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The Standard. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1865.

NEWS FROM EUROPE.

THE FRENCH MAILS. The mail-steamers Carmel arrived in M. Video on Wednesday with the Bordeaux mails—latest dates, London 24th, Paris 25th, and Lisbon 29th November.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Reform question threatens a ministerial crisis, from which the Tories hope to ascend to power, but it is believed the Whigs will endeavor to make a coalition—Cabinet and the Radicals have even desisted in their demands to have Mr. Bright as President of the Board of Trade.

The 'Moniteur' publishes the reduction of the army: 7 batts. of the Imperial Guard, 200 companies of infantry, and 40 batteries of artillery are suppressed: this will make an economy of 4 1/2 millions in the budget.

The 'Patrie' calculates that the French army of occupation in Rome, since 1849, has caused an additional expense of 56 millions (24 millions sterling). M. Boudet has been named Vice president of the Senate, and M. Ferd. Barrot, Secretary.

ITALY.

In imitation of France, the Italian Government is going to reduce the army. Garibaldi arrived at Florence, to take his seat as Deputy, and he is looked on as leader of the ultra party in the Chambers. At the opening of the Parliament, Victor Emmanuel spoke as follows:

"On a former occasion I addressed you at Turin, with words of confidence which were soon followed by most happy events; and now, in Florence, I assure you with the same earnestness that we shall overcome all obstacles to make Italy one and united. My Government, out of deference to the Pope and the interests of religion, commenced negotiations with the Vatican, which were subsequently interrupted, but time and the force of events will solve the question between Italy and the Pope. We must, like France, faithfully observe the convention of September. Our relations with foreign powers are every day improving: witness, the recognition of the Kingdom of Italy by Bavaria, Saxony and Spain. Italy will take her place among the great powers of Europe, by the triumph of justice and liberty, the diffusion of education, and improvement of our credit. The finances are insufficient to meet the expenses of the army, but, however painful new taxes may be, the patriotism of the people will meet any fresh requirements. The expenses of the public service will be reduced in every way possible, and by doing away with old traditions we shall be enabled to separate the Church from the State, and confiscate all religious corporations. If a new and inevitable struggle arise, I trust all Italians will rally round me in defence of the rights of Italy, for we must initiate a national policy and with our strong arms leave the great work fully accomplished for our descendants."

SPAIN.

Prosecutions were instituted against all the editors of newspapers who published the speeches pronounced at the democratic meeting. The progressist party is divided, the majority being in favor of a total abstention from present politics. Some of the Madrid papers censure the Government for its conduct in Chile, others state that England has offered any kindly offices towards an arrangement, and Sr. Tavora [the ex-ambassador] writes to the 'Morning Post' strongly condemning Admiral Pareja. The Chilean agents in England are very active and some have proceeded to Havanna and the U. States to distribute patents for privateering. Only one case of cholera

papers severely (and without reason) at Cadiz. The Spanish vessels at Montevideo are going to be reinforced.

FRANCE. The merchants of Havre and the Paris Chamber of Commerce have petitioned Government, protesting against Spanish aggression in Chile, and it is rumored France and England have demanded explanations of Spain on the particular, as the real purpose of Pareja seems to be to exact pecuniary indemnity from Chile, as from Peru previously. The French press unanimously sides with Chile.

King Orelie-Antoine I of Araucania and Patagonia has again appeared on the scene, and issued a proclamation inviting the half-pay officers and disbanded soldiers to enlist under him and aid him to recover his South American crown, for the establishment of a new French Kingdom in the Pampas: he resides, meantime, at Hautefort, Dordogne.

The 'Moniteur' publishes the reduction of the army: 7 batts. of the Imperial Guard, 200 companies of infantry, and 40 batteries of artillery are suppressed: this will make an economy of 4 1/2 millions in the budget. The fleet in the Mediterranean is also to be reduced to 4 iron-clads, and 1200 naval recruits sent on furlough, causing another saving of 4 millions.

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PORTUGAL. The King, Queen, and Prince Royal had a splendid reception at Florence, which city they left on November 20th for Paris, staying a few days en passant at Dresden: after visiting the Imperial family at Compiègne the royal travellers will return to Portugal. Major Pinto de Franca has been named War-minister, at Lisbon. The law for exporting wines duty-free was passed. The cholera having completely disappeared, the Bishop of Elvas sang a solemn 'Te-Deum,' in thanksgiving.

