

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in this currency and specie in the Bank.

MAUA BANK, 101-103 CALLE CANGALLO. INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH. IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, 12 per cent.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPACKET COMPANY. DIRECT AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO EUROPE.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPACKET COMPANY. First-class to Southampton, £25 and upward. Second-class 18 shillings.

P.S.N.C. PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. EXTENSION TO CALLAO. Liverpool to Rio de Janeiro in 21 days.

Real Hollands. HERMAN VAN HOUTEN (ROTTERDAM) Importador Solamente.

MACLEAN & CO, SHIPBROKERS. GENERAL CUSTOM-HOUSE AGENTS.

FOR LIVERPOOL, THE WELL-KNOWN A. I. BRITISH BARBUQUE. LA PLATA.

SADDLERY WARE. Race Saddles, Jockey Saddles, Saddles for Boys.

THE FINEST BREED OF PIGS IN THE COUNTRY. Apply to GEORGE A. GREEN.

The Standard

EDITION FOR EUROPE AND RIVER PLATE NEWS. PER FRENCH MAIL. BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1871.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED). CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.

PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES. BUSINESS HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

WANKLYN & CO., 108-CALLE SAN MARTIN-108. From 1st of July until further Notice.

ARGENTINE BANK. 31, 33, and 35 San Martin. BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

CARABASSA'S BANK, 127-CALLE CANGALLO-127. From this date the rate of Interest will be as follows:

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED). CALLE DE LA PIEDAD. Rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank.

RATES OF INTEREST. ALLOWS. On deposits in both currencies in account current, 3 per cent.

WANKLYN AND CO., Are authorized to issue the CIRCULAR NOTES of the NATIONAL BANK, London.

TONICO PARA EL PELO. Jayne's Hair Tonic. Cleanses the Scalp from Scurf.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1803. £1,600,000 STERLING.

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE CO., Established in this City. Office-112 CALLE FLORIDA-112.

CASA DE CREDITO. 21 CALLE PIEDRAS. Office Hours-Ten a.m. to Five p.m.

A. SCHARFFENORTH AND SATTLE, SHIPBROKERS. 69-SAN MARTIN-99.

PINTURERIA ANGLO-FRANCO. 234-Rivadavia-234. A. PECHEN, FORTNEVILLE & THOMPSON HOUSE PAINTERS.

RATES OF PASSAGE. Rio de Janeiro, £ 50. Liverpool, 1st class, £ 25 0.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE. EXTENSION TO CALLAO. Liverpool to Rio de Janeiro in 21 days.

THOMAS KENNY AND BROTHER, WOOL AND PRODUCE BROKERS. 682-CANGALLO-682.

MIXTURA PARA TERCIANAS. A CERTAIN EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR FEVER and AGUE, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, &c.

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY. NOTICE. Passengers of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Class.

NORWEGIAN BEER. SUPERIOR QUALITY. QUART AND PINT BOTTLES.

SAILINGS FOR CALLAO, &c. The Royal Mail Steamship EUROPE. Is expected at Montevideo, from Liverpool, on the 24th September.

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY. Consignatarios de Frutos del Pais, Wool Brokers. 146-CALLE CHILE-146.

MANUAL OF PHONOGRAPHY, IN SPANISH. By WILLIAM PALOY, Professor of Phonography in the National School of Buenos Aires.

SOLE AGENTS. JOHN EASTMAN AND SON, 9 and 11-Calle Defensa-9 and 11.

B. MITRE Y VEDIA & CO. 93-PIEDAD-93. Auctioneers and Commissioners.

Extra Steamers HECTOR and GALATEA. Are expected this month, the first from Valparaiso, and the latter from Liverpool.

CHARLES PELLEGINI, LAWYER. HAS OPENED HIS "STUDY" AT 172-CALLE POTOSI-173.

ENGLISH CHURCH. CALLE 25 DE MAYO. The Subscribers and Pew-holders are respectfully informed that Mr. John Francis Smith has been appointed to collect the Pew Rents.

STEPHENS and Vonwiler. ENGINEERS. 117-PASEO JULIO-117.

JOHN WALKER. Wholesale and Retail Grocer. 97-CALLE DEFENSA-97.

FOR SALE. THE FINEST BREED OF PIGS IN THE COUNTRY. Apply to GEORGE A. GREEN.

ESPOSICION DE CORDOBA. Se vende el mueble completo de una casa de familia en el Paseo Publico Alameda de Cordoba.

Guinness's CELEBRATED Extra Stout. IN QUARTS AND PINTS. Bottled in Dublin, and guaranteed by SPECIAL LABEL from the Brewery.

WALKING STICKS. An assortment of Thorn, Holly, Oak, and other Sticks, silver bands, eyes, &c., frilled.

B. Mitre y Vedia and Co. 93-CALLE PIEDAD-93. 290 lms24. PETER DAHLSTROM, Boot and Shoemaker.

FRANCO-PLATENSE BANK. BRANCH OFFICES, G. S T U M P.

It discounts Bills, Promissory Notes, Values and all other Commercial, Banking, or Industrial obligations.

RATES OF INTEREST. THE BANK PAYS:- 1. For Balances against it in Account Current, 4 to 7 1/2 per cent.

THE TRUE PURGATION, Applied to the Liver, Kidneys, Skin, Stomach, and Bowels.

Dr. RADWAY'S PURGATIVE PILLS. Perfectly tasteless-Elegantly Coated. "Materia Medica" contains, in its repertoire,

Radway's Pills. In Radway's Pills the true principle of purgation is secured, and the effect of diluting the faces and excrements from the bowels.

DYSPEPSIA. One of Radway's Pills, two or three hours before dinner, taken daily, will keep the system clear.

GUINNESS'S CELEBRATED STOUT. PALE ALES, &c. CALL PARTIES.

ALEXANDRA COLONY. SANTA FE. Messrs. J. THOMPSON, T. BONAR, and CO. Having established a large and important Colony in the Province of Santa Fe.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi auctum nil veri non auctum dicere." CICERO.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1871.

REVIEW FOR EUROPE.

The most important news by this mail is that President Sarmiento has vetoed the bill just passed by Congress for the removal of the capital from Buenos Ayres to Villa Maria. Local interests have had so much to do with this question, that Argentine public opinion has been divided on the subject, but all impartial observers view with much satisfaction the conduct of the President, and foreigners in these countries, to a man, endorse his sentiments. In another column will be found President Sarmiento's message to Congress returning the bill for reconsideration; the document embodies all the views published in this journal on this important topic, and which, happily for the best interests of the nation, President Sarmiento has thought proper to consult.

