ship 'Racine', A.I., 467 tons, Grenier, master.

The French ship 'Bison', A.I., 335 tons, Ferret, master.

The French ship 'Splendide', A.I., 189 tons, L. Buche, master.

French ship 'Eduardo', A.I., 374 tons, Pepion, master.

French ship 'Alfreda', A.I., 356 tons, Mcronie, master.

The French ship 'Erastine', A.I., 277 tons, Hirari, master.

The Italian ship 'Marta Maria Maggio', A.I., 369 tons, Maggio, master.

Dutch brig 'Diana', 287 tons, Masdorp, master.

OSTEO OIDON
PATENT, MARSH'S, 1862.

Messrs. GABRIEL'S invention for supplying Artificial Teeth with soft flexible gum...

RICHARD GARRY & SON,
LONDON.

SUFFOLK ENGLAND.
Dog to inform their friends in the Colony, that they are in a position to supply their Colonies.

PORTABLE & TRACTION STEAM ENGINE.
STEAM PLOUGH AND UTILITY.

FOR INDIA.
W. & A. GIBBS & CO.

TUPPER & Co's GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON AND PATENT TILES.

CAUTION.
In order to protect the Public, all Tupper & Co's manufactures are marked.

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Subscription to the "Standard" ...
TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1865.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

LIST OF PASSENGERS PER MESSY.
From Southampton—Mr. F. Fair, Mrs. Fair, and female servant, Dr. Fair, Dr. F. B. Claude, Mr. F. Williams.
From Rio for B. Ayres—Dr. C. Perrelli, Mr. W. L. Jordau, Mr. J. Alves de Arango, Mr. Jose Gonsalves de Moraes, and man servant, Mme. Clotilde Boráino, Colonel H. Fisher (U.S.S.) and man servant, G. Bologna, V. Petit Rivera, and 4 deck passengers. Total 26.
Three steamers left Rio for Montevideo, with 1500 troops on the 6th.

There is no political news of importance, and except some catastrophes attended with great loss of life, we may consider the accounts from home very favorable. In a rapid glance through the latest files we find the following items.

During the recess of Parliament, the members are addressing their constituents and Lord Palmerston recently presided at a Working Men's festival at Bomey. The Hon. Mr. Stanley (son of Lord Stanley of Alderley) on his return from a tour in the U. States, delivered a lecture at Maclesfield strongly supporting the North in a war which he says will effect the abolition of slavery. The recent successes of the Northern arms had animated their friends in G. Britain, and the "Morning Star" is sanguine of the triumph of the Union. Capt. Corbett of the Confederate cruiser Sea-King has been arrested at Liverpool by order of Government, he being a British subject serving, and enlisting others, for a foreign power.

The new Exchange was inaugurated at Birmingham on the 2nd of January. Her Majesty distributed gifts to the poor of Windsor on New Year's day; the birthday of Prince Christian Edward (son of the prince of Wales) was celebrated in that town with great rejoicings.

The Fathers of the Brompton Oratory have been made the subject of much noise and very severe comments, about a girl, 16 years of age, of respectable family who was induced without her mother's knowledge to enter a "home for incorrigibles."

The loss of H.M.S. Racehorse was announced by the China mails. She ran on a reef and the boats getting swamped, only six officers and three men were saved out of a crew numbering 198. This accident occurring about the same time and with equal loss of life as the Bombay is a strange coincidence: the latter catastrophe could not be known in England before January 17th.

The prize-fight at last came off at Brighton, the authorities using every effort to prevent such disgraceful encounters: Womball was declared winner of the Champion belt.

Three terrible accidents occurred at Dundee, Glasgow and Wigan: in the first 19 people were crushed to death, by a "lark" at a public lecture. The second accident on the Clyde resulted in the drowning of 17 persons, and 8 lives were lost in the explosion at Wigan.

The criminal calendar contains an extraordinary case against a waiting woman in Windsor Castle, who robbed her mistress Lady Phipps of an Indian shawl, a present from her Majesty, and other valuable property. The murderer Brown was hanged at the Gaol, Liverpool, in presence of 4000 persons.

Spain's Montevideo Loan had been repaid to 25 per cent. A letter was sent to the editor of the "Times" (who is Argentine Consul) explaining why he never speaks of it in all the other London

The Irish National Association, under the Bishop's and leading men of Ireland, was inaugurated at a great meeting in the Rotunda, Dublin, the Lord Mayor being in the chair. The objects of the Association are, "to abolish the endowment of the Protestant church (£580,000 per annum), which by last census only represented one-seventh of the population; to procure tenant-right, or compensation to tenant-farmers for their improvements; to insist on a free system of public education, as in England and Scotland."

At the installation of the new Lord Mayor, the Conservatives refused to pass the usual formal vote of thanks to Mr. M'Sweeney for having assisted, at laying the O'Connell Monument, and presided at the above meeting. The correspondent of the "Morning Herald" says, "this bigotry, on their part, may lead to the total exclusion henceforward of Protestant Lord Mayors, the Catholics being always as 40 to 20 in the Municipal Council. The new Lord Mayor, Mr. Barrington, is a member of the Society of Friends; his Lordship was inducted with extraordinary pomp."

Judge Ball has resigned, and the Hon. Thomas O'Hagan will succeed him. Sergeant Sullivan stands for the borough of Tralee, on the promotion of Mr. O'Hagan.

The Irish and Scotch papers speak very favorably of the grand Echezaray land-grant in the province of Cordoba, which it is hoped may be realized as an Emigration scheme.

We find nothing all out the rumored chances of war between U. States and G. Britain, or the arrangement between the cabinets of St. James and Rio Janeiro, which have been currently spoken of in this city (Buenos Aires) since arrival of the mail.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The speeches at the Emperor's levee on New Year's Day, although short, are made the matter for much comment. His Majesty laid great emphasis on the words "peace, union, and order". The Archbishop of Paris presented a most flattering address, but the Archbishop of Cambrai has declared the hostility of the ultramontane clergy to the imperial policy respecting Rome. The Minister of Worship prohibited the publication of the Pope's last encyclical letter, and the bishop of Moulins has been arraigned for disobedience to the mandate. Prince Napoleon has been named Vice-president of the privy-council, which is interpreted as a counterpoise to the influence of the Empress, and injurious to Papal interest. The Emperor, accompanied by Marshal MacMahon, is about to visit Algiers, and during his absence the Empress will remain at Nice.

The Sleswig-Holstein difficulty is not yet solved. The Prussian Minister, in an official circular, has snubbed all the small powers of Germany, and the king received several petitions from his subjects, praying the annexation of the Duchies. The King sent a present of a magnificent Christmas tree to the children of the Emperor of Austria.

The king of Italy has succeeded in raising 150 millions francs (£6 million sterling) on the crown domains. General Marmora continues Minister of War until the removal of the capital to Florence, which will take place in May.

The relations between France and the Pope are getting cool. The Russian ambassador assisted, with the corps diplomatique at the reception in the Vatican, but the Emperor of Russia has written to the emperor to Napoleon that he will join him in resisting the pretensions of the Pope's last circular. The canonization of 19 missionaries murdered in Borneo, in 1572, was celebrated at Rowe.

