The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

590—Second Year. BUENOS AYRES, TUESDAY, JANUARY 5 1864. PRICE—TWO DOLLARS.

MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101—103

present for the current month.

In account current, specie.
For balances in our favor 12p. 2
For balances in favor of customers 6p. 2

In account current, paper money.
For balances in our favor 12p. 2
For balances in favor of customers 7p. 2
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.

I. P. Mauá & Co.

William Leslie.

Maua Bank.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order, to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in *currency* and *specie* in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on convenient terms.

2nd Money is advanced on merchandise and other securities approved of by the Manager.

3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

4th Money is received in *account current* bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every *three months*, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time by means of *cheques* part or the full amount at their ready, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

7th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto Oriental, Tucuman, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notice will be given hereafter.

7th Finally the bank, undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 29 1862.

Pedro Nolasco & Co.

William Leslie.

IRELAND.

Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of the

NATIONAL BANK

Can be obtained from

WANKLYN AND CO.,

No. 98 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Abbeyfeale	Limerick
Athlone	Lisdoonvarna
Ballina	Listowel
Ballinasloe	Loughrea
Bandon	Magherafelt
Belfast	Mallow
Carrickmacross	Middleton
Castleblayney	Middletown
Castlebar	Monaghan
Castlerea	Mountmellick
Clonakilty	Mountrath
Clonbrock	Newcastle
Clonmel	Newmarket
Cork	Newtownbutler
Dublin	Nenagh
Dungarvan	Portadown
Enniscorthy	Portarlington
Fermoy	Portlaoise
Galway	Portumna
Gorey	Roscrea
Kilkenny	Tuam
Killarney	Tullamore
Kilmeady	Waterford
Kilmallock	Westport
Kinnitty	Wexford
	Youghal

Camp for 8 flocks.

To be given in exchange for 4,000 fine sheep a splendid tract of camp, situate on the best, pleasant, climate of the province: it is about two leagues long, and within 5 or 6 hours journey by steamer, Nhuu this city. The present state of the camp could not be more suitable for sheep, and the freight of wool is 12 reals to $2 bale per arroba, the land being only 4 leagues from the river Parana.

Apply between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. at 174 calle Piedras.

Also an estancia to rent, with 12 puestos, including ranchos, corrals, galpones, and permanent water, alfalfa fields &c.

Apply as above. N 17. m.

London, Buenos Ayres and River Plate Bank

(Limited)

80 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.

Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.

The rates of Interest from 1st January, 1864 until further notice, will be as follows, for both Specie and Currency:

In Account Current.

Allowed on Minium Credit balance during the month 6p. 2
Charged 12p. 2

Fixed Deposits.

For Sixty days 7p. 2
Ninety days 8p. 2

Deposits for a period of Thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest will be allowed at the rate of one per cent per annum more than the rate for Ninety day Fixed Deposits, rising and falling therewith, the Bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the usual papers.

From 1st January 1864 till further announcement the rate for this class of Deposits will be 9 per cent per annum.

Ba. Ay., 31st December 1863.

J. H. GREEN.
Manager.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

CAPITAL,—£1,000,000.

Chief Office,

QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate

Barbour, Barclay, and Co

CALLE CHACABUCO 13.

Sept. 26

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

LONDON.

INSTITUTED 1803.

For Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Detached Stock, Stock in Trade, Growing Crops, and Other Effects of such Kind; Ships, Ships Building and Repairing; Barges and other Vessels on Rivers, Canals and Navigable Waters, and Goods and Merchandise on Land Carriage throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and Foreign Countries, from Fire, Lightning and Explosion.

Subscribed and Invested Capital—£1,600,000.

Thomas Augustus Gibb, Esq., Chairman.
William Jas. Buckham, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Robert C. De Bevoise, Esq. Samuel Hyde, Esq.
Geo. H. Beaumont, Esq. Sir John Kelly.
Thomas Bell, Esq. C. H. Murdoch, Esq.
Clement Hoare, Esq. Thos. Pearson, Esq.
Henry Dadson, Esq. Thos. Pelham, Esq.
Henry Hale, Esq. Sir C. Isaac Price, Bart.
Alex. Handley, Esq. J. Frederick Pigou, Esq.
George Hilbert, Esq. Richard Thelusson, Esq.

Sir Chas. Barry, Knt. William Lyall, Esq.
James C. G. Bell, Esq. John Scott, Esq.
Geo. W. Cattley, Esq. Sir Peter Laurie, Knt.

Jas. Bland, Esq.
Isaac Gray, Esq.
W. Jeremiah Grace, Esq.

AUDITORS.
Charles Marryat, Esq.
James Scott, Esq.

Secretaries—Paul Dalton, Esq.

AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES.

Messrs. JOHN HELVETI AND BROS.

92 RIVADAVIA.

Briton and Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General.)

Life Assurance Association chief offices West street London, Capital 3,000,000 sterling. Proposations for life assurance are accepted and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.

George Wilks

—7 Calle Mayo 7—

Good News.

The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, on Sale at Barry and Walker's.

The only safe and reliable cure for the Itch in Sheep.

South Down Sheep Wash,
Wholesale and Retail,
CALLE DEFENSA, No. 97.
Obes. B. Bowen, Agent.

n 25x.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned respectfully requests all Parties indebted to him to pay up their accounts without delay, either at his house or at Mr. Twyford's Store, 102 Calle Piedad, who is duly authorised to collect same.

JAMES HASTINGS,

106 Calle Paraguay.

d 23, 1 m

Abogado.

El Dr. Agustin Mariscos lo abierto su estudio en la calle de Venezuela No. 64.

ENGLISH TAILOR,

39—CALLE DEFENSA—39

George Ellis, in returning thanks to his friends, both in town and camp, for their liberal support, begs and may give them that he has just received a new stock of goods direct from England. Cloths and Tweeds of the very best description.

Garments made to order on the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable terms.

Fe Ziggara.

All parties indebted to Cornelio Jenny to the above mentioned ship, are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage; within two months from this, after which a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all such debtors.

G. WILKS,
D 3. x. No. 7 Calle Mayo.

Change of Residence.

Benjamin Constant Dolmaire respectfully informs his rum rous customers and the public in general, that in future he will carry on his business as Sollmaker &c. &c. at 13 calle Cangallo.

December 5th 1863.

A Quinta for Sale.

Situated on the road from the Requina Corredores" to the Alsina bridge, and bordering on the land bought by the Municipality for the new Belgrano Cemetarie. It contains about ½ squares of land, and an azotea house with four rooms.

For further particulars apply at Calle Potosi No. 89, between three and four o'clock, p.m. d 12, 2 m

Bills of Exchange on London,

For amounts as required,
Can be obtained from
HENRY HART,
33 CALLE SAN MARTIN.
(Next door to the "Casa de Moneda.")

Creditos contra Nacion.

En las bolipas de Concolos, Salto y Payson lo encomendados por el vapor "Gualeguay" el 7 de Octubre pasado para este destino los que, como es de notoriedad pública han sido sustraidos á estos años, vuelan bajo certificado del Correo de Concordia (no remitidos en la Comisaria Clasificadora de la dicha distrito de la Confederacion Argentina, endosado en blanco consignado por

N. 185 del 16 de Mayo por sueldos militares, por	8 233 00
" 196 18 de Mayo por idem	6 40
" 583 11 de Julio por libramientos de gravamen	2 00
Soto Mayor y Cuit	2 00

con cuya motivo se previene al Publico que cualquier persona que tenga de los ramos recibos debe reparlos como timbrados, y que en otro dinero los pueda cerca de la Comisaria Clasificadora para que los documentos sean reconocidos á sus legitimos dueños.

☞ Esta aviso para que llegue á conocimiento de todos se publica en todos los Diarios de la Capital. Dic. 23

Se halla en venta.

Vino de champagne vuenos cliequot lefitte en cajones de 1 docena cada una, G H Hunna Co. exquisito en cajs de 1 docena y media botellas, y de 2 docenas y media botellas.

Vino del Rhin, P. J. Mumm de Coblenzer cabinet en cajs de 1 docena cada una, steinberger id. id id id. id id kuedesheimerberg 74 id id id id id.

Vino de oporto D. M. Ramos Pereira y Co.

1ª clase id id id id id id.
2ª clase id id id id id id.

Coñac kouliet Dolamain en cajs de una docena, Jerez Sherry No. 320, etc.

Lenywick Schorff & Co.

Royal Hotel

ABOVE-BAR, SOUTHAMPTON.

Passengers by Royal Mail Steamers will find this Hotel very suitable, on landing in Buenos Ayres, or on their way for those going to, or coming from, the Brazils and River Plate. Excellent beds and cuisine, comfortable apartments, good service, and reasonable charges.

n 30 m

Auction of Land

By URIEN and BURKE.

On Friday, 8th January, at Twelve o'Clock, Noon, will be Sold by Auction, at No. 174 Calle Piedras, a piece of Land situated in Zarate, 1200 varas front to the Rio de Areco, by 900.0 in depth, with the new Publicaciones—one consisting of two Brick Rooms of 6½ varas each, two ditto with cane roofs, Corral of about 40 ½ hayduboys, Well, &c. It is a piece of land for Sheep.

