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The Standard.

"All hail andeum, all yerri non andeum diore."
CICERO.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 15, 1865.

NEWS FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE MERSEY.

The Mersey landed at Montevideo £50,000 in sovereigns, for the Mauá Bank, and jewellery valued at 8,000 francs. She left Rio on the 8th inst., at 8 a.m., having been detained, through the non-arrival of Magdalena, until the 6th inst., at 4 p.m. The Magdalena experienced very heavy weather crossing the Bay, and was detained at Lisbon until the 17th December, instead of leaving on the 13th, coal lighters not being able to get alongside. The gale caused great damage among the shipping at Lisbon, and the loss of 25 lives.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Bank of France has reduced its rate of discount from 6 to 5 per cent. This movement strengthened the markets here yesterday, 8th inst., consols leaving off for account at 89½ to 3. The money market is quiet at 6½ to 3 per cent. £42,000 in gold were sent into the Bank. According to the official returns, the stock of bullion held by the Bank of England is £13,840,964, being £149,230 less than last week; but the reserve is stronger by £31,660. Lord Stanley presided at a distribution of prizes at the Manchester Mechanics' Institution on Friday evening. He made a capital speech in reference to the utility of such institutions and to the education of youth. He was most warmly cheered.

The Home Secretary has decided that Matthews, the cabman, is entitled to the whole of the reward for the apprehension and conviction of Muller. The sum is £300. Meanwhile Matthews has been arrested by one of his creditors, and it is expected that claims for at least £560 will be lodged against him, so that the reward will be speedily swallowed up.

A most extraordinary and mysterious robbery has been committed in the city. The strong-room of Messrs. Baum and Son, 58, Lombard-street, bullion-dealers, was entered some time between Saturday afternoon and yesterday morning, and coin and notes to the amount of over £20,000 have been abstracted. The circumstances attending the robbery are of the most singular nature. The affair is being investigated by the city police.

John White and Sutton, who were charged with having scuttled a vessel in the Snowdrop, of which they were respectively master and mate, were brought up again at the Mansion House yesterday. A good deal of evidence was taken, and the prisoners were again remanded.

A deputation of laymen of the Church of England waited upon the Archbishop of Canterbury and York yesterday to present addresses to their Graces. The addresses thanked the Archbishops for their recent pastorals against the "Essays and Reviews" and Bishop Colenso. After the documents had been presented, both the Archbishops thanked the deputation for the expression of their opinion on the pastorals, and briefly repeated some of the observations which those pastorals contained.

A meeting was held last evening, at the Lambeth Baths, to agree to an address of congratulation to President Lincoln on his re-election. The Rev. Newman Hall presided. The proceedings were of a most interesting character. The proposed address was unanimously agreed to.

A shocking tragedy occurred at Shirley, near Southampton, on Saturday. A man named Bessfield shot a Mrs. Colborne dead, and then attempted to

commit suicide. Before Mrs. Colborne was married Bessfield had made love to her, and been rejected; and this was no doubt the cause of his committing the murder.

The Australian colonists have lost no time in carrying out their threat of retaliation for the continuance of transportation to Western Australia. The first batch of convicts whose time has expired have been reshipped to England. The colonists have been rather too hasty in adopting this irritating line of policy, as, if they had waited a few weeks longer, they would have found that public opinion in this country was unanimously in favor of the abandonment of the system to which they objected. The telegram, so far as New Zealand is concerned, is somewhat obscure, but the news from the native districts does not appear to be favorable.

The manager and secretary of the late Unity Bank, Mr. Terry and Mr. Burch, were brought up yesterday at the Mansion House, charged with having prepared a fraudulent balance-sheet of the bank. The evidence was interesting, as giving a good view of the interior management of the bank. The two prisoners were again remanded, bail being taken for their appearance.

Some time ago a letter was published in the London papers from a Mr. Irwin, of Dublin, professing to throw some light upon the Waterloo-bridge mystery. According to him an Australian colonist, whom he called R—, had been lodging with a man named W—, in a street in the Strand. R— was known to have money, and he disappeared just at the time the bones were found on Waterloo-bridge. The police have made inquiries, and the result is that a Mr. Radcliffe—the R— of Mr. Irwin's story—is found to have lodged with a Mr. Woolfe—the W— of the letter—and to have sold some Tasmanian bonds, after which he disappeared. However, three months afterwards he opened an account with a bank at Liverpool, so that he was not the victim of the Waterloo Bridge affair.

Kingston, Canada, Nov. 25.

The President of the executive Council has gone to England by the last mail steamer, with the authorized and corrected scheme for the confederation of the North American provinces to lay before the British Government. He will return in time to be present at the early session of the Canadian Parliament, which will be called in little more than a month.

DEATH OF THE EARL OF CARLISLE.

We regret to state that the Earl of Carlisle died yesterday at Castle Howard. The noble lord was compelled to resign the Lord Lieutenantancy of Ireland in consequence of ill-health. Since his return to England he has been living in retirement at Castle Howard. The disease, however, under which he was suffering made steady progress, and the noble lord died yesterday. He was born in April, 1802. As Viscount Morpeth, he pursued his studies with great success at Oxford, and entered public life as member for the borough of Morpeth. In 1841, after being elected for Yorkshire, he became Chief Secretary for Ireland. On the dissolution of Parliament which preceded the retirement of Lord Melbourne's Administration in 1841 he stood again for the West Riding and was defeated. Afterwards he visited the United States, where he received unusual honors. He was subsequently again elected for the West Riding, and was appointed Chief Commissioner of Woods and Forests, and later Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. In 1848 he succeeded to the earldom. In 1855, when Lord Palmerston's Government came into power, he was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and held the office until the advent of the Derby Administration. When Lord Palmerston returned to office the earl was again appointed Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and remained in that office until a few weeks ago. He was the author of "A Diary in Greek and Turkish Waters," and one of his lectures on the life and writings of Pope was a most able criticism of the writings of that poet.

THE NEW PEER.

The Hon and Rev Wm-George Howard, who succeeds to the earldom of Carlisle, is rector of Lonsborough,

Yorkshire, a benefice which is worth about £900 a year, and is in the gift of Lord Lonsborough. He was born in 1808, and has held his present benefice since 1832.

RIVER PLATE BANK.

The second ordinary meeting of the shareholders of the London, Buenos Ayres, and River Plate Bank, Limited is called for the 16th inst; to declare a dividend, and will be made extraordinary to confirm a resolution of the directors empowering the board to increase the company's capital "by an amount not exceeding £1,000,000 sterling, at such times in such manner, and upon such conditions, as the board may from time to time deem expedient."

SUMMARY OF FOREIGN NEWS.

