

usually inclined to mercilessly on the members present at such meetings.

I am, Sir,
Yours respectfully,
A. Burton.

The "Revista" at Sea.

Our twin colleague, his title being the "Standard," most shockingly in the following Local Event.

Mrs. Altieri is a Scotchman, having been born at Kingstown (Dublin) in 1840, as we are informed by the "Standard."

It is really too bad that our brother-Editor should not know the whereabouts of the "Standard" capital with its half-million of inhabitants. Dublin is not a village of Scotland, but the metropolis of the Emerald Isle. The "Triumph," it is true, stripped of its chief crew, by transporting Cork to Holland; but this attempt of the "Revista," being aimed at our grand, historic and picturesque capital, is most notorious moral piracy. See Yeazn, before, tried the transportation trick, placing the Cove of Cork beside Bristol, on which occasion we most charitably volunteered the use of a map of Ireland.

We beg to caution our geographical colleague that some of our impatient countrymen have been most yesterday pelted with the "Revista" office; they laid cudgels behind their backs, and it is surmised they were about to apply the argumentum ad baculum.

Epitome of Foreign News.

A new yacht is to be built for her Majesty; it is to be rather larger than the Fairy.

The great compass Halley has just died at Nice, aged 63.

The Lyons and Chalons railways will be opened this year earlier than usual.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed Dominick Browne, Esq., Counselor to the common law of the peace for the County Mayo.

The Lord Lieutenant has approved of the appointment of Connolly Thomas McCausland, Esq., to be a deputy lieutenant, in the County of Louth, under the name of Marcus McCausland, Esq., deceased.

The following ships from Great Britain have arrived at New Zealand, viz.:—Red Star, Steamer, Commodore Perry and Sistrina.

The "Monteur de l'Armée" states that the Emperor has decided that an extension of leave of six months shall be granted to such soldiers as are now on furlough, and whose term of service expires in December next.

A strong belief has been created among merchants in France that the civil contest in America will shortly be arranged. Silk has no consequences, rise in cotton, having been stimulated by orders from Lyons.

The Lombardo, of Milan, states that General Garibaldi will, immediately after the democratic meeting at Genoa, visit all the towns of Italy to invite national rifle matches where they are still wanting.

A translation of Charles Dickens's last work, "Great Expectations" (Les Grand Espérances), is now appearing from day to day in the Paris journal *Le Temps*.

The Divorce Court, up to July, 1864, has disposed of 445 petitions for dissolution of marriage; 40 of these petitions were granted.

A "fortune-teller," at Kingsbridge, the other day obtained 37 £ from a blind man, whom she undertook to cure by rubbing his eyes with Camellia stone, and repeating a prayer. The impostor is in custody.

Mrs. Catherine Arbin died in Baltimore on the 24th of June, aged 118 years—Her youngest child, living, at the age of about 78 years. Her father, who was of Baltimore, was at the battle of Marston's Hill.

Lord Stratheden, the eldest son of the late Lord Campbell, has now assumed the title of Campbell. The Stratheden barony, which was conferred on his grandfather's death, is the older pedigree.

The total population of the Province of New Brunswick will exceed 232,000, being an increase, since the census of 1851, of over 30 per cent. The Catholics number 85,000 the entire population one-third of the entire population.

At Eton on Monday, Lord Sandhurst, with his characteristic manliness in the school, presented the badge of St. Patrick to the head master. According to custom about 24 of the Irish nobles and gentlemen in the school breakfasted with the head master.

M. Lambart, a Frenchman by birth, has been received by the Emperor with the highest honors of the Empire from the King of Madagascar. It is said the Emperor has not made him any formal or positive answer to his demand for a French consul-general in the island.

Mr. Baxter intends to write that, in the opinion of the house, the multiplication of fortifications in distant places involves a massive expenditure, and that, in self-defense, colonies require great naval stations, it is not proper charge on the imperial Treasury.

Sheep-Manbandry.

Published by the South Devon Co.

THE MEXICO INDEED.

The Spanish merinos are small; the fates have large, spiral horns; the females are hornless; the feet and legs are small; the tail, of course, is long; grows on the forehead; the nose and skin are of a flesh-color; under the throat there is a looseness of skin, sometimes called "throatiness," which is regarded by the Spanish shepherds as indicative of fineness of skin; the limbs are long, slim, flat, and the elbow narrow; the structure indicates an unproductive animal, as the merino is generally fully confirmed by the well-known slow-feeding qualities. The dams are poor nurses; they are docile, and arrive at maturity late.