GERMANY.

The proposal of the small German States in opposition to Austria and Prussia, was laid before the Holstein Committee, which amounts to an indefinite postponement. Bavaria and Wirtemberg have resolved to recognize the kingdom of Italy, and notified the courts of Rome and Vienna accordingly. Austria has proclaimed an amnesty in Galitzia.

GERMANY.

The clerical party has suffered a defeat in the Belgian Chambers. Military service in Poland has been reduced to 10 years active, and 4 years on the reserve force.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Paris, Nov. 25th.

The 'Moniteur' publishes a terrible conflict at Martinique, between the Zouaves en route for Mexico, and the Marines: the Zouaves had 16 killed and 37 wounded, the Marines 3 killed and 10 wounded.

Reductions to be made next year in the Customs-officers, effecting a saving of 2 1/2 millions francs.

Dublin, 24th.

Stephens, the leader of the Fenians, has escaped from prison.

Brussels, 25th.

The King has returned from Lachen: Hanover hesitates about recognising the Kingdom of Italy.

Madrid, 28th.

Admiral Pareja's acts in Chile approved, by circular of Government.

London, 22nd.

The 'Observer' says Spain will probably accept the friendly suggestions of the British Government: otherwise an intervention will take place by England, France, and United States.

New York, Nov. 15th.

President Johnson prohibits armed men or munitions crossing into Mexico.

Paris, 27th.

Princes Helena of England going to marry Duke of Augustenburg's brother: discontent at Berlin and Vienna.

LATEST FROM U. STATES.

NEGRO RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

EXECUTION OF CAPTAIN WIRZ.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

Latest dates from New York to Nov. 11th. President Johnson has declared the necessity of reforming the Constitution. The elections in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, had turned out favorable for the Republican party. In six States of the Union the right of suffrage has been already conceded to the black man, but on certain conditions. In Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont, negroes may vote, the same as white men: in Massachusetts, on condition that they can read and write; in Rhode Island they must qualify as holders of property worth 180\$, and in New York worth 900\$.

Some English journals state that Pres. Johnson declared, in the question with France, he would submit his policy for approval of Congress, where, upon the French Minister demanded his passports; but this requires confirmation. Jeff. Davis is shortly to be placed on his trial, when he will be defended by the celebrated Irish advocate, Charles O'Connor: the Legislatures of Georgia and Mississippi, and the merchants of Boston, have petitioned Pres. Johnson in his favor. Capt. Wirz, condemned of the shocking cruelties to Federal prisoners of war, has been hanged.

From Mexico we learn that 2,000 Republicans, under General Escobedo, attacked Matamoros, which was defended by 1,500 of Maximilian's troops under General Mejia: the fighting lasted 3 days and the Republicans were defeated with a loss of 500 men. Changes are spoken of in the Mexican Cabinet.

THE PACIFIC MAILS.

Important from Chile—Another Spanish vessel surprised—Pablo goes to Callao. The Chilean press on President Mitre—Distrust between Spain and Bolivia—Fire at Callao—Meeting at Lima—Col. Prado Dictator of Peru—The Bolivian revolution—General Melgarejo awakens.

We have files of the 'Mercurio, Patria and Ferro-carriil, with dates from Valparaiso to the 9th inst. and Peru November 27th.

The rumored capture of the Resolucio turns out utterly false, as also the counter-story of sinking the Esmeralda and Coradonga. The most important news is the surprise of the store-ship 'Salvador Vidal' by the Chileans, at Coquimbo, on Dec. 2nd. The steamer Blanca, blockading that port, went in pursuit of two suspicious-looking vessels, when 7 boats with armed men put off from the shore and boarded the Salvador, although she ran up an Italian flag. The Blanca returning, they abandoned the vessel, carrying away prisoners the crew, which was composed of 4 Spaniards and 8 others. Captain Topete fired 4 shots on the town and threatened to bombard, but the Intendente refused to give up the prisoners.

Admiral Pareja, on board the Villa Madrid, arrived at Coquimbo on the 4th, en route for Peru, and continued journey same day.