We deeply regret to announce the sudden death of Mr. Dayton, the American Minister at Paris. The lamented gentleman died of apoplexy on Thursday, Dec. 1st. He had occupied his high diplomatic position during the entire period of Mr. Lincoln's Presidency. So long ago as 1841 he was elected to the Senate of the United States, and throughout his entire career he remained true to the principles of the anti-slavery party. In 1856 he was the Republican candidate for the Vice Presidency; but, as is well known, he shared the defeat of General Fremont.

The 'Patrie' states that the improvement which lately took place in the health of M. Moëquard did not continue, and that his present condition is such as to cause great anxiety.

The Paris papers publish a telegram from Messina, according to which the whole province of Afghanistan was in full insurrection. A battle had taken place between the Russians and the Khan of Kokand, who was said to have lost 6,000 men.

The Court of Correctional Appeal in Paris has given judgment against the appeal of the thirteen deputies accused of holding illegal meetings, and confirmed the sentence pronounced upon them.

A regiment of the French expeditionary army has arrived at Lisbon on its way home from Mexico.

General Cialdini has been rousing up the Italian Senate by a vigorous and uncompromising speech. He supported the transfer of the capital on military grounds, and declared that between Austria and Italy no compromise is possible. The passes of the Apennines he described as capable of being made in case of need the genuine Thermopylae of Italy. His declarations against Austria were received with loud applause, and according to the telegram it would appear that General La Marmora endorsed the sentiments of his military colleague. The Marquis Pallavicino, an old friend of Garibaldi's, opposed the Convention, and declared himself in favour of going to Rome at all risks, and making war upon Austria for Venice. But Pallavicino is a man of headlong nature, having nothing whatever of the politician in him, and enjoying little repute for discretion.

The King of Denmark has arrived at Kölding, in Jutland. The *Dagblad* asserts that several thousand inhabitants of Schleswig wanted to go to Kölding to render homage to the King, but that the German authorities prevented them and that several arrests were made in consequence.

The Prussian troops who have returned from the scene of the late war entered Berlin with the King at their head, amid an immense and enthusiastic crowd.

In the sitting of the Frankfort Diet the Austro-Prussian proposition for the evacuation of Holstein and Lauenburg by the Federal troops was carried by 9 votes against 6. Saxony, Bavaria, Württemberg, and Darmstadt voted with the minority. The representatives of Austria and Prussia then intimated that the civil commissioners of the two Powers in Schleswig would likewise undertake the administration of Holstein and Lauenburg. We may therefore regard this affair, which at one time threatened so seriously, as now over. Saxony maintained her independent position to the last.

The King of Denmark continues his journey to Jutland, and we learn that despite the prohibition of the German Commissioners in Schleswig, a number of Schleswigers have gone to Kölding

to pay their respects to King Christian and to assert their Danish nationality.

A correspondent in Florence sends account of the preparations which are being made in that city to improve, adorn, and even enlarge it so as to make it fully worthy of the position it is so soon to assume. The debate in the Italian Senate still proceeds, but since Cialdini's speech it has not been enlivened by any remarkable display. It may be mentioned that the debate has demonstrated the fact that the original convention which would have been concluded but for the death of Cavour, and which differed from the present in having no condition attached about a transfer of capital, was not the conception of Cavour himself. The project was conceived and sketched out by Prince Napoleon, who communicated it in a letter to Cavour, by whom it was immediately adopted. This fact was made known to the Senate by General Durando, Foreign Secretary in the Cabinet of Signor Rattazzi.

The Governor of Venetia has issued a circular to the clergy and municipal authorities, stating that the investigations recently made confirm the belief that the insurrectionary attempt in Friuli was of foreign instigation. He urges those whom he addresses to warn the population against similar attempts, and to repress firmly all revolutionary tendencies. The clergy and the municipalities may comply with the former injunction, but to repress revolutionary tendencies in Venetia, while it remains under Austrian rule, would be simply impossible.

The debate on the Convention in the Italian Senate continues. Signor Durando, once Foreign Minister, spoke in favor of the Convention. General La Marmora spoke in reply to the arguments urged by some senators who opposed it. Some doubt now exists as to whether Massimo d'Azeglio will take part in the debate. It is rumored that he will communicate his opinions in writing.

The Representative Chamber of the Austrian Reichsrath have adopted a paragraph in their address to the throne, calling for an official statement of the causes and the results of the state of siege now existing in Galicia. This paragraph was adopted despite the strenuous resistance of the ministers.

In the sitting of the Lower House of the Austrian Reichsrath, Count Mensdorff-Pouilly, the new Foreign Minister, declared that the great object of Austria was to avoid if possible a war, which was apparently inevitable. He contended that Austria could not be expected to take the initiative in bringing about a better understanding with Italy, but declared that her inclinations were entirely pacific.

The King of the Greeks has taken the oath to the new constitution, and the National Assembly, having finished at last its long-protracted labours, has been dissolved, to the great gratification, we should think, of all parties concerned.

An Imperial ukase, issued in St. Petersburg on the 7th, authorises the issue of a lottery loan of one hundred millions of roubles, in bonds of the value of 100 roubles each, bearing interest at 5 per cent.

M. Schenck, of Berne, has been elected by a large majority President of the Swiss Confederation for 1865.

A Copenhagen telegram states that a deputation of 5,000 Schleswigers waited upon the King of Denmark, at Kölding, and presented an address to him, declaring their desire to remain under his rule.

The Paris evening papers publish letters from Belgrade which announce serious disturbances in Albania.

From Japan the intelligence is hardly more reassuring or intelligible. We gather from it that Prince Naugato, undismayed by the recent destruction of his forts, has refused to pay the indemnity, and that in consequence his palace has been destroyed.

LATEST FROM U. STATES.

New York, Nov. 29.

The 'Commercial's' Fortress Monroe correspondence says it has been known to General Grant that A. P. Hill's entire rebel corps has been detached from Lee's army and sent South, probably to meet Sherman. Its place has been taken by two divisions of Early's army.

New York, Nov. 29.

In the rebel House of Representatives on the 25th, Mr. J. T. Leach of North Carolina offered the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas—The unfriendly interference of citizens of non-slaveholding States with the reserved rights of the States was a prolific cause of this cruel, bloody and relentless war, and whereas, the citizens of Slave States, in an unguarded moment, under the influence of unwise counsels, without mature deliberation as to the fearful consequences, made the election of Abraham Lincoln the occasion for precipitating the Confederate States out of the Union, followed by a fearful train of consequences, and whereas, we, the Representatives of the people, desire to place ourselves fairly before the civilized world as anxious to secure an honorable and permanent peace, therefore.

