SUBSCRIPTION 48 per quarter, in advance. 158 per month, 48 single copy.

ADVERTISEMENTS Received at the office up to Tuesday 5. P. M. and inserted at moderate rates.

Published every Wednesday evening at P. Gautier's Printing Office, calle Defensa No. 91, where Advertisements and Communications will be received.

July 17, 1861.

BUENOS ATRES.



FOR MONTEVIDEO

Taking cargo and passengers.
The new, handsome and fast sailing North-American Steamer

Mississipp

Captain-G. HARRISSON
Will leave this port on the 15th, 20th, 25th & 29th at 44 P. M. returning on the 13th, 22d and 27th June.

on the 13th, 22d and 27th June.

FARES.
Cabin—B patacons. Deck—4. Cargo per ton—3.
The superior conditate of this spasious and elegant vessel are worthy of remark: each passenger shall have a separate state room and the necessary attendance. There are noncover apartments for inarried complex and families.
Tickets and further particulars may be had at the office Messrs Bornal y Grerga. N 89 calle de Reconquists. Correspondence received up to 3½ P.M. Passengers not on board at the appointed hour lose their tickets.

SALTO COMPANY RIVER STEAM-BOATS

Top: the URUGUAY

ORIENTAL STEAMER

Captain - LINO BELBEY.

In 1 nne ves			р.
	LEAVING		RETURNING
Montevideo on			From Salto on Tuesdays at 7 a. m.
Buenos Ayres	Saturdaye	10 a. m.	" Concerdia " 71 a. m.
Higneritas ·		4 p. m.	" Paysandú " I p. m.
Fruy Bentss		9 a. m.	' Concepcion " 4 p. m.
Concepcion	Sundays	6 a. m.	" Fray Bentos " 9 p. m.
Paysandú	**	8 a. m.	" Higneritas Wednesday 2 a. m.
			"Buenos Ayres " 4 p. m.
		F	ARES

		CABIN-	-		DECK
Higueritas	_	6 pts.		_	3 pts.
Fray Bentos	-	10		_	5
Concepcion	-	14		-	7
Paisandú	_	16	-1	-	8 -
Concordia & Sal	to -	20	,		10
Montevideo	_	- 8		-	4
arcels for Montey			ers till & P	. M. on	Wednesday.
For further parti	culars app	ily at the office			-
•		Henry Dowse.	N. 0 1	calle de	Cuyo.

Por **CAUBLLAUB**

Taking passengers, cargo &c., the Steamer

Gualeguay

(Rio Bermejo.)

Captain-ADOLFO THOUVENIN Will leave this port on the 2 nd July

FARES. Cabin—16 patacoas. Deck—8. Cargo per ton—6.
Correspondence received at the office up to 9 A. M. on the day of sailing.
Parcels, up to 8 P. M. of the day before. For further particulars apply to Luis Cerro, Colon. 41 Plaza 25 de Mayo-

FOR SALE.

The American Steamer "ASUNCION" lying in the Riachuelo opposite the Barrace of Atdaya, is offered for private sale: her engines are in excellent order, and are is well suited to the transport of sheep to the Banda Oriental, heing capable of taking 1,000 or 1,200 head each trip. The ASUNCION is of 120 tons, and with cargo, draws 3 1/2 to 4 feet of water: her two engines are each 30 hog-se-power.

For further particulars, apply to Henry Duwso N. *2 table to Coyo.



COLONI

THE WELL KNOWN PILOT BOAT

estrella.

Will sail from this port every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at nine a. m. returning every MONDAY and THURSDAY—For further particulars apply at the Whale Boat Office. — Paseo de Julio No. 35.

LUIS MAC LEAN.

4th. 4th. 55-30 55-30 55-30 6-50 6-15

						×	Ξ	W.	×	Enilway time table	2	le								
		EPA	RTU	DEPARTURE OF THE TRAINS.	F .	#	Ä	H N	HOLY NS.	DAYS.	-			ద	E	RETURN.	Z	100		
STATIONS.	1st.		2d.	3d.	-	÷	122	4	4th. 5th. 6th	STATIO	ė	lst. (2d.	S.		34.		4	4th. 5th. 6th.	19	(=
Parque	7 a.m.	6	1	10	1 5	1.	33	1		Moreno	1 -	100	6	100	1 -	100	203	25		1
11 Sept.	7 10	6	9	10 1	0		Ç1	204	10	Merlo.	٦	8	6	30,1	-	000	30			
Almagro.	7 15	6	15	9	1512		159	15	15	Moron 7	-		10	-	31	÷		-4	9	
Caballito.	7 20	6	8	10 2	등	20	çì.	20	9	S.Marti	-	2	2	10	31	201	10	2	106 1	0
Flores	7 25	6	50	10 2	25.15	197	ÇI	25	33	Floresta		30	2	8	67	308	8	1 30		8
Floresta.	2 30	6	ŝ	10 2	2	8	21	300	ŝ	Flores	-	85	10	35	63	352	35	133		1
S. Martin	7 35	0	3510		35 15	35	21	35	8 35	Caballito.		40	2	40	0	503	40		406	35
Moron	00	2		Ξ	_		00	-10		Almagro,	0.0	45	4510	4519	c	644	45			2
Merlo 8	8 30	10		3011 3	0	8	8	30		11 Sept.	-	50	9	50	91	505	504			50
Moreno .	8 40			11.4	0	40	403	40		Parque			=	-	-	8	Ţ			
								1	3	was dear		ŀ				ı	1	1	1	ı

	RN.	3d.		· ;	2-30	2-35	3-40	2-45	2-50	3-10		
-	RETURN.	Pa	10-20	= :	11 30 3-1	11-35	11-40	11-45	11-50	12-10		
		1st	7-30	000	8-30	8-35	8-40	8-45	8-50	9710		
week days.		Stations.	Moreno	Moron	Floresta	Flo. es	Caballito	Almagro	11 Set'bro .	Parquo		
week	FRAINS.	4th.	4 p m.	1-15	4-25	4-30	4-50		2-30	.0f-c		
	TUE	sd.	1 Pm.	1.15	1. 25	1-30	1-50	27	2-30	3-40		
	TURE OF	FURE CU	DEPARTURE OF THE TRAINS.	. 3d.	11a.m	11-15	11-25	11-30	11-50	12		
	DEPAR	1st.	8 a.m.	8-15	8-25	8-30	8-50	9		9-40		
	SKOHALVIS		Parque	Almagro.	Flores	Fleresta.	S.Martin,	Moron	Merlo	Moreno		



MENSAJERIAS DEL

CORREOS DEL ESTADO. General Administration calle de las Piedras 81, Agency calle de Rivadavia,

Chascomus y Dolores 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8,

10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24. 25, 26 28, 30. Laguna de los Padres, por Kaquel,

Santa Elena, Porfia, San Antonio Belli-do, Miranda, Durazno, Arroyo Grande, Naranjos, Vivoratá, Laguna Colmena, Ballenera, Golondrina, San Martin y Moro-Martinez de Hoz, 2, 12 y 22.

Carrero del Moro, por Kaquel, Santa Elens, Las Armas, Pozo del Fuego, Loma Verde, Carralauquen, Arroyo Grande, 25 de Mayo, Brava 6 Panianoso, Blanqueada de Herrera, Cerrito de Paulino, San Agustin, Malacara 6 Florida, Primavera y Moro, 6, 16, 26.

Carrera del Moro, por Posta de Gauna, San Miguel, Batalla, Navas, Quinteros, Juncal, Cacique, Esperanza, Arroyo Chico, Rincon de Beaudrix, Invierno, Muñoz, Moro, 10, 20, 30:

Tandil por Dolores, Posta do Gauna, San Miguel, Pueblo Nuevo, Cinco Lomas, Loma Negra, Loma Partida, San José, Cármen do Languiyú, Canales y Tandil, 1, 15.