For further particulars apply at the Auctioneers' house.

d 11, 20 p

Notice.

We beg to give notice that we have opened a Branch House in Montevideo under the firm of DARBYSHIRE & Co which will be managed by Mr. EDWARD DARBYSHIRE who is admitted as a partner from this date.

Buenos Ayres 1st January 1864.

DARBYSHIRE & Co.

DR. P. BOURSE,

American Surgeon Dent'st,

No. 101 CALLE TUCUMANGO,

Montevideo.

Would respectfully advise his friends and the public that he continues the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, with all the latest and most important improvements. A practice of nearly twenty years in this country enables him to understand the diseases of the teeth peculiar to this climate.

Consultations for the poor gratis.

n15 x.

JOHN G. KEMSLEY,

Public and Official Translator,

140 CALLE PARQUE.

Moron Church.

The editors of the "Standard" are hereby authorized to collect subscriptions for the above Church, by the Commission.

J. RAMON RODRIGUEZ,
Secretary.

Just arrived, price $1?0

South American Sketches,

or

A Visit to Rio Janeiro, the Organ Mountains, La Plata, and the Pampas.

By Thomas Woodbine Hinchliffe, M.A., F.R.G.S., Author of "Summer Months among the Alps."

Nicely bound in cloth, with several Illustrated Engravings, and Map of La Plata, Patagonia, and S. Oriental. The volume contains over 400 pages.

G. & H. McKEEN
English Book Store, 24 S. MARTIN.

Messrs J H Paul, Pott & Co.

Have Removed their House of Business from the Calle Cherubino, No. 10, to the Calle Maypu, No. 7, and Calle Rivadavia, No. 165.

d 2, 1 m

For San Antonio de Areco.

MENSAGERIAS ARGENTINAS

Starts from Buenos Ayres Monday morning, 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th, 6th, and 13th of each Month.

Leaves San Antonio Every Wednesday Morning at 7 o'clock for Buenos Ayres on the 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th, 2nd, and 9th of each Month.

2.0	"	9 "	" " 11
3.0	"	12 "	" " Moron 1
4.0	"	4 "	Tarde" Moreno 3 30
5.0	"	5 "	" " Moron 5
6.0	"	6 "	" " Moron 7

Regreso al Parque.

1.0 Tren de Moreno a las 6 30 llega a Moron a las 7 30

2.0	"	9 30	" " 11
3.0	"	Moron 2	" " 3
4.0	"	Moreno 2 30	" " 4
5.0	"	4 "	" " 5 30
6.0	"	Moron 8	" " 9

HOLIDAYS (1.)

SALIDAS DEL PARQUE.

1.0 Tren a las 6 de la mañana llega a Moreno a las 7 30

2.0	"	8 "	" " 9 30
3.0	"	10 "	" " 10 30
4.0	"	12 "	" " 1 30
5.0	"	2 Tarde	" " 3 30
6.0	"	4 "	" " 5 30
7.0	"	6 "	" " Moron 7

REGRESO AL PARQUE

1.0 Tren de Moreno a las 7 30 llega a Moron a las 9

2.0	"	9 30	" " 11
3.0	"	11 "	" " 1
4.0	"	1 30	" " 3
5.0	"	3 30	" " 5
6.0	"	5 30	" " 7
7.0	"	Moron 8	" " 9

(1.) En los dias feriados el precio de los boletos sera las estaciones intermediarias como los Ferro Carriles sera de 6 pesos de primera y 4 de segunda.

La Administration.

Vessels Loading

BY

JOHN P. BUDD & CO.,

Ship Brokers.

CALLE SAN MARTIN, No. 56.

For Liverpool.

The British Brig,

MARY BURRISS,

214 tons register. Captain Crosby. Consignees, Messrs. Moore, Punch, and Tudor.

For Antwerp.

The Prussian Brig

FORTUNA,

200 tons register. Captain Wieman. Consignee, E. H. Pollman.

The Swedish Barque

SIR CHARLES NAPIER,

399 tons register. Captain Carlson. Consignees, Messrs. C. Dussaud and Co.

The British Brig,

BEN JOMOND,

207 tons register. Captain Kidner Consignees, the Gas Company.

FOR NEW YORK.

The Dutch Schooner,

MARCHIENA,

177 tons register. Captain Weppers. Consignees, Messrs. John P. Boyd and Co.

The British Brig

ARAB,

140 tons register. Captain Lombard Consignee, E. P. Bonilla, Esq.

For rates of freight, &c., apply to

JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,

Calle San Martin, No. 49.

Forts, Sherries, Brandies.

The undersigned have just received, and will always have in stock, a choice selection of the above. All superior classes, in quarter casks, octavos, half d. and bottled.

J. H. PAUL, POTT, AND CO.
10, CALLE CHACABUCO.

A 2. x

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

MANCHESTER UNITY,

A Branch Lodge (the Five 1st Plate, No. 8148) of the above Friendly Society has been established in this City. Any persons requiring information relating to the same, can apply to

107, CALLE MORENO,
JOHN J DOWNING, Secretary.

Argentine Diligences

112 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 112.

Leaves for Flor, Capilla del Señor, San Antonio de Areco, and Arrecifes on the 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, and 29th of each Month.

Leaves Arrecifes for Buenos Ayres, passing by San Antonio de Areco, Capilla del Señor, &c. Prior on the 4th 11th, 18th, 25th, 2nd, and 9th of each Month.

Leaves San Antonio Areco for Buenos Ayres, passing by Flor, on the 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th, 3rd, and 10th of each Month.

Prices of Passage and Baggage Freight.

To Capilla del Señor	$ 20
" Flor	$ 25
" San Antonio de Areco	$ 30
" Arrecifes	$ 35

Conducion and Oversight.

PAULINO BORDAO DIAZ.

WESTERN RAILWAY.

On and after the 9th Nov. the trains will start as follows:

WEEK-DAYS.

Salidas del Parque.

1.0 Tren a las 6 de la mañana llega a Moreno a las 7 30

2.0	"	9 "	" " 11 30
3.0	"	12 "	" " Moron 1
4.0	"	4 "	Tarde" Moreno 3 30
5.0	"	5 "	" " Moron 5
6.0	"	6 "	" " Moron 7

Regreso al Parque.

1.0 Tren de Moreno a las 6 30 llega a Moron a las 7 30

2.0	"	9 30	" " 11
3.0	"	Moron 2	" " 3
4.0	"	Moreno 2 30	" " 4
5.0	"	4 "	" " 5 30
6.0	"	Moron 8	" " 9

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2.0	"	8 "	" " 9 30
3.0	"	10 "	" " 10 30
4.0	"	12 "	" " 1 30
5.0	"	2 Tarde	" " 3 30
6.0	"	4 "	" " 5 30
7.0	"	6 "	" " Moron 7

REGRESO AL PARQUE

1.0 Tren de Moreno a las 7 30 llega a Moron a las 9

2.0	"	9 30	" " 11
3.0	"	11 "	" " 1
4.0	"	1 30	" " 3
5.0	"	3 30	" " 5
6.0	"	5 30	" " 7
7.0	"	Moron 8	" " 9

(1.) En los dias feriados el precio de los boletos una las estaciones intermediarias como los Ferro Carriles sera de 6 pesos de primera y 4 de segunda.

La Administration.

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

Watch and Clock Maker, by Special Appointment, to His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales.

Opinions of the Press upon Benson's Gold Watches and Clocks, to be Exhibited.

"At a meeting of Scientific Men from Geneva, Neuchatel, Locle, Chaux de Fonds, Vallorbe, Geneva, Paris, Vienna, Berlin, Dresden, Munich, Stuttgart, Gotha, Brussels, Liege, Amsterdam, Copenhagen, Stockholm, Christiania, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, Valparaiso, Lima, Calcutta, Shanghai, Hong Kong, Melbourne, Sydney, &c. &c. &c.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD.

$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"All laid uncleanness and rest non unclean dissent."—*Cicero.*

TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1864.

THE COMMERCIAL BODY

Argentines have been so long accustomed to be ruled by lawyers and soldiers, that we are not astonished at the feeling of surprise which some of our colleagues have betrayed, on seeing merchants, capitalists, and shopkeepers, at last taking a prominent part in politics.

There is a class of men in this country—an increst—a body—which during all the revolutionary vicissitudes of this nation, has suffered in silence, has stood by, the dumb spectators of their own ruin; has tolerated the tyranny of liberty and the licence of tyranny; has in all the struggles, which are found in every page of our history, been the principal loser. That class, that interest, that body is—

THE COMMERCIAL.