Resolved. That when the United States shall signify its willingness to recognise these rights and guarantee our citizens their rights of property as provided in the Constitution and laws of Congress, we will agree, to a trial for peace, and such terms as may agree upon by commissioners, or by the States acting in their sovereign character, and ratified by a majority of the people, shall constitute the bond of peace between the North and South.

Mr. Leach sustained the resolutions in a speech, and then they were voted down almost unanimously.

Baltimore, Nov. 29.

The following are the facts as far as gathered of the raid on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. About one o'clock on Monday afternoon a rebel force, estimated at from 1500 to 2000 strong, appeared in front of New Creek station which was defended by a small body of troops behind earthworks. The latter were soon overcome, and either surrendered or fled. In a short time the enemy were in full possession of the post. They blew up the earthworks and destroyed all temporary and other buildings excepting the residence of Col. Armstrong, who is either now or has been in the rebel army.

The cutting of the telegraph wire gave the alarm to the railroad men at Piedmont, whereupon all the rolling stock of the company and other movable property was sent off.

Soon after the enemy reached Piedmont, and destroyed the road house of the company, a large workshop and considerable quantity of valuable stationary machinery. So far as is known no damage was done to the railroad track or bridges.

The enemy are reported to have left, going in a southerly direction. There is reason to hope that the raiders will be overtaken by a force sent in pursuit.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE JEFF DAVIS DYNASTY.

A letter from the army of the Potomac says it has been recently discovered that there is a wide spread conspiracy in the South operating through a secret society, having for its aim the overthrowing the Richmond dynasty. There have been several arrests made in North Carolina, upper South Carolina, and Georgia, and some in Virginia. This discovery has created considerable consternation, and almost the first business of the Confederate Congress after assembling, was to discuss in secret session this domestic foe, and take the most stringent and decided measures to counteract and guard against their lurking danger.

THE FRIEND OF PROGRESS.

It must have taken not only the foreign public but all respectable men in Buenos Ayres by surprise, to see the official organ of President Mitre make so outrageous and unprecedented attack on the great banking institution of this city, of Mauá and Co; a house deservedly reputed in the new world as well as in London. The "forced loan" (to use a mild expression) exacted by the Montevidean Government has been the signal for a plentiful shower of such abuse as forms the stock-in-trade of our native colleagues when politics enter into the question, and all the revolutionary editors have got up a howl against the house which has ever proved itself the friend of industrial progress in this Republic.

Where can we turn our eyes among the enterprises of Argentine regene-

ration, without finding the name of Mauá & Co. identified therewith? Go to the silver mines of San Juan, trace the course of the Rio Salado, visit the Central Argentine Railway works; in a word, scan the map of these provinces, and you will everywhere find the funds of the great Brazilian capitalist, either promoting public works, or fomenting trade by its branch-banks, or practically teaching habits of industry by supplying the means for private enterprise. We have seen the princely liberality of Baron Mauá not only at President Mitre's San Juan tea party, not only in Mr. Wheelwright's concession, but in the humble institution of the Irish Sisters of Mercy, and every other charitable object of this city. Well may we call him, therefore, the friend of honest industry and progress.

But ingratitude is a vice so common in these countries, that we will not further insist on Baron Mauá's title to consideration on these grounds of liberality and enterprise. We may rather regard his bank as the mainstay of our trade and commerce, and this is too notorious to need demonstration. Every other house in Buenos Ayres might fail to-morrow, and its crash would only cause a passing interjection! But Mauá is the Colosseum, whose fall would bring with it that of the whole city.

Happily there is no more fear of such calamity than of an earthquake, for the house which stood in sole sublimity after the Souto cataclysm in Rio Janeiro, unscathed by the tornado of falling banks, can laugh at the pogues of our native editors, whose names are unknown beyond the River Plate, and whose friends are debtors, not creditors, to Mauá and Co.

If it were necessary to make an apology for the conduct of the Montevidean Bank, we need not remind our readers that the Bank could not refuse the 'forced loan,' as the Government would at once stop its notes in circulation and produce a calamity similar to, but ten times greater than, that produced by Sor. Riestra's like measure in Rosario, in 1860.

We could multiply the instances of Mauá's kindness to the Argentine Republic, whose Bonds fill a large apartment of Mr. Leslie's premises, security (?) for money lent to needy Argentines and its pauper government.

But the best answer we can give to the infamous attacks by the native press, is to state that the English packet which arrived yesterday, brought out for this bank fifty thousand pounds sterling in gold, and that by the next French mail, one hundred thousand pounds more will arrive. In view of these colossal, stupendous, and unprecedented importations of gold, the Bank of Mauá in Montevideo, although forced by the Blancos, and shamefully calumniated by the Colorados, pays from this day forward in gold all deposits in the Savings Bank.

In a future number we propose to inform the public of the many Argentine enterprises which Mauá & Co. have taken an active part in and have been instrumental in carrying out.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Yesterday there was a plethora of news. The Esmeralda from Corrientes arrived late on Friday night with news of the storming of Coimbra and subsequent capture of this important place. The Mersey arrived at day-break with the mails from Europe, whilst the sailing vessel from the States, which arrived on Friday brought us five days' later news than that of the packet.

Mr. Hector Varela, the editor of the "Tribuna," has gone to Fray Bentos to attend the conference respecting the attack on Montevideo. It is by no means impossible that the fall of Coimbra will induce the marine Baron to hasten his operations, as, if the Bravilians meet with any delay at Montevideo, possibly the Paraguayans will sweep the whole country, and sail down the Amazon to the astonishment of the Brazilians.

The Esmeralda, when passing down by the mouth of the Guazu was hailed by a small boat from one of the Brazilian gunboats stationed there, to know the news from Paraguay. A supplement of the "Semanario," with the particulars of the fall of Coimbra, was put into a bottle and thrown to them, so it is probable that Minister Parana-

hos, although in Fray Bentos, will have received the news yesterday.

Mr. Bliss, the agent of the Argentine Government to the Gran Chaco, was in Corrientes at the leaving of the Esmeralda. He, with the Governor, Minister, and several others, was about to make a trip in the Gran Chaco early next week.

The steamer Corrientes, which was expected in port to-day from Paraguay, has not yet arrived in Corrientes; she had loaded yerba in Asuncion when last heard of.

The news from the Pacific is of a most pacific character, and private letters received by some foreign merchants state that peace will probably be established between Spain and Peru.

Our colleague the 'Nacion,' we are glad to see, has admitted its error respecting its unjustifiable attack on the Mauá Bank. The 'Tribuna,' 'Nacional,' even the 'Pueblo,' all chimed in, now, in abusing this popular banking institution, but we apprehend that the time is gone by when private banks can be injured by newspaper attacks; the Mauá Bank has received £50,000 sterling by the packet.

Two magnificent heifers in calf, of the Hereford breed left England in the Paraná, for Mr. Leonardo Pereyra of Buenos Ayres. These animals are splendid specimens, and will prove a great acquisition to this country.