Tandil por Dolores, Posta de Ganna, San Miguel, Batalla, Navas, Quinteros, Toribio, Chelforó, Canales: Vizeachoras de Cueli, Reconquista, Miguens y Tandil. 8, 24.

Tandil por ci Azul, 15, 22, 29. Sun Vicente y Ranchos, 4, 12, 20,

Azu', 2, Canuelas, Monte y las Flores, 2, 4, 8, 12, 14, 18, 22, 24, 28.

Lobos y 25 de Mayo, 8, 18, 28. Lobos, every Tuesday Thu:sday, &

Magdalena, 9, 19 29.

FOR ROSARIO onching at Sau Fernande, Zá-rate, Baradere, Sau Pedro, Oblirado & San Nicolas. THE NEW STEAMER

Dólozeitas Captain-DAVID BRUCE. Will leave for the above mentioned ports every tuesday at 10 O'clock, a. in and return every Saturday, at the sam

TERMS OF PASSAGES!

	OF THOUNGED.
	CABIN DECK.
osario	\$ 350 \$ 120
an Nicolas	250 90
bligado	250 90
an Pedro	250 90
aradero	200 90
árate	150 80
an Fernando.	30

For further particulars apply at the office: Bennal Y CARREGA

Reconquiata 89.

MENSAJERIAS

entral Administration—San Mar-81—Plaza Lorea, 26—Callo las tin, 81-Pla Piedras, 84

Villa de Lujan, San Andres de Giles, San Antonio de Areco, Fortin y Salto 2, 4, 6, 8 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30.

Arrecifes, 4, 8, 19, 16, 20, 24, 28. Pergamino, y Rojas: 2, 6, 10, 14, 18 22, 26, 30,

Pilar, Capilla del Señor 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 12, 14, 16, 18, 29, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30. Mercedes, and Chivilcoy1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, [15, [17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27,

29. Mercedes, Bragado, Chivileoy, 5, 9, 15, 19, 25, 29.

Navarro 2' 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30.

NURVAS PENINSULARES

General Administration, calle Potosi, No. 146.

CORREOS DEL ESTADO

Chascomus y Doloros 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30.

Laguna do los Padres, Ballenera, San Martin u Moro, 2, 12 y 22.

Carraulanquen, 26 de Mayo, Brava; Malacara y More. 6, 16 y 26. Navas, Chelforú, Biscacheras y Re-conquista 8, 24.

Cinco Lomas, Loma Negra, Loma Partida, Cármen de Lancueyú, 1. 15.

Tandil y Dolores 1, 8, 15, 24, Tandil directamento 2 y 17.

CARRERA DEL MORO.

Juncal, Caciqve, Aalpmar de Castaño, Esperanza de Iraola, Pulperia Quavido. Arroyo Chico, Ruteen de Beaudix, Invierne, Temanguechú, Rincos del Moro y Martinez de Aoz.

Los Empresarios Torres, Begeira y Ca.

MENSAJERIAS

ESPANOLA Y AMERICANA

General Administration-Piedras, 86. Chascomus, 1, 4, 7, 9, 11, 14, 17, 19, 21, 24, 27 y 30.

Dolores, 1, 4, 7, 9, 11, 14, 7, 19, 21, 1 24, 27, 29.

TERMS OF PRICES.

Chascomus.	 	. 8 100
Dolores	 	150
Freight arro		
Money	 	111 %

Los Empresarios To re , Ossorio y Ca.

THE WEEKLY STANDARD.

The sons of foreigners. If civil war be the greatest affliction that can befal any country, we must sincerely pity all who are involved in such calamity. If the dictates of rea-son and policy forbid our intermeddling in local disputes, it is our imperative duty to forewarn our friends likewise. If we inherit any national spirit for the homes of our forefathers, we should inculcate into our children a reminis-cence of our Fatherland. These are sacred principles that force themselves upon the mind, and can neither be controverted by specious sophistry nor armed legislation. How then can we excuse the present coercive enrolment of youths who have had the misfortune to be born in this country, so proverbial for intestine quarrels? It will be answered they are Argentine citizens enjoying the privileges and liable to the obligations of this Republic. It will be urged that it is the natural dua ty of a man to take arms in defence of his native country. It will be asserted that the place of our adoption has some claim upon our affection. To the first we object that citizenship is a boon, and should never be degraded into a penalty. The franchise of any state can neither be forced upon us at a bayonet's point, nor administered as an unpalatable dose; and if an inborn sentiment of sympathy animate the sons of foreigners to claim the country of their fathers, it is the spontaneous expression of an impulse that they have imbibed from their mother's breast and nurtured in their heart's blood. Therefore they are only in name Argentines, but in spirit Europeans, who neither aspire to the rights nor duties of South American Republicans, and if they freely resign the one, it is not fair to burden them with the other. As to the second plea, we frankly admit, that every man is bound to honor and defend his birth-place; nor do we doubt that if a foreign enemy landed on this shore, the foremost of its defenders would be the sons of foreigners : but this is far from taking up arms in a civil contest, in which one or both of the factions must be culpable, and which from its local character arrays father against son and sees brother opposed to brother. The same arm that is raised to protect, cannot be induced to slay his country in the paroxysms of a suicidal strife, but rather inclines to her best interests, those of peace. Therefore he is a true lover of his country who is ever ready, to oppose an invading foe from without, and to hold aloof from

Finally we owe something to our place of residence, tis true; and do we not, each and all of us, strive to benefit the common wealth in advancing our bwn prospects? We, too, are not unwilling even to defend that independence under whose constitution we live: but if the turmoil of party warfare demand a sacrifice, at least take not from us our children, the dearest objects of our care, the prop of our declining age. The very neutrality that is required of us prevents alkidea of a predilection in political color, and we who are debarred from state ambition and the honors of public greatness should be exempted from the penalties incident to native Creoles. It is preposterous that our sons should be torn from us to abet a party which we are not permitted to recognise, and that our blood should flow to uphold a combination whose offices are closed against us.

petty rivalry within.

If this State would increase the number of its citizens, let it give to the sons of foreigners option not compulsion in its franchise and secure domestic peace instead of never-ending quarrels; thus will the law of citizenship friends by no means to send for the amends for my trouble.

lose its hateful aspect, and many will aspire to the fellowship of a pacific community, who fly in horror from being the tools of noisy ambition, or the victims of a bloody hecatomb.

Peace or War.

While everything around us betokens sanguinary struggle, the general conviction is, that neither of the opponents is inclined to fight, and that a peace is certain; although the preliminaries have not been adjusted. The wish is often father to the thought, and we must interpret the pacific presentiments of our friends to their war and its consequences. But we confess ourselves rather incredulous about this entente cordiale, which strangely enough is accompanied with all the circumstances of a rupture, and little can be expected from the charitable interference of fore gu ministers when both parties are marshalling their legions to the fight. Derqui has declared that he does not refuse an accommodation, but the terms on which he insists are such as might be dictated after a signal defeat of his opponents-In a word he requires Buenos Aires to abandon the vantage ground that she has taken up arms to defend, and moreover indemnify the National Exchequer for the outlay incidental to the equipment of her enemies. Urquiza gives no greater hopes of peace, for he is resolved to make his last visit to this province, and boasts that he possesses a larger army than sufficed to conquer at Cepeda. Pride, with him, overcomes interest, and he will risk all, in order to complete the subjection of the rebellious city that turns to ridicule his former campaigns, and defies alike his vengeance and authority. Delenda est Carthago. The twin rulers of the Re-public deem it necessary to inflict a terrible lesson on their wayward pupil, and no doubt if they have the chance, they will not spare the rod in this exemplary castigation. Mitre is generally credited for friendly intentions, but the other two profess no faith in his promises, and as Porteños know what they may expect in the event of submission, there are many blustering patriots around him to prevent our ex-Governor from shewing a disposition to knuckle down, or abandon an iota of their pretensions.