We have dates from Madrid to the 11th ult. Queen Cristina is still in that city. Marshal Narvaez has resolved that Spain shall abandon Santo Domingo, the annexation of which has already cost 2½ millions sterling, and 15,000 troops. Narvaez also intends to recognise the kingdom of Italy. The celebrated Fontanellas case at Barcelona has been decided the dual claimant (formerly aide-de-camp to General Urquiza) being condemned to 2 years imprisonment, and his witnesses sent to the galleys. The Infante Don Enrique has received permission to return from the Canary Islands.

Latest advices from Lisbon mention the opening of the Cortes, and intended departure of three Portuguese war-steamers for the River Plata.

The Turkish Government has granted a concession of railway from Jaffa to Jerusalem: the line from Varna to Routhouk is almost finished. The departure of the British Minister for Alexandria seemed to indicate new complications about the Isthmus of Suez.

The treaty with Japan stipulates 18 millions of francs (£720,000) to be paid as indemnity to the European powers, and permission to open a port in the interior sea.

TELEGRAMS.

Paris, January 13.
Russia strenuously opposes the annexation of the Duchies. The students in Naples burned the Pope's encyclical letter in the Plaza. Austria has inquired what Prussia will do if the former be attacked by Italy.

LATEST FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Telegrams from New York, 31st December, were received at Lisbon as follows:—Secretary Seward has replied to Brazil about the Florida. Capt. Collins of the Wauchussets is dismissed and summoned before court-martial. The American Consul at Bahia is dismissed, the crew of the Florida set at liberty, and a salute will be fired to the Brazilian flag.

Another telegram, January 1st, states the Northerners have abandoned the attack on Wilmington, and retired to Fort Monroe. Telegrams from New York, January 1st, were also received in London, announcing the retreat of General Butler from before Fort Fisher to Fort Monroe.

Congress by 102 votes to 2, condemned Secretary Seward's explanation about the American policy towards Mexico. It was expected Seward would resign. The Confederate Congress is discussing a proposal to offer peace to the North.

BRAZIL.

The Government has called out 14,795 National Guards for frontier service, and to invade Paraguay. Sr. Blanco took the post of President at Pernambuco on the 25th ult. The capture of Paysandu was celebrated at Bahia with great rejoicing. Three steamers conveyed 1500 men from Rio, who have since arrived at Montevideo, and 2,500 more were ready to embark.

AMERICA.

FALL OF SAVANNAH.

ATTACK OF WILMINGTON.
The Royal Mail steam ship Cuba, from New York on the 29th ult., arrived at Queenstown at 3.30 p. m. on the 7th inst. She brings 64 passengers and \$448,600 in specie. She landed 76 sacks of mails and five passengers, and proceeded for Liverpool at four p. m. The Cuba has made the passage in nine days.

New York, Dec. 28.
It is officially announced that General Sherman occupied Savannah on the 22d inst., capturing 150 guns, 30,000 bales of cotton, and 800 prisoners.

Hardee escaped with the main body of his army by crossing the river to Union Causeway, opposite the city, after destroying the iron-clads and Navy Yard. 20,000 inhabitants remained in the city.

Correspondents state that Sherman, having captured Fort Lee and several outworks, demanded the surrender of Savannah on the 21st, stating that if refused, he would take no prisoners. Hardee refused to surrender, and escaped during the night.

Despatches from Beauregard, to the 24th inst., state that Hardee reports that a Federal force of infantry, artillery, and cavalry, was moving from Savannah towards the Altamaha River. Hardee had made dispositions to check their advance. Their object is supposed to be to destroy the Savannah and Albany Gulf Railroad. The cotton captured at Savannah is believed to belong to foreign owners.

Grant reports that the Richmond papers state that the Federal fleet, numbering upwards of 50 vessels, including 12 monitors and several armed frigates, furiously attacked Fort Fisher below Wilmington at one o'clock on the 24th inst., firing on an average 30 shots per minute until night. The attack was renewed on Sunday morning, and was furious and continuous. The fort replied to the enemy's fire

slowly and deliberately. The enemy, under cover of a heavy fire, landed three brigades two and a half miles above Fort Fisher, and a smaller force immediately engaged them. At night the enemy held the ground.

Later on Sunday night the enemy's infantry attacked Fort Fisher, but were repulsed with considerable loss.

The Southern papers state that the enemy having effected a lodgment above Fort Fisher is a serious matter. It will cost double the force to dislodge him that would have prevented his landing.

General Thomas continues a vigorous pursuit of Hood. His advance was 20 miles south of Columbia on Sunday. Hood on Saturday was 20 miles north of the Tennessee River, having abandoned his means of transportation to save his pontoons. One pursuing Federal brigade had been repulsed by Hood's forces, and one gun was captured.

Nashville dispatches assert that the high state of the river would impede Hood crossing the Tennessee.

The Richmond papers claim Breckenridge had defeated the Federals in several encounters in Western Virginia. The Federals are retiring towards Tennessee.

A portion of Lee's forces has left Grant's front for an unknown point of the Federal column.

A Federal column has left Snifolk, marching toward Weldon.

Lee reports that a division of his cavalry under Custer had advanced up the Shenandoah Valley. Two divisions under Torbett moved through Chester Gap. Rosser drove Custer back near Harrisonburg. Lomax repulsed Torbett near Gordonsville, and pursued him.

The Federals have been repulsed at Fort Branch, on the Roanoke River. The Federals have renewed the attack but the results is unknown.

The Richmond press declare that, come what may, the Southern cause must be upheld.

Five of the St. Alban's raiders have been arrested, and are confined in the Montreal gaol. Three of them had enlisted in New Hampshire, and were captured by the Federal authorities. The Kangaroo has arrived out.

New York, Dec. 28 Evening.

The Associated Press announced this afternoon that Admiral Porter and General Butler's expedition have withdrawn from Wilmington and arrived near Fort Monroe. The Government afterwards ordered the withdrawal of the dispatch, and announced that only one vessel had returned to Fort Monroe bringing a report that a powder ship exploded on Saturday within 300 yards of Fort Fisher.

Admiral Porter bombarded Fort Fisher on Sunday, driving the Confederates into their bombproofs, and silencing their fire.

A detachment of troops landed on Sunday, and pushed up to the fort, some entering the works and capturing a flag: The bombardment continued on Monday.

A Federal gun boat captured and brought off a company of North Carolina troops in the outworks.]

Gold advanced to 224½, in consequence of the reported return of the Wilmington expedition; and has since receded to 220½.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Money easy. Gold declined yesterday to 214, and has since advanced to 216½. Exchange on London, 238.

Per the Cuba, via Crookharén.

New York, Dec. 28 Twelve Noon.
Hardee evacuated Savannah with his army and artillery on the 20th. Sherman captured the city next day; he captured 25,000 bales of cotton, 150 guns, 199 cars, 3 small steamers, and a large amount of ammunition. Hardee blew up the iron-clads and navy yard. He crossed his force at the Union Causeway, on the Savannah River, and now holds the line of the Savannah.

Sherman sent a force to destroy the Savannah, Albany, and Gulf Railway, which Hardee will oppose. The next movement of Sherman will be against Augusta or Branchville.

The cotton captured is believed to be owned by foreigners. Twenty thousand citizens were in Savannah when captured. The "Republican" recommends them to give no ground for harsh treatment; it does not believe Sherman will expel them.

Beauregard and Hardee will now unite their forces.