Mr. Etchegaray's land grant is still in a state of chrysalis; we hear that he has offered to dispose of his scheme for £34,000 sterling to the British public, but capitalists hold back on account of the Flores war.

CAPTURE OF FORT COIMBRA.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF COL. BARRIOS.

Fort Coimbra, Dec. 30th. 1864.

I have the honor to apprise your Excellency of the result of our operations in the expedition entrusted to me by President Lopez.

After a rapid and successful voyage we cast anchor before Fort Coimbra on the night of the 26th inst., when I landed a portion of the troops on the left bank of the River Paraguay about a league below the fort, whence I sent them to reconnoitre the ground and seize the chief strategic positions from which I could cannonade the fort and dislodge the garrison. The Brazilian war-steamer Anhambay, and another smaller which started up the river same day, were hauled up under cover of the guns of the fort, and did good service for the defence.

Having completed my arrangements I sent an officer with a flag of truce demanding the surrender of the Fort within an hour, to which the commander refused. Being obliged to recur to arms, I opened fire of 11 a.m., the two gunboats maintaining at first unaided, the combat with the enemy's batteries. But afterwards I also brought into play my light field pieces from the slope of the hill, which being well-placed told seriously on the fort. After two days' bombardment I ordered an assault, which took place with more ardor than prudence at 2 p.m. on the 28th. Part of the hill-side forces under Major Luis Gonzalez charged up to the walls by four different paths under a fearful plunging fire from the fort and the Brazilian steamers. Our men scaled the walls in a perfect shower of ball, grape and canister, but the difficulties of the ground prevented their being supported and after a deadly bayonet struggle within the walls they were repulsed with loss, carrying off their wounded to our reserve. Lieut. Rivas distinguished himself, being the first man who twice scaled the walls over the bodies of his fallen comrades, and on the second time killed by a shot through the forehead. Lieut. Manuel Lopez was killed in like manner by a piece of shell while gallantly leading on his company to the attack. Sergeant Sanabria and 7 men fought valiantly within the walls until all were killed or wounded by the garrison, except one who soldier remained prisoner.

It will be seen that the fort was tenable; nevertheless, I resolved to try a second assault next day, and arranged that Captain Almon's battery should shift its position so as to silence the war-steamer and prevent its escape; but the garrison, seeing our intention, resolved not to await a second assault, and profited of the darkness of the

night to escape on board the Anhambay, leaving one of their wounded behind.

Next morning the fort was occupied by our forces, and the flag of Paraguay hoisted on the ramparts of Coimbra, where 37 pieces of cannon, two flags, and an immense quantity of arms, clothing, supplies, &c., fell into our hands. It is impossible to estimate the losses of the enemy, as they threw their dead into the river.

Our losses consist of two officers named, and the soldiers hereinafter mentioned: the number is small, when we consider the advantage of the enemy sheltered behind stone walls and firing from invisible places.

Major Gonzalez, who fought bravely, is slightly wounded; also Lieutenants Nuñez and Mendez.

I have to congratulate H. E. President Lopez on the valor of our troops at Coimbra: to-morrow I will set out for Albuquerque and Curumbá, where I expect to find Colonel Porto Carreiro's fugitive garrison.

VICENTE BARRIOS.

To the Minister of War and Marine. Under date, December 30th, Colonel Resquin writes to the Commander-in-Chief (Barrios) advising him that on the previous evening he seized the settlement of Miranda, occupying the place with 150 infantry; it was quite deserted, but two women have been taken in the woods, who say that an invasion from Paraguay being expected, orders were received two months before to remove all the inhabitants and their effects to the upper Brazilian provinces.

Colonel Urbieto also writes from Dorados, 30th Dec. that on the previous day he captured that place, after a brief combat with the garrison who refused to surrender. The Brazilian commander and two soldiers were killed, the rest escaping to the woods, except 12 men who fell into the hands of the captors, along with a quantity of arms. Notice had been received by the garrison two months before, to retire on the approach of the Paraguayans: the latter had two men wounded.

This news was received with rejoicing at Asuncion, the announcement being made by the Salto de Guara with some of the captured guns of Coimbra.

THE "ESTRELLA DEL NORTE."

To the Editors of the 'Standard.'

Gentlemen, Having observed some remarks in your edition of yesterday, in reference to the above steamer at the several river ports, you will allow me to say that I think a large passenger traffic would be instantly secured, if it were possible to make such arrangements as would conduce to the comfort of passengers by a daylight arrival from the river ports, where the departure conveniences for passengers are so very limited. Having had occasion to take a trip up the river lately, I admired the great convenience of the Tigre train as much as the delicious scenery through the islands. These two things combined are quite sufficient to divert a large share of the traffic to this new vein; and still larger would it be only for the midnight landing, &c., up the river. There is no one anxious or willing to sit in a damp or dusty diligence for 6, 8, or 12 hours, whilst the boon of a secure trip can be afforded.

The Estrella is as tidy a little boat as ever topped a wave. Steams away nicely at 9 and 10 knots up river, runs through the islands like a greased lightning on a steel rod, and answers her helm beautifully. The cleanliness of the berths, and the neatness of everything around, struck the eye at once, and a first-rate dinner, at 4 sharp, serves to put all in good humor, and induce them to enjoy their cigar under the cool awning. As to the kindness and urbanity of Captain Price and Mr. Davis, they require no comment. Captain Price, of the Paven, was a favorite with every one, and in the Estrella he is just the same: with him she is a valuable boat. I can safely recommend all those living in the riverine partidos (Zarate, Baradero, &c.), to give the Tigre trip a trial, conscious that they will repeat it.

Yours truly,

"BALLYNASMASH."

Jan. 13, 1865.

PASSENGERS PER MERRY.

For Montevideo—Mrs. L. Touzet, Mr. A. Giehlviudt, Mr. E. Lima, Mr. E. G. Pestono, Mr. E. Sallis. For Buenos Ayres—Miss Russell, Mr. G. Cohnitz, Mr. J. Cullen, Mr. J. W. Jennings, Mr. Gardner, Mr. A. Bernardo, Mme. J. M. Barreto, five children, and servant; Mr. Luiz Magarinos, Mr. J. Clark, wife and daughter; Mme. E. Martin, Mr. H. S. Stanley, Mr. W. M. Roberts, Mr. Boyd, Dr. R. M. Davis, Mrs. R. Curlew, child, and servant, Mr. Jones, Mr. S. Hernandez and son; Mr. C. Risso and brother; Mr. H. Young, Mr. J. P. Smith, Mr. J. C. Blanco, Mr. G. Nuttall, Mr. Munro, Mr. R. Usher and three sisters: six deck passengers. Total, 50.