Certain v if the war-preparations were intended as a joke, it would have been more advisable for both of the chief actors if the sham-fight had not so closely approached the reality, and although "it is better late than never," it were desirable our fears had been sooner undeceived, by a happy denoucment. Yet this is a speculation in which we have no confidence; the sequel will prove that it was not in play Urquiza crossed the Parana, and the trenches of Buenos Ayres shall have to oppose the friendly visits of Saa and his lancers, before the idea of peace has been fully exploded.

The Argentine War.

The past week offers a blank to any future Thucydides who may undertake the history of the present campaign. Nothing has been done on either side, and the combatants so far from believing that "the first blow is half the battle" seem like two pugnacious urchins who dare each other to fight, yet keep at a civil distance to avoid the blows There are for both parties animated backers, who hid them \go in and win", but as it is certain one must ceme off second-best, there is a display of prudence in looking at each other. Some moreover compare the rejection of mediators, almost before such were thought of, to the device of the timorous duellist who begged his and establish free quarters to make

police and stop the combat. It was reported that Mitre intended to surprise Concepcion, and Urquiza was stated to be master of San Nicolas, but these daring projects had existence only in the heated brain of some enthusiastic dreamer or emoryo Field Marshal. Our squadron has moved from Martin Garcia to San Nicolas; and Urquiza is waiting for Derqui at Rosa-rio. This is the summary of active operations, but, as usual, red-tape has entered largely into the quarrel. First, we have a circular from this government explaining to such foreign cousuls as did not understand it, the cause and circumstances of the present war. Of course it is as clear as mud that one party is all' in the right, the other all in the wrong. If this document is intended to justify the attitude of Buenos Ayres, it is an implicit confession of previous condemnation: if it has for object to throw light on the subject, the philosophic diplomatists of our consular body cannot fail to detect a vicious circle (circulus vitiosus) in the logical deductions drawn from a disputed point which is taken for granted, namely, that our Deputies were elected in proper form.

2ndly. We hear of the conferences of foreign ministers with the high contracting parties of the late family compact, which, by the way left as large a loop-hole for special-pleaders, as those gaps of English legislation through which O'Connell was accustomed to drive his coach and four. Nature, no doubt, abhors a vacuum and if the treaty of the 11th of November was hollow, they should have crammed more stuff into it; for it is known even hay will resist a fire of musketry. But we have to confidence in parchment rolls or big seals, and fancy there are many who talk of international rights, because they understand Hoyle's Games, and who can scarce distinguish between Story and a treatise on Theodolytes.

3rdly. We have the rumor of a mission to Paraguay, Montevideo and Brazil, which, supposing its truth, can have as much effect as the friendly offices of His Majesty the King of the Cannibal Islands. If the fighters are inclined to shake hands, they can do so without the permission of Don Pedro II. or President Lopez; and if disposed to enter the ring we imagine ome ugly bruises shall have been exchanged before the peace-makers have returned from their visit to the tropics.

General Mitre left town on Wednesday by special train and slept same night in Viila Lujan, so that he will probably be now in his encampment near Roias. A decree of Sunday despatched four battalions of National Guards to the same destination. Other forces are said to be concentrated at Moron, Moreno and the Villa Mercedes, probably of the reserve army. Our local press computes the Argentine forces at 11 or 12,000 men.

Derqui's letter to Vice-president Pedernera, dated Cordova, June 27th enumerates the only possible conditions of peace.

1st. The National Government must have absolute control of all customs even to the imposition of differential duties, if such be pleasing.

2ndly. Buenos Ayres must yield all foreign relations, to Paraná.

3rdly. Martin Garcia must no longer remain an armed possession of that province and the navy of Buenos Aves must disappear, as also her standing army except such as is requisite to defen I the frontier.

4thly. All expenses incident to this campaign must be indemnified by Buenos Avres.

P. S. If these terms be not accepted, I will at once march into that province

Burepean Wews.

By the English mail we have dates from Europe up to June 15th. The most important event in England was the illness of Her Majesty which is rumored to approach the mental aberration of her Royal grand-father George III. Intelligence had been received of a serious ou break in Newfoundlands and troops were despatched to suppress the malcontents. Lord Palmerston had withdrawn the subsidy granted to the Galway Line of Atlantic steamers, and the Irish members had therefore united with the Derby party, but the government, on the question of Paper Duty defeated both by a majority fifteen. The king of Belgiumwas London, and the Princess Frederick William was expected soon to visit her parents. The Prince of Wales is going to visit Ireland of which country report says he will become perpetual viceroy The petition for Repeal of the Union bearing 600,000 signatures is to be presented by the O'Donoghue, not to Parliament, but to her Majesty. The working of the Irish Poor-laws is undergoing investigation before a select committee of the Commons, and among other witnesses examined Doctor Cul len, Archbishop of Dublin, gave a most lucid and eloquent description of the abuses that prevail in this department. Respecting foreign relations the Premier had declared that six different causes of war existed in Europe, but Lord J. Russell announced notwithstanding, that England maintained friendly terms with all the Continental powers, her peace being therefore se-

In France the press was promised more liberty, the right of suppression by the Emperor being restricted. The commercial treaty, and compacts of copyright and navigation were ratifled by both France and Belgium. Mr. Fould had gone to Turin on special embassy at the news of Cavour's death, which incident as many augur will throw Italy at the mercy of Napoleon. The war-vessels sent to transport the French troops from Syrla had arrived at Beyrout in Palestine. Prince Na-poleon having regigned his rank of Grand Master of the Masonic body, embarked with his consort, at Marseilles, intending to visit he South and East in his travels. The forts of Mytho hall been taken by the French army in Cochin-china, where the Napoleon policy is creeting a formidable barrier to Anglo-Indian annexations-The Emperor is evidently alarmed at the opposition of the clergy, and wishes, it is said, to conciliate the Holy Father. Five bishopries are vacant in France, yet the Pope will not receive the government nominees, and Napoleon will admit no others. He has even offered to withdraw his soldiers from Rome if the actual territory of the Church be guaranteed, and this will, probably be the upshot of the tedious question Italian Unity and the Pope-The death of Cavour has been a little gain to Pius IX., but an immense loss to the popular cause. It is cumoured that he died like Henry 1st of England that he died like Henry 1st of England from cating too much, a singular vice in a man of such superior talent. Although excommunicated, he received the sacraments of the Church wich goes to prove that the hierarchy of Piedmont pays more fealty to the king than to the Pope. Protestantism i making some advances in Italy, and this cannot be wondered at when Garibaldi the popular idol has long since thrown aside even the name of Catholie. Naples is still 'egitated and in Sicily murders are rife. It is said that the hero of Calatafima is going to the United States: he is a stormy petrel who cannot enjoy peace even in the scene of his exploits.

Austria still menaces Sardinia, the concentration of military stores in Venotia continues, and Padua will shortly be rendered impregnable. The taxes in Hungary have been levied by armed

force, and strong sympathics are entertained by that country towards Poland In Warsaw fresh victims have fallen beneath the Kossack cavalry, and as the Czar will grant no concessions the people has grown desperate. Meantime the Viceroy Prince Gortchakoff had died amid the executions of Poland and of humanity; and the Emperor Alexander II set out to quell the Polish revolution in person. This is a dangerous expedient; "perchance some arm, more lucky than the rest, shall reach his heart, and free the land from bondage." The national hymns are entoned both in the Catholic churches and in the Jewish synagogues, so that religious ardor and patriotic excitement are at their highest pitch throughout the country.

The Russian peasants on being emancipated refused in many parts to work any longer and up to 200 have been massacred in one place to inculcate respect for the Imperial Laws. A rupture between the Courts of Rome and St. Petersburg is generally believed in,

The Danish army has been reduced, and the Sleswig Holstein question has lost interest. The German Diet would seem to have feelily encouraged the ambitious design of Prussia.