Possessed of the most powerful of all elements—*money*—it has tolerated, in silence, every species of political intrigue, every description of anarchial impotts, rather than wield the influence it held, or contaminate the counting-house, with electioneering jobbing and detestable civil warfare. In the long calendar of political criminals in the River Plate, not a merchant's name of any standing is to be found. What in England is the most powerful, in the River Plate has ever proved the most subservient element, "*the mercantile body.*" It has been heretofore regarded by politicians as a myth, a nonentity. It is now, however, about to prove a reality, and, we are happy to say, a stern one.

The leading merchants and capitalists of Buenos Ayres have come forward at last, and notwithstanding all the tirades and abuse which the 'Tribuna' and 'Nacional' heap on those men, they have determined to act their part. In vain, these deluded organs of visionary ideas urge that none, save the Argentine soldier, lawyer, or itinerant politician, should be heard. The 'Tribuna' attempts to prove that the carriman, who drives through the city all day long, for forty or fifty dollars, or the Porteño basurero, who eke out a livelihood amidst the offal of the city, has a better right to be heard than the holder of thousands in the national debt, or millions in landed property. In vain, these journals preach abuse and slander upon men whose only interest consists in the peace and prosperity of the nation. In vain, these presumptuous journalists qualify the leading merchants in the country as "enlisted bondholders." We know, thank God, has at last arrived, when such nonsense will no longer pass current. The leading capitalists of the present political squabbles which afflict this nation: convinced of the hopelessness of ever recovering from our present lamentable condition, if the destinies of the country are to be governed by a band of windy politicians; the merchants of the city of Buenos Ayres have at last thrown their influence into the scale.

The day has at last arrived when the merchants of the River Plate have to come the rulers of this country, and the same power which supports President Mitre to-day, will then supply him with an army and navy to conquer any rebellion that is attempted in the River Plate.

The commerce not only of Buenos Ayres, but of the whole Republic, supports the present National Government, and brings defiance at all the politicians in the River Plate. Turn the National Government out of Buenos Ayres? Ah! unequalled Politicians, you must first turn every merchant, shopkeeper out of the city, every doub'oon or sovereign out of Buenos Ayres.

Recreant to every principle of patriotism—bent on their own and their country's ruin—guided by a depraved ambition for places and emoluments, the enemies of the present Govt. have attempted to raise their heads—but the commercial body are true to a man. We want peace, and we must have it. The commerce of the River Plate has sided with President Mitre: he may laugh to scorn all opposition.

The foreign merchants in the River Plate, if they have no vote, have an immense influence. Every foreign merchant in this city is determined to wield that influence in favour of the National Government. A subscription has been set on foot, we hear, for the purpose of assisting the Club del Pueblo, in defraying the necessary expenses. English, French, Spanish, German, Italian; in fact, all have promised to subscribe. The general feeling is, that the National Government must be supported, and the opposition, which is creating all the disturbance, no matter at what cost, put down.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1864.

The Argentine Central Railway.

As we know it will be gratifying to many of our readers to hear good authentic news respecting this company, we have pleasure in stating that the rails for one hundred miles of the road have already left England in two vessels, one from Glasgow and another from Newark in Wales. Mr. Wheelwright in his last letter writes most confidently, stating that he has *got the money*, and that next week (his letter is dated 30th November) the stock will be introduced on the market. We will therefore hope to hear per next English mail of the formation of the company, and the quotations of the stock on the London market. Mr. Wheelright complains with much reason of the lies and slanders written home by a certain party (whose name has been given us). The influence and position of these two men, Mr. Wheelright and ——— has been tried, and we all know the result. Mr. Wheelwright has satisfied Mr. Robertson, Mr. Baring, and others, that there is a portion of the disappointment against him as we may say by way of comparison the calamitous of the southern, of having asked such enormously high prices for their land as was industriously circulated in a certain quarter in London.

President Mitre and Minister Rawson still appear to be greatly interested in the success of the company, as we have been assured by a person who knows them both intimately.

Nevertheless in Rosario and many parts of the interior it is condently predicted that the rail will never be completed, owing to the great delays experienced, and the constant hearsay news published by the papers.

The Tribune, to counteract the master strokes of Mitre will be to carry out this road, and thus identify his administration with an enterprise calculated to confer such incalculable benefits, it is right however that we should remark that now since this country has foreign capital, and by inspiring it to have interest even seen the River Plate, developing the resources of this country and increasing its natural wealth; the Central Railway, the Northern, and four fifths of the Argentine Central Railway Company are held by English capitalists; it believes the natives of this country are so totally involved in ruins of every description, since the lots which a civil disturbance will create in the country, and the tide of ruin, they will deteriorate the stock of these companies sensibly, and thus rob the best friends the Argentine Republic has—the best friends its capitalists. On behalf these force of those who have trusted their capital in such enterprises—on behalf of those who have trusted their lives in the honor and character of the Argentine nation, we implore of those politicians called *Caudos* to remember their country, to reason from what is, and the present order of things, to turn a deaf ear to the insane teachings of the Tribune, such insane teachings, it is to consolidate the power of President Mitre, than to seek to overthrow it. A revolution, or a civil war at the present period would ruin thousands not only in this country but in England.

We run over the list of many belonging to the opposition club, and we are confident that there are none who would wish to see the country plunged into civil war.

But if all comes to all, if men will be misguided by their own mad passions, and shut their eyes to the misfortunes which their acts will inevitably entail on their country, then we turn to the ruler of the country and remind him of his Presidential oath. We can say to all the *Caudos* or *Cochios* have to be swept into the Plate, or banished from their native soil. President Mitre, your word is pledged even in London for the peace of this country. Will you break your promise? We regret to say it, but we feel convinced that the Caudos are the worst enemies of the Wheelwright and the Argentine Central Railway Company.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The Montevideean Englishman has again appeared in print. On Sunday last we were treated to another nonsensical effusion from this uneducated Britisher, who seems to take a greater pleasure in slandering our language than anything else. In disguising verbosity we never before encountered Sam. Warren, we think it is, who tells us of a lawyer who wrote three different kinds of hands—one that he could not understand himself, one that his clerk could make nothing of, and a third which neither he nor his clerk, nor no other human being, could understand. The Oriental Englishman's letter, published in Sunday's 'Tribuna,' is evidently of that last order. We defy any sensible man to make out what the fellow who penned such nonsense is driving at. We can understand well-written attacks, no matter how frivolous the cause, but such trash as Casafoult published on Sunday, we admit, beats us. If a competitive examination for the worst English composition was to come off, our Oriental Britisher would certainly gain the prize. The editors of the Tribune evidently thought "very small beer" of the letter in question, since they published it in that part of their paper which is never read. We commend this Oriental Englishman to the attention of our friends 'Kerryman' and 'Gunnybags,' and trust that they will avenge poor Lindley Murray.

The 'Mercurio' of Sunday published an attack on the River Plate Bank, but as the writer had the good sense to confine himself to his vernacular, we have less objection to find with the style of the communication. We think, however, that the transmittal of bills by bank forms no just complaint against the manager. We have received various complaints on the same subject, but, as we regard it as a matter purely directional with the manager whether a matured bill is to be renewed or not, we have always refused to give publicity to such frivolous complaints. One of the most incoherent and unbusiness like customs is that of paying a bill or account in fractions: it destroys credit and leads to endless disappointments. If the River Plate Bank at the closing of the year wishes to call in all available funds, we are at a loss to see how this can lessen the utility of private banks in the River Plate. The fact of the matter is that, as a sarcastic friend once remarked, a private bank in Buenos Ayres is expected to be always lending, never collecting.

On Sunday there was great talk about one or two of Mitre's aide-de-camps were seen driving at full speed through town in every direction. Every one was on the *qui vive* to know what was up—what was going on. We failed to discover the matter, but heard something about Patagonia and the Caudos; so we suppose that Mitre had taken the hint, and was about to send a legion of Caudos off the very first thing on Monday morning to have an interview with Billy Button.

On Saturday evening a painful rumour ran through town respecting the Paraguayan steamer. Some stated that she was on fire in the harbour, others that she burned to the water's edge in the night time, close to the guardship; but we are happy to say that the fire on board of her was greatly exaggerated. A fire did indeed occur, but owing to the heroic conduct of Mr. M'Dermot, the popular pilot, the conflagration was extinguished almost instantaneously.

Flores, it seems, has again turned his back on the Government, and is now marching towards Paysandu, his men all dressed in new clothes. It is said the Regenerator is rather down-hearted at the arrival of Mr. Thornton, the British Minister. He stated to his officers that he feared him more than the devil. Mr. Thornton is the Bandy Oriental. In the neighbourhood of Mercedes the people are all obliged to travel on foot, as Flores' officers, Garcia and Rosas, have been prowling about in that direction, and have not left a horse in the whole parish.

On New Year's Day it rained in many parts of the camp pretty heavily. In San Vincente and some of the northern parts also the showers lasted for several hours, whilst in town it did not rain one drop.

Mr. and Mrs. Rickard have at last arrived at San Juan, after a rather tedious journey. We hear that Mr. Rickard will leave for Tucuman, a full description of the mines of which we see published in the 'Zonda,' extracted from the 'Mining Journal.' Our information regarding this San Juan Mining Company are rather favourable, and we have little doubt as to the success of our go ahead fellow countryman, the Major. In a few months the machinery will be in working order, and then we may expect to hear of consignments. I will never do, however, to let the company's silver go over to Chile; it should all be sent down here, no matter what the cost may be in freight.