The "Herald" believing that the cotton captured is a lawful prize, recommends its immediate shipment to England in exchange for gold. The value is £8,000,000.

The Northern journals all regret Hardee's escape, but otherwise regard the capture of Savannah as a great success. The "World" hopes the victory will open the way to peace, but doubts that the Confederates would accept an amnesty. The Confederates, it says, can better sustain the loss of their seaboard cities now than at any former period of the war. The "News" regards the capture as a brilliant achievement; but otherwise worthless. The "Times" believes it will prove a heavy blow to the great rebellion. The "Herald" says only Lee's army remains—destroy that, and the rebellion is no more. The comments of the Richmond press have not been received, but the "Whig" as if anticipating the capture, says, "Come what may, the cause must be upheld." The "Despatch" says, "Even were Charleston, Mobile, and Richmond captured, the war would not cease. The capture of Savannah will be merely a change of base, threatening the interior from the ocean, instead of from the mountains."

An official report says that 4000 buildings were burnt by Sherman in Atlanta.

The Julia, Fox, Blenheim, and Let Her Be have arrived safely at Nassau. The Era has been wrecked near Wilmington.

The "Richmond Examiner" says the receipt of cotton by the Washington Government in exchange for clothing is legally and technically an end of the blockade.

The threatened advance upon Mobile has paused. The Federals were driven from Pollard on the Great Northern Railroad, but not until the Government buildings were burnt.

Price is re-organising his forces, which number 33,000 men.

The family of General Preston were refused a landing from the Africa.

General Lee telegraphs that an advance by Sherman towards Gordonsville has been driven back. A cavalry detachment from Sheridan's army was sent up on the 17th. Efforts are being made to secure a further exchange of prisoners.

The "World" is warning the Government against foreign intervention, which it regards as inevitable.

James W. Wallack, the veteran actor, is dead.

The assault upon Fort Fisher opened all Saturday. Three hundred tons of powder were also exploded outside the fort. Butler landed three brigades two miles and a half above the fort, cutting off communication with the city. He assaulted the fort, late on Saturday night, and was driven back to his position, which is an important one. General Lee dispatched troops to Wilmington last week, and it is believed that these forces will be sent from the city to dislodge Butler.

An expedition from Suffolk against Weldon is reported, and another towards Fort Branch in Roanoke River. The latter is reported defeated.

A heavy shock, similar to an earthquake, was felt at Newbern on Friday. It is reported that Grant has asked permission to conduct the war from Washington, but that Lincoln declined Lee has erected new works north of the James.

Saltillo is reported captured.

The headquarters of Thomas are at Pulaski. Hood is reported moving on Bainbridge to avoid a flank movement.

Another raider has been arrested at Toronto, and three more at Concord, New Hampshire. Those arrested in Canada were to be tried yesterday. The bankers and business men of Montreal have issued an address deploring the release of the raiders.

The "Times" to-day warns the public against too sanguine expectations from recent operations.

Mexican advices report Juarez organising another army. The commercial classes were generally in favour of the Empire, as the only means of affording security to life and property. Trade at Matamoras was brisk: within

a week 10,000 bales of cotton were exported.

Panama advices report the sending of the Salvador captors to California, the Columbian authorities refusing their transit across the isthmus. The Congress of the South American Republics have agreed, it is said, to espouse the cause of Peru in her quarrel with Spain.

Gold opened at 210 under the Savannah news, but closed at 217. Sterling Exchange, 93.

Cotton opened at 112 and closed at 115.

VERY LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

ARRIVAL OF PARANHOS AND THE ARGENTINE SQUADRON.

Feb. 11th, 4 p.m.
At 2 o'clock p.m. the Argentine squadron entered port and anchored inside close to the Cerro, the Guardia Nacional, Pampero, and two others.

Paranhos was saluted by the Brazilian fleet, and has gone out to Buschental's quinta, which the Government troops are preparing to attack in the night, so as to hang Paranhos in the Plaza.

The Flying-fish leaves to-night for Buenos Ayres; her mail closes at six p.m.

Gold 6 per cent. Money easy. Confidence oozing.

Mena Barretto, reported to be dead, is alive and well.

Sugar, bread, &c., rising. American Marias gone on board again.

The American man-of-war Onward landed twenty marines on Thursday; they are stationed at the American Consulate to be ready at any moment to turn out and fire upon any who attempt to sack the town.

Fifty British marines are in readiness to be landed a moment's warning, but they are kept on board until the time of danger arrives.

Mr. Lafont's capataz shot a man named Brago through the heart accidentally whilst practising with a new revolver.

Standard Office, Feb. 11.

Now that the greater part of the small retail traders of Montevideo have closed their shop doors—now that the wharves are no longer crowded with families eager to fly the impending danger, but on the contrary see on their steps parties who are returning to the city after their short but expensive emigration—now that the streets of this but short time back busy city resemble those of a city desolated by the plague, rather than those of a flourishing port—now begin again the underhand, political intrigues, now there is a renewal of uncertainty touching what is about to take place, the delay accorded for the embarkment of those who desire to withdraw from the place is attributed to various causes. Some steadily maintain that the Brazilians are not in a condition to attack, and that they are waiting for further reinforcements from Rio; these persons go so far as to state positively that at a dinner given the other day by the Brazilian to the British and French Admirals, the last one expressed his opinion the Brazilians should take the town without delay, to which Tamandare answered that he could not do so yet as he was expecting the reinforcements which he had sent for, and demanded in his turn the reason for giving the counsel, and he was answered that the packet might bring instructions that would hinder his operations. If this be true it may well be said that walls, even wooden ones, have ears. Others are inclined to attribute the delay to certain political manoeuvres at work among influential men, one party using its influence to bring about an arrangement, another straining every nerve to induce the President to resist to the last, and trust everything to the chances of war. Whatever may be going on in certain circles, there is assuredly something with which the public at large, both native and foreign is not acquainted with; that the suspension of operations has a most prejudicial effect upon commercial operations there can be no doubt; the truce, for such it has every appearance of being, completely paralyses them, no one can make bold to say in what it will end, and consequently people's minds are in greater suspense than ever. Many hold that the object in view is to give time for desertions from

the garrison, &c., but it evidently gives time also for more complete preparations for defence. The Tevere did not leave for Buenos Ayres on the 16th, having only 5 passengers! The 'Pais' of the 11th has a leading article calling upon the Government to abandon the too moderate line of conduct it is pursuing in the face of the throats of the enemy and the conspiracy of the naval commanders and diplomatic agents!

Nin Reyes and Coriolano Marquez have been arrested and sent to the 'Mount': the same paper tells us for a 'subversive conspiracy against the Government.' The United States' corvette Onward, has landed some twenty or thirty men, who are at the United States' Consulate.

Mena Barreto is said to have died at the 'Union.' Two United States' men-of-war are expected.

On the evening of the 10th, the moment the eight o'clock gun fired, there broke forth a general fire of musketry and cannon on the lines. Some poor females who were in the street at the time were dreadfully alarmed, not being aware that it was merely a 'sham fight.' The effect, in contrast with the bright moonlight and placid sky, was to bring more fully home to the heart the wicked impotence of man compared with the sublime serenity of Nature. On the eastern side of Rat Island there is lying a little fleet of boats: we are told that many unfortunate families are on board.