In Montenegro or the Herzogovine the Turks have been cot up by the mountaineers and Fund Pacha has made himself responsible for Syrian tranquillity. The Governor of Mount Lebanon is to be a Christian, elected every three years. In Greece an outbreak was apprehended. The Mussulman pover of Morocco would seem following the down-hill pa h of the Ottoman Porte. Civil war was raging between the Emperor, Muley Abbas and Muley Solimar, the two latter pretending to the Imperial purple. Tetuan is held by the Spaniards and some difficulty is expected in the payment of the remaining tribute.

Marshal O'Donnell holds pover in spite of all opposition, but denies that Spain has interfered in favor of the Pope. Her Catholic Majesty Pabella II gave birth to a daughter on June 4th The Duke of Montpensionis gone to England. Napoleon III has taken Spain into favor and will guarantee to her all her American possessions.

The war of the United States has created a profound sensation, and the eyes of Europe are turned on the con test. A meeting of Americans took place in Paris. The English fleet in Yankee waters has been raised to 40

vessels. THE DEATH OF COUNT CAVOUR .-Turin, Thursday Evening, June 6 .-The whole city has been thrown into deep mourning by the death of Count Cavour. Th: Bourse and all the shops are closed. The municipality has issued a proclamation urging upon the people the necessity for firmness and constancy. The Official Gazette announces that the King visited Count Cavour yesterday evening. It also announces Count Cavour's death, and says that his last moments were perfeetly tranquil, and that in dying he expressed his profound faith in the destinies of Italy.

Paris, June 6 .- The Patrie of this evening says :—"According to advices received from Turin the King has summoned Baron Riceasoli and Signor Ra-tazzi to his presence," The Paris evening journals contain articles expressing regret at the death of Count Cayour. The Temps of this evening says :- "The state of the Sultan's health inspires great uneasiness."

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA AND THE Pope.-Cracow, Sune 5. The Cas of to-day says :- The Pope has sent an [autograph letter to the Emperor of Russia rejecting his request to issue a Papal bull against the manifestations of the Poles, and threatening the Emperor with the judgment of God on account of his persecution of the Christian Church: and the slaughter of unarmed people." The Czas supposes that, in consequence of this let er, the Empe ror of Russia will recall Count Kisse leff from Rome.

United States.

News from California sto the Sth ult. represents the enthusiasm for the Union as strong in that State, which some persons thought would seize the opportunity to declare its independence The shipments of treasure from San Francisco are smaller than usual, forwarders being in dread of Southern pri-

Two grand camps are about to be formed, where volunteers will be received and drilled. One camp will be on Staten Island, New York, and the other at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

The regiment of British volunteers has been raised, accepted, and inspected in New York. Many of the men and officers wear Crimean medals. It is commanded by Colonel Austin, late of H. B. M.'s 56th. Lieutenant-Colonel Torre, late of the 17th; mayor El, liot, late of the 15th; Adjutant Hazle, late of the 2nd Rifle Brigade, are the principal officers. Companies, of the same nationality, from Troy and Ca-nada have been mustered into its ranks; and there is also a "Bannockburn Battalion," composed of Scots, and under the command of James C. Robertson, late of her Majesty's Forces in India-On the banner of the legion are the words .- "We come to redeem our forefathers," to which the President referred in his interview with Colonel Austin as follows :- "This legion has a po litical significance which we cannot overlook. It and its motto will be received with cordiality by this nation, Go ahead, Colonel, and recruit!"

It is even said that a regiment of Canadian volunteers has been accepted with much pleasure by Mr. Lincoln! What has become of our neutrality

The civil war in America.

OPERATIONS ON LAND.

On the night of the 23d ult., a con siderable portion of the Federal Army concentrated in Washington, and conconcentrated in Washington, and con-sisting in its entirety of 25,000 volun-teers and 5000 regulars, made their first step in advance, and crossed the Potomac into Virginia. 13,000 troops, consisting of six Now York regiments, the New Jersey and Michigan Brigades, and some of the Washington volun-teers, now occupy Alexandria, Arling-ton Heights, and the junction of the Orange and Alexandria and Manassas Gap Italiways. They are commanded by Major-General Mansfeld. Colonel Ellisvotth, the creator of the Immuns by Major-General Mansheld, Coloner Ells orth, the creator of the famous regiment of Chicago Zonaves, and lately of the New York Zonaves, formed from the firemen's brigade of that city was shot dead by the keeper of an ho-tel in Alexandria, while descending the stairs of the hotel with a Secession flag in his hand which he had taken a flagstati 62 the roof. The assassin was immediately 10. the body by one of Colonel Ellsworth's men. This makes the second Colonel men. This makes the second Colonel whom the Federal Army has lost in the course of the week, Colonel Vosburgh, of the New York 71st Regiment, having died of inflammation of the lungs, ving died of inflammation of the lun caused by exposure to the weather.

caused by exposure to the weather.

The 1st Michigan Regiment surprised at the railroad station a troop of Virginian cavalry, handsomely uniformed, plumed, and accounted. They were placed on board acteaner and sent to Washington, "there to be dealt with as traitors." with as traitors.

The few Confederate troops in the neighbourhood of Alexandria fled.

General Butler, of Massachusetts, who lately commanded at Annapolis and Baltimore, has been ordered to Fort Monroe, which commands the en-

I trance to Chesayeake Bay. Niñe 16, giments, of 1200 men each, accompanied him thither. General Butter left the fort out the 24th ult, for Sexell's Point, with 4000 men on propellers, for the purpose of demolisting the fort title and the properties of the carrying out of the mouth of Elizabeth River. Commoder Testing of the properties of the carrying out of the mouth of Elizabeth River. Commoder Testing of the carrying out of the mouth of Elizabeth River. Commoder Testing of the carrying out of the mouth of Elizabeth River. Commoder Testing of the carrying of the Galway subsidy, conception, and the carrying of the Commoder of the Galway subsidy, conception, and the commoder of the Galway subsidy, considered the commoder of the Galway subsidy, conception, and the commoder of the Galway subsidy, conception, and the commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. Commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The Commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The Commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The Commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The Commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The Commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The Commoder of the Galway subsidy, considers the mouth of Elizabeth River. The

The Confederate troops are in considerable force at Harper's Ferry. Most accounts place the number at from 9000 to 10,000, with thirtylive pieces of cannon. A battle was anticipated near to re, nnon. A re this point.

Naval operations. The Federal Fleet in the Chesaneake has not the Mard operation. The Pederal Fleet in the Chesapeake has not been side, Commodore Stringham, of the frigate Minnesota, stained of Hampton Rods, reports the capture of thirteen vessels, chiefly laden with tobaccasmong others of the British barque Hia athankich had delayed till the fixeren days' grace had expired. The steamer Frechorn on the 19th ult. destroyed a Secessionist battery on Sewell's Point, at the mouth of Elizabeth River. Again no lives were lost, the Confederates scrittering in all directions. The same no lives were lost, the Comediance scattering in all directions. The same steamer on the Potomac, about ten mi-les below Fort Washington, captured two schooners with forty recruits for the Confederate Army at Alexandria

Mysteriously enough, the blockade of Charleston has been raised almost as soon as instituted. The blockading vessel, [Niagara, has sped southward, and is supposed to be off Savannah. Vessel, Magano, mas special and is supposed to be off Savannah. Several British ships have arrived in port, and are obtaining cotton freights at the enormous rate of 24d, per pound.