The Cordoba Exhibition will be publicly inaugurated on the 15th prox. President Sarmiento, accompanied by his ministers and some of the governors of provinces, will attend in state on the occasion. Both houses of Congress are busily engaged winding up the business of the session. The Central Argentine Railway Company is making immense preparations for the increased traffic on its line, whilst the steamboat proprietors have also concluded special arrangements for the convenience of the public. Latest advices from Cordoba announce everything ready for this great national feast, which, it is to be hoped, will do much to stimulate the industry of the Republic.

Congress has passed the law authorizing the construction of the Tucuman Railway (37 miles) on the narrow gauge system, at a cost of 8 1/2 millions hard dollars, instead of 14 millions as contemplated when making the recent loan in London. It is generally said that the government holds proposals from an English house of high position for the construction of this railway, which it is thought will be accepted.

The Provincial Legislature of Buenos Ayres has just passed a very important law, creating a government mortgage bank, full particulars of which are given elsewhere.

For some time back a great drought has prevailed, which threatens much injury to our farming interests if it continue much longer. This is the only drawback to the flattering prospects of our sheep-farmers, whose stock and produce are now selling at the same prices as during our former period of prosperity, 10 years ago.

The health of the city is excellent, and most people hope that the hot season now approaching may pass over us without any epidemic. A few days ago one of the city physicians certified to a case of yellow fever, but a subsequent post-mortem examination by three doctors resulted in a verdict to the contrary. The new Lord Mayor, Dr. Miguel Esteves Sagui, displays much energy in doing what he can towards sanitary regulations. A vote of 25 million dollars (\$200,000) has been made to enable the Municipality to pay off its old debts, and the Legislature has passed the bill for a loan of two millions sterling to carry out some such works of public improvement as proposed by Mr. Bateman.

New tramways are still the order of the day; some near completion, others only begun. That to Flores, of Mr. Billinghurst, is to be inaugurated on the 15th October. Building is going on most actively in the suburbs, especially at Flores and Las Lomas. Much land speculation is going on at Quilmes; in view of the railway which is being prolonged from Boca and Barracas. Some of the saladeros recently removed are now being established at Zamate and Campana, on the River Parana, which will possibly vitiate in some manner the water-supply of this city.

President Batlle, of Montevideo, has declined the invitation to the Cordoba Exhibition, owing to the continuance of the Oriental war. The Buenos recently made a descent on the village of Tala, near Montevideo, and 'lynched' seven Neapolitans who had just murdered the parish priest and sacristan of the place. The murderers of Dr. Feliceangeli, four in number, were also executed at Montevideo last week in presence of 10,000 spectators; one of the assassins is said to have been the murderer of the Italian Consul, Sig. Chaperon, in Buenos Ayres, two years ago, and to have suffered some years' imprisonment in Naples for suspicion of having had a hand in the assassination of the Duke of Parma.

In Paraguay the Government seems to have at last procured some resources, by contracting the sale of the State railway to an English firm, for the sum of £100,000 sterling, of which three fifths cash, and the rest in two instalments of six and twelve months.

Some large sales of sheep have been made during the fortnight at an advance of fully 75 per cent. on last year's rates. The shearing season will begin about the 9th of October, but no large quantity of wool need be expected in market before November. Several contracts for the purchase of the new clip have been effected at prices in this province averaging from 60 to 75 per cent. on last year's wool, and in the Banda Oriental at from 30 to 40 reales gold. The flocks are in good condition, and the wool, generally speaking, well grown.

Money still rules abundant. National Bonus close at 72; and, in fact, all River Plate securities are at high quotations.

Exchange opened at 50, and closed at 50 3/4 to 51 1/4; about £150,000 sterling passed.

Exchange on England 50, 50 3/4. Do. on France 5.36, 5.40. Do. on Rio 32,000 to 33,000. Gas shares 100 prem. Bolsa, do. do. Discount 7 to 10 per cent. per annum.

THE CAPITAL QUESTION.

Subjoined is the important message of President Sarmiento to Congress, explaining his motives for putting a Veto to the law recently passed for moving the Capital to Villa Maria. The bill must now go back to the Chambers for re-consideration, and if a majority of 2-thirds re-affirm it the effect will be to set aside the Veto and pass the bill into law over the President's head. It is, however, believed, as shown in the recent debates, that there is no such majority and hence the bill must fall to the ground. Meantime some of the city journals propose a special Convention to be called by the various Provinces for settling this vexed question, the decision of which would thus be independent of the National Government.

The question is naturally one upon which public opinion is very much divided among Argentines, but the voice of the foreign community, if it be worth anything, is unanimously in favor of keeping the capital where it is. Since the establishment of the National Government in Buenos Ayres we have had 10 years of almost uninterrupted respite from civil war, which has brought a corresponding period of great prosperity. Any change must be looked on with jealousy, as calculated to imperil the present happy order of things, especially as the Republic seems entering on an era of unprecedented wealth, industry and agricultural development.

The Executive to Congress.

B. Ayres, Sept. 27th, 1871.

The Executive begs Your Hon. Chambers will re-consider the bills for establishing a metropolis at Villa Maria, as sent up on the 19th inst., the causes for such re-consideration being as follows—

The Constitution has left this matter of capital and others of primary importance in a national and republican point of view to be settled by special legislation, and for some years back Congress has agitated the capital question. In 1868 Rosario was fixed on, but Pres. Mitre refused his assent to the bill; just when he was retiring from office, the present Government was brought up for decision, urging that a matter so grave should not be reserved until the next elections, but that the Deputies should allow us to form an idea as to the voice of the country. But it would seem the country took little interest in the matter, for two years were suffered to elapse before it was again brought on the 'tapis.'

At present when we are on the eve of another election for half the Deputies the question is presented under a new form; instead of giving the preference to one or other of the contending cities the Congress now selects for capital an uninhabited wild.

It would be a dereliction of duty on our part, seeing so injudicious a selection, if we did not fulfil the precept of the Constitution by advising Congress to re-consider the bill, in order to hear the reasons of the Nat. Government, based on administrative motives, for rejecting the bill.

Even supposing the necessity to be admitted, moving the capital it is expedient to diminish as far as possible the difficulties inseparable from such a step, by fixing on some city or town where there are some elements of social, political and administrative life to form as it were a groundwork, instead of trying to raise up a city in the desert, where dangers must arise to threaten the very existence of the nation.

