



AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

No. 917 - Fourth Year.

BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1885.

Circulation 1,500.

MAUÁ BANK
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101-103.
INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

MAUÁ BANK,
CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101-103
The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building...

MONEY ORDERS.
Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the fifty-two branches of the NATIONAL BANK.

Dr. P. Bourse,
DENTIST,
OF NEW YORK.

Briton & Medical General (Incorporated with the United Kingdom) Life Assurance Association

Royal Insurance Company,
FIRE AND LIFE.
CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.
Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums...

GERMAN BURNMISTER,
Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,

COLEGIO ANGLO PORTEÑO,
Established in 1855,
205-MAYPU-205,

Notice to Subscribers.
We beg leave to announce to our subscribers and to the public in general...

THE GUARDIAN
FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000.

Should this meet the eye of HAROLD ARCHIBALD SMITH,
of Birkenhead, England, he is entreated by his sisters to write home...

LA PREVIDORA ARGENTINA.
Life Assurance and Saving Fund Association.
FOR THE UTILIZATION OF CAPITAL. LIFE ANNUITY, INHERITANCES, &c.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Miron Assunção, President.
Bernard Ocampo, Vice President.

Life Annuities.
Subscriptions to any of the sections, whether specie or currency may be made in bulk, or monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly.

Dr. P. Bourse,
DENTIST,
OF NEW YORK.

Briton & Medical General (Incorporated with the United Kingdom) Life Assurance Association

Royal Insurance Company,
FIRE AND LIFE.
CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.
Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums...

GERMAN BURNMISTER,
Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,

COLEGIO ANGLO PORTEÑO,
Established in 1855,
205-MAYPU-205,

Notice to Subscribers.
We beg leave to announce to our subscribers and to the public in general...

THE GUARDIAN
FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000.

Should this meet the eye of HAROLD ARCHIBALD SMITH,
of Birkenhead, England, he is entreated by his sisters to write home...

Table with columns: DIA, ESTACIONES, TRENES, SALIDAS, REGRESO. Rows include: DIA 12, DIA 13, DIA 14, DIA 15, DIA 16, DIA 17, DIA 18, DIA 19, DIA 20, DIA 21, DIA 22, DIA 23, DIA 24, DIA 25, DIA 26, DIA 27, DIA 28, DIA 29, DIA 30, DIA 31.

Table with columns: DIA, ESTACIONES, TRENES, SALIDAS, REGRESO. Rows include: DIA 1, DIA 2, DIA 3, DIA 4, DIA 5, DIA 6, DIA 7, DIA 8, DIA 9, DIA 10, DIA 11, DIA 12, DIA 13, DIA 14, DIA 15, DIA 16, DIA 17, DIA 18, DIA 19, DIA 20, DIA 21, DIA 22, DIA 23, DIA 24, DIA 25, DIA 26, DIA 27, DIA 28, DIA 29, DIA 30, DIA 31.

Table with columns: DIA, ESTACIONES, TRENES, SALIDAS, REGRESO. Rows include: DIA 1, DIA 2, DIA 3, DIA 4, DIA 5, DIA 6, DIA 7, DIA 8, DIA 9, DIA 10, DIA 11, DIA 12, DIA 13, DIA 14, DIA 15, DIA 16, DIA 17, DIA 18, DIA 19, DIA 20, DIA 21, DIA 22, DIA 23, DIA 24, DIA 25, DIA 26, DIA 27, DIA 28, DIA 29, DIA 30, DIA 31.

Table with columns: DIA, ESTACIONES, TRENES, SALIDAS, REGRESO. Rows include: DIA 1, DIA 2, DIA 3, DIA 4, DIA 5, DIA 6, DIA 7, DIA 8, DIA 9, DIA 10, DIA 11, DIA 12, DIA 13, DIA 14, DIA 15, DIA 16, DIA 17, DIA 18, DIA 19, DIA 20, DIA 21, DIA 22, DIA 23, DIA 24, DIA 25, DIA 26, DIA 27, DIA 28, DIA 29, DIA 30, DIA 31.

LA FAVORECIDA.
Line of Diligence between Buenos Ayres, Lobos, Saladillo, and Tapalquen.
Leaves Buenos Ayres for Lobos and Saladillo every Thursday.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.
ALVAREZ AND RISSO,
994-Reconquista-994.
FOR MONTEVIDEO,
The Steamer TEVERE,

Wool Broker.
The undersigned wishes to acquaint his friends and the public in general that he has commenced in the above line...

The Quinta del Sar,
Opposite Palermo, is to be sold by fractions.

DILIGENCIA PARA LOBOS DE 25 MAYO Y SALADILLO,
DE SABORIDO Y GAROIA
CON CARUAGES TIRADOS AL PECHO

FOR VALPARAISO.
The fine British barque "Ocean King" A.I. 12 years, will sail in a few days...

FOR NEW YORK.
The A 1 English-built ship Charles J. Parker; Young master, is engaged to be despatched in February...

Notice.
The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated Brandy marked "JULIUS ROBIN & Co" hereby caution the public...

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.
ALVAREZ AND RISSO,
994-Reconquista-994.
FOR MONTEVIDEO,
The Steamer TEVERE,

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

PREIGHTS:
Montevideo, per ton, 4 pats.
Ports in the Uruguay, do. do.: 9 pats; gold, 1/2 per cent; silver, 1/2 per cent.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

FOR SORIANO AND MERCEDES.
The Steamer MERCEDES,
Leaves every Thursday at 11 in the morning, and arrives every Monday at daybreak.

French ship 'Esperance,' A.I., 274 tons, Pepon, master.
Consignees, Messrs. Jolly and Mallett.

French ship 'Alfreda,' A.I., 356 tons, Merentie, master.
Consignees, H. Peltzer & Co.

FOR ANTWEEP.
Norwegian ship 'Thrudvang,' A.I., 399 tons, Captain J. Lie.
Consignees, Messrs. Wm. Bertran.

REMOVAL.
The Photographic Artists, MEEKS and KELSEY, have removed their Establishment to 74 CALLE BELGRANO...

Card pictures, per dozen in variety \$50
Half-a-dozen 30
Life-size portraits, with frame and glass complete 200

DR. DE JONGH'S
LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL.
This Oil, the undeviating purity and uniform excellence of which are guaranteed by Dr. De Jongh's, of the Hague, the standard authority on the subject of Cod Liver Oil...

TUPPER & Co's
GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON AND PATENT TILES,
ROOFS, SHEDS, CHURCHES, OUT-BUILDINGS, &c.

W. CRANWELL,
Pharmacist,
CALLE RIVADAVIA, No. 30,
153, 10p, 126

G. N. HARRINGTON & Co.
Makers of the celebrated 'HARRINGTON' Brand of...
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.

CAUTION.
Lack of quality are being sold as Tupper & Co's make...

SUREW & PADDLE STEAMERS, &c.

G. N. HARRINGTON & Co.
Makers of the celebrated 'HARRINGTON' Brand of...
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.

CAUTION.
Lack of quality are being sold as Tupper & Co's make...

SUREW & PADDLE STEAMERS, &c.

G. N. HARRINGTON & Co.
Makers of the celebrated 'HARRINGTON' Brand of...
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.

CAUTION.
Lack of quality are being sold as Tupper & Co's make...

SUREW & PADDLE STEAMERS, &c.

G. N. HARRINGTON & Co.
Makers of the celebrated 'HARRINGTON' Brand of...
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.

CAUTION.
Lack of quality are being sold as Tupper & Co's make...

SUREW & PADDLE STEAMERS, &c.

G. N. HARRINGTON & Co.
Makers of the celebrated 'HARRINGTON' Brand of...
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.

Subscription to the "Standard"

30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil fidei audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere."

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1865.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

We had no news yesterday from Montevideo: the impression prevails that the bombardment will not commence to-day, but that it is postponed till the 15th. Some people think this will leave room for an arrangement, as the elections will come off that day, and perhaps a new administration will be put in power to satisfy all parties. In the present state of affairs we do not think the Brazilians can honorably accept such a solution, even though Gen. Flores were elected by the townspeople.

The Mersey was known to have arrived in Montevideo, and we believe landed the mails: she was expected in port yesterday evening and will probably arrive this morning.

The most important news brought by the Pavon is the new Indian invasions in Cordoba, and the advance of Paraguayan troops on the frontier of Corrientes. We also publish in another column an interesting statement of the San Juan silver mines favored us by a friend resident in that province.

