





APARTMENTS.

REMATE

De dos lindas Casitas, a siete cuadras de la Plaza de la Victoria, Calle de Mejico No. 163 y 165, entre Chuacabuco y Fiedras.

Cattle Epidemic.

Those who wish an excellent soup with the contents that are not containing an article prepared from the meat of diseased animals should use the

43 Victoria.

THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL SHIRTS

AT THE PARIS EXHIBITION OF 1887, Was awarded the Manufacturers of THE PRIZE SHIRT.

It is made and kept in Stock in all the following sizes: 14, 14 1/2, 15, 16, 16 1/2, and 17 inch NECK BANDS.

This SHIRT being cut on the most improved principle, A PERFECT FIT is guaranteed.

STOVES

A large and varied assortment of COOKING STOVES, DINING-ROOM STOVES, OFFICE STOVES, PARLOR STOVES

STEAM BOATS TO LEAVE

For Colonia, the British Steamer NAPOSTA every Wednesday and Saturday, at 10 a.m.

FRIDAY

For Montevideo, at 4.30 p.m. the National Steamer (The Taraguay).

THE Steamer TRUFENO

For Rosario, Parana, Santa Fe, and intermediate ports, at ten a.m., from Retiro the steamer Captain.

FOR ROSARIO, PARANA, SANTA FE

at all the international Steamship Comercio del Rosario, leaves every Wednesday at 9 and 1 from the Station 25 de Mayo.

FOR BAHIA BLANCA

the National zuzuma Naposta. Receives cargo and passengers.

SALIDA DE VAPORES.

PARA MONTEVIDEO—El Miércoles 4 a las 6 de la tarde el Vapor Villa del Salto.

PARA LA ANUNCION Y PUERTOS INTERMEDIOS al vapor Ingles Rosario, saldrá el Domingo 3 de Julio a las 10 de la Mañana recibiendo cargo y pasajeros.

NOTA—La Compañía Salteña rebajará a un 60 por ciento los pasajes en este Puerto y Montevideo todos los viernes que el Vapor America salga en los días fijados de los vapores de la Compañía.

Agencia—ESTEVAN D. RISSO y Hno. Reconquista 93.

NO LET, at 509 Calle Cangallo, a neatly furnished Bedroom. The tramway passes the door.

NO LET, Two or Three splendid Rooms, in the healthiest part of the city, Plaza Libertad, Calle Libertad, No. 282, two squares from the Plaza del Parque.

NO LET, Two large Rooms, one furnished with a fire-place, with attendance. Terms moderate. Apply at No. 175 Calle Mitú.

NO LET, Unfurnished, for Single Gentlemen only, a spacious Room, in alto, with three beds, in the street, a fine large fire-place, and fitted with Gas. Apply at No. 125 Calle Corrientes, between Calles Florida and Maipú.

WANTS a Situation—A young German Gentleman, a Graduate of a German University, at present in C. rivia, is desirous of giving lessons, or to find a situation adequate to his attainments. Apply at the Hotel de Paz, E. 101, Cordova. 244,3p,j28

WANTS a Situation as Captain or Shepherd, a steady man, a German, who has served in the above capacity for many years. Has the best of recommendations. Apply to H. H., at the Office of the Standard. 141,3p,j28

WANTED, Two or Three furnished Rooms, in a private family. Address W.P. at the Office of the Standard. 244,3p,j28

WANTED, a young Girl, to take care of a child. Apply at No. 27 Calle Juan. 254,3p,j28

COMMERCIAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned, being about to separate from the firm of C. H. Brown and Co., in the Mineral Water Establishment, 32 San Martín requests all persons having claims on the above firm (not already presented) to call at once on the undersigned at the office of examination.

FOR SALE, TWO LIGHT AMERICAN WAGGONS, with Soren Horos and Harness complete, the owner having no further use for them.

Just received, a large supply of Gentlemen's Boots, Ladies and Childrens' do, at \$100-mje, and 140 mje pair. Cloth, at \$45 to 80 mje.

FOOTBALL.

A MATCH will be played at Palermo on Wednesday the 29th inst, at 12 a.m.

A train leaves the 25 de Mayo at 11.30 a.m.

PER ENGLISH MAIL.

Turner & W. Howie, Louis Jones, Enrique Borland, Enrique Borland, John Hutchingson, George Parker, James M'Ghair, T. Bridgman or Wheeler, Barron, W. R. Grant, C. Brown, Mrs. E. T. Simpson, Megatherium, Honley, G. B. Lieber.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

Published on Monday, June 23, 1870.

Subscription to the Standard

DAILY, per Month \$30

WEEKLY, per Month \$6

Do Do mailed from Office, including postage (per annum) £2

Advertisements in DAILY, not exceeding five lines, three insertions \$10

Do WEEKLY, one insertion, \$5

Do PERMANENT at conventional rates.

"Standard" Office, January 1st, 1869.

nient for the ends of justice hold their courts; and that, if the sentence of his court was not pronounced in San Nicolas, the Camara in Buenos Ayres could not confirm it.

The judge lost his calmness, and in a rage said "If the people of the town raise their voices, I will hold them, the town, and the authorities responsible, and I will order the immediate confiscation of the property of any man who dares to speak! Therefore, people must beware how they trifle with me."

A terrible row here ensued, and one word more would have been sufficient to raise the people to decided action. A young man named Ferraud, manager of the house of Rozzo and Dorezo, wishing to calm the storm, rose and said "that he believed none present doubted the rectitude of the judge, but people were tired at seeing every day well known assassins walking about amusing themselves in the streets before the very authorities, and no one to take the least concern for their arrest and punishment."

THE BARADERO MEETING.

The scene which has taken place at the Baradero deserves special notice, for it fully bears out our assertion that in this country the people are in arrears. We could indeed wish to be spared the task of further comment on this wretched business; but it would be trifling with our position to merely give a translated copy of the Baradero meeting, which fills every breast with honest indignation.

If such things are allowed to pass unnoticed, if not only the law of the land, but the rights of the people and the very bonds of society are to be trampled upon, at least we have the privilege to make our protest.

Studied with the attention which the matter merits, and well weighed by every thinking man, this Baradero affair gives us the key to all the misfortunes which have so long afflicted South America, "the world's judgment is the world's history"; and if we silently archive these proceedings and all the letters that have come to us from the Baradero we accept the only alternative.

We are indebted to our colleague the Nacion for the following account of the meeting:—

On Thursday the 16th of June, a meeting was held in the Municipal Saloon in the Baradero; over 300 persons chiefly residents of the town attended, the Criminal Judge of San Nicolas in the chair; the meeting was convened by the Justice of the Peace, who explained that in consequence of a telegram from the Camara to the Criminal Judge of San Nicolas, that functionary had come to the Baradero to proceed with the trial of the assassins of the Diaz family; when Ponzal the Judge arrived with the Fiscal and Escribano, he said that he came to take the prisoners to San Nicolas to be sentenced there.

THE INDIANS AT TRES ARROYOS

DREAUFUL PILLAGE AND SLAUGHTER

The invasion of Indians last week in the district of Tres Arroyos has been the most dreadful that has taken place in the Province of Buenos Ayres for many years. Every day brings us more harrowing details of the atrocities committed by the savages: up to the present we hear of seven Christians killed, several women and children carried away captives, besides a booty of 50 or 100 thousand head of cattle, and all the shops and houses sacked or burnt.

is that the Indians were assisted by a body of 80 soldiers armed with sabres and carbines, who were probably deserters (condemned criminals) from some of the frontier stations. They had first carried off 1,000 horses from Colonel Campos at Pillahuinco, and that officer a few days later (19th) sent to ask for a supply to mount his men, as otherwise he could not go in pursuit of the invaders.

The village of Tres Arroyos was surrounded by a band of 1,000 Indians, who came from Leonardo Pereyra's estancia, a league distant, and among their number was a sergeant accompanied by 80 gaucho soldiers armed with firelocks; these fellows came up to the shopkeepers and told them to open their doors quietly and make no resistance, under pain of seeing the village burned to the ground and all the inhabitants massacred.

No official report has yet reached the Government, and it is hoped in the War-Office that the reports are grossly exaggerated, and that Col. Campos will valiantly follow up the savages, rescue all the women and children, and recover the large booty of horned cattle.

PIRATES IN MONTEVIDEO.

The increase of crime in Montevideo is very alarming and shows that some effective measures must be put in force either by the authorities or by some organization of the citizens in the form of a Vigilance Committee. The most daring outrage that has occurred for some time was an attack by three armed boats on Friday night on the German barque "Willy and Emmy" lying in the port.

The barque Willy and Emmy from Rotterdam was attacked at 12 o'clock last night by three armed boats each carrying six men. The sailor on watch at once notified the captain that three strange boats were alongside, whereupon the captain told him to fire off a musket over their heads, and then ran up on deck. Seeing such a crowd of men he perceived that they were going to board the vessel, whereupon he also fired at them.

"Next day the consignees and other mercantile houses of the city held a deliberation on the matter and resolved to petition the Port Captain to take some measures for the protection of shipping in port. The gang of pirates must be very numerous since there were no fewer than eighteen in the boats that attempted to board the Willy and Emmy. For evils of this magnitude very urgent measures must be adopted, and the Government is bound to do its best to break up the gang and punish the criminals in an exemplary manner.

So long as the statesmen and journalists of the River Plate advocate the abolition of capital punishment and the judges and juries enable criminals to go loose again upon society it may be said that there is not only impunity for crime, but a positive encouragement for the worst class of offenders to come to the River Plate.

The Government had better wake up at once. So long as the statesmen and journalists of the River Plate advocate the abolition of capital punishment and the judges and juries enable criminals to go loose again upon society it may be said that there is not only impunity for crime, but a positive encouragement for the worst class of offenders to come to the River Plate.

The most remarkable circumstance is that the Indians were assisted by a body of 80 soldiers armed with sabres and carbines, who were probably deserters (condemned criminals) from some of the frontier stations. They had first carried off 1,000 horses from Colonel Campos at Pillahuinco, and that officer a few days later (19th) sent to ask for a supply to mount his men, as otherwise he could not go in pursuit of the invaders.

the inroads of organized bands of malefactors, that at present infest this country, endangering the life and property of honest citizens.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

From Montevideo we have news of a most extraordinary attempt at piracy in the harbor of that port on a German ship just arrived there. The attempt was made by 18 desperadoes in three boats about midnight on Friday, and only failed through the vigilance of the master of the vessel and the cowardice of the assailants, who sheered off on a musket being discharged at them.

The Danish Foreign Office advertises in the Tribuna for application from any merchant in this city who may wish to assume the duties of consul for that country here.

The details of the late invasion of Indians at Los Tres Arroyos, which we publish in another column, are of the most heartrending description. For thirty years there has not been such devastation committed by the savages, whose attack was well planned, and the success of which, it is now known, was due to the presence among them of a hundred deserters from the frontier garrisons, led by some of their officers.

On Saturday afternoon the passenger mole was crowded with the friends of some well known residents who embarked for England in the Biela. We regret to say that Captain Carroll fell through the hole in the mole, and but for the timely assistance of Mr. Foley who was by his side, he might have suffered great injury, even so, it was a miracle he did not break his leg.

A report has been current that a Ministerial change was imminent by the resignation of Drs. Gorostinga and Avellaneda, but we are happy to state on the best authority that the report is altogether unfounded.

Mr. Morrison, the manager of the Anglo Argentine Company left Rosario for San Juan on Friday last in company with an English and two Italian gentlemen, having hired a private carriage for which they had to pay £130.

The run of luck to the printing world continues. One of the compositors in Mr. Estrada's printing office drew \$14,000 mje in the Beneficencia lottery last week.

An infallible remedy for small-pox is said to be coming into extensive use in Europe. It is a North American plant, the 'Sarracenia,' and has proved, whenever tried for some years past, a sure cure for this dreadful ailment.

To-morrow the feast of SS. Peter and Paul will be observed as a civil and religious holiday. The next holiday will be on the 9th of the ensuing month.