The Brazilian Minister, Mr. Paranhos, is said to be Buschenthal's quinta. A local paper says, that he may find that not even ministers are safe from Oriental lances.

The prices of provisions at the 'Mount' and the 'Buceo' are said to be very high. For instance—Sugar, 32 cents, coffee \$60, rice \$18; Paraguay yerba \$1 per lb.

The 'Pais' of the 11th takes up the remark of the 'Reforma' of the 10th, and answers "that the editor of the 'Pais' is poor, has no printing press of his own, does not think of going, &c., but that those who have gone are Calvo, his brother-in-law, Seto, editor of the 'Reforma,' Juanicó, their great friend and councillor, Estrazulas, their former idol: that if [the 'Reforma'] printing property is under a foreign name, and that not content with all this, they have cunningly whitewashed the front of their establishment, thereby rendering invisible the profuse lettering thereon." There are also articles alluding to persons without naming them, who are designated as 'pasteles' and old intriguers, and strongly urging the President to send these packing, to give no ear to any counsel that has a tendency other than to resist to the last; that the Paraguayans are coming with 30,000 men; that the Argentine Republic is on the eve of a revolution; that Entre Rios and Corrientes will rise in favor of the Oriental Republic; that persons worthy of trust have 'counted' the Brazilian infantry, and that there are but 3,200 of them; that Brazilian gold is at work paying spies and traitors; that they are weak, and obliged to raise a recruiting flag; that the Government must take strong and decisive measures; that a perfectly legal line of conduct is very well in peaceable and ordinary times, but completely out of keeping now that the city is in a state of siege.

Having thus endeavored to give our readers an idea of the state of things and opinion in Montevideo, perhaps they will agree with us in thinking that 'something not known out of certain 'cliques' is in contemplation; what that "something" is time will perhaps tell us.

Montevideo at 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning; as we entered the harbour we descried a Brazilian gunboat which had left Buenos Ayres a few hours before us, steaming along the coast with a small schooner in tow, which we learned was laden with shells and grenades. We passed under full pressure until abreast of the Nitheroy, admiral Tamandaré's flag-ship, here we slackened speed, and as we came up, by her stern, the band on board the Nitheroy struck up "God save the Queen." We stood uncovered as we passed, in recognition of the compliment which the Brazilians paid. The morning was beautiful, shaded by the awning from the rays of the sun, we inhaled the breeze from the south Atlantic as we gazed on the lovely harbour of Montevideo. It is difficult to do justice to the beautiful scenery which meets the eye on the approach to Montevideo from Buenos Ayres. It is neither European nor American. There are no bold cliffs or dashing surge to remind one of home, still less is the eye offended with that long dull beach so characteristic of South America. Even almost to the water's edge is the light green vegetation of a virgin soil, whilst the rounded outline of the Cerro with its white-washed houses studding the hill, its gloomy and neglected fortress on the crest, its smoky saladeros at the foot, facing the beautiful city of Montevideo, whose spires point up to a Heaven which seems to have cursed it, form indeed a picture probably unequalled in South America. As we entered the harbor we passed through the line of the blockading squadron, which stretches from the foot of the Cerro, opposite Cibii's saladero, to a point almost in front of the Buceo. Eleven gunboats blockade Montevideo, and still further out, hardly visible to the naked eye, is the sentinel gunboat, which warns off, by repeated discharges of blank cartridge, all European vessels, which either through ignorance or design attempt to approach the doomed city. On we go, however, responding every moment to signals from the other British war vessels, until we come almost within rifle range of the shore. The British gunboats, Sharpshooter and Dotorell, are busy in the harbor, the former towing out the 'Homeward bound,' and another English vessel. The latter taking on board panic-stricken Argentines, who have the good fortune to call the abused Mr. Lettsom their Consul. Behind us is the Stromboli, freighted with a promiscuous cargo of unfortunates, who avail themselves of British generosity, in the shape of a free trip to Buenos Ayres. The French and Spanish war-steamer, Decidé and Wadras, are more like emigrant vessels than war-steamer; their decks are crowded with women and children, who are fleeing for safety to the Buceo. Suddenly we are startled by the booming of a gun in the offing: it is a Brazilian chasing away a daring little craft, which has come from the Uruguay with a cargo of wool and hides. The Dotorell at last steams out for the Buceo, and attempts at the same time to tow out the steamer Flying Fish, but the hawser cuts and she is left to her fate. The trip of the Dotorell to the Buceo will form the subject of our second letter.

All the small craft of Montevideo is anchored off Rat Island, a few foreign vessels still remain inside the blockading line, but they are busy taking on board a heterogeneous cargo of gold watches and dry hides, pianos and account books &c. The mole of Montevideo is bending under the weight of goods and emigrants, and the boatmen although flying to and fro, day and night, are hardly able for the task. The news which we get from shore is of the most gloomy character: Minister Carreras has published a decree giving permission to every family to leave, intimating his determination to blow up the city rather than surrender to Buenos Ayres, and Imitating Lord Byron, thrown himself into the doomed city to help in its defence. Great joy reigns in the Government house, great sorrow surrounds it, some are weeping on the mole-head, flying the homes of their children, others shouting vivas in the fort, and firing off rockets in the streets. On the hill tops behind the city are bands of gauchos and army waggons belonging to Flores, further

out are Brazilian regiments living on the fat of the land, and heedless of the awful hour which is approaching. It is in vain that we attempt to indite our first impressions on this sad occasion, we can only hope to give our readers a few facts. Let him who is callous to every noble sentiment of the human heart mock our feelings and deprecate our regret, but sure as there is a God in Heaven the hour of retribution will yet arrive, and the authors of all this misery and sorrow will meet with thereward which they merit.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The flood of news from Europe, U. States and Montevideo has almost overpowered us, and we hardly know where to begin.

The Mersey did not arrive on Sunday, but we received the English papers by the Tevere, and our supplements not arriving, we supplied the Club with latest dates.

Capt. Carlewis came into port yesterday morning: the packet brings only £1,400 in specie.

The fall of Savannah is questioned by some of our colleagues, but we publish the full particulars from the 'Morning Herald,' January 9th: the cotton taken by Sherman is valued at eight millions sterling (query dollars).

The rumor gains ground that peace is made or about to be made at Montevideo: some say that the place will surrender to Flores on Wednesday, 15th inst., others that Brazil and Paraguay have mutually agreed to withdraw from the quarrel; but it seems undoubted that the bombardment is postponed till Tuesday 21st inst. Tuesday is reputed an unlucky day.

The force (1500) just arrived at Montevideo consists of policemen from Rio Janeiro, who are intended to keep order, when the Brazilians take the place.

We have received three letters from our brother-editor at the seat of war, the first of which appears to-day. Also a correspondence from the 'Standard' agent in Montevideo.

News from Brazil shows that only 14,000 National Guards are called out, and the army, according to the Rio papers, being only 25,000, the land forces of the Empire will be unable to face those of Paraguay.

A shocking tragedy was enacted on Sunday in Calle Buen Orden: a Basque stabbed his wife, as he thought, mortally, and then killed himself, but it is thought the woman will recover.

There will be a supplemental mail to-day, per Tevere, for the French packet, which will enable the merchants to answer their letters.

Count Vianna de Lima, late Brazilian Minister in Paraguay, left by the Saintonge for Rio.