No new Southern scaport has been called up during the week; but a New York paper gives a list of thirty-nine vessels ready for. blockading purposes, of which eighteen are regular men-of-war and twenty one irregular and chartered vessels. The only scaports ac-dually blockaded at last advices were those on the Chesapeak. The river blockade on the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers has become more stringent. Hitherto provisions had been allowed Hitherto provisions had been allowed to pass between the North-western Sta-tes and Kentucky, a non seceding and neutral Slave State. As it was disco-As it was disco neutral Slave State. As it was discovered that the secoling States were supplying themselves with provisions through the Kenthecky ports of Paducah and Columbus, the order has been issued to allow only so much provisions to pass into Kentucky as may reasonably be required for the bona fide consumption of her people

The President has appointed a day of public prayer, humiliation, and fasting, in order to propitiate the goodwill of Heaven in the conflict of the United States.

The Virginians are liberal enough to acknowledge that the finest regiment of Confederate troops they have yet seen is one of 300 Indians from Cherokec County, North Carolina. Not one of them is under six feet, and the rifle has been their constant compa-nion from infancy. They are statio-ned near Harper's Ferry.

The Richmond Examiner estimates The Richmond Examiner estimates that the Confederates have 150,000 improved firearms in their possession, of which 135,000 cause from the Federal arsenals. In addition, there had been arsenais. In admining there had been large arrivals of arms at New Orleans. These were shipped from Europe carly in April, and consist of over 200,000 muskets and rifles and ample supplies of powder, percusson-caps, and machines for making the latter.

There is no truth in the rumour that ne remains of the great Washington the remains of the great had been disturbed. Th The announce man been disturbed. The aninonneement that the Southern Congress would remove to Richmond is made without authority, and is improbable, because Richmond is near the frontier, while Montgouery is as safe fron invasion as any place in the South can be.

President/Lincoln ras at length cut off all the postal facilities to the se ceded States, so we shall hencefortl be more isolated from the South that we have been for the last six weeks, Tennessee is excepted from this decree her people not, having yet ratified the on ordinance.

THE REMAINS OF TERENCE B. M'MA NUS. A meeting of "the Brotherhood of Saint Patrick" was held on Monday evening at their rooms, 2, Marlborough-street, to adopt measures for giving a public funeral to the remains of Te-rence Bellew M'Manus when they ar-rive in Ireland from America. The

pted.

—The Times, in a leader, on the abrogation of the Galway subsidy, considers the amount coment made by Lord Palmerston, that the government is ready to give the attention to any well-considered scheme of Irish transathantic communication, should content every seasible man in Iroland or described to the paid for in inefficient procket service. Lord Lord Lord Seasible Control of the paid for an inefficient procket service.

torau medicient pucket service.

Lord John Russell's letter to the
Lords of the Admiralty is published.

It is dated June Istand amounces that
the government, with a view of carrying out the stretces neutrality in the
American civil war, propose to interdiet the ametalying, also the private
of oligin paries, from carrying privace
of oligin paries, from carrying privace
of the control of the private
of the private of the private of the private
of the private of the private of the private
of the private of the private of the private of the private
of the private of th

THE IRISH IN AMERICA.—It a grated to America are in a worse con-dition than that which they had ex-perienced at home. On Saturday se'n-night a large number of them arrived in Emis per Bianceoi's coach, from Galway where they had landed from the Adriatic, and they each declare that "There is no place like home" It is to be hoped that the tide of emigration to America will now cease for some ti-me, and that people will learn to live at home, and by industry, and perseverance make out an hovest livelihood-Clare Journal.

LOCAL EVENTS.

Cabildo clock.—Those bet that peace would be made befor the clock should be put up, are likel should be put up, are lik o lose their wager. The sign of the 'three dials' is already hung out: like "three dials" is already hung out: like a fast man, the new time-piece will go on "tiek" and occasionally require to be wound up—Otherwise it will be an example of moral industry, as it is guaranteed "never to lose a moment."

Vigilantes' Drill .- It is said that pretty polka has been composed to is name. The figure is novel; goose this name. The figure is novel; goose-step up the middle, doss-dos to your partner, somersault over fixed bayon-ets, front file sets with arms akinbo, salute and retire. We famey it is like what the natives call a fandanga, and may be more properly entitled "the awkward squad."

Diplomacy,-We would sugge Biplomacy.—we would suggest that, as there seems a want of straight-forwardness in our political dealings, the Constitution should be read backwards, by which means, as in a complicated account, the difference may be reciffed.

Portifications.—Our military engineers have no doubt many salichit points: they may construct a number of bastions, luneties, gables, case-mates and batteries, but we believe their fortifications will be without a parallel.

War conression.-Buenos Avres War courtessies:—Buenos Ayres is going to read Urquiza to a bull, with the salute "compliments of the season" to which he will reposed with "many returns of the same." Admiral Fourmarin has intimated to his fellow-commanders that the signal of engagement will be a warring as interest." I have been a support to the signal of engagement will be a warring as interest." I have been a support of the same and the same as the sam will be "prestame su fuegnito me your fire.)

We are happy to Presbytory.—We are had learn that the Irish parishioners Lujan have held a meeting to purchase a residence for their esteemed pastor, Rev. Mr. Carolan. Messrs. Lawless, Brown and Hip sell spoke effectively to the point, and the project was warmly suppor ed.

Zwopackots .- The "Saintonge, so long missing, entered our roads on Sunday and the English mail arrived on the following morning. Thus the post-ollice clerks have had the pleasure of "killing two birds with one stone."

Genferences. - The English, each and Peruvian ministers have They are about to take a ride to Mitro's head-quarters, and explain to him the difference between a protocol and an ultimatum.

A mistaite.-The lamp-lighter A mistage—The lampages whom the ratepayers accessed robbing the public, by leaving them in darkness, wrote to the Municipality comparing himself to Christ between the two thieves; i.e. the public and the Municipality. He has received a severe reprimand, not so much for his dishonator as his boundance, and was addressed. esty as his impudence, and was addressed as "the impenitent thief."

Carrespondence.

m Antonio de Areco, July 1st 1861. To the Editor of the Weekly Staa-

Dear Sir.

Gracias Dius the rain has at last come but although this last week we have bad boiling but moist, damp foggy weather attended with light shower, the lagoness are all dry still and our cry is still for rain.

The camps however are greatly in-proving, and begin to lese that dark greyts how which they had previously.

The Commandantes are taking up all the men, and high, slow, rich or poor are all turning out or putting perspectors.

The native estancieros who hold The native estancieros who hold good mestiza sheep, are looking out, for good sober steady Trishmen to give their property in charge since a general feeling of uneasiness pervades amongst them as to the sepuel of this war, and they think and it is to be hoped not erroneously that in giving their sheep to a British subject on sheep their property will be a subject to a sheep their property will be a subject to a sheep their property will be subject to a sheep that the subject to a sheep their property will be subject to a sheep t res, their property will enjoy the pro-tection of the British flag.

Sheep at all events are changing hands, and although I cannot report any recent sales still I can point to sonew propietors.

It is a conceded fact that nothing can be more detrimental to the prospe-rity of this country than these constant

But in a measure we here to the north But in a measure we near to the norm feel it much more than our fellow countrymen to the South, for, we are placed as it were in the high road and the hanentable experience of 1859 leads to the conviction of the losses we may and must suffer in the event of the coming invasion.

ing invasion.

Take from a sheep farmer his horses and you deprive him of his actual working capital for athlo? it cannot be denied that sheep can be as well, if not better minded on fout still the exigencies of the country that we live in are such, that what tools are to a mechanic because any fat his farmer. horses are to the farmer.

These constant wars will inevitably lead to the depreciation in the value of land here to the north for no matter how good the land may be, no prudent man will invest his capital in camps, which with invest his capital 13 camps, which every second year are to be overrun with soldiers, I would just as soon buy a league of camp in the Danubian Prin-cipalities, as purchase land lying be-tween the Fortin & Arrecifes.