The news from Entre Rios is of some importance. Lopez Jordan is besieging La Paz, and it is feared he will seize that town before any National commander can come to the rescue. Several residents had gone on board the shipping out of the way. It is clear the snake of rebellion is only scotched, not killed, and may yet cause much trouble.

An Immigration Commission is about to be established in Azul, to endeavor to attract to that locality some of the laboring population daily arriving from Europe.

hood, and even if the Indians could venture down so far they would very soon become convinced that a few scores of wellarmed drilled Englishmen form a nut quite beyond their capacity to crack. It is thought that Mr. Henly's iron church will be bought by the English pastor at Rosario for his congregation, Mr. H. ordering another at once from home.

The Verdad says the Captain of the Taraguay was landed at this port last week ill of yellow fever supposed to have been caught at Asuncion. The people of the sister city are clamorous that quarantine should at once be imposed on vessels coming from Buenos Ayres or Asuncion.

The Billinghurst Recoleta Tramway was at work on Sunday, and thousands of people availed themselves of the cars which are most commodious and very comfortable. The horses on this line seem remarkably fine animals, though some of them are not as yet quite broken in. When taking our 'constitutional' before breakfast yesterday morning we saw some very fine horses being broken in, attached to empty trucks. Our good friend Mr. Wattell, whose energy in pushing forward this line is worthy of every praise, was seated on the foremost truck watching the plunging of the animals, and looking uncommonly like Photon on the chariot of the sun.

Amongst the passengers home per Magellana from Valparaiso was Prince Tranhetekey en route for Russia.

Latest accounts from Paysandu say that Aparicio was hourly expected in front of that town to lay siege to it. The rapid increase in public favor of the Pacific and West Coast line of steamers is rendered more than ever apparent by the fact that that Company have now on the stocks no fewer than ten new steamers, all of the first class and enormous tonnage.

At the public meeting at Baradero, previous to the removal of the Diaz assassins to San Nicolas, Mr. Justice Ponzal gave utterance to the extraordinary opinion that "the criminals had already suffered enough punishment in the stinging of their consciences," or some such senile words. This extra-judicial remark at such a time amounts to a prejudging of the case at issue that would be culpable on the part of any one, but is more to be deplored when coming from the judge engaged in the trial.

Lelmi, the 'enfant gaté' of Opera House habitués, will take his benefit on Friday next. A splendid programme is announced for the occasion, and Madlle. Baratty, a new 'prima donna,' will make her appearance as the page in the 'Ballo in Maschera.' She is said to be a good singer and to look to great advantage in the costume incidental to this 'role.'

The run of luck to the printing world continues. One of the compositors in Mr. Estrada's printing office drew \$14,000 mje in the Beneficencia lottery last week.

An infallible remedy for small-pox is said to be coming into extensive use in Europe. It is a North American plant, the 'Sarracenia,' and has proved, whenever tried for some years past, a sure cure for this dreadful ailment.

A full description of Taborda's, one of the Baradero assassins, who has not yet been arrested, has been forwarded to all the Justices of Peace throughout the Province, in order to ensure his arrest. He is an Entre Riano, rather good looking it is said, with a fresh complexion, fine teeth, and aquiline nose. The second was looked on as a kind of swell amongst his companions, as he generally wears a black cloth coat, and occasionally a

'chiripa' of a bright blue color. He is also very particular as to the trappings of his horses, of which he has two, a 'picaso' and a 'colorado.' It is very unlikely this ruffian will be arrested, as he has probably joined Jordan or the Blancos.

We regret to perceive that the cattle plague has broken out at Baradero on the estancia of Colonel Gaizna, Minister of War.

Last week two bullocks were sent in to the slaughter houses in this city, and were looked for consumption, but as the meat looked doubtful, Professor Zuda had it thrown out. It is subject of remark that since a proper inspection of the markets has been instituted the quality of the beef supplied for consumption has greatly improved. None but animals in good condition are now slaughtered.

The s.s. Isabella arrived at Montevideo from Genoa on Friday with 545 Italians; she made the run out in 37 days.

The Captain and two men of the British brig Rosario died on her last voyage from Paranaqua to Valparaiso. Five thousand pounds' worth of jewellery was stolen from a jeweller's shop in Calle Independencia, Montevideo, on Thursday last, as also £200 in money.

Mr. and Mrs. Heine's benefit in aid of the British Hospital in Montevideo was to come off last night.

It is eighteen years since snow fell in Rosario. The natives say that Mr. Henly and his merry men brought them this unpleasant visitor from Alblion's shores.

A man named Villol was arrested last week in Barracas, for deliberately murdering a policeman.

We remark that our colleague La Discussion in a late issue pays a just tribute to excellence of the management of the Southern Railway; but suggests the advisability of the Manager at once resuming the publication of the time-tables in the newspapers. We quite agree with our colleague; stopping the publication of the time-tables has proved a loss to the Companies, and a serious inconvenience to the public.

The Football Club will hold another match on Wednesday. Sides to be drawn on the ground.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

June 25th.

The little Aparicio revolution still continues to hang out, despite of the organized armies of the Government on this and the other side of the Rio Negro.

Meantime the Camaras here are daily decreeing pensions 'por gracia especial' to the widows, children, and parents of military officers, senators, and civil functionaries, augmenting the life pensions of men in the vigor of manhood, and recognising resuscitated claims belonging to Government adherents for hundreds of thousands of dollars.

However respectable these claims may be for their antiquity, it is not the time to settle them when the Government is unable to clothe, feed, or pay the unfortunate National Guards of the departments (those of Montevideo excepted), who are dragged from their homes and their interests in the dead of winter at a moment's warning, and forced to trot off to wherever the Comisarios order them; and if they clear out in order to avoid waking up in the morning, like Paddy, 'as cowid and stiff as a frozen potato,' they are hunted down by armed parties, who shoot them for Blancos when they catch them. These poor famishing 'matrosos' don't do anything more than the subordinate authorities do; they only take what they please: the authorities do the same, but they no longer give 'rales' for what they take; and no one can blame them, for their 'rales' are repudiated by the Treasury, and they themselves get the cold shoulder given to them for being such fools as to believe in the sincerity of the official proclamations ordering them to respect private property.

The exciting topic of finance in Government quarters at present is to know how to enable the Government to pay its subscription to the Central Uruguay Railway. One senator proposes to lay an additional duty of two per cent. on imports; but other senators are alarmed at the idea of increasing the duties, for fear that the two per cent. additional should prove to be the feather added to the load that broke the camel's back. The Minister of Hacienda prefers a loan, and his preference is a very sensible one which merits consideration, although it is not very new. The great difficulty would be to find a lender. Bankrupts always prefer to pay off their debts with a loan when they can get anybody spooney enough to lend them. With our Government craft under full headway, with all sail set, and steering directly for the breakers of insolvency, no responsible man would touch a loan, except it might be Baron Mauá, who has the very particular talent of putting backbones 'into rickety Governments, and holding them up until they can get rid of him.

Commerce, in the old-fashioned sense of the word, does not exist. Murders are becoming uncomfortably frequent here. The night before last a man killed a woman in the house of a 'partera' close by the Policia; and although the murderer left his hat behind him, the police can't or won't find the man. When the Chief of Police cannot find the murderer, he ought to have good sense enough to perceive that he has mistaken his vocation, and resign at once.

Our Government craft under full headway, with all sail set, and steering directly for the breakers of insolvency, no responsible man would touch a loan, except it might be Baron Mauá, who has the very particular talent of putting backbones 'into rickety Governments, and holding them up until they can get rid of him.

Commerce, in the old-fashioned sense of the word, does not exist. Murders are becoming uncomfortably frequent here. The night before last a man killed a woman in the house of a 'partera' close by the Policia; and although the murderer left his hat behind him, the police can't or won't find the man. When the Chief of Police cannot find the murderer, he ought to have good sense enough to perceive that he has mistaken his vocation, and resign at once.



ENGLISH EMIGRATION TO SOUTH AMERICA.

The following article, which we extract from the Times, bears on a topic of much interest to us all— The Republic of Guayana is rich, it appears, in water and waste land. As the Orinoco is part of the water-power of the State, it may be supposed that element is a drag on those parts. They do not sell that. But the Republic sells its waste lands, so President Della Costa says, at the very moderate price of four pounds sterling for three square miles. When we add, on the authority of our Gazetteer, "that the lowlands about the Delta of the Orinoco reek with pestilential exhalations", "that elephantiasis and goitre seem to be here endemic diseases", and that fevers and dysentery are rather the rule than the exception, it will be evident that no settler, unless endowed with the proverbial cheerfulness of Mr. Mark Tapley, ought ever to entertain the notion of colonizing those swampy shores.

But what are Englishmen but the nation of Mark Tapleys? Here is "the Chartered American, English, and Venezuelan Trading and Commercial Company," which has been able to persuade a band of British emigrants to find their way to an unhealthy locality on the Cauca River, where for land "wholly unimproved, not a tree having been cut or a swamp drained or a hut built on it," the Company had demanded and obtained from the emigrants £4 for lots of ten acres. The story of these emigrants is briefly this:—Under the leadership of Mr. Bond, lately Captain in Her Majesty's 91st Highlanders, they left Europe in October, and arrived at Ciudad Bolivar in November. There the difficulties of their position met them on landing. They were unassisted by the company, and unassisted they found it impossible to make their way to their settlement on the Cauca River. We do not believe they would ever have got thither had not the President furnished them with three months' provisions, forwarded them to the settlement, and otherwise befriended them. Even then their troubles did not cease, for, though the President was kind, the canoe men to whom they were confided stole the greater part of the President's provisions on the voyage up. At last, however, they arrived, in number between 60 and 70 souls, of all ages and both sexes, only to find their "township a dense unexplored tropical forest, liable in many places to be overflowed by the river during the wet season." Exposure to the sun produced its natural results—dysentery and fever. "The gentleman who had been charged by the President to assist them left the settlement, and did not return." They had no provisions, and were soon reduced to subsist on beans and rice. Even those dainties were rapidly diminishing, and "starvation stared them in the face."

When the settlement found itself starving, and that the gentleman appointed by President Della Costa to watch over their interests did not return, like the raven that flew away from the ark and never flew back again, they resolved to send out three doves of their own. Of these one died on the journey, but two of them, one being Mr. S. Barry, lately an officer in the 3d King's Own Hussars, made their way down the river and succeeded in reaching the island of Trinidad, between which and the Orinoco there is frequent communication. Their sad story, backed by remonstrances already made by President Della Costa to Mr. Gordon, produced such an effect on the Governor's mind that he sat down and wrote a despatch to Lord Granville, in which he called the attention of the Colonial Secretary to the fact that President Della Costa begged the British Government to aid him in taking steps to prevent any further immigration to Venezuela under similar auspices.

But the question we have to ask is one which we desire to put to the emigrants themselves, and it is this—Would any of them, had they been asked to go and camp out on the wilds of Dartmoor, or on the hills of Conemaugh, and not only to camp out, but to live and, in all probability, end their days there, after no great interval of time—would any of them, we say, have accepted the offer and jumped at the proposal? No! They would have said, "Agues, rheumatism, and typhoid fevers are to be caught in tents on bleak hill-sides and boggy moors. We men, used, some of us, to hardy and toil and privation, could never rough it in this way, much less our wives and children." They would one and all have declined the suggestion of emigrating to Devonshire, or Scotland, or Ireland, and yet they have crossed many thousand miles of sea only to undertake another perilous river journey in a pestilential climate, to find themselves landed on a swamp at their journey's end, a prey to famine, fever and dysentery. Credulity, indeed, like pauperism, will never cease from the earth. The fools, as well as the poor, will be always among us. We think it open to much doubt whether emigrants from the upper classes, as a rule, are ever likely to be good founders of a settlement. In some men, indeed, there is a spirit of enterprise and adventure which will overcome all obstacles; but even these men are very rare examples, one out of a thousand, fit leaders for a band of followers of baser (but

tougher metal. If such spirits must emigrate, taking their wives and families, and in some cases, like Eneas and Anchises, carrying their fathers and mothers on their backs, why should they go out to perish in the swamps of the Orinoco? As if we had no colonies of our own—as though England had not surveyed the whole earth, and taken its fairest portions in possession. There is Canada, wild enough and cold enough, in all conscience, to satisfy the adventure of the boldest spirit, but fertile enough and healthy enough to nourish all who can endure the monotony of her long winter.