Whatever expenses in the mortgage and redemption must be defrayed by the borrower.

The reserve fund shall go towards redeeming certificates by lot at par, after which they shall be entitled to no interest. At any time the Bank may redeem still more, giving 30 days' notice.

Any certificates not presented in 10 years if the holder lives in the Republic, or 20 if he lives abroad, shall be forfeit to the Bank.

Certificates transfers shall require no stamped paper.

When all the instalments have been paid up the owner gets back his property free of incumbrance.

The omission to pay up a quarter's or half year's instalment gives the bank a right to foreclose for the whole balance due, and after forty-five days grace the property shall be put up and sold.

The bank need not apply to the courts, but simply call an auctioneer and sell the property publicly.

Any instalments overdue shall be charged 2 per cent. per month interest.

Title deeds shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Bank, who will give a receipt for same.

Advances must in no case amount to one half the value of the property; nor can they be made if the property is already mortgaged. No advances less than \$500, nor on property worth less than \$10,000.

The Bank may take the Contribution valuation, but if the owner so require, a valuator shall be sent gratis by the Bank to assess the property.

Any judicial valuation within 5 years previous shall also be good.

The owner may ensure his property, but in case of accident the right will be in favor of the Bank.

Whenever a person applies for advances on his property he must specify all particulars, present titles, deeds and documents showing that there is no previous mortgage and that the Contribution Directa has been paid.

The reserve fund shall be formed out of the 1 per cent. commission (after official expenses), the interest paid by borrowers, the fines on overdue instalments, and the forfeiture of unclaimed certificates. It shall be devoted to liquidate certificates at par, by lot.

The Directors shall publish a monthly Balance-sheet.

The Government shall appoint a President and 10 Directors to manage the Banco Hipotecario, and they shall appoint an Accountant, a Secretary, a Book-keeper, a Cashier and minor clerks, also legal advisers to examine titles, &c., who shall give their opinion always in writing.

The Directors shall draw up Regulations within 3 months from their nomination.

The Directors shall fix the rate of interest, and amortization, arrange the mode of emitting certificates, and the mode of amortizing, draw up an annual budget of expenditure to be put as an appendix to that of the Provincial Bank, superintend the drawing of certificates to be amortized, destroy those certificates of property re-deemed, and return a monthly Balance sheet to the Provincial Bank.

The Provincial Bank shall open a credit for 2-millions hard dollars for the Banco Hipotecario at the usual rate.

The Provincial Bank shall henceforward make no advances on real estate, and shall hand over such mortgages already made to the Banco Hipotecario for a corresponding amount of Certificates.

The Banco Hipotecario may devote \$25,000 in preliminary expenses, and may purchase a suitable house for its requirements. Its mortgages shall last 30 years.

RAILWAY TO TUCUMAN.

The bill for carrying out the proposed railway from Cordoba to Tucuman, which forms the principal feature in the new Public Works Loan, was passed by Congress on Tuesday in the substituted form. It will be remarked that the narrow gauge is adopted, and the estimates will therefore, only amount to 8,466,532 \$fts., or 5 1/2 millions less than expressed in the programme of M. Varela's loan.

Art. 1st. The Executive is hereby authorized to contract at once for a railway from Cordoba to Tucuman on the following terms—

1. The route will be that followed by the Government engineers coming back from Tucuman to Cordoba, 542 kilometers in length.

2. It will have the narrow gauge of 1 metre.

3. The total must not exceed 15,621 \$fts. per kilometer, or 25,024 per mille, according to the engineers' surveys and estimates, but without including sidings or the costs of junction at Cordoba with the Central Argentine.

4. The materials shall be first-class, to the satisfaction of Government.

5. The construction of the line shall be given to the best offer, in open competition, subject to the law of August 1870.

6. Whatever contractor takes it must deposit 100,000 hard dollars as guarantee.

Art. 2nd. The Executive is authorized to dispose of 9 millions \$fts. for this purpose out of the Public Works Loan.

Art. 3rd. The costs of the surveys made by the Government engineers are to be taken out of the last-named sum.

IMMIGRATION REPORT FOR 1870-71.

The number of arrivals last year was greater than at any previous period of Argentine history, amounting to 41,058, or an increase of 3,127 over 1869.

This includes 1,391 emigrants landed at Rosario, of whom more than half were for the Central Argentine colonies.

The nationalities are thus shown—

Italians	68	Swiss	5
Spaniards	14	English	2
French	10	Various	11

and the relative proportion of the sexes thus—

Men	75	Boys	6
Women	16	Girls	3

The Emigrants Arrived at Buenos Ayres admitted the following.

Italians	4,078
French	1,071
Spaniards	685
Various	436
	6,270

Of this number a little more than half found employment in the city, the rest going out to the campo to colonies given on the Southern, Western and Cordoba railways.

The report alludes to the continued ill-treatment which new arrivals experience from the 'facchini' and boatmen, because the authorities will take no measures to protect them from extortion.

The returns for the first half-year of 1871 show a falling-off of 7,600 from the figures for the same period of 1870; this is a decline of 35 per cent., due to the Plague. The total returns of immigrants from 1857 to the end of 1870 give 505,842, which is considerably more than the population of our city, and equal to 11 per cent. of that of the whole Republic.

The number of Italians who returned to Mediterranean ports, during the 6 months ending June 30th was 3,826; deducting these from the number of arrivals it shows a clear gain of 10,498 for the half-year, or something over the average of our immigration in 1867.

Meantime as most of those who went home took money with them, in some cases large fortunes, it is natural to expect that if this summer pass over favorably we shall have a vastly increased immigration next year.

The sum voted in 1870 by Congress for immigration purposes was \$1,720,000, but the total amount expended was only \$50,677. For the current year the vote was \$1,200,000, including \$30,000 towards building an Immigrants Asylum, and \$1,000,000 for forwarding new arrivals up the country; but owing to the plague the Government cut off \$174,000, leaving only \$28,000 for immigration in steamers to Rosario &c. were stopped on Aug. 31st. The committee blame the Government for such ill-judged economy.

All emigration agents abroad were suppressed on April 10th, but the Government subsequently re-appointed the following eight—Beck, Bernard, Switzerland; C. Boyer, France; F. Torromé, England; E. Peterken, Belgium; A. Casal, Spain; J. B. Umeo, Italy; and Joseph Wild, Germany, at \$200 a year each; and P. Stampa, Lombardy, at \$300 a year.