The Spanish prisoners in Santiago are so well-treated that five of them have already married Chilean ladies. The Chilean press strongly censures President Mitre for refusing to take part against Spain, and says the 'Mosquito' is the organ of the Spanish 'pulperos': they have great hopes of equipping privateers in the River Plate.

A fire broke out at Callao, on Nov. 25th, in the steam saw-mill of Messrs. Herner and Pflucker, which was reduced to ashes: loss 30,000\$; the property was insured. A great meeting was held at Lima, on the 25th, and Gen. Canseco chosen President, but he declined the post and retires to Chile, whereupon Col. Prado was acclaimed Dictator of Peru.

Bolivia is dreadfully split up by faction: there are now 4 rebel Presidents at La Paz, Oruro, Cochabamba, and Cobija; and Gen. Melgarejo still holds the semblance of power in Potosi. A rupture with Spain is likely, for some insult by the Covadonga to the port of Cobija.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The mails from Europe, Chile and Montevideo, arrived in town at day-break yesterday: they flooded us with news, our first anxiety was to find out about the 146 smashed-up houses in Paris, but not a single word could we find in the papers about it, and therefore suppose the 'bola' was got up in Rio purposely for the River Plate; it caused but slight attention here, and only increased the demand for English bills for the packet.

The rumour about the sinking of the Esmeralda, Covadonga, and all on board in the port of Valparaiso, seems also a 'bola' as in our Chilean exchanges there is not one word about the affair.

But the great topic in town yesterday was "the Scarlet letter" of the President. Our colleagues with the exception of course of the 'Nacion' are furious, and the 'Nacional' published on Wednesday two very bitter articles, using the most insulting language towards President Mitre; the publication of the letter in question was we think highly indiscreet, since although President Mitre rules the Argentine Republic, the clubs as far as we understand it rule the President. Dr. Adolfo Alsina seems to be the Earl of Warwick of Buenos Ayres: he and his club make the ruler, set him up, and at will pull him down—if the tone of the papers is any index of the feeling of the people, then indeed things look stormy, but so many political storms, that threatened to burst at any moment, have suddenly disappeared leaving no trace behind, that we believe this present row will blow over when matters come to a crisis and we all anticipate the very contrary result.

The blow the other night caused some damage in port and also in Montevideo. A large lighter making for the Boca was almost driven into Mr. Colton's brick-yard, and a small boat

belonging to the Arno got staved in at the mole-head, but no lives lost. In Montevideo the Portuguese gunboat smashed one of her bowsprit, and the 'falun' of the Captain of the Port, in making for Bat. Island, swamped. A small boat belonging to an American vessel got washed on to the Rompe Olas and went to pieces. We suppose the crew swam to Mr. Rich. Wilson's mole, which is hard by.

The constant arrival in Montevideo of Brazilian recruits is causing much notice; and the Oriental politicians are beginning to take fright at the powerful army which Brazil is concentrating in the Plate. Ten thousand men have arrived within the last two months, and have been all sent up the Paraná to Corrientes. The Montevideans thought that these were the last, but now they discover their mistake. 1600 more have arrived, 1800 are on the way, and 4200 are waiting the arrival of transports to be shipped to the river Plate. Brazil seems to be terribly in earnest, and if she goes on a few months longer as she is going, she will soon have one hundred thousand men in the field. Meanwhile cattle are now so scarce in Corrientes that they have to be driven from Entre Rios; and a rivalry has sprung up between the saladeristas and the army 'commissionaries,' which can only result in driving the price of cattle up some fifty per cent.

Two Argentine steamers have been ordered up to Rosario to take up the provincial contingents arrived in that town. We hear that the whole of the allied army is now supplied with straw hats, the officers wearing large Panamas: white hats are not allowed in the camp, as they afford too good a target for the enemy. The total number of the allied forces on the banks of the Paraná is calculated at fifty thousand men, and the strength of the enemy is put down at twenty-five thousand.

Mr. Echegaray, who, it may be recollected, obtained from the Cordovese Government a concession or grant of one thousand leagues of land, and respecting which he went to England to form a company, has married and settled down in Cordova. As the time granted in the concession for the payment of the land has expired, we suppose the whole affair has exploded.