The editor of the 'Tribuna' left for Montevideo on Sunday evening.

The evening papers report a revolution in Montevideo, which our correspondent mentions also in another column.

We have received a long report of the British Hospital meeting, which we will gladly publish as requested—to-morrow if possible.

The Scotch bell-ringers performed on Saturday and Sunday evening at Colon: the public quite enchanted.

We are glad to see the names of some old residents among the passengers per Mersey, and hope they intend to remain here permanently.

Our new correspondent from England sends us two interesting letters, which we will publish to-morrow. We regret that our Irish correspondent has forgotten us these two months, but we expect, on receipt of our letter to him, that he will resume his pen [perhaps next month.]

ON CHANGE.

	Feb. 13th, 1865.
Doublings	417½
Sovereigns	127½
Patacons	29 10
Specie had a downward tendency to-day, opening at 26 10, declining to 26 05, and closing at first price. Cash sales \$51,296, for Saturday 7000 at 26 15, and the end of the month 26 35. Sales on time show firmness; March 31st at 26 90, April 15th at 26 10, and 30th at 27 15.	
The news by the packet is discouraging for River Plate produce. The Mersey did not bring £80,000 in specie as was expected.	

National Bonds still rule at 36, whilst we read that the Montevideo loan in London is worth 63½.

COLON THEATRE

FUNCION DE LA CAMPANOLOGOS
180 Campanas 180.
El Martes 14 del corriente
1º parte
El primera acto de la Comedia nueva
Los Infelios.
Campanologos
1º La gran marcha de la opera Norma.
2º La Poika nueva titulada King Pippin.
1º parte
El segundo acto de la comedia Campanologos
1º El loro de Gitano y avia de azucena de la opera Trovatore.
2º La fantasia Chinesca compuesta por el Director de los Campanologos
3º parte
El ultimo acto de la comedia.

SHIPPING LIST

TAY AND UPTON
FOR NEW YORK.
The new National bark Juan F. Pearson, has most of her cargo engaged and will have quick despatch. Consignees, Messrs. Samuel B. Hale and Co.
The A.I. British ship Chas. J. Raker guaranteed to be despatched this month. Consignees, Messrs. Barth & Folck.
British barque Frank has large engagements and will have quick despatch. Consignees, Messrs. Drysdale & Co.
The first class British barque Prima Donna, has a large portion of her cargo engaged. Consignees, Messrs. Zimmermann Fairs and Co.
The first class Swedish brig Hulda is loading rapidly and has still room for a few hides.
The first class British brig Nellie Hunt, has room for hides and bales. Consignees, Messrs. E. H. Folmar & Co.
FOR BOSTON.
The new National barque Enrique: the bulk of her cargo engaged and will meet with quick despatch. Consignees, Messrs. Samuel B. Hale and Co.
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS OF FREIGHT OR PASSAGE BY THE ABOVE VESSELS PLEASE APPLY TO THE CONSIGNEES OR TO
TAY & UPTON,
Ship Brokers,
39—Reconquista—39.
62. 1m 112

COLEGIO DE BUENOS AYRES.
102—Suipacha—162.
Enseñanza primaria y superior. Pupilos, medios Pupilos y Esternos.
ADOLFO G. DE GELDEREN,
Director.
NOTE.—English, French, German, Italian and Latin languages taught.
65. 3p 112

Relox Perdido.
No. 5144 fabricante, G. & M. Simons, London, relox ingles de dos tapis, escape de ancla espera blanca de esmalte. Se dara gratificacion a la persona que entregue en la imprenta del 'Standard'.
75. 3p. 114

Man and Wife want Employment.
The Man would take charge of sheep or make himself otherwise useful, and cook if necessary. The woman would act as general servant, cook, or house-keeper. Good references given.
Address B. B. 6ealle Cuyo.

Wanted.
A Peon to mind sheep, if steady &c. he will get sheep on shares after a year's service.
Apply at the 'Standard' office, or to Daniel C. Kelly, Pilar.
64. 6p d 3p w 114

Cosinero.
Se necesita un bueno en la Calle de Cangallo No. 154. Se prefiere que sea extranjero.
57. 1 f 12 3p.

Tutor.
Wanted by a German lately arrived a situation as above; he teaches French, English and Italian, no objection to the country. Apply to Mr. Mackern, calle San Martin No. 44.
58. 3p 112.

Wet Nurses.
A young (Irish) married woman, whose infant has died, would take a child to nurse in her own house.
Apply Wet-nurse at this office.
61. 3p 112

Wanted a Governess.
For the family of a very respectable Irish estanciero. Every accommodation and comfort provided: the children are three little girls. Salary £60 per annum. Apply Governess at this office.
31. 3p 111

Wanted.
A man and woman competent to take charge of a Dairy. Apply A.Z. 'Standard' office.
23. 9p 68

Wanted.
A young man to take care of two or three horses and make himself generally useful. English or German preferred. Apply at Calle San Martin No. 60.
22. 9p 17

Wanted Medianeros.
Required two Medianeros for the finest flocks in Entre Rios, excellent camps and good water, situated in the Department of Gualeguaychú.
Apply to 25 and 27 Calle Defensa.
145. 1m 32

An action led with castilian, English and Spanish. Reconquista 55.
39. 3p 112

The Stockmasters of the Banda Oriental to know, that the English Store in Montevideo, with its immense stocks, supply comestibles, and bebidas of a better quality and at a less price than any other firm in the city. Montevideo, 33 and 35 Calle 25 de Agosto. NEWHAM & CO., Proprietors. 1m. j19.

For Sale.
In calle Balcarce 305, a small house, between calle Estados Unidos and Europa with 3 rooms, cook-house, well under the corridor, and water closets. Apply at the house.
66. 1m 114

Two Rooms to Let.
At a Quinta near town.
Apply A. J. 'Standard' office.
38. 12p 19

To Let.
A commodious house, 269 calle Temple, on the Parque, with 6 rooms, kitchen, well, &c.
For further particulars apply at 156 Calle Charcas.
19. 6p 18

To Rent.
Various leagues of camp situated in the partidos of Pila Marchiquita and Azul: price from \$600 to \$2000 mje yearly per 100 square squares. For further particulars apply at 180 Calle Florida.
12, dx

Campo.
Se arrendan tres puestos con poblaciones y corrales a 6 leguas de Moron tambien se venden 1000 ovejias mestizas en el mismo campo; ocurren a la calle de la Defensa numero 269.
34. 1 f 8p.

On Sale.
On sale for \$160,000, a fine Quinta, five squares before the 11 Setiembre. Good buildings with seven rooms, flowers, fruit trees, etc.
Houses—Calle Chacabuco, Montevideo, S. Martin, Piedad, Reconquista, 25 de Mayo, Buen Orden, Parque, Suipacha, Independencia, Arenales, Rivadavia, Florida, Plaza del Retiro, Paseo Julio, &c., of different dimensions and prices.
A Quinta in Barracas with all commodities, very suitable for a rich English family.
A Chacra 14 squares, with houses, alfalfares, &c., in the bajo de San Francisco.
1 league of good Camp in Las Flores; cheap.
An Estancia in Entre-Rios, 1½ leagues, 6,000 sheep, cattle, mares, etc. Good buildings and chacra.
1 League of good camp in the partido de Navarro will be sold cheap.
An Estancia 39 square leagues, another one 24, provincia de Cordova.
Two Estancias in Rojas, 3 leagues. Right to 39 or 40 leagues of the best camps in Junin.
An Estancia ½ l. Guardia del Monte. Good large camps 4 l. from Baradero. Various lots in Villa de Mercedes. 22 leagues in Santa Fé.
Money given, with guarantee of public stocks.
629,000 are to be given on mortgage.
Public stocks and titles of the Foreign Debt are bought.
Office of D. Alejandro Cornac, Exchange Broker, 67 San Martin (altos) front of the Bolsa, from 3 to 4.
dl, X.