The number of subscribers in Buenos Ayres has fallen off, from 214 in 1870 to 159 in the current year; total subscriptions \$1. 2,424 as these subscriptions are evidently declining the Government will have to defray all the expenses.

Messrs. Billinghurst, Polmar, Roosen and Jacobs have retired from the Board, besides Messrs. Basabe and Condon deceased. Messrs. Gunther and Palemon Huergo have been elected.

The Provincia's Government has given a site of 9,800 sq. varas near the Gas-house, at the foot of Calle Sancha, for a new Asylum, but the National Government has withdrawn the grant of \$1. 30,000 for the same purpose.

The Committee remark that for the past 12 months a large number of lame, blind, deformed, crippled and mendicants have been imported, and it behooves the authorities to put some stop to it, such as fining the ship-captain.

An Emigrants Employment office is much wanted for the benefit of newcomers.

The prosperous condition and growth of the various colonies is specially deserving of attention, and the Committee recommend an inspector be sent after each harvest to visit and report on them.

The Committee submit a budget of \$1. 137,964 for 1872, and in conclusion pass a eulogium on the conduct of their Secretary, Mr. Wilken, during the Plague.

THE COLONIES OF THE REPUBLIC.

The various agricultural colonies are in a highly prosperous condition, and increasing in number. Those situated in Santa Fe and Entre Rios have obtained large wheat crops, which realized high prices. Maize has not given so good a crop, but the high prices have almost compensated for any deficiency. Barley has turned out well, and is much used in the local and daily breweries. In the province of Buenos Ayres the colony at Barrero had copious rain falls, but the drought in the south and west has injured the crops there. Last year brought such an influx of farm-labourers that wheat sowing throughout the Republic was doubled.

The following is a list of the colonies—

Colony	Pop.	Acres.	Crop (Tons)
Esperezana	1,992	6,500	6,000
San Germano	2,600	20,000	
Corona	2,200	25,304	30,173
Humboldt	357	4,084	3,189
Gruetti	49	408	230
Cavour	31	280	135
Las Tunas	100	90	
Corona	181	610	2,700
Guadalupe	1,000	6,000	
Sunchales	705	2,640	4,760
Emilia	600	5,000	
San Justo	150	1,800	
Conde	250	2,000	
Helvetic	500	3,700	
Frank	800	800	
California	62	1,000	
Wolff (S. Javier)	62	300	
Eloisa	60	600	
Dolores	250	600	
Benito	200	1,124	
Caramita	68	240	
Cañada Gomez	230	1,200	1,500
Tortugas	25	300	
Leonora	25	300	400
Candelaria	232	3,240	
Jesus Maria	—	—	—
Alexandra	—	—	—
Fraylo Muerto	200	4,000	
Y. Uguero	750	2,000	
San Jose	2,804	6,084	19,500
Baradero	1,623	8,000	
Chabab	10	1,000	
Concepcion	10	1,000	
Chivilcoy	16,000	126,000	228,000
	32,473	230,174	

Emilia is on the Salado, 15 leagues N. of Santa Fe, in a delightful locality surrounded by the richest timber. It was founded in 1868 by Gov. Cabal; 1,000 eighty-acre lots, which were at first given gratis but now cost \$40. Cabal made advances to poor settlers and gave them free use of the timber. The crop of 1869 gave 3,000 fanegas of wheat. Excellent tobacco is also raised, 60 plants giving an arroba, worth 30 shillings; this is better than wheat.

San Justo, another of Cabal's colonies lies 18 leagues North of Santa Fe, and was marked out in 1868 into 500 lots, at first given gratis, but now worth \$30 to \$60. There are thirty-eight families, who live mostly by cutting timber and raising tobacco from Habana seed. Cabal helped poor settlers at the outset, and the colony is now very prosperous.

Conde is still further in the Chaco, being situated between the rivers Colorado and San Javier, ten leagues from Caebines and twenty from Santa Fe. It was founded in 1867 by forty Swiss families from the Valais Canton, who devote themselves to the rearing of cattle. The lands are low and subject to inundation.

Helvetia is on the San Javier river, fifteen leagues North of Santa Fe, and was founded by Dr. Romang in 1865. The concession has four leagues front on the San Javier river, and lots of 100 acres are sold to settlers at \$8 to \$24, according to situation; 137 lots are under grain, 39 are waste land, and the remaining 80 are open for new colonists. The cultivated lots are valued at \$70 to \$150. These colonists number 83 Swiss, German and French families. Last year's crop gave 6,500 fanegas of wheat, besides 60,000 arbores of maize, and a quantity of beans, potatoes, &c. There are 3,000 head of cattle and 400 horses. The settlers drive a brisk trade in cutting timber, and a steamer calls three times a month, plying to and from Santa Fe, besides numerous of sailing craft. This is the most flourishing of the colonies on the San Javier.

Francesca lies eight leagues still further North, and was founded by M. Couvrot from Esperanza, in 1867. There are 91 lots, of which 20 are under cultivation, and the rest will be given gratis to comers. There are 14 families, and last year's crop gave 800 fanegas of wheat.

San Carlos is six leagues south of Esperanza, and was established in 1857 by Messrs. Beck and Herzog. It is the most prosperous of all the colonies of Swiss and Italians, the proportion of Catholics and Protestants being as 3 to 1. There are 2 doctores, 2 apothecaries, 2 breweries, 45 shops, 184 brick houses, and 2 inns. Nothing can exceed the neatness and flourishing aspect of the colony. Farm lots that were sold last year at \$50 (\$300) have risen to \$80. The wheat crop is doubling every two years, and the exports last year reached \$200,000 worth.

The colonists have 238 waggons, 458 ploughs, 104 reaping and threshing machines, and 10,000 cows and horses, besides 155,000 fruit trees. The cultivation of silk-worms progresses favorably; 50 lbs. of silk were raised last year. Area under tillage 27,304 acres against 16,328 last year.

Humboldt, commenced in July, 1869, by Beck and Herzog; concessions of 80 acres for \$30. Population 357, chiefly Swiss, who have under tillage 4,084 acres, against 1,800 last year. Crop 2,189 fanegas.

Gruetti, founded in 1869 by San Carlos colonists. Farms of 80 acres for \$30. Population 49, chiefly Swiss, who cultivate 608 acres, against 268 last year. Crop 230 fanegas. The colony comprises 5 square leagues, sold by Mr. Cullen to Mr. Gessler. It lies west of Esperanza.