There is British Columbia, in some respects more genial, and in none worse than Canada, except in remoteness. There is Australia, with a whole continent of climates to choose from, all eminently salubrious. If the healthiness of New Zealand is partly counterbalanced by its unruly savages, there is Tasmania, now without a native; long settled, yet still with abundance of land for emigrants with a perfect climate, and Representative Institutions, to which the great praise that can be given is that the Tasmanian Constitution works without making any noise. With all these British Colonies, and more than these, to choose from, our emigrants, of whatever class, must be hard indeed to please should they decline them all and give their preference to the Orinoco.

**SOUTH AMERICAN PROGRESS.** We take from a Californian contemporary the following appreciations respecting the progress of South American States:— Chile, Peru, Brazil, Bolivia, and the Argentine Republic are each striving to get the lead in South America. Chile is, in proportion to its area, the most prosperous. It has built several important railroads, established a good system of popular education, made many improvements in the old system of agriculture and mining, and reached the path of intellectual and material progress. It is the only Spanish state which has avoided serious civil war for thirty years; and although it grants the right of suffrage to only about one-twentieth of its adult male citizens, the institutions are free, and the administration creditable. The majority of the people are poor and ignorant, but their condition is improving. The silver mines of Copiapó and the copper mines on the border of the desert of Atacama are among the richest known. The wheat fields of Chile are the most productive of South America, and the climate of the country is favorable to the production of wine. Peru has a mine of wealth in her guano islands which yield a large revenue to the Government with very little trouble or expense. Most of the receipts from these islands have been squandered in corruption and civil war, but the present administration has made railroad contracts which will take all the spare cash of the Government for many years to come. One to run from Callao to Oroya, on the banks of the Chanchamayo, a tributary of the Amazon, to be 100 miles long, is to cost \$27,500,000; and the other, to run from Ocoana, on the Pacific, to Puno on Lake Titicaca, to be 200 miles long, is to cost \$44,000,000. Both roads are nearly parallel with the equator, and will open up valuable districts now practically inaccessible, and both are in the hands of Harry Jeiggs, as contractor. The road running eastward from Callao will be extended to the navigable waters of the Amazon, and will thus furnish a steam route across the continent at its widest part. Peru has a large and fertile territory east of the summit of the Andes, and it cannot be developed without such enterprises as these roads. Brazil, after throwing open the navigation of the Amazon, has invited immigrants to that part of the empire with success, and Pará, at the mouth of the river, not long since an insignificant town, is now a city of forty thousand inhabitants and is now rapidly growing. It is the main terminus for a number of river steamers and many roads are projected from it, leading out to the interior. Some Americans are putting down a street railroad. The Brazilian Cabinet are considering the policy of building a railroad westward from Rio Janeiro, to meet an extension of the Ocoana and Puno railroad.

The Pacific frontage of Bolivia being small, barren, destitute of any valuable sea-port, and separated from the eastern slope by an almost impassable ridge, the republic needs access to the ocean by railroads through neighboring states. The projected line from Ocoana to Rio Janeiro, will pass through the middle of Bolivia, and when built will open up one of the most fertile parts of the continent. The northern part of the territory of Bolivia is accessible by steamboats by the Purus and other branches of the Amazon, and the Bolivian Colonization Company, incorporated in San Francisco, intend to send a steamer this summer to establish a settlement on their grant of 100,000 square miles and open trade there.

The Argentine Republic having a considerable area of fertile land with a temperate climate conveniently accessible from the ocean, is the chief attraction in South America for European emigrants, who are flocking to Buenos Ayres. The development of South America contributes to increase the necessity and political importance of the New World, and of the Pacific Ocean, in both of which California holds a large interest.

BRIGANDAGE IN CHILE.

A horrible story of brigandage reaches us from Chile. Don Gómez Lagoberon, a famous bandit captain who from his fastnesses in the Sierra Profunda, has long defied the Chilean authorities, was recently pursued with the brigands under his command, by a body of troops, which succeeded in cutting him off from his followers, and driving him to take refuge in a cavern situated near the summit of one of the lofty mountains constituting the above named range. In this cavern he had concealed a female captive whose husband he had robbed and slain, and whom he had compelled to live with him as his mistress. The soldiers made several attempts to reach the entrance to this cavern, to which there was only one means of access—a mere mountain goat track; but Lagoberon, a man of gigantic stature and herculean strength, rolled heavy rocks down upon them, and succeeded in driving them off, after several men had been severely injured. The officer in command, unwilling to sacrifice his troop uselessly, resolved to starve the bandit out, and 'sate down' before the place. After two days' blockade, however, the soldiers grew weary of so tedious and humiliating an expedition, so they improvised an escalade of the robber chieftain's stronghold, and succeeded in capturing him. The poor woman was found in a dying state, and she expired shortly after her rescue from the clutches of her barbarous paramour. He was conveyed to Talca, where he was promptly tried and condemned to death by the garrote. In South America execution follows sentence with startling rapidity; and Gómez was straightway conducted to the scaffold, guarded by an escort of mounted gendarmes. While the executioner was engaged in adjusting his *toilette de mort*, the convict drew a whistle from his pocket, and blew it sharply; whereupon about sixty of his men, who had introduced themselves amongst the crowd surrounding the scaffold, rushed upon the gendarmes, and massacred them ere they could offer any resistance. They freed Lagoberon, and completed their enterprise in a manner not devoid of certain ghastly humour, by garrotting the executioner, after which they escaped, almost unscathed, to the mountains. They are probably still at liberty, practising their profession to the terror of the whole country round. It should be observed that to facilitate their flight they annexed the horses of the fallen gendarmes; and that a good many of their seized women from the throng gathered upon the place of execution, carrying them away, flung across their saddle-bows. The social condition of Chile, as revealed by this narrative, is one of the most hopeless degradation, only to be equalled by that of Mexico, Greece, and certain districts of Central Africa, where murder, lust, and rapine are the rules of life. Civilization penetrates but slowly into these savage countries, of whose existence we are scarcely ever reminded save by some appalling and revolting incident, like the Marathon massacre, or the cannibalism of Don Gomez Lagoberon.

**EXPECTED VISITORS.** From our Pacific exchanges received yesterday we take the following, which may interest our readers, as the parties referred to will shortly visit the Plate:— One, and perhaps the greatest human curiosity, is Miss Anna Swan, a young lady of twenty-one years of age eight feet and one inch in height, and weighing four hundred and thirteen pounds. She is very properly termed the *Colossus of Giantesses*, being the largest woman in the world, and from her youth and elasticity it may be inferred that her complete growth has not yet culminated. Miss Swan was born of Scotch parents in Nova Scotia. Her father was a man of ordinary stature, and her mother was beneath the average size of American women. At the age of seven years Miss Swan had reached the height of her mother, and exceeded her in weight. She has received a diamond finger-ring from Queen Victoria. After her return to this country, she travelled through the Southern States, and is now in Panama, from which she intends to start at an early day for a tour through South America. Miss Zebiede Luti, supposed to be the most beautiful lady in the world, is another of those wondrous human curiosities. She is a native of Circassia, and was rescued from bondage—into which she had been sold—by an American gentleman, who was one of the excursionists to the Holy Land by the Quaker City. This gentleman brought her to this country with him. She has also visited all the Capitals in Europe, and received the most flattering testimonials everywhere. As is well known, the Circassian women are prodigies of personal beauty, and Miss Luti is supposed to be, and probably is, one of the most beautiful of her countrywomen. The great French giant forms the third of this remarkable party. He is over eight feet in height, is well proportioned, and steps as lightly as any man of his age. He had been a soldier in the service of France, but for some time past has exhibited himself as a curiosity, and always with success. The immense size of the giant and seeing men or women of ordinary stature stand beside them. A man six feet high can walk under the giant's arm.

Major Green, one of the most perfectly formed dwarfs in the world, is the fourth of these curiosities. He is 38 inches in height, and weighs forty-five pounds.

ON 'CHANGE.

June 27th, 1870.
Ocoana, 400
Sovereigns, 12 1/2
Patacons, 25
Nat. Bonds, 6 1/2

The bond market continues to rise, and prices again advanced to-day; as the end of the quarter approaches there is a greater disposition to buy the purchases for the end of the month to-day were chiefly for outsiders who, as money is easy, buy to collect the coupon. There were no sales cash, but for Thursday 85,000 at 6 1/2, for July 4, 6,000 at 6 1/2; and 20,000 for July 15 at 6 1/2, which with the coupon is nearly equal to 6 1/2.

There is of course great speculation as to the amount of bonds to be delivered at the end of the month, and some brokers have already a list made out showing the names of the brokers who have to receive bonds. According to this list some well known brokers have to receive over 300,000 bonds, whilst only two well known brokers have any very large amount to deliver: the names with the amount for each broker have been given us, but the publication of same might interfere with business. If any reliance can be placed on this schedule, there is yet a very large amount of bonds to be bought to liquidate the month's business. In the liquidation room at after hours prices advanced 1/4, sales being made for Thursday at 6 1/2, at which price the market closed, buyers.

Exchange was done to-day at 5 1/2, on France, also at 5 1/2 and at 5 1/2. On England at 4 1/2 payable next Saturday. At these rates there was a brisk business done. Money rules very easy large sums were offering on bonds to-day at 9 per cent, but there seems little disposition to take up money for long dates even at these low rates. Government bills were done to-day at 10 per cent. The Montevideo telegraph was working to-day and announced the following arrivals:— Captain J. O. MORSE, Piro from Rio. Desto from Cadiz. Timoteo from Barcelona. Saterney from Marcellis. Queen Tal from Ma'acilles. Leonora from Cardiff. Paulin David from Troon. Bertha from Amsterdam. Emma Zabler, from Rio. Rene, from Bordeaux. Enrique, from Malaga. H. M. Nelson, Cardiff. Felicidade, from Pernambuco. Montevideo, from Genoa. Buenos Ayres, from Genoa.

The clerk Mr. E. Masfaro was robbed of \$1000 paid in the Principal Bank to-day—five bills of 200 pts each, which he had just received from the Argentine Bank. The death of Mr. Colon Chisolm in Rosario was announced on 'Change to-day. Mr. Chisolm many years ago was manager of the house of Rennie, Tweedy & Co., and had recently returned from Australia, and was about to be executed in the house of Milligan & Williamson. Some sales in pins and salt are announced; white pins at 39 patacons, and New York pins at 42 pts. Several sales of Cadiz salt at from 14 to 15 1/2 real on board. The cargo of the Hollesport has been nearly all sold at reserved rates. The captain of the Swedish barque Andromeda, arrived at Montevideo, reports having spoken the following vessels:— Joven Emilia, Barcelona to Buenos Ayres, May 14. Lat. 3 N, Long. 26 W. French barque Oriental, May 19. 4 1/2 N, 26 W, from Cardiff to Montevideo. French barque Sorvaunis, from B. Ayres, arrived at Valparaiso in 60 days. Dutch brig Hertha do, 60 days. English ship Anne Cheshire, from Montevideo, do, 78 days. French ship Ville de Toulouse, from B. Ayres, 46 days. German barque Louise, from Montevideo 45 days.