We hear that the steamer from Rosario on last Saturday brought down as prisoner a friend charged with the murder of Dr. Gallegos, who fell on some letters. We wish to know what is the meaning of sending such villains down here. We presume the judicial authorities jurisdiction in the province where the crime was committed? This sending of criminals down to Buenos Ayres speaks badly for the State authorities. A province destitute of a judge to try, or a tribunal to condemn such criminals is unworthy of the name of State or Province, and should forfeit its independence.

The 'Tribuna,' the great sower of discord in this country, calls upon the 'Standard' not to pay attention to some remarks of the 'Nacion Argentina' about the Ministers. It says that we are always anxious to insult this country, it hopes we will not cast attention to the matter. The only paper which insults this country is the 'Tribuna.' People are beginning to see this; and one of the editors of that scandalous journal stated in public that Colonel Varela does not make haste back the 'Tribuna' is done up. We think so too, and advise our colleagues to be a little more moderate. Like old seccrilous system 'won't wash.'

THE STANDARD ABROAD.

THE RIVER PARAGUAY.

FRANCE TO ASUNCION.

In front of Asuncion
Dec. 16th 1863.

On yesterday morning we were lucky enough to get afloat, and continued our course without interruption until reaching Villa Oliva, where two Italian vessels lay weather bound in voyage for B. Ayres. The place is a mere hamlet, the population of the district not exceeding 6,000 souls. It has, however, a church called 'el Rosario,' and public schools, for religion and instruction are better attended here than in most countries and it is almost impossible to find a Paraguayan who cannot read and write, and explain the Christian Doctrine. Here we stopped to take in fresh beef and fire wood: an ox was dragged down to the river side, and quickly despatched. Within a few minutes the hide was taken off and the directed quarters conveyed on board, while the garrison supplied us with fuel. A number of women scantily dressed divided the remainder of the ox abandoned by our butchers, and children of both sexes bathed and swam about near the bank, perfectly naked. I have already remarked that the complexion of the natives is seldom dark, and sometimes as fair as many of our countrymen and women. In general they are so sun burnt as to resemble olive color, but not more so than if descended from white blood: negroes and mulattoes are very rare.

We spent the evening, watching the shoals of alligators on either bank; sometimes as many as a dozen were basking together in the sun, and I observed a few measuring seven or eight feet in length. They lie motionless, like a log of wood, with their jaws extended showing two alarming rows of teeth. I have seen the Paraguay swarm with a tortoise, with two short fin-like legs, and they glide into the water with great ease. Carpinchos or sea hogs may be seen in close proximity apparently on good terms with the "Yacares" for this S. American crocodile confines his taste to fish, although in the marshes about Asuncion, a species, has been known to devour children.

Our passengers having little else to do begin to talk about their several affairs. The horse dealer narrates his journey from San Pedro to Asuncion, 400 leagues, most of the way being through Indian territory: he usually takes 50 horses with 400 cock, and with the aid of 20 peons drives them through rivers, plains, and forests to Cuyaba, where they fetch $10 each. The journey occupies 3 months, during which one fourth of the animals perish; the peons wages is a doubloon per month. This horse dealer would be much greater if he could get permission from Pres. Lopez to convey horses over land from Corrientes, a he intends to solicit, a Paraguayan having cleared 60,000 dollars in this manner.

San Borrero has been six years absent from home, during which time he has become quite an Englishman, full of British ideas, and well conversant with our forensic literature: he intends returning to England after a few months.

Dr. Arze has great hopes for the navigation of the Pilcomayo, which would make Asuncion the outport of Bolivian products. The Yungas coffee is really excellent, and from what I tasted, I have no doubt it is the best Mocha. The cigars are also very good, and the present mission promises increased trade with Bolivia, and the mercantile world. The mission informs me that the indigenous cotton of his country is similar to that of Corrientes, and Bolivia would have taken part in the War of Independence. The cost of freight, meantime banishes the hope of exporting Cotton in that remote country.

A thick fog settled down this morning when we approached Villeta, and we came to anchor, the pilot being much bad. Here the captain went ashore resolved to finish his journey (7 leagues) on horseback. Throwing out two anchors we contrived to drag the vessel for several yards, over the bank, and continue in deep water. The scenery became more diversified, and resembled the views I have seen of the lakes in Cumberland, except that at times a stately palm stood forth as an emblem of the tropics.

The peak of Lambare is enchanting, with its cone like elevation clad in luxuriant foliage, rising in lofty beauty to the clouds. After the flat landscapes of B. Ayres, it is refreshing to see a mountain, and the Lambare is a delight to the traveller. The adjacent village is a suburb to the capital, remarkable for its church and cemetery.

On the left bank we see the mouth of the Pilcomayo, a mighty tributary over 1,000 miles long, which rises near the city of Cangusta, traverses an immense part of Bolivia, and finally passes through the Chaco.

Presently a couple of *barbette* batteries announces our proximity to the capital, and the cavalry barracks are already discernible. A bend in the river brings us at once in full view of the capital on a hill side sloping down to the bank. On the right is the arsenal, with its red roofs and tall chimneys, and some workmen are actively employed in constructing the floating dock. In front is the new Custom house, a magnificent structure of one story, forming a large quadrangle and surrounded by a spacious colonnade. The house of the President's youngest brother, two stories commands attention, and we can see wandering over a vast city of white wall and tile-roofs irregularly grouped, amid which the church towers, barracks, and railway station are conspicuous, and the view is bounded by a zone of country houses terminating on the extreme left with the Cathedral. Across the bay the Tres Bocas dent is interred. The Chaco is here open and presents hand-some meadows, the river is not wide, but the port good, and a number of sailing vessels and steamers are anchored close to land.

A gunpowder is thrown on shore and the passengers are making their way to the Custom house. I must postpone my impressions of the Paraguayan metropolis for the next letter.

The Colony of Esperanza, Sta. Fe.

By accounts received yesterday from this prosperous colony, we learn that the wheat crop alone this year amounts to twenty-two thousand fanegas, the maiz, potatos, and potato crop giving returns in proportion. We regret however to remark that it appears there is a spirit of insubordination in the colony, caused we believe by certain malcontents, published by the Frenchmen on this colony. It is a lamentable fact that notwithstanding the extraordinary prosperity of the colonists, there seems to reign a spirit of dissension which the very atmosphere of this country seems to inculcate. Of the three thousand colonists in Esperanza there is not one who is not independent, and yet to the farmer. Notwithstanding all the droughts, langostas, &c., the colony of Santa Fe has thrived. We hope therefore to see these petty differences forgotten: as a body of foreigners, they should remember that it is their duty to set a good example to the natives by obeying the laws and supporting by Government. The following particulars concerning the attack upon Mr. Henry, the head man in the colony, we extract from the Santa Fe Gazette.

"Truly we know not what fault we can have in a scandalous affair which has lately taken place in the colony of Esperanza. Some of the colony, as will be seen in the letter adjoining, were offended at certain observations in our articles on the colony, and attacked an individual quite innocent of the matter, and have committed a scandal which undoubtedly the authorities of the province will punish as they deserve. We repeat that we are ignorant of having given motive to offend the people of the colony Esperanza. Our intention was to assert the truth of everything we saw in the colony, and give evidence in favour of the general character of the colonists. We also mentioned certain defects (speaking in general terms, not individually). One name alone was mentioned, and this person is made the victim of the colonists' wrath—as he knows that we have useful too much moderation with the *last* damage the colonists, remarking that we should have added some of them deserved a penitentiary rather than be treated as honorable men.

We regret that the hospitality of Mr. Henry and his amiable family to us in the colony, should have caused them such an unjustifiable attack, and above all so cowardly an act, perpetrated in the family of one of the principal persons in the colony.

The Government will appreciate now our indications on the necessity of placing a competent stranger at the head of the authority there: an independent man, and one who will be firm in making the laws of the country respected. It is a disgrace to us also to the colonists to believe that their will is the law."

"Santa Fe, December 28, 1863.

"To the Editor of the Feros carril.

"Dear Sir—In consequence of the articles that you have published in your paper, the 'Feros-carril,' on the colonies of Santa Fe, the colony of Esperanza, certain observations and details in your printed publications are attributed to my pen, and for this reason they have gone so far as to attack my house in my absence, attempting the lives of my wife and children.

"I present myself to you and to the authorities demanding justice, and the punishment of the authors of this outrage. Next Friday I shall again take the liberty of furnishing you with further details concerning this disagreeable incident.

YOURS TRULY,
CARLOS HENRY.

THE ORIENTAL QUESTION

We are happy to assure our readers that through the mediation of the British Minister, Mr. Thornton, amicable relations have been resumed between the Argentine and Montevideo Governments. The Paraguay steamer, which arrived on Saturday, brought up the final settlement of the question.