Carou, founded in July, 1869, 8 leagues from Santa Fe city. Farms of 80 acres for \$40. Population 31, chiefly Italians and French, who cultivate 280 acres, against 68 last year. They raise great quantities of vegetables, and sold last year as many as 30,000 water melons.

Las Tunas was marked out in 1868 into 184 lots, at \$40 each, equal to 10 shillings per acre. Only 20 families are yet settled, but most of the lots are already sold. The Malagu estancia, near San Carlos, is also being cut up into farms; and several families settled there last year, paying \$40 for a farm lot. Mr. Labary, the Justice of San Carlos, is also selling his lands to the west at \$40 to \$80 per lot.

Ryan Colony is called after its founder, Mauricio Ryan, whose estancia is near Oroño Bridge, 2 leagues from Santa Fe. Farm lots of 80 acres for \$30, payable in three years.

Coronda, founded in 1869 by Oroño, a quarter of a mile from the town of Coronda, comprises 76 farms of 16 acres, the colonists receiving advances of seeds, cattle, implements, &c. The lots cost originally \$20, and are now worth \$35. The settlers are chiefly Lombards, and have 220 head of cattle, 15 brick houses, several ranchos, and five fruit plantations.

Guadalupe consists of 200 German families from Brazil, the first having come in 1864. They supply Santa Fe with fowl, vegetables, &c., besides raising corn, tobacco, and other products. They are well-to-do people.

Sunchales, the colony of Mr. De Mot dates only from November, 1869, and is 18 leagues from Santa Fe. It was an old Jesuit settlement, famous for its prolific soil, and the grant covers 20 square leagues. Settlers are to be free of taxes for 5 years, and Mr. De Mot supports them for 12 months, besides giving them seed, farming implements, &c. on loan at 6 per cent. interest. The first hundred lots (80 acres) were given free, but now they are sold at \$50. The settlers comprise 296 Italians, 217 French, and 192 of other countries, all well armed and expert riflemen. They have 197 horses, 208 milch cows, and 612 oxen for ploughing. Flax is grown with great success, as well as wheat and tobacco, the latter being similar to that of Bahia. There are 50,000 fruit trees.

The colonists count ten carpenters, 8 blacksmiths, 9 wheelwrights, 2 gunsmiths, 5 tanners, 3 bookbinders, 2 millers, 1 cigar-maker, 2 saddlers, 2 butchers, 2 bakers, 16 bricklayers, 2 brewers, 8 sawyers, and 1 tinsmith. The school is attended by 72 children, who learn Spanish, German, French, and Italian. Besides the priest and Justice of Peace, there are 3 schoolmasters, a doctor, and an apothecary. A church and schoolhouse are being built on the site of the old Jesuit College. Mr. De Mot has sold the colony to a joint stock company.

Emilia is on the Salado, 15 leagues N. of Santa Fe, in a delightful locality surrounded by the richest timber. It was founded in 1868 by Gov. Cabal; 1,000 eighty-acre lots, which were at first given gratis but now cost \$40. Cabal made advances to poor settlers and gave them free use of the timber. The crop of 1869 gave 3,000 fanegas of wheat. Excellent tobacco is also raised, 60 plants giving an arroba, worth 30 shillings; this is better than wheat.

San Justo, another of Cabal's colonies lies 18 leagues North of Santa Fe, and was marked out in 1868 into 500 lots, at first given gratis, but now worth \$30 to \$60. There are thirty-eight families, who live mostly by cutting timber and raising tobacco from Habana seed. Cabal helped poor settlers at the outset, and the colony is now very prosperous.

Conde is still further in the Chaco, being situated between the rivers Colorado and San Javier, ten leagues from Caebines and twenty from Santa Fe. It was founded in 1867 by forty Swiss families from the Valais Canton, who devote themselves to the rearing of cattle. The lands are low and subject to inundation.

Helvetia is on the San Javier river, fifteen leagues North of Santa Fe, and was founded by Dr. Romang in 1865. The concession has four leagues front on the San Javier river, and lots of 100 acres are sold to settlers at \$8 to \$24, according to situation; 137 lots are under grain, 39 are waste land, and the remaining 80 are open for new colonists. The cultivated lots are valued at \$70 to \$150. These colonists number 83 Swiss, German and French families. Last year's crop gave 6,500 fanegas of wheat, besides 60,000 arbores of maize, and a quantity of beans, potatoes, &c. There are 3,000 head of cattle and 400 horses. The settlers drive a brisk trade in cutting timber, and a steamer calls three times a month, plying to and from Santa Fe, besides numerous of sailing craft. This is the most flourishing of the colonies on the San Javier.

Francesca lies eight leagues still further North, and was founded by M. Couvrot from Esperanza, in 1867. There are 91 lots, of which 20 are under cultivation, and the rest will be given gratis to comers. There are 14 families, and last year's crop gave 800 fanegas of wheat.

San Carlos is six leagues south of Esperanza, and was established in 1857 by Messrs. Beck and Herzog. It is the most prosperous of all the colonies of Swiss and Italians, the proportion of Catholics and Protestants being as 3 to 1. There are 2 doctores, 2 apothecaries, 2 breweries, 45 shops

VESSELS IN THE PORT OF BUENOS AYRES.

Table listing vessels in the port of Buenos Aires, including ship names, tonnage, captains, arrival dates, and agents.

TORROBA, BROTHERS. LUJAN, MERCEDES, AND CHIVILCOY. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CAPITAL, \$2,000,000. INCOME, \$160,000.

THE ENGLISH TRAVELERS. Englistmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city.

THE FAMILY GROCERY. 60-CALLE SAN MARTIN-60. (Opposite the Provincial Bank.)

PORTS AND SHERRIES OF SANDEMAN. The Undersigned begs to inform the Public that they have been appointed Sole Agents by Messrs. George G. Sandeman, Sons & Co., of St. Swithin's-lane, London, for the sale of their well-known and appreciated Ports and Sherries.