The captain of the steamer Tala, arrived to-day, reports that a Buenos passenger on board had attacked some of the passengers, and when he was surrounded and the pistol taken from him, jumped overboard and was drowned. There was some noise on 'Change this afternoon from Entre Rios, and it was said that Jordan and Rivas were fighting when the steamer left. Messrs. Graham, Watson and Co. move their warehouse from 122 to 173 Calle Piedra, the premises lately occupied by Proudford, Hall, the winding up of which they are engaged with. Mr. Hazzan, who for some time has been laid up with a sprained ankle, was welcomed on 'Change to-day. The steamer Isabella from Genoa has brought 515 Italian immigrants. It was said that within the last few days over 2,000 Italian emigrants have arrived. The National Government has published the notice of the payment of the coupons and amortization of the National Bonds on the 1st prox. to the 8th. We notice that the Roads and Bridges Stock is included, which shows an improvement in that department. There is much conjecture as to the rate of amortization; it is generally believed that it will be about 70. In Congress there was a very animated discussion about the thirty million loan. The House rejects the four millions for the port; the other measures will probably be passed. In every circle on 'Change there is loud complaint respecting the Indian Invasion, which is said to have been the most terrible and disastrous in this century. Many parties are or have been in this country, and many parties are heavy losers by this savage onslaught suggest that a public meeting should be called to consider measures for the better protection of the frontiers.

Some valuable houses have been sold these days: that of the Saubidet family in Calle Belgrano, between Tacuaya and Buen Oros, with 18 varas front and 70 deep, sold for 740,000 to Sor Magdalena. The house near San Nicolas church, in Calle Artes, where the Club del Parque meets, with 23 1/2 varas front and 80' deep, was sold for 1,850,000; it is a fine house of altes. As an instance of the agricultural returns of which the soil of these countries is capable we give the following statistics which have been kindly furnished us with respect to the colony established two years ago on Mr. Hughes's estancia near Paysandú. 10 acres hay yielded a crop that was sold at 2 1/4 per acre. 10 acres barley gave 8 fanegas per acre, of inferior quality, valued at 3 dollars (8s. per fanega, say 25 per acre). 30 acres maize yielded 7 fanegas per acre, of good quality, which fetched 3 1/2 dollars per fanega (25 per acre). 45 acres wheat yielded 7 sacks per acre, 60 lbs. per bushel, worth about 26 shillings per acre, equal to 20 per acre. The above result is highly satisfactory, and we congratulate Mr. Hughes for the same. In the South Plaza we hear of important transactions in sheepskins. Mr. Arrie sold 2,000 dozen 'matadero estancia' at 135s. Three other splendid lots 200 up to 235, and a superfine lot 245; all long wool. Wool, only two lots, 60 to 63.

**TEMPERATURE.** June 27—Monday, 2 p.m. Fahrenheit, 55.

**DEPARTURES.** Per steamship Bala— Mr and Mrs Harry Simpson, two Misses Cranwell, Messrs Arenillas, Lookyer, Higginson, Schwager, Ellis, Ferguson, and Miss Hillicks.

**MARRIAGE.** May 23 at St. John's Church, by the Rev. J. A. de, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Lot, Frederick, eldest son of Septimo Tolken, Esq., Shackwell London, to Nellie, youngest daughter of the late B. Skeritt, M.P., Berks.

GUINNESS'S Extra Stout. BOTTLED BY MACHEN and CO., Exports for MOORE AND TUDOR, And guaranteed by a facsimile of their signature. FRENCH, ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON, WATCH MANUFACTURER.

GELATINE. COX'S CELEBRATED GELATINE, In Packets, Is the best and Cheapest. On Sale at all the ENGLISH STORE DEALERS, AND GROCERS.

COMMISSION AND STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF RUBIO AND FOLEY, MAYO. For Montevideo, The National Steamship RIO PARAGUAY, OF 800 TONS, Captain J. O. MORSE. This first-class, fast, and commodious Steamer is established on this route, taking cargo, passengers, and parcels, leaving this port every Friday, and returning every Wednesday.

REMATES. F. MADERO Y Ca. Sexto gran remate de cigarras habanos legitimos, y vinos finos de mesa. En su marca de caballo Bolivar num. 14. El 21 de marzo del corriente a las 12 vendemos al mejor precio, el remate de un lote de cigarras loto, una gran partida como de 112,000 cigarras legitimos de la Habana, que se vendieron por cuenta de dos respetables casas introducidas y se lotes de a 500 como para particulares y con opcion a tomar cantidad los especuladores. Los marcos son las siguientes:— Tanto los cigarras como los vinos son de marcas acreditadas. "Principe de Gales", en conjuncion de a 25 & 425 cada cigarras, pero moririn al mejor precio, marca "Umas", (cigarras) Principe de Gales, "Victoria", (tribucos), Caballito y Gueguajal. "La Integridad", Cazadores de la Reina, "Palmas", "Flor de las Vegas", "Flor de Perla", "Cañones Reunidos", "Columbo", "Flor de Salazar", y mil otras de reconocida fama.

THE HENLY COLONY. Gentlemen are invited to join Mr. Henly's Colony, near Rosario. ENTRANCE FEE—£100. Same to be re-occupied hereafter part of half the share of the profits. Apply to Mr. Henly, 81 Calle Comercio, Rosario, Santa Fe. 205, spj23

ADUANA CHICHA. We beg to inform all Merchants who had Goods deposited in the above Warehouse, that it is necessary for them to send in, without delay, the Permits they require to enable them to transport their Goods to the Llanos Depto, as they are necessary, in order to verify the deliveries in April last. After the 15th of July we will not recognise any claim from those who have not complied with this request. SAGUIER and GONDRA. Buenos Ayres, June 25, 1870. 223, spj26

WOMAN AND HER NEEDS. Subject by the law of nature to many physical ailments from which man is exempt, woman is peculiarly entitled to the best efforts of medical science in her behalf. For a majority of the ailments to which her sex is exclusively liable, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are warmly recommended on the authority of wives, mothers, and nurses, who have tested their genial tonic and regulating properties, and know whereof they speak. It is also with the sanction of able physicians, who have administered the preparation to their female patients, in obstinate cases of functional derangement, with the happiest results. Almost all female complaints of a special character, are complicated with mental gloom and despondency, and the gentle and lasting exhilarating effects of this wholesome medicinal stimulant adapts admirably for cases of this complex nature. As a remedy for the hysteria and mental hallucinations which sometimes mark both the earlier and the later crisis in the life of woman, it has no equal in the reports of the healing art, and as a means of relieving the unease and other unpleasant feelings which precede maternity, it is equally efficacious. Nursing mothers also find it an admirable invigorant. It is highly satisfactory that a preparation which embraces in its remedial range so many of the complaints common to both sexes, should prove so eminently beneficial to the weaker one.

WITNEY CLOTH RIDING JACKETS. Witney Cloth Waistcoats. Witney Cloth Gaiters. Witney Cloth is everlasting wear. EDINBURGH HOUSE, 107—CALLE CORRIENTES—107. Two doors from Florida. 237 spj24

LADIES' KID GLOVES 420 PER PAIR. Ladies' Lined Kid Gloves 40s. per pair. Ladies' and Children's ENGLISH BOOT STORE, 195—Calle Piedra—195. Between Florida and Maipu. 26

THE QUARTERLY SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT OF THE School connected with the American Church will be held at the Church, Calle Comercio No. 26, To-morrow, Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock a.m. Addresses will be delivered by different gentlemen. Friends generally are invited to attend. 102

CIRCO CHIARINI. PLAZA PARQUE ESQUINA DE TUUMAN. MARTES, 28 DE JUNIO, 1870. Entre los varios ejercicios habrá gran volteo al galope en el caballo en polo por el Artista italiano Giulio Magri. Ejercicio acro en el trapico por Mr. Potter, el Sr. Chiarini presentará a un mardo de famoso caballo Chano Bonito, el caballo griego en cuatro caballos en polo por la niña de 7 años Paulina Magri, Prince y Duke inteligentes caballos presentados por el Sr. Chiarini de los Perros Rowland y Tracy en sus chislonas intermedias cómicas. No faltaran en programo la familia Espasola Peresina el Sr. Pacifico Vignoli y demas Artistas. Precios. Entrada general.....\$ 25mp. Polcos con 6 sillas..... 150 " Tertulia..... 20 " Niños menores de 10 años..... 10 " NOTA—Las pue tas se habrán a las 7 y la funcion empezará a las 8 en punto. ORTA—Las funciones son diarias, los Domingos y dias festivos habrá dos funciones.

PLANTAS. S. MARTINIS S. P. COULIN. Se dá un Gran Remate de Jueros 30 del corriente a las 11 en punto, hay de 6 a 8 mil plantas que forman un finísimo mosaico como se ve en el prospecto que acompaña a este anuncio, todo ganado en esta clase, las magníficas armaduras, deben vendarse en las casas, los especuladores que deseen comprar, se presenten a las 10 en punto, con el fin de comprar en particular toda clase de plantas y sembrarlas, las funciones para el campamento y el comercio.

REMATES. F. MADERO Y Ca. Sexto gran remate de cigarras habanos legitimos, y vinos finos de mesa. En su marca de caballo Bolivar num. 14. El 21 de marzo del corriente a las 12 vendemos al mejor precio, el remate de un lote de cigarras loto, una gran partida como de 112,000 cigarras legitimos de la Habana, que se vendieron por cuenta de dos respetables casas introducidas y se lotes de a 500 como para particulares y con opcion a tomar cantidad los especuladores. Los marcos son las siguientes:— Tanto los cigarras como los vinos son de marcas acreditadas. "Principe de Gales", en conjuncion de a 25 & 425 cada cigarras, pero moririn al mejor precio, marca "Umas", (cigarras) Principe de Gales, "Victoria", (tribucos), Caballito y Gueguajal. "La Integridad", Cazadores de la Reina, "Palmas", "Flor de las Vegas", "Flor de Perla", "Cañones Reunidos", "Columbo", "Flor de Salazar", y mil otras de reconocida fama.

MACKERN BROTHERS, 44 Calle San Martin 44. 238-10p j24

FOR MONTEVIDEO, THE NATIONAL STEAMER, RIO PARAGUAY. GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES. This fine-class, quick, and commodious Steamer is established on this route, taking cargo, passengers, and parcels, leaving this port on Friday, and returning from Montevideo on Wednesday. She can receive cargo as soon as she arrives until Friday. TARIFF OF PASSAGE: Cabin.....\$ 6 Stowage..... 3 " Cargo..... 1 per ton Gold..... 1/2 " Silver..... 1/2 "

DR. LEESON HAS REMOVED TO THE HOTEL PROVENCE, 163, 165, 167. THE FAMILY GROCERY STORE, 60—CALLE SAN MARTIN—60 (Opposite the Provincial Bank). The greater part of our Stock is renewed semi-monthly by importations, direct per Steamer, especially for this Establishment. Every Article warranted. 6, spj26

AL COMERCIO. La sucesion de la casa de los Srs. Proudford Hall y Ca. de Montevideo, conocida bajo la misma firma en esta ciudad, se pondrá en liquidacion desde el treinta del corriente. El gerente Don Juan Macdonell se encuentra en su escritorio Calle Reconquista No. 85. Buenos Ayres, Junio 23 de 1870. 238, 3p j28

ENGLISH CATHOLIC COLLEGE, MONTEVIDEO. The Rev. J. R. DAVIS has opened his College at No. 30 Calle Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, where, in addition to Day Pupils, he is prepared to receive a limited number of Boarders. Terms for Day Pupils, Ten Gold Dollars per month. 121

A GOOD CHANCE. TO BE SOLD, in Calle Cordova, No. 369, a splendid HOUSE. It comprises 194 varas in Calle Cordova, by 66 in Paranaíta Street. In every way it would be a most desirable purchase, as the neighborhood is a ring one and the locality healthy. For further particulars apply on the Premises at any hour. 17—my23