We congratulate Mr. Thornton on the signal success which attended his efforts; the probabilities are, that had it not been for him, we should now be at war with Montevideo.

Mr. Thornton, we feel convinced, will not fail to use his best exertions to bring about a speedy termination of the revolution, which is at present causing such loss to British subjects in the Banda Oriental. All the receipts, value, and vouchers for property taken, or property lost, so much waste paper, if this scandalous revolution is allowed to proceed, as the country will be utterly ruined.

We should be forgetting to remind Mr. Thornton, that as the expenses of Flores' revolution come out of the pocket of the foreigners a stop should at once be put to this business. If the object is to ruin every foreigner, to drive the English and French out of the country, and ruined out of that country, then, by all means, let the Flores' revolution be kept on for the next ten years, and we think we can see the Buenos Ayres every week; but we hope and trust such is not the case. When, indeed, we think it is time for the English, France, and the Argentine Republic to interfere and restore peace and order to the Oriental Republic.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

An English gentleman who arrived yesterday from the sister city states that Montevideo is rather gay at present—business very dull, but money plenty, accounts well paid. Owing to the new gun-house law which comes into force on the 1st January, whereby no been great despatching of goods, scarcely a case is left in deposit. A stranger would not at all imagine that anarchy believe that the country is torn with revolution, at least judging from the appearance of Montevideo—it is perfectly even tenor of its ways.

It is said that in the department of Salto there is an Entre Riano regiment being formed, which will be placed under the orders of Lamela.

A small whale boat passed down the other evening under Martin Garcia's batteries, and we understand, that the captain could only speak English, the men in the guard let the unintelligible matter pass: *it was Sunday!* at least such is the excuse.

President Berro has sent a large *poncho* as a present to Flores: it is hoped that it will have the desired effect.

LATEST FROM ENTRE RIOS.

The Uruguay steamer, which arrived here yesterday, brought us news from Entre Rios to the 1st inst.

The Beron revolution being extinguished, the sole topic of conversation is the new bank. Notice has been sent round to the different shareholders that a meeting would be held on Sunday, the 3rd (a good day for such a business). Several of the leading share-

holders, being military men, are at the head of their troops with Urquiza in La Paz. The locusts are making their appearance, and are causing great damage to the estancieros.

The Legislature has not been yet opened, owing to the want of a quorum.

The Salto gas Steam Company, in consequence of the present political state of the Banda Oriental, notifies the shareholders that the annual meeting cannot be held this year, but the report of the directors will be printed and sent round to the stockholders. We understand this company is in a most prosperous condition.

Don Exequiel Crespo has been named Agente Fiscal of Gualeguaychu.

Mr. Urquiza and family are stopping at San Jose, where the General is expected back on the 8th.

LA TRAVIATA.

On Sunday night the Colon was crowded in every part, save the dress and upper circle. This we attribute to the absence of the principal families from town. Many are San Isidro, Las Conchas, San Fernando, and other distant suburbs, but in the pit and top galleries there was hardly standing room.

Madame Briol, in 'Traviata,' is still more charming than either in 'Rigoletto' or 'Hernani.' She encored at the conclusion of each solo and duet; and seldom have we seen an audience in Buenos Ayres so highly gratified as on last Sunday night. The orchestra has been greatly improved, but the chorus, we regret to say, is the same.

'Libiamo,' the celebrated supper song, was never sung better in Colon than by Madame Briol on Sunday. Sr. Lebui, the tenor, has a sweet voice, but not of sufficient capacity, for such operas as 'Traviata.'

The house was enraptured, when Madame Briol sang the celebrated air, 'Gran Dio morte si Giovane,' she gave it with a plaintive, wild pathos, which completely fascinated the audience.

With the acquisition of Madame Mollo, this opera company, we have no hesitation in saying, will prove the best we ever had in the River Plate. It deserves to be supported.

MONS. DE LAVE.

Sunday evening the Plaza Parque was crowded, to witness the extraordinary performances of Mons. de Lave and his son, justly denominated the 'South American wonder.' The case with which Mons. de Lave appeared to go through his astonishing feats, seemed to take the spectators by surprise, who testified their approbation by loud plaudits. Of his son, 'the wonder,' we have already spoken, in a previous notice, and accorded to him our full 'meed' of praise. Some years ago we witnessed the performances of Mons. Plegé, at that time deemed the greatest 'cerlaiist' in the world, and whose 'feats' seemed unapproachable, but, we must say, that having seen Mons. de Lave perform, we forget Mons. Plegé. This speaks volumes as to the merit of the 'artiste,' and we conclude these few remarks by wishing him every success during his stay in Buenos Ayres.

Reconstruction of Europe.

(Concluded.)

The other alternative indicated by the Ruler of France remains. He can realise the prophecy he has uttered. The consideration of his proposal may, and probably will, take time. Absolute decision may be postponed until such a season of the year as is fitted for military movements; and it is now clear that if the era of universal peace is not proclaimed before the spring, war will rage in Europe, and that under circumstances and with combinations that have not been as yet dreamed of. Two points seem to be dwelt on decisively in the Emperor's speech—one is the ultimate re-establishment of Poland, and the other a desire to retain the alliance of Russia. What if the principle of compensation should be agreed to by Russia, might not the scheme of Nicholas be realized, and Turkey in Europe be offered by France in exchange for Poland? The war then would be waged by France and Russia as allies, and against whom? Of course against those nations whose policy it is to uphold the integrity of the Turkish empire, and who are pledged to uphold it. It is to this point that England has to look; and it is to be hoped that she will look to it.

But, whatever may betide, whatever may be the result of the extraordinary manifesto which has surprised and agitated Europe, one thing is certain, and that is, that the Emperor of the French stands pledged to the great principles of peace. He will have a right to say, if war is once more to deluge the fair face of Europe, he is not responsible for it; and, we repeat that which we have already said, that it is an epoch in the dynamical history of the world when, from the midst of the French people and from the head of the French army, there comes a declaration that war is an evil to be avoided, and that all the results which are presumed to follow from war can be better and more satisfactorily obtained by peaceful conference against the representatives of nations.

LOCAL EVENTS.

The Lienzo Question.—A meeting will be held this morning in the Sala de Comercio in the Cabildo, de Setiembre, to discuss the above important question. We hear that a document has been made out and signed by some of the principal native woollenders, with a view of binding them to having the exact tare of the lienzos taken off, under a penalty of $40,000 for the first breaking of the agreement, $40,000 for the second, and $60,0 0 for the third.

The Nacion Argentina.—This peaceable anti-revolutionary colleague we are happy to hear is increasing wonder fully in its circulation; it deserves to be supported since it takes sides with the cause of law and order. The office of this journal has been removed from Calle Moreno to Calle Rivadavia, 153, the Siglo Printing office.

The Marques de Olinda.—This statesmen we perceive is about to be put on the line between this city and Montevideo, so that we may again expect to have direct communication with that city.

Great Chance.—We call attention to the splendid house Nos. 12, 14, and 16, Maypú, with two stores and fine dwelling house, to be let at a moderate rent for three years. See advertisement.

The Cimpanelas.—This little steamer leaves for Rosario and intermediate ports to day, but only takes cargo.

El Correo del Domingo.—Under this title a new illustrated paper has been started, it is neatly got up, well printed, and seems to be well edited; the present number contains some superior pieces of poetry.

Maritime Disasters.— Besides the damages that occurred to the Pedro Primero already mentioned, the severe gale on Thursday drove three Brazilerig Salvador, loaded with yerba and hides. Several other accidents of minor importance occurred.

The Building Fever is making quite a sensation in Montevideo. Some people say that they most decidedly beat the Loco Brothers. We trust soon to see them in Colon with our old friends the Bufos.

The Mosquito's last edition was really the best we have seen, and does credit to the editor. If it continues improving, we shall advise our friends to sub scribe.

Wheat Crop—The harvest at the Deseado Colony was very late, but splendid. The colonists have twenty thousand fanegas on sale. All the other crops yielded in proportion.

Governor Cullen—The Santa Fé Legislature has refused to accept the resignation of Governor Cullen. We are happy to say that he has consequently withdrawn it.

Rosario—There is a tremendous row going on between the French Consul and the Postmaster of that city, in consequence of the latter gentleman having insisted that all letters posted at the Consul's office should have an Argentine postage stamp. The Consul has refused to take any more letters pre-paid for France. The Frenchmen in Rosario are furious.

THE BOLSA.

Jan. 4, 1864.

Patacones opened to-day at 28 30, and fell to 28 25, at which price they closed, 14,20 being sold for cash.

TIME SALES.			
Jan. 5	5,000	28 25	
9	1,6 0	28 20	
15	22,800	23 25	
31	4,000	28 25	
June 7	16,000	28 10	
Dec. 31	16,000	27 50	

PRODUCE SALES.