The expected Indian invasion on our southern frontiers threatens to be formidable but we hope is exaggerated. There seems to be no force to prevent the savages sweeping that part of the *campagna*.

The 'Pueblo' asserts "on reliable authority" that Pres. Mitre has notified the Paraguayan envoy he will permit Pres. Lopez to march an army across Misiones. This, we consider, is the wisest course for a strict neutrality and to save us complications.

The Nat. Government has subscribed for 300 copies of a translation of Kent's Commentaries "on the Government and Constitutional Jurisprudence of the U. States" to be published by the Imprenta de Buenos Ayres.

The roads to Belgrano are said to be in the most shocking condition, and yet we read that the Justice of Peace reports having expended \$24,000 in repairing them.

Our predilection yesterday morning of a storm has been verified: about 2 p.m. we had a dust-storm, followed by heavy rain, with some thunder and lightning.

In the temporary absence of Dr. José M. Gutiérrez, the editor's chair of the 'Nacion Argentina' is occupied by D. Salustiano Zavalia, deputy for Cordoba. We cannot pay him a higher compliment than to say the paper is as interesting as usual.

There are now three editors from this city on a visit to Montevideo, Messrs. Hector F. Varela, José M. Gutiérrez, and Edward T. Mulhall. We may expect to hear full descriptions of the afflicted sister-city on their return, which will probably be this week.

The Legion Militar [80 men] was drafted on board the fleet when leaving for Montevideo: perhaps it is intended to land them for display with the other foreign forces, but they are more needed at Tandil.

The 'Tribuna' made some mistake about Mme. Del Sar who died. The family writes to say, it was another Mrs. Del Sar, and that deceased was not poisoned by a wrong receipt of Drs. Drago and Quinche, with whose attendance, on the contrary, she was quite satisfied until she died.

The Scotch bell-ringers (Sawyer family) were to make their debut last night at Colon. We have heard the Lancashire bell-ringers, and the performance was indeed very agreeable.

The National Finance Department has remitted 300 silver dollars to M. Salustiano at Paris for the purchase of bonds on history and geography.

copies of our 'Handbook' for distribution among Argentine Consuls in G. Britain, who declare it the most useful work and in the greatest request among emigrant classes! They never do anything right in these countries.

Messrs. Weeks and Kelsey are selling their beautifully executed cartes-de-visite of the Bombay catastrophe, taken from Mr. Dodge's picture, a copy of which has been transmitted to the 'Illustrated London News.'

MONTEVIDEO.

Standard Office, Feb. 8, 3 o'clock.

On the 8th the custom-house wharf was from early morning crowded with luggage porters laden with the 'penates' of some poor family who are perhaps sacrificing their last penny to pay them, and people, particularly women, with anxiety painted on their countenances rushing at the 11th hour to take advantage of the facilities for embarkment afforded by the boats of the men-of-war. The Spanish gunboat Wadras makes two or three voyages a day to the Buceo, carrying passengers, mostly of course Spanish, who have chosen that place of refuge. We are informed that in consequence of scarcity of houses many tents are to be seen there, serving as temporary abodes for the emigrants from Montevideo, amongst whom there seems to be a general impression that the siege will soon be over; but we have so often seen expectations of this kind deceived that we should not be surprised at it not so happening this time. The porters, cart and boatmen are reaping a rich harvest, the prices charged by them rise in proportion to the demand for their services, for instance three dollars for carrying two quarter pipes of wine, a distance of three cuadras: the shops are rapidly closing, even in the market-place numerous meat, fruit, and vegetable stands are standing with bare shelves, some hotels and coffee houses kept by foreigners have been shut up, their respective servants paid off, and an inventory and value of the establishment sent into their consuls. Many other persons in business have adopted the same course; payments have of course stopped, nobody appears even to think of recovering outstanding debts. The British Consulate gives passes to Argentine subjects for their reception on board British vessels; the U. S. corvette Onward is at Montevideo, but among the numerous foreign ministers, consuls, and naval commanders we have not as yet heard of a single instance of protest or opposition to the measures adopted by the Brazilian admiral; this appears to indicate either a perfect legality and right on his part, or a most unaccountable combination of all these gentlemen against the interests of their own subjects. The local papers appear to criticise their conduct with some acrimony and to evince great sympathy for the sufferings of the foreign population; we wish they would suspend for the present the demanding money for passports, which we have not yet heard of their doing. The story of the Quaker who seeing a crowd collected round a workman who had fallen off a scaffold breaking out into the exclamations of "poor fellow! what a pity! what a pity!" took off his hat and first putting five shillings into it, then began to hand it round saying, "I pity him for five shillings, pray friend what do you pity him for?" seems to be here applicable. The local papers are appearing on the 8th greatly diminished in size, garrison duty, absence of foreign workmen, and want of news to fill them with being the probable causes; the subscription payments we suppose also must have diminished as well as the subscribers. It may be as well to give our readers a summary of what has been done at Montevideo in an official way by the Foreign Ministers and naval commanders, as well as by the Government of the town since Tamandaro's notification dated February 2nd.

1st. Mr. Lettsom's notification to British subjects dated February 3rd, with English translation of Tamandaro's note.

2nd. Mr. Mallefer's, the French Minister, under date Feb. 6th, says as follows—

"Desiring to contribute as far as lies in his power, to the security and protection of the Argentine, the undersigned, in the name of the Emperor of the French, thinks it his duty to make known to them his firm determination to participate together with them the risks which he feels sorry he has been unable to avert from them. Effective measures have been taken in accordance with the Admiral commanding the station to secure a refuge for French families, either on board the men-of-war, or, if it be necessary, on board the merchantmen anchored in the port.

"The undersigned also thinks it proper to add that the Government has offered its assistance in order to facilitate the transportation of French emigrants out of the city, and that the Vice-admiral commander-in-chief of the Brazilian forces declares his intention is only to attack those positions from which the enemy may fire on his troops, and that he promises asylum and protection to all neutral foreigners in all the places occupied by the besiegers."

The Italian Minister on February 6th answers Tamandaro's note, and amongst other things says that—

"On taking note of this declaration (referring to not firing on the old town foreseen by your Excellency of a combat taking place in the centre of the city, your Excellency will on that very account adopt, as mentioned in your note, the legitimate measures permitted by the usages of war, abstaining from using those means which cause more damage to private property than to the enemy."

He also says in reference to the Italians abandoning the city—

As to the counsel you give me, to invite my countrymen to leave the city, I have to observe, that although I should be disposed so to do, their great number, and the want of a fixed and adequate time to carry it into effect, would render its execution impossible. He also declares his determination not to abandon his residence.

There is also a note dated the 4th, addressed by the Italian naval commander to the Italian Consul-General, in which he says:

"When the attack begins, or before, I will have the boats of the Italian men-of-war near the wharves, in order to receive the families of our countrymen who seek for refuge, and they shall be accommodated on board the men-of-war, merchant vessels, and on the Isle of Rats."

There is also a notification of the same officer to the Italian captains of merchantmen about the blockade, time allowed for clearing out; anchorage ground, obligation to receive families on board their vessels, &c.

Also a note from the Charge d'Affairs of Spain, February 4th, the tenor of which is nearly identical with that of the Italian one. So that, on the whole, the measures taken by the diplomatic corps our readers will see are similar.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Government of Montevideo also passed a circular to the Foreign Ministers, dated the 5th, in which, after commenting on the violation of principle and international right perpetrated by the Brazilians, he says:—

"History and justice will some day pronounce judgment on the guilty, without ever being able to blame the Government of the Republic, which, with no other power to assist it but its right, found itself powerless to resist arbitrary measures and force. Still, firmly resolved to defend at all risks the capital of the Republic, which is the last rampart of national independence, and determined to bury itself under its ruins rather than give way before Brazilian conquests: neither the destruction that menaces the city, nor any other consideration, will be sufficient to impede it in this its determination, because the sovereignty and independence of the country thus traitorously threatened, stands paramount to all other interests. It nevertheless desires to diminish, as far as possible, the number of innocent victims, and continues stating, that it is proper and humane to afford every facility to 'terrified' families and foreigners for leaving a city where no other spirit ought to exist but that of resistance, and in consequence has received orders from his Excellency the President, to request that they will aid in so interesting an object, placing at the disposal of emigrants the means

that they may have of transporting them out of the capital; at the same time inviting those among their countrymen, who do not wish to be present during the horrors of war, to take advantage of the few days that still remain at their disposal. The Government, on its part, will take the measures most proper, and contribute with the means at its disposal."