The advantages of sheep farming in tead of increasing are yearly diminish-ing in this country, the high rents pri-ces of provisions, high wages, leave in the end but small profits after even the the end but smail profils after even the most prosperous season, but to these heavy items add on the constant droughts and total overstocking of the camps and the sheep business to a man that has any thing to invest offers anything but a favorable prospect.

The staple article of commerce in this country is wool and the actual govern-ment of the country instead of foster-ing and protecting the interests of those engaged in its growth adds to the heavy expenses of the farmer by a 2½ per ct. expenses of the sheep business is to thrive it is not by such help "Non tali auxilio, nec defensoribus istis."

Export duties are always except in strictly manufacturing country detri-mental in the last degree to the intemental in the has degree to the inte-set and prosperity of those engaged in the production of the article, faxed: the only exports of this country are hitles wood a grease, for the jerked beef busi-ness has declined almost to zero. What therefore do we gather from these faces? simply that the complete x or he ex-pense of the present war is to be disbur-sed by those engaged in farming or agricultural parasits. May I take the liberty to suggest that the famers about here who understand the severity of this tax join dith me in the hope that the pextitute the Government feel or one tax join with me in the hope that the next time the Government feel compelled to look for new resources they will establish a city window a coach a four tax coach. coach & four tax; such a tax would be less suicidical to the best interests of the country.

Yrs. Sa.

Еотим.

WISCHLAMBOUS.

NEW SUBMARINE CABLE .- It is pro posed to lay down a cable between England and Norway, with a continuation to Russia by way of Gothland. The town of Eckerslund is stated to be the town of Eckersland is stated to be the point where the cable will be landed on the Norwegian coast. It is expec-ted that the works will be commenced early in spring.—Mechanics' Magazine.

The prince Imperial's Sensitive.

—It is not generally known that the Prince Imperial has been-promoted to the rank of copporal of the Sth squad of the 1st battalion of the 1st Beginnent of Grenadiers; he is inscribed in the regimental list as Eugene; Lonis Jean Joseph Napoleon. The little prince, it seems, is allowed to perform his regimental list. regimental list as Eugene, Louis Jean Joseph Napoleon. The little prince, it seems, is allowed to perform his regimental duties by deputy. This deputy, one Corporal Mugaritz, deserted a few days ago, with some of the regimental money in his possession, and assince been apprehended and sentenced to fire years' imprisonment with hard labour.

hard labour.
—Colonel Colt, who has been long resident in London, where he has a manufactory for serving the whole of Earope with six-barrel revolvers, has made an offer to a Southern State to supply gratuitously six shor tifles sufficient to arm an entire regiment of volunteers.

arm an entire regiment of volutiers, arm an entire regiment of volutiers a letter from M. Best, Protestant clergy man at Turin, contradicting the complaint of a correspondent, of insufficient provision for the burial of Pro estants in the city, M. Best says: — "Since 1816, we have had a perfectly convenient cemetery at Turin, on the construction of which the municipality has expended 36,000. It is entered by the same road that leads to the Catholic cemetery, and is in every respect, on pucitery, and is in every respect on precisely the same footing as the latter."

-The rate of exchange at New York, as quoted by the advices, shows a re-bound of nearly 3 per cent-from the low point recently touched.

THE ENNIS O'CONNELL MONUMENT —On yesterday the work, which had been for a time unavoidably suspended was resumed with increased activity. neen for a time unavoidably suspended was resumed with increased activity. It is expected that it will be completed in July, on which occasion the O'Do-noglue will, in all probability attend, in order to preside over the inauguration ceremony, which will be conducted with all the enthusiam and solemnity befitting such an event.—Limérick Reporter.

-The Independance says the cabinet of Turin has rejected the conditions on which France consented to evacuate the city of Rome, and that things will the refore remain for some time in state quo; but the recognition of the new kingdom of Italy by France will not be delayed in consequence, and will take place before the end of June.

place before the end of June.

The Alteritor's Paris correspondent, says that the oblicial despatches to the French Poreign Office represent Russian as in great danger of being swept by a revolutionary storm. The Prechaders are gaining adherents: Hundreds of funation and unalcontent's flook to their standad. The Paris correspondence of the Times partly confirm these statements.

BANQUET TO THE O'DONORTURA—
The branquet given to the O'Donoghue,
M. P., on Monlay last, at the London'
Coffee House, Loulgate-bill; by the Irish Nationalists of London, was the
most striking and imposing demonstration of Irish national opinion which
has been made in England for many
years. The Irige room was recorded,
to its utmost copacity; admission had
to be refused to several, and the proceedings were characterised by the umost entitusism. The room, which
was landsomely decorated, was graced
by the presence of a number of fadies. was handsomely decorated, was graiced by the presence of a number of badies. On a green drapery above the chair was the Irish greeting, "Gaed mille failtha" in the old Irish character, The admirable hand of the Spicer-street Tectoral Soglety, with the kind consen-of their Revernal President, Faiher, Eenyer, attended, in their tastelul milform, and enlivened the scene by the performance of several pieces of music during the evening.—Universal News,

The Spanish Navy.—We have lately on several occasions referred to the preparations which Span is about to make with a view of reasselating her any; and, by very recent dates from Madrid, we are enabled to state that the ministers of her Most Catholic Majesty have or the present resolved to build five vessels of S00 horse power; two of six hundred, one of 1000, one of 400, one of 1,000 (rine plated), one of 400, and three iron-plated shot-proof gun-boats of 350). Of these two are to be built in the Of these two are to be built in the Thames, both wooden ships. One is to be built in France, and the others are to be constructed in Spain. These are the arrangements which have been made for the present; but it is not improbable that English ship-builders may be called upon to make further tenders.—Army and Nary Gazette.

(max	SECTION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE
11: de Setien	bre Market
Dry cow hides, narrow	perada 130 to 14
Hides of all stakes	110 to 12
Dalf skins -	_ 50 to 9
Hides of colts	each 29 to 3
Sheep skins unwashed	dozen 40 to 5
Do mixed	60 to 8
Mestiza, fine	. 80 to 12
Nutria	lb 4 to 4
Horse hairNorth	'arrob. 95 to 10
Do. south	105 to 11
Tallow pure	50 to 5
Creole wool washed	75 to P
Do. unwashed	40 to 4
Do. mixed	50 to . 7
Fine mestiza wool	80 to 10
Lambs do-	40 to 7
Ostrich feathers loose.	lb. 24 to 2
Do. woven	25 to 3
Ox hozne	thousand 700 to 80
inferior do.	300 to 40
Wheat superior	fanega 270 to 29
Do, middling	240 to 26
Do inferior	200 to 22

Doubloons.

Wednesday	July	10th	\$ 3971	
Thursday	"	11th	3911	3971
Friday	**	12th	3891	393
Saturday	"	13th	386	390
Monday	**	15th	3861	
Tuesday	**	. 16th	3921	391
Gas shares		- 1	771 p.S	

Interest.

7 to 10 pg dees

darket	rate	of	interest	al	3	[4
			to	1	9	-

Bolsa do.

			to	18	per	m
Bank	receives	mic.	at	63	per	an.
46	** BJ	ecie	at :	118		"
	advance	mjc.	at	88		"
. "	" 8]	ecie	at 1	28		"
			1			

Money market-specie-1; to 12 per monthly. mic. 1 11

Current Price of Cattle

Good horned cattle for

saladeros	\$ 220 to 225
Do matadero, picked !	bul
locks	250 —
Do Cows picked	220 - 250
Three year old mules	250
Asses	1520
Fat marce	85 - 99
Ordinary mest	iza.—

Fine do 40 to 45 To Subscribers.

We regret to state that is impossible for us to enlarge the Weekly Standard at present. The first quarter is about to expire, and yet our country friends have not supported us as they ought. No less than ninety have not paid a dollar to lessen our expenses and, as we cannot give longer credit, their names shall be blotted out if we do not receive half a year's subscription from each, before next month.