On Christmas Day some of our colleagues took a trip to Chascomus. The 'Mosquito,' 'Nacional,' 'Pueblo,' 'Courier,' and 'España,' all started in one happy harmony. The description which the 'Nacional' gives of the trip, impresses us with the idea that it was rather a slow affair; probably too much ice-water.

The Galgo, a Brazilian transport, has gone to pick up the shipwrecked recruits of the Powerful. She is expected hourly in Montevideo.

Urquiza is gathering his men once more, cavalry, infantry, and artillery. Chasques are running about on all sides in Entre Rios: all the 'pulperias' are to be shut up, and the Captain-General seems to be taking in sail and preparing for a storm. At San José there is a regular encampment: Urquiza, Zalazar, Almada, and Lopez Jordan are all busy recruiting. The estancieros are all doing well, the camps look well, and sheep and cattle fat.

On New Year's Day there will be an excursion train to Chascomus. Fare out and back—first-class, \$120; second, \$80. This is a splendid chance for strangers to see the camps at a trifling expence.

Yesterday we received a despatch from Ranchos; our correspondent says: "The heat is so great that I can hardly hold the pen. We are giving water to all the flocks daily, and, notwithstanding the 'seca,' they are looking well, with the exception of small lambs in the flocks."

Cricket is the great amusement of the day at present; every holiday grand matches are played on the Palermo ground. We hear on good authority that on the 6th of January a very exciting game will be played, to commence the new year with. A challenge to one of H.M. gunboats is on the 'tapis.'

Any of our subscribers who can afford us reliable information respecting the recent gold discoveries in Tucumán will confer a favor on many of their newly-arrived countrymen by

sending us full particulars, as there are many parties here and in Montevideo who take the greatest possible interest in the matter.

The Government surveyor is about to measure the swamps of Quilmes: he will commence in the first week in January, and, as he cannot find out the title-deeds of the Gamboa property, he calls on all parties having lands there to send in a statement of title.

A correspondent from Corrientes writes that the seventy thousand sterling, which arrived there the other day, was solely for the payment of the Brazilian troops, for the month of December, which has not yet expired. The Brazilian officers and soldiers spend their money freely, and the people of Corrientes are now making money; all the carpenters, ship-builders and mechanics are employed at splendid wages, making boats and bridges to cross the river: even the very Indians in the Chaco are now in the market, selling their wares at a handsome figure.

The Regiment Sol de Mayo has been mobilized and ordered to the frontier; we hear that Calucura has rebelled and all the estancieros on the frontier are in the greatest alarm.

Carreras, the late Montevidean Minister, we hear, has arrived down in the Decideo from Paragnay; he goes to Europe without touching land.

Mr. Werner left in the packet for Rio; the Germans made him a present of a splendid gold medal. Mr. Schramm has remained for the benefit of his health for a few days later; he will however leave in the French packet and meet Mr. Werner in Rio.

The American flag-ship Susquehanna, Admiral Gordon, has at last arrived at Montevideo. Two American gunboats will be at once despatched for Paraguay.

MONTEVIDEO.

We have not room to extract the news in full, but notice the statement of Captain Sciarano of the 'Portefa' relative to the collision in Buenos Ayres with the 'Rio Paraná,' wherein he lays all the fault on the latter steamer as being anchored in a wrong place.

Admiral Godon's flag-ship 'Susquehanna' on entering the port last Monday fired a salute of 13 guns. We have not heard if the Narcissus has yet left for the Falkland Islands.

An Italian house in Calle Buenos Ayres was broken into on Monday night, and the thieves took away 72 doubloons: four men have been arrested on suspicion.

Four American colored seamen of the British ship 'Sarah' were put in prison for mutiny, at the instance of the Consul.

The Italian Opera Co. is going to play for 14 night.

MAILS FROM CORDOBA.

We have files of the 'Eco' to the 22nd inst. Nothing new, except the distribution of premiums at the University, and an extraordinary assembly of the Legislature on the 19th. There is much talk about Mr. Ledesma's Angora goats, which have got on very well. Thermometer at 94 Fahrenheit.

Papers from San Juan to Dec. 10th and Salta Dec. 2nd, but nothing of any importance.

CHRISTMAS EXAMINATIONS.

Colegio de San Patricio, San Jose de Flores.

December 23rd, 1865.

To the Editors of the 'Standard.'