ON 'CHANGE.

January 14, 1865.
Paper price of ounces, \$436 m/c.
First price of patacons 27 35
Last 27 25
Cash sales, 198,299.

TIME SALES.

For Saturday	13,000	27 30
31st January	45,000	27 35
15th February	3,000	27 65
15th March	5,000	28 —
30th April	4,000	28 10
15th March	2,500	28 —
10th February	2,000	27 50
Total,	272,799.	

The advices by the packet respecting the improved tone of the home market, had a beneficial effect on the specie market. Patacons opened very firm, but subsequently grew weak, closing ten centissimos lower than they opened.

The scandalous attack on the credit of the most important Banking institution in Buenos Ayres, the "Mauá Bank," by the Spanish newspapers, was not without its effect to-day. The drain on the Bank was heavy, but the reserve fund of the bank was more than sufficient to meet every check; and bills which had yet several months to mature were freely discounted to rid timid native dealers of their nervous anxiety.

The market advices from Europe are of a rather unfavorable character; we regret to say, although money is easier in England and on the Continent.

In the South Plaza a sale of wool was effected at 97. This wool came from Magdalena, and was in very superior condition.

The Mauá Bank received by the packet a quarter of a million of patacons in gold. It resumes to-day its specie payment in Montevideo to Savings Bank depositors.

COLON THEATRE.

COMPANIA de NIÑOS FLORENTINOS.

El Domingo 15 del corriente.
Primera Parte
La pieza nueva titulada
Atraj.
22 y 33 Parte
El Aparato de Baile
Catarina, o la hija del fea Candido.
A las 8 y en punto.

BRITISH HOTEL.

96—CALLE PIEDAD—96

The undersigned, thankful for the many favours conferred on him since his commencing business, begs to inform his friends and the public in general that having purchased his deceased partner's interest in the concerns, and become sole proprietor of the British Hotel, and begs to assure all who may favour him with a call that no pains will be spared to merit a continuance of that patronage conferred hitherto on the establishment.

The strictest care will be taken in the purchase of meat, vegetables, &c., as likewise in the selection of spirits, wines, brandies, ales and porters, &c. Private rooms for families.

British Hotel,
96—CALLE PIEDAD—96
JOSEPH RIBERA,
Sole Proprietor.
82 15p, j15

To Capitalists.

The beautiful Quinta, with building, etc., etc., of Don Luis Bleumstein, situated in Moron, in front of the railway station, will be sold by auction without fail on Sunday the 15th inst., at 12 o'clock, as the owner is leaving for Europe. The auction will be conducted by Don Mariano Billinghurst, who will give all information. This Quinta is remarkable for its beautiful gardens, fruit-trees, and flowers, etc., also its comfortable buildings, and deserves the attention of capitalists.

84, j15

Down with the Empire.

Hojas Historicas by the Argentine Citizen, Don Miguel Navarro Viola, have now been published in one volume of 120 pages, and is on sale at 241 Calle Moreno and all the principal libraries, price \$15 m/c.

For Antwerp Direct.

Will load in a few days for said destination, the fine clipper Prussian barque "Carl Steinorth," 33 A11, 420 tons, Captain Steinorth. This vessel can still engage salted hides, dry hides and bales. For further particulars please apply to the consignees;

Messrs. STOCK & Co.,
CHAS. WM. BENX & Co.,
Ship Brokers,
89, 7p j15 49 Calle 25 de Mayo.

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, 16th inst., return tickets, only available for same day, will be given at the following prices, from the Mayo station:—
Palermo and back \$ 8
Belgrano 12
San Isidro 20
San Fernando 24
Tigre 30

FOREIGN AMATEUR RACING SOCIETY.

In consequence of the non-attendance of a sufficient number to form a quorum at the last committee meeting convened, the committee is hereby requested to attend for the purposes before-mentioned on Thursday 19th inst at 8 p.m., No. 7 calle Mayo. The Secretary.

Ex "Omerland," from Hamburg. EXTRA FINE GIN. Marca de "la llave." In stone bottles. Will be found superior to any in the market.

Hibernian House,
64, 66 & 68 PIEDAD.
81, 6p, j15

Wanted a Clerk.

A young man to act as Under Book-keeper and make himself generally useful is wanted in an English mercantile house. Address Clerk at this office. 88 3p, j15

Wanted

A Housemaid and Errand-boy at the British Hotel, 96 Piedad. 83 j13, 2p

Nurse.

A Lady returning to England between April and May, and in want of an experienced Nurse, will find a suitable person by addressing C. R., 61 Piedad. 85, 12p j15

Wanted.

A young man to go as Schoolmaster to an English family in the camp, about 48 leagues south. Apply at 158 Calle Reconquista. 79 3p, j14

Wanted.

By a Boy 16 years of age, a situation in a house as Steward; speaks English and Spanish. Address J. R., Standard office. 77 3p, j13

Wanted Employment.

A young German recently arrived is desirous to get a place in town, or in a barraca as Book-keeper, or to make himself useful in a merchant's house; is perfectly acquainted with book-keeping, French and German correspondence, and every business concerning an office. Address Y. L., Standard office. 71, 3p j14

Tercero.

A married man who has had 3 years experience in the camp as tercero, wishes to meet with a similar engagement, his term expiring in March next. Apply at Messrs. Claypole Bros. 3 18p i 4

Wanted Immediately.

Two Young Women, as Servants in an American family, one to act as cook and the other as housemaid. References required. Good wages will be paid. Apply at this office. 50 j10, 6p

Wanted.

A Cook in an estancia 18 leagues from town, South. Good references required. Apply to No. 7 calle 25 de Mayo. 57 12p j12

On Sale.

On sale for \$160,000, a fine Quinta, five squares before the 11 Septiembre. Good buildings with seven rooms, flowers, fruit trees, etc.

Houses—Calle Chacabuco, Montevideo, S. Martin, Piedad, Reconquista, 25 de Mayo, Buen Orden, Parque, Suipacha, Independencia, Arenales, Rivadavia, Florida, of different dimensions and prices.

A Quinta in Barracas with all commodities, very suitable for a rich English family.

A Chacra 14 squares, with houses, alfalfa, &c., in the bajo de San Francisco.

A large Building, 49 varas by 18, with Tienda and Pulperia, and pieces of land near the Railway in the Lomas de Zamora.

1 league of good Camp in Las Flores, cheap.

An Estancia in Entre-Rios, 12 leagues, 6,000 sheep, cattle, mares, etc. Good buildings and chacra.

1 league of good camp in the partido de Navarro will be sold cheap.

An Estancia 39 square leagues, another one 24, province de Corlova.

An Estancia in Rojas, 3 leagues. Right to 39 or 40 leagues of the best camps in Junin.