Spain has long been noted for the production of fine-wooled sheep, otherwise inferior-looking animals. There are two general classes of sheep in Spain, the one of the mountains, the low, cultivated lands, and the short-wooled, or merino, which are indigenous to the mountainous regions. The latter are far more numerous and valuable.

There is a word of beautiful origin, and was applied by the Spaniards to sheep tending from pasture to pasture. The word signifies a judge of sheep-ways, Merinald denoting the jurisdiction of the judge. This race of sheep seems to be distinct from all others indigenous to Europe. Their origin is uncertain, some derive them from *Ovis montanus*, a variety of fine-wooled sheep of ancient Italy, Colombia, a native of Spain, and his uncle introduced some fine-wooled sheep into Spain from Italy. He also says he obtained some African rams. The Dorset breed of England, it has been claimed, originated the Spanish merinos, but this tradition bears contradiction. The tradition prevailed of driving the sheep during summer to the cooler regions of the north to pasture and back again in the winter. The migratory flocks were termed *transhumantes*, or migratory; while the sheep that re-

mained in the same district through the year were called *estantes*, or stationary. Owing to this practice, the notion came to prevail that migration was essential to the fineness of the wool, as the transhumantes were finer wool than the *estantes*. The former were united with the blood of the lowland or long-wooled sheep, while the *estantes* became mixed, and, accordingly, produced wool of a greater fineness. This explains what was once attributed to migration.

Merino sheep were introduced into Sweden by Mr. Alsterman in 1732; into Denmark in 1707; into Saxony in 1765, where they have done the best of any country of Europe. They were imported into Prussia in 1786; into Austria in 1795; into France in 1792 (though it is claimed they were introduced in 1731); into Holland about 1780; and about that time to the Cape of Good Hope, Italy, England, and the United States. In all these countries very high prices are commanded for fine wools.

On 'Ohango.

May 6th.

Ounces kept up to-day and even rose from 409 which was the opening price to 409½, the last quotation a very low sell.

At the places nothing was done on account of the numerous rains, as part of the weather, few animals have taken place and stocks are limited.

The following frigates have been effected.

British brig "Maid of Perth" to load salted hides only at 65 shillings for England or 70 for the continent with 5 per cent.

American brig "Muskingum" (to be bound to load at Montevideo at 40 shillings for salted hides and tallow, 20 shillings for bones and 5 per cent.

From Montevideo we have received the following intelligence.

British brig "John Parkington" chartered to load for London in 120 pigs tallow and salted hides at 40 shillings and 5 per cent, with 25 per cent.

Dutch schooner "Eliza Maria" to load for New-York dry hides only at 1½ cents per lb. and 5 per cent.

The Dutch brig "Donna" just arrived from the Continent.

There are ready for shipment from 15 to 18,000 hides and no vessel to take them.

Here the sales to-day have been as follows:—

Camp de 300 common camp-hides \$192.

Sales de o produce.

4,000 salt novillo hides	43 1/2
Good cows	38 1/2
2,000 horns	16 "

LOCAL EVENTS.

JANDA DE CHAMOUNE—To night the charming Altieri makes her first appearance, in this musical *chef d'œuvre*, we expect a full house and anticipate our talented country-woman will win fresh laurels for no one can deny that she is "Linda" par excellence.

FOREIGN CONSULS—Mr. H. Hupel has received his exequatur as Consul for the United States in the place of Mr. William H. Hudson, who has been appointed to an important office for many years, to the satisfaction of our commercial community.

Mr. Herolt has been recognized as a similar capacity from Belgium.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—On Monday last, Mr. Pungerted

opened this new Institute, the first of the kind known in Buenos Ayres. This diploma of Professor at the London University, together with the high testimonials he brings from Rio Janeiro, give reason to expect a first-class Academy under his able management. The notice is in another column where we read of the premises and play-grounds—406 Calle Florida.

DO C-Y-X.—Our Argentine friends will be surprised to learn that this item of taxes in Great Britain and Ireland, produced last year, sum equal to 24 millions currency. Considered by the Government here they this species of Contribution Indirecta on the *petados, galgas, e tutti quanti* of the canine race, who infest our streets.

SPLENDID VETERAN.—Our correspondent *Veritas*, writing from the Villa Luján 25th ult., relates the appearance of a celestial phenomenon, which, resembling a full moon, which burnt intensely thousand glittering flames. He adds that only some dozen shepherds have seen it, as it shone for a short interval in the dead hour of night.