Gentlemen, Having received a kind invitation to attend the public examinations on Thursday last, in St. Patrick's College, I proceeded thither by the ten o'clock train. On my arrival at the College I found a large number of visitors assembled in the principal Study Hall. Amongst them I noticed the Very Rev. Canon Fahy, the Rev. Mr. Cullen, Dn. Pedro Ham, Dn. Tomas Jorge Armstrong, Dn. José Borbon, Dn. Gorvacio Castro, Dn. Emanuel Uriarte, Dn. José Sylvestre, Dn. Tomas Papin, Dn. Gabriel Justo, &c. &c.

The business of the day opened with the examination of a class in Spanish Geography, by one of the professors, Mons. Papin, in which Masters Ham, Harrington, O'Rourke, Kenney, and

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Mr. THOMAS HOLMES begs respectfully to announce to the Ladies of Buenos Ayres and those resident in the Provinces, that he has succeeded to the business of this well known establishment...

Magnificent Variety of Fashionable Spring and Summer Goods. Received direct from the London and Paris markets, comprising Cloaks, Shawls, Silks, and Fancy-dress Materials.

Underclothing for Ladies, Misses, and Infants. Ladies, Misses, and Children's Stockings and Socks, Embroidered and Plain Petticoats, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Trimmed Valenciennes Lace Collars and Cuffs...

QUILTS AND COUNTERPANES. Bramantes, Madapollans, Linen, and Cotton Sheetings. TABLE AND TOILET COVERS. Table Linen, Irish Linen, Bretnans, Linen and Cotton Diaper, TOWELS DUSTERS &c.

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Sheep for Entre-Rios. On the well-known Estancia "Nueva Alemania," in the Banda Oriental, near Higueretas, there will be sold after shearing ten or twelve flocks of excellent muttons, in prime condition...

Important to Sheep Farmers of the central districts. We have just received a large assortment of shearing articles of the best quality, which we will sell at the same prices and conditions as can be obtained in Buenos Ayres...

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Book! Books! Books. The stock consists of over 50,000 volumes, including School-books and novels; all of which are offered at the lowest possible figure at 75 San Martin, nearly opposite the Bolas.

Magazines and Periodicals. Received regularly at Loezel's by the English Packet. The Illustrated London News, Illustrated Times, London Times, Wilmer and Smith's European Times...

Interesting to Many. Owing to the present price of patacons, the undersigned has considerably reduced the prices of all his goods—as regards subscription to magazines and periodicals for 1866...

WATSON'S HOTEL BELGRANO. THOMAS WATSON (late station-master) begs to advise the public that he has established a first-class Hotel in Belgrano for the accommodation of passengers per train...

For Sale. At F. SPRUNCK & CO. 93-Calle Zavala-93, In Montevideo. A large assortment of Stationery and Music Books in English, Spanish, French, German, Italian, Swedish, Danish, Portuguese, and other languages...

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At los Capitalistas! La casa oquina Calle Piedad No. 38 y Libertad No. 32, 26, 36, 38, 40 se rematan el Domingo 10 a las 5 1/2 en punto. Esta situada a las casas del Sr. Dr. Melchor Belchazategui, tiene 17 varas Calle de Piedad por 47 Calle Libertad. Retenida por Carlos Roschini, Calle Tacuarez No. 63. 42-4p d15

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For Sheepfarmers in Santa Fé. Rams of the Rambouillet breed crossed with the Negretti, for sale at the estancia of the undersigned, Cañada de los Loones, 16 leagues north of Rosario, and 6 leagues from the Paso Coronado del Caracará, in the Partido San Gerónimo de Coronda. These rams, introduced into the province of Santa Fé from the well known estancia of Mr. Richard B. Newton about nine months ago, are well accustomed to the pasture of this province, and may therefore be recommended to sheepfarmers who are about to move to this province and do not like to run the risk of losing their rams on the journey, or in consequence of the change of pasture. The prices are from ten Bolivian dollars upwards. 27..2m,d7 L. F. V. POST & P. C. BLEEK.

Notice. The undersigned offers his services as Agent, Commissioner and Consignee, in purchases and sales of estancias, lands, animals, country produce, houses, leases, contracts, and in all the various branches of business. Office No. 45 Cangallo, up stairs. ADDISON DORR.

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