GEORGE BROWNELL & CO. Sole Agents. CALLE MAIPI, No. 11. 381. x.p.24

THE QUEEN. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CAPITAL, \$2,000,000. INCOME, \$160,000. LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

COGNAC. Without Pain OR BLOOD. Feels great pleasure in again introducing himself (after an absence of six years) to the respectable Public of Buenos Ayres, cordially inviting all who suffer from Corns, Bunions, irregular Toes, Nails, or other Diseases of the Feet, to pay him a visit, at any hour from 8 to 11 a.m., or from 12 to 3 p.m.; Sundays and Holidays from 2 a.m. to 3 p.m.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS. BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS. These Pills have justly acquired a widely extended reputation for their wonderful cures of severe cases of sicknesses such as in which all the Medicines fail, and which had been given up by Physicians as beyond help—such as chronic and long-standing Liver Complaints, obstructions of the Stomach, Dropsy, &c. But while admitting the relief and cure by our Pills, we do not deny that the most difficult cases, such as Constipation, for which they are a perfect specific, are relieved and cured by our Pills.

BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS. Purely Vegetable. For Loss of Appetite they are the only sure remedy, as they never fail in carrying off the depraved bilious secretions that float in the stomach and destroy the healthy, natural craving for food. Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Flatulency, and all Derangements of the Digestive and excretory Organs, are promptly relieved and cured by them. The public should always bear in mind that Bristol's are the only Pills made of...

REMATES. FOR ANDRES BAZ. De una Estancia a 13 leguas de la ciudad, a 3 del pueblo de San Vicente, y de la Estacion del Ferro-Carril del Sud. Terreno de 4,500 varas de frente por 5,000 de fondo...

REMATES. NOTABLE E IMPORTANTE REMATE. En el pueblo de las Lomas de Zamora, de dos hermosas fincas prontas para arrendar a habitarlas y de un lúcido terreno lindero con las mismas.

REMATES. 83 CALLE PERU. CASA DEL REMATADO. 219 xp27

REMATES. MARIANO BILLINGHURST. De la finca Calle Piedra No. 757, situada entre las Calles de Paso y Larrea, y frente mismo a la gran Barraca del Sr. Don Guillermo Livingstone.

REMATES. MIGUEL MAGALLANES. El Domingo 1º de Octubre a las 10 en punto de la tarde a las 10 en punto de la mañana...

REMATES. De orden terminante de su propietario. El Viernes 13 de Octubre, a las 10 en punto de la tarde, se ha de rematar sin falta alguna, a la misma altura y dinero de contado...

REMATES. GRAN REMATE FOR BALBIN Y FLOWES. De 6 Potrillos, 6 Potrancas de 3 años, y Potrancas de años, 6 Caballos y 25 Potrillos. Cria del famoso, Parejero de sangre "OLD WARDEN".

REMATES. IMPORTANT SHEEP AUCTION, BY Peter Ebbecke & Co. 10,000 fine Mestiza Sheep at court. AT THE GENERAL RODRIGUEZ RAILWAY STATION.

REMATES. ATHLETIC SPORTS. THE SPRING MEETING. Will be held at PALERMO, ON WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1st.

REMATES. LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. CAPITAL, \$1,000,000. INCOME, \$110,000. LONDON.

REMATES. ENQUIRIES, respecting the undersigned mentioned individuals, having been addressed to this Consulate, they are requested to communicate with their friends at home, without delay, and any information respecting them, or their whereabouts, from acquaintances, sent to this Consulate, will be transmitted to their relatives.

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J. and E. ATKINSON, WHOLESALE AND EXPORT PERFUMERS, 24, OLD BOND STREET, LONDON. PRIZE MEDAL, LONDON, 1862. THE ONLY SILVER MEDAL FOR ENGLISH PERFUMERY (PARIS, 1867).

SAVINGS BANK BANK MAUA AND Co. 101-Cañal-103 BUENOS AYRES. The immense advantages of Accounts Current, now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate...

CONDITIONS. First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIPS. UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT. The names of the Steamers are as follow: BONITA—GALATEA—LACYDON—ARIADNE—EVORA.

Hennessy's Brandy. The undersigned begs to advise the arrival of further supplies of this celebrated Cognac, consisting of the classes—One Star, Three Stars, and V.O. (very old). The excellent quality of this Brandy is uniformly and regularly maintained, and it can be confidently recommended with the fullest confidence to the consumer.

ANGLO-FRENCH SEMINARY. 225-TACUARI-225. Between Chilo and Independencia. Branches of Education—English, French and Spanish; Latin, Drawing and Music; Writing, Arithmetic and Reading.

English and German Hotel. 72-CALLE DE MEXICO-72. Particular attention paid to the comfort of Monthly Boarders.

BRITISH HOSPITAL. Orders for admission to this Institution will be granted, in accordance with the present existing rules and regulations by JNO. CALVERT, M.D., 181 Calle Chacabuco.

COMPANIA DE NAVEGACION A VAPOR. RIO DE LA PLATA. Los vapores de esta Compania "Taraguay" y "Goya", saldrán alternativamente de este puerto, y del de Montevideo, los dias 10, 20, y 30 cada mes.

AGENCIA DE VAPORES Y COMISIONES. ESTEVAN D. RISSO and Hno., 903 Reconquista. Itinerario de los Vapores que se despachan por esta Agencia.

NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS AND SHIPMASTERS. The Marine Railway at Colonia being in working order, public attention is called to the following Tariff of Charges, a deduction of 25 per cent. having been made since the 1st of July, 1871.

SEWING MACHINES. A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and best improved prices.

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New Advertisements.

REMATES. Todos a Merlo! MANANA. A las 9 en punto sale del Parque. El Tren gratis ida y vuelta. Para el Remate que detalla en este diario. Francisco F. de la Serna. POR BALBIN Y PLOWES

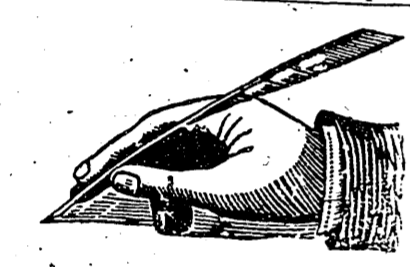
De 1 potrillo y 4 yeguas de raza Inglesa y Francesa (pura sangre) para carreras recien llegados de Europa, por orden de su dueño.

El Lunes 9 del corriente en la estación del Tranway del Sr. Lacross en el Oeste de Palermo...

Table listing names and birth dates: Clemencia, Berge, Juana, Peco, etc.

Estos animales pueden verse en Palermo en la casa que esta al otro lado de la estación...

SEALQUILA. La Hermosa CASA QUINTA. Conocida por la de los OLIVOS. Antigua residencia de los Sres. MINISTROS FRANCESES INGLESES.



SELECT LESSONS. In the Lady's Italian Reading Room and the Gentleman's bold, dashing, Mercantile Style...