These means appear to be, giving passes for exit by land. This, together with an edict of the Captain of the Port, ordering all boats employed about the port to station themselves in the space included between the Custom-house wharf and the one called 'Valentin's,' is about what has been done on the part of Government. Our readers will perceive that, under actual circumstances, we prefer giving them, as far as in our power, the leading and official facts, that we consider may enable them to come to a proper appreciation of the position in which Montevideo is at present placed, rather than enter into minor details, which are a most invariably confused and uncertain, and have a tendency to lead the mind from the view of the main road, and wander into bypaths: if we have not succeeded in this object, the fault lies not in our will, but in our capacity. On the whole, we may state that the life and soul of the 'situation' appears to be Mr. Carreras. His energy and talent is undoubted, and if the defence is successful, and he outlives it, he will become the man of the day. Whatever may be our opinion as to the result of the struggle, whatever our desire for its termination, in the most rapid manner possible, we cannot but give our tribute of admiration to the activity, energy, talent, and resolution he is displaying. Baron Tamandaro is also reported, on his part, to express in confident terms, his certainty of taking the town in a very short time after commencing the attack.

Reports have been again afloat since the 7th, that President Aguirre is inclined to peace; but we cannot find any foundation for them. From what is observable of the spirit of the garrison, we should be inclined to conclude that in all cases of the kind there are the indifferent, the careless, the timid, and the resolute. For ourselves, we think that one of the dangers, when action comes on, will proceed from a want of unity in the command and distribution of orders, so essential where there are several points to defend with troops that are not regular: the spirit of self-confidence carried oftentimes to insubordination for which the officers of the Government army have been remarkable during the present war, may also play its part.

NEWS FROM THE PROVINCES.

TWO MORE INDIAN INVASIONS.

SIX THOUSAND PARAGUAYANS AT S. CARLOS.

By the Pavon we have received papers from Rosario 10th, Corrientes 7th, Paraná 7th, Cordoba 5th inst, and San Juan 24th ult.

The elections at last came off, on Sunday 5th inst. at Santa Fé, resulting in an overwhelming majority for the Government. It appears that the (opposition) Club Pueblo did not go to the poll at all, but the return of D. Nicasio Oroño as Governor of the Province is now beyond doubt, and promises well for Santa Fé. On the 6th inst. the leaders of the Club Libertad were accompanied out of the city by a joyful crowd, on their return to Rosario.

The "Cosmopolita" states that one of the engineers of the Central Argentine railway has had a narrow escape for his life, as one Colonel Salvador Pizarro celebrated for his outrages in Cordoba, took it into his head to shoot him: the circumstances are not detailed. The Fiscal Agent, Dr Severo Olmos, has been removed, to the great satisfaction of the people of Rosario, as a multitude of disgraceful charges is made against him, especially in the Lucero suit: Dr Tamassi has been named to succeed him pro tem. The "Cosmopolita" rebukes the provincial papers, with great reason, for preferring Polish and Mexican news to local interests.

The diligences arrived from the interior brought 11 passengers and specie to the value of about £1,300 sterling.

Letters from Frayle Muerto (6th inst) mention that a troop of bullock-wag-

gons en route from Rosario to Cordoba, and belonging to Sor Montenegro was attacked by Indians who carried off a quantity of sugar, yerba, sardines and paper. They broke open a "tercerola" of wine and spilled it on the ground, besides doing other damage. The peons escaped with their lives, after being stripped naked, except the *capataz* who has been carried off prisoner: the savages took all the tame cattle, leaving the rest. From Corloba we hear of another invasion, near Barrancas, in which the Indians sacked two troops of waggons, killing two men and taking another prisoner. Meantime Gen. Emilio Mitre continues his survey of the frontier, and the inhabitants are greatly alarmed. The press of Rosario is loud in its complaints against Gen. Gelly Obes and the War department.

Dates from Mendoza are to the 28th ult. The 'Constitucional' says, a panic prevails through the province owing to the impression of National Guards for frontier service. The country people are all hiding in the woods, and the cattle left untended. It appears that in 1863 a force of 200 National Guards was kept for nine months on military service at San Rafael, and they have never received a dollar of their pay. The mines of Uspalata are attracting notice, Major Rickard having proposed to Messrs. Correa and Villanueva to buy whatever ores they bring to the Elilaro refining works: gold had been found in them in small quantities, but the silver is very rich.

The 'Zonda' of San Juan contains a decree empowering Major Rickard to introduce machinery from Chile duty-free. Governor Rojo is about to make a tour of the province, which it is hoped will give a new impulse to industry in the farming districts of Valle Fertil and Mogna, and the mines of La Huerta and Marayes. Bridges are much wanted on the country roads.

The 'Porvenir' of San Luis (19th ult.) contains nothing new about the Damocles of that province and poor Mr. Horney.

The 'Liberal' of Tucuman (22nd ult.) states that Governor Posse is going on well: the new theatre will cost 30,000 silver dollars, the street paving extends over 12,000 yards in length. The prison is being rebuilt, and \$12,000 have been voted by the Chamber for public works.

The 'Orden' of Jujuy (15th ult.) praises the out-going Governor, Sor Araoz, and states that D. Pedro José Portal will be elected his successor.

From Santiago [22nd] and Salta [14th ult.] there is nothing new.

The 'Eco de Cordoba' contains nothing but an article against the Governor of Rioja, preparations against the Indians, and foreign news.

We have not received our exchanges from Corrientes, but read in the 'Ferro carril' that the Esmeralda brings news from that city of the fact "that 6,000 Paraguayan troops have crossed the Paraná to the Argentine side and encamped at San Carlos within 3 leagues of the frontier of Corrientes."

ALARMING NEWS FROM TANDIL.

RUMORED INVASION OF 3,000 INDIANS.

The 'Pueblo' of Friday evening publishes two letters from Tandil, dated 5th inst., announcing a terrible invasion which the Indians are preparing to make, by next new moon, in the direction of Tres Arroyos, according to the declaration of an Indian taken prisoner, who also states their forces will amount to 2000 or 3000 warriors. They are also aware that there is no force to oppose them, as the 220 Nat. Guards, cited a month ago, have not presented themselves, and it will be another month before they muster half that number. The savages intend to sweep the whole Southern frontier, and Colonel Maclachado has notified the farmers to withdraw their cattle, as he cannot promise them protection, the whole army on the frontier being only two hundred men, many unfit for service, and others who have never mounted a horse.

The accounts from Azul are also gloomy. For some time past, gangs of gauchos and tame Indians have been going about robbing and murdering everywhere. Two piquets of 15 men each were sent under Captains Ganna and Escobar, to repress these marauders.

In yesterday's 'Tribuna' we read a letter, dated the 21st ult., from the

Justice of Peace of Azul, stating that since the removal of the troops to Talpaloqué the murders and robberies are so numerous that he demands troops to keep order. On the 30th ult. Colonel Conesa sent a despatch in reply, stating that he sent 80 men for the purpose. Nevertheless, the above awful accounts from Azul are dated 5th instant.

It is evident that the present monopoly of public attention by the affairs of Montevideo is producing sad results, in the neglect of that most important of all matters—the Indian frontier.

The simultaneous invasions in Cordoba are additional proof, and we see, after all, how fruitless are the promises of the official organ and the surveys of General Emilio Mitre, while life and property are in jeopardy. And yet the Minister of War's budget (in time of peace) amounts to three and a-half millions hard dollars!

The Indians are teaching our Government a lesson—that it is wiser to attend to our own affairs, and let our neighbors do the same.

THE CREDIT OF THE ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT.

Under this heading we have been favored with the subjoined article from the pen of an Argentine citizen, whose testimony respecting the affairs of his own country and administration cannot be accused of bias (as our statements have been by the official organ). The author begs us to impress on our readers here and in Europe "que nunca ha hecho negocios con el gobierno general ni provincial" which we suppose means that he is perfectly independent and impartial. The fact of his preferring the "Standard" to any other paper, for exposure of the grievance in question, shows that the censure of the "Nacion Argentina" is not participated by some of those who are proudest of their country. The following is a translation of the article.

Mr. Editor.

The Minister of Hacienda of the Argentine Government must have learned to estimate the value of public credit in some strange country and under peculiar circumstances wholly at variance with those required in our case at present, as recognised by his own solemn engagements.