Splendid Business.
To be sold an Estancia on the banks of "Mocoreta" in Corrientes, 30 leagues from Concordia, of the following dimensions: 1½ league in fee simple and ½ league of Bañada. The land has the best grass, both for cattle and sheep, and has a fine estancia brick house with a tile roof, 4 rooms, best doors and windows, ranchos for peons, galpon for horses and sheep, 17 yards wide by 30 deep. Good corrals of handbay posts and a fine chacra. Also 300 cows, 3000 sheep, horses, &c. Parties can leave Buenos Ayres for Concordia take the diligencia there and arrive at the place in 2½ days. For further particulars at No. 163 calle San Martin.
166. 27 15p

For Sale.
British Brigantine "Lone Star," 208 tons register, dead weight capacity 375 tons, H. Kenclay, master; built in Jarmouth (N. S.) in 1864, Zined A1, for years; length of keel, 90 feet; beam, 25½ feet; depth, 12½; poof deck and house forward. When loaded as above draws from 13½ to 14 feet. For further particulars apply to master, on board, or to HENRY A. GREEN & Co., 85 Reconquista.
18. 12p 16

Sheep
For sale 800 superior mestiza sheep in the partido of Chascomus. For particulars apply to URIE & MUIR, 162 calle Defensa.
60. 6p 112

For Sale.
In the Partido Matanzas three flocks of sheep (about 6000) with houses, corrales, chacras, &c.; also a troop of horses and mares. For further particulars apply at this office.
39. 1m daw j10

For Sale Cheap.
A. Tilbury, strong well made and suitable for the camp or city, to be seen at 350 calle Peru.
53. 6p 112

To Barraqueros, Chacareros, &c.
For sale, a quantity of Tarpaulins of different sizes at No. 68 Calle de la Defensa.
25. 6p 19

To be sold by the end of the month or 2000 fine mestiza sheep. For particulars apply to Mr. Juan Estancia Flor de Ussal, calle Salto, where the Sheep can be seen on terms known.
39. 112

For Sale.
In the partido Matanzas three flocks of sheep (about 6000) with houses, corrales, chacras, &c.; also a troop of horses and mares. For further particulars apply at this office 39.
14. 112p 3p w

For Sale.
1500 Fine Mestiza Sheep. For particulars apply to George Fitzpatrick, camps de Echavaria, partido San Andres de Giles, cuartel 4º.
53. 6p d 2p w 112

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST
En su casa Calle Potosi No. 70
De muebles y articulos de carnaval El Jueves 16 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana, se han de rematar sin falta alguna, a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado: los muebles siguientes: 1 ropero de jacaranda hallado con espejo; fabrica francesa 1 biblioteca de id con cristales escritorio de id, cilindro frances, todo doblable por dentro, una butaca de id ferros de teps azul, 1 Ropero de caoba italiana 1 lavatorio hungaricos, 1 perchero de jacaranda cama francesa de boie de caoba, 1 docena sillas esterilla id mesa del centro con piedra marmol 1 lavatorio con tocador y piedra marmol id 2 camas francesas de bote para una persona 2 camas de fierro, sofases 1 aparador de guindó y otros muebles muebles pue estan a la vista.
En seguida
Pomitos de plomo con esencias grandes y chicas, carteras y pantufas perfumadas, guantes imitacion de cabritilla perfumados, imitacion de floras pantifas con estruendo y pomos de esencias imitacion de frescos de agua colonia huecos para confites cafeteras y otros articulos para producir engaño.

REMATE
POR
MARIANO BILLINGHURST
En su casa Calle Potosi No. 70
De muebles y utiles para el Carnaval El Miércoles 15 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, lo siguiente:
Camas de fierro con colchones; fi, de bote de caoba, sillas de esterilla, sofases, lamparas; aparador de guindó mesa del centro de caoba con marmol y otros utiles de una casa.
Al mismo tiempo.
Pomos de plomo con esencias ricas para el juego de Carnaval, uso del teatro, tertulias &c yemas imitadas con estruendo y esencias, pastillas, guantes perfumado imitacion de cabritilla, frascos de agua de colonia tejida inglesa y de imitacion tambien para chascos, pantallas perfumadas, carteras id, pantufas id y otros objetos que estan a la vista.
59. r f 10

REMATE
POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST
En la fabrica de carruajes, calle de Maipú num. 122.
El martes 14 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado los carruajes siguientes:
Dos volantes abiertas a la americana flamantes, como para campo y ciudad, una idem calesa con cristales flamantes, un milod flamante, un phaeton con lanza y varas, un milord usado, un leudo clarence usado, un omnibus break, como para campo alteroso, un break para campo.
Los carruajes nuevos son obra de la fabrica que los ofrece en venta, contruidos con toda solidez, sin separarse por eso de la elegancia y lijerez de los trenes.
50. f 8

"THE RIVER PLATE MAGAZINE"
Volume 1 of this work, bound in thin covers, is now on sale at Messrs. Mackern's at the reduced price of \$100 currency.
44. 6p. 13

Fencing Fails.
At the Armoury.
20—Calle Rivadavia—20.
51. 3p 112

Notice.
The undersigned has the honor to advise the public and his friends in particular that he has established a Confeiteria &c. cafe at No. 261 Calle Parque.
JAMES ORNERY
63 9p 112.

Ultima novedad.
Para el carnaval de 1865. Retratos estampillas para acompañar. Los regalos de carnaval. 1008 mje. el ciento de retratos. 60 idem el medio ciento. En la fotografia de Mayo, calle 25 de Mayo numero 25.
63. f 12 3p

Al mundo elegante;
En el almacén de Saubidet calle número 164, se acaban de traer unos pomitos de requisitos como el afamado perfumista de S. M. John Gosnell & Cia.
Como el carnaval se aproxima precio a que se van a las esencias es extraordinario se les avisa a los señores elegantes para que tiempo puzca la compra vender de muy barato.

SAVINGS BANK

BANK NAU AND CO.

No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of **Accumulative Currents** are now so generally felt and appreciated in the great Republic of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that they are very few the banks which do not have in the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of **NAU AND CO.** in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable opportunity for their savings.

The same opportunity is now being afforded in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lottery, and other frivolities.

The Bank of **NAU AND CO.** of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a **Savings Bank** at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from nine am till three pm on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten till Twelve pm, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

This bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositors permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of **NAU AND CO.** is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of the operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of **NAU AND CO.** are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1865.

P. P. Nau and Co. **WILLIAM LESLIE**

CONDITIONS.

- First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards.
- Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p c) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.
- Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
- Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.
- Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.



RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.

NAMES OF STEAMERS.

LA PLATA, PARANA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, UNA.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—

1st Class	£35
2nd "	£25
3rd "	£16

Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—

1st Class	£65
2nd "	£45
3rd "	£30

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.