LOPEZ V. CIVILIZATION. HISTORY OF PARAGUAY. From its Discovery to the present. BY HON. OCHAS A. WASHBURN.

LEE & SHEPARD. Publishers, Boston. LEE, SHEPARD & DILLINGHAM. ON SALE AT THIS OFFICE. And at HIBBER'S.

NOTICE. IF the Portmanteau deposited with the undersigned, by Messrs. Ferdinand and Leon, passengers per S. E. Calera, do not reappear...

ZARIPHA. HA concluido en descuentos, y entregado sus mercaderias en los Depositos...

PIANO FOR SALE. POR SALE, a first-class PIANO, in Rosewood, by Kirkman, of London.

MONTEVIDEO. ROOMS TO LET, at No. 81 CALLE COLON. ENGLISH GOVERNESS—A young English Lady, having spent some years in the Continent...

WANTED, a good Second-hand SADDLE. Apply to TURNEAU AND CO., 22 Calle San Martin.

COMPANIA DE NAVIGACION RIO DE LA PLATA. El Vapor GOYA, postera en salida, para el Domingo 10 de Octubre...

The Standard.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1871. DECISION OF CHARACTER.

The rarest quality of our public men is decision of character. The spirit of Republican institutions is in a measure opposed to any great display of individual character.

Thus, where responsibility is so easily shirked, there are few grand occasions in the life of a public man when a great decisive step has to be taken, or a Rubicon to be passed.

The veto of the President on the bill ordering the removal of the capital from Buenos Ayres to that desert spot, Villa Maria...

It reveals a decision of character which we all admire, and without which even the most distinguished man is but a pigmy.

At the same time the Municipality is already aware of several steps we have taken to improve the city prisons, by diminishing the number of prisoners.

With respect to an advertisement signed by your Postmaster-General stating that in future no mails will be received by the English Post Office...

I may find it necessary soon to take a trip up the river on some important business, but should such a thing occur, I will leave to supply my place during my absence a friend who is in every way fitted to the post of correspondent to the STANDARD.

Yours &c., OTHELLO. STATE OF ENTRE RIOS. Parana, Sept. 27.

This province is passing through a very serious crisis, which must be examined and checked by its true friends. The war is over, but the National Government has not behaved in such a manner as to call for much sympathy from the majority of its quondam friends.

Our National Guards are still waiting for the so much announced 'Comisario Pagador' as the Jews are waiting for the Messiah.

All the payments received for the war have been for only two months; there are eight still due, without the least hopes of their being soon paid.

The following correspondence is said to have taken place between a merchant and one of his customers: 'Sir, your account has been standing for two years; I must have it settled immediately.' Answer: 'Sir, things usually settle by standing; I regret that my account is an exception. If it has been standing too long, suppose you let it run a little.'

LETTERS PER LAST MAIL. Joseph Wood, Hyde, Henry Clark, C. M. Carr, Mrs. Burnes, Mrs. Keogh, H. Clark, A. Marryatt, A. Barnett, E. McGuire, J. McGuire, T. Hughes, O. H. Smith, E. Strickling, W. Smith, J. Neek, G. Dume, A. Green, J. Tucker, Maryanne Stanley, Nicholas Clancy, Mary Devine.

LETTERS PER LAST MAIL. Arthur Marryatt, 3, O. H. Smith, 2, J. T. Stand, M. Keogh, C. E. Stewart, E. A. Glyne, M. Schroth, O. Smith, A. Marryatt.

THE CITY PRISON.

REPLY OF THE GOVERNMENT. B. Ayres, Sept. 26th.

To the President of the Municipality I have to acknowledge your note of the 23rd, respecting your impressions on visiting the city prison, and your remarks on the overcrowding of prisoners which you consider dangerous to public health.

Without delay I submitted your note to the Governor, who desired me to express his surprise both at the terms in which it is couched and the hasty publication of it; as if you had suddenly lighted upon some new discovery of an alarming danger that threatened the city.

The facts of the case are very different. We all know that the prisons are too small, and are crowded owing to the tardy procedure of our law-courts, an evil which it is not in the power of Government to remedy.

Moreover you are yourself personally aware that Governor Castro since his elevation to power has given preferential attention to the state of our prisons and done his best to introduce those reforms which a civilized and well-governed community require.

By decree of July 1869 we called for proposals to build a new prison, seeing that any changes in the present one would be insufficient.

At the same time the Municipality is already aware of several steps we have taken to improve the city prisons, by diminishing the number of prisoners.

With respect to an advertisement signed by your Postmaster-General stating that in future no mails will be received by the English Post Office...

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EDITOR'S TABLE.

The Gironde sails this afternoon for Bordeaux. Messrs. Yernet and Co. of No. 54 Calle Mayo receive correspondence and newspapers up to 4 o'clock p.m.

The weather broke somewhat yesterday morning, and enough of rain fell about daybreak to lay the dust and render the streets transitable without danger of being blinded by clouds of dust.

All the influential morning papers except the Tribuna, applaud the veto which the Executive power has placed on the Capital Removal Bill.

Every man in Entre Rios, native or foreigner, is now occupied with the important question of the removing of the Capital to this town; and indeed they are right in considering the settlement of this matter as the most interesting for the future of the province.

We had on Sunday a popular meeting at the Plaza 1º de Mayo to vote the candidates who are to be sustained for Deputies of this Department.

The choice has fallen on Dr. D. Teofilo Garcia, a very able lawyer now established in Rosario, and Sr. Don Ramon Sala, manager of the Argentine Bank, which was loudly shouted, against another list formed of the first of them with the gallant Colonel Lucio V. Maullana proposed by some folks instead of Mr. Sala.

Now that I have touched the question most important which can and will be submitted to the 'Conveccion', I consider it my duty to tell you impartially my opinion about it.

We have three parties, and every one of them has its supporters. The Capital in Uruguay, which will be defended by the late General Urquiza's family and intimate friends, besides the residents there.

The capital in Gualeguayuchú, which would be perfect nonsense, and the more judicious convenient, and I must say fairly indispensable—The Capital in Parana.

It 'Conveccionales' have the patriotic aspiration of seeing this province very soon in perfect peace, order, and progress, they cannot but name Parana as its capital.

So many reasons have been reported for and against it, that I must look for those which may be presented as favourable and convenient to the destinies of the province as to those of the Republic.

You are well aware that the rebels under Lopez Jordan were always checked by this town, which after the surprise experienced in the beginning of the struggle, has been the base of operation for the National Government, receiving and sending help where it was required.