UN LINDO cuarto amueblado para hombre solo Calle de Reconquista No. 230 6p j26



HOSSETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. Sole Agents, JOHN EASTMAN AND SON, 9 & 11—Calle Defensa—9 & 11. Cattle Plague. It is now an authorized fact that the Cattle Plague is spreading over all the Camp, and therefore recommended by the BOARD of HEALTH not to eat Meat. The only substitute for Meat is the EXTRACT OF MEAT. Prepared at Fray Bentos by Larion Lábila y Cia, and is the real article for Soups, Beef Tea, Sauces, and Full directions with every jar. SOUPS: An excellently flavored soup is obtained by boiling in water for about thirty minutes (or longer) either fresh or preserved vegetables, especially celery, carrots, or other roots, potatoes, rice, gruel, sago, tapioca, arrowroot, and by then adding to the above-mentioned proportion, with Salt. Sold Wholesale and Retail at ORANWELL and MURRAY'S, Apothecaries & Chemists, 66—CALLE RECONQUISTA—66 46, spj28

HENRY DOWSE, CUSTOM-HOUSE COMMISSION AGENT, 67—CALLE MAYO—67. Passengers arriving by the Packet, and other persons ignorant of the routine of clearing their Luggage and other effects, will, on application at this Office, find every assistance for the despatch of the same. Office situated about two squares from the Passengers' Mole, a few doors from the Europa Hotel, Calle 26 de Mayo. H. B. Jarels, Case Goods, &c., forwarded to the Pinaros or the Interior Towns of this Province. 175, 1m j29

MACKERN BROTHERS, 44 Calle San Martin 44. 238-10p j24

FOR MONTEVIDEO, THE NATIONAL STEAMER, RIO PARAGUAY. GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES. This fine-class, quick, and commodious Steamer is established on this route, taking cargo, passengers, and parcels, leaving this port on Friday, and returning from Montevideo on Wednesday. She can receive cargo as soon as she arrives until Friday. TARIFF OF PASSAGE: Cabin.....\$ 6 Stowage..... 3 " Cargo..... 1 per ton Gold..... 1/2 " Silver..... 1/2 "

AL COMERCIO. La sucesion de la casa de los Srs. Proudford Hall y Ca. de Montevideo, conocida bajo la misma firma en esta ciudad, se pondrá en liquidacion desde el treinta del corriente. El gerente Don Juan Macdonell se encuentra en su escritorio Calle Reconquista No. 85. Buenos Ayres, Junio 23 de 1870. 238, 3p j28

ENGLISH CATHOLIC COLLEGE, MONTEVIDEO. The Rev. J. R. DAVIS has opened his College at No. 30 Calle Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, where, in addition to Day Pupils, he is prepared to receive a limited number of Boarders. Terms for Day Pupils, Ten Gold Dollars per month. 121

A GOOD CHANCE. TO BE SOLD, in Calle Cordova, No. 369, a splendid HOUSE. It comprises 194 varas in Calle Cordova, by 66 in Paranaíta Street. In every way it would be a most desirable purchase, as the neighborhood is a ring one and the locality healthy. For further particulars apply on the Premises at any hour. 17—my23

UN LINDO cuarto amueblado para hombre solo Calle de Reconquista No. 230 6p j26

WANTED, a Girl of gentle manners, between twelve and fourteen years of age, to take care of a child, in a respectable family. Apply at 449 Calle Suipacha. 208, spj24



SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU & Co. 101-Cangallo-103 BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mau & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mau & Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and has

opened a Savings Bank at No 103 Calle Cangallo from nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned. Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mau & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mau & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense services to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. MAU & Co., M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

CONDITIONS. thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. c.) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retrieve the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one

CHILBLAINS.

CURED IN ONE NIGHT. By the BALSAMO OF DR. GHEEVES.

WILLIAM CRANWELL, PHARMACEUTICAL HALL, 30—CALLE RIVADAVIA—30 210,1m,j24

THE LIBRERIA EUROPA. We beg to inform our Customers, and the Public in general, that on or about the 20th inst. will be OPENED our New Store, in the

JACOBSON and SODERSTEDT Proprietors. 41,10p,j21

SEMIJAS de legumbres y hortalizas, recientemente llegadas de Francia, frescas y de primera calidad, se han provado ya, y han resultado perfectamente bien en Buenos Ayres, en el cabanon Marcellino por Sr. D. Luis Boutovin.

RECENTLY PUBLISHED, "THE ILLUSTRATED GUIDE" To the Markets of England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales.

MACKERN, Brothers, 44—Calle San Martin—44 195,6p,j23

WARMTH AND COMFORT FOR THE CHEST. LUNG PRESERVERS.

These highly ingenious appliances are essential, whether in delicate or sound health. They are a decided improvement on the old-fashioned Chest Protector.

At WILLIAM CRANWELL'S Pharmaceutical Hall, 30—CALLE RIVADAVIA—30 160,xp,mj13

ATTENTION. WILLIAM BARRY & CO., 101—CALLE POTOSI—101

By respectfully informing their numerous friends and acquaintances in both City and Camp, that they have opened their new and extensive premises.

All operations performed with the greatest despatch, without pain or loss of blood, and a perfect cure guaranteed in every instance.

J. RAUNHEIM, CHIROPODIST, 81—CALLE SUIPACHA—81

ceils great pleasure in again introducing him self (after an absence of six years) to the respectable Public of Buenos Ayres, cordially inviting all who suffer from Corns, Bunions, Ingrown Nails, or other Diseases of the Feet, to pay him a visit, at any hour from 8 to 11 a.m., or from 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays and Holidays from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m.

SEWING MACHINES. A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and best invention, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW, 206—Venezuela—206.

EDICTO JUDICIAL. Por desiccion de Sr. Juez de primera Instancia en lo civil Dr. Don Jorge Echevarria, se han de hacer almonedas y remate bajo la galea de la casa de Don Juan Manuel de los Rios, diez y nueve y veinte del presente Julio, en un terreno con edificios y plantas situado en el pueblo de Dolores perteneciente a la testamentaria de Da. Abolina Guayana y Buitrago, compuesta de cuatrocientos varas de frente con cuarenta y cinco de fondo, situado todo en la suma de ciento diez y seis mil pesos moneda corriente.

Los que se interesen en la compra y quieren enterarse de sus condiciones podran concurrir a la oficina de Don Adolfo Codes, Julio 18 de 1870. Nemesio Zanetti.

GEORGE KEAN, Shipbroker, Custom-house and General Commission Agent, Interpreter, &c.

CALLE BAJADO, ROSARIO DE SANTA FE, 229,1m,j27

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS. Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paz, which is the largest and best in this city.

MUTTON SAUSAGES. Made solely by Machinery, by Nicholson and Co., the London Butchers. May be bought in the Old Market, or sent by Parcel Post.

C. TURBEAU and CO., 22 SAN MARTIN.

FAMILIES will find them not only economical, but also delicious.

JOHN J. J. KYLE, Dispensing and Analytical Chemist.

Begs respectfully to inform his Friends and the Public, that the Public Establishment with which he is in any way connected, is the which for more than three years he has conducted, as Managing Partner of the Firm of ESTYNE & KYLE.

Antigua Botica Marengo, CALLE DE LA FLORIDA, Corner of Tucuman.

In this Establishment will always be found a fresh Stock of all the leading Chemical and Pharmaceutical Preparations, Patent and Family Medicines, Surgery, Household, and Toilet Requisites, of which a large supply has just been despatched, ex City of Buenos Ayres.

Prescriptions dispensed and Analyses performed personally by JOHN J. J. KYLE, Chemist, Florida and Tucuman, 94,1m,j20

CAMPS FOR SALE. TWO LEAGUES of very superior Land distant from Rosario de Santa Fe twenty three leagues, and within five leagues of a Railway Station. Will be sold cheap, and in lots, to suit purchasers.

For further particulars apply to H. O. Yarrow, 98 Calle Perez Castellanos, Montevideo. 204,1m,j24

THE SUBMARINE RAILWAY OCEANIA, BANDA ORIENTAL.

The Docks are now in active operation, and ready to receive Vessels for repairs of any description. docked, scraped, painted, and launched in 24 hours.

For further particulars apply to the Agent in Buenos Ayres. LUIS MLEAN, Potosi Julio — 35 129,xp,paug26

LA PROHIBIDA

COMPANIA GENERAL ARGENTINA DE SEGUROS A PRIMA FIJA, Domiciliada en Buenos Ayres.

CAPITAL REALIZADO, 1,000,000 DE FUERTES.

Seguros Maritimos y Fluviales. La Compania asegura contra riesgos de mar y de los rios, buques y mercaderias de cualquier clase, bajo libérales condiciones.

Seguros Contra Incendios. Inspector-General, D. JUDIO LAURENT.

Esta Compania, no cobrará póliza ni gastos de inspeccion, Se asegura contra incendios de los edificios propiedad de cualquier clase, bajo libérales condiciones.

Las pérdidas a cargo de La Prohibida serán pagadas con la mayor prontitud; y en caso de cuestion se someterán al arbitraje de cameralistas.

DIRECCION: Director-General—D. Juan Carrizosa, Sub-Director—D. Q. Q. Firmebach.

CONSEJO DE ADMINISTRACION, Presidente: Dr. P. Hernandez de Irigoyen.

Vice-Presidentes: D. Juan Bernabé Molina.

Vocales: Don Ambrosio P. Leizaola, Juan Lamas, Eduardo Benhamon, Francisco I. de Zabala, John Russell, Aquiles Navarret, Rodolfo Heintzenhah.

Por mas pormenores y para contratar seguros dirigirse al escritorio de la Compania, Calle Reconquista, No. 87, todos los dias, de 10 de la mañana hasta de la noche. 104,xp,101

TIENDA AND MERCERIA GERMANIA 110—CALLE SUIPACHA—110 (The cheapest place in town.)

We call the attention of our friends and customers to the really well-assorted Stock of Autumn and Winter Goods, now on hand, at very moderate prices.

Tartan and Poplin Dress Goods, per vara and corte. French Merinos, colored and black. Sheetings and Blankets of many qualities.

Brussels Sofa Carpets, at \$100, 140, 250. Ladies' Chemises and Shirts, \$20, 25, 30, 40, 45. A good assortment of ready-made dresses, and a large stock of new styles.

READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN. Whole Suits, \$300, 350, 450. Black Cloth Coats, \$250, 300.

Trowsers, Colored and Black, \$90, 100, 125. Calf Hats, \$50, Felt Hats, \$40 and 50 a piece. Fine Flannel Singlets and Drawers, \$3 and 45. Crimean Shirts, \$40, 50, 55.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94,xp,10

PATRICK GALBRAITH, IS NOW SHOWING AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF COATINGS, INVESTING S, TROUSERS, &c. For Autumn Wear.

CHARGES MODERATE—FIT GUARANTEED. 55—Calle Defensa—55 30,xp,65

English Races. To be held within half a league of the MERCEDES, On the 20th of SEPTEMBER, 1870.

FIRST RACE. The Mercedes Cup. Distance, Twenty squares. Weight, 150lbs. Entrance, \$400.

SECOND RACE. Sweepstake of \$200 each, 1,000 added. Distance Ten Squares (with heats.) Weight same as first. Entrance, \$200.

THIRD RACE. A Purse of 16 sovs. Distance, ten squares with heats. Weight, 150lbs. Entrance, \$200.

RULES. Any rider, wilfully interfering with his fellow riders, forfeits all claim to the race.

The decision of the Stewards shall be final in all cases, and each race shall be started with six.

The first race is open to all camp horses.

The second and third to horses the property of Englishmen only.

The horses must be entered and ridden by Englishmen in Racing Costume.

All Entries to be made on or before the 1st of September, with FRANCIS BATEMAN, Mercedes. 78,3m,j21

MERCHANT TAILOR 838—RIVADAVIA—338

Just received from the best European Fancy manufacturers a large and varied assortment of Fine Clothes, specially adapted to the coming season.

Bartholomew Parody invites the Gentlemen of Buenos Ayres to inspect the above, guaranteeing to all who may favor him quickness, satisfaction, and cheapness.

Parties in a hurry to catch the Train can be fitted up with ready, at a moment's notice, in the Ready-made Department. 402m,24

199 CALLE FLORIDA. COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES, Conducted by Miss GATES and Mrs. GATES, Lately arrived from England.