H. A. GREEN & CO., 85 RECONQUISTA.

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL & R. PLATE STEAMERS

KEPLER,

Captain CARROLL,

Is expected in port about the 26th inst., and will be despatched for Liverpool, via Brazil and Lisbon, about eight days after her arrival here.

Cargo can now be engaged, and will be received on board the steamer the day of her arrival.

Apply in Liverpool to Messrs. Lamport and Holt, and in Buenos Ayres to Messrs. Darbyshire and Co., or to

JOHN P. BOYD & CO., Calle San Martin, No. 56.

Buenos Ayres, 6th February, 1865. 21. f. 6, 5 p

Sheep for Sale in Entre Rios.
For sale from 2 to 2500 st Mestiza Sheep in Entre Rios, Departamento de Gualeguaychú. The wool can be seen at Mr. Luis Sepmen's Barraca Defensa. Apply 25 and 27 Calle Defensa 146. 1m j, 22

To English Travellers.
Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city. Charges are most moderate.

Wines superb

Table d'Hotel on European style. Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.

HOTEL DE LA PAIX, (Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)

J 26.

Hungarian Wine.
Of the choicest and most approved qualities received from the most celebrated and important house in Hungary for sale in casks and cases only at

64—Calle Cuyo—64.

Hungarian Claret for export from 1858
Do Egri from the year 1852
Do Vilány " " " 1853
Do Budae " " " 1858
White Sombai " " " 1846
Do Badaesory " " " 1848
Do Nezmely " " " 1857
Do Bakator " " " 1874
Imperial Tokai Aszu " " " 1846
Do " " " " 1857
Do Menei Aszu " " " 1857

CAPRILE & PICASO.
64—Calle Cuyo—64.
Observation—The casks contain abundantly four Hungarian sko's, equal to fifty Imperial gallons.
In Montevideo for sale with Mr. B. Sheiner. 30. 10p f

COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital—£2,500,000 fully subscribed.
Agents for Buenos Ayres and the River Plate.

BRANDT SOHN, and CO., Calle de la Piedad, 208.

Jl. 1m

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
COLEGIO DE SANTA LUCIA.
Director—Mr. PÖNGERARD, of the University College of London.

First-rate Commercial education. Nothing but French and English spoken.

N.B.—Chapman's grounds and beautiful walks, on the bank of the Rio de San Pedro, in view of the English Cemetery.

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N.B.—Chapman's grounds and beautiful walks, on the bank of the Rio de San Pedro, in view of the English Cemetery.

On site of the French Bazaar, 44—Calle de la Florida—44
Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for mess and kitchen use. Dishes and Dining Rooms supplied.
All these goods are imported direct from the makers and manufactured expressly for ship's purposes.

155 FIXED PRICES d28, x

Notice.
We beg leave to notify to the mercantile community that we have opened a house in this city under the style of **Hayworth & Co.**, as General Commission Merchants, and that the business will be carried on pro. tem. by Mr. Balman, at No. 86 Calle Reconquista.

HEYWORTH, PEARCE & BALMAN, of Liverpool.

B. Ayres, Jan. 11, 1865. 142. x j22

The National Steamer
"ESTRELLA DEL NORTE."
Will leave the Tigre (las Conchas) for San Pedro every Wednesday and for San Nicolas and immediate Ports every Saturday, in connexion with the Northern Railroad.

The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at half past 10 am. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre. Tickets for the train are given at the Steamboat agency with the tickets for the Steamer. Passengers Luggage not to exceed 50lb—any excess will be charged for at the Station, and must be paid for before leaving the 25 de Mayo.

FARES.

Cabin.	Steerage.
S. Nicolas \$12	S. Nicolas \$6
Obligado \$12	Obligado \$6
L. Hermanas \$12	Las Hermanas \$6
Zarate \$4	Zarate \$2
Baradero \$6	Baradero \$4
San Pedro \$8	San Pedro \$4
Campaña \$4	Campaña \$3

This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 am and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon, arriving in Buenos Ayres by the train at 7.53 every Tuesday and Friday morning.

Parcels received in the Agency, Calle Cuyo No. 1.

"THE RIVER PLATE MAGAZINE,"
A Monthly Periodical of History, Sciences, Arts and Literature, 1865.

Subscriptions received at Messrs. Mackern's Library, Calle San Martin, and at the "Standard" office, Calle Belgrano.

Monthly subscription \$15 currency, or \$100 yearly, d21, x

GRAND TOBACCO EMPORIUM.
Snuff, Cigars, and Pipe Tobacco, From the French Imperial Manufactory.

In order to put a stop to the constant imitations of French tobacco, it has been decided to establish legitimate agencies in all foreign countries, official deposits duly authenticated of all articles made in the French Imperial manufactories. To this end arrangements have been made with Sres. Mateo Petit and Co., of Bordeaux, to act as agents for the Argentine and Uruguay Republics, who have recently opened their offices in Buenos Ayres at No. 1204 Calle San Martin, which said agency will be under the direction and management of Mr. FREDERICK PAULLIER.

The following is a list of the articles from the Imperial manufactories, which are on sale at the above-mentioned official deposit.

Superior French Snuff,
Virginie, Virginie haut gout,
Virginie and Amersfoort at 11f. 50c. per kilo,
Snuff, best quality, 9fr. 50c. per kilo
Pipe Tobacco, best Maryland,
Levant Latakia varinas, 11fr. 50c.
Tobacco, 1st class 9fr. 50c.
French Cigars 005 in France, 5 per cent.
Do 010 " 10 "
Do 015 " 18 "

All tobacco will be sold in packets of 50, 100, 200, and 500 grams.
French Cigars, those 005 in packages of 12 and 24, and those 010 and 015 es. in packages or boxes.
Sales made wholesale and retail for cash.

FREDERICK PAULLIER.
1204 Calle San Martin.
Buenos Ayres. 127. 1m, j21

Sheep.
Parties wishing to buy Sheep in the partidos of Ensenada or Magdalena can be recommended where to find free of commission, from 500 to 10,000 at from \$32 to \$45 ahead, by applying at the office of F. DONOVAN & Co., Wool Brokers, 84 Piedras. 20. 1m f7

Notice.
The house of Bertoulet, No. 50 Calle San Martin, has lately received an assorted lot of Arms and other articles appertaining to their trade, namely:—
Fowling pieces, Breach loaders, single and Barrel.
Rifled Revolvers, small and large size, Pocket Revolvers, 6, 10, and 12 shots.
Montecristo rifles, 6 and 9 superior quality, Saloon Pistols, Duelling and for the Pocket. Swords assorted. All these articles are of the best make and quality, and sold at the lowest prices.
10. 6p f5

Sewing Machines.
A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.
JOHN SHEAW,
119 204 Calle Venecuela.

Materia Prima
For Sale, at the Estancia de los Ingleses, in the Partido de Ajo, from 10 to 12,000 fine Mestiza Sheep, "al corte," in lots to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to Messrs. John Best & Bros., Calle Rivadavia 82, or to Messrs. Gibson Brothers, at said Estancia. 135. 1m, j21

TO CAMP PURCHASERS.
Just Received,
AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF GOODS
Suitable for Camp use (direct from the manufacturers) at lowest possible cash prices at

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT
OF BUENOS AYRES,
49 & 51—Calle Defensa—49 & 51.
CALBRAITH & HUNTER

INCLADORE'S AGENCIA DE LAS MENSAJERIAS CORREOS NACIONALES.
For Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Geronimo, Villavieja, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan.