300 cow hides, dry	$118
200 do do	115
80 do do	114
12 0 arr. Mestiza wool, regular	18
500 do do mixed good	80
100 do do ordinary	48
1500 do do mixed ordinary	55
5000 salted cow hides from the Uruguay, at 20 per cent, cow,	55½ reales, ex 47, and tallow, 47½
700 heavy hides without re-embarkation	38½ all
350 pipes tallow	13
350 pipes tallow	13 7/8

MARITIME NEWS

ARRIVALS.

3rd.

Cadiz, French barque Mère de Family, New York, Bremen bugear Emina.

4th.

Uruguay ports, national steamer Salta.

Montevideo, English steamer Spider.

SAILED.

3rd

Rosario, national steamer Pepon.

Foreign ports, American barque Fanny Buck.

Habana, Spanish polacre Teresa.

4th

Asuncion and intermediate ports, Paraguay steamer Paraguari.

Land for Sheep.

At a distance of 45 leagues from town, towards the West, there is for sale the option to buy lots of one or two square leagues; one can join two or three lots together to make a wider set when there are all around it empty flaps of accounting belonging to Englishmen and Irishmen. The land is surveyed, and pass sales can be taken off it, and the title get immediately. Map shown and full explanations given at Calle Tiberind No 25, from 2 to 10 a.m.

j 5 15 p

To be Let,

That splendid House Nos. 12, 14, and 16 Calle Maypu, one of the most commodious houses in the city of Buenos Ayres, having two large stores, besides a large Dwelling House. It is situated within two squares of the Plaza, and is the only house of such dimensions to be let in so central a locality To a good tenant the place will be rented on lease for three years Apply Calle Rivadavia 81.

j 5. 1 w

Important Notice.

For Sale, the Boat and Shop Shop No. 100 Calle D-feoss All persons having accounts for or against said establishment will please call and settle them within the term of eight days.

RICHARD GODSALL.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 4, 1864.

j 5, 9 p

English Boarding and Day Seminary for Young Ladies.

326 CALLE PARQUE.

Mrs DAVIS begs to acquaint her Friends and the Public that the duties of this establishment will be resumed (D.V.) on the 8th instant.

j 7, 6 p

Wanted Employment.

A good intelligent young Man, with the very highest testimonials seeks employment either in town or camp. Apply at 109 San Martin.

j 6, 3 p

Wanted

A Housemaid for the country. Apply 326 Calle Parque.

j 6

Notice.

The undersigned begs to advise his friends, that from this day Mr Schibli has been separated from our Barracas business, and that in consequence of this the undersigned will continue alone under the firm of Luis H. Brie and Co., taking on him the collection of all accounts due, and the payment of all debts due by the old firm.

LUIS H. BRIE.

Barracas, Jan. 3

The 'Nacion Argentina'

Has removed to 153, Calle Victoria, Printing Office of the 'Siglo.'

Books—Books—Books.

Haverty's History of Ireland, and the Abridged Edition of same.

Keating's do do

Carleton's Willy Reilly. Jerome Within. Scottish Chiefs, large edition.

The Black Barrens. Rev. Mr O'Hanlon.

Ballad Poetry and Songs 565 Ballads of Ireland.

All the Christian Brothers' Reading Grammar, Arithmetic, First and Second Geography, and Modern do.

A new lot of well-bound Catholic Prayer Books including Maiden Book, Garden of the Soul, Lamp of Soul, Christian Manual, Key of Heaven, Catholic Piety, Path to Paradise, Imitation of Christ, Daily Exercises, Missals, &c.

Dalgairns's Holy Communion. Liguori's Sermons.

Lingard's, Graham's, and Walsh's Domestic Medicine.

A large variety of new Song Books and Country Books, and a fresh supply of the latest and best Novels.

Tomlin, Morrell, and other authors on Management of Sheep, Cattle, and Horses. Dr. Lingard's History of England. Miss Strickland's Queens of Scotland.

Shelley, Plunkett, and O'Donnell's Speeches.

Doctor Cahill's Letters and Speeches. Lever's Lyrics of Ireland.

Above on sale at

G. & H. MACKERN'S,

English Stationers and Bookseller,

24 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

(Opposite the Cathedral.)

Notice.

The fifth term of the English School will commence on Monday, January 4th 1864. Persons who desire to place their children at this Establishment, should apply as soon as possible, as but a limited number can be received.

This Institution offers a thorough English and commercial education to its pupils.

GEORGE RYAN.

Apply at No 28, Calle Cuyo, or 172, Calle San Martin.

January 3, 3p.

Reaping Machines

FROM BURGESS AND KEYS.

On Sale some of these valuable Machines at

L. J. ISAACS, Rivadavia 124.

d 30, 1 w

Cook Wanted.

Apply at Calle Victoria, No 93.

j 3, 3 p

THE IRISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT

CHEAPSIDE

THOMAS FALLON,

HIBERNIAN HOUSE,

68 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.

(Between San Martin and Reconquista.)

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

ALEX. FULTON & CO.,

25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

River Plate Steamship Co.

The fine steamship PARANA, 1,100 tons, Orzon Commander, now in Montevideo, and expected here daily.

On her arrival at this port the date of her sailing will be published, in the meantime Cargo can be engaged for for England and the Continent, at the office of the Consignees.

HENRY A. GREEN & CO.,

83 Reconquista.

j 3, 3 p

Notice.

The annual meeting of subscribers to the British Hospital, for the examination of the accounts, has been adjourned to the 5th proximo, at eight o'clock, p.m.

FRANK PARISH.

British Consulate, Dec. 31st, 1863.

TEATRO COLON.

OPERA ITALIANA.

El Miercoles 6 de Enero de 1864.

LA

TRAVIATA.

A las 8½.

RICHARD GARRET & SON,

LEISTON WORKS,

SUFFOLK ENGLAND,

Beg to inform the friends in the Colony, that they are now in a position to supply their Celebrated

COLONIAL HORSE-POWER THRASHING MACHINES,

CORN DRESSING MACHINES,

(SHAFT CUTTERS)

ALSO

PORTABLE & FIXED STEAM ENGINES,

STEAM PLOUGHS AND CULTIVATORS,

COMBINED THRASHING AND DRESSING MACHINES,

And all kinds of Agricultural Machinery for Steam, Horse or Water Power.

Letters and Enquiries promptly answered and when in Town

RICHARD GARRETT & SONS,

LEISTON WORKS, SUFFOLK, ENGLAND.

Catalogues can be had on application to the Publishers at this Paper.

HOLYDAY PRESENTS.

ELEGANCE. UTILITY. ECONOMY. SIMPLICITY. DURATION.

SEWING MACHINES

Of the Celebrated Patent of

I. M SINGER and Co.

A complete assortment of these unrivalled Sewing Machines

For Sale at the

Agency for the Argentine Republic,

GRAN EMPORIUM DEL PLATA,

59 CALLE FLORIDA 59

Martell's Brandy.

Just received a small consignment 1 quarter casks, of prime quality.

L. J. ISAAC,

Rivadavia 124.

Guinness's Stout.

Just received a small shipment of the first rate beer.

L. J. ISAAC,

Rivadavia, 124.

d 30, 1 w

The Steamer

KEPLER,

First-class for Twenty Years,

Capt. JOHN CARROLL,

is expected in this port about the 5th January next, and will be dispatched for Liverpool, via Montevideo, Brazil and Lisbon, about the 20 th January next, with cargo and passengers, for particulars of which apply to

Messrs. DARBYSHIRE and CO., or to

JOHN P. BOYD and CO., Calle San Martin, No. 56.

Land to Rent,

Sixteen Puestos in fractions of one Puesto or the whole.

Apply at Calle Reconquista, No 46

j 1, 3 p.

REMATES.

Por Mariano Billinghurst.

En el Mercado Constitucion de 300 arrobas de la Mejor y Mestiza muy fina procedente de la estancia de los Nogales, partido de Rauch.

El jueves 7 del corriente á las diez en punto de la mañana se han de vender precisamente á la misma ultima postura dicha 300 arrobas lana procedentes que vienen como buenas con dinero y naturales.

NOTA—El remate se efectuará al pié de las ovejas corresponde lana conducida la lana á los diez en punto.

Por Federico Silva.

En su casa Potosi No 121.

Por tiqui decion y cuenta de quien corresponda.

De muebles de almacen.

El Martes 5 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se venderá por liquidacion y cuenta de quien corresponda los siguientes articulos.

25 barricas azucar refinada francesa, 17 pipas vino catalan, 10 barricas harina Norteamericana, 50 in sas gallina superior clase, 30 barricas azucar Pernambuco de 2 ½, 40 id id id provenia, 12 id id tocinos, 6 rollos tabaco negro, 03 esponas vermouth superior clase, 50 id ejecja id id, 150 frasqueras ginebra holanda in frima, 50 esponas cedrat finesses superior y algunos otros articulos que estarán á la vista.

Por Eduardo Garcia.

En la casa calle de Belgrano No. 254.

Por consignatario de Jaulas.

El Martes 5 del corriente Enero, á las 11 en punto de la mañana, se dará principio á la venta de todo el lujoso mueblaiment perteneciente dicha casa, consistiendo en muebles de caoba y jacaranda con muy poco uso, esto pesuto se dará oportunamente.