Because Dr. Velez Sarsfield, when Minister of Hacienda, postponed for one or two months the first payment to be made in Buenos Aires on the coupons of the Foreign Debt, which had then remained unpaid for three years—the present Finance Minister, without any notice or arrangement with the interested parties, has resolved to pay in March the coupons of said debt falling due in December last, just as his predecessor paid in August those due in June.

Seeing the free-and-easy manner in which the rights of these Bond-holders are trifled with, we feel inclined to ask the Minister of Finance in what corner of the world he has learned the theory that a solvent debtor, without causing loss or injury to his creditor, can set aside at his pleasure (in an under-hand manner and without previous notice) the fixed terms stipulated by the Nation in public treaties?

The Argentine Government which so honorably fulfils its engagements abroad, and attends to its public credit at home, should take care that the same principle invariably hold good in all its funded obligations with fixed term, by making the Minister of Hacienda exactly perform the role already marked out for him by law, which is—to provide funds in the Treasury for payment of the coupons.

THE CUSTOM-HOUSE NUISANCE.

Q. What law rules in the Custom-house.

A. The law of "Embudo."

Q. Give me an instance.

A merchant of this city ordered from France a box of goods, of one particular kind. In due time it arrived, and to his surprise the manifest contained 2 lots of the article with very different prices. He thought the article must be really better than he had asked, or something of another kind with the same name, or that there was a mistake in the manifest. He drew up an *Escrito* to the Collector on stamped paper, explaining all the circumstances, and got for answer that he

might make out his manifest as he thought fit; but if he manifested a better kind than was in the box he must pay the higher duty; and if he manifested of the kind ordered and that it turned out better quality, the goods would be seized. Now I ask, of what use is a Collector of Customs if a difficulty so frankly stated is to be solved in such an original manner? What could be simpler than to advise the vista, and tack on to the manifest the merchant's *Escrito*, thus saving the administration of all further responsibility?

city of their mines in La Huerta, which they intend improving and working with. In its original state the most it could smelt in a week was one cajon or 3 tons (former proprietor Mon. Errot's statement), consequently, unless they build more of them, they need not expect large supplies of silver. I was amused to see in the 'Standard' a letter of "a person well versed in mining" relative to the mine "Baltazar," which he says was producing silver almost pure: this must surely be a mistake, or the person although "well versed in mining" is sadly deficient in mineralogy. The ores produced by the mine Baltazar in its most flourishing era are now in Rickard's possession, about 15 tons extracted before Messrs. Klappenback became owners. He purchased them at the tariff prices: they are almost pure galena or sulphide of lead, containing (1/4) one half per cent of silver or 64 marks to the cajon, first quality and inferior class "llampas" about 45 marks. Now to be pure silver the ley should be 12,800 marks to the cajon: perhaps the person is not well up in the weights and measures used in mining and metallurgy.

THE SAN JUAN SILVER-MINES.

Hilario, Jan. 20, 1865. CASTAÑO. The Silver mines in this district are every day improving and acquiring for themselves a reputation second to none in the Republic. The only mines worked with activity being Rickard's, some new veins recently discovered in continuation of one of his old claims, are most abundant, and the ore of a fair percentage. Castaño must not be considered a rich mineral district in point of quality and percentage of ores, but the great abundance more than brings it up to majority of the rich mineral districts of South America. Major Rickard can with ease extract from four mines in his possession up to ten cajones per day (equal to 30 tons English)—average ley 25 marks per cajon or about 66 ounces fine silver to the ton; cost of the extraction about \$40 per cajon (from mine); carriage to work's about \$18 per ton; treatment or extraction of silver about \$30 per cajon, making a total of \$88; value of silver extracted as sold in San Juan at 10 5/8 per mark, 25 marks=\$262 50c; deduct costs \$88, leaves profit \$174 50; all the ore's from this district require a peculiar treatment, and only with such machinery and furnaces combined as there are here can the silver be extracted without loss. There are very few miners just now and at least 200 to 500 more are much wanted.

Mr. Rickard has now in his employment the former manager of the mine adjoining the 'Baltazar,' and his report is anything but flattering of the state of the mine, and especially the system of working carried on there. The downright waste, and fearful want of economy, would startle Mr. Klappenback did he know of it; fortunately, his brother arrived in time to stop an organized system of robbery, as is practiced on every miner who does not either attend personally, or find a thoroughly competent and 'honest' man to look after his interests. I am told, on good authority, that the manager there, in order to 'entusiasmar' Mr. Klappenbach jun., always prepared and kept ready some good nests of ore in the vein, and on his arrival would have it brought out and displayed to make believe the mine was very rich. This is a common practice. Mr. Rickard's news from London, received to-day, is of the most cheering character, and now no doubt is entertained of the formation of a large English company for the mines and works. The whole affair is taken up amongst half-a-dozen friends, worth at least an aggregate sum of three millions sterling; such are the words of his uncle's (Mr. Sampson's) letter. He goes to England in April, and will return via Buenos Ayres, when all shall have been arranged. There was really no such amount of gold as 600 ounces ever extracted from Castaño. The total amount passed into the mining office as extracted does not exceed 12 ounces. By-the-by, you made the report on the gold vein read '1 1/2 miles wide' (the vein) instead of '1 1/2 inches,' only a very slight difference. P. P.

This district is almost abandoned, only a few mines being worked, which is a great pity. The average percentage of the ores exceeds by at least 20 per cent those of Castaño, but the quantity which might be extracted daily falls very far short. Still the mines leave a good profit to those who work them in connexion with an establishment for the extraction of the silver. Some mines have reached over 140 varas in depth and have improved in quality and quantity which is a proof of its stability as a mineral district.

At least an aggregate sum of three millions sterling; such are the words of his uncle's (Mr. Sampson's) letter. He goes to England in April, and will return via Buenos Ayres, when all shall have been arranged. There was really no such amount of gold as 600 ounces ever extracted from Castaño. The total amount passed into the mining office as extracted does not exceed 12 ounces. By-the-by, you made the report on the gold vein read '1 1/2 miles wide' (the vein) instead of '1 1/2 inches,' only a very slight difference. P. P.

The works of the defunct mining Co are progressing fast towards conclusion—the grinding machinery being erected capable of grinding or pulverising about 20 tons daily (fine as flour); the blast furnaces are complete, also the large charcoal oven 100 feet by 7; the fan for urging the blast is also erected; the two powerful Turbines are now complete with an effective head or fall of 33 feet English; the amalgamation machinery is being erected and in a few days will be ready to start. There are six large "tinias" or enormous casks on end, capable of holding each about 3 tons of ore, which quality (having its equivalent proportion of mercury added) will be worked up in 24 hours: in addition to these, 8 barrels on the Freyberg system, capable of working up 120 quintals in 24 hours. There are also the furnaces for the "metales frios" which all together can work up about 30 tons daily, with ease. Within the last few days the amalgamation establishment "Sorrocaense" which had been in the Bankruptcy Court for nearly 2 years, has again commenced to work, but upon such a "rotten" footing that it cannot possibly last many months, the purchaser being without capital or knowledge of the business, and the machinery from 2 years' exposure to the weather has become so deteriorated as to be almost worthless.

General Emilio Mitre has arrived at Mendoza, and is soon expected at Cordova. Gen. Urdinarrain is about to leave Entre Rios and reside in this city. The Corrientes papers say it is rumored the Paraguayans have taken Cuyabá. Governor Lagratta returned from Goya. A town is about to be founded in the Gran Chaco, under the name of Villa Rawson. The Tovero is expected from Montevideo to-day. The services in this church on Sunday, the 12th inst., will be held at the usual hours of eleven in the morning, and half-past six in the evening.

THE OFFICE HOUSE.