Agents are requested to send in any sums on hand. EDITOR.

Agencies.

Buenos Ayres. Messrs. Mackerns. Victoria Hotel, calle

Rosario.	Robert Taylor Esq.
Villa Mercedes	D. Silvestre Torrobas
Lobos	Mr. Patk. O'Neill
Cañuelas	Mr. Griffin.
San Antonio	D. Leopoldo Tabaoda
Giles	D. J. Pichete.
Barracas	Mr. George Noble.
Once Catiombus	15- 16 D

Mr. Michael King. Villa Luian Capilla del Señor Doctor Priestley. Pilar Sr. Bollaschini. Paraná Mr. Myers. Messrs, Mackern Bro

Montevideo Asuncion Mr. Nesbett.

VOUR LIKENESS

In photograph or ambrotype, taken ith the most perfect fidelity by Charles Roever, Studio calle San Martin op posite the Roma Hotel. Frames and cases at cheap rates, and in every varie-



For Sale

In the partide of San Antonio de Arece 2500 (more or less) mestiza sheep of the best class at a low price, also will be rented to the purchaser the camp on which they are at present situated with two puestos and new fine corrales, the who-le camp will be rented, if required which is capable of holding two more large flocks—For further particulars apply at

Notice.

All persons having claims against Mr Alexander Fieming calle Defensa 91, are requested to present then accountst ir and persons indebted to same, are begged to settle such amounts with the James Hastings. 102, calle l'iedad. undersigned.

CLASS.

TO BE LET.

Two nicely furnished apartments: with attendance, in an English family: the situation is very convenient, being only two squares from the Bolsa. No 100 calle Maypu, in the altos.

GENUINE SILVER.

Mr. George Jeanes of 283 callo Buen brig Orden begs to acquaint his friends that he has on hand a great assortment of silver harness, domestic plate, jewellery &a. and solicits an inspection of the above articles which are offered at moderate prices.

NOTICE.

The undersigned have formed a copartner ship under the firm of T. B. Coffin & Son for the purpose of continuing the business heretofore conducted unde he individual name of T. B. Coffin. Buenos Ayres July 1 1861.

B. C. COFFIN. - T. B. COFFIN.

MENSAJERIAS ARJENTINAS

Fer Villa de Lujan, San Andrés de Giles, Fortin de Areco, Salto, Roias. Pergamino.

Leaves on the 5th, 10th, 20th, 25th, and 30th of each month; returning on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th and 30th

Office calle Rivadavia No. 189 and 587, plaza de Lorea, tienda de D. Benoti Santiago

Nicasio M. Ramires.

Marcos Sanguineti LA INVARIABLE PORTENA.

For Caffuelas, Monte las Flores. Office Calle Rivadavia, 443.—Leaves own on the 2nd, 12th and 22nd. to Buenos Aires 6th 16th and 26th.

> Conductor MANUEL LUPO.

> > lugger

KNIGHT & PARODY

SUCCESSORS TO G, TEMPERLEY

Calle Cangallo No. 80 DEPOSIT OF READY MADE CLOTHING.

Winter Stock.

Macfarlanes, buckinghams, raglans cavour, Garibaldi and a choice assortment of all winter clothing constantly on hand. They are composed of the very best materials and latest cut. Complete suits of mackintoshes, linen shirts, linen fronts do, colored shirts linen drawers and evete, silk drawere, flannel vests, and woollen drawers and vests, silk drawers and vests, warm comforters, dressing gowns of all descriptions: woollen, linen and cotton sock? winter gloves, umbrellas, walking sticks &c., &c.

The above will give an idea of the immense variety of all kind of clothing which we have on hands for gentlemen

and youths necessary for the present | leaving Bucnos Ayres on Tuesd ys s

Also all kind of clothing made to order.

To the lovers of good wines.

A French gantleman whose family resides in Burgundy, has recently re-ceived per "Akiab" from Havre, a consignment of the richest wines of Burgundy, well known under the name of Costa de Ollvottes, Pomard, Chambertin &c.

The above wines only require a trial to prove they are the best and puress ever introduced into South America.-Prices moderate. Apply at calle May

Iniciadores diligences.

This new and commodious line ma kes three journeys weekly to Lobos ;

- Agency 581 Plaza Lorea, (in the calle Rivadavia).

MORON
MESSES. NUTTALL AND SMITH.

Have opened an establishment of grocery and inn, where persons from the country districts may procure stores at reasonable prices and find every accommodation when travelling.

The Teeth.

Dr. Cornwall American Dentist calle Rivadavia No. 275, advises his friends and the public that besides the usual operations of extracting, filling and inserting teeth no pivot and gold plate, he has introduced l, to his practice the new system lately brought by him from the United States of mounting teeth on vulcanized rubber which in many cases possesses great advantages over overy

other method, in point of disanliness, esso and comfort by which they may be worn and mastification performed and the perfection by which the features may be restored; not causing the least irritation in cases of the most sensible gums.

English Seminary,

English Seminary.
This establishment offers overy advantage to parenta desirous of giving hier children a superior decation. The Rector, Mr. Nicholson, has ned much experience in the systems of instruction pursued in England and the United States, and being assisted by competent masters, devotes himself to the care of boarders and day-scholars.—No. 20 calle Suigache.

EDUCATION,

EDUCATION,
Mr M. G., Mulhall, late Professor of
Languages in the Royal College of Carlow, Ireland, gives, lessons in English,
French, Italian, Spanish, Latin, Greek,
Logic and Metalphysics at private residonces, or in the chambers, No. 137
callo San Martin.

SHIPPING LIST.