Public Notice.

The Scotch Schools will be closed for the Christmas vacation from the 21st ult. until Thursday, Jan. 7th, 1864.

AUGUSTUS POWEL, Master.

Notice.

The First General Annual Meeting of the Subscribers to the British Hospital will be held at the British Consulate, on the Evening of Wednesday next, the 6th proxo, for the purpose of electing a Committee of Management for the ensuing year, and discussing any matter connected with the general interests of the Institution.

FRANK PARISH.—Consul.

British Consulate, Dec. 31, 1863.

For Sale,

American Corn Shellers and fine quality English Pipes.

G. BELL AND SON,

149 Venezuela and Mercado Constitucion.

j 1 p.

To Parents and Guardians.

Miss STANLEY begs to announce that her English and French Seminary will be opened Monday, Jan. 4th, 1864. school hours from half-past nine till half-past two.

96 CALLE INDEPENDENCIA.

TERENCE CURRAN

Begs leave to notify to the public that he has now on hand a large and well selected Stock of

English and Irish manufactures

Suited for Town and Campuse.

Customers wishing to be served with sound fresh Goods will do well to give early call.

T. C. wishes to intimate that, while he declines making use of any superficial 'clap-trap' (now so much resorted to by some parties), he is in a position to offer to the Public as good value as any other House in the trade.

A large supply of Children's Wear always on hand.

75—CALLE SAN MARTIN—75

d 8 1 m

Professor Mordomo.

An Anglo-Portuno of great camp experience seeks an engagement as Mayordomo on a foreign Estancia. The best references can be given.

Address P. O. R., Standard Office.

d 29, 3 p

BRITISH HOTEL,

96—CALLE PIEDAD—96.

Rooms per Month, $300.

Private Dining Rooms, nice cool and airy, looking on the street.

Persons anxious to board on English style should patronize this Establishment, as it is the only real English hotel in town.

Breakfast from 8 to 12

Dinner " 4 " 7

Tea " 8 " 10

Supper at any hour. Dinners supplied out.

d 1, 2 w

Buenos Ayres Chamber of Commerce, Jan. 4, 1863

| Latest Prices of Produce. | | |

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

Established in this City, limits of Federal Government within by sea, out of the river.

Offices—Calle Reconquista 83

Directorship

Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President.
" " Enrique Ochoa, Vice-President.
" " Felipe Llenallat.
" " Manuel Zumaran.
" " Jacobo Peuvrel.
" " Enrique Tomkinson.
" " Mariano Casares
" " Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT

ON THE UNION BANK OF

IRELAND.

ISSUED BY THE

LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.

Calle de la Piedad No. 80.

Prize Medal.

PARSONS, FLETCHER, and CO. PRINTING INK MAKERS!

22 Bread street, London.

Messrs Parsons, Fletcher and Co. have devoted for many years their best energies to the further improvement of their fine Inks; and from the testimonials of the most eminent English Wood Engravers to the brilliancy of their Best Inks as well as from the estimation in which their Inks in general are held, both by the leading Printers of this country and of the Continent, *Parsons, Fletcher and Co.* flatter themselves that for Depth of Colour, Clear ness o Impression, and Ease in Working their Inks now stand unrivalled

The *Art Journal* for July, 1862 says The Ink used for printing this Journal expressly Manufactured by Messrs. *Parsons Fletcher and Co.* and combines the essential qualities of depth of colour and clearness of impression r which their Inks have long been favourably known abroad as well as at home."

General list of Prices.

Job Ink, for Machine or Press 1s. 1s. 2d. and 1s. 6d. per lb.

News Ink 1s., 1s. 3d., and 1s. 6d. do do

Bookwork Ink 1s. 1d. 2s. and 1s. 6d. do do

Superior book Ink 2s. 1d. 2s. and 4s. 6d. do do.

Woodcut Ink 5s. and 7s. 6d. do do.

Red Ultramarine, Dark Blue and other colours 4s. 5s. 6s. 8s. 9s. 6d. and 10.

Varnish 12s. 16s. and 20s per gallon.

Export Orders will receive the most prompt attention, with a careful adaption of the Ink to climate.

Ranges, Stoves, Portable Farm Boilers,

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work, Grates, Chimney Pieces, &c.

WATSON, GOW, & CO.

LYNA FOUNDRY.

LILYBANK ROAD, GLASGOW,

Sole manufacturers of Watson's Patent Close and Open Fire Kitchen Ranges, American Cooking and Heating Stoves, American Portable Farm Boilers, Steam Cooking Apparatus, Gill Air-Warmers, Hot Air and Gas Stoves, Register Grates,

Ornamental Iron Chimney Pieces

Stable Fittings, Hot Water, Rain Water, and other Pipes, Pumps, Boilers, Pots, Dutch and Camp Ovens, Cart and Dray Bushes, Gates, Railings, and every description of Plain and Ornamental Castings, and Iron Work, suitable for Merchants, Ironmongers, Plumbers, &c. &c. either in the Colonial or Foreign Markets.

MONEY ORDERS,

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand, at any of the 52 branches of the

NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on the *Messrs. Prescott, Grote & Co. Bankers* LONDON.

And on *J. Barned & Co. Banker* LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Sr. Wilson, Stock Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa.

THOMAS B HALL

SCREW AND PADDLE STEAMERS, &c.

G H HARRINGTON & CO

Architects, Engineers and Surveyors,

27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.,

Confirmed for Building every description of Craft for Sea or River Emigration.

Patent Combination Vessels with Deck Planting and Iron Frames.

Estimates and particulars forwarded including delivery at every port in S. America

LETCHFORD'S WAX VESTAS.

R. Letchford & Co. hold themselves responsible for the quality of their Wax Vestas and having recently built an exclusive Factory especially adapt ed to the peculiar manufacture they can bestow every care on all the details which result chiefly Vestas the best in the market. Purchasers, therefore, when ordering Wax Matches should be particular to requests Letchford's make," as others are often substituted.

9 Cock's Lane, Bethnal Green, London.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.

NATIONAL DILIGENCES

AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS

WM. MATTI and CO.

30 CANGALLO 30

FOR MONTEVIDEO.

Taking Passengers and Cargo, the National Steamer

LIBERTAD,

Capitan McFeilin,

Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 6 p.m. for Montevideo every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

FOR CONCORDIA.

Calling at Paraná, Bonaro and Concepcion, the National Steamer

SALTO

Capitan F. Fidanza,

Leaves every Thursday at 5 p.m., and returns every Friday. Leaves for Concepcion every Saturday, and returns every Monday.

FOR ROSARIO

Calling at Zarate, Baradero, San Pedro Obligado, Las Hermanas, and San Nicolas Voyage by the Paraná do las Palmas, taking Cargo and Passengers, the National Steamer

PAVON,

Captain Prior.

Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 12 Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUALEGUAY,

The National Steamer

LOS CRICETAS,

Captain D. Linklater,

Leaves the "Boca de las Nueva Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Pavon, and returns each Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA.

Santa Fe, and intermediate Ports, the Mail Steamer

ESPIGADOR,

Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after arrival of the Pavon, and returns every Tuesday, in time to land over Passengers' luggage to the Pavon, which leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES

Calling at Paraná, La Paz, Casilla de la Esquina, Casilla de Goya, Bella Vista, and Empedrado, the British Steamer

D. ALBARADO.

Leaves Rosario in combination with the Pavon, on Tuesday, December 12, and returns on Friday, January 14.

FARES:

To Montevideo (cabin)	8 patacones
Zarate do	4 "
San Pedro do	8 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Diamante do	20 "
Santa Fé do	24 "
Paraná do	
La Paz do	32 "
La Esquina do	36 "
Goya do	40 "
Bella Vista do	44 "
Empedrado do	48 "
Corrientes do	52 "
Gualeguaychú	11 "
Concepcion	12 "
Concordia	17 "

Deck Half-price.

FRIGHTS:

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	8 "
Paraná	10 "
La Paz	
Bella Vista	10 "
La Esquina	
Goya	
C rientes	12 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

FOR CUYABA,

Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Paraná, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer

MARQUES DE OLINDA

Captain Thipanito de S. Reinecourt, Leaves on the 18th December.

FARES:

San Nicolas	16 pats.
R ario	20 "
Paraná	28 "
Corrientes	60 "
Asuncion	80 "
Cuyacha	142 "

For Bolivia Banda A Patagonia,

THE CORRIENTES

Will leave on the 11th December.

Vehicle.

Fares—Chilin 600 dos's, Deck 300 dos. Freight 250 dos. per ton and 5 p$. Gold 1. Silver 4 p$.

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

NUEVAS

Mensagerias Nacionales.

Office Removed to

233—CALLE VICTORIA—233

Leaves for Pilar every day

" Capilla del Señor every day.

" San Antonia de Areco, all uneven days.

" Zarate, all even days.

" Baradero, 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.

Returns from Pilar, every day.

" Capilla, every day.

" San Antonio, all even days.