An Estancia 1. Guardia del Monte. Money given, with guarantee of public stocks.

1,500,000 are to be given on mortgage.

Public stocks and titles of the Foreign Debt are bought.

Office of D. Alejandro Cornae, Exchange Broker, 67 San Martin (altos) front of the Bolsa, from 8 to 4.

dt, X.

For Sale.

The well-built House, No. 49 Calle Rio Bamba, containing 9 rooms recently constructed, with azotea roof, 17 yards front and 75 depth. Can be seen at all hours of the day. For further particulars apply to Mr. Geo. Wilks, No. 7 Calle Mayo. 75 9p, j13

Estancia.

Between Lobos and La Guardia del Monte, one Estancia of three-quarters of a league, excellent pasture, six Puestos, and an extensive House, built at great expense.

Office of Alexander Cornae, 67 San Martin. 49 6p j12

Casa en Barracas Alta de las tres Esquinas. Se alquila la que ocupa el Ser. Temant Es ingeniero del Ferro Carri del Sud. Sus piezas principales en tablas, y empapeladas, tiene jardín y otras comodidades—Para verla, en la Barraca del lado. Para tratar Cangallo n. 145 69 9p j12

To Rent.

A small estancia to the south, about one-third of a square league of ground, a fine azotea house, three 'puestos,' alfalfa fields, fruit trees, corrales, and all other requisites for a complete establishment. Distance from Buenos Ayres ten leagues; from Moron six leagues; from San Vicente four leagues. The land is of the best in the province, and there is an arroyo of permanent water, which crosses it in its entire length. A long lease on moderate terms will be given.

For further particulars, please apply to Wells, Beckhouse, and Co., 173 Piedad, from 5 to 9 o'clock p.m. 138 1m, d & w, d22.

To Rent.

Various leagues of camp situated in the partidos de Pila Marchiquita and Azul: price from \$600 to \$2000 m/c yearly per 100 square leagues. For further particulars apply at 180 Calle Florida. d21, x

To Rent

Some excellent camp, 35 leagues from this city, on the side of the Salto, Partido 25 de Mayo, joining Mr. S. Quinn's camp. Persons interested may rent enough for one flock, 4, 4 or a league. The camp is of the best kind for sheep. For particulars apply at the establishment to Mr. Esteples, or 257 Calle Belgrano, in town 152 1m d24

For Sale.

A flock of 1600 fine mestiza sheep at the Estancia of the Tronquitos. The camp with house, corrales, &c., as at present occupied by them can be rented by the purchaser if required. Apply at the Estancia 11 leagues from town and 14 leagues from the Scotch church at St. Juan. Proprietor, Mr. Neil Buchanan. 193 20p d31

AUCTION SALE.

By MARIANO BILLINGHURST. Of a pretty Country Dwelling-house and Farm at Moron, the property of Mr. Louis Bleumstein, about to leave the country.

On Sunday the 15th inst., at midday, will be sold for the highest bid, in several lots, the above-mentioned Establishment. The farm contains 54 Rams and Ewes of the Rambouillet breed. There are also a few Goats, tamed to give milk. The house and quinta comprises 100 varas front by 140 deep, five rooms, flower garden, and an extensive plantation of fruit trees, of the very best quality, wines of the muscatel grapes, chascala, &c.; a pump for the purpose of watering all the plants. It also has a hen and pigeon coverts.

The adjacent field is of 500 varas front by 140 deep, all wired in, and will be sold in 5 lots of 60 varas by 70, independent of the necessary space to be left for the public roads. The house has a vault for wines, and a portion of the stock will be sold. It has been ordered for home consumption.

Champagne.

First quality of H. Piper and Co., carte blanche—just received a new consignment in Calle Victoria No. 93. 10 1m, j5

Mortgages.

67 Calle San Martin, (altos) office, Exchange Broker. Money on Mortgage. All demands without their accompanying property titles remain unattended to. 48, 6p j12

Notice.

We beg leave to notify to the mercantile community that we have opened a house in this city under the style of Heyworth & Co., as General Commission Merchants, and that the business will be carried on pro tem by Mr. Balman, at No. 85 Calle Reconquista. HEYWORTH, PEARCE & BALMAN, of Liverpool. B. Ayres, Jan. 11, 1865. 72 6p, j12

Notice.

Mrs. DAVIS begs to inform her friends and the gentry of Buenos Ayres that her School re-opens on the 9th January. 226 Calle Parque, 38, 6p j10

Funeral.

Al publico de Buenos Ayres Nacional y Estranjero.

Se invita el Lunes 16 del presente a las 10 y de la mañana a la Santa Iglesia Catedral, al funeral resado que se celebrará por el difunto eterno de alma de los patriotas que perecieron defendiendo la heroica Ciudad de Paysandú.

LA COMISION.

Just Received, ex "Omerland." A parcel of the celebrated extra Gin in stone jars, "Marca de la Llave." Hibernian House, 64, 66, & 68 PIEDAD. 12p, j15

Notice. Messrs. Hayworth, Pearce, and Balman, established as our Agents in Liverpool in 1853, have ceased in that capacity since 29th December last. Buenos Ayres, Jan. 12, 1865. EDWARD LUMB, Lumb, Bros., & Co. 6p, j13

Tenencia. Montag, den 16 Januar, Abende 8 Uhr. Ordentliche Generalversammlung. 52 6p, j13

GERMAN BUREAU. Consignatario de Frutos del Pais. Wool and Produce Broker, 70—CALLE BOLIVAR—70 BUENOS AIRES. 78 xj14

On Contract—Rent, only \$500. A beautiful summer residence, or a good place to establish some kind of manufacturing business. An azotea house with high ceilings, having 4 rooms, with well, kitchen, coach-house and stable, a quinta of fruit trees and piece of ground attached, comprising in all nearly 1/4 of a square. Location, Calle Santa Fé, 12 squares from the Plaza Parque, corner of Calle Lorrea. Inquire at 396 Calle Temple, or 74 Calle Belgrano (over the 'Standard' Office.) 80 6p, j14

Commercial. The house of W. Lehmann & Co., 111 Calle Piedad, notifies the public that from the 1st of January 1865, Mr. H. Jaeggli by mutual consent has ceased to exist as partner in the above firm, and by agreement of said firm Messrs. Carlos Hamann and George G. Stump are admitted as partners; there being sufficient capital, they have resolved to unite to their export trade the export and commission of produce business. 76, 3p j14

Al comercio y al Publico en General. Desde el 1º de Enero, hemos abierto nuestro nuevo corralon de maderas y almacén de artículos para agricultura situado en la Calle de Buen Orden n. 509 y Lima 334 una cuadra antes de llegar a plaza del Sud.