We have here quartered the regiments that have sustained the campaign, and we have sent the 7th of the Line, without which Naembó would not have been the decisive checkmate to the rebellion.

There is a very decided tendency to produce distrust amongst you about the state of this province, but everyone knows that they are election stratagems by those wishing and working for the 'statu quo', more influenced by miserable local interest than by the general good of the province and the nation.

All that is spread about revolutions, invasions, more or less imminent is false. I know very well myself that people here are decided to be in peace, and am well aware that they have nothing to gain and very much to lose by any 'trastorno.'

The principal difficulty which the Government has to overcome is the absolute want of ready cash, which is not to surprise anybody after the disorders and anarchy produced by the war. If Dr. Echague's Government obtains, as I don't doubt it will, a loan enough to pay the 'arrieres' and attend to the Administration for some time, he will soon organize a sound system of order, morality and material improvements which will develop the immense resources of this province.

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A convicted murderer, in Ohio,

when asked if he had anything to say before sentence of death was passed upon him, began a long and rambling speech with the apologetic remark 'I have, Sir, I have a very bad cold, your Honor.'

The Provincial Minister of Government, Dr. Malaver, has replied to the 'ticking up' received some days ago from Lord Mayor Magee on the subject of the city prison. The minister says that the Executive is not liable for the present state of things, as in the month of November last Governor Castro presented to the Chambers a bill for sanctioning the erection of a new prison, but the Legislature has not thought fit to take up the subject.

The minister is right; the whole blame for the disgraceful state of our prisons is due to the sleepy representatives of the people in the Provincial Chambers. It is generally believed in well-informed circles that an accident, somewhat common as a 'dernier ressort' in this country, has happened in the august regions of the Provincial Parliament, viz., that the Governor's Prison Bill has been 'lost or mislaid.'

When or where it may be found is extremely difficult to say. In Mercedes, B. U., small pox is very bad, and the poorer classes are suffering terribly from the disease.

Notwithstanding the rebellion and other drawbacks, the authorities of Mercedes are doing what we cannot even resolve upon in Buenos Ayres, viz., pulling down their public prison and building a new one.

The death of Dr. Lorenzo Latorre, in Montevideo, is announced. The Rosario papers announce a terrible murder at the Arroyo Seco Del Sur, where a man killed an old lady and three children for some as yet unknown motive.

We are informed by the proprietor of the English College, 186 Malpu, that he has received most complimentary notes from the parents of his pupils. We feel great pleasure in calling attention to the fact, as a good educational establishment is a great desideratum for the Anglo-Argentine population.

The Republic mentions a lawsuit at present before the courts in which a city doctor (not an Englishman we are happy to say) seeks to recover \$10,000 from one of his patients for 8 or 10 visits. We are not able to judge the merits of the case, and hope there is some mistake in the matter.

Messrs. Suvara and Llerena have published a pamphlet on the Capital question, in which they facetiously propose Belgrano or the Chacabuco as eligible sites for the future city of Rivadavia.

Telegrams were received yesterday from Cordoba announcing that the President's veto on the Capital Bill has been badly received in that city. The news had the effect of a 'douché' bath on the Cordobeses, whose spirits are now at zero, and not to be raised even by the ready money prospects of the opening of the exhibition hold out to them.

The Revista Medica publishes its usual fortnightly report on the public health, which is satisfactory, but for the continued prevalence of small-pox in some localities. Our colleague remarks, however, that vaccination is evidently keeping the disease at bay, and giving most satisfactory results.

We cannot too strongly counsel vaccination and re-vaccination to the public. The Faculty here are unanimous in recommending it. See the letter to adults.

The sale of the last few days has caused serious damage to the small craft in port; a pilotboat and 18 whaleboats and lighters are reported lost. The Tigre is crowded with vessels of all sizes, which ran there for shelter.

This is the last day for paying the Contribution Directa. A considerable number have not yet paid this tax, finding it impossible to get into the office where it is received. It is hoped Government will prolong the time for another fifteen days.

The authorities of Santa Fé are thinking of establishing a Museum. If offered a fair price, we are willing to consider a proposal for a few of the Paraguayan 'chefs d'oeuvre' in Standard Court. Cash is plenty on the Bolsas, but the money market at No. 118 Bond Street is anything but plastic.

There was 'no quorum' in the National Senate on Thursday, in consequence of the bad weather. Patriotism is an abstract quality which never goes the length of inducing a legislator to risk catching cold, particularly when the 'rest and be thankful' season is so near at hand.

A visit from the French war frigate Bellona is expected. This fine vessel, which is now at Montevideo, carries the flag of the Commander of the French naval station in these waters, M. Le Loer. Sr. San Roman is at present an official toner of inspection of the mining districts in the upper provinces; he reports, to the Minister of Public Instruction, very favourably on the mineral resources of Bioja. A small steamer for port service, the Vigilante, was tried at Montevideo on Wednesday and gave satisfactory results; she made 6 knots in a little over half an hour, with 7lbs of steam. Telegrams from Cordoba were received early yesterday morning announcing that the Indians had again given the frontier garrison the slip, and had nearly reached Rio Cuarto. We find the following curious statistics in an English exchange. There are 1500 theatres in Europe, of which 340 are in France, and 300 in Italy,

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El Domingo 1º de Octubre á las 12 del día, en el Pueblo de San Vicente, en casa de un rematador principal al remate de una Estancia con sus fincas, praderas, potreros á D. E. Enriquez, Wiliam de Quado, conocida por Estancia Vieja de Parana, en un solo lote.

Los interesados tienen tiempo suficiente para el establecimiento á su gusto, y proponen la compra. Los que van de la ciudad en ferrocarril, lleguen á las 10 de la mañana.

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AL COMERCIO. EL ABAJO FIRMADO avisa al comercio y á los capitanes de buques en general que, habiendo sido nombrado en sucesor del difunto Sr. Ubelobido perito del "Buque Veloz", Registrado Internacional de clasificación de buques y Agente de las Reuniones de Seguros Marítimos de Ambarcos Amsterdam y Rotterdam por esta plaza los señores de Rio de la Plata, por cuyo efecto los comerciantes que reclaman mercancías averiguadas y aseguradas en dichas sociedades deben presentarse en el debido tiempo al Agente, J. DE ROER, Escrituras Corrientes 55. Buenos Ayres, Agosto 26 de 1871. 301 m a 29

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