As when in a warfare conducted aright If possible, those who are leading the fight Their land and sea-scroes combine. So on paper a skilful attack to apply Tvers well that a sharp Editorial eye On both rhyming and prose did incline. It rejoiced me to see in your paper to-day That the whole of your forces you'd bring into play To show up the Customs abuse And that while there remained in your locker a shot For the good of the public you'd serve it up hot Nor say "die" without ample excuse. Such a zeal I admire, and to be your ally In a quarrel so righteous my best I will try And the onslaught so fierce we will render That replenish'd our pens with the bitterest gall The foe we'll attack till for quarter he call And resort to a speedy surrender. Despatch is the soul of all business 'tis said But the Customs Collector has promised instead Both Bond and Despatch to employ, Of the former there's plenty, the latter there's not Nor will the sleek "vistas" forego e'en one jot Of the snooze which they daily enjoy Save when from their dreams they're awoke by the fact Of an error in quantity—this sort of tact To do them all justice, they own. When once of the term "Confiscation" aware As dogs, all expectant, their jaws they prepare To peck with the Customs the bone. But come, let us mount to the room where in state Is seated that presence whose judgments await Each timid and awe-stricken slave. Where cooling his heels on the ante-room floor Is the clerk, whose reflections go back to "the store" To his "boss" and his countenance grave. The Delphian oracle, so we suppose The lips of a priestess inspired, did disclose But here we are much further south The sphinx of the Customs so strange are they here Is a man whose "enigmas" would certes appear To proceed from an "old woman's" mouth. To his nod the most clever "escrito" must yield The vanquish'd "solicitor" flies from the field So potent the frown of his brow If a reason you ask, with a pitying air He alarmingly moves in that easy armchair As who should say "Goodness! what now." Perhaps with all prudence your course you may shape To leave from decision no mode of escape But a loophole is always at hand. What matter more easy in life than to say In accents majestic "Señor, es la ley" With a smile at once cheerful and bland. To sing for the peons the full of their deed In peans and praises, were useless indeed So much would it lengthen my toil Suffice it to say that there are 'ut half enough That among them Civility's voted "all stuff" That from labour their soul doth recoil. Nor must I deprive the poor clerks of their share Parliamentary language among them is rare. Selection of epithets, choice, If discussion of mate and paper cigars From discussion of business more pressing debar, Against it who'd lift up his voice? No, no, unlike those of the Persian and Mede The Customs must yield to the change which they need Loudly heard is the cry for Reform. Grow now as it is an old Standard abuse We'll hold till to lower it there's ample excuse Our Standard aloft through the storm. SHORTFELLOW. HERE GOES HALF-A-DOZEN!! To the Editors of the 'Standard.' Gentlemen, Required to know—How many feet above the sea, or if you will, the snow line, was the highest elevation attained in his ascent by the 'Blown-up Custom house' Clerk,—his nearest approach to the man in the moon—his mean progress of descent—how the Aduana looked from above, and the explosive and combustible properties of 'patrons' in general. Your old friend, WILL HONEYCOMB.

AMERICA.

GOVERNOR BROWN RESUKED BY JEFF. DAVIS' APOLOGIZED ORGAN. While Virginia has so nearly stripped herself of her officials, while Alabama and Mississippi have done the same, the governor of Georgia has kept fifteen thousand men out of the service. While this has been the case, he has indulged in very acrimonious criticisms because the defence of Virginia and other states was not abandoned, and our troops concentrated upon Georgia. Who can tell what different fortunes might have attended General Johnson and General Hood, had Governor Brown allowed them fifteen thousand bomb-proofs to have gone into the service? That Georgia was invaded at all may be fairly charged upon her governor. Why he could have desired to perform some unequal part in the war, to withhold fifteen thousand men from the public defence, for purposes which in Virginia require only fourteen hundred, in Alabama about a thousand, in Mississippi a hundred and ten, is difficult to understand, and is still harder to reconcile it to a becoming sense of honor and of duty. The 'Chronicle' undertakes the explanation: He did not wish to be left without the power to keep in check, or to hold in abeyance, the confederate authorities, in case they became too overreaching. In other words while states and other governors were arming against the Yankees, Governor Brown was arming against the confederacy! This conduct may be very naturally pleasing to the 'Chronicle,' but it is not wonderful that it should shock the sensibilities and the sense of justice of our whole people. Governor Brown himself, however, during the occupation of his state by the enemy and even while a fugitive from his capital, has put forth some much more intemperate remarks for the poisoning of the minds of the people than those which we copy above from his friend. It is in the form of a message intended to be delivered to his Legislature; but the dispersion of that body preventing; he has sent it to the newspapers. It is simply an attack upon President Davis's last message to Congress. Being in reply to that document, we rather wonder that Governor Brown did not anticipate the time when he is to be president, and send his criticism to Congress too. We are truly sorry that Governor Brown should evince such a spirit of implacable criticism and fault-finding, even amid scenes which address the anxious solicitudes of the people, and which would seem enough to engage all his own better energies. It would be so delightful and so inspiring to read, in his messages, such words of patriotic wisdom and such animating sentiments as warm the heart and swell the soul while reading, for example, the speech of Senator Henry, which we published yesterday. How it would gladden the spirits of Virginia, to hear such words from her powerful sister of the South, instead of the querulous complainings and ceaseless distractions which we have been so long taught to expect. Richmond Sentinel. Fencing Folia. At the Armoury, E. PARIS, 20—Calle Rivadavia—20. 51..9p f12 Notice. The undersigned has the honor to advise the public and his friends in particular that he has established a Confeiteria &c. cafe at No. 261 Calle Parque. JAMES ORNBRY 63 6p f12 Ultima novedad. Para el carnaval de 1865. Retratos estampillas para acompañar. Los regalos de carnaval. 100 n. p. el ciento de retratos. 60 idem el medio ciento. En la fotografía de Mayo, calle 25 de Mayo número 25. 55..f12 3p. Al mundo elegante; En el almacén de Saubidet calle Potosí número 164, se acaban de recibir unos permitos de esquisitos esencias del afamado perfumista de S. M. B. John Gansell & Cia. Como el carnaval se aproxima y el precio a que se van a vender estas esencias es extraordinariamente barato se les avisa a los caballeros y señoras elegantes para que se provean con tiempo pues la cantidad que hay para vender es muy pequeña. 54..f12 3p. For Sale Cheap. A. Tilbury, strong well made and suitable for the camp or city, to be seen at 359 calle Peru. 52..6p f12

To be sold by the sea as a flock of 1500 or 2000 fine mestiza sheep. For particulars apply to Mr. John Murphy, estancia La de Uacalla, partido de Salto, where the sheep can be seen and terms known. 56..f12 1m For sale 800 superior mestiza sheep in the partido of Chacabuco. For particulars apply to URIBE & MUIB, 162 calle Defensa 60..6p f12 For Sale. 1500 Fine Mestiza Sheep. For particulars apply to George Fitzpatrick, campos de Echavaria, partido San Andres de Giles, cuartel 4. 53..6p d 2p w f12 Cosmoro. Se necesita uno bueno en la Calle de Cangallo No. 154. Se prefiere que sea extranjero. 57..f12 3p. Tutor. Wanted by a German lately arrived a situation as above; he teaches French, English and Italian, no objection to the country. Apply to Mr. Mackern, calle San Martin No. 44. 58..3p f12 Wanted. An active lad who can speak English and Spanish. Reconquista 55. 59..3p f12 Wet Nures. A young (Irish) married woman, whose infant has died, would take a child to nurse in her own house. Apply Wet-nurse at this office. 61..3p f12 Situation Wanted. By a young Englishman as Under Clerk, and is willing to make himself useful in the mercantile line. He speaks French and Italian, and understands a little Spanish. Apply J. A., 'Standard' Office. 48..3p f10 To Barraqueros, Chacareros, &c. For sale, a quantity of Tarpaullins of different sizes at No. 66 Calle de la Defensa. 35, 6p, f 9 Wanted a Governess. For the family of a very respectable Irish estanciero. Every accommodation and comfort provided: the children are three little girls. Salary £200 per annum. Apply Governess at this office. 31..3p f11 Wanted. A man and woman competent to take charge of a Dairy. Apply A.Z. 'Standard' office. 23..9p f8 Wanted. A young man to take care of two or three horses and make himself generally useful. English or German preferred. Apply at Calle San Martin No. 60. 22..9p f7 Wanted Medianeros. Required two Medianeros for the finest flocks in Entre Rios, excellent camps and good water, situated in the Department of Gualaguaychí. Apply to 25 and 27 Calle Defensa. 145..1m j22 Wanted. The flockmasters of the Banda Oriental to know, that the English Store in Montevideo, with its immense stocks, supply comestibles, and bebidas of a better quality and at a less price than any other firm in the city. Montevideo, 33 and 35 Calle 25 de Agosto. NEWNHAM & CO., Proprietors. 121 1m. j19. Aviso. Los abajo firmados han abierto su casa de Comercio, en la Calle Potosi No. 183 Buenos Ayres Enero 31 1865. G. RUSCHEWEYH Ca. 49..3p f.10 For Sale. British Brigantine "Lone Star," 208 tons register, dead weight capacity 375 tons, H. Kenelay, master; built in Jarmouth (N. S.) in 1864, Zinc AI, for years; length of keel, 96 feet; beam, 25 1/2 feet; depth, 12 1/2; pood deck and house forward. When loaded as above draws from 13 1/2 to 14 feet. For further particulars apply to master, on board, or to HENRY A. GREEN & Co, 85 Reconquista. 18..12p f6 For Sale. In the partido Matanzas three flocks of sheep (about 6000) with houses, corales, chacaras, &c.; also a troop of horses and mares. For further particulars apply at this office 39. 1..f12p 3p w For Sale. In the Partido Matanzas three flocks of sheep (about 6000) with houses, corales, chacaras, &c.; also a troop of horses and mares. For further particulars apply at this office. 39..1m d&w j10 Two Rooms to Let. At a Quinta near town. Apply A. J. 'Standard' office. 38..12p f9 To Let. A commodious house, 269 calle Temple, on the Parque, with 6 rooms, kitchen, well, &c. For further particulars apply at 156 Calle Chacaras. 19..6p f8 To Rent. Various leagues of camp situated in the partidos de Pils Marchiquita and Azul: price from \$600 to \$2000 mpy yearly per 100 square squares. For further particulars apply at 180 Calle Florida. 12. dx Campo. Se arrendan tres puestas con poblaciones y corrales a 6 leguas de Moron tambien se venden 1000 ovejas mestizas en el mismo campo; occurrán a la calle de la Defensa número 260. 34..f8 6p.