En dicho establecimiento se encuentran siempre un gran depósito de maderas de Norte-América tambien de pino de Rusia, como tirantillo, tabloncillos y alfileras, y un variado surtido de todos los artículos correspondientes a la agricultura; igualmente hay sal de Rocca, alquitran de Suecia, y carbon de piedra y una infinidad de otros artículos a precios equitativos. P. E. Hartenfels hijo. Calle San Martin n. 154. 2p j12

Buenos Ayres Commercial Room. CALLE DE MAYO No. 69.

The proprietor of this establishment requests the Subscribers who have not yet presented their Clerks will be good enough to do so during the present week, in order that they may not be refused admittance from the fact of their being unknown to the doorkeeper or unprovided with the necessary tickets.

Those persons who have been hitherto in the habit of entering this establishment in violation of the regulations and of the printed notices in five languages posted up at the entrance, are hereby advised that if they continue to commit this abuse they will be addressed personally through the public journals of this city and requested to abstain from doing so. 10th, January, 1865. 60

Atkinson's Perfumery. Having read in the Standard of this city a notice signed by Mr. Atkinson, notifying the public that he was the sole agent of the entire first quality of perfumery of said house, I have been with his name.

We beg therefore to advise the public in Buenos Ayres, receiving all our supplies from Europe, the articles from Atkinson sold in our house (aux armes de France) though not having the said label are genuine. Calle Piedad, 175.

H. VIDALE & CO. 112, 3p

MENSAGERIAS ARGENTINAS. CALLE RIVADAVIA, No. 98.

Luis Campanella, manager of one of these Mensagerias, begs to inform the public and his friends that, associated with Don Romulo Dias, after the 13th inst., they will make 15 journeys to the following places every month, leaving town every Friday and returning on: Giles, Fortin de Arco, Salto, Rojas, Pergamino, San Nicolas, and Rosario they leave on 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29. To Junin two carriages will go weekly. The managers compromise themselves to facilitate the delivery of correspondence with the same punctuality they have always manifested. 75 1m, d15

PARA EL 25 DE MAYO. Sale los dias—2-10-18-26. Regresa los dias—5-14-22-28. Las salidas son de la Estacion Moreno.

AGENCIA RIVADAVIA 183. Empressarios. SABORIDO Y GARCIA. 84 x

WELLS BECKHOUSE & Co. Wool-Brokers, 173 Calle de las Piedad. w&d, Aug 25, 1 y

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAUA AND CO.

No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence. The Bank of Maua and Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount. These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Maua and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten a.m. to Twelve m., for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn. The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date. The Bank of Maua and Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Maua and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1863.

P. P. Maua and Co. WILLIAM LESLIE

CONDITIONS.

- First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards.
- Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.
- Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
- Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.
- Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.



RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.

NAMES OF STEAMERS.

LA PLATA.

PARANA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, UNA.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—

1st Class.....	£35.
2nd ".....	£25.
3rd ".....	£16.

Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—

1st Class.....	£65.
2nd ".....	£45.
3rd ".....	£30.

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.

H. A. GREEN & CO., 85 RECONQUISTA.

MENSAGERIAS Y CORREOS NACIONALES INICIADORES.

127—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—127

Through tickets given to all parts of the upper Provinces, and also to Chile and Bolivia. Parcels of all kinds, including remittances of money or valuable articles, despatched in like manner with the greatest safety.

Leaves Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan, and Chile every Tuesday. Leaves Rosario for Cordoba every Tuesday and Saturday.

Leaves Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Saturday.

Leaves Cordoba for Catamarca on the 10th, 20th, and 30th of each month. Leaves Cordoba for Rio Cuarto every Wednesday, in conjunction with the Rosario Coach for San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan, and the Pacific.

The Office is open on all week days from 9 to 7, and on the evening preceding the sailing of the Páyon until 10 p.m., for receiving Parcels, &c.

Any parcels delivered on the day of sailing of the Páyon will be detained till the following week. On Sundays and Holidays the Office will be open until Noon.

NEWS FROM EUROPE!

The Undersigned, having just received from Europe a new and extensive assortment of China, Earthenware and Glass Goods, respectfully invite the public to call at

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, EARTHENWARE & GLASS STORE,

CORNER OF DEFENSA AND POTOSI.

And inspect their stock of

Dinner Sets for 12 persons.	Do. do. for 18 do.	Do. do. for 24 do.
-----------------------------	--------------------	--------------------

Tea and Coffee Sets, complete.

Toilet sets of all sorts; besides their large collection of common and fancy articles.

As these goods will be sold cheaply to make room for others now on the road, this is a good opportunity for families to supply themselves with all they may require for household purposes.

WILLIAM FERGUSON & CO.

195

1m, j1

Sewing Machines.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW,

f19

204 Calle Venezuela.

For Sale.

In the Partido Matanzas three flocks of sheep (about 6000) with houses, corrales, charras, &c.; also a troop of horses and mares. For further particulars apply at this office.

39

1m d & w, j10

Notice.

Persons requiring good English board and lodging, by the day, week or month, terms moderate, may obtain the same by applying at Mrs. Chisler's, 92 Calle de Washington, Montevideo.

90

1m, d17

A LOS ESTANCIEROS.

Corcos de hierro para rodeos, poteros corrales, charras etc. Corrales portátiles con postes de hierro y tablas.

Mojones de hierro.

Bebedores de hierro para ovejas, hacienda vacuna y caballar.

Piletas de hierro batido y de hierro fundido para construcciones.

Maquinas de estirar alambre.

Maquinas de cortar carlos, abrojos, y cepas de caballo; con esta maquina los Señores Estancieros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.

Maquinas de sacar agua de los jugios, funcionando sin caballo, basta con un niño de diez ó doce años para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se transporta con facilidad.

En la fabrica de

VAN DE VELDE Hermanos.

B. Ayres, Calle Buen Orden No. 245.

Noticia.

The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated Brandy marked "JULIUS ROBIN & Co." hereby caution the public that a spurious article in imitation of the genuine is now being offered on sale, the bottles of which are forged with the name of the aforesaid manufacturers, but are easily detected from the deficiency of their name being branded in the corks and ours as sole agents on each bottle.

Buenos Ayres, July 4th, 1864.

j5.1m JOHN BEST & BROS.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000.

Chief Offices.

QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate.

Barbour, Barclay, and Co

CALLE OHACABUCO, 13.

Sept. 20.

TO CAMP PURCHASERS.

Just Received.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF GOODS

Suitable for Camp use (direct from the manufacturers) which we are offering at lowest possible cash prices at

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT

OF BUENOS AYRES.

49 & 51—Calle Defensa—49 & 51.

GALBRAITH & HUNTER

Watches and Jewellery.