			NALAA	20 40	78 4	N WHEN S	4 •	4 1 4 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1
	NAME.	TONS.	CAPTAIN.	ARRIV	-	FROM	CONSIGNEES,	DESTINATION.
	Carolisa	422	Napp	Ar	gent	Cardiff	Freyer Brethers	Winners C
	Caronina	404	Mahh		astr		Treyer Dictions	Antwerp
	Matilde Epulo	465 525	Mi-ka De Au jeine	June June	25 23 leigir	Liverpool Liverpool	H. A. Green & Co. Gas Co.	Antwerp Un'o'ding
	Antwerpia	223	Banning	July		Antwerp'	Feilar -	Antwerp
	Toleranoia	373	Pulsa	Jone	30 Dhai	Bahia	F. Citils	Uulondi g
	Haabet Aemel	923 234	Wilhjelm Denesin	June June	4	Rio Janeiro London	V. Fernandez O'Bemberg & Co.	Aulwerp *
					pani	ish.		
	Julito Sirena	230	Baudrich J. Amar	March May June	18	Habana Tragona Habana Rio Janeiro Montevideo Barcel-na	J. Llavallol & Sons J. Llavallol & Sens	Havana
	Castilla	300 316 144 178	Savira	June	10	Habana		Unloading
	Esperanza Muria Isabel	178	Ribera Garcia	June June	10	Montevideo	F. Ciblis Zumarán & Co. Llavaliel & Sons L'avall 1 & Sons	
	Recurso 20. Pablo Dorotea	254	Aguinor Desis Oliver	April	10 26 19		Liavallel & Sons	Spain Wi hout destination
	Dorotea	208	Oliver	July	6	Montevideo	Zumbran	Spain In I alliant
				F		h.		
	Felicie Luis XIV. Don Quichotts Arequipa Jean Bart	344 293 389 559 214	A. Greset Gont	May June June	20	Cad z Masseilles Havro Havro Barcelona Moree lles Burdeaux Bardeos	F. Siegfred & Co. J. B. Vign-1 Llavailol & Sons B. Heydecker & Co.	Maraelles Maraelles
	Don Quichotte	389	Anquez Prequiou Bideult	June	6 9	Havro	B Havdaskar & Co	Marsoll s Hayre licaro
	Jean Bart	214	Bidault	Jane		Barcelona	L. Sagary	Cetto Marcelles
	Condot	173 285 219	Audibert Berbo	March	15	Bordenox	S. Etchebarne & Co.	Antweip
	Coriolan Gustave et Lonise	219		March Jane Jane June	15 17 18		J. B. Vignal	Antweip Barleaux Unloading Havre
	Boffon	468 552 399	Bomean Vaselin Chanvelon	June June	24 28	Cardiff	L. Negarry Liplans & Crainer S. Etcheharne & Co. J. B. Vignal A. Jolly J. II. Vignal to Order	University,
	Emilie	933	Chantion	E				Chicating
	Maria Anna	134	Jong.	June	14	Autoren	A. B. r'er & Co. R. Gayen & Co. C. A. Buth D. T. Viner & Co.	Autwerp
1	Bato	190	Jong Meyer Wassenaar Vander Linden	June June June	18	Autworp Hamborg Amttesdam Retterdam	C. A. Buth	Autwerp Actwerp Autwerp Autwerp
	D. T. Visser	305 260		June	21	Rotterdam Arosterdam	D T. Viner & Co.	Autwerp
	H. M. Elizabeth	349	Bonjer Benk-aa Von Vick	June June May June June July July	18 18 21 13 10 3 27	Amsterdam London Hamburg Referedam Sanderland	Bert Brothers & Co. H. A. tiegen & Co. Rozenthal Grayen & Co. Arning a Hertz J. Bel	An s ordam Willout destination
	Spes Nostra Willem Edward	130	Von Vick	Jano	97.	lighterdam	Arning & Herts	Authorp Unleading Unloading
	Const. Maria	181 224 200	Jony Nickus	June	29	Antwerp Am-terfam	J. Bel	Unloacing.
	Anne Cathurina	158	Jause	July	6	Ameteriam	Fe ber & Co.	Autwerp Unloading
	Bato Marnix D. T. Visser Reiubard H. M. Elizabeth Spra Nosira Willem Edward Const. Maria Do Vrede Anne Cathrina Margaretha Eisabeth	158 174 130	Jonge Mooi	July	11	Autwerp Hamburg	Arning & Hetz Fe ber & Co. J B. V gual Beie Brothers	Unloading Unloading
				Ma	mbu			至20首次40年
	Elbe Versetzen	118	Gotich Soust	May July	5	Altona . Hamburg	J. Rick & Co. Lu leis	Poreign Ports Unloading
				E	aglis	h.		
	Marcellus	974	White	April May May June June	16 20 20	Classon	C. T. Griting & Co. Hughes B others R. Gayen & Co. B. Barelay & Co. Nicholson Green & Co. T. Duguid & Co. Kerr & Grierson Hessa Brothers	Liverpool
	Gaucho Jano Carghill	254	Greyson Hill	May	20	Cadie Hambarg	R. Gayen & Co.	Liverpool Liverpool Without destination
	Dione	254 259 285	Stephens . Olanno	Jane -	3	Glasgow Liverpool	B. Barelay & Co.	Without destination
	Teacer	293	Sanders		2 3 6 7 8	Liverpool	T. Doguid & Co.	Urnanay
	Neptune Relyedere	287	Sanders Lefeubro Wright	June	8	Liverpool Liverpool Liverpool	Hesse Brothers	New York
	Dione Agilis Teacer Neptune Belvedere Montezuma Megror	293 287 183 326 193	Rouffignas			Liverpool	C. G. Brewnells & Co.	Without destinate Antwerp Uraguay Without destinatio New York New York Without destinatio London
	Interior.		Wait	June June June	14	Liverpool Uruguay London Liverpool Liverpool Hamburg Liverpool	J. P. B yd & Co.	London Without des instic Without destinat o
	Strang Francis Carvill	398	Lever McKevitt	June June	22	Liverpool	Gas Company	Without destinat o
	Strang Francis Carvill Belle of Devon Aveny	418 898 198 343	Hooper.	June	24 24 24 25	Livergool	A. Barber & Co	Wathout d stination
	Edmund Presion		Cro-combs Willis	June June June	25	Liverpool London	D. C. Thompson & Co	We hout distination
	Skimmer of the Sea Onda	254 382	Nation	July	11	Glasgow	T. Deguid a Co. Kert & Grieron Hesse Brothers C. G. Brewnlis & Co. T-Order J. P. B. yd & Co. Gas Company Gas Company Lucters & Co. D. O. Theomeon & Co. Frencischell B. Basclay	Without destinat of London Without d stination We hout destination Liverpool Unloading
				Mec	klen	burg	13.64	Water St.
	A. von Fronckin	307	Von Frenckin	June	21	Bo desnx	Ferber	Without destination
			Beverino		talia		Remardo Dalfino	
	Defensore Hidra	258 189	Maglione	June	7 8 10 10	Genoa Genoa Genoa Marseilles Glargow Santa Catalina	Bernardo Delfino Cap. a Pleissa Bernardo Delfino A. Pia gio Brothers P. Nongier B. Barciny & Co. T. I intranera G. Rentarelli a Co. Schoffico.	Genoa Witnout destinatio Without destinatio
	Deltino	188 216	Maglione Recagno Lavarello	June	10	Genoa	A. Pia gic Brothers	Genos Gentalio
	Asuncione Orazio	£54		June March	19 15	Glasgow	P. Nougier B. Barclay & Co.	Marceilles England
	Giuseppe	216 196 240	Cacase Vasallo Galleano	Jone	15 13 17	Santa Catalina Genos	T. lietranera	Without destinatio
	Goffredo Mamelli Maria Eujenia	240	Duman Parodi	June June June June June March June June June June	28 6	Genoa Genoa	Schaffino Bartarelli	Marceilles England Without destinatio Without destinatio Unloading Unloading
	Maria Eujenia	323	Parodi	Nor	wegi		Dataseni .	Oniording
	Orswar Odd Augusta	208	Eue	April July	9 12	Rotterdam Tarragona	A. Berber & Co. Arming & Futz	Without destinatio
	Augusta	198	Grom				Arming & Putz	Unloading
		1		N. Al		can.	Dest Dest	
	F. S. Means Archer Alexander Salaria	405	Means Lewis Robins Bursley Woodward Weeks	June June June	6	Cardiff	Best Brothers J. P. Boyd & Cs. J. Bell & Co. S. B. Hale & Co. D. Gowland Francischelli Lauus bros	Without destination Without destination Without destination Without destination
	Alexander	398	Robins Bursley	June	23	Bost n	S. B. Hale & Co.	Without destination
	Convoy .	295	Woodward		22 23 24 27 27	Patagones New York	D. Gowland Francischelli	Varmetb.
	Nancy'	157	Goodstone	June June June	27	Pategones .	Lanus bros	Un'oading Unloading
	Convoy Queen of the South Nancy [†] Coast Pilot Mary A. Jones Fanny	375 405 398 451 295 335 157 298 225 372	Horth Riss Lavender Henrick	June	29	Cadiz Cardiff Hull Bost n Paingonea New York Pategenes New York Boston	Launs bros Zimmerman Co Edwards Gas Co.	Unloading Unloading Unloading
	Penny	372	Henrick		enb		Gas Co.	Unloading
	Pfeil	142	Oordes .	June	7	Hamburg	Bole Brothers	Antwerp
	Badh.	9.67	Becher			An.	Gas Campany	London
	Bertha Region Marie	267 227	Wagner	June S.	*8 wedi	Liverpool Antwerp	Gas Company J. B. Vignal	London Antwerp
	Mina	360	Nordstraw	Jene	26	Hamburg	Bieber & Co.	Unlosding
	Pilla.	300	Attrastan	-6119	40	ourg	2000	
							200	