THE CAPITAL.—The Local News man of the *Tribuna* has taken the trouble to draw a parallel between himself and the Argentine Confederation. He says both are similarly situated id est without any capital.

BALLS.—The Club del Platan ball will take place the 20th inst., and the Progress the 21st. Several private ones have been announced to take place during this month, which as usual will be one of our gayest.

FRENCH OFFICE.—Several French residents have raised a subscription to bring a French literary company. We suppose most likely candidates to this benefit will be the present French office company at Montevideo.

SHRUTE IMPORTS.—The following notice from the Collector of the Customs House, has appeared in the *Standard* papers.

"It is hereby notified to merchants that from this date the Reguando is enriched with the despatch of the specie introduced into the Customs House, provided said specie shall be imported in bags, but in the case of arriving in boxes, it shall be taken to the Customs House treasury, that the contents may be examined and despatched.

Buenos Ayres, May 3d, 1862.

The Collector General.

PANAMA STORM.—To the numerous accidents in the shipping, we have to add several in our establishments in the Southern districts of the Province. Ranchos have been blown down, many the ships dispersed, and no accidents taken place. The storm has killed nearly all the March & April lambs.

MUSICALITY.—Our friends will be pleased to hear that the corporation have contracted for 1000 tons stone for street pavements and repairs, 500 from Martin Garcia, at \$52, and another 500 from Martin Chica, at \$60.

GRAVE STONE.—We learn from some of our friends and supporters in the camp that the loss of lambs and cows in many instances of sheep in both North and South has been beyond doubt the most severe loss in this country for many years. Some farmers have lost 90 per cent of their sealed lambs, while others have not only lost all their lambs, but even big sheep. We do not doubt that the loss in the pasture of the Fortin, but hope they have suffered less elsewhere.

ARRIVALS AND IMPORTS.

May 3d.

Swedish barque "Maria," 350, Nordstrom, from Hamburg Feb. 1 & 2. Montevideo 5 inst to 24. With hardware, coal, drugs & liquor.

Amer. S. "Mississippi" from Montevideo, with 125 passengers.

In sight—Brit. war steamer "Dofortel" from down-river.

CLEARED.

May 5.

Boston, Amer. brigant "M. A. Heras," (tall) with 4639 dry cow-hides, 253 bale wool.

SAILINGS AND EXPORTS.

May 6th.

Montevideo, Amer. S. "Mississippi."

"WEEKLY STANDARD"

On sale at Messrs. Macken's Bookstore, calle San Martin, the new "Weekly Standard," every Thursday morning, at 9 o'clock, price \$5 a year.

The "Weekly Standard" is the largest newspaper published in South America. It contains 12 pages, and embraces all the news from Europe, Asia, Africa, and America, the shipping list, prices current, Editorials of the week, news from our country correspondents, Montevideo markets and shipping news. Terms of subscription, \$20 per annum, and to our daily subscribers only \$10.

Standard Office.

Belgrano 73 & 74.

New Cloth & Grocery Store.

In the Square of Plaza de Armas.

"FORTIN DE ARECO.

ANTHONY GONZALEZ begs to inform his country friends that he has at present a select stock of Drapery, Dry Goods, Linens, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ribbons of all classes, and superior French and Grains Shirts, House Linen, &c.

It is his Grocery Store, to be found a superior selection of Teas, Sugars, &c., also the very best Flour and Sherry and small goods of Brazil, which he keeps on hand expressly for the use of his foreign customers. Richest of his very best quality, native and American.

In his Hardware shop, a complete assortment of Nails, Knives and Forks, Shavers of the best brand, &c. With all his English, Irish, Scotch and American customers he keeps open accounts, which are closed only at the end of the year.

For quality and cheapness he defines competition.

ANTHONY GONZALEZ.

Agent for the *Standard*.

Post Office.

List of uncollected papers, published by the "Standard" gratis, for information of foreigners.

April 20, 1862

Broadly, (Mr.) Harrell, (Mr.) Corporation have contracted for 1000 tons stone for street pavements and repairs, 500 from Martin Garcia, at \$52, and another 500 from Martin Chica, at \$60.

Murray, Eugene & Co. Publishers.

Riggs, N. J., care of Messrs. (Price Brothers)

S. 4th, James Southern, R. 1st, John, Robert (Provision M. N. Ward, Thomas)

Donbous.

May 6th.

Opening price	409
At intervals	409 1/2
Saturday and May	409 1/2
Closing price	409 1/2
Donbous sold	5857