F. GROETING,

62—CALLE RIVADAVIA—62

Has always on hand a fine and splendid assortment of

Watches, lever and horizontal.

Clocks of all descriptions.

Gentlemen's chains of plain and colored gold, Pins, Sleeve-buttons, Watch-keys.

Rings with or without Diamonds, &c., &c.

Sets of Bracelet, Brooch and Earrings, Half-sets, single Bracelets, Brooches and Eardrops, Crosses, Lockets and Neck-chains.

Ladies' Watch-chains and Keys &c.

Gold Pencil-cases and Penholders, &c.

Particular attention is called to the great variety of Gold Chains (for ladies and gentlemen) at moderate prices. All kind of repairs well attended to and promptly executed.

3m, 025

Gold Pencil-cases and Penholders, &c.

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3m, 025

GARTLAND'S ENGLISH ART GALLERY.

345—Calle Defensa—345.

Largely sized unframed photographs for \$300 only; cartes-de-visite, beautifully colored, only \$100 a dozen; photographs, ambrotypes, and ivorytypes, at prices lower than has ever been offered in this city; large sized colored photographs in frames, only \$100; colored ambrotypes from \$20 and upwards; photographs taken from old daguerotypes or ambrotypes, with or without color, at 20 per cent. cheaper than any other establishment in the city. All the likenesses are warranted perfect in every particular.

N.B. Do not forget the number, 345 Calle Defensa.

PETER A. GARTLAND.

11 1m. j5

EDUCATION.

A Lady, lately arrived from Europe, accustomed to tuition for many years, and now living at a quinta in a healthy situation, near town, receives a limited number of boarders at her house.

The classes comprehend the following:—

French, English, German, History, Arithmetic, Music and Drawing.

Medical attendance and books charged to parents. An iron bedstead, washstand, linen, &c., to be provided by parents.

Reference to Dr. Leslie.

250 1 m j3

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

COLEGIO DE SANTA LUCIA.

Director—Mr. PONGERARD, of the University College of London.

First-rate Commercial education.

Nothing but French and English spoken.

N.B.—Spacious grounds and beautiful quinta, at the foot of the Calle Buen Orden hill, in view of the English Hospital.

16 x j5

Lessons in English and Spanish, Given by Daniel Chapman to pupils at their private residences. Apply Calle del Peru 102.

On sale at Messrs. Mackern's bookstore, a new "History of England; or, Royal Arithmetic," in verse; written especially for the use and instruction of pupils who are learning English History, also for schools, &c. Price \$5.

46 3p, j12

Evening and Morning Lessons.

A Gentleman (native French) who resided for nine years in New York, and has been for six years a professor of modern languages, would give lessons in English, Spanish, and French; also in Drawing and Book-keeping.

In the afternoon, after 6 o'clock; in the morning, before nine.

The best references on hand, either from the United States or from this city. Apply "Professor," at the Office of the "Standard."

8 j5. 1m

TAY AND UPTON,

Ship-Brokers,

39—CALLE RECONQUISTA—39 BUENOS AYRES.

HENRY TAY.

EDWIN UPTON.

1m, j12

67 Calle San Martin (altos),

Front of the Bolsa.

Camps, Houses, Public Funds, Mortgages, &c.

D. Alejandro Cornae, exchange broker, advises the public and his friends that he has opened his office at No. 67 (altos) Calle San Martin, in front of the Bolsa, where all transactions of business will be undertaken, respecting camps, houses, public funds, mortgages &c.

Office hours from 9 in the morning until 4 in the evening.

n30 m

Commercial Notice.

We beg to notify the public, that from the 31st inst., we have admitted Mr. John B. Wanklyn, of London, as partner in our firm; also that we have established a house in London, under the firm of Lamb, Wanklyn, and Co.

(Signed)

LAMB, BROTHERS, & CO

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 24.

156 1m, d25.

"THE RIVER PLATE MAGAZINE,"

A Monthly Periodical of History, Sciences, Arts and Literature, 1865.

Subscriptions received at Messrs. Mackern's Library, Calle San Martin, and at the "Standard" office, Calle Belgrano.

Monthly subscription \$15 currency, or \$160 yearly.

124 d21, x

Aviso.

Los abajo firmados avisamos al publico en general y a nuestros favorecidos en particular que desde el 10 del presente que establecida por nosotros una nueva linea de Voluntas que hará la carrera de Lujan a la Capilla del Señor del modo que sigue:—

Salidas de Lujan.

Todos los dias a la llegada del ferren para la Capilla.

Salidas de la Capilla para Lujan.

Todos los dias a las 4 de la mañana para llegar a Lujan a la salida del ferren que viene a la ciudad.

Precio del asiento en las Voluntas \$50

Las Personas que nos quieran favorer encontraran buen trato y exactitud en los viajes.

JUSTO MARTINEZ.

JUAN ROSSI.

Agencia, 98 Rivadavia.

32 6p j8

The Nacional Steamer

"ESTRELLA DEL NORTE."

Passengers only.

Will leave the Tigro (las Conchas) for San Pedro every Wednesday and Saturday, in connexion with the Northern Railroad.

Special trains will leave the station 25 Mayo at 10 a.m., on the days above mentioned, for the conveyance of passengers, luggage and parcels free of additional charge.

FARES.

Cabin. Steerage.

Zarate 84 Zarate 82

Baradero 86 Baradero 84

San Pedro 88 San Pedro 84

This steamer will leave San Pedro and Baradero every Monday and Thursday at 4 in the afternoon, arriving in Buenos Ayres by the half-past-seven train on Tuesday and Friday mornings.

Parcels only received the day before sailing up to 5 o'clock p.m. For further particulars apply at the Agency,

HENRY DOWSE,

Calle Cuyo No. 1.

65 d 15

W. CRANWELL,

Pharmacist and Chemist,

Begs to inform the public and his friends that he has opened his new Pharmacy in the Calle Rivadavia No. 30, in which establishment will be found on sale a complete assortment of first class English drugs and chemicals.

The greatest care will be taken in the fulfillment of his profession, and particular attention paid to medical orders.

d 15, 1m

Notice to Sheepfarmers.

Sheepfarmers wishing to ship Wool on their own account to either Antwerp, Havre, England, or the United States, can now do so under most favorable circumstances: 75 per cent. of the actual market value will be advanced on the shipment, free of any interest whatever; the balance to be paid when the account sales arrive here. The Wool to be baled in any barraca the owner may select.

Further particulars may be had on application at the "Standard" office.

168 15p, d28

PAUL FRUGONI,

Sworn Attorney and Public Translator,

Respectfully offers his services to the English residents of this city and country.

Office—CALLE BOLIVAR, No. 31

98 1m, d16

Scorn Attorney and Public Translator,

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