The course of Instruction embraces History, Geography, Use of the Globes, Arithmetic, Composition, and all that is included in a thorough English Education. The French, Spanish, and German Languages—Music, Drawing, and Water Colors.

Resident French and English Governesses. Professors attend, if required, on their own terms. Mrs. GATES gives Private Lessons in Music and Water Colors. 265,xp,mj31

THE LONDON ASSURANCE. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS, FOR DAMAGE BY FIRE, AT MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

AGENTS: MOLLER and CO., CALLE RECONQUISTA 144. 72,3m,j23

THE LONDON ASSURANCE. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS, FOR DAMAGE BY FIRE, AT MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

AGENTS: MOLLER and CO., CALLE RECONQUISTA 144. 72,3m,j23

REPEAL OF THE WOOL TAX IN THE UNITED STATES.

A great assortment of TEAS, at 1744—CALLE PIEDRAS—1744. MEROEDES and OHIVICOLO. February 9, 1870. —fb 0

GUINNESS'S Extra Stout.

Bottled by MACHEN and CO., Expressly for MOORE, PUNCH, & TUDOR, And guaranteed by a Facsimile of their signature. 193,6p,j23

NOTICE. ROBERT HUNTER, ENGLISH BAKER, 133 Calle Defensa.

TIENDA AND MERCERIA GERMANIA 110—CALLE SUIPACHA—110 (The cheapest place in town.)

We call the attention of our friends and customers to the really well-assorted Stock of Autumn and Winter Goods, now on hand, at very moderate prices.

Tartan and Poplin Dress Goods, per vara and corte. French Merinos, colored and black. Sheetings and Blankets of many qualities.

Brussels Sofa Carpets, at \$100, 140, 250. Ladies' Chemises and Shirts, \$20, 25, 30, 40, 45. A good assortment of ready-made dresses, and a large stock of new styles.

READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN. Whole Suits, \$300, 350, 450. Black Cloth Coats, \$250, 300.

Trowsers, Colored and Black, \$90, 100, 125. Calf Hats, \$50, Felt Hats, \$40 and 50 a piece. Fine Flannel Singlets and Drawers, \$3 and 45. Crimean Shirts, \$40, 50, 55.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94,xp,10

PATRICK GALBRAITH, IS NOW SHOWING AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF COATINGS, INVESTING S, TROUSERS, &c. For Autumn Wear.

CHARGES MODERATE—FIT GUARANTEED. 55—Calle Defensa—55 30,xp,65

TIENDA AND MERCERIA GERMANIA 110—CALLE SUIPACHA—110 (The cheapest place in town.)

We call the attention of our friends and customers to the really well-assorted Stock of Autumn and Winter Goods, now on hand, at very moderate prices.

Tartan and Poplin Dress Goods, per vara and corte. French Merinos, colored and black. Sheetings and Blankets of many qualities.

Brussels Sofa Carpets, at \$100, 140, 250. Ladies' Chemises and Shirts, \$20, 25, 30, 40, 45. A good assortment of ready-made dresses, and a large stock of new styles.

READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN. Whole Suits, \$300, 350, 450. Black Cloth Coats, \$250, 300.

Trowsers, Colored and Black, \$90, 100, 125. Calf Hats, \$50, Felt Hats, \$40 and 50 a piece. Fine Flannel Singlets and Drawers, \$3 and 45. Crimean Shirts, \$40, 50, 55.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94,xp,10

PATRICK GALBRAITH, IS NOW SHOWING AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF COATINGS, INVESTING S, TROUSERS, &c. For Autumn Wear.

CHARGES MODERATE—FIT GUARANTEED. 55—Calle Defensa—55 30,xp,65

Tienda and Merceria GERMANIA 110—CALLE SUIPACHA—110 (The cheapest place in town.)

We call the attention of our friends and customers to the really well-assorted Stock of Autumn and Winter Goods, now on hand, at very moderate prices.

Tartan and Poplin Dress Goods, per vara and corte. French Merinos, colored and black. Sheetings and Blankets of many qualities.

Brussels Sofa Carpets, at \$100, 140, 250. Ladies' Chemises and Shirts, \$20, 25, 30, 40, 45. A good assortment of ready-made dresses, and a large stock of new styles.

READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN. Whole Suits, \$300, 350, 450. Black Cloth Coats, \$250, 300.

Trowsers, Colored and Black, \$90, 100, 125. Calf Hats, \$50, Felt Hats, \$40 and 50 a piece. Fine Flannel Singlets and Drawers, \$3 and 45. Crimean Shirts, \$40, 50, 55.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94,xp,10

PATRICK GALBRAITH, IS NOW SHOWING AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF COATINGS, INVESTING S, TROUSERS, &c. For Autumn Wear.

CHARGES MODERATE—FIT GUARANTEED. 55—Calle Defensa—55 30,xp,65

Tienda and Merceria GERMANIA 110—CALLE SUIPACHA—110 (The cheapest place in town.)

We call the attention of our friends and customers to the really well-assorted Stock of Autumn and Winter Goods, now on hand, at very moderate prices.

Tartan and Poplin Dress Goods, per vara and corte. French Merinos, colored and black. Sheetings and Blankets of many qualities.

Brussels Sofa Carpets, at \$100, 140, 250. Ladies' Chemises and Shirts, \$20, 25, 30, 40, 45. A good assortment of ready-made dresses, and a large stock of new styles.

READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN. Whole Suits, \$300, 350, 450. Black Cloth Coats, \$250, 300.

Trowsers, Colored and Black, \$90, 100, 125. Calf Hats, \$50, Felt Hats, \$40 and 50 a piece. Fine Flannel Singlets and Drawers, \$3 and 45. Crimean Shirts, \$40, 50, 55.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94,xp,10

PATRICK GALBRAITH, IS NOW SHOWING AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF COATINGS, INVESTING S, TROUSERS, &c. For Autumn Wear.

CHARGES MODERATE—FIT GUARANTEED. 55—Calle Defensa—55 30,xp,65

Tienda and Merceria GERMANIA 110—CALLE SUIPACHA—110 (The cheapest place in town.)

We call the attention of our friends and customers to the really well-assorted Stock of Autumn and Winter Goods, now on hand, at very moderate prices.

Tartan and Poplin Dress Goods, per vara and corte. French Merinos, colored and black. Sheetings and Blankets of many qualities.

Brussels Sofa Carpets, at \$100, 140, 250. Ladies' Chemises and Shirts, \$20, 25, 30, 40, 45. A good assortment of ready-made dresses, and a large stock of new styles.

READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN. Whole Suits, \$300, 350, 450. Black Cloth Coats, \$250, 300.

Trowsers, Colored and Black, \$90, 100, 125. Calf Hats, \$50, Felt Hats, \$40 and 50 a piece. Fine Flannel Singlets and Drawers, \$3 and 45. Crimean Shirts, \$40, 50, 55.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94,xp,10

PATRICK GALBRAITH, IS NOW SHOWING AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF COATINGS, INVESTING S, TROUSERS, &c. For Autumn Wear.

CHARGES MODERATE—FIT GUARANTEED. 55—Calle Defensa—55 30,xp,65

REMATES

FOR F. MADERO y Ca. GRAN REMATE NAVAL. De un Vapor y 4 Buques de Vel.

Por cuenta de una Sociedad y por Liquidacion. En el Muelle de Pasajeros de esta Ciudad.

El Jueves 7 de Julio (dia de fiesta) a las 4 en punto de la tarde, vendran al mejor precio y dinero de contado lo siguiente:

Primero—El vapor Nacional General Gally, de puerto de 200 toneladas; de 8 a 10 millas de camino por hora, consumiendo solo de 7 a 8 toneladas de carbon cada 24 horas; y se garantiza que puede con facilidad remover 2 buques de 200 toneladas cada uno. Intil si escarcar la bondad y conveniencias de este magnifico buque puen son conocidas por todos.

Segundo—Potacho Silvia, de porte 250 toneladas. Tercero—Zumaca Luisita, de porte de 160 toneladas. Cuarto—Galea Mariquita, de porte de 150 toneladas. Quinto—Zumaca R. C. de porte de 130 toneladas.

No obstante de ser esta venta realizada por liquidacion se previene que no podra venderse ningun de los 5 Buques sino por las dos terceras partes de su tasacion a saber: El Vapor 11,000 patacones. La Silvia 4,000. La Luisita 4,000. La Mariquita 4,000. Y La R. C. 3,200 patacones, precios todos exclusivamente bajos.

Los Duques pueden visitarse todos los dias desde las 10 de la mañana hasta las 4 de la tarde en nuestro Escritorio. El dia del remate los 5 Buques estaran en el Puerto, y el Vapor conservara los fuegos por si los interesados desearan hacerlos mover y remarcar. Nos permitimos una observacion siendo evidente la necesidad que es operacion de una linea regular para el servicio del importante trafico entre los Puertos del Rosario, Montevideo y Buenos Ayres, no seria una magnifica operacion el que una Empresa, adquiriera estos cinco buques y se destinara al transporte de carga de los dos ultimos al primer puerto de frutes del pais de retorno, remolcando el "Gally" a los buques de vela.

Creemos que..... en su llegada al momento veremos que contestacion se nos da a esta propuesta. Formadores Bolivar 41 160,6p,j18

FOR FLORENCO MADERO. Judicial. De una linea central formando esquina Calle del Comercio No. 185 y 187, y Piedras 335 a 340.

Por orden del Sr. Juez de Comercio Dr. D. Tomas de los Rios.

El dia 20 de Julio a las 4 en punto de la tarde, vendran al mejor precio y dinero de contado la siguiente propiedad arribada indistinta, compuesto en terreno del modo siguiente:

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.

El edificio es perfectamente construido y a la moderna, consta de 12 cuartos, cocinas, etc. La tasacion es de \$10,244 con 91 cent., y no podra venderse por menos de sus dos terceras partes que son 20,716 2/3.

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.

El edificio es perfectamente construido y a la moderna, consta de 12 cuartos, cocinas, etc. La tasacion es de \$10,244 con 91 cent., y no podra venderse por menos de sus dos terceras partes que son 20,716 2/3.

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.

El edificio es perfectamente construido y a la moderna, consta de 12 cuartos, cocinas, etc. La tasacion es de \$10,244 con 91 cent., y no podra venderse por menos de sus dos terceras partes que son 20,716 2/3.

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.

El edificio es perfectamente construido y a la moderna, consta de 12 cuartos, cocinas, etc. La tasacion es de \$10,244 con 91 cent., y no podra venderse por menos de sus dos terceras partes que son 20,716 2/3.

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.

El edificio es perfectamente construido y a la moderna, consta de 12 cuartos, cocinas, etc. La tasacion es de \$10,244 con 91 cent., y no podra venderse por menos de sus dos terceras partes que son 20,716 2/3.

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.

El edificio es perfectamente construido y a la moderna, consta de 12 cuartos, cocinas, etc. La tasacion es de \$10,244 con 91 cent., y no podra venderse por menos de sus dos terceras partes que son 20,716 2/3.

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.

El edificio es perfectamente construido y a la moderna, consta de 12 cuartos, cocinas, etc. La tasacion es de \$10,244 con 91 cent., y no podra venderse por menos de sus dos terceras partes que son 20,716 2/3.

NOTA—Se previene que el juego de varanas, y frente a la calle de la Victoria, y frente a la de Comercio 42 varas y veinte y cinco centos.



Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

Argentine Tramway. INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST SECTION. RECOLETA TO RIVADAVIA.

THE UNITED CLUB. The above will be OPENED on SATURDAY...

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY.

PER ENGLISH MAIL. Turner, 2, W. Howie, Louis Jones, Enrique...

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE STANDARD. DAILY, per Month \$35. WEEKLY, per Month \$10.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications.

STEAM BOATS TO LEAVE. For Colonia, the British Steamer NAPOSTA...

FOR SALE, a small Estancia in the Partido of Rancho...