" Zarate, all uneven days.

" Baradero, 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30.

Conductors and Owners:

EMERLIN AND MESQUITA.

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Opening of the San Isidro Station.

Week Days.

LEAVES.	1st Train. a.m.	2d Train. a.m.	3d Train. p.m.	4th Train. p.m.
Times of departure from the Station	6 30	10	1 30	5
" the Station	6 40	10 10	1 40	5 10
" Belgrano	7	10 40	2	5 40
" Los Olivos	7 15	10 45	2 15	5 45
Arrives at San Isidro	7 30	11	2 30	6

RETURNS.	1st Train. a.m.	2d Train. p.m.	3d Train. p.m.	4th Train. p.m.
Times of departure from San Isidro	7	11 30	3	6
" Los Olivos	8 15	11 45	3 15	7 15
" the Station	8 30	11 50	3 40	7 40
" Belgrano	8 40	12	3 50	7 50
Arrives at the Station	8 50	12 10	4	8

Sundays and Holidays

LEAVES.	1st Train. a.m.	2d Train. a.m.	3d Train. p.m.	4th Train. p.m.
Times of departure from the Station	6 30	9 45	11	2 30
" the Station	6 40	9 55	11 10	2 40
" Belgrano	7	10 15	11 40	3 5
" Los Olivos	7 15	10 30	11 55	3 15
Arrives at San Isidro	7 30	10 45	12	3 30

RETURNS.	1st Train. a.m.	2d Train. a.m.	3d Train. p.m.	4th Train. p.m.
Times of departure from San Isidro	8	11	12 30	4
" Los Olivos	8 15	11 15	12 45	4 15
" Belgrano	8 30	11 30	1	4 30
" the Station	8 40	11 40	1 10	4 40
Arrives at the Station	8 50	12	1 20	4 50

The trains both going and coming stop at Hivaburu and Paceno.

The Administration.

STRENGTH AND DURABILITY

CHEAP AND CONVENIENCE

THE NEW CAMP RAZOR

OR MACHINE FOR

CUTTING THISTLES AND ABROJOS,

Movedable corrals, trans-corrals, chiqueros.

LAND MARKS,

IRON WIRE FENCES, FOR RODEOS, POTREROS, &c.

Endless Iron Troughs, for Sheep and Cattle,

IRON TANKS, particularly arranged for easy conveyance.

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EASILY PLANTED OR FIXED

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" Constant Santamaria

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D. Antonio Garcia y Garcia, Manager
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Offices—87 calle SAN MARTIN.

This most long has been felt of an establishment where in the frugal and laborious citizen might deposit his savings, so as to incur no risk, and reap at the same time a good return.

This institution is intended to answer such a purpose extending the benefits of the establishment to even the humblest classes

Public attention is, therefore, specially called to the manner of subscriptions and the investment of funds, according to the rules of the association.

THE PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:

1st. On one's own life, in shares of 25 silver each. These subscriptions liquidated at any time at the subscriber's time and option.

2nd. Without loss of capital by death of the insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest for period by the death of other shareholders in their Class, whose capital, however is returned.

3rd. With loss of capital and interest by insurer's death. All shareholders at this class shall participate in compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their Class.

All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Company shall be invested only in landed property (fincas), and with the greatest security.

The Fund of Insurance, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company

For further particulars, apply at the Calle Cuyo—87 calle S. Martin (altos) between the hours of 11—4; prospectus is given on applica ion. 917

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF BUENOS AYRES,

49 & 51 CALLE DEFENSA.

PATRICK GALBRAITH,

Successor to WILLIAM GIBSON,

Begs to intimate that he has just received an immense variety of New Goods, expressly to supply the wants of Camp purchasers, consisting of

Men's and Youths' Moleskin and Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Windsor Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Due and Tweed Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Due and Tweed Jackets and Vests,
Men's Pilot Jackets and Tweed Suits,
Men's best Jean Stripe Shirts and Shirting Stripe,
Men's and Youths' White, Drees, and Regatta Shirts,
Men's and Youth's Common Shirts (all qualities),
Drab and White Moleskin and Corduroy (best quality)
Bedford Cords, Scotch and English Tweeds,
Blankets, Flannels, Plaidings, Stripe Drugges,
Serges, Aberdeen Wincies and Wincey Petticoats,
Black and White Watered Moreen, Challis, Reges,
Alpacas, Mohairs, Coburgs, English and French Merinos,
Linen Checks, Dorries, Prints, and Grey Cottons,
Superior White Shirtings, Sheetings, and Towellings,
Linens, Diapers, Brown Hollands, Cotton and Linen Tick;
Damask and Victoria Table Covers, Wool Plaids (various Glens),
Wool Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Plaids, and Lace Scarves.
Ladies' and Misses' Cot on, Merino, and L. W. Hose,
Men's and Youths' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Half-hose and Hose,
Men's Aberdeen Knit Ribbed Half-hose and Hose,
Smallwares of every description, best quality.

As fresh supplies will be received monthly, per steamer, parties may at all times rely on having an unequalled assortment to select from, of the newest Goods, at lowest possible cash prices.

49 & 51—CALLE DEFENSA—49 & 51

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MAUA & C°.

—No. 103 calle de Cangallo.—

BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of *Accounts Current* are now generally felt, and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that thousands every year Merchants who fail to keep one at the Bank in which they place the most confidence

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city, a safe & profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, servants & servantes & all classes of conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with *a reserve fund* in case of *need*, *sickness* or *old age* instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. of this city following the example of their firm in Montevideo now offer the same facilities in this city and will open on the 1st October a "Savings Bank" at No. 103 calle Cangallo from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. on week days and on Sundays and holidays from 10 a. m. to 12 m. for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a Pass Book in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at *any time* to withdraw *the whole or part* of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. is sufficiently known to the public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.

p. p. Mauá & Co.

WILLIAM LENLIE.

CONDITIONS.

1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from *Twenty five dollars currency* or *one silver dollar* upwards.

2nd. The interest allowed is *six per cent* (6 p$) per annum which is liquidated every six months

3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the *whole or part* of the money deposited.

4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds *Twenty five thousand dollars currency* or *one thousand dollars silver* the depositor if he wishes can open an *account current* according to the rules established by the Bank.

5th. In case of Bankruptcy the Bank will be replaced by another on *paying twenty dollars currency*, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,

61 CORRIENTES 61

An immense Stock of Goods adapted for *every season* suitable for both Town and Country buyers

UNEQUALLED IN EXTENT AND VARIETY.

Fresh supplies received by every steamer.

61 CORRIENTES 61.

ESTABLISHED 1861.

American Dentist,

DR. N. O. CORNWALL,

Calle Bien Aire, 275

Teeth filled with gold or metallic cements, so as to last for years or for life. Tartar cleaned off teeth, and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

Artificial Teeth

Inserted in the neatest and most approved manner.

LEA AND PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

Worcestershire Sauce.

The great success of this "delicious condiment" has been the signal for the appearance of many "spurious imitations" totally different in "flavor" and destitute of the "digestive properties" of this Sauce.

Purchasers are earnestly requested to ask for

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

Prepared only by

LEA AND PERRINS, Worcester

WIND ENGINE

PATENT SELF-REGULATING

For Pumping, Cut Chaff, Winnowing, Grinding, Chaff-cutting Sawing, or Driving of Machinery.

Costs nothing to work Works day and night Requires no attending Not easily injured, Exercise elephant cheap Power of Engine from 1 to 3 horses, working up to treble the power, prices from

£25 to £16

HUNT, & POLLARD.

Wind Engine Manufacturers

PARK LOW WORKS, NEW YORK ST.

Southwark, London.

*** Orders to be made payable in Exchange. Terms non-limited or Cash with order. Balance on Shipment.

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ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS,

Dor—Te. Pongerard, f the London University College.

This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronized by the principal British families of Buenos Ayres, is an exact reproduction of an English School, where a sound commercial education combined with the acquisition of the French and Spanish languages is imparted to the pupils, and based upon the same system as in all first class European institutions of the kind.

An ever-watchful and constant supervision, not a strict obedience of order and propriety, are a sufficient guarantee that the morals and behaviour of the pupils are carefully attended to.

The different branches taught in the English Grammar School comprise The English, French and Spanish languages, History, Geography, Arithmetic, and Book-keeping in all its parts, Writing, and Religious Instruction.

Extra branches, such as Latin, Mathematics, Geometry, Music and Drawing, are also taught by special masters.

The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most delightful Quintas of the Calle Larga de Barracas, at the very gates of the city, is one of the most healthful and picturesque of the environs of Buenos Ayres.

For pecuniary apply for prospectuses at the Standard Office, Calle Belgrano 74.

De T. PONGERARD,

—o18 z

Rams! Rams!! Rams!!!

Parties requiring Rams o the best breeds and in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable price by applying at the estancia de Santa Elena del corralero, campo de Pila, partido de Ajó.

The breeds are Rambouillet crossed with Electorales, and Rambouillet crossed with first class mestizos.

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AND

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