Marchants and Passengers for the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from 127 Calle 25 de Mayo, to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there. Encomiendas, &c., will be received up to 6 o'clock the evening before the sailing of the steamers for Rosario, and all parcels from the Provinces will be delivered at No. 1, Calle Cuyo.

Buenos Ayres, January 17, 1865.

The following Parcels are on hand and the owners are requested to call for them, viz:—
Lynch & Yturburu, Federacio Olivencia, (2) Priora de las Catalinas, Manuel Ocampo, Mariano Molino, Benjamin Villegas, Luciano Augier, Marcos Paz, Santiago Zurrain & Co., Juan Robbio, Domingo Cordoba.
117. j18, 1m HENRY DOWSE.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE
64, 66 and 68 Calle Piedad,
(between San Martin and Reconquista.)
GENERAL CAMP STORE.
A large and well assorted stock of GROCERY, DRAPERY & IRONMONGERY.
T. FALTON
64, 66, & 68 CALLE PIEDAD.
N.B.—A large Stock of Ready-made clothing of every description.

AL OS ESTANCIEROS.
Cercos de hierro para rodeos, potreros corrales, chacaras etc.
Corrales portátiles con postes de hierro y tablas.
Mojeros de hierro.
Bederos de hierro para ovejas, hacienda vacuna y caballar.
Piletas de hierro batido y de hierro fundido para construcciones.
Maquinas de destilar alumbre.
Maquinas de cortar cardos, abrojos, y cepas de caballo; con esta maquina los Señores Estancieros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.
Maquinas de sacar agua de los jagüeles funcionando sin caballo, basta con un niño de diez ó doce años para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se trasporte con facilidad.
En la fabrica de **VAN DE VELDE Hermanos.**
B. Ayres, Calle Buen Orden No. 345.

Notice.
The undersigned begs to inform his friends and acquaintances that he has splendid accommodation for horses; anyone going to town can leave their horses with all confidence.
JOSE CRUZ SEIN,
Villa Luxan, Standard Agent.
N.B.—Green Alfalfa always on hand.
47. 1p d 2p w f10

Nuevas Mensajerias Nacionales.
Office removed to
223—CALLE VICTORIA—223.
Leaves for Villavieja daily.
Calle del Banco every day.
San Antonio de Arco, all uneven days.
Zarate, all even days.
Barridos, 4, 8, 12, 17, 21, 25, 29.
Returns from Plaza every day.
Calle del Banco every day.
Zarate, all uneven days.
Barridos, 4, 8, 12, 17, 21, 25, 29.
Condolencia and Obispo.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000.
Chief Offices;
QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS
LIVERPOOL.
Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,
Barbour, Barclay, and Co
CALLE CHACABUGO, 13.
Sept. 20.

DAY AND MARTIN'S
Real Japan Blacking.
97, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.
For affording Nourishment and Durability to the Leather (it is made Unimpaired).
SOLD BY ALL THE FIRST CLASS HOUSES IN THE COLONY.
In Bottles at 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. each.
D. & M. take the opportunity of cautioning purchasers against spurious imitations of their Manufacture and Labels.
Orders through Mercantile Houses.

"THE STANDARD"—Printed and Published every Morning at the "Standard" Printing Office, No. 74, Calle Belgrano, by the Proprietors and Editors, M. G. and E. T. MULLER.

FOREIGN AMATEUR RACES.

AUTUMN MEETING, 25th March, 1865
FIRST RACE, 12 Noon.
Light Weight Stakes—For native horses only. Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Three Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Weight, 125 lb.

SECOND RACE, 12 1/2 p.m.
Amateur Stakes—For native horses only. Entry, Five Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Half round. Weight, 145 lb.

THIRD RACE, 1 1/2 p.m.
Challenge Stakes—For all horses. Entry, Five Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Once and half round. Weight 140 lb.

FOURTH RACE, 3 p.m.
Trial Stakes—For all horses never having run at any public meeting. Entry, Six Hundred Dollars, with Six Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Weight, 145 lb.

FIFTH RACE, 3 1/2 p.m.
Criterion Stakes—For all horses. Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Four Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Weight, for age 3 years, 120 lb., 4 years 135, 5 years and aged 145.

SIXTH RACE, 4 1/2 p.m.
Champion Stakes—For all horses. Entry Five Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Two rounds. Weight, 140 lb.

SEVENTH RACE, 5 p.m.
Consolation Stakes—For beaten horses of the day. Entry, Two Hundred Dollars, with Two Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Catch weights.

Mares—Allowed 5 lb.
Winners, running the same distance, to carry extra weights, viz:—
Half-bred horses for once, 5lb: more than once 8lb.
Native horses for once, 3lb: more than once 5lb.

Horses subsequently beaten are absolved from the above penalty.
Riders admitted on the terms of programme, 1st November, 1864.
Entries to be made on the 13th of March, and Forfeits to be declared on or before the 20th of March next, at No. 7, Calle 25 de Mayo.
Horses may be run with or without plates.
English Jockey Costume to be strictly observed.

House Coal,
Of superior quality; on sale.
Apply at No. 56, Calle San Martin. 41. 49 6p

A New Lease of Life.
Dr. Radway's Pills have granted me a new lease of life. For fifteen years I have suffered with Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Indigestion. I have taken a cart-load of pills of different make, but the relief afforded by their operating was at the cost of severe suffering from Pills. It I stopped taking these pills one week, the old difficulty would trouble me. I at last struck a vein of gold, in Radway's Pills—the first dose acted so differently from all other pills, that I hoped for a cure—six boxes made a new man of me; I am completely cured. No straining, no piles, no weakness followed their use, I gained strength with their use. I have not taken any physis for over a year, and am as rugged, strong and hearty as a bear.
JAMES W. FOSTICK,
Clinton Town, Clinton Co; N. Y.

Rams—Rams—Rams.
The undersigned, in calling attention to his large and superior stock of Rams and Breeding Sheep, begs to inform his Friends in the Camp that he has on hand a splendid collection of animals from three hundred to five thousand Dollars, and is confident that each in its class will compare with anything in the province.
In the "Remoulet type" will be found some fine specimens of the pure blood, besides crossings from the "Merino," possessing the size, shape, and length of staple for which this class is so much admired.
In the "Negrette" he has also some beautiful animals of pure blood, as likewise the "Negrette" drawn from the "Rio Merino," a "Cria" remarkable for compact shape and close heavy wool.
In addition to the above he wishes to draw special attention to his celebrated Argentine breed, between the "Remoulet" and "Negrette" types, and which, after seven years' experience, he can truly recommend as combining so and shape with length and weight of wool—qualities so anxiously looked for by all experienced sheepfarmers, and which have given so much satisfaction to those who have already purchased of this class. In buying the above in half three-quarter, and pure blood, already acclimatized, there is an immense advantage, as Rams raised in this country are not so delicate and without the winter better than imported animals, besides being sold much cheaper, and only requiring ordinary care.
He can likewise supply the above in either, either picked or by the hundred, and wishes to remark that all have been in prime condition throughout the past summer.
PATRICK BOOKEY.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
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