FOR SALE, a MACHINE for manufacturing Ice, Lemonade, Gasosa, and Soda Water.

WANTS a Situation, a good Cook, an English or German Family, at No. 348 Calle Defensa.

cannot exculpate the people. In fact there is no people, no public in this country at all.

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

Wanted money box, egg cups, balls, ink bottles, wood puzzles, card games, at 600 each...

"I will now begin my recital. "At the commencement of the year 1865, I was, by orders of my superiors, in the town of Miranda, on the frontiers of Brazil, in charge of 3,000 Indians, amongst whom I had raised a church dedicated to our founder, thank to the Bishop of Cuyaba, the Government, and the population of the place. I simultaneously exercised the functions of curate, episcopal delegate, and visitor of the vast ecclesiastical division called Lower Paraguay.

"Such was the position of affairs when a numerous band of Guaraniis, more furious than the Chaldeans in olden times, invaded the municipality, formerly so flourishing, now so desolate. They pillaged, burned, and slaughtered indiscriminately, and, where able, the unfortunate inhabitants, taken by surprise and unarmed, fled before their assailants, abandoning everything to save their lives. I, their pastor, was besought to stay by those that remained, to protect them, and I consented, saying with St. Martin, "Domine, si populo tuo sum necessarius, non recuso laborem."

"At the end of six months, during which I was subjected to personal insults and my sacerdotal office treated with the greatest possible disregard and ignominy, being even deprived of my habit, I arrived at Assuncion, the capital of Paraguay, where I found one of my companions, the Rev. Father Angelo de Carrañico, who had also been brought as a prisoner from my municipality. We were both thrown into a horrible den, without food, without light, without communication, but full of serpents, which crawled over my body, though these, except the disgust they created, did me no harm. It is impossible, Reverend Father, to describe to you the intensity of the martyrdom which I suffered in this dreadful place. The vermin that infested this unwholesome hole, and the crawling of the serpents, filled me with horror and prevented my sleeping.

"I remained in this prison fifteen months. One day the executioner drew his sword to cut off my head; I supplicated him to spare me for the love of God, reduced as I was almost to death by feebleness from hunger, thirst, and the torments I had endured. Then the Prefect caused me to appear before him, treated me with the grossest insolence, and reproached me for having served the Emperor of Brazil when in his territory. I replied that it was not the Emperor of Brazil whom I served, but the Emperor of Heaven; and he then gave me a show of liberty to traverse the city with hair unshorn and long and covered with vermin. This was a shameful act of despotism; but "inimicum dolorem hanc."

"We asked our passports to leave the country, but these were refused. Indignant at our audacity, the tyrant sent us into exile—Father Angelo to Acay, myself to Acacupe. I embraced Father Angelo for the last time, after proceeding with him half the distance to his destination. "At Acacupe I was confined in an uncovered cabin, and left without food. Fortunately a poor Brazilian slave, a prisoner like myself, secretly gave me a portion of the alms obtained from charitable ladies. Thus fourteen months were passed.

"At the end of this time the Brazilian army defeated the troops at Villita. About 5,000 wounded Paraguayans came to the place where I was. Cholera appeared in the village and I was abandoned by all. The poor Brazilian slave aided without my being able to extend to him the slightest aid; I could not in fact communicate with anyone. The tyrant then ordered me to be taken back to Piributiro, where I was thrown into a den of so loathsome a character that even the negroes themselves could only live in it for a few days. The scene was one of continual butchery; day by day the bodies of Paraguayans and foreigners were removed, having either died from hunger, by fogging, or by the sword.

"Eight months afterwards the Brazilians penetrated the Cordillera and attacked the troops of Lopez. I could hear the sound of the balls from my cabin. I was then dragged from my prison and conducted in the midst of 4,000 bayonets and surrounded by twenty lancers, to despatch me the moment the two armies came into conflict. This was the custom of the tyrant. Under a broiling sun I was hurried forward, with eighteen women, a victim for the sacrifice, silent, barefooted, and subjected to the insults of those miserable men, who only awaited the moment to satiate their thirst for blood.

"The Brazilians approached and the executioners left the main road to take a by-path. Already the balls could be heard hissing through the air. "Our hour is come," said Anne Casal, one of my companions in misfortune. "Yes, the hour of our deliverance," I replied, full of confidence. A Paraguayan officer crossed the ranks to the executioner, whom he addressed.

"Leave the prisoners for the enemy's forces are at hand." "I cannot," the latter replied; "my orders are to kill

them here." He was still speaking when the firing in the immediate vicinity commenced, and the executioner, either to save himself, or to spare us, took to flight. No sooner were my companions delivered than they fled in terror to the forest; I also joyfully sought refuge in a wood, there to await the passing of the Brazilian flag, the symbol of my deliverance.

"After five hours fighting the 4,000 Paraguayans were defeated and put to flight; and, crossing a deep ditch, I and the women threw ourselves upon the protection of the Brazilian troops, whom we knew from their being clothed, whereas those of Paraguay were almost naked."

The worthy priest goes on to give an account of his after fortunes. He tells his superior that, in gratitude for his freedom, he prostrated himself on the field of battle and joined in a "Te Deum" of thanks given for the victory vouchsafed to the Brazilian arms. The date on which this success was achieved was the 16th of August, 1869, and the field was that of Barceiro. On the following day he was presented to Count d'En, and subsequently reached Assuncion, to learn that poor Father Angelo had been put to death by Lopez at Ascura. In the spirit of his Divine Master, the reverend writer finally concludes by pronouncing a free and Christian forgiveness of the enemies who had caused him so much misery and suffering.

EDITOR'S TABLE. The inauguration of the Billinghurst Tramway takes place to-day. The first train leaves the Recoleta at 11 o'clock a.m. We congratulate our friend Don Mariano, Mr. Wattell, and all connected with this promising enterprise.

The French Imperial Mail steamer Gironde will sail to-morrow for Europe. The Consulate closes at the usual hour; but Messrs. Yernet and Co., of Calle 25 de Mayo, will receive letters up to one o'clock on payment of a small fee.

Our Packet Edition for the French mail steamer is published this morning, and can be had at our office from eleven till one o'clock. Messrs. Makern and Hiebert (late Loedel) have their usual supplies.

General Caceres, the most noted of Corrientes' caudillos, and who it was feared on the outbreak of the Entre Rios rebellion might play an important and dangerous part in the disturbance, has just expired at or near Federacion. He never recovered the memorable attack of diptheria which it will be remembered seized him at the most opportune moment and prevented his taking any active part in late events. The death of this party leader frees the Government of Corrientes from a most troublesome customer, and leaves Lopez Jordan without hope of assistance from any quarter whatsoever.

The assertion of the STANDARD that the time has arrived for a serious consideration of the advantages to be derived by both states from an amalgamation of the Argentine and Oriental Republics, has caused much indignant comment on the part of our Oriental colleagues. The Montevidean press deserves to be called an able one, and if it would condescend to settle down calmly to a consideration of this important matter, might shortly arrive at the conclusion that joining this Confederation as an independent state would not be the humiliating alternative it affects to consider, and might even be thought a truly patriotic proceeding by foreign nations. The Tribuna of the Oriental capital intimates that Napoleon the Great's golden maxim of "washing soiled linen at home," or rather non intervention in their neighbour's affairs, is the true panacea her wellwishers should apply to Uruguayan misfortunes. This may be true; but fifty years ago the Banda Oriental was, of the two, more peaceable and orderly than to-day; and the truest patriotism on the part of her sons would be the adoption of any honest measure that can assure the extinction of the deadly internal feuds that have reduced a fertile and lovely country to a state of chronic anarchy and confusion.

We regret to announce that the captain of the Taraguy succumbed on Thursday last to the attack of yellow fever which he caught in Assuncion. This insidious disease may now be considered as again in this city, other cases being reported; but though the cold weather will certainly prevent its assuming an epidemic form at present, our authorities should at once adopt the precautionary measure of imposing quarantine on all vessels coming here from Assuncion. It has been remarked that the STANDARD has not as yet published Mr. Lewis' letter to the Times in reference to emigration from England to this country. We have already published several letters entering more fully into the subject in question, and have only been prevented from inserting the communication referred to by unusual pressure of more important matter. We hope to find room for it in a few days.

We hear of another murder at Ensenada, where a man has in a fit of passion killed his father-in-law, and dangerously wounded his wife, sister-in-law, and a neighbor who ran to their assistance. As usual the criminal has escaped.

Building is going on at a wonderful rate. Amongst the most favored districts for new erections is Calle Oallao, where Italians and others are daily picking up sites and running up new houses with astonishing rapidity. The moribund Municipality has issued a very sensible order to the effect that builders must not for the future pile bricks, lime, and other materials on the footpaths in front of houses being built or repaired. This reform was very badly wanted, as there is scarcely a street in town at present free from obstruction of this kind; and it is painful to see ladies' dresses of magnificent 'gros de Naples' and other materials, dear to the fair owners from their fabulous cost, destroyed by an unavoidable contact with lime, mortar, &c.

At the conference held in the Argentine Theatre on Sunday last by the French residents a row was narrowly avoided. Mons. Budaile, who lectured, was rather hard on His Majesty Napoleon III., and was hissed in consequence by his auditory, which was, however, a very limited one. Although the Commissioners are making every effort to push on the works of the Cordoba Exhibition, it is generally thought that the Palace cannot be finished on the date at present fixed for the opening. Many intending foreign exhibitors are anxious that the inauguration should be postponed till March next.

A scoundrel who lately murdered an old man aged 70, at Tandil has been sent to serve in the army as a punishment for the crime by the Justice of the Peace of the department. 'Ill fares the land' where being condemned to enter a service that in all countries is considered the foremost, is the most frequent expiation exacted for the worst of crimes.

A dreadful episode occurred on board the Tala on her last trip up the river. A Basque who was among the passengers, was suddenly attacked with mania, drew his dagger and attacked his fellow passengers indiscriminately. Four of them were wounded, one severely, and the result would have been still worse had not one of the wounded men drawn a revolver and smashed the madman's wrist by a shot. The unfortunate Basque then rushed on deck and jumped overboard, all efforts to save him proving useless.

We have received an additional list of subscriptions to the Reid Memorial fund which we are reluctantly obliged to hold over for a day or so owing to pressure on our space. The amount subscribed so far is close upon 2,700 patacons, and the contributors will doubtless soon be called together to determine on the form the Memorial is to take. During the year 1869, 442,165,080 millions of eggs were imported from the continent of Europe by the United Kingdom.

The report that Aparicio had taken the town of Melo is confirmed. The commander of the garrison, Nick Castro, escaped with four men; all the rest surrendered. If the rebel leader can hold the place it may prove of some strategical importance. It is rumored that General Batlle's cavalry had a brush with Aparicio and were repulsed.

The thirty million loan bill has passed the Chamber of Deputies, and will probably not be delayed in the other house. The question now is, where is the money to come from? But the financial barometer is considered as fixed at 'set fair' just now, and no difficulty is apprehended.

Senator Oroño who is looked on by the occupants of the Ministerial benches as a political 'enfant terrible' was to put some questions to the War Minister yesterday respecting the late irrad of the Indians. H.E. may get into a tight place' in this matter; the absence of all official information on such a grave subject up to the present moment is quite inexplicable to the public. We hear that in official circles the matter is not looked on as so very serious. To us it seems quite serious enough in all conscience.

Dr. Luis Ernest, who has so long been favorably known among us, and in his profession as a dentist has occupied a place second to none, leaves to-morrow for Europe by French mail, with the intention of returning to this city about the middle of October. He has begged us to excuse him to his numerous friends to whom he cannot personally bid farewell, and, whilst willingly complying with his request, we seize the opportunity to wish him a happy voyage and a safe and prompt return.

The promoters of the new English Club have fitted up at great expense the large two-story house alongside the STANDARD OFFICE. The rooms will be inaugurated on Friday in genuine English style by a dinner, tickets for which may be obtained from the treasurer up to previous evening.