On sale for \$100,000, a fine Quinta, five squares before the 11 September. Good buildings with seven rooms, flowers, fruit trees, etc. Houses—Calle Chacabuco, Montevideo, S. Martin, Piedra, Reconquista, 25 de Mayo, Buen Orden, Parque, Saipacha, Independencia, Arenales, Rivadavia, Florida, Plaza del Retiro, Espaco Julio, &c. of different dimensions and prices. A Quinta in Barracas with all commodities, very suitable for a rich English family. A Chacra 14 squares, with houses, alfalfares, &c., in the bajo de San Francisco. 1 league of good Camp in Las Flores, cheap. An Estancia in Entre-Rios, 1 1/2 leagues, 6,000 sheep, cattle, manres, etc. Good buildings and chacra. 1 League of good camp in the partido de Navarro will be sold cheap. An Estancia 39 square leagues, another one 2 1/2, province de Cordova. Two Estancias in Rojas, 3 leagues. Right to 39 or 40 leagues of the best camps in Junin. An Estancia 1/2 l. Guardia del Monte. Good large camps 4 l. from Baradero. Various lots in Villa de Mercedes. 22 leagues in Santa Fé. Money given, with guarantee of public stocks. 629,000\$ are to be given on mortgage. Public stocks and titles of the Foreign Debt are bought. Office of D. Alejandro Cornac, Exchange Broker, 67 San Martin (altos) front of the Bolsa, from 8 to 4. d1, X. Splendid Business. To be sold an Estancia on the banks of "Mocoreta" in Corrientes, 30 leagues from Concordia, of the following dimensions: 1 1/2 league in fee simple and 1/2 league of Bañada. The land has the best grass, both for cattle and sheep, and has a fine estancia brick house with a tile roof, 4 rooms, best doors and windows, ranchos for peons, galpon for horses and sheep, 17 yards wide by 30 deep. Good corals of flandubay posts and a fine chacra. Also 300 cows, 3000 sheep, horses, &c. Parties can leave Buenos Ayres for Concordia take the diligencia there and arrive at the place in 2 1/2 days. For further particulars at No. 163 calle San Martin. 166. j27 15p REMATE POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST En su casa Calle Potosi No. 70 De muebles y útiles para el Carnaval El Miercoles 15 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, lo siguiente. Camas de fierro con colchones, id, de bote de caoba, sillas de esterilla, sofases, lamparas aporador de guindo mesa del centro de caoba con marmol y otros útiles de una casa. Al mismo tiempo. Pomos de plomo con esencias ricas para el juego de Carnaval, uso del teatro, tertulias &c. yemas imitadas con estruendo y esencias, pastillas, id, granates perfumado imitacion de cabretilla, frascos de agua de colonia legitima inglesa y de imitacion tambien para chascos, pantallas perfumadas, carteras id, pantupas id y otros objetos que estaran a la vista. 50..x f.10 REMATE POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST. En la fabrica de carruajes, calle de Maipú núm. 122. El martes 14 del corriente a las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado los carruajes siguientes: Dos volantas abiertas a la americana flamantes, como para campo y ciudad, una idem calea con cristales flamantes, un milon flamante, un phaeton con lanza y varas, un milord usado, un lando clarence usado, un omnibus breck, como para campo alteroso, un breck para campo. Los carruajes nuevos son obra de la fabrica que los ofrece en venta, construidos con toda solides, sin separarse por eso de la elegancia y lijereza de los trenes. 30..f 8 "THE RIVER PLATE MAGAZINE" Volume 1 of this work, bound in thin covers, in now on sale at Messrs. Mackern's at the reduced price of \$100 currency. 44 6p f8 American Dentist. Dr. N. O. CORNWALL, Calle Rivadavia, 275. ARTIFICIAL TEETH Invented in the neatest and most approved manner, such to have a beautiful li-like ap as never causes so irritation in the mouth, and serve all the uses of the natural organ. Teeth filled with gold or metallic cement, so as to last for years or for life. Further details of teeth and modes of all operations performed with the least possible pain. DRUGS & CHEMICALS GEORGE CURLING & CO. WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 16, Callum St., Fenchurch St., London. Draw the Attention of Druggists, Chemists, and Storekeepers to their Old Published News, as Clippings and Manufacturers of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, GUTTERS, TOBACCO, A. PREPARATIONS, PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS AND APPARATUS, Newly Invented Chemicals, Cod Liver Oil and Cod Oil in Bottles, Oil in Petrol, CAPSULES OF GALLIC ACID, TURBES, CASTOR OIL, Cod Liver Oil, and other of their Improved Preparations, LOZENGES CONFECTIONARY, PATENT MEDICINE CHEMICALS, Surgical Instruments, Medical Books, and every article connected with the Drug Trade. Orders sent to their care will be executed with speed. Price Currents forwarded free from the London Office. Good instructions for the use of their various articles sent gratis to all who apply. GEO. CURLING AND COMPANY, 16, CALLUM ST., FENCHURCH ST., LONDON.

LA BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA.
Mutual Life Assurance and Saving Fund Association,
Guaranteed by National Bonds at 6 per cent consolidated. For the formation of Capitals, annuities, Income, &c.
Authorized by special decree of the National Government dated May 7, 1864.
Government Delegate.
Sr. Dn. José M. Cantillo.
Managing Committee.
Sr. Dn. Mariano Miró, President
Eduardo Lumb, Vocal
Enrique Ochoa
Pedro Holterhoff.
José Martínez de Hoz.
Consulting Committee
Dn. Mariano Cabal
Jorge Temperley
Ambrosio P. Lezica
Hugo Bungo
Luis Carrere de la casa Apes-tegui, hmos.
Director General.
Sor. Dn. Francisco F. Moreno.
Inspector General in the Argentine and Oriental Republics.
Señor Dn. Jorge Perey.
Residence—118 Calle Piedad (2d altos).
Bankers—The Provincial Bank.
Condition on the 31st Dec. 1864.
Capital subscribed, 501,550 hard dollars
Number of Policies, 395.
Bonds purchased, 37,000 hard dollars.
The Bienhechora offers three various modes of Insurance to its subscribers, 1st, with the loss of capital by the death of the Insured party; 2nd, without loss of capital in said event; 3rd, with mere compound interest.
In the first form the Insured party has a right to:
1. To compound interest on the bonds purchased by the capitals received by the Company.
2. To a proportionate share of the capitals and interest of those who die in their respective sections.
3. To a proportionate share of the Capitals and Interests of forfeited subscriptions.
4. To a proportion of gains resulting from increased value of the National Bonds acquired by the inversion of funds.
In the second form the Insured claims:
1. Compound Interest on the National Bonds purchased by the Association.
2. A proportionate share of the Interest due on the Capitals of those who die in the respective sections, which capitals are returned to the subscribers.
3. A proportion of the interest due on forfeited shares.
4. A proportionate share of the profits arising from the increased value of the National Bonds, acquired by inversion of funds.
Finally, in the third form, gives a right to the corresponding interest produced by the Bonds purchased with their subscriptions, and the successive reinvestment of such interest, effected quarterly, when the coupons are paid up by the public treasury.
So marvellous are the benefits arising from the employment of Capitals in Public Funds, assisted by the combinations effected by "La Bienhechora" based upon the Mortality Tables of Dependants, and the interest received by the 6 per cent Consolidated Bonds, that taking for a model, the result given by other companies established precisely in the same form and basis, but with an accumulative interest much inferior to that gained by the "Bienhechora," that it is enabled to present as positive the following tables showing the gradual progression of capital for a subscription of:

100 Silver Dollars annually, with loss of Capital through the death of the Insured.		100 Silver Dollars annually without loss of Capital in any event, will obtain—	
On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year	Years	On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year	Years
1200	In 5 years	1050	In 5 years
4350	In 10 years	3750	In 10 years
9800	In 15 years	7300	In 15 years
18450	In 20 years	10900	In 20 years
32900	In 25 years	14500	In 25 years
50000	In 30 years	18100	In 30 years
70000	In 35 years	21700	In 35 years
90000	In 40 years	25300	In 40 years
110000	In 45 years	28900	In 45 years
130000	In 50 years	32500	In 50 years
150000	In 55 years	36100	In 55 years
170000	In 60 years	39700	In 60 years
190000	In 65 years	43300	In 65 years
210000	In 70 years	46900	In 70 years
230000	In 75 years	50500	In 75 years
250000	In 80 years	54100	In 80 years
270000	In 85 years	57700	In 85 years
290000	In 90 years	61300	In 90 years
310000	In 95 years	64900	In 95 years
330000	In 100 years	68500	In 100 years

SAVINGS BANK.
BANK MAU AND CO.
No. 108 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.
The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great provinces of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there is a very few branches who fail to recognize the bank in which they place the most confidence.
The Bank of Mau and Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depositary for their savings.
The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.
These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other speculations.
The Bank of Mau and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine am till Three pm on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten am to Twelve pm, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.
The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.
The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.
The Bank of Mau and Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.
The Bank of Mau and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense services to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.
Buenos Ayres, September 13, 1864.
P. P. Mau and Co. WILLIAM LESLIE

CONDITIONS.
First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards.
Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6%) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.
Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
Fourth—When the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.
Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.
NAMES OF STEAMERS.
LA PLATA, PARANA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, UNA.
One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.
Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.
As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.
Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—
1st Class.....£35.
2nd ".....£25.
3rd ".....£16.
Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—
1st Class.....£65.
2nd ".....£45.
3rd ".....£30.
These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.
H. A. GREEN & CO.,
85 RECONQUISTA.

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL & R. PLATE STEAMERS
The Screw Steamer
KEPLER,
Captain CARROLL,
Is expected in port about the 26th inst., and will be despatched for Liverpool, via Brazil and Lisbon, about eight days after her arrival here.
Cargo can now be engaged, and will be received on board the steamer the day of her arrival.
Apply in Liverpool to Messrs. Lamport and Holt, and in Buenos Ayres to Messrs. Darbyshire and Co., or to
JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
Calle San Martin, No. 56.
Buenos Ayres, 6th February, 1865. 21. f. 6, 5 p

Sheep for Sale in Entre Rios.
For sale from 2 to 2500 at Mestiza Sheep in Entre Rios, Departamento de Gualeguaychú. The wool can be seen at Mr. Luis Sompken's Barraca Defensa. Apply 25 and 27 Calle Defensa 149. 1m j 22

To English Travellers.
Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city. Charges are most moderate.
Wines superb
Table d'Hotel on European style.
Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.
HOTEL DE LA PAIX,
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)
J 25.

Hungarian Wine.
Of the choicest and most approved qualities received from the most celebrated and important house in Hungary for sale in casks and cases only at
61—Calle Cuyo—64.
Do Egri from the year 1852
Do Vilany " " 1853
Do Budae " " 1854
White Sombai " " 1846
Do Budacorsy " " 1848
Do Nezmely " " 1857
Do Bakator " " 1811
Imperial Tokai Aszu " " 1846
Do Do " " 1857
Do Mcesti Aszu " " 1857

Caprile & Picaso.
64—Calle Cuyo—64.
Observation—The casks contain abundantly four Hungarian akos, equal to fifty Imperial gallons.
In Montevideo for sale with Mr. B. Sheiner. 36. 10p 19

Notice.
J. T. FOX has removed his office from the Calle Reconquista No. 85, to the Calle Bolivar No. 164, facing the Post-office.
Buenos Ayres, Feb. 6, 1865.

On sale at the French Bazaar,
44—Calle de la Florida—44
Double China, strong Glassware, Cutlery, etc., for mess and kitchen use.
Mess and Dining Rooms supplied.
All these goods are imported direct from the makers and manufactured expressly for ships' purposes.
155 FIXED PRICES d28. x

Notice.
We beg leave to notify to the mercantile community that we have opened a house in this city under the style of Heyworth & Co., as General Commission Merchants, and that the business will be carried on pro. tem. by Mr. Balman, at No. 85 Calle Reconquista.
HEYWORTH, PEARCE & BALMAN,
of Liverpool.
B. Ayres, Jan. 11, 1865. 142. x j22

The National Steamer
"ESTRELLA DEL NORTE."
Will leave the Tigre (las Conchas) for San Pedro every Wednesday and for San Nicolas and immediate Ports every Saturday, in connexion with the Northern Railroad.
The trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at half past 10 a.m. on the above days for the convenience of passengers to the Tigre. Tickets for the train are given at the Steamboat agency with the tickets for the Steamer. Passengers Luggage not to exceed 50lb.—any excess will be charged for at the Station, and must be paid for before leaving the 25 de Mayo.

FARES.

Cabin.	Steerage.
S. Nicolas \$12	S. Nicolas \$6
Obligado \$12	Obligado \$6
L. Hermanas \$12	Las Hermanas \$6
Zarate \$4	Zarate \$2
Baradero \$6	Baradero \$2
San Pedro \$8	San Pedro \$4
Campana \$4	Campana \$3

This steamer will leave San Nicolas every Monday at 10 a.m. and San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon, arriving in Buenos Ayres by the train at 7.53 every Tuesday and Friday morning.
Parcels received in the Agency, Calle Cuyo No. 1.

"THE RIVER PLATE MAGAZINE,"
A Monthly Periodical of History, Sciences, Arts and Literature, 1865.
Subscriptions received at Messrs. Mackern's Library, Calle San Martin, and at the "Standard" office, Calle Belgrano.
Monthly subscription \$15 currency, or \$160 yearly, d21. x 124

GRAND TOBACCO EMPORIUM.
Snuff, Cigars, and Pipe Tobacco, From the French Imperial Manufactory.
In order to put a stop to the constant imitations of French tobacco, it has been decided to establish legitimate agencies in all foreign countries, official deposits duly authenticated of all articles made in the French Imperial manufactory. To this end arrangements have been made with Sres. Mateo Petit and Co., of Bordeaux, to act as agents for the Argentine and Uruguay Republics, who have recently opened their offices in Buenos Ayres at No. 1204 Calle San Martin, which said agency will be under the direction and management of Mr. FREDERICK PAULLIER.
The following is a list of the articles from the Imperial manufactory, which are on sale at the above-mentioned official deposit.
Superior French Snuff,
Virginie, Virginie haut gout,
Virginia and Amersfoort at 11f. 50c. per kilo,
Snuff, best quality, 9fr. 50c. per kilo
Pipe Tobacco, best Maryland,
Levant Latakia varinas, 11fr. 50c.
Tobacco, 1st class 9fr. 50c.
French Cigars 005 in France, 50 per cent.
Do 010 " 10 "
Do 015 " 18 "
All tobacco will be sold in packets of 50, 100, 200, and 500 grams.
French Cigars, those 005 in packages of 12 and 24, and those 010 and 015 cs. in packages or boxes.
Sales made wholesale and retail for cash.
FREDERICK PAULLIER,
1204 Calle San Martin.
Buenos Ayres. 127. 1m, j21

Sheep.
Parties wishing to buy Sheep in the partidos of Ensenada or Magdalena can be recommended where to find free of commission, from 500 to 10,000 at from \$32 to \$45 ahead, by applying at the office of P. DONOVAN & Co., Wool Brokers, 84 Piedra. 20. 1m 17

Notice.
The house of Bertonnet, No. 50 Calle San Martin, has lately received an assorted lot of Arms and other articles appertaining to their trade, namely:—
Fowling pieces, Breach loaders, single and Barrel.
Rifled Revolvers, small and large size, Pocket Revolvers, 6, 10, and 12 shots.
Montecristo rifles, 6 and 9 superior quality, Saloon Pistols, Duelling and for the Pocket. Swords assorted. All these articles are of the best make and quality, and sold at the lowest prices.
10. 6p 15

Sewing Machines.
A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.
JOHN SHAW.