The Legislature of Cordoba has passed a law abolishing all public lotteries in that province, and prohibiting, under heavy pecuniary fine, the sale of tickets played in the other provinces of the Republic. This is a step in the right direction, which we hope to see soon followed throughout the country.

To-night is to be performed at Colon the opera of "Ugonotti," one of the grandest of Meyerbeer's compositions. The part of Valentine was never so thoroughly well interpreted on our lyric stage as by Madame Gase, and she is so well supported by the rest of the company that we do not hesitate in stating that this opera is one of the most complete musical treats offered us by the intelligent managers of the Colon, whose indefatigable efforts to please the public should, as we doubt not they will on this occasion, meet with a generous support.

Yesterday was a charming day, but we are evidently near a change. The barometer fell notably while the thermometer was higher than for the last fortnight. This is a sure indication of rain; and people who live in those parts of the city exposed to floods should be prepared for an early visit from Jupiter Pluvius, of which watery diet, as Governor Castro somewhat sarcastically remarked in his late message to the Chambers, "the inhabitants have a natural apprehension."

The Western Railway Company is about to erect additional galleons at the Once at a cost of two million dollars currency. Dick Jordan is not laying siege to La Paz as supposed; he is near Concordia threatened by General Rivar's division of the National army. Some of our fair subscribers addicted to dabbling in conchology showed us yesterday very beautiful specimens of shells picked up on the river bank near Palermo.

The Frenas of Monday evening contains some very pertinent remarks on the little interest our legislators and public men take in the development of commerce which is, after all, the backbone of the prosperity of this country. This indifference would be cause of astonishment elsewhere; here we are so accustomed to it and other anomalies that we now almost like them.

The animal world continues indisposed. Hydrophobia lately broke out virtuously amongst the canine portion of the community at Cordón and Aguada in the Banda Oriental. The inhabitants, who entertain a "natural apprehension" of this dreadfully deadly, turned out with all sorts of arms, and despatched more than half the dogs in this neighbourhood. The cattle plague is increasing in the sister republic.

There has been an unusually heavy fall of snow in Cordoba, and we hear the traffic on the Central Argentine Railway was for a time brought to a stand in consequence. The Club Progreso will give another grand ball towards the end of next week. It is said that Madame Ristori will pay the River Plate another professional visit towards the beginning of next year. An important improvement is contemplated by the Post Master General, viz., the substitution of pillar boxes for the present holes in the wall intended for the reception of letters. This would be a decided step in advance, as finding a needle in a bundle of straw is an easy and cheering task compared to the discovery of a letter box as these receptacles are at present located.

MONTEVIDEO. Monday. The papers make only a passing mention of the daring attempt by three boats of pirates to board the Willy and Abby in our port on Friday evening. It is, however, regarded as a very serious matter in mercantile circles. Latest news of General Batlle reports his army at Arroyo Castro, marching towards the River Yi. Nothing is said of the main army under Gen. Castro, which was reported last week as only 12 leagues distant and hastening to incorporate with President Batlle's forces. Colonel Nicomedes has left Cerro Largo, probably abandoning that town to the enemy, and marching towards Durazno to meet the President; he is accompanied by Ramirez from Rincon Tacuary, and both crossed the Rio Negro at Paso Manzangano. Captain Pozzolo left town to-day with 90 men, to garrison San José. From Salto we hear that General Caraballo is still there on the watch to prevent a landing by Medina or Bastarrica, who are with a number of Blancos at Lopez Jordan's headquarters near Federacion. A woman named Carmen Robles hanged herself yesterday with a sheet in a fit of jealousy. Several robberies and murders have occurred in the last few days. Dr. Alicini reports the cattle-disease fast disappearing from the dairies in the south end of the city. The Tribuna has a very severe article against the Standard relative to the rumours on the Boles at B. Ayres about annexing this country to the Argentine Republic. The Italian immigration in the last few days has been very large. Messrs. Scott Yarrow and Company publish that the Pacific line of steamers are building ten first-class vessels, such as the Magellan; this is a splendid proof of the success of their line, and the names of the steamers are; Huacho, Atacama, Ouzco, Valdivia, John Elder, Garonne, Lusitania, Chimborazo, Aconcagua, and Sarmiento.







SAVINGS BANK BANK MAU & Co. 107-Cangallo-103 BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current... opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo...

CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from 1 cent to 500 dollars currency or one Silver Dollar...

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, (LIMITED) NAMES OF STEAMERS: CITY OF LIMERICK, CITY OF RIO JANEIRO, CITY OF BRUSSELS.

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH HER MAJESTY'S POST-MASTER-GENERAL AND THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

The R.M.S.S. CITY OF RIO JANEIRO is the next Steamer expected. This Company will dispatch a Steamer with Mails every Month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres.

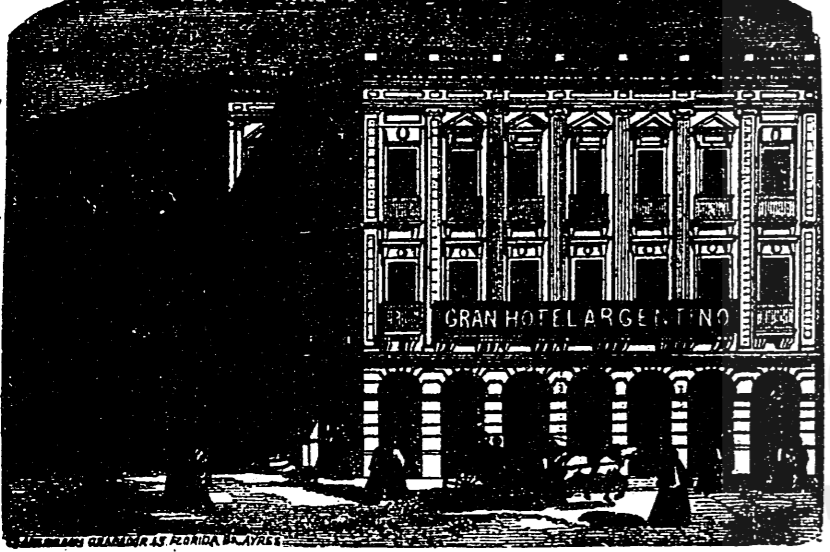
LIME-LIME-LIME.

TO LAND PROPRIETORS, HOUSE BUILDERS, AND PEOPLE IN THE COUNTRY. CALERA ARGENTINA DE LA VICTORIA.

The undersigned will Sell the Product of these Kilns. Having always on hand a large supply of Lime of the best quality...

RUBIO AND FOLEY, 12-MAYO-12 feb8-

1-25 DE MAYO-1.



FAMILIES

Will find here every Home comfort. Spacious well-furnished Rooms—good Table—central situation—Prices moderate.

ALL LANGUAGES SPOKEN.

IFERNET and CO., 54 Calle 25 de Mayo,

General Commission Agents, Custom House Despatchers, Lightermen, and Ballast Contractors.

The National Steamer COMERCIO DEL ROSARIO, Captain W. MORSE,

Leaves the Tigre on WEDNESDAYS, with Cargo and Passengers, FOR SANTA FE. Calling at Zarate, San Pedro, San Nicolas, Rosario, Diamante, Paraná.

The French Steamer ADAUZ, FOR SAN NICOLAS AND ROSARIO.

A Special Steamer for Landing Passengers.

Letters received after closing of the Mails.

NOTICE.

ROBERT HUNTER, ENGLISH DRAPER.

133 Calle Defensa,

JAMES S. HILL and CO., 43-CALLE DEFENSA-43

Public Auctioneers, Custom House Brokers,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS.

198, xp, m20

Table with columns for STATIONS, DEPARTURES, and RETURN. Lists stations like Rosario, Cordova, and Bahía Blanca.

Table with columns for STATIONS, DEPARTURES, and RETURN. Lists stations like Rosario, Cordova, and Bahía Blanca.

Table with columns for STATIONS, DEPARTURES, and RETURN. Lists stations like Rosario, Cordova, and Bahía Blanca.

Table with columns for STATIONS, DEPARTURES, and RETURN. Lists stations like Rosario, Cordova, and Bahía Blanca.

Table with columns for STATIONS, DEPARTURES, and RETURN. Lists stations like Rosario, Cordova, and Bahía Blanca.

Table with columns for STATIONS, DEPARTURES, and RETURN. Lists stations like Rosario, Cordova, and Bahía Blanca.

WESTERN RAILWAY. From the 1st of May until the 31st of August the Trains will run as follows:...

LA PROBIIDAD. COMPANIA GENERAL ARGENTINA DE SEGUROS A PRIMA FIJA. Domiciliada en Buenos Ayres. CAPITAL REALIZADO, 1,000,000 DE \$ FUERTIS.

ATTENTION. WILLIAM BARRY & CO., (INCORPORATED IN THE U.S.A.) 161-CALLE FOTOSI-161

LA ADMINISTRACION. BRITISH HOSPITAL. Exchange Hotel, Good Accommodation. 40-RUA DIREITA-40 Rio de Janeiro.

English Races. To be held within half a league of the MERCEDES, On the 20th of SEPTEMBER, 1870.

MERCHANT TAILOR. 338-RIVADAVIA-338. Just received, from the best European Manufacturers a large and varied assortment of Fancy Clothes...

COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES. Conducted by Miss GATES and Mrs. GATES, Lately arrived from England.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

REMATES. GRAN REMATE NAVAL. De un Vapor y 4 Búques de Vela. Por cuenta de una Sociedad y por Liquidación...

ADDITIONAL MAIL SERVICE TO BRAZIL AND GREAT BRITAIN. Liverpool, Brazil, and River Plate Steamers.

TIENDA AND MERCERIA GERMANIA. 119-CALLE SUIPACHA-119. The cheapest place in town.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94, xp, 161. De Muebles. En su casa calle Bolívar No. 14.

PATRICK GALBRAITH, COATING, INVESTING, TROUSERS, & C. For Autumn Wear.

T. FALLON, WOOL AND PRODUCE. PLAZA ONCE. N.B. Daily attendance in the Corrales.

G. SOAMES, SHIPHANDLER, Grocer, Provision Dealer, and Wine Merchant.

COMPANIA RIO DE LA PLATA. Carrera entre Montevideo y Buenos Ayres hasta la Asuncion.

Hennessy's Brandy. The undersigned beg to inform the Public, that they have consigned to JAMES HENNESSY and CO.

CASH WIRE TROYS. A new assortment just received comprising 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 divisions, and other sizes with lock and key.

GEORGE BROWNELL and CO., 11-Majpu-street-11. The STANDARD. Published for the Proprietors and Editors, M. G. & E. T. MULMALL.

REMATES. GRAN REMATE NAVAL. De un Vapor y 4 Búques de Vela. Por cuenta de una Sociedad y por Liquidación...

ADDITIONAL MAIL SERVICE TO BRAZIL AND GREAT BRITAIN. Liverpool, Brazil, and River Plate Steamers.

TIENDA AND MERCERIA GERMANIA. 119-CALLE SUIPACHA-119. The cheapest place in town.

GUILLERMO SCHMIDT & CO. 94, xp, 161. De Muebles. En su casa calle Bolívar No. 14.

PATRICK GALBRAITH, COATING, INVESTING, TROUSERS, & C. For Autumn Wear.

T. FALLON, WOOL AND PRODUCE. PLAZA ONCE. N.B. Daily attendance in the Corrales.

G. SOAMES, SHIPHANDLER, Grocer, Provision Dealer, and Wine Merchant.

COMPANIA RIO DE LA PLATA. Carrera entre Montevideo y Buenos Ayres hasta la Asuncion.

Hennessy's Brandy. The undersigned beg to inform the Public, that they have consigned to JAMES HENNESSY and CO.

CASH WIRE TROYS. A new assortment just received comprising 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 divisions, and other sizes with lock and key.

GEORGE BROWNELL and CO., 11-Majpu-street-11. The STANDARD. Published for the Proprietors and Editors, M. G. & E. T. MULMALL.