Mestiza Stock
For Sale, at the "Estancia de los Ingleses, in the Partido de Ajo, from 10 to 12,000 fine Mestiza Sheep, "al corte," in lots to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to Messrs. John Best & Bros., Calle Rivadavia 92, or to Messrs. Gibson Brothers, at said Estancia. 135. 1m, j21

TO CAMP PURCHASERS.
Just Received,
AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF GOODS
Suitable for Camp use (abstract from the manufacturers) which we are offering at lowest possible cash prices at
THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT
OF BUENOS AYRES,
49 & 51—Calle Defensa—49 & 51.
GALBRAITH & HUNTER

INCLADORE'S AGENCIA DE LAS MENSAGERIAS CORREOS NACIONALES.
For Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Geronimo, Villanueva, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan.
Merchants and Passengers for the Provinces will please take notice that the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from 127 Calle 25 de Mayo, to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there. Encuentras, &c., will be received up to 6 o'clock the evening before the sailing of the steamers for Rosario, and all parcels from the Provinces will be delivered at No. 1, Calle Cuyo.
Buenos Ayres, January 17, 1865.
The following Parcels are on hand and the owners are requested to call for them, viz:—
Lynch & Yturburu, Federacio Oiviencia, (2) Prior de las Catalinas, Manuel Ocampo, Mariano Molino, Benjamin Villegas, Luciano Angier, Marcos Paz, Santiago Zurrain & Co., Juan Robbio, Domingo Cordoba. 117. j18, 1m. HENRY DOWSE.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE
64, 66 and 68 Calle Piedad,
(between San Martin and Reconquista.)
GENERAL CAMP STORE,
A large and well assorted stock of
GROGERY, DRAPERY & IRONMONGERY.
T. FALLON
64, 66, & 68 CALLE PIEDAD.
N.B.—A large Stock of Ready made clothing of every description.

A LOS ESTANCIEROS.
Cercos de hierro para rodeos, potreros corrales, chacaras etc.
Corrales portátiles con postes de hierro y tablillas.
Mojones de hierro.
Bebedores de hierro para ovejas, hacienda vacuna y caballo.
Piletas de hierro batido y de hierro fundido para construcciones.
Maquinas de estirar alambre.
Maquinas de cortar cables, alfileros, y copas de caballo; con esta maquina los Señores Estancieros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.
Maquinas de sacar agua de los jagüeles funcionando sin caballo, basta con un niño de diez ó doce años para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se transporta con facilidad.
En la fabrica de
VAN DE VELDE Hermanos.
B. Ayres, Calle Buen Orden No. 245.

Notice.
The undersigned begs to inform his friends and acquaintances that he has splendid accommodation for horses; anyone going to town can leave their horses with all confidence.
JOSE CRUZ SEIN,
Villa Luxan, Standard Agent.
N.B.—Green Alfalfa always on hand. 47. 1p d 2p w f 10

Nuevas Mensagerias Nacionales.
Office removed to
233—CALLE VICTORIA—233.
Leaves for Pilar every day.
Capital every day.
San Antonio de Areco, all eleven days.
Zarate, all even days.
Barriles, 1, 3, 5, 15, 21, 23, 29.
Returns from Pilar every day.
Capital, every day.
San Antonio, all even days.
Zarate, all uneven days.
Barriles, 1, 3, 5, 15, 21, 23, 29.
Conductors and Drivers.

FOREIGN AMATEUR RACES.
AUTUMN MEETING, 25th March, 1865
FIRST RACE, 12 Noon.
Light Weight Stakes—For native horses only. Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Three Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Weight, 125 lb.
SECOND RACE, 1 1/2 p.m.
Amateur Stakes—For native horses only. Entry, Five Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Half round. Weight, 145 lb.
THIRD RACE, 1 1/2 p.m.
Challenge Stakes—For all horses. Entry, Five Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Once and half round. Weight 140 lb.
FOURTH RACE, 3 p.m.
Trial Stakes—For all horses never having run at any public meeting. Entry, Six Hundred Dollars, with Six Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Weight, 145 lb.
FIFTH RACE, 3 1/2 p.m.
Criterion Stakes—For all horses. Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Four Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Weight, for age 3 years, 120 lb., 4 years 135, 5 years and aged 145.
SIXTH RACE, 4 1/2 p.m.
Champion Stakes—For all horses. Entry Five Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Two rounds. Weight, 140 lb.
SEVENTH RACE, 5 p.m.
Consolation Stakes—For beaten horses of the day. Entry, Two Hundred Dollars, with Two Thousand Dollars added. Once round. Catch weights.
Mares—Allowed 5 lb.
Winners, running the same distance, to carry extra weights, viz:—
Half-bred horses for once, 5lb: more than once, 8lb.
Native horses for once, 3lb: more than once 5lb.
Horses subsequently beaten are absolved from the above penalty.
Riders admitted on the terms of programme, 1st November, 1864.
Entries, to be made on the 13th of March, and Forfeits, to be declared on or before the 20th of March next, at No. 7, Calle 25 de Mayo.
Horses may be run with or without plates.
English Jockey Costume to be strictly observed.

House Coal.
Of superior quality; on sale.
Apply at No. 56, Calle San Martin. 41. 1m 6p

A New Lease of Life.
Dr. Radway's Pills have granted me a new lease of life. For fifteen years I have suffered with Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Indigestion. I have taken a cart-load of pills of different make, but the relief afforded by their operating was at the cost of severe suffering from Pills. I stopped taking these pills one week, the old difficulty would trouble me. I at last struck a vein of gold, in Radway's Pills—the first dose acted so differently from all other pills, that I hoped for a cure—six boxes made a new man of me; I am completely cured. No straining, no piles, no weakness followed their use, I gained strength with their use. I have not taken any physic for over a year, and am as rugged, strong and hearty as a bear.
JAMES W. FOSDICK,
Clinton Town, Clinton Co; N. Y.

Rams—Rams—Rams.
The undersigned, in this large and superior stock of Rams and ewes, beg to inform his friends in the Camp that he has on hand a splendid collection of animals, from three hundred to five hundred. Rams and ewes, and a complete lot of each in its class will compete with anything in the province.
In the "Rambouillet type" will be found some fine specimens—the pure blood, and a complete lot of each in its class will compete with anything in the province.
In the "Negrette" he has also some beautiful animals of pure blood, as like rise the "Negrette" from the "fine Merino," a "Cria" remarkable for compact shape and close heavy wool.
In addition to the above he wishes to draw special attention to his celebrated Argentine breed, between the "Rambouillet" and "Negrette" ewes, and which, after seven years' experience, he can fully recommend as a breeding ewe and sheep with length and weight of wool—qualities so anxious looked for by all experienced sheep-farmers, and which have given so much satisfaction to those who have already purchased of this class. In buying the above in half the quantity, and pure blood, already acclimated, there is an immense advantage, as Rams reared in this country are not so delicate and withstand the winter better than imported, and pure blood, already sold much cheaper, and only requiring ordinary care.
He can likewise supply all the ewes in Buenos Ayres, either picked or by the hundred, and wishes to remark that all have been in prime condition throughout the past summer.
PATRICK BOOKEY.

THE QUEEN'S FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000.
Chief Offices,
QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.
Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,
Barbour, Barclay, and Co
CALLE CHACABUO, 13.
Sept. 20

DAY AND MARTIN'S
Real Japan Blacking.
97, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.
For affording Nourishment and Durability to the Leather it stands Unrivalled.
SOLD BY ALL THE FIRST-CLASS BOOTERS IN
In Bottles at 6s., 1s., and 1s. 6d. each.
D. & M. take the opportunity of cautioning purchasers against spurious imitations of their Manufacture and Labels.
Orders through Macanille House.

"THE STANDARD"—Printed and Published every morning at the "Standard" Printing Office, No. 14 Calle Belgrano, by the Proprietors and Editors, M. G. and E. T. MULLIN.